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TABLE ROCK ARGUS

Pawnee City, Nebraska

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DEC 16, 1882
JAN 20, 1883
FEB 24, 1883 through MAR 3, 1883
OCT 10, 1890
JUL 24, 1891
FEB 3, 1893 through FEB 17, 1893
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TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME 1. TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1882. NUMBER 1.

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CONGRESSIONAL.

United States Senators—Alvin Saunders, Omaha; C. H. Van Wyck, Nebraska City.
Representative—E. K. Valentine, West Point.

STATE.

Governor—Alvinus Nance, Lincoln.
Lieutenant-Governor—E. C. Carns.
Secretary of State—S. J. Alexander.
Auditor—John Wallichs.
Treasurer—G. M. Bartlett.
Attorney-General—C. J. Dilworth.
Supt. Public Instruction—W. W. W. Jones.
Land Commissioner—A. G. Kendall.
Warden of Penitentiary—C. J. Nobes.

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Amasa Cobb, Lincoln.
George B. Lake—Omaha.

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District Judge—N. J. Wyatt.
Prosecuting Attorney—W. H. Morris.
Clerk District Court—W. B. Raper.

COUNTY.

Judge—C. T. Belding.
Treasurer—W. J. Halderman.
Clerk—W. B. Raper.
Sheriff—R. H. Fuller.
Superintendent—O. P. Howe.
Coroner—W. A. Wilson.
Surveyor—J. A. Wallace.
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THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

W. H. KETCHAM.....Editor and Proprietor
M. H. MARBLE.....Associate Editor
W. H. HARRISON.....Business Manager

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year.....$1 50
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THE Mayor of Philadelphia has undertaken now the job of closing the gambling hells of that city, and with more than the usual success, as the police are wholly under his control, and therefore are in danger of removal if they do not procure evidence against the gamblers. The owners of property, too, are being proceeded against.

THE editor of the New England Farmer don't believe rancid butter can be made sweet. He says: To change old rancid butter to new butter, or to so treat spoiled eggs by any method so as to make them fresh again, is as impossible as to change a mature corn plant back into the springing blade it was when it first showed itself in its early growth. Rancidity is one of the changes which imperfectly made butter passes through, and we may as well try to regain lost time, or to blot out an event, as to expect to place spoiled butter where it was before it passed through the putrefactive stage.

"BRICK" POMEROY is making his 8-page paper—Pomeroys' Great West—hotter better, hotter and meaner than ever. He has made a big hit with it in Denver, the wonderful city of Colorado, and appears to be spending much of the money he is making out of his mines on the paper. His Saturday Night Chapters are the best of its great features and opens up new fields for thought. His Parson Pomeroy's Sermons are red hot, and, if published in book form will outsell Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, or the Innocents Abroad. How he dare print such sermons is a mystery, but he does. But little that is going on escapes his attention. The mining interests of Colorado receive extra attention, as this great and profitable industry in that State is so rapidly looming up. Pomeroy's Great West is worth more than the price, $2.00 per year, and if you wish something original, independent and very interesting, send for it. Address Mark M. Pomeroy, Denver, Colorado.

SAYS a Washington correspondent of the Globe-Democrat, under date of the 8th instant: Talking to-day with several Republican members of Congress as to the scope and significance of the splendid victory just achieved by the Republicans of Oregon, by which Congressman George is re-elected, and a Republican Senator secured in Grover's place, they with one accord interpreted it as presaging a triumph of the party over the Democracy all along the line at the coming fall elections. They all seemed to think the largely increased Republican majority in Oregon was susceptible of no other solution than the one given—that the influences operating in the far-off Pacific State in favor of the Republican party must of necessity be effective in the same direction generally throughout the country. Certain it is, as indicated on all hands, that the victory in Oregon has highly elated and given the most perfect confidence to Republicans here, both in and out of Congress, that the result of the next movement, the November elections, will be an increased majority against the Democracy in the House, and a clear working majority in the Senate on and after the 4th of March next. It is more than probable that ex-Attorney-General Williams will succeed Grover as United States Senator from Oregon.

HARRY L. HALL has been appointed General Traveling Passenger Agent of the B. & M. in Nebraska, with headquarters in Omaha.

NEBRASKA Farmer: Encouraging reports from all parts of the State are coming in, and unless something very unusual occurs, Nebraska will have an immense crop of grain of all kinds. Should the reports from this as well as other States continue favorable, those who sell first are quite sure to strike the best market for grain.

WHAT is fashion? Dinners at midnight and headaches in the morning. What is wit. That kind of talk that leads to pulling noses and broken heads. What is joy? To count your money and find it a hundred dollars more than you expected. What is knowledge? To be away from home when people come to borrow books and umbrellas. What is contentment? To sit in the house and see others stick in the mud.

GLOBE-DEMOCRAT: By a singular coincidence, no sooner have the relicts of Jesse James, the lamented, set out on a declaring tour than there is a bold bank burglary in Northern Missouri. It is impossible to escape one of two conclusions from this circumstance: Either Jessie's ghost is at work in order to illustrate the "lectures" of his female relatives, or the relatives have hired Frank James to continue the business of the firm for the sake of giving piquancy to the performance. Governor Crittenden ought to offer a fresh reward for Frank, dead or alive, and for Jesse's ghost, material or immaterial.

A LITTLE Boston girl, who had seen an engraved copy of Millais' "Princess in the Tower," in a picture shop window, went in the other day and said to the shopkeeper: "I came to ask you if you would please take that picture out of your window. Every time I pass I look in, and the picture is so sad it makes me very unhappy. Won't you please take it away?"—New York Tribune.

A Chicago man who had seen a pie lying in a baker shop window for several months, went in the other day and said to the shopkeeper: "I came to ask if you would please take that pie out of your window. Every time I pass I look in, and the pie is so soggy and time-defying it makes me very unhappy. My wife, who used to bake pies, is dead. Won't you please shoot the pie?"—Chicago Tribune.

SAYS the Weeping Water Republican: If a farmer has an old worn-out plow, cultivator, harrow, reaper, or even if it is no more than an old header, let him like any good honest farmer, with an eye to the beautiful, deposit the same very carefully in his front door yard, which it will so nicely adorn. It is a good advertisement; the very best, in fact, he could have—read by all men, yes, and ladies, too—which seems to say: I am a neat, tidy farmer, and believe in having everything in its proper place. But if these useful and costly implements are not worn out, then let him be very careful to leave them in the field, where he used them last, and not wear them out taking them to the barn or shed to be in the way.

THE New York Tribune claims that every citizen of that State, however depraved with original sin and experienced in crookedness, will admit that the Legislature which has just adjourned at Albany was the worst one that was ever seen in that city? Will Whitelaw Reid, George William Curtis and the rest please arise and repeat what they said about the great triumph of reform and purification of New York politics that had been accomplished when, not quite a year ago, they sat upon the alleged corpse of Conkling, and celebrated a wake over the remains of Stalwartism. The Legislature that has just adjourned was not a Conkling body, nor were there Stalwarts enough in it to perform the office of a pinch of salt to a pound of damaged pork. Is this your reform, gentlemen?

LAST Friday, at Lincoln, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree against the notorious outlaw, Quin Bohanan, and recommended that he be sent to the penitentiary for life. The verdict appears to have given general satisfaction.

THE remains of Thomas Jefferson will stay where they are. The fact that the only surviving grandchild of the author of the Declaration of Independence has given her consent that they be removed from Monticello to Washington does not invalidate the rights of the great-grandchildren who own the little grave-yard, it having been reserved in the deed which conveyed Monticello from the heirs to other hands. These owners, thro' their attorneys, have declined to have the removal made. As Thomas Jefferson designated in his will where his mortal body should be buried, and as he evidently intended that its abode should be permanent, there is no good reason why his wishes should not continue to be respected. We have no Westminster Abbey in this country, nor anything like it. The remains of our distinguished dead are scattered all over the country. Each locality claims its own in this respect, and jealously guards it. It may be submitted that the notable graves give more satisfaction in this way than they would if brought together at Washington.

IN Nebraska, within the settled region, there is yet room for thousands of farmers and thier families. There are nearly 47,000,000 acres in the State, the greater proportion susceptible of easy cultivation, and comparatively only a small percentage of the total occupied. Now is the time to come. Now is the time for men of energy, intelligence, and ambition to settle. The lands still awaiting the plow are as cheap as they are good. Those who in early days went West to obtain cheap land in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and other States, have had reason to be thankful that the enterprise of their fathers carried them away from the eastern seaboard. The process is being repeated in Nebraska with the further advantage, that families do not settle in the wilderness, but in a land of towns, schools, churches, settled and civilized society and railroads which intersect the country, and carry the produce of the farms to the markets of the East the South and the West. At the rate at which settlement is going, Nebraska will be soon filled up, and the day of cheap land will soon be gone forever.

STATE Journal: According to the best information attainable at this writing, the plant of corn in Nebraska is of unprecedented extent, and the diligence of the farmer—stimulated by the high prices of that serial, and the fact that all the cribs in the State are empty—in taking care of his fields and keeping down the weeds is beyond praise. This insures, unless something very strange happens to our climate within the next sixty days, an enormous crop from the Niobrara to the mouth of the Nemaha, and from the Upper Republican to the Missouri. What is equally pertinent is the fact that some of the great corn States, like Illinois and Indiana, are likely to fall short of their usual crop on account of a late spring and persistent rains, that have hindered planting until only eighty-two per cent of the usual area has been put into corn. This indicates that however favorable the season may be, the aggregate yield of corn this year will be under the average, and that those who have put their faith in corn, hogs and cattle are going to get a good price for another year for their Nebraska staples. Take care of your corn, brethren of the prairies. Keep down the weeds, if you have to work by the light of the moon or the dim twinkling of the stars to do it. Make the biggest crop that you ever saw, and it will not be a drug on your hands next fall, either to sell or feed, for this country is pretty well cleaned out of both maize and meat, and there will be a market for what is raised this time, sure.

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SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1882.

INGERSOLL, it is claimed, will be one of the attractions at the Soldiers' Reunion at Grand Island.

THE Saturday Review thinks that in the two years of Mr. Gladstone's reign England has advanced further in a revolutionary direction than in the previous half century.

A BILL passed the Senate June 6th making retirement of officers from the army compulsory at the age of sixty-four. General Sherman will thus serve two more years, and will then be succeeded by Gen. Sheridan.

THE explanation given by Senator Slater, of Oregon, for the defeat of his party is a rational one, but it does not find much currency in Democratic papers. First of all, he says, the result is "due to the influx of settlers to the State since the last election, the majority of the new voters being Republicans." This is unquestionably the chief cause of the development of Republican ascendancy. Mr. Slater also points out that the modified Chinese bill satisfies the people of the Pacific slope so well that the predicted defection from the Republican party on account of the veto of the original measure will not come about. The Oregon election goes far to prove that this is a true statement.

THE announcement that the next Senator from Delaware will probably be a Republican, says the Globe-Democrat, will be a surprise to many; but it appears they have been holding some elections down there, which, according to report, "insures the defeat of Saulsbury for the Senate and the election of Nathaniel B. Smithers to that position this winter," Smithers being a Republican. A short review of the Democratic majorities in Delaware of late years renders the truth of the above statement altogether probable. Tilden's majority in the State was 2,629, while General Hancock's was but 1,033. The Democratic representative to Congress in 1878 was elected by 7,610 majority; the same candidate in 1880 was elected by only 630 majority. The direction and vote indicated by these figures would make the State by this time unmistakably Republican. As this probability dawns on the Democratic mind, after the known loss of a Senator from Oregon, the outlook becomes very gloomy.

THE second number of the Table Rock Argus, with its newsy columns, gives ample evidence that the paper is in the hands of gentlemen with both skill and good judgment. It is a wise community that gives its own enterprises support, and the citizens of Table Rock ought to take the hint and not let the Argus long be in doubt of its own success. It is worthy of the support and good-will of everybody.

The above, from the Pawnee City Republican, shows a broad, liberal spirit that we are pleased to meet with. There is a sort of welcome in its "room-enough-for-all" utterances that makes one feel at home any place on this broad continent of ours. The future conduct of the Argus will, we hope, be such as to justify the Republican in the continuance of its friendship, and we trust the policy of both papers will be such as will create the best of good-will between the citizens of Table Rock and Pawnee City. It will be the aim of the Argus to induce honest, industrious and intelligent people to locate in Table Rock whenever it can do so by presenting its manifold attractions in a fair, straight-forward way; but at the same time, if they should prefer Pawnee City, we would much rather have them go there, or to any other point in the county than out of it, and we are satisfied that we shall have an able ally in the Republican in laudable undertakings tending to build up the interests of Pawnee County irrespective of locality.

The iron and steel workers are still on a strike in many sections of the country, though compromises have been effected in some instances, while several mills have started up with non-union forces. A serious riot occurred at Cleveland Tuesday.

LINCOLN Journal: There never has been so great a demand for Nebraska farms as at present. Gen. Bennick purchased of Land Commissioner McFarland, of the B. & M., a few days ago, 4,850 acres of land in Valley Co., and has since sold to an Iowa farmer 960 acres of the same land at a fair profit. This will be put under cultivation, and a stock farm opened up this season. The day of homesteads will soon be over.

HON. J. R. ERVIN is being strongly talked of for Lieutenant Governor. Mr. Ervin has made an honorable record in the State Senate. He is neither an anti-monopolist nor a railroad capper. He believes that both the people and railroads have rights which each are bound to respect, and if needs be laws should be enacted to protect the violated rights of all.—Juniata Herald.

The Herald is remarkably off. Mr. Ervin is not a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, but his friends are urging him to become a candidate for Governor. Will the Herald please correct?—Pawnee City Republican.

MORRIS, Ills, June 12, 1882.

EDITOR OF ARGUS: Herewith please find sight draft on Major-General Mart. P. Seigham for $15, for which you will please send me one thousand copies—more or less—of the Argus. I am a candidate for Treasurer of Grundy County, and you are aware that no man can pick up the fat office without opposition. Even a Christian like me finds himself in the same boat with common people in this respect. I have opposition. I need the papers and I need them bad—I need them muchly. I want them to send around to the opposition. I think that prospectus of yours will lay them out so that they will not be able to go and vote against me—if they even live through it. Don't fail to send the papers; for on them I build my hopes. Yours, J. H. PATTISON.

In return for Mr. Pattison's true appreciation of the merits of the Argus as a campaign document, we cannot do less than promise him our support and influence, and assure him that Pawnee County will roll him up an astonishing majority.

THE Pond liquor law, which was expected to do so much for Ohio, has been declared unconstitutional by the supreme court of the State. The law imposed a heavy special tax upon saloon keepers, varying according to the size of the town, in which the saloon was kept. Such a tax is of the nature of a license. Just so the Missouri supreme court declared the St. Louis retail butcher shop tax unconstitutional. It taxed butchers on a different plan from other members, which tax veried also according to the locality of the shop. It seems strange that legislators go on from year to year, constructing laws and ordiances which are obviously ilegal. Every such law is a great public expense before it can be declared unconstitutional, and it would be cheaper on the whole to have our law makers put through a course in a good law school.—Exchange.

Although Nebraska legislators do not usually commit as flagrant blunders as our exchange laments, yet they are addicted to occupying considerable time framing laws that are of no practical value. To illustrate: The Legislature of '79 passed a Dog Law, one or two sections of which read as follows: "It shall be the duty of any owner or owners of any dog or dogs to securely place upon the neck of such dog or dogs a good and sufficient collar with a metallic plate thereon, on which shall be plainly inscribed the name of such owner. It shall be lawful for any person to kill any dog found running at large on whose neck there is no collar as aforesaid, and no action shall be maintained for such killing." Again: "The owner or owners of any dog or dogs who shall permit the same to run at large for ten days after this act shall take effect, without such collar as hereinbefore described being securely placed upon the neck of such dog or dogs, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined in any sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars, which, when collected, shall be paid to the County Treasury for the benefit of the school fund of the county in which the fine was imposed." From a perusal of the two clauses quoted—of which the majority of our citizens are probably ignorant—it becomes apparent that nine out of every ten men in the State who are dog owners at the present time are guilty of a misdemeanor, and liable to a heavy penalty; yet we have the first case to hear from of this law being enforced.

THE decrease in the public debt for May was $10,375,441.19.

FALLS CITY Journal: The first two numbers of the Argus are a credit to the editors and proprietors and to Table Rock. Long may it wave.

THE lecturing tour of Mrs. Jesse James and Mrs. Samuels came to an abrupt termination at St. Louis last Saturday night. They returned home satisfied that their trip had proved a mournful failure, and will probably retire permanently from public life.

SCANDIA Journal: "Table Rock Argus," (Neb) is the heading of a new exchang which comes to our table. If the publishers name was not on the sheet we should know from its tone—high tone—that our old friend Ketcham was at the helm. He has an associate editor and business manager, which indicates an immense business.

THE Democracy of Johnson County, Missouri, in convention assembled, refused to endorse Governor Crittenden's actions in endeavoring to rid the State of outlaws. The Democrats of Johnson County have only shown that they hold in high appreciation the axiom that "self-preservation is the first law of nature." Governor Crittenden's mode of warfare on the James element bids fair to eventually play the devil with the Democratic majorities of Missouri, and the brethren of Johnson County acted upon the defensive.

A LITTLE incident has just come to light, which, perused in connection with the Conkling-Platt letters of resignation, completely reveals the plans of these gentlemen at the time they made their surprising exit from the Senate, and, if true, should brand them as tricksters and demagogues, and turn to disgust the sympathy that was felt for their supposed mistakes. "On the morning before the resignation of the New York Senators was announced, Senator Jones went to Senator Cameron of Wisconsin, and requested him to register an application for Conkling's seat. Cameron wished to know the reason for the request—not feeling like registering an application for a seat that, so far as he knew, was not to be vacant for several years—and was told to do it as an accommodation, and that he would see the reason before long. He thereupon registered his application. A few hours later Mr. Conkling's resignation came in, the seat was vacant, and Mr. Cameron was at liberty to take possession of it. Mt. Jones then came around and said, "Now you see what I meant. He'll be back in a few days, and we want a friend in the seat who will give it back to him when he returns." This episode is proof positive that Mr. Conkling resigned with the expectation of being re-elected, and that his object was to secure an endorsement.

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STOCK, GRAIN AND COAL.
The Pioneer Stock and Grain Buyers of Pawnee County.
OPERATED AT TABLE ROCK, HUMBOLDT, CALVERT AND STELLA.
We pay at all times the highest market price for
STOCK AND GRAIN,
And keep constantly on hand a large stock of
HARD AND SOFT COAL.
Can always find us at our office, with Richardson, Linn & Cooper, or at the scale office, near the depot.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
HARDWARE!
H. A. ALLEN
Announces to the People of Table Rock and Vicinity, that he has
A full and complete stock, and that he is now prepared to furnish anything in the line of
SHELF OR HEAVY HARDWARE,
At prices that will suit. Remember that you can always get Stoves, Iron, Nails, Tinware, Ammunition, etc., etc., at
Lowest Cash Prices.
SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

TAYLOR & MITCHELL,
PROPRIETORS OF
LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,
EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.
Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run Stage to and from Pawnee City, connecting with All Trains.

C. H. NORRIS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Keeps one of the best selected stocks of General Merchandise in Pawnee County.

WILL SELL GOODS

FOR CASH, AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

Also Pays the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

MATHEWSON & ALLEN,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT

OF

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ETC.

Store near the depot.

FELLERS & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Stationery, Blank Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

CIGARS, TOBACCOS,

CHOICE CONFECTIONS,

BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, (ZELLER'S)

PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC. UNDERTAKERS'

GOODS ETC., ETC., ALWAYS ON HAND.

Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE COOPER

Now has ready the largest selected stock of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY!

to be found in town. Public patronage solicited. South of Public Square

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE, CHEAP,

IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,

FOR CASH,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

M. H. MARBLE,

Real Estate Agent.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE,

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Selects the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries and will not be undersold.

FOR CASH.

Give us a call and you will come again.

Mrs. Lindsly is adding to the convenience of her hotel.

W. F. Trilloff is at Humboldt, painting on Linn & Cooper's mill.

Old rags, iron, brass and copper taken for blacksmithing, at Peck's.

J. Reiley, of Elk Creek, a wagon manufacturer at that place, was in town Monday.

Wm. Smith, of North Table Rock, is placing the material on the ground for a beautiful and commodious residence.

Mrs. E. J. Tackley, who purchased the Richard Woodland farm in Sheridan Precinct, is erecting a dwelling house.

A. K. Goudy, of Pawnee City, was in town last Saturday, completing arrangements for holding his musical convention.

Financial—that is what is the matter. Financially depressed is what Peck, the blacksmith, says he is. Can't you help him a little—we mean if you owe him?

Route Agent Freeman will please accept the thanks of the Argus corps for valuable favors in the shape of late Salt Lake City and San Francisco papers; also a late edition of the postal guide.

A. H. Rule, of Des Moines, preached at the M. E. Church Sunday afternoon. He will probably fill other appointments at this place in the future. We understand that Mr. Rule is not an advocate of any particular denomination.

Complaints of a criminal nature have been made before me, stating that the boys who visit the pond at Luzerne street for the purpose of bathing, have become a public nuisance on account of their vulgar and profane language. It is therefore advisable that they abandon the practice and save trouble and cost.

H. FREEMAN,
Justice of the Peace.

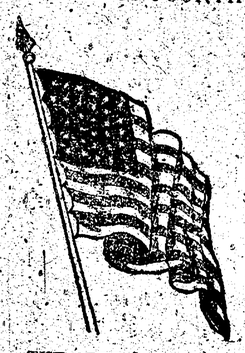
Mr. G. L. Grilling, of the Clear Creek Creamery, located two miles northwest of Table Rock, one of Pawnee County's most progressive and substantial farmers, brought to our office on Thursday a large case of butter made at the above creamery, which we unhesitatingly pronounce the best and sweetest it has ever been our fortune to taste, and which we are satisfied cannot be excelled for deliciousness of flavor by any creamery in or out of Nebraska. As the creamery business is destined to become one of our chief industries, our advice to those about to engage in it would be to get the secret of successful buttermaking from Mr. Grilling, who will please accept the thanks of the editor's family for the case referred to.

J. M. Osborne, of Pawnee county, delivered Filley & Filley, of Tecumseh, last Tuesday, forty head of fat hogs for which he received $7.15 per hundred. Filley & Filley purchased something over 100 head of hogs from that county on the same day, paying from 25 to 35 cents more per hundred pounds than could be obtained elsewhere.—Tecumseh Journal.

The above is notoriously untrue. J. M. Osborne was offered $7.20 per cwt. for his hogs by Linn & Cooper, of Table Rock, just a short time after he had sold them to Filley & Filley. The above firm succeeded in buying a car load or two of hogs from Pawnee County because there had been an advance in the market, and they were the first in the field offering 7 cents and upwards; and as this seemed an enormous price, many sold who afterwards regretted their haste.

Children's Day was appropriately observed at the M. E. Church. The room was beautifully decorated with evergreens and flowers. On the wall, above the preacher's stand, was the word "Welcome," formed of evergreens, flanked on the right and left by pictures wreathed with flowers. High up on the wall, to the right, hung the picture of our murdered President, Garfield, draped in mourning, and on the left a picture of Lincoln, also draped in mourning. The preacher's desk was surrounded, overtopped and completely hidden by festoons of evergreens and white flowers. The program was interesting and perfectly carried out; the remarks by the preacher and superintendent were appropriate and, taken altogether, was an occasion long to be remembered. The singing of boys, the groups of gaily-dressed, happy-faced little ones, the bright-colored evergreens, and the air heavily laden with the perfume of flowers, seemed almost a foretaste of paradise.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH!!!



THE CELEBRATION.

On last Monday evening, the reports of the committees being enthusiastically received, the full program for the day was made out, as follows:

Sunrise—Salute, 106 guns.

9:30 a. m.—Procession, in charge of Marshal G. E. Martin, to form west of the public square; led by orators, speakers and President of the Day, with Table Rock Cornet Band following.

Assemblage to be called to order by the President, Hon. J. L. Linn, on arriving at the grounds.

Prayer by Rev. G. L. Griffing, Chaplain.

Music.

Reading of Declaration of Independence by Miss Alice Pattison.

Music.

Oration—Rev. S. A. Hoover.

Music.

Short speeches by volunteers.

Music; after which will come dinner.

After dinner one or two hours will be spent in proposing and responding to toasts.

After which will come the amusements: Foot race, 200 yards, $5 to winner; 100 yards, $2 to winner—contestants to be boys of 14 years or under. Climbing greased pole, $1 to first winner. Lifting greased pig from the pen, by the tail, pig to be given to the successful man or boy.

Three 20-foot balloons will be sent up at 1:30 and 3 o'clock p. m.

W. H. HARRISON,
M. H. MARBLE,
WILL L. SCISM,
Committee on Programme.

Two spring wagons for sale at a bargain, at Peck's blacksmith shop.

J. A. Ervin, of Pawnee City, made the Argus a pleasant call Thursday morning.

You do not want to wait too long for those spring wagons at Peck's shop. They must be sold.

Mrs. E. A. Peck and Mrs. William Cooper will please accept the thanks of the editor's family for fine lots of early vegetables.

Peck, the cheapest and best blacksmith, says come and see him if you want anything in his line. Shop southwest of public square.

Joe Rubie was absent most of the week, attending the grand lodge of some benevolent Bohemian order. Joe was not pleased with the country in the part of the State he visited.

H. F. Merwin and W. S. Lindsley, of Detroit, Michigan, are looking over town with a view to locating in some business. They are of the class of men that we need, and we believe they will search some time before finding a town with as bright and promising prospects as Table Rock.

[COMMUNICATED.]

EDITOR OF ARGUS: A first-class painter would starve to death in Table Rock unless he had a profession of some kind to back him up with.

BUBBLES.

The above was called out, we suppose, by our local of last week which called attention to the fact that our town was without a good practical painter, stating that there was a fine opening for some one at this place. It is perhaps needless to say that we heartily agree with our correspondent in every respect. To insure success, the workman must necessarily be a professional painter—one who thoroughly understands every feature of his business. Failures are experienced by few painters except those who serve as an apprentice for a few months and then begin to contract on their own responsibility. Again among other qualifications for success in any field of labor are stability and honesty—not loud professions, but genuine deeds attesting to the same. Hypocrisy and puerility invariably militate against success.

Miss Mary Tracy closed a successful term of school in District 51, on Friday last.

Mr. A. Bates and wife, of Holt Co., Mo., were looking over our country on Wednesday.

J. B. Phillips, of Livingstone County, Illinois, who has bought the Pool farm, will move out in August.

Wanted—Employment for a fourteen-year old boy. Inquire of

M. M. STEVER.

Subscriptions received at the post office for all the leading periodicals of the world. No waiting for clubs.

C. H. RANDALL.

The Woman's Club takes strawberries and cream with Mrs. Howe today. The proceedings of the last meeting were crowded out this week.

Liberty Journal: Frank Harrison, the boy musician of Table Rock, has been visiting friends in this place. Frank likes the looks of the Liberty girls.

Look out for Marble's corrected list of farms next week. Five out of the advertised list sold since the last issue of the Argus. Who says it don't pay to advertise?

Our friend Scism says if the party who borrowed his ladder will return the same without further ceremony, both parties will be much happier than they now are.

The Odd Fellows' pic-nic yesterday was a grand success, notwithstanding the extreme heat, and it proved a very enjoyable affair in every particular for those who participated.

Falls City Journal: Hon. J. L. Linn, of Table Rock, was in the city Monday night, and left on the Pacific train Tuesday morning for Stella. While here he took a look through the Journal office.

Ervin & Morey having decided to make important changes in their business July 1st, will sell for cash, at astonishingly low prices, their complete general stock of goods, including dress goods, notions, clothing, hats, boots, shoes and cultivators.

A driving park association has been formed in Table Rock. Enterprising and substantial citizens have subscribed the number and sufficient funds have been raised to prepare a half mile track, which will be located on J. C. Parrish's farm. The lay of the ground is such that one of the best of tracks will be fitted up. The officers of the association are as follows: President, E. L. Mitchell; Vice President, G. E. Martin; Secretary, Will L. Scism; Treasurer, Wm. Fellers; Marshal, J. C. Parrish.

Elsewhere will be noticed a program to be carried out Independence day. Although it does not vary from programs usually made out for that day, yet an unheard of thing will be practiced in connection with it; and that is, the observance of the aforesaid program in every particular. Every inhabitant of Pawnee County who can should make it a point to celebrate at Table Rock. Two years ago the best celebration we ever attended was held at Table Rock; and the vim and push of our people foretell another success.

Business in real estate has been lively the last few days. We note the following sales made by our real estate dealer, M. H. Marble:

C. S. Wood to W. B. Bull, s half sec. 34, township 3, range 11, 320 acres—$1,200.

Uriel Parker to C. S. Wood, se qr sec. 18, township 3, range 12, 160 acres—$1,200.

Mrs. M. B. Fox, w half of ne qr sec. 19 and se qr of nw qr sec. 19, 120 acres—$920.

J. H. Layman to C. S. Wood, n half of sw qr sec. 19, 80 acres—$725.

M. B. Pool to J. E. Phillips, nw qr sec. 30, 160 acres—$4,000.

The last four tracts all being in town 3, range 12.

We regret exceedingly to lose the services of our Table Rock correspondent. For the past ten years, in evil as well as good report, in prosperity and adversity, M. H. Marble has been a firm and unyielding friend of the Republican. We wish him the limited success in all his future business transactions.—Pawnee Republican.

We hereby return our hearty thanks to our time-tried friends, the proprietors of the Republican, for the fine compliment they pay us, and the kind wishes they send us. Only pressing business demands caused us to sever the pleasant business relations which have existed these so many years. If the Republican meets with the success it merits, and we wish it *fair*, it will live a thousand years.

FOUR RICH MEN.

From the Atchison Champion.

We have not many great men to talk about, and so we improve the time in discoursing of rich men, and it happens that most of our very rich men came from nowhere, so that to the charm of wealth is added that of mystery. Mr. Jerome Leland, an old Californian, was discussing four Californian millionaires lately, and this is the substance of what he said: Mackey, not many years ago, was a resident of Nevada, and was worth not over $1,500. He married a Miss Osgood, a school teacher in a little town about sixteen miles from Carson City. About this period Fair was superintendent of the California mine near the Ophir mine in which Mackey secured an interest. Mackey and Fair joined fortunes and went to San Francisco, where the two became interested with Flood and O'Brien in a little drinking place called "the bit," near the old Washington market. Whiskey, that sold elsewhere at a "quarter," was sold here for a "bit." A rather unusually good free lunch was one of the attractions of the place. The quartette then went in to win, apparently headed by Fair. A share in a mine could be bought in those days for $3 to $3 50 a share. Some of them afterwards ran up to $6,700 a share. Mackey, Flood, Fair and O'Brien got into the Consolidated Virginia, froze out the other owners by putting on assessments; when this was done they began to mill the ore and took from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000 a month. They tried the same process on the Comstock with success, and started the Bank of Nevada in San Francisco with a capital of $10,000,000. With this backing they run the stock market to suit themselves. Then came the fight with the Ralston crowd and the Bank of California. Ralston said that Flood and O'Brien would be selling drinks for a bit again, to which they replied that if they did it would be over the counter of the California bank. They burst that institution, and afterwards did transact business over its counters. Fair appears to have been the practical miner of the party. He is now a United States Senator. Mrs. Mackey, formely Miss Osgood, the country school mistress, is in Paris, eclipsing queens with her diamonds, and the daughter, a plain-faced but pleasant girl, is hailed as a beauty and belle on account of her father's wealth.

BURGLARS are doing a safe and lucrative business at Omaha.

GERMANY has sent a postal service agent to this country to study our mail system.

HALF a century ago Edward Stabler was appointed postmaster of Sandy Springs, Md., by Andrew Jackson, and he is still serving in that capacity.

THE average Republican majority for the State ticket in Oregon is 1,800, while George has 3,000—the largest majority ever given any candidate in the State. The Legislature elect is Republican by from 10 to 13 on joint ballot.

ACCORDING to the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, during eight months, since Arthur became President, there have been over one hundred Federal offices filled in the State of New York, and by great industry a list of twenty-three Stalwart appointees is made up and exhibited as evidence of the President's purpose to build up a personal party.

THE rates of postage are higher in Mexico than in any other country on the globe. The trouble is that the rulers are changed so often that it is frightfully expensive to print their heads on the stamps. Some days the Government printing office has to get out no less than a dozen complete sets. But this is only when pronunciamentos are more than commonly lively; it is not so every day.

THE London Lancet publishes a communication to prove that boracic acid two drams, glycerine half an ounce, and water half an ounce, well mixed and applied to the fauces every hour and less frequently when the dangerous symptoms show signs of abating, will prove of advantage in treating diphtheria. The application must not be discontinued too abruptly or the disease will return.

OSBORN, Mo., near St. Joe, was almost destroyed by fire on Saturday last. Loss, about $40,000.

THE public schools at Vicksburg, Miss., were closed last week, on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever.

THE appointment on the Tariff Commission has been declined by ex-Vice-President Wheeler, on account of ill health.

LEMARS, Iowa, was visited by a disastrous fire last Sunday, thirteen of the principal business houses being destroyed.

A HEAVY rain storm and water-spout swept over Denver, Colorado, last Saturday night, doing an immense amount of damage.

ON Sunday last two horse-thieves, supposed members of the Younger gang of out-throats, were arrested at Emporia, Kas. They were heavily armed.

THE Bourbon Democracy of Kentucky reluctantly admit that the Independent Democrats and Republicans have a fighting chance for victory in the approaching election.

THREE negro thieves and murderers were lynched at Lawrence last Saturday morning, for killing and robbing a stranger, named David Bauman. Considerable excitement has existed all week over the affair.

ON Sunday last memorial services were held by the Italian residents in all the larger cities of this county, and by the Liberal Leagues and Free Thinkers' Associations generally, in honor of General Garibaldi.

THE peculiar costume of the dwellers in Arizona is thus graphically described by a tender-foot: In ordinary weather he wears a belt with pistols in it. When it grows chilly he puts on another belt with pistols in it, and when it becomes really cold he throws a Winchester rifle over his shoulders.

THE prospects for the corn crop in Illinois are of a very gloomy character, judging from reports to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat from various portions of the central and southern counties of that State. The dispatches received at the Illinois Department of Agriculture up to Tuesday of this week were of a very discouraging nature. This condition of affairs is attributable to the heavy rains.

IN the rejoicing over the capture of the Brookfield bank robbers, the Globe-Democrat is of the opinion that it would be well to remember that the work was done in the Republican county of Adair, and adds: If the people of Clay and Cass Counties had been as earnest in such matters as the people of Adair have shown themselves to be, the James boys would have been out of harm's way many years ago.

HOW INJUNS FARM.

From the Bismarck Tribune.

A gentleman just up from Standing Rock agency, said the Indians were engaged in planting. In answer to an inquiry as to how the reds were progressing in the peaceful ways of granngering, he smiled and said their manner was odd. Every year they seem to know less about how to farm. This is attributable to the fact that they are learning the ways of the whites too rapidly. They begin to understand that as soon as they can grow crops their rations will be cut off; hence their growing ignorance of agriculture. If they are given a bushel of beans to plant they will eat nine-tenths of the amount and plant one-tenth, and the one-tenth will be dumped in three or four holes in the ground. Last spring they were furnished with five bushels of onion seeds. They couldn't eat them, and consequently planted the entire five bushels on a piece of ground fifty by one hundred feet. They were, too lazy to prepare a larger patch; besides, it would have been contrary to their policy of maintaining the ration system. When the onions came up it was a curious sight to see the young stinkers crowd each other. The whole dry, naked surface of the ground was raised up on top of the succulent plants. It is our informed opinion that the present generation of Injuns will not make successful grangers.

THE WONDERFUL MACHINE.

From Peck's Sun.

Probably one of the most important conventions that has ever been held on this continent will be held in Chicago next Monday and Tuesday, and wind up with a banquet. We allude to the convention of American wheelmen, or bicyclers. The convention will be composed of delegates from all over the country, and the future of the country will depend very much upon the deliberations of the body. We confess that when told years ago that a man had, by the judicious combination of the characteristics of a mule and a buggy wheel, produced a thing that would revolutionize the locomotion of the world, we were skeptical, but when we saw a grasshopper man glued to the kindergarden saddle of a bicycle, and by the use of his feet, guided by his massive brain, go through the air like an angel, noiseless and yet awry, we could see how the best of us are liable to be mistaken in regard to what can be done in the world. Of course we do not mean to compare the ordinary bicycler to an angel, because most angels that we have ever read about, or saw pictures of, are chubby, and wear calves that are not patterned after a piece of gilt molding. There is one drawback to the picturesqueness of bicycling, and that is the fact that the devotees of the bicycle are all slim young people, and it would be a great relief to see one that had some meat on him, though the saddles at present in use, made on the principle of a chopping knife, would not fit a fat young man. At first bicycling did not strike us favorably, and while we feel that we have been forgiven for any words spoken in the heat of debate in regard to the riders of the bicycle being split clear to the shirt collar, and having the bicycle buttoned onto their collar button, we shall, by a life of strict devotion to the bicyclers, endeavor to undo our wicked work. And yet, if the sport of bicycling is so enjoyable, we often wonder why the rider always looks so confounded frightened and despairing. It would be a relief to see a man ride along on one of these things with a smile on his face; but they always look as though they had firmly made up their minds that if ever they got off the machine alive they would never get on again. They look as though their whole mind was exercised to find out who had been putting carpet tacks in their saddle. A bicycler never looks to the right or left, and never recognizes a person on the street. If a bicycler was hard up, and every man was a creditor, he could not look straight ahead with more unction. It may be that the fate of the young gentleman who attempted to flirt with a girl while riding along Wisconsin street, two years ago, has caused the wheelmen to exercise care about their whereabouts. The young man of whom we speak saw a girl, one who looked sort of smiling, and whose expression of countenance showed plainly, by the pursing of her sweet lips, and the twinkle of her eye, that she wanted to bite him, he was so sweet, so he let go of one of the handles, and reached for his silk handkerchief so wave at her. At that moment the bicycle turned a short corner and struck the catch basin, to a sewer, and the little wheel kicked up behind and struck a lamp-post. The rider grabbed the lamp post to ease his fall, and hung on, while both wheels seemed to be tangled in his feet; one heel got caught between the spokes, and a dog came along and took hold of the rider's tight pants and shook him once. He never knew what became of the girl, and though there may not have been any understanding between him and other wheelmen, from that day to this no rider of a bicycle has ever looked at a human being while on his machine. The National Convention of Wheelmen cannot but be productive of much good, as it will consist of the best brain of the country—brain that is in constant employment, and hence active. As the business before the convention will not take all its time, it is hoped that they will deliberate on the tariff and other questions that divide our people. They could do it just as well as not. Bicycling is yet in its infancy. We look forward to the time when much of the work that is now done by horses will be done with the bicycle. We don't see why a pole-team of bicyclers could not be hitched to a light road wagon and take the place of horses. It does not cost more to board a bicycler now-a-days than it does to board a horse; and by the use of the bicycles all danger from shying at pieces of paper would be avoided, and runaways would never occur. Take a couple of nobby bicyclers, with their gay uniforms and shining machines, and hitch them up, with the smallest one on the nigh side, and a fellow could take a girl in a buggy and have a real nice time, without having to fool with any lines, as bicyclers are more intelligent than horses, and would go wherever told. Of course it would be necessary to have blinders on the bicyclers, so that they could not look back into the buggy; but that would be easily arranged. Also, for circular work in a brick yard, where a blind horse is now employed to grind clay, a bicycler will yet be used. For delivering groceries, the time will come when the bicycler, with a herring-box fitted on the back wheel, will do it all. By the time of the next war the bicycle will take the place of cavalry, and charge down on the enemy with a Gattling gun arranged on the handles of the machine, to be touched off at the proper time, to carry destruction and death. The future of the bicycle is grand, if the riders do not wear themselves out before the power is utilized.

M. H. MARBLE,

REAL ESTATE, LOAN

AND

INSURANCE AGENT,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Offers for Sale a Large Amount of Land in Pawnee County, Neb. Would be Pleased to Hear from Anyone Desiring to Buy or Sell Real Estate.

MONEY LOANED

at LOW RATES, on REAL ESTATE SECURITY

DESCRIPTION OF LANDS FOR SALE.

No. 1. 320 acres land, hedged in 40 acre lots; 40 acres broke; timber and water; half mile from Table Rock. Price $6,000, $1,000 down, balance payments as 8 per cent.

No. 2. 160 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 3 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements. Price $1,800.

No. 10. 160 acres land hedged in; two miles from Table Rock. Price $3,500, one-half cash; balance payments.

No. 15. 120 acres, mostly bottom land; two and one-half miles from Table Rock. Price $1,700, two-thirds cash; balance payments.

No. 19. 80 acres; five miles from Table Rock; 55 acres broke. Price $1,000.

No. 32. A fine 400 acre stock and grain farm, four miles from Table Rock; 200 acres in cultivation, 100 fenced; orchards, timber and water; large amount of bottom land; house cost $1,500 to-day, $7,000. Terms easy.

No. 35. 160-acre stock farm two and one-half miles from Table Rock; everything convenient, $3,500; half cash, balance payments.

No. 37. 320 acres rough land one and a half miles from Table Rock; easy terms; $1,050.

No. 46. 20 acres timber land two miles from Table Rock; $250, half cash, balance 1 year.

No. 50. 320 acres 1 mile from Barchard; 25 acres broke; $12.50 per acre; one-eighth cash; balance easy terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 51. 160 acres well improved; good building; two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City; $2,600; $2,000 cash; balance payments.

No. 52. 80 acres; stone house; 40 acres broke; two and one-half miles from Table Rock; $1,050.

No. 55. 120 acres rough pasture land, two and one-half miles from Table Rock. Price $1,000.

No. 56. 160 acres; house with basement 16x24, addition 12x12; well improved, orchard, mostly bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 3 miles from Elk. Price, $3,500, $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 59. 80 acres three miles from Table Rock; 20 acres broke, $750 cash—a bargain.

No. 69. 152 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $15 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 75. 320 acres hedged, partly set in blue grass; three and one-half miles from Table Rock; $8,500.

Read the list carefully, as it will be frequently changed.

Refer to the number of the land as given.

Office southwest of the Public Square. Come and see me, or write to me.

H. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent, Table Rock, Nebraska.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

THE ONLY PAPER ON EARTH

That Will Try to Please Everybody, and Offers No Inducements to Subscribers.

RETROSPECTIVE AND PROSPECTIVE.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS starts out with the initial number of the first volume with better prospects for a hard-earned and decidedly well-deserved success than at any time in the history of its long, useful and brilliant career. This is just exactly as it should be; and so highly are we elated with our present outlook for greatness in the journalistic arena, that, with the sole view of placing the Argus within the accessible and easy grasp of every poor devil on God's green foot-stool, we have determined to reduce the subscription price to one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

THEOLOGICALLY, FOR INSTANCE.

As in the past, so in the future, the Table Rock Argus will cease to be denominational. We once heard of an editor who dabbled in theology, and got left. He was trespassing on forbidden ground—for an editor. He is now editing a pair of wings on the golden shore, and wears a long white night-gown that turns under his heels as he capers nimbly up and down the gold-paved streets of the New Jerusalem. He is out of his element even now. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

LIKEWISE EDITORIALLY.

Editorially, the Argus will be equal to any emergency where the emergency is not superior to the Argus, editorially speaking. It despises an editorial thief, and will never steal articles from its exchanges and try to palm them off on an innocent, unsuspecting and confiding public as original matter, unless such articles are of meritorious character and are deemed worthy a place in the columns of the Argus. Editorially the Argus will aim to excel Eli Perkins and a modern circus poster for truth and veracity. It hates a lie, editorially—that is, a smoking, pestiferous lie that nobody will believe; but has the most profound respect for any pleasant fiction that can come in ahead of it on the home stretch where a square-toed, well-gotten-up, illiterate lie is at stake. So great is the love of the Argus for Truth that one of the editorial staff always stands ready to assist her to rise again when she is crushed to earth. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

ALSO ANTI-ALPHONSICALLY.

We had sincerely and earnestly hoped that John P. St. John, of Kansas, would take this department under his paternal wing for the ensuing year; but he refused to resign his position as Governor and prospects for the United States Senatorship to accept the honor, and the Argus will therefore be issued every Saturday morning (Deo volentia) without a temperance department proper. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

ANTI-MONOPOLYALLY, AS IT WERE.

Regardless of either right or wrong, the one pre-eminently and conspicuously great idea of the Argus will be its ability to expose rings—from the gigantic organized National plunderers down to the corrupt and reeking swindlers at Lincoln and the rotten Court-House ring at Pawnee City. If there is no c. h. ring at the latter place, we will have one manufactured on the eve of the next campaign, in order that the Argus can throw itself wide open on the subject of civil service reform, and the dear people have an opportunity to hurl anathemas at the candidates they are opposed to. This will raise Pawnee County in the estimation of politicians, and will help out the Argus, financially. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

TONE—MORALLY, PERHAPS.

A newspaper without tone is even unfit to be classed among the immoral monstrosities of the age, and should be linguistically untolerated. The moral tone of the Argus will keep pace with current events, and be the best the market affords on the day of publication. The advertisements are to be set by a moral compositor who will infuse into them the most approved modern typographical moral tone known to the art. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

POLITICALLY—PROBABLY.

The political department of the Argus will be in charge of the only living chronic office seeker who will 'fess up. He was lately imported from the Aleutian Islands at an immense cost, but his valuable productions on political economy will not partake of the icy coldness of his recent home; the sulphuric aroma which will be infused into them will rather create the idea that they came hot from Hades. This will be an erroneous impression, for he is neither a Democrat nor a Greenbacker. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

POETICALLY—POSSIBLY.

The department of poetry has been abolished. We engaged a real nice young gallot—a sort of slim, angular, but withal sprightly young demon who squinted and wore eye-glasses and a poodle dog—to conduct this department. But when, in his first poem, entitled, "An Ode to Nebraska's Favorite Son," he undertook to make "Timbuctoo" rhyme with "Washington Territory," we reconsidered our very liberal proposition to retain him on the poetical staff forever. Anybody might know these two words wouldn't rhyme; and the Argus wants nothing to do with such poetry. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

ESTHETICALLY—POSITIVELY.

Esthetically considered, the Argus will undoubtedly prove a great failure. The esthetic bureau will not be under the immediate supervision of Britannia's Esthetic King; but he will be ably assisted by a cute shaved coon from Calcutta. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

FINALLY—CONCLUSIVELY.

On all the leading topics of the day the Argus will be found battling for the strong against the weak, except in isolated instances where the aforesaid weak can ante up in a more noble and generous degree than the aforesaid party of the first part. In such cases the Argus will flop. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

Liberal discount to clubs of over ten thousand to one address. No subscription will count unless accompanied by one dollar and fifty cents, invariably in advance. Address all moneys and postal money orders to the

TABLE ROCK ARGUS STEAM POWER BOOK AND JOB PUBLISHING HOUSE,

Table Rock, Nebraska.

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME 1, TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882. NUMBER 10.

WILL L. SCISM,

Attorney and Notary,

INSURANCE, LOAN AND

COLLECTION AGENT.

MONEY TO LOAN.

[illegible] years' experience as auctioneer. [illegible] a call.

E. A. PECK,

Blacksmith and Wagonmaker,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Call and see me. Shop southwest of the Public Square.

WILLIAM A. GRIFFING,

Plasterer and Flue Builder,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

All work done with neatness and dispatch. See me before employing others to do your work.

G. R. MARTIN,

PROPRIETOR OF

Meat Market and

General Provision Store,

SOUTH OF SQUARE,

TABLE ROCK, - NEBRASKA.

The best Grades of Flour kept constantly on hand.

J. H. LEHMAN,

Restaurant and Confectionery.

SOUTH SIDE OF SQUARE,

TABLE ROCK, - - NEBRASKA.

Also has a fine Billiard Table, where lovers of the game can enjoy themselves in a quiet manner.

ABELL HOUSE,

R. A. Wakefield, Proprietor,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

COMMODIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS.

FREE CONVEYANCE

for guests to and from the House.

JOS. CALVIN. GEORGE CLIFT. CHARLES CLIFT

CALVIN & CLIFT BROS.,

Stone Masons,

Flue Builders,

Plasterers, Etc.,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Lathing and Plastering a specialty. See us before engaging others to do your work.

FRANK L. HART,

Tonsorial Artist,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

When you want an easy shave,
As good as ever Barber gave,
Just call on me, at my room,
At morning, eve, or busy noon.
I'll cut and curl the hair with grace,
To suit the contour of the face.
My room is neat, towels clean,
Razors sharp and scissors keen.
And everything I think you'll find
To suit the taste and please the mind;
And all my art and skill can do,
If you will call, I will do for you.

JOHN HAEERLE,

Boot and Shoemaker,

TABLE ROCK, - NEBRASKA.

West side of the Public Square.

G. M. KENNER,

Physician and Surgeon,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Calls promptly attended at any hour of the day or night.

G. W. BARNETT,

Physician and Surgeon,

Having located permanently, tenders his professional services to the people of Table Rock and vicinity. All calls promptly answered, day or night. Over thirteen years in experience. Office at residence, Main street, Table Rock, Nebraska.

MADISON PEERY,

Physician and Surgeon,

ELK CREEK, NEB.

Will practice medicine and surgery. Calls promptly answered.

HENRY FREEMAN,

Justice of the Peace,

TABLE ROCK, - - NEBRASKA.

M. J. MUMFORD,

Justice of the Peace,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Office at his residence, east of the Methodist Church.

WM. PANGBURN,

Auctioneer,

TABLE ROCK, - - NEB.

Is ready at all times to cry sales. Terms reasonable. Can be found at his residence, near the depot, at any time.

W. F. TRILOFF,

Practical Painter,

TABLE ROCK, - - NEBRASKA

Prompt attention given to orders. Residence in West Table Rock.

A. F. HANSEN,

Practical Wagon

and Carriage Maker.

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Repairing a specialty. Exchanges wagons for Live Stock. In building adjoining Peck's blacksmith shop.

G. M. HUMPHREY,

Attorney-at-Law,

PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

JAMES RICKEL,

Architect and Builder,

REPUBLIC CITY, - - - KANSAS.

Stair building a specialty. Bridge building. Plans and specifications furnished for Public Buildings on short notice, estimates made, and satisfaction guaranteed.

CHAS. T. EDEE. CHAS. E. CASEY.

C. T. EDEE & CO.,

BANKERS,

PAWNEE CITY, - - NEB.

Invite the patronage of business men and the people of Pawnee County generally. We

RECEIVE DEPOSITS

And issue certificates therefor, payable on demand, or subject to draft at sight, as the depositor may prefer.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE

On the principal cities, DISCOUNT NOTES, and transact a General Banking Business.

COLLECTIONS

Will receive prompt and careful attention. Office NORTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.

C. T. EDEE & CO.

C. F. KOEGELE,

Painter and Glazier,

PAWNEE CITY, - - NEBRASKA.

House, Sign and Ornamental Painting done in a workmanlike manner, with promptness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

H. ELLIS,

Photographer,

PAWNEE CITY, - - NEBRASKA.

Dry Plate Work with Children and Groups a specialty. I keep on hand as fine and large a stock and variety of Frames as can be found in the State.

THE ARGUS OFFICE,

Job Printing Department

Has just received a new outfit of the latest neat and tasty designs of type, and we are now prepared to print letter heads, note heads, statements, etc., in a tasty manner and on reasonable terms. Come and see specimens and get our prices.

D. W. LYLE, M. D. V. D.,

Will be at

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA,

On the 5th and 8th of each month, and will be prepared to treat all chronic cases. Call at the Abell House.

TABLE ROCK POST OFFICE.

TIME OF CLOSING MAILS.

Going north on B. & M	8:30 a m
Going south on B. & M	1:30 p m
Going west, on R. V. Div	1:30 p m
Table Rock to Pawnee City	10:00 a m
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues & Fri	7:00 a m

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

From the south	9:00 a m
From the north	5:00 p m
From the west	5:00 a m
From Pawnee City	4:30 p m
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat.	4:30 p m

M. F. BEISHLINE, P. M.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

WM. H. KETCHAM	Editor and Proprietor
M. H. MARBLE	Associate Editor
W. H. HARRISON	Business Manager

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

One copy, one year	$1 50
One copy, six months	75

EMERSON said: "No man ever played heartily without learning something." And he said well; for many a man has played four aces with hearty good will, only to learn that it's a straight flush that rakes in the pot.

WHAT do you think of the present jury system?" inquired a man of an old Chicago ex-Judge, the other evening. "Think!" echoed the old man, in disgust; "Why, I think it is getting so that if a man should plead guilty of murder and try to get hung, the jury would, somehow or other, manage to acquit him."

THE shower came up, or rather it came down—a shower never comes up—so unexpectedly that nearly everybody was taken by surprise, and Jefferson street was in a panic. Young Masher, who never goes without his umbrella, saw his opportunity, and sailing up to the prettiest girl with the prettiest hat in all Burlington, made a bow that is warranted to kill across the street, and said: "May I offer you my umbrella?" "Oh! a thousand thanks," she said. "Papa will bring it down in the morning!" And she sailed away dry shod, leaving him desolate and soaking in his loneliness, like a pelican in the wilderness and as a weather vane upon the house-top.

THE tramp ascended the front steps, and after taking the precaution to read the door-plate, rang the bell with a free-and-easy confidence born of previous successes. The door was opened by a woman, as the tramp had anticipated. "Is Mr. Brown in?" he asked. The woman took an inventory of his face and clothing, and replied: "No, Mr. Brown isn't in; but Mrs. Brown is. I've just sent Brown for a cent's worth of yeast; when he comes back he'll have to put out the line and hang out the wash; then I shall send him out with the baby, and after that he will have the sweeping dusting to do. No, you can't see Brown to-day, and 'twouldn't make any difference if you could. I attend to business here." The tramp said he guessed he'd mistaken the house, and Mrs. Brown, as she slammed the door, said she reckoned he had.

DECLINE OF FAVORITISM.

From the Globe-Democrat.

The carrying out of Secretary Lincoln's policy of rotation in the easy places in the army, and the equalization of the hardships of the service among the men, causes a vast amount of indignation among the hitherto favored ones. The plan has been attempted before, but the pressure against it has been so great that it proved a failure. Mr. Lincoln is the first Secretary of War, for a long time, who has had the backbone to put it through. The consequence is a number of resignations. Officers who have been rendered too effeminate for real service by a prolonged residence at Washington, are thus being weeded out of the army. One favorite, who has been on staff duty in the city for seventeen years, prefers the practice of law to life on the frontier. Another officer who, for a long time, has been detailed as Chief Clerk at the War Department, horrified at the change, also resigns. It is said that the entire Ohio Congressional delegation is interposing to keep a certain officer, who is supposedly a good fellow, at the Capital, but in vain.

It is to be sincerely hoped that Secretary Lincoln will not weaken in his determination. The moral effect of this exercise of justice upon the army at large cannot be otherwise than excellent. Favoritism in army circles is a cause of complaint, all the more bitter because it is generally ineffectual. The soldier is taught that it is his duty to obey without question or grumbling. But he is human, and the sense of injustice weighs as heavily upon him as upon anyone else. When it appears that the good things are not to be won by merit, one powerful incentive to good conduct is taken away. The idea that social influence at the Capital should make the army details is preposterous; yet that is what it has been doing to a considerable extent for a number of years. An officer, popular at Washington, with extensive connections, once succeeded in overcoming General Sherman himself after having defeated several Secretaries of War. The same lack of proper discipline has prevailed to a greater or less extent in the navy. There are agreeable stations and disagreeable ones; desirable cruises and undesirable ones. Favoritism can take numerous shapes in both services, and the tendency for it to increase is always present. Importunity and cheek and personal acquaintance are permitted to prevail, simply because it is troublesome to summon up enough firmness to resist them. The stiffer backed Secretary Lincoln is in this matter, the more honor will he receive; and if he can communicate some of his wisdom to the Secretary of the Navy, without loss to himself, he is earnestly entreated to do so.

VENNOR makes the following predictions for August. He is evidently determined to keep people at home this summer: "I believe that August will be another month of storms and unusual rainfall, with one or two remarkably low curves of temperature. I expect snow falls will be recorded in extreme Western and Northwestern sections and cold rains at more southerly stations shortly after the middle of the month. October will be very similar, but of course colder."

OHIO Quiz: Tell it in Gath, publish it in Askelon, and keep it before the people, that wheat will yield thirty bushels to the acre in Nebraska this year, and that crops of all kinds are looking better and promise a larger yield than ever before in the history of the State. This statement is not a romance of the Eli Perkins stamp, but is an all-wool, yard-wide fact, with the genuine Washington little hatchet trade-mark blown in the bottle, and one that Nebraskans can bet their money on with the utmost confidence.

THERE are nine thousand saloons in New York city. If placed side by side in a direct line they would extend a distance of forty-five miles.

BANJOS, fans, tambourines and drum heads have all fallen victim to the decorative craze. Now, just wait until some æsthetic woman is seized with the frenzy for decorating the bald head of some hairless man, and in six weeks the pastor won't look down upon his congregation without thinking he has the delirium tremens.

A FASHIONABLE young lady visited a cooking school recently, where her attention was equally divided between a new dress worn by an acquaintance and the directions for making a cake. Returning home she undertook to write down the recipe for making the cake; and the old lady was paralyzed when she read: "Take two pounds of flour, three rows of pleating down the front, the whites of two eggs cut bias, a pint of milk ruffled around the neck, half a pound of currants with seven yards of bead trimming, grated lemon peel with Spanish lace fishe, stir well, and add a semi-fitting paletot with visite sleeves, butter the pan with a Brazilian topaz necklace, and garnish with icing and jetted passementerie; bake in a moderately hot oven until the underskirt is tucked from the waist down on either side, and finish with large satin bows."

STATE Journal: The Greenbackers have gone the "whole hog" in the communistic line. They have resolved that land, like air and water, is a common inheritance, and free to all. It is a very fine thing, and the only drawback we can see is that every fellow would have his preference and demand an acre or two, for cultivation and homestead, in the center of New York, Chicago or Philadelphia. As a matter of fact the land is free to all, providing somebody has not already taken his allotment, or bought that of some other person. Those who haven't any have merely to go West and take a quarter or an eighty by paying the nominal price charged for measuring it off by the Government. The land is free to all, but the same patch cannot be very well occupied by us all. There is, however, enough left undistributed for every mother's son of a Greenbacker in the State of New York or any other State if they will occupy it now.

THOSE who sell small grain early this season, says the Nebraska Farmer, are sure to do well, while those who hang on for better prices may do well, but are taking chances against odds. The prospects now are that the prices for small grain in August and September will be above the average for that season of the year, and past experience goes to show that our most successful farmers are those who sell when they can get a good price, without waiting for more than an article is worth. Kansas will throw her crop on the market in advance of us; yet, with the prospect for a short crop in Illinois and Iowa, the prices will probably not decline much before October or November, as it will take until that time to move the crop of the West. The unusually large acreage of grain in the Western States will not be fully realized until it goes on the market, when we feel confident it will have a tendency to reduce prices much below what is now anticipated. While speaking of the advantages of early marketing, it may not be out of place to mention that a great many of our farmers are paying interest, and the one great point should be with them to stop it as soon as possible. Again, the risk of holding grain, even in good granaries—which are scarce—is of no small importance. Should the wet weather continue, the loss by molding would be immense, while the risk of fire must also be taken into considerations, so that altogether the chances are greatly in favor of early marketing.

HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

FIDLER & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Stationery, Blank Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
CIGARS, TOBACCOS,
CHOICE CONFECTIONS,
BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID
PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATER...
ALWAYS ON HAND.
Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.
SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE COOPER

Now has ready the finest selected stock ... spring and summer
MILLINERY.
... South of Public Square

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE, CHEAP

IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,
FOR CASH.
FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.
M. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE,
SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.

...and will not be undersold,
FOR CASH.
Call and see me once, and you will come again.

... Can get you any book at publisher's price. Has for sale Gaskell's Compendium, the best self-teaching penmanship published. Has had a sale of 200,000 copies. Sent to any address for $1.00. Call on me at the postoffice, or address
C. H. RANDALL,
Table Rock, Nebraska.

A WAGON MAKER WANTED.

A good wagon maker, in search of a permanent location, will learn of something to his advantage by applying to or corresponding with this office.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the Trustees of School District ... at Richardson, Linn & Cooper's office, on the evening of the first Monday in August, for the purpose of completing arrangements for the next term of school.
W. H. ... Director.

JUST OUT.

NEBRASKA STATE GAZETTEER AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY FOR 1882-3.

The third edition of this valuable work has just been issued from the press, and contains nearly six hundred pages, and a complete business directory of every city, town, village and hamlet in the State, as well as the names and addresses of mill owners, country merchants, professional men, stock raisers, etc., who are not located in villages; also lists of Government and county officers, census statistics, time of holding courts, names of postmasters, postoffices, express offices, telegraph offices, together with a complete list of incorporated companies, ... police, hotels, newspapers, ... classes of business and professional men. Descriptive sketch of each place and county is given, embracing various statistics of interest, such as locations, population, distances of different points, the most convenient shipping stations, the products that are marketed, stage communications, trade statistics, the nearest bank location, mineral interests, the price of land, and the inducements offered to settlers. Mention is made of churches, schools and societies in each place. A classified directory, comprising lists of all trades, professions and pursuits in the State, wherein the name and post office address of every person in each line of business may be found, which is an important feature of this publication. Mailed to any address for the price, $4.
J. M. WOLFE, Publisher,
120 South 14th street, Omaha, Neb.

Miss Alice Felt came over from Mission Creek on Tuesday, to spend a few days with her many friends in this vicinity.

M. R. Peck is busy making preparations to build and improve on the quarter adjoining the one recently sold to Mr. Phillips.

W. L. Merrill and S. B. Anderson are preparing to draw ... lumber for the ... up by Murphy & Chaney.

Rev. F. M. Estabrook, formerly of this place, was in town the first of the week. His old friends were glad to see him looking so well.

There is to be a ... in town for ... a per... manent brick yard at ... We hope all citizens will encourage this laudable move in every way possible.

The Republican Central Committee of Pawnee County will meet in Pawnee City to-day, to arrange for calling a County Convention for the purpose of nominating ... for the Legislature and selecting delegates to the different conventions.

A broad smile is plastered all over the face of Representative ... It is because ... his home ... whether ... amendment is ... or not.

There is no doubt but that Nebraska will lead all the other States this year in the production of crops per acre, and an immense immigration will be the result. Pawnee County should receive its share, and we hope every farmer will report such crop items as may be worthy of publication to the Argus.

N. B. Wood, the first merchant of Table Rock, who brought a stock of goods here in August, 1857, in connection with Henry Marlatt, was in town on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. He ... the lumber for the first building in town—a log house—from Brownville, in that year. ...

... of the Liberty Journal, was in town on Wednesday, laying over for the train ... from Humboldt. ... in Humboldt ... vicinity must have ... on ... "too frequently ..." We surmise that it is an aggravated case of mash.

The Blake boys were so unfortunate as to lose their threshing machine by fire last Saturday. The origin of the fire has not yet been discovered. While they were at dinner, some one rushed in with the announcement that the machine was on fire. Nothing could be done to save it, and with a load of grain and wagon that stood alongside, it burned to the ground. It is supposed that some one carelessly dropped a cigar in the combustible material lying around.

Jos. Hayes and family met with an unfortunate accident on Wednesday morning. While driving across the muddy bottom land just east of town, the hind wheels of the vehicle dropped unexpectedly into a rut and the staples which held the back seat pulled out, precipitating the occupants—two ladies—into the mire on their heads. Fortunately, they escaped any bodily injury, and will not suffer from the accident unless they contract colds from the muddy immersion.

If you want to buy an Excelsior Mower for $15, on sixteen months' time, call on Wing, Starkey & Bell, Pawnee City, Neb.

W. A. Griffing took a trip over to Brownville on Monday, to look up the material for a brick yard at this place. He returned Tuesday.

The following persons from Table Rock visited ... in Elk Creek on Wednesday: J. N. Richardson, S. T. Linn, Miss ... Linn and Miss Lillie Baker.

The following persons from Pawnee City were visiting Table Rock Tuesday: Mrs. John Davis, Miss Ann Davis, George S. Flo..., Miss Mattie Judd and Mrs. Tracy.

Rev. E. J. ... "set up" the ice cream to the Woman's Club and several ... on Saturday last, at the session of that body, which was held at the parsonage.

Quite an electric display accompanied the hard rain storm of Monday morning last. Northward the rainfall was much heavier than with us, and streams were reported out of their banks in a number of instances.

G. G. Wallace, of the Enterprise, was in town Monday; but owing to the devotion of his entire time to the ... ferreting out the ... man who is supposed to hide in this precinct, he did not call at these typographical headquarters.

Luther Mumford, of Brownville, Nebraska, a former resident of this place, died in Brownville on Sunday last, and was brought over and laid to rest in the Table Rock Cemetery on Monday, Rev. F. M. Estabrook officiating, assisted by Rev. E. J. Randall.

We are glad to learn that the Pawnee ... has attained a circulation of over one thousand. Next to the Argus, of course, our best wishes are with this "old reliable" and readable paper of our county metropolis. May its shadow never grow less and its subscription list double.

There will be a grand Sunday school basket pic-nic at Table Rock on the 4th of next month. Excursion trains will be run from Falls City and Humboldt. The Pawnee City Sunday schools will be here in force. A special invitation is extended to all Sunday schools of every denomination in Pawnee and adjoining counties to participate and assist in making it the grandest Sunday school pic-nic ever held in this section of the State. The program will be published next week.

C. H. NORRIS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Keeps one of the best selected stocks of General Merchandise in Pawnee County.

WILL SELL GOODS

FOR CASH, AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES,

And Pays the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

MATHEWSON & ALLEN,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT

OF

SHELF [illegible]

HARDWARE,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

Store near the Depot.

FOLLERS & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Stationery, Blank Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

CIGARS, TOBACCOS,

CHOICE CONFECTIONS,

BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID

PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIAL, ETC.

[illegible] AL-

WAYS ON HAND.

Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE COOPER

Now has ready the finest selected stock of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY!

To be found in town. Public patronage solicited. South of Public Square.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE, CHEAP,

IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,

FOR CASH,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

M. H. MARBLE,

Real Estate Agent.

O. R. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE,

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.

[illegible] and will not be undersold,

FOR CASH.

Call and see me once, and you will come again.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

M. H. MARBLE, [illegible]

W. H. [illegible]

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882.

Wanted—At this office, one cord of stove wood.

For sale—40 cords wood and 500 posts. Inquire of Will L. Selsm.

Old rags, iron, brass and copper taken for blacksmithing at Peck's.

Eber D. Rowe left for his home in Painesville, Ohio, Monday evening.

That hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Follers & Jones.

Any one having a good second-hand mower to sell cheap, can hear of a purchaser by leaving word with M. H. Marble.

Why will you suffer with dyspepsia and liver complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Follers & J.

Special inducements offered to parties desiring to purchase lots in Peck's addition, for the next thirty days. Apply to M. H. Marble.

I have 4 or 5 pieces of town property, which I offer very low for the next 30 days.

M. H. Manning.

Catarrh cured, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50c. Nasal injector free. Follers & Jones.

C. H. Randall receives subscriptions for every paper published. Subscriptions from 20 cents to $1, by ordering their papers of me. Can get you any book at publisher's price. Has for sale Gaskell's Compendium, the best self-teaching penmanship published. Has had a sale of 200,000 copies. Sent to any address for $1.00. Call on me at the postoffice, or address C. H. Randall, Table Rock, Nebraska.

WAGON MAKER WANTED.

A good wagon maker, insured of a permanent location, will hear of something to his advantage by applying to, or corresponding with [illegible].

NOTICE.

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JUST OUT.

[illegible] GAZETTEER FOR 1882-'83.

The third edition of this valuable work has just been issued from the press, and contains nearly six hundred pages, and a complete business directory of every city, town, village and hamlet in the State, as well as the names and addresses of mill owners, country merchants, professional men, stock raisers, etc., who are not located in villages; also lists of Government and county officers, census statistics, time of holding courts, names of postmasters, post offices, express offices, telegraph offices, together with a complete list of incorporated companies, justices of the peace, hotels, newspapers, and publishers of business and professional men. Descriptive sketches of each place and county is given, embracing various statistics of interest, such as locations, population, distances of different points, the most convenient shipping stations, the products that are marketed, stage communications, trade statistics, the nearest bank location, mineral interests, the price of land, and the inducements offered to settlers. Mention is made of churches, schools and societies in each place. A classified directory, comprising lists of all trades, professions and pursuits in the State, wherein the name and post office address of every person in each line of business may be found, which is an important feature of this publication. Mailed to any address for the price, $4.

J. M. WOLFE, Publisher,
120 South 14th street, Omaha, Neb.

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Last Sunday two of John Reuter's work hands, whose names we have failed to learn, became engaged in a quarrel over the management of a team. One of them claimed that the other was interfering with matters that did not concern him, and to make his argument convincing drew a revolver and fired at the intruder, the ball just grazing his body. The party who had been fired at then caught up a double-barreled gun and emptied the contents at his antagonist. Fortunately his aim was rather low and about forty shot struck the [illegible] and the man with the revolver, after [illegible] the [illegible] then opened up with a general [illegible] to do any damage. Too much beer led to the quarrel, and had they not both been [illegible] one or both of them would undoubtedly have been killed. Drs. Kenner and Burnett were called and were successful in extracting most of the shot from the wounded man. No arrests have been made, and it is probable that the affair will blow over.

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The new crop of oats in this vicinity was considerably damaged after being cut, by heavy rains.

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Several horses from abroad are in training on the track of the Table Rock Driving Park Association.

[illegible]

Richardson, Linn & Cooper.

Latest styles of [illegible] and [illegible] at Wm. Follers'. See him and price the goods. You will be pleased.

Miss Allie Fox came over from Mission Creek on Tuesday, to spend a few days with her many friends in this vicinity.

M. B. Pool is busy making preparations to build and improve on the quarter adjoining the one recently sold to Mr. Phillips.

W. L. Merrifield and S. D. Anderson are engaged in sawing [illegible] lumber for [illegible] up by Murphy & Chaney.

Rev. F. M. Estabrook, formerly of this place, was in town the first of the week. His old friends were glad to see him looking so well.

There is to be a [illegible] in town to [illegible] look [illegible] a permanent brick yard [illegible]. We hope our citizens will encourage this laudable move in every way possible.

The Republican Central Committee of Pawnee County will meet in Pawnee City to-day, to arrange for calling a County Convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature and selecting delegates to the different conventions.

A broad smile is plastered all over the face of Representative [illegible]. It is because [illegible] corralled at his home. [illegible] so constructed that it can become President whether [illegible] suffrage amendment is ever adopted [illegible] tion or not.

There is no doubt but that Nebraska will lead all the other States this year in the production of crops per acre, and an immense immigration will be the result. Pawnee County should receive its share, and we hope every farmer will report such crop items as may be worthy of publication to the Argus.

N. S. Wood, the first merchant of Table Rock, who brought a stock of goods here in August, 1857, in connection with Henry Marlatt, was in town on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. He hauled the lumber for the first building in town, save a log house, from Brownville, in that year. He observes great changes in the place since that day.

Bloom, of the Liberty Journal, was in town again Wednesday, laying over for the train on his return from Humboldt. It occurs to us that something in or about Humboldt, or vicinity, must have a terrible hold on our young friend, as it is necessary for him to visit that place "too frequently for [illegible]." We surmise that it is an aggravated case of mash.

The Blake boys were so unfortunate as to lose their threshing machine by fire last Saturday. The origin of the fire has not yet been discovered. While they were at dinner, some one rushed in with the announcement that the machine was on fire. Nothing could be done to save it, and with a load of grain and wagon that stood alongside, it burned to the ground. It is supposed that some one carelessly dropped a cigar in the combustible material lying around.

Jos. Hayes and family met with an unfortunate accident on Wednesday morning. While driving across the muddy bottom land just east of town, the hind wheels of the vehicle dropped unexpectedly into a rut and the staples which held the back seat pulled out, precipitating the occupants two ladies—into the mire on their heads. Fortunately, they escaped any bodily injury, and will not suffer from the accident unless they contract colds from the muddy immersion.

The Argus and St. Louis Magazine for $2.

Miss Allie Fox has returned from [illegible], and will remain in Table Rock.

Misses Emma and Frank Norris, of Falls City, are visiting the family of C. H. Norris.

We haven't heard any one complaining about the dust lately; but probably "Fox" has.

John H. Lehman is repainting the inside of his billiard room, and otherwise improving its appearance.

If you want a Hopkins Mower—the best in the market—call on Wing, Starkey & Bell, Pawnee City, Neb.

Miss May Allen, one of our wide-awake teachers, will teach in the Blacklaw School District this winter.

Sleepless nights, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Follers & Jones.

The cutting of the weeds around the public square has made quite an improvement in the appearance of things.

Mrs. O. K. Miller and daughter, of Republic City, Kansas, are visiting the family of C. W. Gilbert, just north of town.

Mrs. E. A. Peck will please accept the thanks of the editor for a mess of roasting ears and squashes, on Thursday.

Mrs. Work, of Scott County, Iowa, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Susan Pangburn. The sisters had not met since 1861.

M. F[illegible] and wife went up to Sterling [illegible] morning, to visit at Colonel [illegible]'s. They will return [illegible].

Work has commenced on the Presbyterian Church next week. The workmen expect to raise the building next week.

If you want to buy an Excelsior Mower for $15, on sixteen months' time, call on Wing, Starkey & Bell, Pawnee City, Neb.

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The following persons from Pawnee City were visiting Table Rock Tuesday: Mrs. John Davis, Miss Ann Davis, George S. Flory, Miss Mattie Judd and Mrs. Krepy.

Rev. E. J. Randall "set up" the ice cream to the Wananda Club and several invited guests on Saturday last, at the session of that body, which was held at the parsonage.

Quite an electric display accompanied the hard rain storm of Monday morning last. Northward the rainfall was much heavier than with us, and streams were reported out of their banks in a number of instances.

B. G. Wallace, of the Enterprise, was in town Monday; but owing to the devotion of his entire time to the fruitless task of ferreting out the Carson man who is supposed to hide in this precinct, he did not call at these typographical headquarters.

Luther Mumford, of Brownville, Nebraska, a former resident of this place, died in Brownville on Sunday last, and was brought over and laid to rest in the Table Rock Cemetery on Monday, Rev. F. M. Estabrook officiating, assisted by Rev. E. J. Randall.

—We are glad to learn that the Pawnee Republican has attained a circulation of over one thousand. Next to the Argus, of course, our best wishes are with this "old reliable" and readable paper of our county metropolis. May its shadow never grow less and its subscription list double.

There will be a grand Sunday school basket picnic at Table Rock on the 9th of next month. Excursion trains will be run from Falls City and Humboldt. The Pawnee City Sunday schools will be here in force. A special invitation is extended to all Sunday schools of every denomination in Pawnee and adjoining counties to [illegible] and assist in making it the grandest Sunday school picnic ever held in this section of the State. The program will be published next week.

C. H. NORRIS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Keeps one of the best selected stocks of General Merchandise in Pawnee County.

WILL SELL GOODS

FOR CASH, AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

And Pays the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

MATHEWSON & ALLEN,

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TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT

OF

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

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Store near the depot.

FELLERS & JONES,

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DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Stationery, Blank Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

CIGARS, TOBACCOS,

CHOICE CONFECTIONS,

BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID

PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC., UNDERTAKERS

GOODS, ETC., ETC. ALWAYS ON HAND.

Compounding Families' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE COOPER

Now has ready the finest selected stock of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY

to be found in town. Public patronage solicited. South of Public Square

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE, CHEAP,

IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,

FOR CASH.

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK

M. H. MARBLE.

Real Estate Agent.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE.

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Keep the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries, and will not be undersold.

FOR CASH.

Call and see me once, and you will come again.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

IS

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

WM. H. KEYHAM ..... Editor and Proprietor
M. H. MARBLE ..... Associate Editor
W. H. TAMESON ..... Business Manager

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year $1 50
One copy, six months 75

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882.

Wanted—At this office, one cord of stove wood.

For sale—40 cords wood and 500 posts. Inquire of Will L. Scism.

Old rags, iron, brass and copper taken for blacksmithing at Peck's.

Eber D. Howe left for his home in Paulesville, Ohio, Monday evening.

That hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Fellers & Jones.

Any one having a good second-hand mower to sell, cheap, can hear of a purchaser, by leaving word with M. H. Marble.

Will you suffer with dyspepsia and liver complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Fellers & J.

Special inducements offered to parties desiring to purchase lots in Peck's addition, for the next thirty days. Apply to M. H. Marble.

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Ten or fifteen barrels of unslacked lime for sale for almost nothing.

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ABOUT THE AUTOPSY.

From the Laramie Boomerang.

We have been carefully reading and investigating the report of Dr. Lamb, relative to the anatomical condition of the late remains of Charles J. Guiteau, and also a partial or minority report furnished by the other two doctors, who got on their ear at the time of the autopsy. We are permitted to print the fragment of a private letter addressed personally to the editor from one of these gentlemen, whose name we are not permitted to use. He says:

"We found the late lamented, and after looking him over thoroughly and removing what works he had inside of him, agreed, almost at once, that he was dead. This was the only point upon which we agreed.

"Shortly after we began to remove the internal economy of the deceased, some little discussion arose between Doc. Lamb and myself, about the extravasation of blood in the right pectoralis, and the peculiar position of the dewflicker on the dome of the diaphram. I made a suggestion about the causes that led to this, stating that in my opinion the pleracarditis had crossed the median line and congested the dewdad.

"He said it was no such thing, and that I didn't know the difference between a malpighian capsule and an abdominal viscera.

"That insulted me, but I held my temper, going on with my work, removing the gall bladder and other things, as though nothing had been said.

"Bye and bye Lamb said I'd better quit fooling with the pancreas, and come and help him. Then he advanced a tom fool theory about an adhesion of the dura mater to the jibbaon, or some other medical rot or other, and I told him that I thought he was wrong, and I didn't believe deceased had any dura mater. Lamb flared up then and struck at me with a bloody towel. I then grabbed a fragment of liver and pasted him in the nose. I don't allow any sawbone upstart to impose on me if I know it. He then called me a very opprobrious epithet indeed, and struck me in the eye with a kidney. Then the fight became disgraceful, and by the time we got through the late lamented was considerably scattered. Here lay a second-hand lobe of liver, while over there was the apex of a lung hanging on a gas fixture. It was a pretty lively scrimmage and made quite a feeling between us. I still think, however, that I was right in standing up for my theory; and when an old pelican like Lamb thinks he can scare me into St. Vitus dance he fools himself. The fact is, he don't know a gall bladder from the gout, and he couldn't tell a lobulated tumor from the side of the house. I told him so, too, while I was putting some court-plaster on my nose after he pasted me with an old prison bedstead. Lamb would get along better with me if he would curb his violent temper. I guess he thought so, too, when I broke his false teeth, and jammed them so far back into his œsophagus that he got blue in the face. I never allow a second-hand horse-doctor to impose on me if I know it; and it is time Dr. Lamb took a good aborescent tumble to himself."

PRESERVE us from the notoriously strong-minded woman—the one who pushes her way through the world! She is masculine, tyrannical, and even abusive and brutal, making her way where no lady would make herself conspicuous, and yet, like a true coward, claiming in an extremity the homage due to her skirts. She is utterly unreasonable, claiming a seat before one has a chance of offering her one; prods luckless boys with a stout umbrella if they happen to be in her way, requires as much room as a menagerie, and is followed by a pale, scared and meek husband, who evidently never spoke above a whisper in his life. Women she ignores; men she fights. Ticket sellers know her as a virago, and woe to the waiter who brings a dish which she can contrast with some other dish on an adjoining table. Her husband, unfortunately for him, does not die, but seems forbidden to do, as one of them recently said, under penalty of death. Her favorite weather indoors, according to her husband, is rather hot. In that preference she never changes, being strictly consistent throughout her stormy life.

A LITTLE DAMP.

From the Wall street News.

"Have we had any rain in Indiana this spring?" he echoed, as he turned in his seat.

"Yes."

"Well, it's been a little damp out there," he softly answered. "The day before leaving home I had to hang up twenty-eight of my ducks. They had become so water-soaked that they could no longer swim. During the month of April it rained on twenty-nine different days."

"What about the other day?"

"Oh, that was the day on which it snowed twenty-two straight hours."

"How is corn?"

"Well, I planted mine in two feet of water. And 'tween you and me I don't expect over thirty bushels to the acre."

"Wheat looking well?"

"Tolerably well; but the sturgeon and catfish are doing considerable damage to it."

"Didn't you get any dry weather in May?"

"There was about fifteen minutes one day, when it tried to clear up, but I hadn't commenced to bring out my sheep before the rain came down again."

"Grass must be good?"

"Shouldn't wonder, but can't say. When I get back I'm going down in a diving bell to see."

"Got your potatoes in?"

"Not yet. I've got them loaded on a scow and anchored in the field in three feet of water."

"Then the prospect looks gloomy?"

"Not any, sir—not any. I've got an ark almost ready to sail, and if it will only rain for another week I'll be the best fixed man in Indiana."

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for establishing a Hebrew Colony in the southwestern portion of Kansas, composed of refugees from Russia

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WHAT would be unfortunate to other statesmen are providences to the ancient Alexander Stephens. He fell on the capitol steps and sprained his ankle a few weeks ago, and it gave the old man a rest from politics and politicians so that now he is out again he looks better and fresher than for years before. Mr. Stephens was nominated almost by acclamation for Governor of Georgia, by the State Convention last week.

A FANCIFUL scribe, in contrasting the characteristics of King Solomon Jay Gould reaches this conclusion: King Solomon had more money than he knew what to do with, and spent it in building a temple, and in sumptuous and voluptuous living. Jay Gould has his millions of money, and he spends it in building railroads and developing the resources of the country. Solomon's investments brought no income, and added nothing to the wealth of his kingdom. Gould's investments return him compensating dividends, while providing works of permanent utility to the country.

GEORGE P. MARSH, United States Minister to Italy, died suddenly on Monday at his country residence near Rome. Mr. Marsh was, in point of service, the oldest diplomate abroad. He was appointed by President Lincoln, on the 20th of March, 1861, and has held the position continuously ever since. He had previously served some four years as Minister to Turkey under Taylor and Fillmore. Before going abroad he had attained considerable reputation as an author, his best-known works being the "Origin and History of the English Language," and "Man and Nature." He was in the eighty-second year of his age.

THE London Times discourses on the growing wealth of the United States in this strain: The wonderful wealth-producing power of the United States defies and sets at naught the grave drawbacks of a protective tariff, and has already obliterated almost wholly the traces of the greatest of modern civil wars. What is especially remarkable in the present development of American energy and success is its wide and equitable distribution over the shores of the Atlantic and Pacific, along the chain of the great lakes, the valleys of the Mississippi, and the coast of the Gulf of Mexico, where the creation of wealth and increase of population is signally exhibited.

THE BATTLE OF LIFE.

From the Laramie Boomerang.

Young man, what are you living for? Have you an object dear to you as life, and without the attachment of which you feel that your life will have been a wide, shoreless waste, peopled by the spectres of dead ambitions? You can take your choice in the great battle of life, whether you will bristle up and win a deathless name, and owe almost everybody, or be satisfied with scabs and mediocrity. Many of those who now stand at the head of the Nation, as statesmen and logicians, were once unknown, unhonored and unsung. Now they saw the air in the halls of Congress, and their names are plastered on the temple of fame. You can secure some laurels, too, if you will brace up and secure them when they are ripe. Daniel Webster, and President Garfield, and Dr. Tanner and George Eliot were all at one time poor boys. They struggled against poverty and public opinion till they won a name in the annals of history, and secured to their loved ones palatial homes, with lightning rods and mortgages on them. So may you, if you make the effort. All these things are within your reach. Live temperately on nine dollars per month. That's the way we got our start. Burn the midnight oil, if necessary. Get some true, noble-minded young lady of your acquaintance to assist you. Tell her of your troubles, and she will tell you what to do. She will gladly advise you. Then you can marry her, and she will advise you some more. After that she will lay aside her work any time to advise you. You needn't be out of advice at all, unless you want to. She, too, will tell you when you have made a mistake. She will come to you frankly, and acknowledge that you have made a jackass of yourself. As she gets more acquainted with you, she will be more candid with you, and in her unstudied, girlish way she will point out your errors and gradually convince you, with an old chair leg and other arguments, that you were wrong, and your past life will come up before you like a panorama; and you will tell her so, and she will let you up again. Life is indeed a mighty struggle. It is business. We can't all be editors, and lounge about all the time, and wear good clothes, and have our names in the papers, and draw princely salaries. Some one must do the work and drudgery of life, or it won't be done.

AN exchange says: "The idea of teaching every girl to thump a piano, and make every boy a book-keeper, will make potatoes $7 a bushel in twenty years."

THIS is a singular season. In the middle of June the snow lay thick at Balmoral, Scotland, and the cold was intense. Snow also fell in Fifeshire and in Norfolk, England.

THE retiracy of John Bright from Gladstone's cabinet, on account of his conscientious scruples against cannon as an implement of civilization, is said to be a final farewell to politics. The good old statesman has earned a rest. Few men in England have accomplished as much for her mutual interests as the Quaker business man and statesman, John Bright. He has, however, never consented to a war, and this unfits him for a cabinet position in a government so naturally given to fighting as Johnny Bull's.

A LOOK into the chamber of a boy or girl will give one an idea what kind of woman he or she will probably become. A boy who keeps his clothes hung up neatly, or a girl whose room is always clean, will be very apt to make a very successful man or woman. Order and neatness are essential to our comfort, as well as that of others about us. A boy who throws down his cap and boots anywhere will never keep his accounts in shape; will do things in a slovenly, careless way, and not be long wanted in any position. A girl who does not make her bed until after dinner—and she should always make it herself rather than have a servant do it—and throws her dress or bonnet down in a chair, will make a poor wife in nine cases out of ten. If the world could see how a girl keeps her dressing-room, some very unhappy marriages could be avoided.

THE ARGUS

JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A NEW OUTFIT

Of Type, Borders, Etc.,

AND IS PREPARED TO PRINT, IN THE MOST APPROVED MODERN STYLE, ON REASONABLE TERMS, ALL KINDS OF

PLAIN AND FANCY

JOB PRINTING.

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REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENT,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

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MONEY LOANED

at LOW RATES, on REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

DESCRIPTION OF LANDS FOR SALE.

No. 1. 320 acres land, hedged in 40 acre lots; 40 acres broke; timber and water; half mile from Table Rock. Price $6,4000, $1,000 down, balance payments at 8 per cent.

No. 9. 160 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 2 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements. Price $1,800.

No. 15. 120 acres, mostly bottom land, two and one-half miles from Table Rock. Price $2,000, two-thirds cash; balance payments.

No. 19. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock; 55 acres broke. Price $1,000.

No. 22. A fine 240 acre stock and grain farm; four miles from Table Rock; 10 acres in cultivation, 100 fenced; orchards, timber and water; large amount of bottom land; house cost $1,500. Price, $4,500. Terms easy.

No. 31. A fine smooth quarter, with good improvements, in the almost part of the county, mostly hedged; living water; 4 1-2 m from Pawnee City, 4 1-2 from Table Rock. $20 per acre. Time on a portion.

No. 37. 120 acres rough land one and a half miles from Table Rock; easy terms; $1,050.

No. 39. 160 acres, 1 mile from Table Rock Depot, some rough, $10 per acre; one-half cash, baldnce payments.

No. 40. 161 acres nice land, 50 or 60 acres of it bottom, 25 acres broke, 1 mile from Table Rock. $2,100; time on $500 of purchase money.

No. 41. 80 acres under plow, 1-2 m from Table Rock. $1,800.

No. 46. 20 acres timber land two miles from Table Rock; $250, half cash, balance 1 year.

No. 50. 320 acres 1 mile from Burchard, 25 acres broke; $12.50 per acre; one-eighth cash; balance easy terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 51. 160 acres well improved, good building, two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City; $2,600; $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 53. 80 acres; stone house; 60 acres broke; two and one-half miles from Table Rock; $1,050.

No. 56. 160 acres; house with basement 16x24, addition 12x12; well improved, orchard, mostly bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 3 miles from Elk. Price, $5,500. $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 59. 152 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $15 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 62. 280 acres, good house, 120 acres under plow, some hedge, small orchard, pasture fenced, well watered, everything convenient, 6 m from Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $4,000, easy terms.

No. 35. 160-acre stock farm two and one-half m from Table Rock; everything convenient, $2,500; half cash, balance payments.

No. 62. 120 acres, comfortable house, 60 acres broke, fruit trees, good well, stock yards, sheds, etc 4 m from Pawnee City, 6 from Table Rock; offered for thirty days at $1,550; 2-3 cash, balance payments.

No. 63. 160 acres, good house 10x18, 1 1-2 story, good well, other buildings, good smooth land, living water; 1 0-4 from Smartville, Johnson County. Price 2,250. Time on 1,000 at 10 per ct.

Read the list carefully, as it will be frequently changed.

Always refer to the number of the land as given.

Office southwest of the Public Square. Come and see me, or write to me.

M. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent, Table Rock, Nebraska.

PROSPECTUS OF THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

THE ONLY PAPER ON EARTH

That Will Try to Please Everybody, and Offers No Inducements to Subscribers.

RETROSPECTIVE AND PROSPECTIVE.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS starts out with the initial number of the first volume with better prospects for a hard-earned and decidedly well-deserved success than at any time in the history of its long, useful and brilliant career. This is just exactly as it should be; and so highly are we elated with our present outlook for future greatness in the journalistic arena, that, with the sole view of placing the Argus within the accessible and easy grasp of every poor devil on God's green foot-stool, we have determined to reduce the subscription price to one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

THEOLOGICALLY, FOR INSTANCE.

As in the past, so in the future, the Table Rock Argus will cease to be denominational. We once heard of an editor who dabbled in theology, and got left. He was trespassing on forbidden ground—for an editor. He is now editing a pair of wings on the golden shore, and wears a long white night-gown that turns under his heels as he capers nimbly up and down the gold-paved streets of the New Jerusalem. He is out of his element even now. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

LIKEWISE EDITORIALLY.

Editorially, the Argus will be equal to any emergency where the emergency is not superior to the Argus, editorially speaking. It despises an editorial thief, and will never steal articles from its exchanges and try to palm them off on an innocent, unsuspecting and confiding public as original matter, unless such articles are of a meritorious character and are deemed worthy a place in the columns of the Argus. Editorially the Argus will aim to excel Eli Perkins and the modern circus poster for truth and veracity. It hates a lie, editorially—that is, a sneaking, contemptible lie that nobody will believe; but it has the most profound respect for any cotemporary that can come in ahead of it on the home-stretch where a square-toed, well-gotten-up political lie is at stake. So great is the love of the Argus for Truth that one of the editorial staff always stands ready to assist her to rise again when she is crushed to earth. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

ALSO ANTI-ALCOHOLICALLY.

We had sincerely and earnestly hoped that John P. St. John, of Kansas, would take this department under his paternal wing for the ensuing year; but he refused to resign his position as Governor and prospects for the United States Senatorship to accept the honor, and the Argus will therefore be issued every Saturday morning (Deo volente) without a temperance department proper. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

ANTI-MONOPILYALLY, AS IT WERE.

Regardless of either right or wrong, the one pre-eminently and conspicuously grand idea of the Argus will be its ability to crush rings—from the gigantic organized National plunderers down to the corrupt and reeking swindlers at Lincoln and the rotten Court-House Ring at Pawnee City. If there is no c. h. r. at the latter place, we will have one manufactured on the eve of the next campaign, in order that the Argus can throw itself while open on the subject of civil service reform, and the dear people have an opportunity to hurl anathemas at the candidates they are opposed to. This will raise Pawnee County in the estimation of politicians, and will help out the Argus, financially. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

TONE—MORALLY, PERHAPS.

A newspaper without tone is even unfit to be classed among the immoral monstrosities of the age, and should be financially untolerated. The moral tone of the Argus will keep pace with current events, and be the best the market affords on the day of publication. The advertisements are to be set by a moral compositor who will infuse into them the most approved modern typographical moral tone known to the art. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

POLITICALLY—PROBABLY.

The political department of the Argus will be in charge of the only living chronic office seeker who will "rise up." He was lately imported from the Aleutian Islands at an immense cost, but his valuable productions on political economy will not partake of the icy coldness of his recent home; the sulphuric aroma which will be infused into them will rather create the idea that they came hot from Hades. This will be an erroneous impression, for he is neither a Democrat nor a Greenbacker. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

POETICALLY—POSSIBLY.

The department of poetry has been abolished. We engaged a pale-nice young galloot—a sort of slim, angular, but withal sprightly young demon who equinted and wore eye-glasses and a poodle dog—to conduct this department. But when, in his first poem, entitled, "An Ode to Nebraska's Favorite Son," he undertook to make "Thubmodoo" rhyme with "Washington Territory," we re-considered our very liberal proposition to retain him on the poetical staff forever. Anybody might know these two words wouldn't rhyme; and the Argus wants nothing to do with such poetry. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

ÆSTHETICALLY—POSITIVELY.

Æsthetically considered, the Argus will undoubtedly prove a great failure. The æsthetic bureau will not be under the immediate supervision of Britania's Æsthetic King; but he will be ably assisted by a turbaned fuss from Calcutta. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

FINALLY—CONCLUSIVELY.

On all the leading topics of the day the Argus will be found battling for the strong against the weak, except in isolated instances where the aforesaid weak can rise up in a more noble and generous degree than the aforesaid party of the first part. In such cases the Argus will flop. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

Liberal discount to clubs of over ten thousand to one address. No subscription will count unless accompanied by one dollar and fifty cents, invariably in advance. Address all monies and postal money orders to the

TABLE ROCK ARGUS STEAM POWER BOOK AND JOB PUBLISHING HOUSE.

Table Rock, Nebraska

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME I. TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1882. NUMBER 14.

WILL L. SCISM,

Attorney and Notary,

INSURANCE, LOAN AND COLLECTION AGENT.

MONEY TO LOAN,

On Long Time and Easy Terms. Taxes paid and business for non-residents carefully attended to. Abstracts of Title furnished. Collections a specialty. Correspondence solicited. I have had five years' experience as an auctioneer. Give me a call.

E. A. PECK,

Blacksmith and Wagonmaker,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

[illegible] shop southwest of the public square.

WILLIAM A. GRIFFING,

Plasterer and Flue Builder,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

All work done with neatness and dispatch. See me before employing others to do your work.

G. R. MARTIN,

PROPRIETOR OF

[illegible]ket and

General Provision Store,

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TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

[illegible] Grades of Flour kept constantly on [hand].

[illegible] LEHMAN,

Restaurant and Confectionery,

SOUTH SIDE OF SQUARE,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Also has a fine Billiard Table, where lovers of the game can enjoy themselves in a quiet manner.

ABELL HOUSE.

R. A. Wakefield, Proprietor,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

COMMODIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS.

FREE CONVEYANCE

for guests to and from the House.

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CALVIN & CLIFT BROS.,

Stone Masons,

Flue Builders,

Plasterers, Etc.,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Lathing and Plastering a specialty. See us before engaging others to do your work.

FRANK L. HART,

Tonsorial Artist,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

When you want an easy shave,
As good as ever barber gave,
Just call on me, at my room,
At morning, eve, or busy noon.
I'll cut and curl the hair with grace
To suit the contour of the face.
My room is neat, towels clean,
Razors sharp and scissors keen,
And everything I think you'll find
To suit the taste and please the mind;
And all my art and skill can do,
If you will call, I will do for you.

JOHN HAEERLE,

Boot and Shoemaker,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

West Side of the Public Square.

G. M. KENNER,

Physician and Surgeon,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Calls promptly attended at any hour of the day or night.

G. W. BARNETT,

Physician and Surgeon,

Having located permanently, tenders his professional services to the people of Table Rock and vicinity. All calls promptly answered, day or night. Over thirteen years in experience. Office in residence, Main street, Table Rock, Nebraska.

MADISON PEERY,

Physician and Surgeon,

[illegible] CREEK, NEB.

With practice medicine and surgery. Calls promptly answered.

HENRY FREEMAN,

Justice of the Peace,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

M. J. MUMFORD,

Justice of the Peace,

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Office at his residence, east of the Methodist Church.

WM. FANGBURN,

Auctioneer,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Is ready at all times to cry sales. Terms reasonable. Can be found at his residence, near the depot, at any time.

W. F. TRILOFF,

Practical Painter,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Prompt attention given to orders. Residence in West Table Rock.

G. M. HUMPHREY,

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Architect and Builder,

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Stair building a specialty. Bridge building. Plans and specifications furnished for Public Buildings on short notice, estimates made, and satisfaction guaranteed.

CHAS. T. EDEE. CHAS. E. CASEY.

C. T. EDEE & CO.,

BANKERS,

PAWNEE CITY, NEB.

Invite the patronage of business men and the people of Pawnee County generally. We

RECEIVE DEPOSITS

And issue certificates therefor, payable on demand, or subject to draft at sight, as the depositor may prefer.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE

On the principal cities. DISCOUNT NOTES, and transact a General Banking Business.

COLLECTIONS

Will receive prompt and careful attention. Office NORTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.

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House, Sign and Ornamental Painting done in a workmanlike manner, with promptness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE ARGUS OFFICE

Job Printing Department

Has just received a new outfit of the latest neat and tasty designs of types and we are now prepared to print letter heads, note heads, statements, etc., in a tasty manner and on reasonable terms. Come and see specimens and get our prices.

H. ELLIS,

Photographer!

PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.

Dry Plate Work with Children and Groups a specialty. I keep on hand as fine and large a stock and variety of Frames as can be found in the State.

THE KING OF PIANO INSTRUCTORS.

NEW MUSICAL CURRICULUM,

BY GEO. F. ROOT.

PRICE, BY MAIL, $3.00.

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The magazine is now in its 13th year, and is a wonder for its price, $1 a year. It is handsomely illustrated, has original stories, poems, illustrated fashions, and useful reading. For ten cents a sample copy of the St. Louis Magazine and a beautiful set of private cards (not advertising cards) sent to any address. St. Louis Magazine, 213 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

We will send the St. Louis Magazine and this paper one year for $2. Address, The Argus, Table Rock, Nebraska.

TABLE ROCK POST OFFICE.

TIME OF CLOSING MAILS.

Going north on B. & M	8:50 a m
Going south on B. & M	4:30 p m
Going west, on R. V. Div	11:00 a m
Table Rock to Pawnee City	3:00 p m
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues & Fri	7:00 a m

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

From the south	9:00 a m
From the north	5:00 p m
From the west	9:00 a m
From Pawnee City	4:30 p m
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat	4:30 p m

M. F. BEISHLINE, P. M.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

WM. H. KETCHAM	Editor and Proprietor
M. H. MARBLE	Associate Editor
W. H. HARRISON	Business Manager

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year	$1.50
One copy, six months	[illegible]

LOOK NOT UPON THE SODA.

From Peck's Sun.

There is a beautiful young lady in this city, a temperance girl, who has a pair of eyes that sparkle so that a stranger would think she was winking when she looked up and smiled. She would not wink for anything, but when she smiles the selvage around the eyes seems to draw up, and, well, if it isn't a wink it is a counterfeit well calculated to deceive. She was on the way to a temperance lodge the other night and stopped at a soda fountain to get a glass of soda, and when the clerk asked what flavor she would have, she looked up at him and smiled, and said, "I will leave that to you?" The clerk said afterwards, when her brother came in after the lodge was out, to whip him, that he would have sworn she winked. It seems some of the customers want a little brandy in their soda, and the proprieter told the clerk when anybody winked and looked sort of cunning to put a little brandy with the flavoring. He thought she was one of the winking customers, and he thinks now he might have put in a little too much. The Noble Duke of lodge refuses to accept the explanation up to this time, though it is thought he will get over his annoyance before the next meeting, and let the girl remain a member if she desires to do so, though she says she does not see how she can ever look the brothers and sisters in the face. They tell two or three stories about it, but the version of the grand worthy chaplain of the lodge seems to be accepted as the true one. The soda began to take effect on the girl just as she got into the ante-room, and instead of whispering the pass-word to the outside sentinel, that worthy official, who is young married man, says she put her mouth up to his ear and bit it, and then threw her arms around his neck. He would not have cared so much about this, only his wife was in the ante-room putting on her regalia. The soda girl also caused remark in the ante-room by getting her regalia feet first, and pulling it on as she would a pair of drawers. The outside sentinel says that struck him as being more unusual than the way she gave him the pass-word. However, he let her into the inner room.

There is a hole in the door which the applicant for admission puts her mouth up to and whispers the password into the ear of the inside sentinel, who is a lady. The soda girl put her mouth up to the hole, after giving three distinct raps, and as the ear of the sentinel covered the hole on the opposite side of the door, the soda girl said, "Set 'em up. Soda with perfu(hic)mery in it." As the regularly quarterly pass-word was—"strong drink is raging," and the inside sentinel smelled liquor on the breath of the applicant, she thought some saloon character was trying to get into the lodge, so she drew her stuffed club, the badge of her office, and opened the door. Seeing that she was a member, the guard let the girl in, after reprimanding her for her levity, and the girl marched to the middle of the floor, a little shaky in the legs.

The custom is for a member on entering to go to the middle of the floor, look at the grand worthy chair holder, and place the right index finger to the right side of the nose, and keep it there until the chairman responds, when the new comer takes a seat.

The girl, instead, placed her thumb to her nose and wiggled her fingers and went and took a seat beside the chaplain, and put her feet upon the desk in front of the good man.

If a large fire-cracker, loaded with bourbon whisky, had exploded in the lodge room it would not have created more consternation. The chaplain fainted, the worthy chairman declared a recess, and the members all gathered around the sister, whose face was much flushed. Her hair was scrambled, caused by taking off her hat without removing the hair pins. Her frizzes were around on her left ear, and one bang was on the back of her neck, while the place where the hair was parted ran across her head from ear to ear. Her brother came up and put her feet down off the desk and asked her if she had been run over by a wagon or chased by a dog. Everybody smelled liquor, and when the chief accused her of having tampered with the soul-destroying beverage which steals away the brain, she told him he was a "prevar(hic)ator," and hit him on the ear with a gravel. The sisters tried to get her to go into the ante-room and soak her head, but she said she wanted to ride the goat, and she took a run and jump and sat upon a table as though it was a side saddle, and laughed so loud the brothers and sisters thought she would disturb the worshippers in a saloon not far away. Finally the choir struck up the tune, "Cold water, Bright water," and the soda girl sung, "Johnny Fill up the Bowl," and tried to put her thumbs in the arm-holes of her vest and walk like Pat Rooney.

The brother finally got her to go home, and now it is a go-as-you-please between the girl and the drug clerk, and the proprieter and the girl's brother, as to who is to blame. She says if she is forgiven this, she will never swallow another glass of soda until it is analized by a competent chemist.

The lodge is all broke up about it, because outsiders are talking the affair over.

THERE will be a shortage of 783,000 tons of meat, and 343,000,000 bushels of grain in Europe this year, according to careful estimates made by the London News. This will afford the great West a splendid opportunity of unloading its enormous crops at paying prices.

KANSAS CITY Times: "The Greenbackers had a partial convention down in Brunswick yesterday, that is to say the district was partially represented. The partial system is going to be popular with the Greenbackers this fall, partial to the republicans in some instances and partial to letting the old thing slide in others."

THE Courier-Journal having remarked that two-thirds of the money alleged to have been spent for the war dropped into the pockets of Republicans, the Inter Ocean admits that probably it did, as most of the men who carried on the war were Republicans. But it reminds the Courier-Journal that Kentucky had four years of good stealing also, and had the advantage of all the other States, as she stole from both sides, and fought for neither.

THERE is cable news which is very important, if true, to the effect that the Porte withdraws from its agreement to send troops to Egypt, and is about to issue a protest against English occupation; also, that an alliance has been formed between Turkey and Russia. Likewise it is asserted that Germany is seriously dissatisfied with the action of the Porte in not co-operating with England. Add to these reports the fact that France declined some time ago in a singular way, considering her previous position, to aid England, and is still holding off, and it does not require a very imaginative mind to trace the outlines of the general European war that has been talked about so much.

THE sheriff's sale of Canonchet, the home property of ex-Governor Sprague of Rhode Island, and the scene of the exploit of the fallen dictator of little Rhody, when he threatened Senator Conkling with a shot gun, was conducted under difficulties. All the gates were chained, the bridge leading to the property was torn down, and the ex-governor and his son Willie, one armed with a rifle and the other with a pistol, effectually prevented the examination of the property by the visitors who came to attend the sale. The auctioneer, however, compromised the matter by crying off the property from the safe end of the dismantled bridge, and the successful bidder was Frank Moulton, of Beecher-Tilton notoriety, who is said to represent a New York syndicate who will divide the estate and sell it out in small holdings on speculation. How the new owner will get possession of the house and grounds so fiercely defended remains to be seen. Evidently the eccentric ex statesman intends to hold it to the last gasp.

OMAHA Herald: Every ray of sun that descends from a generous sky, and every balmy breeze that toys with the golden grain in the field, adds to the bounty of the husbandman and to the commonwealth of all. While bitter strife distracts the old world, and loud appeals to arms are heard, the peaceful click of the harvester is the only sound that breaks upon our ear. Destructive storms in some sections, and heavy rainfalls and drouths in others, have diminished the yield of the crops somewhat, but the general result is excellent, and promises continued and solid prosperity. The politicians are active and plodding as ever. Petty wrangles and plodding disputes arise like bubbles on the surface of the sea, but compared to the intense feeling prevailing across the ocean, it is like a beautiful idyl of perpetual bliss. Inflated frauds and fanatics traverse the land and appalling crime is rampant; yet the tramp of the conscript, the hush of freedom's voice, and the abject lot of the pauper, are far greater ills than any we have to suffer. Providence has been most generous to this blessed land, for which, in the noon-tide of a plentiful harvest, let us be thankful.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

WM. H. KETCHAM.........Editor and Proprietor
M. H. MARBLE.........Associate Editor
W. H. HARRISON.........Business Manager

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year.........$1 50
One copy, six months.........75

SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1882.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

LINCOLN, Neb., July 6, 1882.

The Republican electors of the State of Nebraska are hereby called to send delegates from the several counties to meet in State Convention at Omaha on Wednesday, September 20, A. D. 1882, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following named officers, viz:

Governor.
Lieutenant-Governor.
Secretary of State.
Auditor.
Treasurer.
Attorney-General.
One Regent of the University of Nebraska.
Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings.
Superintendent of Public Instruction.

And to transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

The representation in the State Convention is based upon the vote cast for Isaac Powers Jr., in 1881 for Regent of the State University.

Pawnee County cast 1147 votes, and is entitled to 9 delegates.

It is recommended:

First.—That no proxies be admitted to the Convention, except such as are held by persons residing in the counties from which the proxies are given.

Second—That no delegate shall represent an absent member of his delegation, unless he be clothed with authority from the County Convention, or is in possession of proxies from regularly elected delegates thereof.

JAMES W. DAWES, Chairman.
JOHN STEEN, Secretary.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 8, 1882.

The Republican electors of the First Congressional District of Nebraska are hereby called to send delegates from the several counties to meet in Congressional District Convention, at Nebraska City, on Thursday, September 7, A. D. 1882, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for Member of Congress from said First Congressional District, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

The several counties are entitled to representation in the Convention as follows, based upon the vote cast for Isaac Powers, Jr., in 1881, for Regent of the State University, giving one delegate for each one hundred and fifty (150) votes, and one delegate for the fraction of seventy-five votes or over; also one delegate at large for each county:

It is recommended:

COUNTIES.	Votes	Delegates
Richardson	1583	11
Nemaha	1149	9
Pawnee	1147	9
Johnson	1245	9
Gage	1720	12
Lancaster	2540	18
Otoe	1577	11
Cass	1651	12
Saunders	1391	10
Sarpy	460	4
Douglas	2585	18
Total		123

First.—That no proxy be admitted to the Convention, except such as are held by persons residing in the counties from which the proxies are given.

Second—That no delegate shall represent an absent member of his delegation unless he be clothed with authority from the county convention or is in possession of proxies from regularly elected delegates thereof.

By order of Republican State Central Committee.

JAMES W. DAWES, Chairman.
JOHN STEEN, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN CO. CONVENTION.

The electors of the various precincts of Pawnee County are hereby called to meet at their various places of voting, as stated in the proceedings of the Central Committee, on Friday, September 1st, 1882, to elect delegates and alternates to represent their precincts at the County Convention, to be held Saturday, September 2d, 1882, at the Court House, Pawnee City, Nebraska, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing 9 delegates to the State Convention to be held at Omaha on the 20th day of September, 1882; 9 delegates to represent the county at the Congressional Convention to be held at Nemaha City, September 7th, 1882; 9 delegates to attend the Judicial Convention to be held at ——— on the ——— day of ———, 1882; 9 delegates to attend the Senatorial Convention to be held at ——— on the ——— day of ———, 1882; 9 delegates to attend the Representative Convention to be held at ——— on the ——— day of ———, to nominate one representative and one Commissioner for the Third District, and to transact such other business as may come before the Convention.

The various precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates to the County Convention, based on the vote of 1881, for Isaac Powers, the vote being 1 to 10:

Mission Creek	5
Plum Creek	4
Turkey Creek	5
West Branch	5
Miles	14
Steinauer	4
Clay	10
Pawnee City	33
Clear Creek	5
South Fork	5
Sheridan	8
Table Rock	13
Total	114

S. BARNARD, Chairman.
PAWNEE CITY, Neb., Aug. 1, 1882.

G. A. R. Reunion at Grand Island.

The B. & M. R. R. will sell excursion tickets to Grand Island and return from points named at the following rates:

Kearney Junction	1 25	Superior	2 50
Omaha	4 65	Humboldt	5 85
Seward	2 70	Ulysses	3 70
David City	3 70	Exeter	2 30
Fairmont	2 10	Bradshaw	5 50
Sutton	1 65	Nebraska City	9 40
Syracuse	4 75	Brownsville	6 05
Lincoln	3 70	Pawnee City	5 80
Ashland	3 70	Alma	3 40
York	2 25	Hampton	5 70
Grafton	1 65	Plattsmouth	5 50
Wymore	5 00	Tecumseh	6 15
Waverly	3 70	Wilber	3 40
Weed	5 00	Louisville	4 80
Aurora	5 90	Endicott	5 00
Salem	6 25	Crete	[illegible]
Palmyra	4 30	Chester	5 25
DeWitt	3 60	Red Cloud	2 60
Milford	4 25	Juniata	85
Falls City	6 40	Lowell	2 25
Harvard	1 25	Dellwood	5 50
Bennett	4 25	Blue Hill	1 35

Tickets will be on sale at points named from August 28th to September 1st, good to return on or before September 4th, and they require the stamp of the ticket agent at Grand Island to make them good for return passage. Conductors will not honor such tickets otherwise.

The above points are intended to cover all G. A. R. posts on or tributary to the B. & M. line. Any parties desiring to attend from any points not named above, can arrange for tickets at the same low rates by notifying the agent in advance, so that he may procure tickets. Trains will be run via U. P. Railway between Hastings and Grand Island to connect with all the trains of the B. & M. arriving at and departing from Hastings.

LAST WORDS OF EMINENT NEBRASKA POLITICIANS.

I confess the Senator's outlook is very Dew-bious.—J. E. La Master.

Don't care anything about the fences in the Second District, so the Posts are all right.—E. Rosewater.

This is a good month for killing Burrs.—E. P. Roggen.

The Congressional race begins to look Savage.—C. P. Marvin.

We'll give 'em Griffing for a wedge; that's the wedge to split Table Rock and Clear Creek, and then we'll "knock the persimmons."—Tom Cornell.

It's getting the right time of year to work on the Rhodes.—J. R. Erwin.

Let's give them Taffe in the Third District.—A. H. Church.

JULIUS RHODES, of Pawnee City, is announced as a candidate for Representative from the county, by the Republican of this week. Mr. Rhodes is well known as an active citizen, and one keenly interested in the welfare of the county. In Table Rock he is recognized as "one of the boys," and no doubt, when the proper time arrives, his many friends will do the right thing by him.

Every member of the Cabinet being absent from the Capital, the Government is being run by Assistant Secretaries for the time being.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

It is with pleasure that the Argus announces to the people of Pawnee County that Hon. J. L. Linn has consented to be a candidate for District Representative from the Fifth Representative District subject to the decision of the District Convention. Mr. Linn is so widely known as a prominent citizen and successful business man, and as one who has an excellent record as Representative from the County for the past two years, that any words we might say commending him for the position would be superfluous. We wish it to be understood that we are not instructed to make this announcement by Mr. Linn, and only do so at the solicitation of a majority of the voters of his precinct.

The Pawnee Banner says: Hon. J. L. Linn, of Table Rock, called on Monday. The Banner is in hopes of seeing Mr. Linn returned to the Legislature, believing that his experience of one term makes him better qualified than any new man can be.

REV. G. L. GRIFFING, of Clear Creek Precinct, is announced as a candidate for Representative by the Enterprise of this week. Mr. Griffing is so well and favorably known here that it is unnecessary for us to comment on his fitness or unfitness for the position.

L. J. SHELLHORN, of Pawnee City, was last week announced as a candidate for County Representative. Mr. Shellhorn's excellent reputation and undeniable fitness for the position make him a strong candidate. If nominated, he will undoubtedly be elected.

At the demand of the people of this section of the county, the Argus announces John Blacklaw as a candidate for Commissioner from the Third District. It is not known whether Mr. Blacklaw, or "Uncle John," as he is popularly known, desires the office, but the people of the county cannot afford to dispense with his valuable services. Hence we announce him, and believe that he will accept the nomination if it is tendered him.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Attend
The primaries
On Friday next.
Every voter should turn out.

Another red-hot week for corn.

M. H. Marble spent last Sunday at Wymore.

Will L. Seism has sold his fast nag for a good round sum.

The father of our barber, Frank Hart, is visiting Table Rock.

Joe Kubick has gone to Kansas City with a load of cattle and hogs.

O. H. Norris was wrestling the first part of the week with a bungled tooth.

Mrs. W. P. Merrifield returned Friday evening, from her visit at Willow Springs.

Come up to the help of the Lord against the mighty. Subscribe for the Argus and be happy.

Work on the New Presbyterian Church is progressing finely, and it will probably be enclosed next week.

Our painter, Tribble, has improved the outside appearance of the post office and Fellers & Jones's drug store, by adding a coat of paint.

We have some money out on job work, and quite considerable on subscription which should be paid in at once. We need the money.

Remember the date of the County Fair, September 12th to 15th, inclusive. The Soldiers' County Reunion will take place during the Fair.

Read the new advertisement of Murphy & Cheney. They are most excellent workmen, and deserve the success they are meeting with.

C. H. Rands is the handiest boy we ever saw in a printing office. In the limited experience he has had we have seen quite a number.

The characteristics of this western country were demonstrated on our streets a few evenings ago. Our hardware company purchased a shed from Richardson, Linn & Cooper, intending to set it in the rear of their store room, to be used in stowing away stoves and heavy hardware. It was already set on wheels, but the teams ordered were not forthcoming, and it was so lively that there was [illegible] [illegible]. The [illegible] was embarrassing for a few moments; but the hardware merchants were soon relieved [illegible] [illegible] was then [illegible] [illegible], who hitched the [illegible], took hold of the moving apparatus [illegible] [illegible] a short time [illegible] [illegible] and within [illegible] [illegible] desired. Clearly there is nothing small about us Western people but our feet.

RICHARDSON, LINN & COOPER

DEALERS IN

LUMBER!

Southwest of Square.

We keep constantly on hand,
LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,
LIME, CEMENT, DOORS,
SASH, BLINDS, BUILDING PAPER, POSTS,
And such other commodities as belong to the trade. Estimates made on application.

WM. FELLERS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

South of Public Square.

Call on me, and select from my large and diversified stock of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
CLOTHING,
BUILDING HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

BEST GRADES OF FLOUR
On hand at all times. I can make it of interest to you to purchase of me.

LINN & COOPER,

DEALERS IN

STOCK, GRAIN AND COAL.

The Pioneer Stock and Grain Buyers of Pawnee County.

OPERATED AT TABLE ROCK, HUMBOLDT, CALVERT AND STELLA.

We pay at all times the highest market price for
STOCK AND GRAIN.
And keep constantly on hand a large stock of
HARD AND SOFT COAL.
Can always find us at our office, with Richardson, Linn & Cooper, or at the scale office, near the depot.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

HARDWARE!

H. F. MERWIN,

(SUCCESSOR TO H. A. ALLEN)

Announces to the People of Table Rock and Vicinity, that he has

A full and complete stock, and that he is now prepared to furnish anything in the line of
SHELF OR HEAVY HARDWARE,
At prices that will suit. Remember that you can always get Stoves, Iron, Nails, Tinware, Ammunition, etc., etc., at Lowest Cash Prices.
SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

TAYLOR & MITCHELL,

PROPRIETORS OF

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run Stage to and from Pawnee City, connecting with All Trains.

C. H. NORRIS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Keeps one of the best selected stocks of General Merchandise in Pawnee County.

WILL SELL GOODS

FOR CASH, AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

And Pays the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

MATHEWSON & ALLEN,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT

OF

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ETC.

Store near the depot.

FELLERS & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Stationery, Blank Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

CIGARS, TOBACCOS,

CHOICE CONFECTIONS,

BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID

PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIAL, ETC., UNDERTAKERS'

GOODS, ETC., ETC. ALWAYS ON HAND.

Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE COOPER

Now has ready the finest selected stock of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY

to be found in town. Public patronage solicited. South of Public Square.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE, CHEAP,

IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,

FOR CASH,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

M. H. MARBLE,

Real Estate Agent.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE,

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.

I keep the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries, and will not be undersold,

FOR CASH.

Call and see the outfit, and you will come again.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

WM. H. KETCHAM ..... Editor and Proprietor
M. H. MARBLE ..... Associate Editor
W. H. HARRISON ..... Business Manager

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year $1.50
One copy, six months 75

SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1882.

Gents' shirts made to order at the postoffice.

For the best sperm sewing machine oil call at the post office.

Pomade Vaseline, for sore hands or chapped lips, at Fellers & Jones's.

Old rags, iron, brass and copper taken for blacksmithing at Peck's.

Large stock of mixed paints, paint brushes, etc., just received.

FELLERS & JONES.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's porous plaster. For sale by Fellers & Jones. Price 25 cts.

If you want a Hopkins Mower—the best in the market—call on Wing, Starkey & Bell, Pawnee City, Neb.

Croup, whooping cough and bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's cure. For sale by Fellers & J.

Shiloh's cough and consumptive cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. Fellers & Jones.

HONEY! HONEY!—I am prepared to furnish the county with honey. Come at once, and lay in a supply.

M. M. STOVER.

If you want to buy an Excelsior Mower for $15, on sixteen months time, call on Wing, Starkey & Bell, Pawnee City, Neb.

Any one wishing patterns can get them by leaving their orders at the post office, No. 1111, south of the public square, Table Rock, Neb.

Shiloh's vitalizer is what you need for constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and all symptoms of dyspepsia. Price 10 and 25c per bottle. For sale by F. & J.

Say, if you want the best violin string that is made, call at the post office. Warranted, or money refunded. Warranted not to rip, ravel or run down at the heel.

Fellers & Jones have just received the largest and best stock of mixed paints, graining colors, brushes, etc., ever brought to this place, which they offer at greatly reduced figures.

We clip the following from the Humboldt papers, in reference to Mr. G. W. Mosena, the progressive and energetic brick man who has located with us. "G. W. Mosena burned a kiln of excellent brick last week for I. W. Beckwith, of this city. He went to Table Rock Monday to start a brick yard at that place. Mr. Mosena thoroughly understands the business." "G. W. Mosena, of this place, started on Monday last for Table Rock, where he will start a brick yard. Mr. Mosena is an old and experienced brickmaker, and will do the right thing by the people of that promising town."

The material and good-will of the Argus are for sale, if sold by September 1. Everything new. The material comprises two presses, three imposing stones and frames, 130 lbs. of Brevier, 40 lbs. of Nonpareil, 25 job fonts, labor-saving slugs and rules, Japanese and other borders, and is as complete a small outfit as can be found anywhere. Paper on a good basis. Price $450, cash. An examination of our books will show that this is a good investment, as the patronage of the office is a most excellent one. Our object in selling it is that we may engage in other business elsewhere.

WAGONS! WAGONS! WAGONS! WAGONS!

Peck, the boss blacksmith, has them.

WAGON MAKER WANTED.

A good wagon maker, in search of a permanent location, will hear of something to his advantage by applying to or corresponding with this office.

ALL PARTIES

Wanting to build, using not to exceed 15,000 brick, can get them of me cheap, on monthly payments. Call on

G. W. MOSENA,
Table Rock, Nebraska.

Attend.

The primories

On Friday next,

September 1st, without fail.

Turn out to the primaries on Friday next, or else forever after hold your peace.

C. C. Parrish, landlord of the Lindsley House, is confined to the house by sickness.

Miss Alice Felt is spending a few days in town, since the adjournment of the Teachers' Institute.

Dr. Bushey, who has been stopping here for several days, left for Corning, Missouri, the first of the week. He thinks of locating at that place.

There will be a Woman Suffrage meeting at the M. E. Church, on next Saturday evening. Speakers from abroad are expected. Turn out, everybody.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Mitchell returned from their trip to Missouri on Tuesday. A cousin of Mr. Mitchell returned with them, who thinks of locating in this vicinity.

The little two-year-old child of Mrs. Byrne, who took the corrosive sublimate Monday of last week, still lingers in a precarious condition, seemingly hovering between life and death.

A fine new bridge has been completed across the creek near the residence of M. H. Marble. Now there is a good chance for the supervisor to have several days work put in, and we will have a good crossing.

A. R. Souer, business manager of the Omaha Bee, was in town Thursday morning. He informs us that nearly all the prizes drawn by patrons of the Bee have been sent out, and the rest will be, in a very short time. The harvester, drawn by E. T. Boone, arrived on Tuesday, and the King Cockle Mill, drawn by C. H. Murphy, he tells us will soon be here. Occasionally a mistake will occur, in a circulation of twenty thousand, but these are corrected when found out. We had a very pleasant visit with Mr. Souer, and trust he will call again when he is in town.

Be sure to attend the primaries.

The friends and members of the Presbyterian Church met at Rev. B. E. Mayo's on Tuesday evening to organize a Mite Society, the object of which is to raise funds to procure an organ for the new Presbyterian Church. S. T. Linn was appointed President and M. H. Merwin Secretary for the evening. After a short address by Rev. B. E. Mayo, the following officers were elected: Mrs. Andrew Fellers President; Clyde Barnard Treasurer; Miss Alice Fellers, Nell Linn and Eva Fellers collectors. By vote it was decided to meet every two weeks, on Tuesday evenings. Entertainments in the way of singing, declaiming and select reading will be furnished at each meeting, and nothing will be left undone that will contribute to the comfort and enjoyment of all those favoring us with their presence. All are cordially invited. Society to meet at M. H. Merwin's on Tuesday evening, September 5th.

J. S. JONES, Rec. Sec'y.

WE ARE CONVINCED,

That Table Rock is progressing rapidly.

That Andrew Lane has the best forty acres of corn in the county.

That Pawnee County will produce the largest amount of corn to the acre of any county in the State.

That Sam Barnard's nursery cannot be duplicated west of the Missouri River.

That the Suffrage amendment will be added to the Constitution.

That Blacklaw & Harrison are making a fine grade of flour.

That J. S. Dew will represent the district in the next Legislature.

That farmers will get a good round price for corn, hogs and cattle.

That J. L. Linn will build a residence in town that will be creditable.

That the boys in the brick-yard are not all Sunday School scholars, and

That Murphy & Chaney employ the biggest gang of carpenters in the county.

MURPHY & CHANEY,

Contractors and Builders,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Orders for every description of carpenter work promptly attended to. Builders' building a specialty.

Don't fail

To attend

The primaries

On Friday next.

Be sure to attend the primaries next Friday.

P. Pentacost, of Elk Creek, was in town Monday.

The subscription list of the Argus should be double what it is.

John Haberle's brother, from Lincoln, was visiting him last week.

Ed Goodale is refitting the old City Hotel, and getting it ready for occupancy.

C. L. Wemple came over from Wymore on Saturday, and returned on Monday.

The Republican thinks peaches will be 25 cents per bushel. Even editors can enjoy a few at that price.

The cast iron dog was seen in town the other day, and several unhealed bullet wounds were observed on his body.

A "Band of Hope" society was organized at the M. E. Church last Sunday. Its object is to prevent the use of tobacco, strong drink and profanity by all children under the age of eighteen. The society will meet every Sunday at 3:30 p. m.

Married—At the residence of W. F. Trilon, Wednesday, August 23, Mr. Charles Welch to Miss Tilda Wesall. Shortly after the ceremony was performed, the happy couple departed for their future home. May they flourish and realize their anticipations.

Born—Tuesday, August 15th, to Mr and Mrs. James Smith, a son. May he grow up to be the "aquil" of his big-footed daddy; and may the aforesaid b. f. d. be so taken up with said son that he will forget to take toll from all his ghrists for a month to come.

Ye business manager of the "Argus" visited the brick yard this week, and was gratified to learn from Mr. Mosena, the energetic proprietor, that he considers the clay which he is using a superior article, and is confident that he can manufacture better brick from it than any he has found in the State. He hopes to have one kiln ready for burning this week.

Not long since we saw an item in some paper stating that John Reuter would have 84,000 bushels of corn this year. This struck us as an exaggerated estimate; we interviewed Mr. Reuter, and he informs us that he has some 800 acres, and expects to gather some 45,000 bushels. Mr. Reuter is the boss farmer of Nebraska "allo 'a'ue," owning in a body 4,200 acres of land.

Tuesday morning a stranger engaged a saddle horse of Taylor & Mitchell, stating that he was only going out as far as Allison's, south of town. Failing to return the horse in a reasonable length of time, Taylor & Mitchell became suspicious, and on inquiry being made, found that the stranger had not visited Allison's at all. Active pursuit was at once given, and the horse recovered at Humboldt, the galoot who had ridden it narrowly escaping.

Patronize home; you cannot improve it much by taking your money away to invest. There is no way of improving a place so much as by encouraging good merchants, good schools and good people to settle among you, and this cannot be done unless you spend your money at home, for there is where you get it. Spend your money at home, because when it is necessary to get credit it is of your own town merchants you have to get it, and they must wait for the money. Spend your money at home. It will make better business for your merchants. They can and will keep better assortments, and sell at lower rates than if the only business they could do was to credit out, while the money goes to other places. Spend your money at home. Set the example now. Buy your dry goods, groceries and meat in town, and you will see a wonderful change in a short time in the business outlook of the place; therefore deal with your merchants at home. Your merchants are your neighbors and your friends, they stand by you in sickness as your associates. Without your trade they cannot keep up business. No stores, then no one waiting to buy property to settle on and build up the place.

HOT WINDS IN KANSAS.

The Globe-Democrat has the following dispatch, dated Atchison, August 20: The usual hot winds in Kansas are now felt in different parts of the State. The weather has been very dry in the State for upwards of a month, with few local showers, which are needed in all sections. Information has been at hand for some days that these destructive winds had made their power felt on the growing crop, and principally upon corn. Your correspondent is informed by an official of the Central Branch Road, who has just returned from the extreme western part of the State, that the corn crop in Sheridan, Norton, Phillips and Ellis Counties is ruined by hot winds, and the northwestern part of Nebraska is fully as bad. Although Rooks, Osborne, Graham and Jewell Counties have had rains lately, the first-named counties had none since the first of July. The wheat crop was a success, but a great many had no wheat in, and depended on their corn, the failure of which will leave a great many with a deficit. Broom corn is immense in harvest, and there are great quantities of it. There need be no attempt to make capital out of this fact, either by speculators or interested parties; for the winds have come too late to affect the State's crop. The roots of the corn, which will suffer most, penetrated deeper than usual, owing to the cold weather at the season's opening, and though cut short in its prolific yield, will still be more than an average one. On this subject the Osborne Farmer, a level-headed paper, says truthfully: "The corn crop will unquestionably be light, though by no means an entire failure, as it was last season. Some of the earliest planted fields that were kept clean of weeds are about matured, and will yield from twenty to forty bushels per acre. Other fields will return practically nothing, as the dry spell set in early enough to prevent tasseling. From what we can learn there will be very little corn in the country west of us; but further east, no further than forty or fifty miles, the crop is said to be exceptionally fine. It is probable that Osborne County will have corn enough to fatten all its surplus live stock, but the scarcity in counties west will have a tendency to hold prices up."

CHAUNCEY I. FILLEY, of Missouri, is making himself odorous as well as odious to the Republicans of that state by issuing a pamphlet of instruction and advice, to prevent the holding of any Republican convention there this year. His plea is that the Republicans are not numerous enough to succeed in an election, and the best way for them to carry on the war against bourbonism is to bushwhack with the Greenbackers and help all bolting candidates from the Democratic party. Mr. Filley's advice is not good, for the reason that the Republican party has a higher mission than that of beating the Bourbons. It is the guard of honor for all the living principles of the day, and its duty is to be at the front at every election, whatever the odds may be against it, to display the banner of truth and righteousness, and proclaim the gospel of equal rights, popular education and material progress. It cannot afford to degrade itself as a backer of any side show like Greenbackism, or to play second fiddle whenever a pork headed Democrat wants to "run independent."

In a few days the sun will go down upon another dark deed of British oppression. A few thousand dark-skinned men will be murdered in the interests of white-skinned civilization and money bags. The world has nearly reached a point where murder should not be such an essential element to its progress. Better leave Egypt to her darkness than cast blood stains on a Christianity which theoretically loves its neighbor as itself.—Exchange.

A PRETTY story about the Princess Eugenie, sister of the King of Sweden: She recently sold her diamonds to raise funds to complete a hospital in which she is interested. While visiting this hospital, after its completion, a suffering inmate wept tears of gratitude as she stood by his side, and the Princess exclaimed: "Ah! now I see my diamonds again."

OUR IMMIGRANTS.

From the Chicago Tribune.

One of the most striking of the numerous tables issued by the Bureau of Statistics on the subject of immigration shows the decrease of late years, both absolutely and comparatively, in the arrivals from Ireland. In 1851 these had reached their greatest abundance, the number being 221,253. Thirty years later, in 1881, they had fallen to less than a third—to 70,900 in the greatest of all immigration years. In 1877 they had dropped to only 13,791, or to less than one in sixteen of the amount a quarter of a century before. In the two years 1851 and 1852 nearly 100,000 Irish landed in this country, but such heavy draughts on the population of the island at last had their effect, and the tremendous outflow fell off in quantity. Another fact of interest on this subject, much less generally known, says the New York Sun, is that during the last thirty years the immigration from England has as steadily increased as that from Ireland has fallen off. In 1851 the immigration from Ireland was more than 250 times as great as that from England, but in 1881 the English immigration was more than 5,000 larger than the Irish. In forty years our English immigration has increased from only 148 in a year to 79,547. Once more, while in the long period from 1820 to 1860 the Irish immigration was more than twice as great as that from all Great Britain, and while for twenty years it was three times as great, ever since 1876 it has been much less than the immigration from the remainder of the British isles during the each successive year, except 1881. That year it made up its average from the preceding one, when the immigration from Great Britain was nearly double that from Ireland. Finally, Irish immigration thirty years ago surpassed that from all countries combined, and last year it had fallen to less than one-tenth of the total, being smaller than even that from Norway and Sweden.

WITH the bounteous crops Kansas has harvested, and which are yet promised, were it not for the iniquitous system that compels the farmer to pay a heavy tribute to the manufacturer for everything he wears, and all the machinery he uses about his farm, he would realize twice as much from the sale of his crops as he will. This, from a Democratic paper, is the kernel of the free trade argument. If that heavy tribute takes off half the gross receipts of the farmer, how does he manage to get rich more certainly than any other man in America? Why is it that he is never in want? Suppose all the laborers of protected manufacturers had to quit and go to farming, and the crop of America was doubled—who would buy it? And what would be the price of grain and farm produce? What would eggs and grapes and peaches and melons and potatoes be worth to ship to Europe? Free trade would wipe out one-third of the productive capacity of American farms at the first swoop, and the country would be reduced to dependence upon wheat and meat as articles of produce and traffic for income. Every pound of wool would have to pay an extra tribute of freight to Europe. So would cotton. "Bill," says the Free-trader, "our manufactures must maintain themselves." That means a reduction of wages to the European scale. Who wants to see that?

THE Omaha Herald lifts up its voice and protests that free trade is not dead. It is, indeed, desirable that the Democrats revive the old concern enough to make it look alive during the campaign of '84. It will make another easy victory for the Republicans, and will give the Republican candidates a few presidential electors from the few manufacturing States of the South.

ALABAMA appears to have interested herself in favor of each of the James gang as are still at large, and has sent a requisition to Missouri for the arrest of "Dick Little," the member of the gang that has turned State's evidence, and contributed more than any other thing toward breaking up the nest of bank and railroad robbers. Little is accused of being concerned with the James boys in a robbery at Muscle Shoals, Alabama, last year, but was probably not there.

COME to the Argus office for fine job work, such as cards, letter heads, etc.

EPCELSIOR EPIDEMIC.

From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

That "things is riz" the touched conscience and wrinkled purse will confess without rack or torture. There is an epidemic of excelsior. The spirit of gymnastics is not developed in meat solely, for man lives not by meat alone, and the lift seems to be under anything that concerns the temperal or spiritual well-being of suffering humanity. To magnify the table value of the potato is not much, and one can be solaced for the increased tariff on butter in the modest concessions made by pork-grease and goose-oil. Nor need one become riotous to find the skeleton of a spring chicken casting a shadow on six shillings, but when it comes to elevating the tax on natural affection, and levying assessments on traditional free choses, the spirit of resignation is dragged with violence into rebellion, and the soul is strong in admiration of the desperate chap who made way for liberty and died. It is asking too much to make the rapturous bliss of a demijour squeeze dutiable, like imported dutch cheese, and to fling the iron of internal revenue oppression with bond and seal upon an ecstatic kiss as though it were a barrel of Robinson County inspiration. There was a time when the osculatory contact of stranger lips came about as the lifting of water from a well or the plucking of a wild rose, when either pair of lips rejoiced in the dower to pucker and explode. Eyes were cast down in shy demurer against the stolen kiss, and cheeks blossomed with the magenta tinge of morn's first blush within the eastern sky. But the good days of free trade and lawful buccaneering are no more, and Hades has become a commercial fly-trap of treacherous sweats. A sewing-girl has just captured $800 from the injudicious master of the house who sampled her lips without special license. A few weeks ago Miss Livingston, of New York, asked $75,000 from Henry Fleming as the negotiable price of her tender affections. Miss Hattie Engle taxes Dr. Levi Wilson, of Providence, $50,000 for a certain delivery of her blissful stock in trade. And now a Brooklyn man asks another Brooklyn man $50,000 for the tender glances he got from the pretty wife of No. 1. A St. Louis girl was winked at but a few days since, and the winker is poorer by $100. And there was the Philadelphia girl who found a stray arm about her waist, and demanded one thousand dollars for the privilege, while an unfortunate Senex of Middle Tennessee had to mortgage his farm to meet the benefit derived from the violent rape of a kiss from the unsuspecting lips of a buxom widow. How much higher these things are going the spirit of lovely woman alone can tell. There is no chance for a reformatory code set up by the other side.

THE employes about the White House during the late President Garfield's illness have presented their bills, aggregating $11,413, for extra services. This is about $140 per diem for attendance other than that of doctors and recognized nurses. It would be pretty steep in other houses.

THE members of Congress who voted for the River and Harbor Bill and are anxious for re-election seem to realize that they need to defend themselves. The result is a wonderful amount of explanation going on throughout the country. Some try the bravado dodge and affect to be proud of their action, but the majority are modest.

A DISPATCH from Berlin says: In Germany, although damaged in a few districts, the grain crops as a whole are fully up to the average. In Russia, crops in the Central and Southern provinces, which suffered greatly from rains, insects and blight, are considerably under the average. In Finland, Courtland, Livonia, Bostaff and the Valley of the River Don, good medium harvest has been secured. Throughout Hungary the yeild is good, especially in Southern Hungary, where wheat, rye and maize crops are excellent. In European Turkey they are superior to any since 1872. In Sweden and Norway there is a fair average. Rains ruined two-thirds of the harvest in Bohemia. The potato crop in Galicia and Bohemia has been destroyed, and beet roots suffered severely.

THE ARGUS

JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A NEW OUTFIT

Of Type, Borders, Etc.,

AND IS PREPARED TO PRINT, IN THE MOST APPROVED MODERN STYLE, ON REASONABLE TERMS, ALL KINDS OF

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GIVE US A CALL.

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Offers for Sale a large Amount of Land in Pawnee County, Neb. Would be Pleased to Hear from Anyone Desiring to Buy or Sell Real Estate.

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at LOW RATES, on REAL ESTATE SECURITY

DESCRIPTION OF LANDS FOR SALE.

No. 1. 320 acres tillable, hedged in 40 acre lots; 40 acres broke; timber and water; half mile from Table Rock. Price $6,4000, $1,000 down, balance payments at 8 per cent.

No. 9. 160 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 2 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements. Price $1,300.

No. 13. 140 acres 1 m from town, good brick house, quite an amount of bottom land; timber, water, pasture fenced. $2,300. Time on a portion.

No. 15. 120 acres, mostly bottom land, two and one-half miles from Table Rock. Price $2,030, two-thirds cash; balance payments.

No. 19. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock; 35 acres broke. Price $1,000.

No. 23. 160 acres hedged in, 4 m from Pawnee City; 5 from Table Rock. $1,850, $800 cash. Balance time at 10 per cent.

No. 31. A fine smooth quarter, with good improvements, in the finest part of the county, mostly hedged, living water, 4 1-2 m from Pawnee City; 4 1-2 from Table Rock. $20 per acre. Time on a portion.

No. 37. 120 acres rough land one and a half miles from Table Rock; easy terms; $1,000.

No. 39. 160 acres, 1 mile from Table Rock Depot, some rough, $10 per acre; one-half cash, balance payments.

No. 41. 80 acres under plow, 1-2 m from Table Rock. $1,800.

No. 45. 20 acres timber land two miles from Table Rock; $250, half cash, balance 1 year.

No. 50. 320 acres 1 mile from Burchard, 25 acres broke; $12.50 per acre; one-eighth cash; balance easy terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 51. 160 acres well improved, good buildings, two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City. $2,600; $2,000 cash. Balance payments.

No. 53. 80 acres; stone house; 60 acres broke; two and one-half miles from Table Rock; $1,050.

No. 56. 160 acres; house with basement 16x24, addition 12x18; well improved, orchard, mostly bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 2 miles from Elk. Price, $3,7[illegible]. $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 60. 152 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $45 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 82. 280 acres, good house, 120 acres under plow, some hedge, small orchard, pasture fenced, well watered, everything convenient, 6 m from Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $4, easy terms.

No. 52. 80 acres, with wood lot, 3 m from Table Rock; house and considerable improvements. $1, cash.

No. 35. 160-acre stock farm two and one-half m from Table Rock; everything convenient, $2,500; half cash, balance payments.

No. 63. 160 acres, good house 16x18, 1 1-2 story, good well, other buildings, good smooth land, living water; 4 1-2 m from Smartville, Johnson County. Price 2,250. Time on 1/2 at 10 per ct.

Read the list carefully, as it will be frequently changed.

Always refer to the number of the land as given.

Office southwest of the Public square. Come and see me, or write to me.

M. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent, Table Rock, Nebraska.

PROSPECTUS OF THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

THE ONLY PAPER ON EARTH

That Will Try to Please Everybody, and Offers No Inducements to Subscribers.

RETROSPECTIVE AND PROSPECTIVE.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS starts out with the initial number of the first volume with better prospects for a hard-earned and decidedly well-deserved success than at any time in the history of its long, useful and brilliant career. This is just exactly as it should be, and so highly are we elated with our present outlook for future greatness in the journalistic arena, that, with the sole view of placing the Argus within the accessible and easy grasp of every poor devil on God's green foot-stool, we have determined to reduce the subscription price to one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

THEOLOGICALLY, FOR INSTANCE.

As in the past, so in the future, the Table Rock Argus will cease to be denominational. We once heard of an editor who dabbled in theology, and got left. He was trespassing on forbidden ground—for an editor. He is now editing a pair of wings on the golden shore, and wears a long white night-gown that tarries under his heels as he capers nimbly up and down the gold-payed streets of the New Jerusalem. He is out of his element even now. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

LIKEWISE EDITORIALLY.

Editorially, the Argus will be equal to any emergency where the emergency is not superior to the Argus, editorially speaking. It despises an editorial thief, and will never steal articles from its exchanges and try to palm them off on an innocent, unsuspecting and confiding public as original matter, unless such articles are of a meritorious character and are deemed worthy a place in the columns of the Argus. Editorially the Argus will aim to excel Eli Perkins and the modern circus poster for truth and veracity. It hates a lie, editorially—that is, a sneaking, contemptible lie that nobody will believe; but it has the most profound respect for any contemporary that can come in ahead of it on the home-stretch where a square-toed, well-gotten-up political lie is at stake. So great is the love of the Argus for Truth that one of the editorial staff always stands ready to assist her to rise again when she is crushed to earth. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

ALSO ANTI-ALCOHOLICALLY.

We had sincerely and earnestly hoped that John P. St. John, of Kansas, would take this department under his paternal wing for the ensuing year; but he refused to resign his position as Governor and prospects for the United States Senatorship to accept the honor, and the Argus will therefore be issued every Saturday morning (Deo volentia) without a temperance department proper. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

ANTI-MONOPOLYALLY, AS IT WERE.

Regardless of either right or wrong, the one pre-eminently and conspicuously grand idea of the Argus will be its ability to crush rings—from the gigantic organized National plunderers down to the corrupt and reeking swindlers at Lincoln and the rotten Court-House Ring at Pawnee City. If there is no R. R. at the latter place, we will have one manufactured on the eve of the next campaign, in order that the Argus can throw itself wide open on the subject of civil service reform, and the dear people have an opportunity to hurl anathemas at the candidates they are opposed to. This will raise Pawnee County in the estimation of politicians, and will help out the Argus, financially. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

TONE—MORALLY, PERHAPS.

A newspaper without tone is even what is to be classed among the immoral monstrosities of the age, and should be financially untolerated. The moral tone of the Argus will keep pace with current events, and be the best the market affords on the day of publication. The advertisements are to be set by a moral compositor who will refuse him them the most approved modern typographical moral tone known to the art. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

POLITICALLY—PROBABLY.

The political department of the Argus will be in charge of the only living chronic office seeker who will "fess up. He was lately imported from the Aleutian Islands at an immense cost, but his valuable productions on political economy will not partake of the icy coldness of his recent home; the sulphuric aroma which will be infused into them will rather create the idea that they came hot from Hades. This will be an erroneous impression, for he is neither a Democrat nor a Greenbacker. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

POETICALLY—POSSIBLY.

The department of poetry has been abolished. We engaged a real nice young galloot—a sort of slim, angular, but withal sprightly young demon who squinted and wore eye-glasses and a poodle dog—to conduct this department. But when, in his first poem, entitled, "An Ode to Nebraska's Favorite Son," he undertook to make "Timbuctoo" rhyme with "Washington Territory," we re-considered our very liberal proposition to retain him on the hottest staff forever. Anybody might know there's no words wouldn't rhyme; and the Argus wants nothing to do with such poetry. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

ÆSTHETICALLY—POSITIVELY.

Æsthetically considered, the Argus will undoubtedly prove a great failure. The æsthetic hurdit will not be under the immediate supervision of Britania's Æsthetic King; but he will be ably assisted by a batchawed-nuts from Calcutta. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

FINALLY—CONCLUSIVELY.

On all the leading topics of the day the Argus will be found battling for the strong against the weak, except in bonded boroughs where the aforesaid weak can fork up in a decent noble and generous degree with the aforesaid party of the first part. In such cases the Argus will dope. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents per year, invariably in advance.

Liberal discount to clubs of over ten thousand to one address. No subscription will count unless accompanied by one dollar and fifty cents, invariably in advance. Address all moneys and postal money orders to the

TABLE ROCK ARGUS STEAM POWER BOOK AND JOB PUBLISHING HOUSE.

TABLE ROCK, Nebraska.

J. A. Calvin

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME I. TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16 1882. NUMBER 17.

WILL L. SCISM,

Attorney and Notary,

INSURANCE, LOAN AND COLLECTION AGENT.

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All work done with neatness and dispatch. See me before employing others to do your work.

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The best Grades of Flour kept constantly on hand.

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As good as ever barber gave,
Just call on me, at my room,
At morning, eve, or busy noon,
I'll cut and curl the hair with grace,
To suit the contour of the face.
My room is neat, towels clean,
Razors sharp and scissors keen,
And everything I think you'll find
To suit the taste and please the mind;
And all my art and skill can do,
If you will call, I will do for you.

JOHN HAEBERLE,

Boot and Shoemaker,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

West Side of the Public Square.

G. M. KENNER,

Physician and Surgeon,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Calls promptly attended at any hour of the day or night.

G. W. BARNETT,

Physician and Surgeon,

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MADISON PEERY,

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Will practice medicine and surgery. Calls promptly answered.

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THE ARGUS OFFICE

Job Printing Department.

Has just received a new outfit of the latest and tasty designs of type, and we are now prepared to print letter heads, note heads, statements, etc., in a tasty manner and on reasonable terms. Come and see specimens and get our prices.

JOSEPH BRIDGES,

Barber and Hairdresser,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Hairdressing, Shaving, Shampooing, and everything pertaining to the art, in the most workmanlike manner. I have concluded to remain and make my home in Table Rock, and respectfully ask a continuance of your patronage. A good stock of choice Cigars on hand.

H. ELLIS,

Photographer,

PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.

Dry Plate Work with Children and Groups a specialty. I keep on hand as fine and large a stock and variety of Frames as can be found in the State.

MURPHY & CHANEY,

Contractors and Builders,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Orders for every description of carpenter work promptly attended to. Bridge building a specialty.

THE ST. LOUIS MAGAZINE

The magazine is now in its 13th year, and is a wonder for its price, $1 a year. It is handsomely illustrated, has original stories, poems, illustrated fashions, and useful reading. For ten cents a sample copy of the St. Louis Magazine and a beautiful set of private cards (not advertising cards) sent to any address. St. Louis Magazine, 213 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

We will send the St. Louis Magazine and this paper one year for $2. Address, The Argus, Table Rock, Nebraska.

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Going west, on R. V. Div.	11:00 a.m.
Table Rock to Pawnee City	9:00 a.m.
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues & Fri.	7:00 a.m.

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From the south	9:00 a.m.
From the north	5:00 p.m.
From the west	10:00 a.m.
From Pawnee City	4:30 p.m.
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat.	4:30 p.m.

M. F. BRISHLINE, P. M.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

Wm. H. Ketcham	Editor and Proprietor
M. H. Marble	Associate Editor
W. H. Harrison	Business Manager

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

One copy, one year	$1 50
One copy, six months	75

THE deferred hope of a good harvest has at last fairly made sick the hearts of English farmers. For six successive seasons the sun and the rain have frowned upon them, while, to make matters worse for them this year, American and Russian competition will cut off the high prices which competition might otherwise produce. The agricultural interest does not look on this foreign abundance as a blessing—forgetting that it and it alone will avert starvation from thousands of the inhabitants of the British Isles. The Royal Commission, which has just made a report concerning the depression of farming, has revealed nothing new regarding crop failures and competition, but it has shed some new light on the oppressive incidence of local taxation. There was found great need for the readjustment of these burdens in the interest of agriculturists. Taxation is yearly growing heavier, while the returns of the soil are with equal pace growing lighter in quantity or in value.

ART AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION IN THE CAPITOL AT WASHINGTON.

Under the Auspices of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland, for the benefit of the Garfield Memorial Fund.

The Board of Direction, composed of some of the most prominent names in public life, including members of the Supreme Court, Senators, Members of Congress, Army and Navy officers of high rank, and the first citizens of Washington, send the following to the press:

A National Bazaar, Art, and Industrial Exposition will be held in the rotunda and adjacent halls of the National Capitol at Washington, D. C., November 25th to December 3d, (inclusive), 1882, as authorized by joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, August 7, 1882. The object of this undertaking is to raise funds with which to erect a statue in this city to the memory of General James A. Garfield, late President of the United States, which work is in the hands of a committee of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland, who have already collected for this purpose some twenty thousand dollars, and expect, with the results of the exposition, to have a sufficient sum with which to erect a work befitting the great name it is proposed to commemorate.

The art exhibition will be under the direction of the leading artists resident in Washington. It is hoped that artists throughout the entire country, professional and amateurs, will aid the work by contributing some one work—as a gift to the fund—to be sold for its benefit, and be willing to exhibit others, under such rules and regulations as may be determined by the Board of Direction. All persons in any way desiring to contribute to this great work are cordially invited to do so, and to proceed in such manner as their judgment may dictate.

Contributions from the ladies in the way of needle and fancy work are especially invited and anticipated as one of the more prominent features of the exposition.

To manufacturers this Exhibition offers opportunities second only to the Centennial Exposition. Occurring on the eve of the assembling of Congress, and at the season of the year when all the foreign representatives are at their legations, every exhibit will have the attention, not only of our own representatives, but of the representatives of all the civilized nations, as well as the representatives of the press, who will gladly make full mention of all worthy exhibits; this, with the fact that each donation or exhibit contributes so much to a work that must commend itself to every patriotic citizen. All exhibits will bear the name of artist, manufacturer, etc., and will remain in place until the close of the exposition. Arrangements for transportation of exhibits are being made, and details will be given on application to the Board of Direction, rooms 90 to 96, Ebbitt House, Washington, D. C.

THE only way to deal with a liar is to beat him at his own game—that is, of course, unless he is the editor of a pious newspaper. What started this item was reading about an American who had been to Europe and who was telling a friend who knew he was a liar, about his trip across the Atlantic, and how, on the 25th of the month, "they encountered a swarm of locusts, and the locusts carried away every stitch of canvas off the ship." The listener looked thoughtful for a moment, and then said, hesitatingly: "Yes, I guess we met the same swarm of locusts the next day, the 26th. Every locust had on a pair of canvas pants." The first liar went around a corner and kicked himself.—Peck's Sun.

WEAVER will undoubtedly carry the full Republican vote of this district.

VERMONT is a very old and a very small State, and one would naturally suppose that its constitution has had plenty of opportunity to fossilize long ere this. But so far is this from the fact in the case that no less than six propositions to amend that important State document must come before the Legislature. Whether this means progress or retrogression it is impossible for us to determine.

THE State Journal says: The Omaha Republican is as savage as a meat axe about the First Congressional Convention, what it did and what it did not do, and the political status of Lancaster County. The Republican should preserve the unruffledness of its linen. A delegation that had twenty-one original candidates for Congress, and couldn't unite on a soul of 'em, has no cause to fall foul of Lancaster. Lancaster is satisfied with Weaver, and if Douglas is, give us a rest and let us elect him.

THE Calvert Advertiser appeals for harmony in the party ranks in Nemaha, saying: "The way, and the only way, to obtain and perpetuate harmony in the party, is for the minority to acquiesce in the decision of the majority, and to take hold heartily and help elect the ticket which the majority has nominated. Kicking and gutting the ticket is a game that two can play at, and the party that plays it this year may be in the minority next year, and deplore such business. Retaliation is not a virtue, and especially in politics does not pay those who practice it."

THE father of a thousand children has just died in Vienna. Ferdinand Reidt was a man of considerable wealth and happily married, but the great regret of himself and wife was that they had no children, and they concluded to act as parents of the fatherless and motherless. For nearly a quarter of a century he was known as the father of the orphans. He commenced by taking charge of a couple of orphans, but his zeal and repute increased to such an extent that at the time of his death he was the legal guardian of more than a thousand fatherless children. Those whom he adopted in this manner were not fitfully taken up and then let drop, but he kept conscientious watch and ward over them, from their early education until their marriage, or the start in adult life at the close of their apprenticeship. He never sought fame or publicity, and took no credit to himself for his devotion to those who had no natural claim upon him.

INVESTIGATION has uncovered some surprising facts connected with the manufacture and the importation of French wines and brandies. It is now discovered that no genuine brandy has been produced from the Cognac District for the past three years, and that the article shipped to American ports under that famous brand is prepared from an alcohol distilled from grain, potatoes or beets, and not from white wine, as formerly. The exposure was made by the American consul at La Rochelle, who gives all the details in his report, some of which were epitomized in the press dispatches a short time ago. Coupled with these revelations, we have the assurance that most of the great vineyards in France failed some years ago, but instead of diminishing the exportation of French wines to their best customers on this side of the Atlantic is greater than ever before. Finding themselves without native material, the wine growers have become enormous importers of cheap wines from Spain and Germany, which by artificial processes are quickly converted into any brand or quality desired. These exposures will be brought to the attention of Congress at the next session, and an effort made to suppress the traffic altogether.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

WM. H. REYCRAFT ..... Editor and Proprietor
M. H. MARBLE ..... Associate Editor
W. H. HARRISON ..... Business Manager

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

One copy, one year $1 50
One copy, six months 75

SATURDAY, SEPT. 16, 1882.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For Member of Congress,
A. J. WEAVER,
Of Richardson County.

For District Senator,
J. S. DEW,
Of Johnson County.

For District Representative,
M. K. WALKER,
Of Pawnee County

For County Representative,
GEORGE M. HUMPHREY,
Of Pawnee City

For County Commissioner,
S. P. ISAACS,
Of Turkey Creek

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

LINCOLN, Neb., July 6, 1882.

The Republican electors of the State of Nebraska are hereby called to send delegates from the several counties to meet in State Convention at Omaha on Wednesday, September 20, A. D. 1882, at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following named officers, viz:

Governor.
Lieutenant-Governor.
Secretary of State.
Auditor.
Treasurer.
Attorney-General.
One Regent of the University of Nebraska.
Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings.
Superintendent of Public Instruction.

And to transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

The representation in the State Convention is based upon the vote cast for Isaac Powers, Jr., in 1881 for Regent of the State University.

[Pawnee County cast 1147 votes, and is entitled to 9 delegates.]

It is recommended:

First—That no proxies be admitted to the Convention, except such as are held by persons residing in the counties from which the proxies are given.

Second—That no delegate shall represent an absent member of his delegation, unless he be clothed with authority from the County Convention, or is in possession of proxies from regularly elected delegates thereof.

JAMES W. DAWES, Chairman.
JOHN STEEN, Secretary.

SAYS the Globe-Democrat: The verdict in the star route cases, stripped of all legal technicalities, may be recorded in this way: Not guilty as to two men who were clearly innocent; guilty as to two men who committed the offense and had no money; disagreed as to three men who committed the offense and "fixed" the jury.

"HONOR to whom honor is due." Those who know the editor of the Argus are pretty well aware that his political prejudices would not admit of his going into ecstacies over the "plumed knight," but we are free to acknowledge that to Hon. James G. Blaine more than to any other one man or dozen men is due the glorious Republican victory in Maine on last Monday.

A MEETING of anti-prohibitionists from all parts of the State was held at Omaha on Monday last. Speeches were made by Rev. C. Compton Burnett, C. A. Baldwin and others, advising a strong and decided stand against the prohibition movement. Resolutions were adopted pledging those present not to work or vote for any candidate not squarely opposed to the adoption of a prohibitory amendment, and furthermore requiring of the men for whom they voted a pledge that they would do all in their power to defeat sumptuary legislation of all kinds. Such infernal nonsense on the part of the whisky men will drive every conservative over to the prohibition side pretty soon.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION

The Congressional Convention for the First District was held at Nebraska City September 7th. Between 7 and 8 o'clock p. m. the Convention was called to order, and after some few preliminaries balloting was begun. The first ballot—informal—developed the strength of the numerous candidates, Galey receiving 31 votes, Howe 20, Weaver 19, and the remainder scattering. The first formal ballot was then taken, but there was no material change. Some forty more followed, and then the monotony was broken by Douglas County, which made a break for Howe, thereby ruining the prospects of this hopeful politician. Howe, determined to defeat Galey, threw his strength to Weaver, and on the forty sixth ballot Weaver was declared the unanimous nominee of the Convention—every county changing their vote to him before the result of the ballot was announced. The delegation from Pawnee was a surprise to everybody, their friends in particular. It was generally understood that they were selected because they professed to be anti-Howe; but when the first vote canvassed it was found that our delegation—the majority of which was proxies—gave 5 votes to Howe, 1 to Galey, and 3 to Weaver; the three who stuck to the lucky man being Freeman, Jackson and Griffing. This made it appear to the Convention that Howe was the choice of Pawnee County, when in fact, he was the most odious of all the politicians. The mass of people of Pawnee undoubtedly preferred Weaver, as is demonstrated by their expression of satisfaction at his nomination. Some ten or twelve prominent politicians were in attendance from this county, and it is reported that all but two of them were shouting for Howe. One of the exceptions was J. L. Linn, who exerted himself for Linn.

THE Republicans of Missouri will meet in State Convention on the 20th instant.

THE Woman's Suffrage Association has been in session at Omaha during the past week.

IT seems probable that the two wings of the Republican party may be united in time to save the State in November. So mote it be.

THE Enterprise this week refers to Table Rock as a "neighboring village." It occurs to us that this is rather fresh for a journal edited in a flag station on the R. V.

HON. W. H. MORRIS will be nominated for District Attorney by the Judicial Convention which meets at the Commercial Hotel, Lincoln, Tuesday evening next. Practically, Mr. Morris has no opportunity.

THE British army attacked Tel-el-Kebir, one of Arabi's strongholds, on Tuesday, and if the disaster to the Egyptian arms is one-half as bad as is claimed by General Wolseley, the war in Egypt must soon terminate.

THE Republican Convention of the Senatorial and Legislative District composed of Pawnee and Johnson Counties, convened at the Court House in Pawnee City on the afternoon of September 14th, and was one of the most harmonious bodies we ever saw. J. S. Dew, of Johnson, was by acclamation nominated for Senator, and M. K. Walker, of Pawnee, in the same manner nominated for Float Representative. S. P. Davidson, of Johnson, and E. Jordan, of Pawnee, were elected members of the District Central Committee. S. A. Hoover was Chairman of the Convention.

THE Burlington Hawkeyk does not wonder that the Democratic fossil sighs for old times. "Just look," it says, "at the old settlers' prices from 1839 to 1842. Sirloin steak, 2½ to 3 cents per pound. Saddle of venison, weighing from 30 to 75 pounds, 75 cents. Butter, 5 cents per pound. One dozen chickens, $1. One barrel of flour, $2.50. Laborers, wages, per day, 50 cents." Then look at the prices, the 50 cent laborer and the farmer who got 5 cents for butter had to pay for cotton and woolen fabrics to clothe himself, and for the axe, scythe, plow and other implements with which to raise his crops. Neither the farmer or the laborer sighs for the good old times.

THE Republican primaries in New York generally resulted in the election of anti-Cornell delegates.

THE Falls City Journal says: Pawnee County was misrepresented by several men who managed to get hold of proxies, in some way, in order to advance their own personal interests, or to gratify personal spite.

NOTICE!

The preliminary meeting of stockholders of the Odd Fellows' Building Association has been postponed until Monday, September 18, at 2 o'clock p. m.

C. H. RANDALL,

Newspaper Subscription Agent,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

We have the Agency for 1,500 leading American, and 500 British, German, French, Russian, etc., Periodicals any of which we can furnish to single subscribers at any time in the year at low rates. No waiting to form clubs. Apply to me for terms on any periodical. Orders left with the Postmaster will receive prompt attention.

M. H. MARBLE,

REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENT,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Offers for Sale a Large Amount of Land in Pawnee County, Neb. Would be Pleased to Hear from Anyone Desiring to Buy or Sell Real Estate.

MONEY LOANED

at LOW RATES, on REAL ESTATE SECURITY

DESCRIPTION OF LANDS FOR SALE.

No. 1. 320 acres land, hedged in 40 acre lots; 40 acres broke; timber and water; half mile from Table Rock. Price $6,000, $1,000 down, balance payments at 8 per cent.

No. 9. 163 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 5 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements. Price $1,800.

No. 13. 140 acres 1 m. from town, good brick house, quite an amount of bottom land, timber, water, pasture fenced. $2,500. Time on a portion.

No. 15. 120 acres, mostly bottom land, two and one-half miles from Table Rock. Price $2,000, two-thirds cash; balance payments.

No. 19. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock; 35 acres broke. Price $1,000.

No. 22. 160 acres hedged in, 4 m from Pawnee City; 5 from Table Rock. $1,800, $800 cash balance time at 10 per cent.

No. 31. A fine smooth quarter, with good improvements, in the finest part of the county, mostly hedged; living water; 4 1-2 m from Pawnee City; 4 1-2 from Table Rock. $20 per acre. Time on a portion.

No. 27. 120 acres rough land one and a half miles from Table Rock; easy terms; $1,050.

No. 39. 160 acres, 1 mile from Table Rock Depot, some rough, $10 per acre; one-half cash, balance payments.

No. 41. 80 acres under plow, 1-2 m from Table Rock. $1,800.

No. 46. 20 acres timber land two miles from Table Rock; $250, half cash, balance 1 year.

No. 50. 320 acres 1 table from Burchard, 25 acres broke; $12.50 per acre; one-eighth cash; balance easy terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 54. 160 acres well improved, good building; two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City; $2,600; $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 53. 80 acres; stone house; 60 acres broke; two and one-half miles from Table Rock; $1,050.

No. 56. 160 acres; house with basement 16x24, addition 12x12; well improved, orchard, mostly bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 3 miles from Elk. Price, $3,500. $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 60. 132 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $15 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 32. 280 acres, good house, 20 acres under plow, some hedge, small orchard, pasture fenced, well watered, everything convenient, 6 m from Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $4,000, easy terms.

No. 52. 80 acres, with wood lot, 3 m from Table Rock; house and considerable improvements. $1,000 cash.

No. 35. 160-acre stock farm two and one-half m from Table Rock; everything convenient, $2,500; half cash, balance payments.

No. 61. 160 acres, good house 16x18, 1 1-2 story, good well, other buildings, good smooth land, living water; 1 0-1 from Smartville, Johnson County. Price 2,250. Time on 150, at 10 per ct.

Read the list carefully, as it will be frequently changed.

Always refer to the number of the land as given.

Office southwest of the Public Square. Come and see me, or write to me.

M. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent, Table Rock, Nebraska.

RICHARDSON, LINN & COOPER,

DEALERS IN

LUMBER!

Southwest of Square.

We keep constantly on hand,
LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,
LIME, CEMENT, DOORS,
SASH, BLINDS, BUILDING PAPER, POSTS,
And such other commodities as belong to the trade. Estimates made on application.

WM. FELLERS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

South of Public Square.

Call on me, and select from my large and diversified stock of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
CLOTHING,
BUILDING HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

BEST GRADES OF FLOUR
On hand at all times. I can make it of interest to you to purchase of me.

LINN & COOPER,

DEALERS IN

STOCK, GRAIN AND COAL.

The Pioneer Stock and Grain Buyers of Pawnee County.

OPERATED AT TABLE ROCK, HUMBOLDT, CALVERT AND STELLA.

We pay at all times the highest market price for
STOCK AND GRAIN,
And keep constantly on hand a large stock of
HARD AND SOFT COAL
Can always find us at our office, with Richardson, Linn & Cooper, or at the scale office, near the depot.

TAYLOR & MITCHELL,

PROPRIETORS OF

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run Stage to and from Pawnee City, connecting with All Trains.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

TERMS, $1.50 PER YEAR,

IN ADVANCE.

C. H. NORRIS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Keeps one of the best selected stocks of Gen. eral Merchandise in Pawnee County

WILL SELL GOODS

FOR CASH AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

And Pays the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

ALLEN, MERWIN & MATHEWSON,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT

OF

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ETC

Store south of square.

FELLERS & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Stationery, Blank Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

CIGARS, TOBACCOS,

CHOICE CONFECTIONS,

BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID

PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC., UNDERTAKERS' GOODS, ETC., ETC. ALWAYS ON HAND.

Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE COOPER

Now has ready the most Selected stock of Spring and Summer

MILLINERY

to be found in town. Public patronage solicited. South of Public Square

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE, CHEAP,

IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,

FOR CASH.

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

M. H. MARBLE,

Real Estate Agent.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE,

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.

I Keep the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries, and will not be Undersold,

FOR CASH.

Call and see me once, and you will come again.

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SATURDAY, SEPT. 16, 1882.

A party of four or more started from this place for Dakota Thursday.

Old rags, iron, brass and copper taken for blacksmithing at Beck's.

The past few days have been excessively warm, dusty and disagreeable.

Squire Mumford will please accept our thanks for a very delicious musk melon.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy—a positive cure for catarrh, diphtheria and canker mouth.

When you go to C. H. Norris's store take a look at the "Scooters"—the best improved rat trap.

Why will you cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1.

C. H. Norris is having the shelving in his store room widened out, and is painting and fixing in style.

The Presbyterian church is enclosed. The spire is about finished, and when painted will be very neat.

"Glory be to God in the highest; peace on earth, good will to man"—and Captain (I. M.) Humphrey for the Legislature.

J. E. Phillips has some kin folks visiting him from the East, some and probably all of whom may locate in this vicinity.

The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumptive Cure."

Special attention called to Rose and Snow brand of Flour manufactured by Linn, Cooper & Brinson, and sold by all dealers in town.

Are you made miserable by indigestion, consumption, dizziness, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure.

All honor to the trio—Freeman, Jackson and Gilling—who stuck by Pawnee County's favorite for Congressman, Hon. A. J. Weaver.

Mrs. S. L. Simcoe, of Republic City, mother-in-law of ye editor, was in town Thursday and Friday. That's why we sobered up so soon.

W. H. Harrison, business manager of the Argus, dislocated his knee joint Thursday, and is suffering considerably from the effects of it.

Rev. E. J. Randall's many friends will be pleased to learn that he was returned by Conference to the pastorate of the church at Table Rock.

The gang of horse-thieves which made this neighborhood their headquarters for a couple of days last week is broken up, and the members thereof are languishing in jail at Lincoln.

HONEY! HONEY!

For sale at M. M. Stover's.

WAGONS! WAGONS! WAGONS! WAGONS!

Peck, the boss blacksmith, has them.

WAGON MAKER WANTED.

A good wagon maker, in search of a permanent location, will hear of something to his advantage by applying to or corresponding with this office.

ALL PARTIES

Wanting to build, using not to exceed 15,000 brick, can get them of me cheap, on monthly payments. Call on

G. W. MOSENA.
Table Rock, Nebraska.

SORGHUM FACTORY.

We have purchased a new Cook's Sorghum Evaporator for the manufacture of sorghum molasses, and are prepared to do custom work on the halves, or manufacture for 25 cents per gallon for parties furnishing the cane, at the Frank Marble farm, two miles from Table Rock, on the Pawnee road. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ALLEN & LEE.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

JOHN BLACKDAW, COUNTY COMMISSIONER, SHOT DEAD BY S. S. BECKER.

Although the readers of the Argus are familiar with the particulars of this sad affair, yet we must fulfill our vocation as newsgatherers, and give in full the painful details of this terrible occurrence. Last Friday evening, September 8th, John Blacklaw, a Commissioner of Pawnee County for the past nine years, and an old citizen who probably commanded more respect from the people than any other man in the county, left his home, three quarters of a mile east of town, for the purpose of attending Odd Fellows Lodge, which is held in the hall over Martin's building. For some reason the janitor did not appear with the keys to the hall, and after waiting until 9 o'clock, conversing with other members in the meantime, Mr. Blacklaw, who was on horseback, set out on his way home. This is the last known of Mr. Blacklaw while alive, except that he was met, as he crossed the bottom, by Pete Stevens. Rumor is current that he expressed his intention of going over to his neighbors, S. S. Becker's, who lives about two and one-half miles northeast of town, to assist him in detecting some horse thieves who were making themselves troublesome in that vicinity. This rumor is not true. Mr. Blacklaw never signified his intention of doing any such thing to any of his family or any one with whom he was in company that day or night. About 10 o'clock, as was brought out in substance at the Coroner's inquest, Mrs. Becker was drawing some water from the well, when her attention was attracted to an object moving through an avenue of trees east of the house, finally passing behind some shrubbery, thirty or forty feet from the kitchen door. Becoming alarmed, Mrs. Becker called her son, who had not yet retired, and told him that there was a man behind the shrubbery. He immediately started for the gun, which was in an inner apartment, but while getting it, his father, who was sleeping in the room, awakened, and on being told what was the matter, got up and took the gun, and said that he would do the shooting, if any was necessary. Mr. Becker says that he watched the man, who came in sight occasionally as he slowly approached the house, until he became convinced that his intentions were not good, and then kneeled down inside the screen door, and placed the muzzle of the gun below the middle bar, and fired. The object fired at instantly fell to the ground, and Mr. Becker, after procuring a lamp, ran to the spot, accompanied by Charles McFeely, a young man who was working for him, and was horrified to find that he had fired on John Blacklaw, and that he was in the last agonies of death. Doctors Kenner and Barnett were immediately summoned, Mr. Blacklaw's family sent for, friends and neighbors notified, and the Coroner ordered to the spot. Mr. Blacklaw's horse not being on the premises, a party of three or four set out in search of it, but it was not found until early in the morning, and was tied to some willows in a hollow, about sixty rods southeast of Becker's house. On the arrival of the Coroner an investigation was begun, and it was found that the shot from the gun were of No. 4 size, and that they had taken effect on the breast and face of the deceased. The ones which probably proved fatal entered the left eye, passed through the brain and out at the back of the head. Another story is current that Mr. Blacklaw was crouching down when fired on; but the direction of the shot taken in the body disproves this assertion, and shows that he must have been in an upright position. After hearing all the testimony, the following verdict was rendered:

STATE OF NEBRASKA, } ss:
PAWNEE COUNTY, }

At an inquest holden at S. S. Becker's, in Pawnee County, on the 9th day of September, A. D. 1882, before me, W. A. Wilson, Coroner of said county, upon the body of John Blacklaw, lying dead, by the jurors whose names are hereto subscribed, the said jurors upon their oath, do say that John Blacklaw came to his death by one S. S. Becker, and that the said S. S. Becker should appear before the Grand Jury at the next term of court, there to answer for the same.

D. D. HARRISON.
JOHN MORELY.
H. J. JONES.
H. O. JONES.
R. DUNBAR.
J. L. THOMAS.

Attest: W. A. WILSON, Coroner.

The following witnesses were examined: S. S. Becker, Mrs. Becker, Edward Becker, May Becker, Charles McFeely and Mrs. Blacklaw.

Mr. Blacklaw was born in Durham, England, and at the time of his death was 52 years of age. He came over to America in 1855, and engaged in agricultural pursuits near Springfield, Illinois. Previous to his coming to Pawnee County he was a resident of Nemaha County for a number of years, exchanging his property in that county for the mill and adjacent real estate which he owned at the time of his death. Besides being proprietor of the mills, he engaged largely in agriculture and stock raising. Until recently he was principal partner in a hardware and drug business in Table Rock. In this latter, through the rascality of a partner, Mr. Blacklaw's name and credit became involved; but it remains to be said, to his honor, that he cheerfully endured and passed through the ordeal, not allowing a single creditor to lose a dollar. He leaves a wife and five children, and the whole population of the county to mourn and regret his death. "Uncle John" had not an enemy in the world. To know him was to respect and love him. Whole-souled and generous to a fault, he made himself in an unassuming way everybody's friend and benefactor; and many are they whom his unerring and decisive judgment and assistance have relieved. For nine successive years the people have made known their esteem for him by electing him a Commissioner of the county—a position not very remunerative, but fraught with much responsibility. We believe that he has given universal satisfaction. The county has not a man who can fill the place made vacant by his death.

The funeral obsequies were conducted by the Odd Fellows, Rev. Mayo conducting the services, which were held in the grove west of the M. E. Church, no building being large enough to cover the vast multitude present. Besides the majority of the people of the county, great numbers came from Richardson, Nemaha and Johnson Counties; 212 vehicles were counted, and it is estimated that two thousand people followed the remains to the cemetery.

And now that we have buried our dead—and we say it in all reverence—we should say something of the slayer. That Mr. Becker committed a hasty and unwarrantable act in firing at the unrecognizable object, no one can deny. Yet knowing, as the Argus does, of the more than ordinary friendship existing between the parties, it believes that Mr. Becker would as quickly have placed the gun to his own head and fired as to have killed Mr. Blacklaw. He mistook the individual, and was aggravated to do the deed.

Mrs. M. S. Mumford will visit relatives at Sabetha, Kansas, next week.

A party of a half dozen relatives of of M. M. Stover, from Jones County, Iowa, are visiting in Table Rock.

Mrs. M. S. Mumford has been engaged to teach the Mt. Zion school, on Long Branch. The term commences about October 23.

S. S. Becker, his wife, and Mr. McFeely were arrested on Wednesday, and placed in jail at Pawnee City, to await the action of the Grand Jury in the Blacklaw shooting affair.

We had the pleasure of a trip to Wymore last Saturday, and returned Sunday night on the first through train from Denver to Kansas City. The road-bed on the B. & M. is now in first-class condition, the coaches are equal to any on the Santa Fe, and the time made by the Nebraska route is much faster than that made over the Santa Fe.

Ye business manager attended the Fair at Pawnee City Thursday, and enjoyed himself immensely. The exhibits, particularly those of fruits, were excellent, and speak volumes for the productiveness and enterprise of our county. We were informed by some of the managers that the attendance for the first and second days was very slim, but on the third day it outnumbered that of last year. As the last day usually draws the largest crowd, the financial part of the Fair will be a success. Some very slow trotting and some very fast running races disgusted and excited the crowd Thursday afternoon.

C. H. NORRIS'S MAMMOTH ESTABLISHMENT ADVERTISEMENT.

DRY GOODS.

Our Dry Goods Department is the most complete in Southeastern Nebraska, and has been selected with special reference to the needs of the citizens of Table Rock and consists of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINS, SILKS,
SHEETINGS, CHEVIOTS,
GINGHAMS, JEANS,
MUSLINS, LINENS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

And, in fact,

Everything in the line of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRESS GOODS.

C. H. NORRIS has just returned from the East, where he bought for Cash, and is now opening out, at his Store Room in Table Rock, the Largest, Best and Most Complete Stock of

DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, CLOTHING, ETC.

Ever brought to Pawnee County, and which he offers to the Public, for Cash, at

FIGURES THAT DEFY COMPETITION,

And which he respectfully invites everyone to call and examine before making Fall purchases.

CLOTHING.

In our Ready-Made Clothing Department will be found the finest assortment and greatest variety of patterns, styles, designs and colors of Men's, Youth's and Boys' Clothing, including

SUITS RANGING

FROM $4 TO $30.

Everything in this Department has been selected with a desire to meet the demand for the

FALL AND WINTER TRADE.

The prices and quality of these goods cannot but please our customers.

BE SURE TO SEE OUR

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

before purchasing elsewhere.

TO THE CITIZENS OF TABLE ROCK AND VICINITY, GREETING:

Thankful for your liberal patronage and appreciation of my efforts to please you in the past, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. I have just laid in an immense stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

and ask a thorough examination, close inspection, and comparison of prices with other establishments in this section. Again thanking you, one and all, I remain, yours truly,

C. H. NORRIS.

BOOTS & SHOES.

My large stock and endless variety of Boots and Shoes has been selected with great care, and was ordered from the

BEST MANUFACTORIES

in the East, and includes all sizes, styles and prices of

LADIES' SHOES

AND SLIPPERS,

At prices ranging from 75c to $5.50

MEN'S BOOTS

At from ..... $2 50 to $4 00

BOYS' BOOTS

At from ..... $1 25 to $2 50

These goods comprise Calf, Kip, and all varieties and grades of leather.

Also,

A FULL LINE OF

PATENT MEDICINES

AND

GROCERS' DRUGS

AGENT FOR THE

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Special attention is called to our extensive and superior stock of

MUSLINS,

BOTH BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED,

At prices ranging from 7 to 12 1-2 cents for the former, and from 6 to 10 cents for the Unbleached.

The attention of the Ladies is also directed to our heavy and well-assorted lot of

MISSES' AND LADIES' SHAWLS,

And also to the variety, styles and extraordinary low prices of our new stock of

CORSETS! CORSETS!

We have undoubtedly the largest variety of Corsets in the county, embracing all the best known and desirable makes. We have always in stock a full line of

THOMPSON'S CELEBRATED GLOVE FITTING CORSET.
DR. SCHILLING'S HEALTH CORSET.

We have Corsets at 25 cents; Corsets at 35 cents, worth 50 cents; Corsets at 50 cents, best in town; Corsets at 70 cents, best ever offered for the price; our $1 Corsets would be cheap at $1.25. In addition, Satteen, French Coutil and Satin Corsets, at from $1 25 to $2.

HOSIERY, NOTIONS, ETC.

Our stock of Hosiery comprises as large and varied an assortment as can be found in any General Merchandise Establishment in the West, and includes all the best makes, sizes, styles, colors and prices.

In the Notion Line, everything that is liable to be needed, used or called for will be found in stock.

C. H. NORRIS.

GROCERIES.

My stock of Groceries and Provisions is equal to any ever placed upon this market, and will be disposed of at the lowest possible living figures. It comprises the very best grades of

TEAS,
COFFEES,

SUGARS, ETC.,

And every variety and grade of Staple and Fancy Groceries usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS ESTABLISHMENT.

I have also a well-selected assortment of

GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
SHELF HARDWARE, ETC.

And a full line of

CANNED GOODS.

LADIES' CLOAKS AT COST.

A splendid lot of Ladies' Cloth Cloaks and Dolmans, at from 3.50 to $12. The best selection in the county.

LAMP CHIMNEYS,
BURNERS, ETC.

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME I. TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1882. NUMBER 24.

WILL L. SCISM,

Attorney and Notary,

Real Estate and Loan Agent,

TABLE ROCK, NEB

Abstracts furnished.

Business for Nonresidents Carefully attended to.

E. A. BECK,

Blacksmith and Wagonmaker,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Dealer in Rough Iron, Wagon and carriage Hardware. Horse Shoeing and Repairing a specialty. All work warranted, and satisfaction guaranteed. Shop southwest of the Public Square. Give me a call.

WILLIAM A. GRIFFING,

Restorer and Fine Builder,

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All work done with neatness and dispatch. See me before employing others to do your work.

G. R. MARTIN,

PROPRIETOR OF

Meat Market and General Provision Store,

SOUTH OF SQUARE,

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The best Grades of Flour kept constantly on hand.

J. H. LEHMAN,

Restaurant and Confectionery,

SOUTH SIDE OF SQUARE,

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Also has a fine Billiard Table, where lovers of the game can enjoy themselves in a quiet manner.

A BELL HOUSE,

C. S. Shepard, Prop.

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

COMMODIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS.

FREE CONVEYANCE

for guests to and from the House.

LINDSLY HOUSE,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

C. G. Parrish, Proprietor.

Three Sample Rooms for commercial travelers. Boarding by the day or week at reasonable rates.

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CLIFT BROS.

Stone Masons,

Flue Builders,

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FRANK L. HART,

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When you want an easy shave,
As good as ever barber gave,
Just call on me, at my room,
At morning, eve, or busy noon,
I'll cut and curl the hair with grace
To suit the contour of the face;
My room is neat, towels clean,
Razors sharp and scissors keen,
And everything I think you'll find
To suit the taste and please the mind;
And all my art and skill can do,
If you will call, I will do for you.

JOHN HAEERLE,

Boot and Shoemaker,

TABLE ROCK, - NEBRASKA.

West Side of the Public Square.

G. M. KENNER,

Physician and Surgeon,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Calls promptly attended at any hour of the day or night.

G. W. BARNETT,

Physician and Surgeon,

Has permanently, tenders his professional services to the people of Table Rock and vicinity. All calls promptly answered, day or night. Over thirteen years in experience. Office in residence, Main street, Table Rock, Nebraska.

MADISON PERRY,

Physician and Surgeon,

ELK CREEK, NEB.

Will practice medicine and surgery. Calls promptly answered.

Z. E. BEEMBLOSSOM,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Office with Fellers & Jones.

HENRY FREEMAN,

Justice of the Peace,

TABLE ROCK, - NEBRASKA.

M. J. MUMFORD,

Justice of the Peace,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Office at his residence, east of the Methodist Church.

WM. PANGBURN,

Auctioneer,

TABLE ROCK, - NEB.

Is ready at all times to cry sales. Terms reasonable. Can be found at his residence, near the depot, at any time.

W. F. TRILOFF,

Practical Painter,

TABLE ROCK, - NEBRASKA.

Prompt attention given to orders. Residence in West Table Rock.

G. M. HUMPHREY,

Attorney-at-Law,

PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY

JAMES RICKEL,

Architect and Builder,

REPUBLIC CITY, - - KANSAS.

Stair building a specialty. Bridge building. Plans and specifications furnished for Public Buildings on short notice. Estimates made, and satisfaction guaranteed.

CHAS. T. EDEE. CHAS. E. CAREY.

C. T. EDEE & CO.,

BANKERS,

PAWNEE CITY, - NEB.

Invite the patronage of business men and the people of Pawnee County generally. We

RECEIVE DEPOSITS

And issue certificates therefor, payable on demand, or subject to draft at sight, as the depositor may prefer,

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On the principal cities, DISCOUNT NOTES, and transact a General Banking Business.

COLLECTIONS

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C. T. EDEE & CO.

C. F. KŒGELE,

Painter and Glazier,

PAWNEE CITY, - - NEBRASKA.

House, Sign and Ornamental Painting done in a workmanlike manner, with promptness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

JOSEPH BRIDGES,

Barber and Hairdresser,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Hair cutting, Shaving, Shampooing, and everything pertaining to the art, in the most workmanlike manner. I have concluded to remain and make my home in Table Rock, and respectfully ask a continuance of your patronage. A good stock of choice Cigars on hand.

H. ELLIS,

Photographer,

PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA

Dry Plate Work with Children and Groups a specialty. I keep on hand as fine and large a stock and variety of Frames as can be found in the State.

MURPHY & CHANEY,

Contractors and Builders,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Orders for every description of carpenter work promptly attended to. Bridge building a specialty.

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The magazine is now in its 13th year, and is a wonder for its price, $1 a year. It is handsomely illustrated, has original stories, poems, illustrated fashions, and useful reading. For ten cents a sample copy of the St. Louis Magazine and a beautiful set of private cards (not advertising cards) sent to any address. St. Louis Magazine, 213 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

We will send the St. Louis Magazine and this paper one year for $2. Address, The Argus, Table Rock, Nebraska.

C. H. RANDALL

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PAWNEE REPUBLICAN,
NEBRASKA STATE JOURNAL,
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TABLE ROCK POST OFFICE.

TIME OF CLOSING MAILS.

Going north on R. & M	8:30 a m
Going south on R. & M	4:30 p m
Going west on R. V. Div	11:00 a m
Table Rock to Pawnee City	9:00 a m
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues & Fri	7:00 a m

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

From the south	9:00 a m
From the north	5:00 p m
From the west	9:00 a m
From Pawnee City	4:30 p m
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat	4:30 p m

M. F. REISHEINE, P. M.

B. & M. TIME CARD.

Exp. A. M.	Pass. A. M.	MLS.	STATIONS. Southern Division.	Pass. P. M.	Exp. P. M.
11:29	5.20	0.0	Lv Atch Ar	9.00	6.30
	5.48	12.1	Brenner	8.32	
	6.00	15.8	Troy Junct.	8.22	
	6.17	21.9	Panning	8.05	
	6.22	24.1	Highland	7.59	
	6.31	28.7	Highland Sid	7.45	
	6.35	30.3	Iowa Point	7.42	
	6.48	34.9	White Cloud	7.30	
	6.50	39.0	Gibraltar	7.16	
	7.15	43.7	Rulo Y	7.03	
P. M.	7.25	48.1	Preston	6.50	
1.05	7.40	53.6	Ar Falls City Lv	6.35	
	8.00		Lv Falls City Ar	6.15	1.25
	8.14	60.0	Salem	5.58	
	8.30	67.3	Dawsons	5.30	
	8.48	74.1	Humboldt	5.22	
P. M.					A. M.
2.30	9.10	82.5	Table Rock	5.00	12.30
	9.32	90.5	Elk Creek	4.40	
	9.50	97.1	Tecumseh	4.23	
	10.08	104.1	Smartville	4.03	
	10.25	109.7	Sterling	3.51	
	10.40	116.7	Adams	3.32	
	11.00	124.0	Firth	3.13	
	11.15	130.9	Hickman	2.50	
	11.24	134.0	Roca	2.48	
	11.31	138.1	Saltillo	2.40	
	11.45	142.9	State Prison	2.28	
	12.55	145.7	Ar Lincoln Lv	2.20	

Denver Exp. — Kansas City Exp.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

To the Friends of the Amendment:

We take much pleasure in informing the friends of the amendment that the indications for its success on election day are not only bright but growing brilliant. From many counties of the State assurances are sent from reliable sources that large majorities will be given, while from remaining counties, encouraging reports are recieved of a great and increasing interest in its favor. It is now conceded by many of its enemies, that the amendment will carry by a handsome majority. But, notwithstanding all this, prudence dictates that we should work just as if public sentiment were overwhelmingly against us, and thereby make assurance doubly sure.

Nothing is of more importance to the success of a measure which depends upon a majority vote, than earnest patient work at the polls on election day. The decisive day for the pending Constitutional Amendment is November 7th. On that day, if the friends of impartial suffrage, all over the State, will do a "harvest days work," it will carry, and Nebraska will have the grand distinction of being the first State to adopt a reform that is as inevitable as the progress of humanity. We, therefore, most earnestly request the women and men of Nebraska, who are in favor of the adoption of this amendment, to to work on election day from the opening of the polls to secure votes. Remember that every vote you gain from the opposition counts two towards success. Remember that every one has influence, and that work tells. Those who are indifferent may be influenced to vote for the right; those opposed may be turned by earnest effort, and negligent friends may be induced to attend and do their part. It is a proposition well known in politics that hard work at the polls will accomplish more than months of work before.

This of all other days in the history of our state is "Womans Day." It is not only right, but eminently proper that women should work at the polls for their own enfranchisement—the only place where it can be secured. A man must be indeed prejudiced, if he can refuse when a woman who is his equal in intelligence and patriotism, earnerly says to him: "I desire to vote as a citizen for my own good and the good of the State. Will you please vote that I may vote?" We believe there are but few men in Nebraska who will be so unfair as to deny so just and reasonable a request.

THE TICKETS.

There will four or five classes of tickets in the field, viz:

1. Those containing the affirmative proposition only, rightly printed, as follows: "FOR PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION RELATING TO THE RIGHTS OF SUFFRAGE." These are all right, and our friends should see that they are voted.

2. Those containing the negative proposition only as follows: "AGAINST PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION RELATING TO RIGHTS OF SUFFRAGE." Our friends should see that these are changed to favorable votes if possible.

3. Those containing both "For" and "Against." Whenever a ticket of this kind is voted unchanged, the two propositions neutralize each other and count against us. Our friends should endeavor to gain the voter's permission, in this case to mark out the entire "Against" proposition.

4. Those containing neither proposition. There will probably be many of this kind. Whenever a voter is about to vote one, our friends should obtain his permission if possible, to add the affirmative proposition.

5. There may, and probably will be, tickets printed by the enemies of the measure, apparently in favor but really against, in order to defeat it. The words given in the first classification, are those required by law. Tickets printed "For woman suffrage," "For the suffrage amendment," or with any other wording than the above, will all be counted against the amendment. Watch carefully for fraudulent tickets, and when discovered, see that the correct words are placed thereon.

IMPORTANT.

There are many voters, who are convinced that woman suffrage is right, but who are controlled by their prejudices. In order to make a compromise between their conscience, and their prejudice, they have resolved not to vote on this question. Under the constitution, every such voter votes against us, it requiring a majority of all votes cast at the election to carry the amendment. For instance, supposing out of 90,000 voters, 40,000 are for, 10,000 against, and 40,000 neutral, the amendment would be lost, not having a majority of all votes cast.

Let the watchword of the fair minded, intelligent, and progressive—of those who believe in a true republic, a higher civilization, a purer government and a nobler humanity—be patient, untiring, WORK all day at the polls.

ADA M. BITTENBENDER,
E. M. CORRELL,
LUCINDA RUSSELL,
RACHEL G. FOSTER,
CLARA B. COLBY,
Campaign Com. of Neb.
Woman Suffrage Association.

Farm implements and machines rust out much more than they wear out. Therefore, whenever a tool or a machine, whether a hoe or a reaper, laid by for any time, it should be protected from any injury by rusting. Take half a pound of lard, add to it a piece of rosin half the size of a hen's egg, and melt them over a slow fire. This may be done in an old tomato or fruit can, or in some other convenient vessel. When completely melted, remove from the stove, and stir with a stick until cold. This makes a soft ointment which may be applied with a cloth or brush, or a swab made by wrapping a bit of cloth around the end of a stick or a piece of shingle. Whatever metallic tool, or part of a tool put away for the winter, if smeared with a thin coat of this, will be perfectly protected from rust. Not only the coarser implements of the farm, but knives and forks not often used in the house-hold, may be protected. A mere film is all that is required.

Nothing pays farmers better than a little care rightly bestowed upon their implements.—American Agriculturist.

Fifty young women broke earth for a new southern railroad a day or two ago, merely as a matter of ceremony, of course, but if their sex could be more largely employed by railroad managers the traveling public would be the better for it. Women ticket sellers would not occasionally swear at purchasers as some men do, or keep travelers waiting so that the ticket agent might hear the remainder of some delicious story that a boon companion was whispering to him. Young women in the railway news stations would be more accomodating, and sell more books and papers than the masculine cubs who are often found in these places. Young women might even displace the majority of the train boys to the great delight of passengers. If they were to select their own stock in trade, nasty candies and trashy books might give way to something that the traveling public would care to buy. Let some railroad company try the experiment.

The Bergh society of Providence has prosecuted a man who buried a cat alive. He dug up the body and broke its neck, so to make people believe that he killed it before interment; but science was to much for him, a postmortem examination by experts showing that death was caused by suffocation.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

HARRISON & JONES, Publishers.

TABLE ROCK, : : : NEB

NEBRASKA ITEMS.

Gibbon Beacon: An extensive and destructive prairie fire occurred a few days since, starting about seven miles northwest of this place, and originating in the attempt of a farmer to burn the grass on his own land. Mr. Giffin lost sixty tons of hay, George Richardson lost thirty tons of hay, his stable and cane sufficient to make eighty gallons of syrup. Many others suffered loss. The total loss is estimated at several thousand dollars.

An unknown immigrant was run over by a train in the B. & M. yards at Omaha and killed. He was a German, about 35 years of age, five feet in height, and had a sandy mustache.

The east wing of the new state house will be turned over to the state about November 15. The old furniture will be used until the legislature takes action.

A postoffice has been established at Mound, Howard county, with Jas. B. Stevens as postmaster.

T. E. Allen, a young man formerly living near Wilber, was killed while working in a mine near Tomichi, Gunnison county, Colorado. He was drilling into a rock, and finding the hole too small for the stick of giant powder, he attempted to drive it in with a tamping rod. The powder ignited and the boy was killed instantly.

Fullerton Journal: Prairie fires are beginning to illumine the horizon, and we would urge upon the farmers the necessity of exercising unusual precaution in guarding against the destructive element. The grass is of immense growth, and should a fire once get under headway before a high wind, ordinary firebreaks or human efforts would avail but little in checking its career.

New postoffices established: North Side, Wayne county, Nebraska, Eugene L. Jones, postmaster; Saronville, Clay county, Nebraska, John Florin, postmaster.

The corner stone of the new Douglas county court house, at Omaha, was laid October 25th, with Masonic ceremonies. It was one of the most interesting public events ever occurring in Omaha. There was a large concourse of people present. The procession consisted of the various secret societies and unions of the city of Omaha. Before the laying of the stone, Grand Master Lininger delivered a short address. The exercises concluded with an address by Hon. A. J. Poppleton.

The Fullerton building boom shows no signs of letting up on account of the approach of winter.

A blacksmith shop at North Bend caught fire from the iron smoke-stack passing through the roof, but the flames were put out in time to prevent serious damage.

North Bend Flail: From the windows of the Flail office we can see the new elevators towering toward heaven, and as they go up, the hope of the people, the prospects of the town, and of the farmers contiguous there to go up with them. We have at present one good elevator, run by straight forward, energetic and honorable men, but the people have when the others are built, for they realize that "competition is the life of business."

Nance county has lately given its first agricultural fair, and a very successful one it was. There was a large display of stock and grain, and the department of arts and mechanics were well represented. The Fullerton Journal makes the following closing remarks in its article upon the fair: "Much credit is due those who took such active measures in making the fair a success, and they are deserving of personal mention, but space forbids. Let it suffice to say our agricultural society is awake to the interests of the county in general, as has been plainly demonstrated, and next year the people may expect to witness at Fullerton one of the grandest exhibitions ever held in Central Nebraska."

Hardy Herald: A feeble attempt to burn around our town last Saturday evening leaves us just as much exposed to prairie fires as before anything was done. Can't we improve on this state of affairs.

The M. P. and Auburn Pick-Up base ball clubs played a match game for a purse of $20, which resulted in favor of the former by a score of 44 to 13.

The Baptist society of Brock, Nemaha county, have built and dedicated a new church edifice.

Brownville Granger: The overland mail service has been discontinued between Brownville and Tecumseh. This leaves out the postoffice at London, Glen Rock, Clifton and Johnson. The Glen Rock office is supplied by the M. P. R. R. service, and Johnson by the B. & M.

Franklin Ocho: An old man by the name of Beach, who lives 12 miles south of Franklin, in Kansas, was in town Monday last and started home in the evening, when eight miles south of town four men came upon him on horseback and asked him if he wanted to trade horses, and he said no, they said they did and one presented a revolver to his head and told him to turn over his money and keep hushed. After taking his money, $26, they unharnessed his team and put two of their horses in his harness, bound him solid, so he could just drive, and told him to go on and he went and then they disappeared.

Indulgent parents who allow their children to eat heartily of high-seasoned food, rich pies, cake, &c., will have to use Hop Bitters to prevent indigestion, sleepless nights, sickness, pain, and perhaps, death. No family is safe without them in the house.

Joan d'Arc must have been a brunette.

FOREIGN.

FRANCE.

LYONS, Oct. 23.—There was a riotous demonstration against the municipality here yesterday, in consequence of their having suppressed a subvention to the opera. The police were unable to cope with the crowd, and a body of gen d'arms cleared the street at two o'clock this morning. There was an alarming explosion in a restaurant, attached to the theatre, there being two reports under one of the tables. There were two hundred people in the restaurant, who rushed hurriedly into the streets. A third and more formidable explosion then occurred, which shattered the tables, mirrors and other articles and seriously injured three persons. It is stated that three men who entered the restaurant ten minutes before the first explosion left small bombs under the table.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The following dispatch has been received from Belgrade: A woman fired at the king of Milan in the cathedral to-day. The king was not hurt. The king's assailant is the widow of Jafrew Masketwich, executed with several others in May, 1878, by order of Milan. It is suspected that the attempt is not merely attributable to revenge, but partly to political motives.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Oct. 23.—Baker Pasha has been officially appointed to the command of the new Egyptian army.

CHINA.

HONG KONG, Oct. 23.—The greater part of Manila was destroyed by typhoon, October 20. Business was entirely suspended.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Oct. 24.—Arabi Pasha's correspondence for the last two years was seized this morning and deposited with Sir Edward Malet, British consul general. It includes voluminous correspondence with Constantinople and minutes of the secret sittings of the Barondi cabinet.

It is stated that the capital of Kordofan has been besieged for forty days. Its capture is expected, and an attack on Ankhartowa will follow.

The Egyptian government officially denies that the false prophet had any share in the defeat of the Egyptian troops during the late war. The authorities attribute the result to other causes.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—A destructive hurricane is raging in this city to-day. The damage will doubtless be very heavy. The storm commenced this morning and still continues. It is a nasty mixture of wind and sleet. Dispatches from outside, which are very meagre, report snow and hail storms in various localities. The streams have overflowed their banks. Telegraphic communication is so seriously interfered with that no estimate of the damage can yet be given. The Cambridgeshire which was to have been run to-day has been postponed until to-morrow.

CHINA.

MADRID, Oct. 24.—An official dispatch from Manilla dated the 21st states the typhoon destroyed all the wooden and thatched houses and carried away iron and tiled roofs of others. Sixty thousand families are homeless. The barracks, hospitals, government offices and factories were destroyed. The loss of life, however, is relatively small. Malacan and Boulacan were also devastated. Commucication is interrupted between Manilla and towns on the island of Luzon.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 24.—The fires in the lumber yards along the river banks have been extinguished, with a loss of 2,500,000 roubles. The property was insured for half that amount in Russian-English companies.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Oct. 25.—Further reports tend to confirm the news of the massacre of Christians at Soudan. According to latest private advices from Kharlenin, the Egyptians are preparing for defense, throwing up forts, digging ditches, etc. The prospects are desperate, the garrison being composed of only one thousand, while the false prophet is leading the assault at the head of 6,000 men.

It is expected that the khedive will, on Friday, issue his decree offering amnesty to all rebel officers below the rank of captain.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—A dispatch from Cairo says it is rumored that the sultan has ordered proceedings against Arabi Pasha to be stopped.

In the house of commons this morning Gladstone pressed his motion which he introduced yesterday to defer all discussion regarding Gray's imprisonment and refer the question to a select committee. This was adopted without debate.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Oct. 25.—United Ireland states Egan has been requested to send a cable to the president of the Irish national land league of the United States, informing him the only money paid members of parliament was for traveling expenses, and that in all but £1,600 was given for this purpose, including expenses of the trip of Parnell and Dillon to America. Egan, in correction of the statements of a London delegate to the late national conference, says Sexton received only £600 salary yearly from the land league fund.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Oct. 26—English counsel refuse to take part in the defense of Toulba Pasha and Mahmoud Baroudi, because, in addition to other charges, incendiarism is one of the matters complained of regarding them, and the evidence seems strong. They will, however, defend Arabi Pasha and other insurgent leaders. Malliet has taken fresh steps to prevent the prisoners being tortured.

It is believed that Prof. Palmer and party were led to the edge of the precipice and offered the alternative of being thrown over or being shot. It is supposed that Prof. Palmer leaped over and Captain Gill and Lieutenant Charrington chose the other alternative and were put to death.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Prof. Tyndall unveiled the statue of Thos. Carlyle on the Thames embankment at Chelsea to-day. At the conclusion of a long address Tyndall expressed the wish that a memorial be raised at the same place to Ralph Waldo Emerson, the loftiest, purest and most penetrating spirit ever shone in American literature.

Herr Most, editor of Freiheit, who has been incarcerated for some months on account of improper matter published in that journal, was released from jail to-day, his sentence having expired.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Oct. 26.—Special to the western associated press: Le Paris publishes details of the anarchists' conspiracy. They show it is composed of a small number of staunch supporters in all the towns and manufacturing villages of France. The members are mostly young men, who distribute revolutionary papers. Each group has a distinctive name. A letter seized by the authorities recommends that the groups should pretend to be trades unions. All groups in the department form a federation, some having a secret symbol, and these federations are a link between the groups and central committee. Several of the persons arrested Saturday last belong to the federations.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 27.—The government of Russia is about to issue and send to the civic authorities, in places in the empire where there is any Jewish population, a circular asking them to furnish for use of the government their views upon the best method of solving the vexed question of harmonizing the Jewish and Russian population. It is supposed answers to these circulars will have very considerable influence in shaping the policy of the government toward the Jews.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Oct. 27.—Returns from 425 election districts show 138 conservatives, 92 centre party, and 38 progressists elected. Prof. Virchow, Dr. Doew, and Herr Richter, are returned by sweeping majorities. Prof. Virchow received 823 votes against 153 for court chaplain.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Oct. 27.—Friends of the government now admit that the immense number of threatening letters which passed through the postoffice at Montecean-Les-Mines, Chatons and Lyone are the work of practical jokers and enemies of the republic who wish to raise a scare.

LYONS, Oct. 27.—The anarchist conspiracy has taken deeper root than expected, and this morning the situation is very critical. The citizens are panic stricken at revelations made yesterday of the local strength and far reaching power of the desperate men who constitute the organization and consider an outbreak almost inevitable. A mob has formed in the streets and in addition to threats against the republican newspapers now direct their venom against banks and public buildings, which are being carefully guarded, but by an inadequate force that would not be able to protect property if the rioters made anything like a determined attempt to overpower them.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Oct. 28.—English counsel of Arabi Pasha, after active efforts in that direction, have succeeded in obtaining the minutes of the five ministerial councils at Alexandria, which were held some weeks before hostilities actually begun, and which decided to oppose with armed resistance all intervention on the part of the British government. At those councils both the khedive and Dervisch Pasha were present, and, so far as examined, the minutes do not show that they offered any opposition to the decision; on the contrary, they seemed in full harmony with the proceedings of the ministers.

The bey of Tunis is dead. His brother has assumed power.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Oct. 28.—The cabinet makers held a meeting to-day to discuss the decision of the syndicate chambers of master, which yesterday decided on a lock-out if workmen continued to interdict their workshops and to treat with them through an executive commission. To-day's meeting decided to divide the question and determine these two points separately. In an editorial upon the subject to-day, Republique Francaise beseeches master workmen and employes to act in a conciliatory spirit and not to commence a strike involving 20,000 men, which would be like declaring civil war while foreigners in arms were invading the country. It reminds them that both Belgian and German manufacturers are ready to supplant them in their business.

The scare over the outbreak and the fear of further violence continues to increase. Letters making threats against commercial firms are daily received, and add to the general sense of insecurity.

GERMANY.

HAMBURG, Oct. 28.—The success of the proposed international agricultural exposition next year is assured. The governments of England, Germany, France, Austria, Belgium and America have declared their intention to support it.

An Indiana man recently committed bigamy and fled to Kansas. A lady friend of the injured wife, Mrs. Georgia Ruchels, procured a requisition from Gov. Porter, went to Kansas, and arrested the bigamist, taking him back in irons.

The Colors of Venice.

Henry James in November Century.

It soon became plain that it is not only the wavy-twinkling lagoon that you behold from a habitation on the Riva; you see a little of everything Venetian. Straight across, before my windows, rose the great pink mass of San Giorgio Maggiore, which, for an ugly Palladian church, has a success beyond all reason. It is a success of position, of color, of the immense detached Campanile, tipped with a tall, gold angel. I know not whether it is because San Giorgio is so grandly conspicuous, and because it has a great deal of worn, faded-looking brick work, but for many persons the whole place has a kind of suffusion of rosiness. If we were asked what is the leading color at Venice we should say pink, and yet after all we cannot remember that this elegant tint occurs very often. It is a faint, shimmering, airy, watery pink; the bright sea-light seems to flash with it, and the pale, whitish-green of lagoon and canal to drink it in. There is, indeed, in Venice a great deal of every evident brick-work, which is never fresh nor loud in color, but always burnt out, as it were, always exquisitely mild. There are certain little mental pictures that rise before the sentimental tourist at the simple mention, written or spoken, of the places he has loved. When I hear, when I see, the magical name I have written above these pages, it is not of the great square that I think, with its high arcades, nor of the wide mouth of the Grand Canal, with the stately steps and the well-poised dome of the Salute; it is not of the low lagoon, nor the sweet Piazzetta, nor the dark chambers of St. Mark's. I simply see a narrow canal in the heart of the city—a patch of green water and a surface of pink wall. The gondola moves slowly; it gives a great, smooth swerve, passes under a bridge, and the gondolier's cry, carried over the quiet water, makes a kind of splash in the stillness. A girl is passing over the little bridge, which has an arch like a camel's back, with an old shawl on her head, which makes her look charming; you see her against the sky as you float beneath. The pink of the old wall seems to fill the whole place; it sinks even into the opaque water. Over the wall is a garden, out of which the long arm of a white June rose—the roses of Venice are splendid—has flung itself by way of spontaneous ornament. On the other side of this small water-way is a great, shabby facade of gothic windows and balconies—balconies on which dirty clothes are hung, and under which a cavernous-looking doorway opens from a low flight of slimy water-steps. It is very hot and still, the canal has a queer smell, and the whole place is enchanting. It is poor work, however, talking about the colors of things in Venice.

The Four Comets of the Year.

Albany Argus.

In plain fact, there have been but four comets seen thus far in 1882. The first celestial vagrant of the year was discovered by Mr. Wells, of the Dudley Observatory, March 17th, and for a long time it monopolized the attention of astronomers in both the old and the new world, owing to its unique features. Although the period of the Wells comet has not yet been fully calculated, enough is known to show that the comet will not return to view under 1,000 years. The second comet of the year was seen but once, and then for only a short time, by the astronomers who were observing the sun's eclipse from Egypt last spring, it was described in a brief despatch which noted the success of the observation of the eclipse as "a fine, bright comet close to the sun," and astronomers for a long time watched for its appearance, on the supposition that it would be visible on its return from perihelion, but without success. The third comet of the year was discovered on the morning of September 13, and duly chronicled, by Prof. Barnard of Nashville, Tenn. At first, owing to the place of its discovery, in the constellation of the Twins, it was presumed by some to be the re-appearance of the famous Pons comet of 1812, but this was subsequently shown to be an erroneous supposition, owing to its direction of motion. The "Barnard comet," which was, at the time of discovery, a faint telescopic object, about one and one-half seconds of arc in diameter, is now approaching perihelion, which it will attain about the 7th of November. At its brightest it will be but about three times as large as when first seen.

Names Taken From Trades.

Cornhill Magazine.

The Baxters belong to the same class as the Masons, the Carpenters, the Taylors, the Smiths, the Gardiners, and the Fullers. In fact, the surnames derived from trades and occupations are more numerous than those of any other class, except patronymics and place names. Some of them belong to existing trades, like those quoted above, while others represent obsolete trades, or at least obsolete trade terminology, like the Fletchers, or arrow-makers, the Arblasters, who manufactured cross-bows or arblasts (arcubalistæ), and the Tuckers, who worked in the tucking-mills where cloth was prepared for market. Those who wish for further information upon these subjects cannot do better than turn to Mr. Bardsley's excellent and systematic work on English surnames. A man who bakes is called a Baker; but in earlies times a woman who baked was called a Bakester or Baxter. So a man who brows is Brewer, while a woman who brows is a Brewster. In mediæl English the termination "ster" was a feminine one; and it still survives with its primitive signification in spinster. A huckster was originally a marketwoman, but the word has now come to mean anybody, male or female, who hawks about goods in the public streets. The same change has come over matster, throwster, and many other analagous words. But sundry surnames will show us two forms side by side, as in Webber and Webster. Hence we may conclude that the ancestor of all the Baxters was a woman who kept a bakehouse. Why her descendants should take their name from her, rather than from their father, is easy enough to understand on a number of natural hypotheses. John Baxter may in one place have been a widow woman, whose children would, of course, be called after her; in another place she might be a person of some character, while her husband was a field laborer or ne'er-do-well, and in another, again, there might be two Piers gardeners or two Wat Carters in the same village, so that it might be more convenient to describe the youngsters by their mothers calling than by their father's.

The Queen at Home.

Philadelphia Times.

Man may be an office-holder in any position from the chief magistracy of the nation down to that of the humblest police justice; but man can never be the lady of the house. In her sphere the lady of the house is supreme. She is more than king. She is queen. She is more than autocrat. She is the supreme dispenser of the happiness or misery of the household. She rules either in the graceful majesty of a loving and considerate soul or with the malevolent malediction of a scorpion. She is either an angel of light or a vixen; according to what she says and the way in which she says it the family are lit up with sunshine or enshrouded in clouds of sulky gloom.

Not every woman knows it, yet it is no less a fact that a woman can do almost anything she pleases in ruling the man who may happen to have the honor of being her husband. There is an indescribable and boundless charm in the cheery voice of a true woman, just as there is in her appearance. She may not be arrayed in costly garments, or even clad in the latest fashion, and may yet have power by a look or a word to subdue the unruly passions of an evil and fiery man. But the woman who expects to rule and subdue by unpleasantly asserting her intention to do so makes a sorrowful failure of the attempt. She who greets husband and children with cold formality and expects cheerful conversation in return will be disappointed.

The wife who begins her attack on the man she is supposed to love by telling him what a coarse and graceless sinner he is will not start him on the path in which she desires him to walk. She who has failed to win him to her ways of thinking and acting will not impress him with a sense of her loveliness by appearing in untidy costume and letting him see that the charms and graces which compelled his admiration are things to which she now attaches no importance. As soon as the queen of the household begins to be disagreeable she looses her power.

Nearly a Miracle.

E. Ascenith Hall, Binghamton, N. Y., writes: "I suffered for several months with a dull pain through my left lung and shoulders. I lost my spirits, appetite and color, and could with difficulty keep up all day. My mother procured some Burdock Blood Bitters; I took them as directed, and have felt no pain since the week after using them, and am now quite well." Price, $1.

Great Oil Boom,

E. Balch, Elgin, Ill., writes: "That after trying dozens of patent liniments, without relief, for a rheumatic and stiff knee, I feel I have struck oil at last," for after using three bottles of Thomas' Eclectric Oil I am prepared to say it is the best application I have ever used."

Curiosities of the Capital.

Washington Letter to N. Y. World.

For the curious, who go poking around after queer sights, two very interesting ones are to be seen now in Washington—one the painting of the iron dome of the capitol and the other the always interesting work on the Washington monument. The work on the dome of the capitol is perilous and the workmen employed are of the best and are paid fancy prices for the terrific risk. Nothing but a slender rope ladder is between them and eternity. The painting of the dome cost about $6,000 and 12,000 pounds of white lead are useed in it. The contraction and expansion of the immense mass of iron causes the statue of the Goddess of Liberty to vibrate no less than eight and a half inches. Some coast survey work was going on some time since near the capitol, and the engineer took the highest point on the head of the statue as their angle of observation. But every day there was a strong variation—everybody puzzled over it, and it defied the mathematical skill of all the officers employed in the work until it was discovered that the marble figure swayed back and forth under the disturbance of the vast body of iron. All over the dome there are fissures for the expansion of the iron. If it were solid, some bitterly cold night the great dome would burst into a thousand fragments.

***"Evil dispositions are early shown." Evil tendencies in our systems are to be wrtched and guarded against. If you find yourself getting bilious, head heavy, mouth foul, eyes yellow, kidneys disordered, symptoms of piles tormenting you, take at once a few doses of Kidney-Wort. It is nature's great assistant. Use it as an advance-guard—don't wait to get down sick. Read adv't.

Impoliteness is derived from just two sources—indifference for the divine and contempt for the human.

AN AUTUMN SCENE.

The Indian summer's veil of blue
Lies on the mountains far away;
And, from the east, forever new,
Dawn ushers in the dreamy day;

The air is still, the rivulet gleams
In silver flashes through the vale—
The silken mist above the stream's
Fair path shines like a glist'ning sail.

I see the squirrel skip and dart
Among the rainbow-tinted leaves,
The glossy chestnuts fire his heart—
But, as for him, he never grieves.

Where red and russet orchards stand,
Bowing their burdens to the plain,
The lover takes his loved one's hand
And saunters through the orchard lane.

The clouds are soft that fleck the sky,
The dry leaves rustle past their feet;
But their unclouded reverie,
And blissful dreams and visions sweet,

Outdo the splendor of the day,
Surpass the glory of the dawn;
The world itself must pass away
Ere such delights are dead and gone!

I mark their measured step—and slow—
The cottage gate, the parting kiss,
And think no summers vainly go
That end in such triumphant bliss!

THE RENEGADE'S REVENGE.

Amos Darrell, frontiersman and trapper, turned quickly, dropping the axe he was wielding in his brawny arm and with a spring gained the ready rifle placed near his cabin door. Wheeling with the readiness of a trained soldier, his weapon swept the scene around him simultaneously with the rapid glance of his flashing eyes.

But no form was visible in the opening or the belt of timber beyond, and his dog, usually susceptible of the proximity of a red-skin or of a stranger, dozed drawsily on the door-step.

"Something broke loose," muttered Amos, with a perplexed look, "an' it was an arrow, or I've mistaken my calling'."

He lowered his rifle, and turned to survey the log cabin. His eyes brightened, his lips uttered a grim ejaculation of intelligence, and his brows came together in an ominous frown, as he took a step forward and drew from the door-post, where the feathered shaft still quivered from the force of contact, a long, sharp pointed arrow.

The critical survey he bestowed on the missile evidently conveyed a ready solution to his mind of its mysterious arrival.

"Renegades," he muttered, "and white-livered ones at that. Redskins don't waste their ammunition, and the soiled feathers show a clumsy hand, I think I see the game, my friends," he continued, with a blinking glance at the timber, "and I imagine you'll find the warning more of a caution than a sure Mehitable!"

A woman's form came to the door at his word. He had poised the arrow on his finger and held it out for her inspection.

"You see that?" he asked.

"Yes, Amos."

"That," and the latent anger flashed into the hunter's eyes, "means 'Get out, Amos Darrell,' and the invite's signed: 'Your disappointed friend and renegade, Abner Tyson.'"

"I don't understand you, husband."

"It won't take long to explain. Twice a week I carry the mails from the Falls to Mendota. The mail coach brings the bags here, and I run it down to the settlement. The task means $20 a month and a ride back through a fine hunting country. Who had it afore me?"

"Tyson."

"Right you are—Tyson. What turned him out? Stealing. When I comes in, he swore it was all a plot. He threatened me; I sought him out and he was meek as a lamb. He assaulted me unawares. Since then I've been shot at twice myteriously, and Tyson received a warning from my friends that if he tried it again he'd be strung up to the nearest hickory. Well and good. Tyson subsides. He gives up white society in disgust and joins the redskins. They're at peace, and want to stay at peace, unless he gits them drunk. To skeer me off in revenge, he shoots this arrer. He reckons I'll think the Chippewa's gave me warning. But he's mistook himself. I don't scarce, and after I come back this time I going to hunt him down, take him to the old Chippewa chief, with his coward friends, and arter I've exposed him, I'm going to drive him, tarred and feathered, from the settlement."

He dismissed the subject from his mind by tossing the arrow contemptuously on the ground. He had turned to resume his rail-splitting, when his son, a boy of 14, came hurridly around the corner of the cabin. His face was flushed, his manner excited, and the empty trap he carried in his hand told his father that some new cause for anxiety had arisen.

"Well, Hiram, what is it? Another beaver eaten his tail off and escaped?"

"Worse than that, father."

"What is it?"

"The traps. Every one of them, is gone but this."

Amos' ax went down with a crash. He never swore, but his invocation to the slippery elm to "crush him to flinders if he wasn't getting riled," preceded a hasty grasp of the rifle, a dead run for the swamp at the back of the house, and an order to the boy to come along.

"Worse and worse!" he muttered, as he gained the muddy bank where he had set sixteen baited traps the night before.

"Hiram, when our horse went I thought he'd strayed, and when, two nights after, the traps were robbed, I thought it was Injuns. I owe the redskins an apology for believing them mean enough to act as a white man has. Yonder in the swamp is the end of one of the traps, and the rest have probably joined them company. It's some white varmint who plays us these tricks, and pesky meanness is the motive. Whoever did this came in a boat, and trailed over the bank to the traps. Have you found any foot tracks?"

"Yes, father."

"White or redskin?"

"Neither; a horse's hoofs."

Old Amos started in wild amazement.

"Are you daft, lad? A horse would sink to his mane in that mud."

The trapper advanced to the bank. Sure enough, on the damp, black surface of the place was outlined the distinct impress of a horse's feet. There could be no doubt of it, and as little probability, in the frontiersman's mind, that any horse could have crossed the bank and left so light an impression.

"There's some trick here," he muttered, perplexedly stroking his straggling beard. "I have it," he cried suddenly; "whoever did it wanted to leave no trail, and they've tried to throw the blame on a poor dumb brute by tying a pair of hoofs over their own thieving feet. No horse walks on two feet, and this animal has. Tyson! I'd swear to it. Keep a close watch, Hiram, until I return from this mail tomorrow night. We'll track down this mystery or lose our reputation as frontiersmen."

But the affair annoyed him all that day, and was uppermost in his mind even after the mail coach arrived and he started off for Mendota with his horse. He was startled when the driver informed him that some dissatisfaction among the Chippewas was reported, and kept a close look-out along his lonely route, as he thought of Tyson and accredited to him the source of the threatening trouble.

But his journey was not disturbed, and he delivered the mail, rested an hour or two, and the next evening at dark, congratulating himself on his safety, he retraced the little path through the timber leading to his cabin.

His horse started quickly, as a shot whizzed by his head across the opening. He sprang to the threshold just as a second bullet pierced his cap.

With well-trained instinct the horse dashed on and past the hut. Amos fell rather than glided through the door quietly opened by his wife.

"Safe, Amos!" she cried, thankfully, as she barred the door. "We tried to warn you, but we didn't dare to leave the cabin."

The trapper looked startled.

"There's danger, eh?" he muttered. "Not the Injuns?"

"Yes, Amos; the Injuns."

In hurried tones she explained what had happened since he left the place. That very morning Hiram had observed several savages, and a white man skulking near by; had overheard sufficent of the conversation to indicate that their mission was not a peaceful one, and had hastened to the cabin. They had barred the door just in time to shut out the intruders, who made a wild dash toward the hut four half-drunken Indians and Abner Tyson. All that day in a state of siege they had exchanged harmless shots with the savages, and were not a little alarmed when they discerned in the movements of the men that they were evidently skulking in the forest to waylay the trapper on his return.

Amos' lips grew closer together, and his eyes flashed ominously.

"Tyson and fire-water against an honest man," he muttered as he examined his rifle. "The pesky varmint wants revenge, eh? Well, he'll get it!"

"He will, if you listen to me, father," spoke up Hiram, as he advanced from a port-hole where he had been watching the moonlit opening.

"What do you mean, lad?"

"That I've found out by the flash of their rifles where the men are."

"You have, eh?"

"Yes, father. Right at the edge of the opening is a big hickory, blown over in the last storm. Across the top a cotton fell, and holds it there There's a big hole where the roots flung out the dirt, and Tyson and the Indians are lying in it."

"You're sure of that?"

"Certain, father. Creep out of the rear window and get around into the timber. I'll guarantee to fix them."

The trapper's eyes flashed with admiration of the quick intelligence of the boy, as he discerned his purpose, but he hesitated to give his sanction.

"The risk, lad—" he began.

"I'll take it, father. Give it to me to get out of the way if they see me."

Agile as a squirrel, he darted through the window, gained the swamp, and thence by a detour reached the forest.

Once in the belt of timber he crept cautiously through the underbrush, at last drawing a sigh of relief he rose to his feet, directly under the cotton tree he had described.

It was a huge tree, and, he had said, had fallen directly over the hickory. Only its weight kept the imprisoned hickory from swing back to its place, and he knew that the elastic strained roots of the latter, once the tension of the cotton removed them, would snap back to the root-bed like a flash.

His hand trembled with anxiety as he drew a sharp hunting-knife, and his body sheltered from the observation of the men in the tree-bed by the body of the roots, he selected a soft portion of the cotton above the roots and began to cut away as it.

His hands grew pained, stiff and blistered as he plied the glittering blade. Ever and anon he could hear the low hum of conversation among the besiegers, evidently consulting on some new plan of assault, but the continued his work briskly, and as he cut through the pulp of the tree his heart beat wildly.

The sinews began to strain, the huge tree snapped, broke and parted, and he was lifted bodily from his feet, as the imprisoned hickory; relieved of its burden, shot straight into the air, and down to its primal base, by the flexible roots, resuming its lofty position.

Groans, yells and screams of agony awoke the solitary scene to hideous confusion, as the boy gathered himself up and sped toward the cabin. Issuing from beneath the hickory, the cries of the entrapped besiegers told that his shrewd plan to defeat their evil mission had been successful.

It was not until daylight that the trapper and his son visited the spot. The axe of the frontiersman soon hewed a way to the root-bed of the tree, and a clearing once made revealed a crushed, mangled mass of human beings, stunned bruised and bleeding.

They dragged out the four Chippewas, whose lives had only been saved by the soft, yielding soil under the tree, and allowed them to depart, limping and maimed, sadder and wiser from their confidence in a renegade's promise and too much fire-water.

Tyson was insensible. His head had been turn and bruised, his body almost doubled in two.

They carried him to the settlement, and when a week later he left that section, a cripper for life, they were satisfied he would never trouble them more, and that his evil schemes reverted upon his own head, and made him the principal victim of the Renegade's Revenge.

How He Sentenced Him.

N. Y. Independent.

A good story is told of Judge Kent, the well-known jurist. A man was indicted for burglary, and the evidence on the trial showed that his burglary consisted in cutting a hole through a tent in which several persons were sleeping, and then projecting his head and arm through the hole and abstracting various articles of value. It was claimed by his counsel that, inasmuch as he never actually entered into the tent with his whole body, he had not committed the offense charged, and must, therefore, be discharged. Judge Kent, in reply to this plea, told the jury that if they were not satisfied that the whole man was involved in the crime, they might bring in a verdict of guilty against so much of him as was thus involved. The jury, after a brief consultation, found the right arm, the right shoulder, and the head of the prisoner guilty of the offense of burglary. The judge sentenced the right arm, the right shoulder and the head to imprisonment with hard labor in the state prison for two years, remarking that as to the rest of the man's body he might do with it what he pleased.

Knowing all About it.

Boston Transcript.

"Of course," said the old gentleman, the life of the boarding house all summer, "you remember that Washington had command of the famous cuirassiers at Waterloo?"

"Certainly," replied young Dobbs.

"And that if McClellan had brought up his reserves in time the Greeks would have been driven from the field before Hannibal could have made his impetuous charge?"

"Yes," replied Dobbs, with the air of a man who knows all about it; "yes, I have heard it so stated."

"Why," continued the old gentleman, "you know what Darwin says about it?"

"Yes," replied Dobbs feebly, wishing in his heart of hearts that he did not know.

But the old gentleman relieved Dobbs' mind by adding: "Darwin, you know, says that the tide of battle might have been turned at any hour of the day had Grant not failed to double-shot his Gatling guns."

"Of course," echoed Dobbs, with a triumphant look at the listening ladies.

"But," said the old gentleman once more, "I think Darwin hardly correct. If Arabi had not defeated Nebuchadnezzar at Malvern Hill, it is my opinion that Cæsar would have routed Grouchy's guerrillas and then beaten Cicero's sharpshooters in detail."

"That's the way I look at it," replied Dobbs.

"Oh! is it, is it?" asked the old gentleman, winking at the ladies. "Well, I'm glad I've found a gentleman who can agree with me on that point."

The old gentleman walked away leaving Dodds as happy as a lord, he had made such a good impression, you know. But Dobbs would give something nice to know what the women folks were gigling about, confound them.

A bushel of potatoes is worth 30 to 40 cents for the starch it contains. On an average potatoes contain 15 to 17 per cent of starch; some kinds—those that are well grown, thoroughly ripeoed, heavy and free from disease—contain 20 to 25 per cent.

CAUSE AND CURE

Of Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Etc.

From Dr. N. B. Wolfe's Medical Common Sense Book.

LETTER VIII.

VARIETIES OF BRONCHITIS.--WINTER COUGH.

Chronic bronchitis is often mistaken for consumption; for the mucous membrane, sooner or later becomes changed in structure, and pours forth a matter which has all the qualities of pus, and the disease tends as certainly to a fatal termination as consumption. Of the chronic form of bronchitis there are several, one of which is Winter cough, making its appearance regularly as the Winter season approaches and partially subsiding on the return of Spring. This form of bronchitis is incurable by any means than Medicated Inhalations; and, if neglected, will as certainly break down the structure of the lungs as phthisis.

Another form of bronchitis is distinguished by an excessive humoral discharge from the lungs, resembling gum-water, ranging from one to several half-pints during the twenty-four hours. The cough is frequent and exhausting. There is some difficulty in breathing while the coughing paroxysm lasts, but as soon as the viscid secretion has been rejected it subsides. This disease enfeebles the patient very much but he may live for years, and be able to attend to light duties; but gradually the countenance assumes a pale, bluish tint, the body wastes, the blood becomes thin, and thin, and death ensues, apparently from the constant drain upon the general system.

Another form of this disease is called dry bronchitis. It is produced by a thickening of the membrane lining the air tubes, in consequence of which the capacity of the pipes is much diminished. There is a scanty secretion of a gluey matter, variously tinted, and not unfrequently striated with blood. This affection is so common in this climate that a careful examination of the chest would, doubtless, reveal its presence in many who think themselves entirely exempt.

The symptoms of dry bronchitis are not marked by much severity, till it has advanced to its later stages, when a little exertion will produce much shortness of breath, arising from the obstructed bronchial tubes. When a large portion of the lung is involved, a sense of oppression is left after meals or on making slight exertion, which is frequently referred to as the result of a full stomach, or some other than the true cause. After a time, however, there is felt a tightness in the chest with a ... through ... patient ... like suffo... your ... cough, t... almost i... hack an... have des... ranged, ... cough to ... nervous ... when th... inroads ... this very ... there is ... ing assu... consump... this inte... quiry yi... cries "P... peace!" ... with fill... written i... wasting ... the silver ... bowl is b... no fanc... around ... graduall... prematu...

Anoth... grave c... senilis," ... toms are ... tion, an... strong ... complai... and a p... ing the ... nurse o... this dise... consum... pallid a... ple hue ... are of a ... more co...

In the ... eases b... nothing ... ments from the beginning ... again ... ent; and till the introduction of Medicated Inhalations, treatment only served to hurry on the fatal issue.

*** Dr. Wolfe, the author of this valuable work on the Cause and Cure of Consumption, etc., is an old and highly respected physician of Cincinnati, where he has been located for twenty-five years. His practice is confined exclusively to the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Nasal Catarrh, and kindred maladies of the nose, throat and lungs. He has patients in all parts of the United States, who consult with him by letter, and receive his medicines by express. The doctor will send a copy of his Common Sense Book on the Cause and Cure of Consumption, etc., by mail, FREE, to any person who will send his name and post-office address, and nine cents in stamps to pay postage. The Doctor's address is, 146 Smith Street, Cincinnati, O.

An honest man is the noblest pursuit of woman.

...the rivers as they swiftly glide past. The magnificent Pullman sleeping cars attached to the rear of the trains are a new sight to our people, and elicit general admiration.

In order to present you with a creditable paper, we have purchased a new Press, and hereafter the Argus will not resemble a copy of the Pokok Zapadu draped in mourning. It has cost us considerable to make the purchase and to make other needed improvements in the office. A few cash subscribers will help us out wonderfully. You who are interested in our success, we are sure, will do us the favor of calling the attention of your friends who have not yet subscribed, to our offer of the papers the next fourteen months, for $1.50.

Charley Chambers, the ever watchful and efficient agent of the B. & M., had quite an adventure, and allowed his suspicions to improve his judgement, last Monday night. A little after dusk he remembered that a car, partly loaded with flour was standing open on the track, and taking a lantern he went to where it was standing to close and secure the door; fancying he heard a noise inside he leaped into the car, and was confronted by a prominent man of town who shaded his eyes with his hand and demanded what was in the north end of the car. Charley gave him the desired information, and he then surveyed the south end and asked what ...

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the Boston Globe.]

Messrs. Editors:—

The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is zealously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life-study, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs only $1. per bottle or six for $5., and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.

For Kidney Complaint of *either* sex this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.

"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are *the best in the world* for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.

All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others.

Philadelphia, Pa. (2) Mrs. A. M. D.

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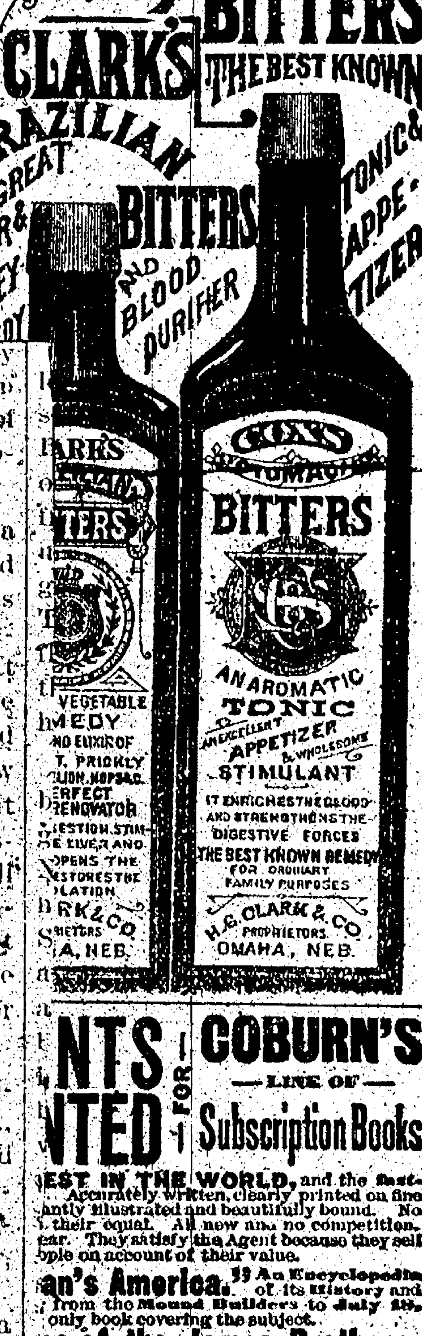
CLARK'S THE BEST KNOWN
BRAZILIAN
THE GREAT LIVER & KIDNEY ... BITTERS AND BLOOD PURIFIER
TONIC & APPETIZER



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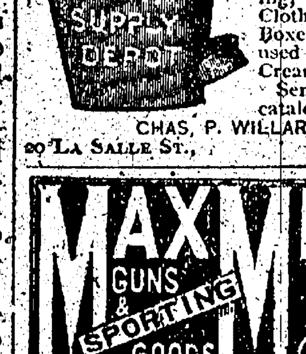

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IS PUBLISHED

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WM H. HARRISON, } Proprietors.
A. T. JONES, }

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year $1 50
One copy, six months 75

SATURDAY, NOV. 4, 1882.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES W. DAWES, of Saline.

For Lieutenant-Governor,
A. W. AGEE, of Hamilton,

For Secretary of State,
E. P. ROGGEN, of Lancaster.

For Treasurer,
LORAN CLARK, of Boone.

For Auditor,
JOHN WALLICHS, of Hall.

For Comm'r of Public Lands and Buildings,
A. G. KENDALL, of Howard.

For Attorney-General,
ISAAC POWERS, of Dakota.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
W. W. JONES, of Lancaster.

For Regent of the University,
C. H. GERE, of Lancaster.

For Congress, First District,
A. J. WEAVER,
Of Richardson County.

For District Senator,
J. S. DEW,
Of Johnson County.

For District Representative,
M. K. WALKER,
Of Pawnee County.

For County Representative,
GEORGE M. HUMPHREY,
Of Pawnee City.

For County Commissioner,
S. A. ISAACS,
Of Turkey Creek.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Resolved, That the Republicans in Nebraska, in convention assembled, stand by the fundamental principles of the Republican party as enunciated in an unbroken line of National and State platforms, the chief of which are free labor; free speech; the right of every qualified citizen to vote once at every election and have that vote counted under just and equitable election laws; free, non sectarian schools; sound currency on a specie basis, under National control; the raising of National revenue by taxation of luxuries and articles of consumption not essential to the comfort and well being of the people; and from a tariff on imports, so adjusted as to protect home labor and the investment of capital in home industries, and legislative control of corporations.

Resolved, That we uphold and heartily the enforcement by well considered legislation of the clause in our State organic law that prohibits unjust discriminations and extortions by railroad corporations, while recognizing the importance of fostering and protecting them as necessary factors in our progress and prosperity; and that we trust to the honesty and courage of the people, in their political capacity, to repel encroachments of corporate power upon the rights and privileges of citizens on the one hand, and on the other to deal justly and fair with all property interests under whatever name or form, without unjust discrimination or extortion in the matter of levying taxes, or regulating prices of commodities or charges for services.

Resolved, That the policy of the State Board of Lands and Buildings, favoring the leasing for terms of years of our School, University and Agricultural College lands at a fair rental in preference to selling the same, under the option given by law, meets with our approval as the best possible means of preserving the heritage of our children, and providing regular and ever increasing revenue for educational purposes.

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the nomination of A. J. Weaver in the First and E. K. Valentine in the Third Congressional Districts by the regular Republican Conventions and exhort all good Republicans in their respective districts to support them with voice and vote.

Wake up! Next Tuesday is election day, and you should go to the polls and vote. Let us have a fair and full representation next year.

Paupers are allowed to go from the Poor house to the polls, and vote. Surely your wife is capable of voting as intelligently as a pauper. If you think differently, you certainly do not respect her much.

The other day as we stood idly on the street, we overheard two well known citizens of Table Rock Precinct discussing the Woman Suffrage question. Said one of them:—"I am a Woman's Rights man, but not a Suffragist. I believe in keeping woman in her proper sphere." We did not remain to hear the remainder of the logical conversation. We were too much bewildered by the assertions he made to comprehend anything, had we lingered. The party is well know to us, and we know for a fact that his wife has for years toiled at menial labor that no one but a man should perform, such as doing chores, attending to stock, chopping wood, &c., and we firmly believe that the physical exertion of the work she has done, has cut short her life ten years,—being now bowed with premature old age. Bah! Such sophistry is disgusting.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

J. W. Shaw is hereby announced as a candidate for Assessor of Table Rock Precinct. —Many Citizens.

Vote for Humphrey, Walker, and Dew, and you vote for HONORABLE practical business men. This is more than can be said of their opponents.

As advertised, Ex Gov. Butler and C. N. Mayberry addressed the people of Table Rock at the M. E. church, Friday night. The Gov. is very favorably impressed with his own greatness and goodness, and the major part of his address was made up of self laudations. If the remarkable syncophantic utterances which he made had come from the lips of any other citizen of Pawnee County, they would have been hooted in derision. Butler is fast loosing his powers, his speech being very weak as compared with his former ones.

W. C. Starkey, Chairman of the Anti-Monop. Executive Committee, has handed in a card to all the Pawnee papers, as follows:

"Eds.—Please announce the name of G. L. Griffing, of Table Rock, as an Independant Anti-Monopoly candidate for Commissioner. By request of many citizens wha are opposed to Mr. Isaacs."

We cannot for one Instant entertain the though that Mr. Griffing has consented to be a candidate at the hands of such a party, or that he was knowing to the fact that his name would be made use of. However, if—as we are assured—he has accepted the appointment, in the light of his numerous unsuccessful attempts to secure a regular nomination, it is evident that he "wants a office" about as bad as Petroleum V. Nasby ever did. Mr. Swen A. Isaacs will be elected by almost a unanimous vote. Not a day passes by but that numerous voters attest their friendship and segard for the man who sacrificed a limb that our County might live.

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bridgeship which was ...
to-day has been postponed until ...
row.

CHINA.

MADRID, Oct. 24.—An offic...
patch from Manilla dated the 21st st...
typhoon destroyed all the woo...
thatched houses and carried away ...
tiled roofs of others. Sixty thousan...
ilies are homeless. The barracks, ...
government offices and factories ...
stroyed. The loss of life, however, ...
tively small. Malacan and Boulac ...
also devastated. Communication ...
rupted between Manilla and towns ...
island of Lenzon.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 24.—T...
in the lumber yards along the rive...
have been extinguished, with a loss ...
000 roubles. The property was ins...
half that amount in Russian Eng...
panies.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Oct. 25.—Further ...
tend to confirm the news of the mas...
Christians at Soudan. According ...
private advices from Kharlenin, th...
tians are preparing for defense, thr...
forts, digging ditches, etc. The ...
are desperate, the garrison being ...
of only one thousand, while the false ...
et is leading the assault at the head ...
men.

It is expected that the khediv...
on Friday, issue his decree offering ...
to all rebel officers below the rank ...
tain.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—A dispatch ...
Cairo says it is rumored that the ...
ordered proceedings against Arabi ...
be stopped.

In the house of commons this ...
ing Gladstone pressed his motion wh...
introduced yesterday to defer all ...

The most difficult task in the life of politicians, is perhaps that of dealing with facts, and not allowing prejudice to influence their judgment. Honesty has been the leading characteristic of the public life of Judge Folger, the present nominee of the Republican party in New York; and his honesty is broadly demonstrated in his letter of acceptance, where, though he insists his nomination was regular, also reflects upon some parts of the proceedings of the Convention being of an unpleasant and unconciliatory nature.

But when we reflect, and know, that all the devices known to politicians of this age, were resorted to, in order to defeat Mr. Folger's candidacy, we cannot hesitate to say that this nomination was just, and proper, and that he deserves the united support of his party.

We have always been an admirer of James G. Blaine. Consequently we have been identified with that faction of the party known as Half-breeds, and was pleased to know that the delegation from Nebraska to the Chicago convention, represented the stronger element of our party in this state, and supported Mr. Blaine for President. The contest as between Blaine and Grant was earnestly, though pleasantly conducted, and the result emphatically declared that Mr Blaine's friends predominated in the politics of our state. But it comes to us now that there is a sprinkle of dishonesty in the half breed ring of the Republican party, not only local in its nature, but apparently universal, and more particularly in those Districts that have feverted in sympathy with the present administration. At Chicago, when the Anti-Stalwart delegates combined and made the nomination of Mr. Garfield possible, it was Mr. Conkling, the acknowledged leader of the Stalwart element, in that Convention, that said, "MR. CHAIRMAN, I MOVE YOU THAT THE NOMINATION OF JAMES A. GARFIELD BE MADE UNANIMOUS." A motion that was universally concurred in, by the 306 who now wear the Grant Medal." We have the first time to hear of any one incident, where the Stalwart faction of the party, failed to roll up their sleeves and work faithfully for the Nominees of the regular Conventions, together with the principles of the best political party that God ever smiled on.

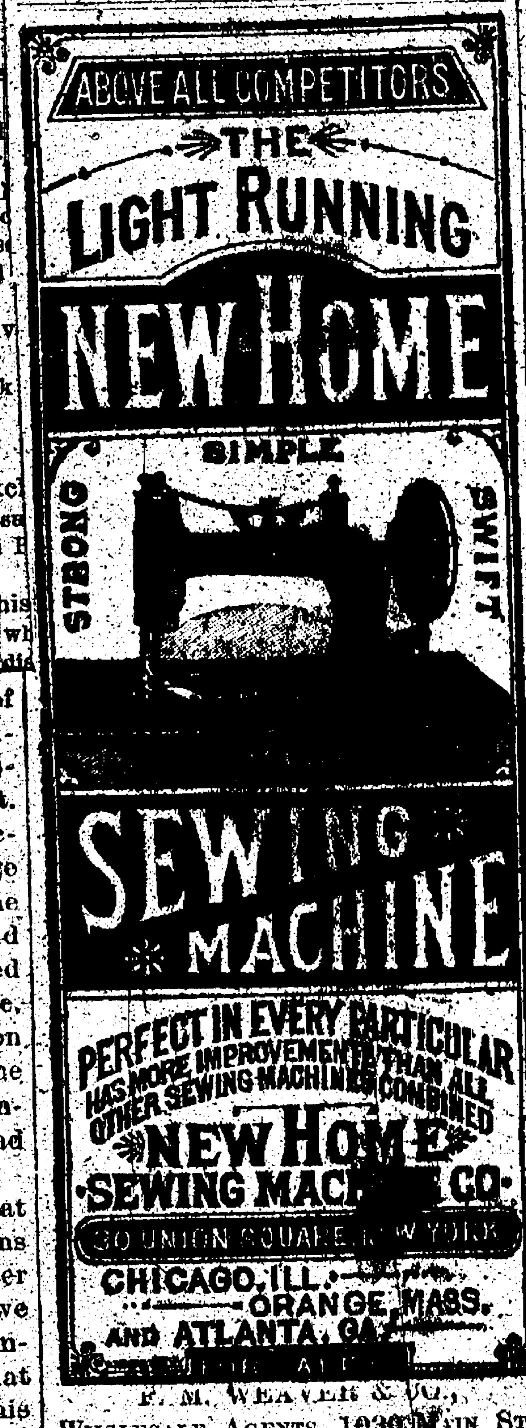
Is it because Mr. Laird, in the Second District, is a Stalwart, that there are some few objections to his candidacy? and is it because Mr. Valentine in the Third is strongly supported by the Stalwart element of that District, that the Omaha Bee chooses to slander him so outrageously? and does Mr. Van Wyck oppose Mr. Valentine on the same principles?

Mr. Laird was not our choice, personally, in the Second District, nor was Mr. Valentine, in the Third; but as they were the unanimous choice of the Republican party in those Districts, we can with as much pleasure endorse their candidacy as though we had been there and re...

There are no party differences in the First District. It has never been our pleasure to know of a candidate for any office that received the endorsement from the members of their party, that A. J. Weaver receives from the members in his District, not even excepting the great Southern statesman, Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia.

NOTICE.

A meeting will be held at the M. E. church next Monday evening, for the purpose of a general discussion of the Woman Suffrage Amendment. All are solicited to attend and give their views.



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Southwest of Square.

We keep constantly on hand,
LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,
LIME, CEMENT, DOORS,
SASH, BLINDS, BUILDING PAPER, POSTS,
And such other commodities as belong to the trade. Estimates made on application.

WM. FELLERS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

South of Public Square.

Call on me, and select from my large and diversified stock of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
CLOTHING,
BUILDING HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

BEST GRADES OF FLOUR
On hand at all times. I can make it of interest to you to purchase of me.

LINN & COOPER,

DEALERS IN

STOCK GRAIN AND COAL.

The Pioneer Stock and Grain Buyers of Pawnee County.

OPERATE AT TABLE ROCK, HUMBOLDT, AND AUBURN.

We pay at all times the highest market price for
STOCK AND GRAIN,
And keep constantly on hand a large stock of
HARD AND SOFT COAL.
Can always find us at our office, with Richardson, Linn & Cooper, or at the scale office, near the depot.

AYLOR & MITCHELL,

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LIVERY AND FEED STABLE.

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run Stage to and from Pawnee City, connecting with All Trains.

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Keeps one of the best selected stocks of General Merchandise in Pawnee County.

WILL SELL GOODS

FOR CASH, AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

And Pays the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

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ALLEN, MERWIN & MATHEWSON,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

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TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT

OF

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE,

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Stone south of square.

FELLERS & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Stationery, Blank Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

CIGARS, TOBACCOS,

CHOICE CONFECTIONS,

BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID

PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC., UNDERTAKERS'

GOODS, ETC., ETC., AL-

WAYS ON HAND.

Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE COOPER

Has a new full and complete stock of

MILLINERY GOODS

Which she offers at rates that cannot be duplicated in Pawnee County.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,

IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,

FOR CASH,

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

M. H. MARBLE,

Real Estate Agent.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE.

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.

I keep the freshest and choicest of Groceries, and will not be undersold,

FOR CASH.

Call and see me once, and you will come again.

The ARGUS from now until Jan. 1st, 1884, for $1.50.

Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by F. & J.

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for Consumption, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Sold by Fellers & Jones.

For lame Side, Back or Chest use Shiloh's Porus Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Fellers & Jones.

Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. F. & J.

Catarrah Cured, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catrrah Remedy. Price 50 cents Nasal Injecter free. Fellers & Jones.

That hacking cough can be so quickly by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Fellers & Jones.

Sleepless nights, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Fellers & Jones.

Will you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. F. & J.

If you want to see something real handsome, call and see the White Sewing Machine, at Fellers & Jones.

Bulk lime, and brick for sale, two and one half miles North West of Table Rock. John Dudar.

FENCE POSTS, forks, poles, etc. ——Good body posts all lengths, for sale at from 5 to 20 cents each, one mile south west of Table Rock.

N. G. Swayzee.

FOR SALE, one span of work horses, and harness; cheap for cash.

O. W. Griffing. 5 miles north west of Table Rock.

REMEMBER THIS that it costs you from 3 to 5 dollars more to insure with these traveling AGENTS than it will with an agent in your town. My rates in the SPRINGFIELD, are $1.50 per hundred, CASH for 5 years or, $1.80 on TIME. Give me a call and learn what liberal terms I can give you. WILL L SCISM.

ADMINSTRATORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all who are indebted to John Blacklaw, deceased, from whatever source—store accounts, mill accounts or personal debts, must call and settle, either by cash or note, before the 15th day of November, 1882, if they wish to save costs.

MEGARET E. BLACKLAW, } ADMINSTRATOR.
J. D. HARRISON, }

HONEY! HONEY

For sale at M. M. Stover's.

WAGONS! WAGONS! WAGONS! WAGONS!

Peck, the boss Blacksmith, has them.

INTERESTING TO LADIES.

Our lady readers can hardly fail to have their attention called this week to the latest combination of improvements in that most useful of all domestic implements, the "sewing machine."

As we understand it, a machine for family use should meet first of all these requirements. It should be simple in its mechanism, it should run easily, it should do a wide range of work, it should be as nearly noiseless as possible, it should be light, handsome, durable, and as cheap as is consistent with excellence throughout.

These conditions the "Light Running New Home" certainly meets. It has also several very important and useful attachments and "notions" of its own, which go far to make good its claims to popular favor.

Now a great many families have been and are still using the old machines—waiting for the times to improve; waiting for the latest improvements in designs and mechanical excellence.

But why delay longer? Considering the low prices at which good machines are now sold, and the improvements that have been made, now is a good time to buy, and the "New Home" specially recommends itself to purchasers on account of its superior mechanical construction, ease of construction, ease of management and reasonable price. Nearly half a million have been sold in the last three years, all of which are giving universal satisfaction. This unrivalled machine is manufactured by the NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., 30 Union Square, New York, who wish us to say that all who will send for their new illustrated catalogue and enclose their advertisement (printed on another page) will receive a set of fancy advertising novelties of value to those collecting cards, &c.

Freeman for Road Supervisor.

"Fevernager" has had several victims in town this week.

The ARGUS has moved, our head quarters are now at Marble's Real Estate office.

FOR SALE: The store building owned by H. Cooper will be sold cheap for cash. Will L. Scism.

Not enough attention is paid to the matter of filling precinct offices. Only men of good sound judgment, and known ability should be elected.

We have ordered a new Press. The step was necessary because the one we use for the last time, this week, is worn out, and never was any better for the purpose it was alleged to have been manufactured for, than an old fashioned cheese press.

David Jones, of Sheridan precinct, father of the senior proprietor of the ARGUS, has purchased lots three, four, five, six, and nine, in block thirty, and will at once proceed to erect a residence on lot nine; into which he will move early in the Spring.

Subscribe for the ARGUS. We are striving to make it a credit to the town, and this we cannot do without your hearty co-operation. As an additional inducement, we now offer you the ARGUS from the present time until January 1st, 1884, for only $1.50.

Mozena, the brickmaker, has skipped out, leaving many of our business men in the lurch. The man owed some $800 in town, and the brick which he manufactured cannot possibly realize over $600. It is wonderful how good business men will allow themselves to be imposed upon by such a character. Since his departure the Lawyers, Justices, and Constables have been having a fat time, filing liens, attachments &c.

The Denver and Kansas City fast trains now pass through Table Rock in the day time, and the rumble of of the wheels or a shriek of the whistle, is a signal for a general stampede to windows and doors to catch a glimpse of the flyers as they swiftly glide past. The magnificent Pullman sleeping cars attached to the rear of the trains are a new sight to our people, and effect general admiration.

In order to present you with a creditable paper, we have purchased a new Press, and hereafter the ARGUS will not resemble a copy of the Polkrok Zapadu draped in mourning. It has cost us considerable to make the purchase and to make other needed improvements in the office, A few cash subscribers will help us out wonderfully. You who are interested in our success, we are sure, will do us the favor of calling the attention of your friends who have not yet subscribed, to our offer of the ARGUS the next fourteen months, for $1.50.

Charley Chambers, the ever watchful and efficient agent of the B. & M., had quite an adventure, and allowed his suspicions to improve his judgement, last Monday night. A little after dusk he remembered that a car, partly loaded with flour was standing open on the track, and taking a lantern he went to where it was standing to close and secure the door; fancying he heard a noise inside he leaped into the car, and was confronted by a prominent man of town who shaded his eyes with his hand and demanded what was in the north end of the car. Charley gave him the desired information, and he then surveyed the south end and asked what it contained. Chambers again politely informed him that there was flour in that end also, and then asked him his business in the car. The P. M. said that he was passing the car and noticed something glittering inside, and had just climbed in to see what it was, when he (Chambers) arrived. Chambers intimated that the story was too thin, and the P. M. immediately emphatically intimated that C. W. was slightly related to the ancient but somewhat disreputable family of dor. This convinced Chambers that his suspicions were unfounded and he allowed the P. M. to depart in peace. Hereafter with the memory of this rebuke in his mind, he will closely investigate such matters before voicing his suspicions. Things have come to a pretty pass when old Brown can't crawl into a car of flour without eliciting suspicions of foul work, when he only fancied that he saw the glitter of a Hostetter's bitters, bottle and wished to destroy it.

Fancy Lamps—cheap. Fellers & J.

FOUND: A pair of new gloves. Owner will please call for them.

M. R. Pool.

Miss "Cad" Norris has returned from Kansas City.

Henry Freeman will be re-elected to the office of Road Supervisor.

On our first page you will read just how your vote on the Amendment should be prepared.

It is rumored that Al. Jennings has left the State, and also numerous creditors to mourn(?) his departure.

Next Tuesday is election day. Vote to allow your sisters, wife, and daughters, the privilege of the ballot that you enjoy.

Friends, subscribe for the ARGUS the coming week, and we will mail it to you the next fourteen months for the regular subscription price,—$1.50.

Born—to the wife of C. H. Murphy, Wednesday evening, November 1st, a son.

Charles Augustus was fearful that the Amendment would'nt pass, and so changed his original plan, as the family must be represented.

Mr. Davis, of the Real Estate firm of George & Davis, of Burchard, was in town Wednesday. Mr. Davis says that he and his partner are doing an immense business, having two teams constantly employed, showing prospectors over the country. We are glad to know that large and beautiful tracts of vacant land in the vicinity of Burchard are being rapidly taken up.

Friday morning, Mrs. Holmes's old house, standing on the forty North West of town, was discovered on fire. The flames had made such headway inside that it was impossible to save the building. Mr. Joseph Calvin, who lived in the house, did not suffer any loss from the fire, as the whole population of the town assisted in carrying out his goods. The building was one of the first built in Table Rock.

We were surprised last week, to learn that our old friend, T. C. Davis, so long employed as manager of the Blacklaw Mill, is no longer a resident of this State. We received a card from him last Saturday, requesting us to mail the ARGUS to him at Imogene, Iowa, where he is now located. Tom has bought a half interest in a flouring mill at that place, and as he thoroughly understands the business he will succeed.

C. S. Wood informs us that his brother, of Streator, Illinois, has not given up his project of organizing a National Bank in Table Rock. He has disposed of his business in Streator, and is making active preparations to remove here at once. We anxiously await his coming,—partly because we are in great need of the institution he will found, but mostly because he is of the class of business we are glad to welcome. We are not personally acquainted with him, but are assured by those who are, that he has all the grit, vim, and good sense that characterizes his brother "Charley."

The Woman's Club met at Mrs. Peck's on Saturday afternoon Oct. 25th. The President, Vice President, and Secretary being absent, the Club was called to order by Mrs. Mitchell, and Mrs. Howe was appointed Secretary pro tem.

The discussion of the question was commenced by an essay from Mrs. Mitchell which delighted the Club; this was followed by one from Mrs. Fellers which was very interesting. Mrs. Freeman followed with some remarks upon the necessity of noticing how young men are brought up, to know whether they will make good husbands or not. She brought up her boys to help her, and they could cook a meal as well as she could. Mrs. Gross and others also spoke on the subject; Mrs. Lydia Griffing thought a young man's parents and ancestors should be taken into consideration in choosing a husband. After recess Miss Sue Linn read a charming selection upon choosing a name. Roll call elicited some interesting responses. Mrs. Marble reported from the committee to interview the ARGUS that all was satisfactory. —Programme for discussion at next meeting, "What shall we read?" Essays, Mrs. Marble, and Mrs Hough; Select reading, Mrs. Richardson, and Mrs. Gregs. —Mrs. Wheaton, Sec'y.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

GENERAL.

During the week ended October 22, there were $95,300 standard silver dollars put in circulation by the mint. The corresponding period last year but $54,497 were issued.

Wichita, Kas., has been shaken up by an earthquake of five seconds duration. Windows rattled, walls swayed, and furniture moved, but no damage was done.

Mrs. Langtry, the English professional beauty, has arrived in New York.

E. Peshine Smith, at different times editor of the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, Rochester Democrat and Albany Evening Journal, and recently chief law officer of the Japanese government, died at Rochester on Saturday night.

At Cincinnati recently the switchboard wires of the Western Union telegraph office melted to the estimated number of 500. Business was demoralized till 6 in the evening. The difficulty is supposed to be caused by crossing of the wires immediately under the switch-board.

At Chester, Pa., October 22d, society of friends met to observe the bi-centennial anniversary of the landing of William Penn. The attendance was very large, crowds coming from far and near. A representation of the landing from an old-fashioned yawl boat was given. A letter was read from Whittier the poet, enclosing a poem upon Penn, written in 1824. Two thousand school children sang "My Country 'Tis of Thee." The celebration was in every way worthy of the occasion.

Ex-Governor Edstraw, of New Hampshire, is dead. He was sixty-three years of age.

The first regular train on the New York, Chicago & St. Louis road, known as the "Nickle-Plate" left Chicago for Cleveland on the 23d, and the road is now open for business.

At New York the theater was crowded at the sale of seats for the first appearance of Mrs. Langtry. Box B sold to Chas. Wyndham, of the Famous Beauties troupe, for $820. F, E and H, brought $50, $40 and $35 each. Seven first choice seats were bought for $17 50 each. Others sold for from $4 40 to $14 50, according to location.

A collision occurred between a passenger and freight train on the Lexington branch, narrow gauge, of the Missouri Pacific, near Adams station, Missouri. The engines came together on a short trestle and was badly wrecked. The fireman and a passenger were crushed between the cab and tender. Their injuries are probably fatal.

In the suit of the Union Pacific railroad company against the Credit Mobilier of America, begun in the supreme court October 23, judgment by default was taken against them for $1,299,350.

A fire in the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad yards, at Burlington, destroyed an ice house, the property of the railway company, valued at $3,000. A lot of lumber, which was to be used in the construction of an elevator, by B. Brown & Co., was consumed, together with a lot of carpenters' tools. The total loss is about $15,000.

The grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias of Iowa met in Council Bluffs with an attendance of about one hundred and eighty representatives. The grand lodge was called to order by Grand Chancellor Hibbens, and the preliminary business was transacted.

Hopkinsville, Ky., was almost totally destroyed by an incendiary fire. Loss $350,000.

It is announced that the Nickle Plate road has completed arrangements by which its trains will run from Buffalo over the Erie to Elmira, New York, and over the Lehigh Valley into New York City, and when the Lehigh is completed to Buffalo trains will run direct over its track from the Nickle Plate terminus.

Vanderbilt has purchased a controlling interest in the Nickle Plate road, at 17 for common stock and 37 for preferred.

Rowell withdrew from the walking match, with 377 miles.

The last legislature of Ohio appropriated $100,000 to place a bust of Garfield in the old hall of the house of representatives, at Washington. The commission to examine designs met at Columbus and inspected models by Preston Powers, of Rome. Nichaus and Rebisso, of Cincinnati, Carpenter, of Dayton, Bally, of Washington, McDonald, of New York, and other artists were consulted, but no selection will be announced till Mrs. Garfield is consulted as to her choice.

Robert Law has resigned the superintendency of the Union Pacific system of Wyoming, Utah, Idaho and Montana to accept the general superintendency of the system of Iowa, Illinois and Missouri, belonging to the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy company.

A matinee at the Olympic theatre, St. Louis, given by John McCullough as a benefit for the widow and children of Col. A. W. Slayback, netted between seven and eight thousand dollars.

The rag warehouse of the Graham Paper company, St. Louis, burned. Loss nearly if not quite total. The building was valued at $12,000; stock, $18,000.

In the Scoville insanity case on trial at Chicago, Louis Scoville, son of the alleged demented, testified he believed his mother insane because she persisted in the notion that she could write books and lecture successfully and because she ran a boarding house when she was losing money.

The bonded indebtedness of the Denver and Rio Grande railway is stated at $36,818,500, and alleges the fact to be that mortgages on the road to secure bonds amount to $51,000,000, while the rolling stock and other bonds swell the total to $54,531,000, and suggests the only safety of bondholders is to apply for an injunction and accounting.

Military day in the bi-centennial celebration at Philadelphia, was observed on the 27th, and the military parade was the principal feature. Over 20,000 in line, including 10,000 members of the Grand Army posts. President Arthur, Secretary Lincoln and Governor Hoyt reviewed the parade. The crowds were immense, and decorations profuse.

WASHINGTON.

Eighty employes of the pension bureau have been recommended for promotion.

The president has accepted another 25 miles of the Northern Pacific railroad in Montana coming eastward.

The Japan minister and suite and minister from Vienna, after a journey of 23 days and 19 hours from Yokohama—the quickest time on record—arrived.

Acting Secretary of the Treasury French decides that a Chinaman having a through ticket from New York to any place in the United States, having passed through Canada on the Grand Trunk, is entitled to admission in the United States without further evidence of his right than such ticket.

The board of directors of the Garfield monument fair association announce that reduced rates over the various railroads leading to Washington has been secured.

The report of the surgeon general of the army shows that among white troops the total number of cases of all kinds taken on the sick list the past year was 34,880, being at the rate of 16.79 per 1,000 of main strength. Among the colored troops the cases were 499, or 18.10 per 1,000 of main strength. There were 216 deaths among the white troops, 25 among colored and 9 among Indian troops.

At the instance of the department of justice warrants have been issued for the arrest of Frederick H. Fail, late employe of the department; Arthur Payne and Thomas R. Foote, go-betweens, in the attempt to bribe Juror Brown and Frederick C. Shaw, one of the original panel in the star route trial, charged with corruptingly approaching Juryman Doniphan. Fail and Payne are said to have left town. Foote resides in Newark, N. J., and up to a late hour to-night no arrests are reported.

The hearing of arguments in the political assessment case of Newton M. Curtis was continued in the United States supreme court. Edwin B. Smith of counsel for petitioner, replied at some length to the argument of the solicitor general, and was repeatedly interrupted by questions.

The statement to the effect that political affairs in New York and Pennsylvania and other states have been the subject for discussion at cabinet meetings is authoritatively denied by the president and members of his cabinet.

The second assistant postmaster general is now sending out an advertisement inviting proposals for star route service upon 288 routes in Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin, and 619 routes scattered throughout the United States.

The committee of ways and means of the house of representatives meet in this city the 20th of November to assign to subcommittees all subjects having reference to the tariff. It is expected by that time the tariff commission will have submitted a partial report.

The secretary of the navy has received the reports of Chief Engineer Melville and Lieut. Danenhower, of the Arctic exploring steamer Jeannette. Engineer Melville's report is a detailed narrative of his experience subsequent to separation of the Jeannette boats at the mouth of the Lena river, including adventures of the crew of the whale boat's search for the lost party of Capt. DeLong and discovery of their dead bodies. The report gives somewhat fuller details than have hitherto been published, but contains no fact of consequence which may not be found in reports, letters and interviews already in print. Lieut. Danenhower's report is a detailed narrative of his journey home through Siberia from Balun, at the head of the Lena delta, to St. Petersburg.

The department of justice has made public the first part of the reports of the special counsel (H. H. Wells) appointed to aid in the trial of certain criminal offences alleged committed in the recent trial of the star route cases, so-called. Wells says: Affidavits show, if they are to be believed, that members of the jury were offered bribes in money for their votes, which they listened to and considered with persons thus attempting to debauch them, and these solicitations it is alleged proceeded as well from agents of the government as from agents of the persons on trial. But I assume it can make no difference whose agents made the disgraceful proposals, and that condign punishment should fall upon all guilty persons. The case of juror Edwin A. Doniphan is first considered. It appears before the jury was sworn one Frederick E. Shaw, a member of the regular panel, said to Doniphan that he would like to get "on this case," and having been peremptorily challenged by Merrick for the United States, he abused Merrick. From the affidavit of James Lord it appears that immediately after Shaw had testified in his voir dire he was an impartial juror and had been rejected, he said, "Oh, well, damn it, they will never convict them anyhow. If I was on there I would hold out till hell froze over before they should be convicted." At another time later he said he would do anything in the world to save Dorsey. Shaw said to Doniphan: "Look here; I have got a dammed good thing for you and will make a little myself, too. I have got money in my pocket to give you if you favor S. W. Dorsey. I have two or three hundred dollars I can give you now, and will make it $2,000 within ten days." Juror Wm. K. Brown makes affidavit that he was approached on the part of the government and offered $2,500. The man, says Brown, was a member of my lodge. I believe he did not know what he was doing. His name was Arthur Payne (colored). He brought me an agreement. He must have thought I was a damned fool. I said, "Who sent you to me?" I would like to see the man." He said his name was Fall. As soon as he said that I was confident they did not intend to give me any money, but just see what I would say. I drove him away. He said he would convict Brady and Dorsey and any of them. It was my opinion he was putting up a job on me." When Brown read the agreement he was to sign he said to Payne: "I am going according to evidence. Fall is a dammed rascal, and you can both go to hell." Wells says it is apparent from the whole history of the alleged attempt upon Brown's virtue that it was not done with the knowledge of or in the interest of the prosecution; that its guilty authors were neither agents nor acted with the knowledge or approval of any officer of the department of justice. It was a deliberate and carefully prepared conspiracy against the administration of justice.

The treasury department decides that Chinese laborers residing in the United States at the date of the confirmation of the treaty of 1880 can return at their pleasure, and if they leave the country before the passage of the act cannot be required to produce the certificate prescribed by that statute.

The bureau of engraving and printing are directed to prepare plates for printing gold certificates of the denominations of $2, $50 and $100, which will bear the engraved signatures of the treasurer and register of the United States and be issued from the treasury in the same manner as legal tender notes.

The postoffice department decides that the privilege accorded publishers of second class matter, namely, to print upon wrappers of periodicals a request that if the same be not called for in a limited time it may be delivered to any one of the class of persons named, cannot be extended to senders of third class matter.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Wm. Dickson, on affidavit of Juror McNeil, for endeavoring to improperly influence the verdict in the star route jury, and another warrant was issued for his arrest on the affidavit of Brewster Cameron, with affidavits of H. A. Brown and Judge Wilson, charging Dickson with conspiring with Geo. W. Drever and others to get money from the United States through Brewster Cameron for the purpose of impending justice.

Special Counsel H. H. Wells, investigating attempts to bribe jurors in the star route trial, says in his report to the attorney-general of Juror Dickson's sworn statement of August 23d, that it was to be used, not for his own protection against such results—bribery by Bowen and Cameron—but as a means of persuading his fellow jurymen into verdicts of acquittal, and was accordingly so used after the jury had retired, and when they were considering their verdict, and in violation of instructions of the court.

The paymaster general of the army, in his report for the fiscal year, shows total receipts and disbursements for the year to be $15,132,245.

Col. Ingersoll is engaged in preparing a reply to the report of special counsel Wells, which will be made public within a short time.

A general navy court martial has been ordered for the trial of Captain Alfred Hopkins, on charge of unofficerlike conduct in having deserted his post at the navy yard, Pensacola, upon the first appearance of yellow fever.

Foreman Dickson of the star route jury has been arrested. He was arraigned in the police court, and gave bond in $5,000 to appear.

The report of the superintendent of foreign mails for the last fiscal year shows 453,000 pounds more were transported than the previous year, not including Canadian mail. The cost for ocean transportation was $41,000. Amounts estimated necessary for foreign mail service for the fiscal year 1883-84 are as follows: Transportation of mails, $330,000; balance due foreign countries, including proportionate share of expenses of the internal bureau of the postal union and other items, $60,000; total, $140,000.

POLITICAL.

The brewers' association of Chicago has sent circulars to nominees for congress and the state legislature propounding questions as to their standing on the question of prohibition, with the understanding that silence would be construed as opposed to the terms of the association.

At a recent meeting of the Tammany hall committee on organization, a resolution was passed declaring that no countenance should be given to any person claiming to be a democrat who gives support to the citizens' ticket, which is regarded as a movement to aid the republican state ticket, and calling upon the democratic state committee to return to Mayor Grace the $1,000 subscription he has tendered them for campaign purposes as a cover for his treachery and ingratitude to his party, and that said Grace be expelled from the councils of the state committee.

CRIME.

Two hod-carriers at Auburn, Me., quarreled and engaged in a fight on a scaffold at the third story, 50 feet from the ground. They clinched for a moment, and then together they fell. They struck the ground, and were picked up mangled and dead. Both leave large families dependent upon them for support.

Charles Ford, attending the trial of his brother Robert, at Plattsburg, Mo., has been arrested on a charge of complicity in robbery of the Lexington and Richmond stage coach in September, 1881.

Jno. Devoy, editor of the New York Irish Nation, arrested on the charge of libelling August Belmont, has been released on bail.

While custom officers were riding along the road near Sonora river, in Arizona, looking for smugglers, they were fired upon by a party who, supposed they were cattle thieves. One of the officers was killed.

Charles Thurber, the negro who ouraged Mrs. Burbank and the Norwegian girl near Norton, D. T., was taken from the jail by a mob two thousand strong and lynched.

Emerson G. Watson, engineer of the Troy and Greenfield locomotive, which ran into the caboose loaded with workmen on the Hoosac Tunnel line, on Saturday last, causing several deaths, was arraigned on charge of homicide. He pleaded not guilty and went to jail.

At San Francisco an officer watching the Ohiuese steamer Arabia saw a boat run along side and receive packages from the ship. As the boat moved off, the officer opened fire. One of the boatmen dropped his oar, crying out that he was shot. The packages were thrown overboard, and the boat escaped in the darkness. The packages were recovered and found to contain opium and silks to the value of nearly $40,000.

A Leadville special says that as the stage from Malta, due at 8 o'clock, reached a point opposite the Arkansas Valley smelter in the suburbs of this city, it was stopped by two masked men. The passengers were compelled to get out and stand in a row. One road agent covered the passengers with his revolver while the other went through them. They obtained $2,000.

The Keewanee, bank robbers—J. J. Pratt, E. N. Welch and Albert Dunkle—plead guilty and were sentenced six years to hard labor in the penitentiary. J. L. Scott, an accomplice, was sentenced to four years.

Near Stillwater, Minn., a farmer named Klingbite, a desperate character, attacked his sleeping wife with a knife cutting her horribly. His son who interfered was stabbed to the heart and fell dead. Another son informed the officers of the law who found the murderer in his barn still clinging to the knife. A desperate fight ensued, Klingbite rushing at the officers like a madman. The officers shot him through the body and finally overcome him and lodged him in jail where he is dying.

Arthur Payne, for whom warrants were issued in connection with the attempt to bribe Juror Brown in the star route case, has been arrested. The government intends to have a full hearing in the police court so the public may judge of the merits of the prosecution. It is believed the defendants will waive examination and go directly to the grand jury.

C. H. Tiffany, formerly an Indian agent, has been arrested in New York charged with conspiracy to defraud the government of upward of $6,500, by embezzlement and perjury. There are five indictments. Tiffany gave bail in $6,000 for examination. He says he resigned his position last July, and has been engaged in the steel business in this city since April last. He said he had heard of the indictments, but did not think they would ever be pressed, as it would not do for him to "tell some things he knew."

The jury in the case of Bob Ford, who has been on trial at Plattsburg, Mo., charged with the murder of Wood Hite, after being out 41 hours, brought in a verdict of not guilty.

An attempt was made to rob the Grand Trunk train at Windsor, Canada. Half a dozen crooks boarded the train and attacked the passengers. They met with prompt resistance and only one man lost anything. The thief was caught before he could escape from the cars and turned over to the authorities.

Some days ago, a young man named Henry D. Bennett, collection clerk for a Minneapolis agricultural implement house, was arrested in Chicago for appropriating checks and drafts belonging to his employers. He has been secretly kept since then. It is now claimed he also gained access to money letters of other firms, and that he had accomplices in Chicago, who passed the checks for him here while he did the like for them in Minneapolis. Who these accomplices were has not transpired.

Some Knotty Questions.

Cincinnati Commercial.

Suppose it true that President Arthur has a disease which must in a few weeks carry him off, or that he had lost his life the other day by accident in the waters of Canada, or was killed in a railway accident, who would succeed him?

Why, Mr. David Davis, of Illinois, and the Presidential election would not take place until November of next year, while the term of Mr. Davis expires in March next.

Now, who would be the president after the 4th of March next?

Would the office stick to Davis or Davis to the office? Or, suppose Arthur and Davis both to pass away before the 4th of March, who would be the man?

Why, Keifer.

And could he hold office after the term for which he was elected Speaker?

There are elements of trouble around these presidential puzzles, and our immortal Constitution and wonderful laws generally leave us in a hole.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

A Proclamation by the President.

By the president of the United States of America, a proclamation:

In conformity with custom, annual observance of which is justly held in honor by this people, I, Chester A. Arthur, president of the United States, do hereby set apart Thursday, the 30th day of November next, as a day of public thanksgiving. Blessings demanding our gratitude are numerous and varied: For peace and amity, which subsist between this republic and all nations of the world; freedom from internal discord and violence; for increasing friendship between the different sections of this land of liberty, justice and constitutional government; for devotion of the people to our free institutions and their cheerful obedience to the laws; for constantly increasing strength of the republic, while extending its privileges to fellowmen who come to us; for improved means of internal communication and increased facilities of intercourse with other nations; for general prevailing health of the year; for prosperity of all our industries; liberal return for the mechanics' toil, affording markets for the abundant harvests of the husbandmen; for preservation of the national faith and credit; for wise and generous provision to effect the intellectual and moral education of our youth; for influence upon the consciences of restraining and transforming religion, and for joys of the home. For these and for many other blessings we should give thanks. Wherefore I do recommend that the days above designated be observed throughout the country as a day of national thanksgiving and prayer, and that the people, ceasing from their daily labors and meeting in accordance with their several forms of worship, draw near to the throne of Almighty God, offering to Him praise and gratitude for the manifold good which He has vouchsafed to us, and praying that His blessings and mercies may be continued. And I do further recommend that the day thus appointed may be made a special occasion for deeds of kindness and charity to the suffering and needy, so that all who dwell in the land may rejoice and be glad in this season of national thanksgiving.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR,
President.

The Preacher and the Tramp.

Arkansas Traveler.

"Is this the Rev. Mr. Mulkittle?" said a kind of out-of-reason man, entering the library of a well-known Little Rock minister.

"Yes, sir; have a seat."

"I have called to transact a piece of business which to the world may seem ridiculous, but which, viewed from a spiritual eminence, is of importance."

"What is it?"

"I want you to love me."

"Love you!" gasped the good man, regarding the petitioner, and inwardly vowing that he had never before met a repulsive human being.

"Yes, sir; I want you to love me;" and he sat down and closed his eyes as though he intended to await the announcement of the decision. "The command is to love one another. I confess that I love you," and opening his eyes he leered at the preacher.

"Well, sir," said the minister, "your demand after all is simple. I suppose that you have been lost for many years, and have just tasted grace, and that you especially want the love of ministers. Yes, I love you."

"Thank you. Now, when we love any one we are willing to help him. Gimme a dollar, sir; gimme a dollar. Out of the love you bear me, gimme a dollar."

The minister arose, took down a box and handed the visitor a dollar. "Good-bye. I hope you will always love me"—and the visitor was gone.

"How did you make it?" asked a rough-looking man, when they reached a street corner not far away.

"Fine. Never met but one preacher that got away with me, and he was an old Baptist that insisted upon ducking me into the river before he could love me. Preachers like something odd. The old style of striking 'em is repealed."

"Let me see the money."

Here she is; a new dollar. Let's go take something."

"I guess not. The thing is counterfeit." It was a vile imitation, and the two thieves looked at each other in silence. The minister poked his head over the fence and laughed. The dollar had come to him in contribution box.

A Lobster.

Talks about Science.—Dunman.

We find that the lobster uses one of his claws for the purpose of anchoring himself. After he has been swimming about for some time and he wants to stop and think, he lays hold of something with this claw, which is the one with the little rounded teeth. While he is resting there, there probably goes along something very tempting in the way of food, and then he uses the other claw, which has the small saw-like teeth, to lay hold of it. Then, of course, he carries it in his mouth, also assisted by the other claw. Again, while he is dealing in the manner I have described, he may see some one against whom he has a grudge, or, perhaps, one of those bipeds calling themselves men may come and interfere with him, and then he flourishes his claws, and very probably he, as the lawyers say, inserts a "claws," or rather a pair, and if he does so, there is no necessity for obtaining information as to the effect, you will know it yourself; because those claws are very powerful nipping organs, and you would probably make a remark if one of them caught hold of you.

Old Ways.

Norristown Herald.

Blotting paper was discovered in 1455. Previous to that, when a man dropped a splotch of ink on the lower lefe hand co.ner of his paper, he would give it a lick with his tongue toward the upper right hand corner, and make a better picture of the comet of 1880 than any that has yet appeared in the illustrated papers.

DOOM OF THE STEAM ENGINE.

A Prediction That Gas and Electricity Will Succeed It.

Pall Mall Gazette.

Whatever else may survive in the future Dr. Siemens is certain that the steam engine is doomed. Its fate is first to be confined to the driving of large dynamo machines, which will distribute force at present supplied by a myriad of small and wasteful engines, and then to be superseded altogether by this gas engine. Gas and electricity may be mutually hostile, but they are to unite their forces in order to extirpate the steam engine.

The unpardonable sin of the steam engine is that of waste. Even the best of them consume two pounds of coal per horse power per hour; where, says Dr. Siemens, when the gas producer has taken the place of the complex and dangerous steam boiler it will not take one pound of coal to develop one horse for one hour. But before gas banishes steam it will supersede coal as the agent for the development of steam. A pound of gas gives forth exactly twice the heat of a pound of coal, and even this may be improved upon. To burn raw coal is to squander our inheritance.

Dr. Siemens gives some startling figures to prove that the by-products of the coal annually used in gas making are worth three millions sterling more than the coal used in producing them, without allowing anything for the value of the gas. Beside the products already utilized, 120,000 tons of sulphur are now wasted every year, which may yet be converted into a source of income. By abolishing the use of raw coal Dr. Siemens maintains that science, as with some magician's wand, will "banish the black pall of smoke which hangs over our great cities, and restore to them pure air, bright sunshine and blue skies." Nor shall we even have to suffer as compensation for the multiplication of enormous gasometers. The coal will be converted into gas at the bottom of the mine—a prospect not altogether to be contemplated without alarm by the workers in fiery seams—and gas carried by pipe wherever it is wanted.

Electricity will also be made largely serviceable for the distribution of power. Even after allowing 50 per cent. for loss in transmission, the gain is still enormous. The electric light will chiefly be confined to lighting public places. The gaslight will hold its own as the "poor man's friend," and gas heating will become universal. Thus in the near future Dr. Siemens unfolds before our eyes a world in which there will be no smoke and no steam, and where coal will only be visible in the immediate vicinity of the pit. Electricity will light our streets, gas will cook our dinners and driving power will be laid on by wire wherever it is wanted.

There will be no pollution of rivers, for every waste product will be utilized, and the sulphurous fumes which have converted whole counties into scenes of dark desolation will be employed in making the wilderness to blossom as the rose, and in restoring fertility to our exhausted soil. In short, science at last will begin to banish all the manifest abominations which "the black age of manufactures" has defaced the beauty of the land. It is not before time.

ALMOST PERSUADED.

It is not to be wondered at that chronic dyspeptics are peevish, cross and nervous. The disease poisons the blood, weakens the kidneys and shatters the nervous system. To those who feel almost persuaded to try the never failing cure for dyspepsia and general weakness known as Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, we desire to say you make a great mistake by delaying. Now is the time. It will positively restore you to health, strength and vigor. It is the prescription of an eminent physician and is composed of Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Juniper, Iron, Buchu, Celery, and Calisaya. If your druggist does not keep it ask him to get it for you.

A Pretty Shrewd Man.

Texas Siftings.

There was a important private consultation day before yesterday between Col. Percy Yerger and a delegation of influential friends, who want him to come out as a candidate for a local office. Col. Yerger hesitated about allowing his name to be used in connection with the office, but his friends were very urgent that he should run.

"The salary is only about a thousand dollars a year, I believe."

"That's about it," responded his friends.

"And if I run I'll have to charter several saloons."

"Just so," said his friends, looking wistful, and smacking their lips.

"And if I want to be re-elected I'll have to keep on treating my friends, so they may not become a prey to the rival candidate."

"That's it! How he catches on! Hurrah for Col. Yerger, the poor man's friend! Let's have a tonic!" were the exclamations of his enthusiastic friends.

"Gentlemen, I have listened to your arguments; I have become convinced there is something in them."

"Then you will be a candidate before the people."

"Not much, but I have determined to go into the saloon business on a cash basis."

Then they filed out into the street, as sick looking a crowd as ever was seen on Austin avenue.

Mr. O. B. Young, of Portsmouth, O., writes: "I suffered severely from piles and indigestion. My urine was cloudy, full of sediment and voided with pain. My general health was very poor, the least exertion gave me great fatigue, for I was very weak. I was recommended to try Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla by a Cincinnati friend who had been cured by it of liver complaint and weak kidneys. Three bottles made a well man of me."

Thoughtful Mary.

Toledo American.

"I don't see how I'd get along without Mary, nohow," Mrs. Blucher observed, pausing to wipe the perspiration from her aged features, and put another ladle of soft soap into the steaming suds, while her daughter's voice at the piano could be distinctly recognized, floating out from the adjoining parlor. "I don't see how I'd get along without that gal, nohow. All days on these days when I hev' the tiringest work she just picks out her nicest pieces, like 'Sweet Rest,' 'By and By,' and 'Mother's Growing Old,' and sings 'em fur me afore she goes out on the lawn to play croquet with the other young folks. 'Taint every gal as ud be so thoughtful I kin tell you. Now, most on 'em ud just bang away with 'Jordan is a hard road to travel,' or 'Whoop 'em up, Eliza Jane,' but she ain't none o' that sort. She's a pile o' comfort," and Mrs. Blucher fanned herself with her apron, preparatory to running the clothes through the second water.

The Retreat of Suvarov.

Finley's Magazine.

All stories pale into insignificance before the losses and sufferings sustained by the army of Suvarov in its retreat from Elr, into the valley of the Vorder Rheine, in October, 1799. It mustered about twenty thousand men, already exhausted by marching, badly clad, ill shod and insufficiently supplied with food. The way was hard from the first, and the further they advanced the greater became the difficulties. The snow was so soft that the men sank up to their hips. The strongest of them could march only a few miles a day. They lost their way among the clouds and mists that often, in early winter, fill the valleys of the Alps, with darkness and gloom. Some were pushed over precipices by the pressure of their comrades behind them; cold, hunger and fatigue killed hundreds. Terrible storms beset these unfortunates, and while they were blinded with snow and driven frantic by the frozen particles blown about by the tempest, rocks rolled from the heights above and crushed them to death. The march of so many men loosened the snow, and avalanche after avalanche flung them by the score into untimely graves. The descent into Graubunden was, if possible, still more disastrous; whole companies slipped together into the yawning abyss; 300 mules with their drivers were buried under one avalanche; and of the 20,000 men who set out from Elm, 3,000 perished on the way.

Can Such Things Be?

Lowell Courier.

A lady in Bradford, who had reached the age and condition when she was compelled to rely on the dentist's aid for her molars and incisors, had just engaged a new importation as a servant girl. Coming down one morning she happened to leave her teeth in her chamber, and before sitting down to breakfast she said to the new girl: "Mary, go up to my room and bring down my teeth." The girl opened her mouth wide in astonishment at this, and when the request was repeated she was more amazed then ever. Seeing this the lady asked her son to do the errand, which he did, and she calmly put the teeth in her mouth and proceeded to sit down to breakfast. The girl stood with growing astonishment depicted on her countenance, and when the teeth were put in place she burst out with the exclamation, "Good God! are yez all so?"

☞ Diamond Dyes will color anything any color, and never fail. The easiest and best way to economize. 10 cents, at all druggists.

The Celebrated Boston and New York Express

Leaves Chicago every day in the year at 5:15 p. m. by the Michigan Central R. R., and arrives in both of these cities early on the second morning after leaving Chicago. There are two Palace Sleeping Cars from Chicago to Boston, and two from Chicago to New York without change. There is a Dining Car in which are served sumptuous meals at the nominal price of seventy-five cents each, from Chicago to Niagara Falls, and the whole train passes in full view of Niagara Falls. The equipment of this line is up to the highest standard of excellence.

N. P. Willis: The sweetest thing in life is the unclouded welcome of a wife.

Try the new "Grand Spring Tobacco.

Belts of artificial autumn leaves are new, and are pretty, albeit a little previous.

"Buchupaiba."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists. Send for book. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City.

The Western farmers are beginning to save all the female calves, sending only the bulls to market. This is a step in the right direction.

Brown's Shakspeare.

Cassius. (hoarsely) "Ye Gods! my throat is sore!"

Brutus. (smilingly) "Try Brown's Tar Troches, wheeze no more."

Julius! Sieze her!

Brown's Family Medicines took the first premium at all the western fairs in Sept. It seems they are appreciated everywhere.

There is a great art in knowing how to give without creating an obligation.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage, Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

The Bad and Worthless

are never imitated or counterfeited. This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy imitated is of the highest value. As soon as it has been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press and people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B. and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B. Many others started nostrums put up in a similar style to H. B., with variously devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such pretended remedies or cures, no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name are imitations or counterfeits. Beware of them. Touch none of them. Use nothing but genuine Hop Bitters, with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label. Trust nothing else. Druggists and dealers are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits.

There is a man in England who gained over fifty pounds in one week. He bet on the winning horse.

Mrs. Smith says:—Makes the skin soft, white and smooth. Dr. C. W. Benson's Skin Cure. Elegantly put up.

Periodical Headaches, fly before Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills. Druggists.

Hair and Scalp diseases thoroughly cured by Dr. Benson's Skin Cure.

Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills cure headaches of every nature promptly.

An engaged girl is happiest when she is telling about it to another girl who is not engaged, and is not likely to be.

Those Accursome Spots on the skin which are termed dandruff are removed by Glenn's Sulphur Soap, which by opening the pores promotes the natural moisture of the hair. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c.

The difference between a dandy and a fat hog—one is dressed to kill and the other is killed to dress.

Why suffer the torment of Hades when German Corn Remover will instantly relieve you? 25c.

The Andover theologues will be aghast when they see themselves referred to by the Springfield Republican as "theologasters."

The Law of Kindness

Is universal; it affects all the human family, all animals, and may be even found in patent medicines. Some are drastic, and the patient is obliged to suffer pains worse than the disease; but in cases of obstinate constipation, dyspepsia, there is no remedy so kind so gentle in its effects, and yet so satisfactory, as Burdock Blood Bitters. Price, $1.

An Entire Success.

It has been proved by the most reliable testimony that Thomas' Eclectric Oil is an entire success in curing the most inveterate cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, lame back, and wounds of every description.

The velvet and diamond winter approaches. Mrs. Shoddy has had her eyes on the cotton-backed and paste article.

25c buys a pair of Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners, makes a boot or shoe last twice as long.

It rains alike on the just and unjust—and on the just mainly because the unjust have borrowed their umbrellas.

Personal—Much Only.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

Ben Franklin said that soft words butter no parsnips, but they have helped elect many a man to office for all that.

Pittsford, Mass., Sept. 28, 1878.

Sirs—I have taken Hop Bitters and recommend them to others as I found them very beneficial. MRS J. W. TULLER,
Sec. Women's Christian Temperance Union.

"How have the mighty fallen?" Well, some slip up on a banana skin, some use the money of the bank for speculation, and fail to connect, and others fall in coal mines in the dark.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other Intermittent Fevers, the **"Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya,"** made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic and for patients recovering from Fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

A common gag in local saloons is to call a man Arabi Bey when they want him to re-treat.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

Farmers, Secure Your Hogs From Cholera.

By treating them with the infallible remedy, "NE PLUS ULTRA," invented and prepared by R. Dorn, Secretary and Manager of the Western Horse and Cattle Insurance Co., Omaha, Neb. Sworn testimonials concerning the curative power of this medicine are in possession of the inventor. Good agents wanted.

PRESS REPORTS.

An Open Letter From Otto J. Doesburg, Proprietor "Holland City News," Holland City Michigan.

It is with no small degree of satisfaction that I express myself as to the magical painkilling and healing properties of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. A bad cold settled in my side and back which affected my kidneys, and and with rheumatism combined, I was suffering terrible pains. I tried remedies and our local doctors with but little relief. As a "forlorn hope" I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and have used only one half a 50-cent bottle, and feel as well again as ever I did in my life.
OTTO J. DOESBURG.

Sold by all Druggists.

PREJUDICE OF THE PRESS OVERCOME.

For fifteen or twenty years I have been troubled with that terrible disease, catarrh; had lost my sense of smell and taste; also my sight and hearing were failing fast. Tried scores of advertised remedies, with no success and finally resolved to overcome my prejudice and make one more trial, which I did with Thomas' Eclectric Oil. After using part of the first bottle I began to feel better, and the improvement rapidly increased, and now I consider myself nearly as well as ever.
O. M. HOLCOMB.

Office of the Seneca Co. "Herald,"
2 Hamilton Block,
Bloomville, Ohio.

Skinny Men.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility. $1. Send for book. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

The comet has a very long tail but a very short period.

When visiting Omaha stop at the Metropolitan Hotel, cor. 12th and Douglas Rates, $2.00 per day.

Redding's Russia Salve is the most wonderful healing medium in the world. Try it.

A mechanical journal advertises "steam jackets." They are probably intended for young men who "go on a bust" but we don't think they will take the place of fall overcoats.

Druggists say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable compound is the best remedy for female weakness that they ever heard of. For it gives universal satisfaction. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlet.

A New York letter carrier was arrested for stealing money letters, when it was discovered that he had four wives. No wonder he had to steal.

There was a young lady quite fair,
Who had much trouble with her hair,
So she bought Carboline
And a sight to be seen,
Is the head of this maiden I declare.

Did Richard III. exclaim, "Give me another horse!" because he was tired of the night-mare he had been riding?

All cases of weak or lame back backache, rheumatism, etc., will find relief by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladona Backache Plasters. Price 25 cents.

Few shares Gold and Silver Mining Stock for sale at one dollar each to continue work. Shares, assays and specimens at Room 11, Frenzer Block, Omaha. R. M. THOMPSON,
Mining Agent.

"The proper study of mankind is man." Pope knew better than to say "woman." Woman is to deep in study for anybody to undertake.

Dyspepsia disappears when Carter's Liver Bitters are used, and for weak stomach, indigestion, constipation, etc., they cannot be excelled.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Old fashioned remedies are rapidly giving ground before the advance of this conquering specific, and old fashioned ideas in regard to depletion as a means of cure, have been quite exploded by the success of the great renovant, which tones the system, tranquilizes the nerves, neutralizes malaria, depurates and enriches the blood, rouses the liver when dormant and promotes a regular habit of body.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
LIVER
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.
Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.
In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated, Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
☞ If you have either of these troubles—
PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell
KIDNEY-WORT
Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

KOCH'S discovery of the parasitic nature of CONSUMPTION was promptly followed by the more important DISCOVERY of a remedy based on Koch's discovery, a rational means of CURE which has already proved itself so very successful that a FREE TRIAL is offered to all afflicted with symptoms of lung disease. Address, Box 788, N. Y. City.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION.

TRUTH IS MIGHTY. THE MARTINEZ, the great Gypsy Seer, Astrologer and Psychologist, will, for 50 cents, with his new and correct system of rules and key of fate, send a CORRECT DESCRIPTION of your future husband or wife, with name, time and place of meeting, and date of marriage, properly and truly predicted. Money returned to all not satisfied. Address Prof. Martinez, 10 Mont'y-ct., Boston, Mass.

Johnson's Commercial College
210 & 212 North 3d st. St. Louis, Mo. Open all summer; fall session Sep. 1. Write for circulars and specimens.

WE HAVE THE BEST WATCH in America for the money. Write your name and address on a postal card and send it to
J. R. WATTS & CO., Jewelers,
Ashland, Nebraska.

Send 3c stamp for 17 PAGES OF MUSIC in the "GREAT ILLUSTRATED FOLIO."
WHITE, SMITH & CO., Boston

YOUNG MEN If you would learn telegraphy in a few months and be certain of a situation; address VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wis.

CARD-COLLECTORS—Handsome set of elegant cards for 6 cents stamp. A. G. BASSETT, Rochester, N. Y.

FRENCH PHOTOS—Charming. Cards 2 for 10c. Cabinets each 10c. A. C. BRISTOL, 51 Barclay St., N. Y.

CHARLES SHIVERICK, FURNITURE
1206, 1208, 1210 Farnam St., Omaha.

MAX MEYER & BRO.
OMAHA JEWELERS AND MUSIC DEALERS.
General Agents for
Steinway, Knabe, Vose and Other Pianos, From $200.00 Up.
Sterling and Clough and Warren Organs From $60.00 Up.
Sheet Music and Small Instruments. Send for Terms and Price Lists.

MAX MEYER & BRO.
SHOW CASE MANUFACTURERS
OMAHA, NEB.

CATARRH CURED In a Few Days. For Only 15 Cents.
Nasal Catarrh can be easily, quickly, pleasantly and lastingly cured, proving one knows how. I do know how, can do it and guarantee just such a cure. My Healing Catarrh Powder, (perfectly soluble) will positively and effectually cure in a few days if only any ordinary case not complicated with scrofula. There's no humbug and no disappointment about it. I know what I am talking about, and what I say is the Truth; if not, denounce me in this paper, as a fraud. Many thousand packages sold in the past 6 years, and I hereby declare upon oath that I seldom have a complaint, and do not know of a failure to cure in all that time. It is perfectly harmless; try it, and if you are not satisfied I will cheerfully refund your money. Clears the head without sneezing, purifies, heals, stops and cures every discharge from the nose, sweetens the breath, and cures catarrh in all its stages. A package, enough to last two weeks, and more than enough to surely and infallibly cure nearly every case, sent post paid for only 15 cents, by GEO. N. FOODARD, 123 Niagara st., Buffalo, N. Y. Pamphlet has about 30 testimonials and references of patients cured. Have been in drug business in Buffalo over 16 years. Have my own good reasons for offering this incomparable remedy at so low a price. Say you saw advertisement in this paper.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.
TRADE MARK

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the back,

TRADE MARK
BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.
Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity or consumption and a premature grave.
☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing
THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
Cure guaranteed. One box will test its merit. On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the yellow wrapper; this only genuine. Sold by all druggists.

DR. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOHN ANGIER & Co., Druggists, Denver, Col. Orders by mail at regular prices.

Mason and Hamlin
ORGANS are certainly best. Having been redeemed at every GREAT WORLD'S INDUSTRIAL COMPETITION FOR SEVENTEEN YEARS; No other American organs having been found equal to any. Also cheapest. Style 107, 3½ octaves; sufficient compass and power, with best quality, for popular sacred and secular music in schools or families, at only $25. One hundred other styles at $30, $35, $40, $52, $58, $62, $68, $114 to $500 and up. The large styles are wholly unrivalled by any other organ. Also for easy payments. New illustrated catalogue free.
THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO., 154 Tremont-st., Boston. 46 East 14th st., (Union Square), New York. 149 Wabash ave., Chicago.

PILES! PILES! PILES!
A sure cure for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. Single box has cured the worst cases of twenty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying William's Indian Pile Ointment. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching, (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts and nothing else. Sold by druggists.
C. F. GOODMAN, Omaha, Agent.

FIVE-TON WAGON SCALES $60
All Iron and Steel, Brass Ton Beam. Jones he pays the freight. All sizes equally low, for free book, address at
JONES OF BINGHAMTON,
Binghamton, N. Y.

NEW RICH BLOOD
PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS make New, Rich Blood and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 3 letter stamps. H. S. JOHNSON & Co., Boston, Mass., formerly Bangor, Me.

30 CARD 12 LARGE FREE
Chromos Chromos
with the PEOPLE'S MAGAZINE. Only 8½ cents a year. Samples 5 cts. 3 months, 10 cts. AGENTS WANTED. Send for circulars, or send 25 cts. for complete outfit with all the chromos. Money returned if not satisfied.
$47 A MONTH and board in your own county. For men, Ladies, Boys or Girls. Address, PEOPLE'S MAGAZINE, Box 86, Chicago, Illinois.

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Omaha W. N. U. 126-44

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS. This is proven by the marvelous sale of BROWN'S PEPSIN TONIC. No one has used Pepsin Tonic but has been speedily cured of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Headache, and all recommend it to their friends. Hence its great popularity. And yet BROWN'S PEPSIN TONIC is still offered to sufferers at 50 cents a bottle.

YES! FAREWELL, CHARLEY Unless you get a bottle of Brown's German Catarrh Cure for that terrible Breath, forever we must part. It has cured all our family of Colds in the Head, Catarrh and Sore Throat. Get it, Charley, and we may be happy yet.

SENSIBLE WORDS FITLY SPOKEN. For Coughs, Colds and Consumption take BROWN'S CONDOR BALSAM: For Dyspepsia and Indigestion use BROWN'S PEPSIN TONIC. For Headache, use BROWN'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS. For Sore Throat and Hoarseness, use BROWN'S TAR TROCHES. For Impure Blood, Scrofula or Liver Trouble, use SARSAPARILLA, DANDELION AND IODIDE OF POTASSIUM. For any sickness in the family

Use Brown's Medicines Only. They Are the Best!

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

SHERIDAN.

The Road Supervisor of District No. 40 is mending his ways the bridge near the Frank Marble house has been raised and it will soon be graded down in a highly proper way. May the good work still continue to go on.

Miss Mary Tracy closed a second term of school in District 34, on Thursday of this week. No teacher yet employed for the winter.

The mite society is to meet at the residence of M. H. Marble, in Sheridan, on Saturday evening Nov. 4th.

Henry Stewart is engaged in fencing in a pasture for the coming season. He will fence in about 40 acres.

The fine residence of Thamar Howard in Sheridan, is approaching completion.

John McCoy, accompanied by his son Edwin, has gone to Sterling for the purpose of building a house for Hon. McCoy.

David Jones has bought four lots of blacks in Table Rock and will put on them soon. We will be sorry to lose Chester Davis from our community.

Born—Oct 21st, to the wife of Elias Decker a son. However Elias will probably vote for Humphrey and Walker.

Dr. Barker is talking of building on his farm another year.

The sale at David Jones on Wednesday of last week, was well attended, and stock brought a good price, farming implements likewise went low.

Sheridan will support the Republican Ticket and give it a handsome majority, or we miss our guess. The precinct that voted 8 votes, on every ballot, for Humphrey, is not likely to forget to vote for him on the 7th of November.

PAWNEE CITY.

School has been quite small for two weeks, on account of sickness among the children.

Mrs. Alexander was summoned to Clarinda, Iowa, to see a sick daughter.

A little five year old daughter of Mr. Decoudres, died of diphtheria Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Flory came home Friday evening and are now at home with their friends.

Rev. Burch will preach the funeral sermon of little Willie Lugenbeel next Sabbath morning, the sermon is being advertised especially for the children.

O. D. Rowe was visiting schools in the southern part of the county, last week, he reports them doing well.

Mr. Burg and wife from Seneca, spent last week in town visiting children and friends.

Rev. Brigham from Humboldt, was in town Tuesday.

The reading club was fully organized last Wednesday evening, it is known as the M. J. C. Mutual Improvement Club.

Dr. Messler has failed to meet his engagements here for two weeks.

A disease more malignant and much more to be feared, is spreading sorrow and evil through our town. In the quiet and solitude of the night it disturbs our slumbers with the most infernal oaths and immoral songs that human beings are capable of uttering. I presume you will not be able to guess the name of this horrible disease; for this is a TEMPERANCE town, no saloons, no license and no whisky; yet this blighting blasting and contagious disease is the Giant Intemperance. The grim monster has laid his clammy hands on some of our boys who are just budding into manhood, and on some of our leading physicians who of ALL men should totally abstain from ALL that intoxicates. We think a temperance reform is needed in Pawnee City for these men and boys of high and noble intellect must be saved.

We had the pleasure of listening to our next Governor, Hon. J. W. Dawes, on Saturday evening; he is a gentleman in appearance, and a good speaker. Humphrey and Walker preceded Mr. Dawes with short speeches which were good and had the right ring.

Burt.

BURCHARD.

Burchard is no longer a flag station.

Your correspondent was favored with a pleasant call Tuesday last, from the Misses Starr, of Liberty, in company with Miss Lucy White, Call again ladies.

Carpet bagger McCoy is the way they put it out here, he in company with his guardian, spent two days about Burchard last week, notwithstanding his time belongs to his employer. Humphrey vs. Wallace also same.

Ex-Gov. Butler, C. N. Mayberry, and J. W. McCoy told the people of this quiet village, how much they were in sympathy with the people's interests, and what they propose to do for them if they will only send them to the Legislature.

Messrs. E. N. Bell, Tucker, and G. A. S. Moss, spoke for a few moments, in favor of the Democratic-Independent Anti-monopoly Candidates.

Joseph and Frank Wise, are building cribs to store the corn of this country, they are going to buying immediately. So Mr. Argus, you see we have our train men before you have your bank.

J. C. Dort made a flying visit to Seward and Liberty, last week, and reports those towns as lively as all western towns are.

The vote taken at the close of the debate of the woman's suffrage question, resulted in a vote of 40 against to 3 in favor of the amendment, a majority of the ladies are also opposed to the amendment here.

Mr. Upham, of the firm of Anderson & Griffith, has arrived and will abide with us.

NORTH TABLE ROCK.

We are still having delightful weather. Our farmers have finished gathering their potatoes and apples, and are now picking corn which is turning out finely.

G. E. Johnson has been quite sick, but is now better.

Little George Pepoon is quite suffering from ague.

T. W. Pepoon of Falls City made his relatives in this neighborhood a flying visit. He reports politics at that failing point in Richardson County.

Mrs. Merriheil of Pawnee City is visiting friends here, and in Elk Creek.

Mrs. R. Metcalf is rejoicing over a baby daughter.

Your correspondent had the pleasure of listening to a speech at Elk Creek from Ex-Senator Tiffin upon woman's suffrage. The church was crowded and the speaker with mingled wit and logic, kept the audience laughingly applauding till the close, when many voices still exclaimed "Go on," and one lady said she could have listened two hours longer.

CLEAR CREEK.

The still absorbing question of woman's suffrage will continue to be discussed by the Literary Society at the Griffing school house on Tuesday evening, Oct. 31st.

Mrs May, of Clear Creek, has nearly lost the sight of one of her eyes from the explosion of a can of concentrated lye, a piece of the lye striking the eye. It is supposed some drops of water must have remained in the lye, and when it reached the bottom of the can, caused the explosion.

Farmers are commencing to pick corn. A. Griner has some which he says will average seventy-five bushels to the acre.

Mr. Crisler returned on Saturday, Oct. 21st, with his bride, his face beaming with smiles. The boys rejoiced on Monday evening, to music of bells, horns etc., making night hideous.

Mr. Orr, from Missouri, formerly of Illinois, is moving into the Nesbit house for the winter.

Mr. Richard Phillips' house is completed and he has taken possession of the same. J. B. Phillips's house is up.

Mr. Burgeit deserves commendation for the manner in which he has repaired the roads, the bridges, and grading the hill east from J. A. Jones's which has seldom been done.—X. Y. Z.

WOMAN'S COLUMN.

Conducted by the LADIES' CLUB of TABLE ROCK.

Mrs. Mary E. Howe, Editor.

WHAT CAN WOMAN DO TO PLEASE MAN?

A paper read before the Woman's club of Table Rock by Mrs. Heywood, Oct. 28th, '82.

This is the old old question that has puzzled the brains of all womankind, from mother Eve in Paradise, down to the women of the Table Rock Woman's Club, who meet to-day in solemn council to discuss this weighty question. In truth this is the one question upon which man himself is quite willing woman should think, and woman, to her shame be it said, has often made herself utterly ridiculous in her efforts to win his approving smile, even though that smile be followed by a slur at her imbecility. The very clothes we wear are made, not for our comfort or convenience, not even to please ourselves, but to please man. Let man but express his admiration of a little foot and dainty shoe, and we immediately don the smallest possible shoe, with its heel in the middle of the instep to make it look still more elegant. If he favors an abundance of that article known as "Woman's crowning glory," we beg, borrow, or buy, we even wear those abominations made of jute and sea weed, anything and everything we pile on our devoted heads that we may fill his ideal of womanly perfection in that particular.

When he says hoops, we wear them whether we wish them or not, but when his caprice said no crinoline, we hung them up in the garret to rust. Just so man, this monarchial personage says hoops again, and short indeed will be the time before we shall all be dragging those miserable uncomfortable, inconvenient, abominations about with us and trying to persuade ourselves that they are partly becoming. If he says a short dress, we wear it, but if long robes are to his taste we sweep the filth off the street, and smile upon our ruined robes, so he is pleased. Our more fashionable sisters even adopted that most idiotic of all styles, the kangaroo droop, because some silly fop who believes in the Darwinian theory, declared it was so beautifully confiding and helpless, the very style was an appeal for man's protection. So women went round looking like deformed idiots because he wished it so.

It is useless to deny the fact that we dress to please the men, we cook to please the men, and we arrange our homes to please the men. In fact we live to please them. Our one undisputed mission on earth is to please mankind, but alas, there are many men of many minds and it is impossible to please all of them, so why not be content with pleasing those of our own households, leaving the rest of mankind to be pleased or displeased as the case may be. Of course it should be the duty and pleasure of every wife to please her own husband as far as possible, but I do not think she is justifiable in renouncing all individuality even, to accomplish that much to be desired end. A woman should be allowed to retain a little self respect—to have some idea of what is right and proper for her to do even after she becomes somebody's wife; yet we occasionally meet with people who seem to think a wife is an inferior being who must think, act, and speak only as her husband gives permission.

A man was condemning an article of lady's wear in my hearing and said, "My wife used to wear them before we were married, but I tell you I put a stop to that," and looking at the poor downtrodden wife, whom I remembered as a bright, attractive girl in former days, now scantily clad, and with half a dozen half clad children clinging to her, I could not help thinking that in her case he had put a stop to all that could make life desirable to most women. But this woman; the wife that she is, is quite content if it please her lord, to live in rags and dirt, feed swine, and milk cows all her days, that he may realize his pet ambition of becoming a wealthy man.

This man is pleased because his wife is submissive in all things. She does not ask for new bonnets or gowns; she does not think of going to church or visiting her neighbors; she has no time for reading books or papers, and she wouldn't be a howling suffragist for anything in this wide world. She gives no reason for her opposition except that her husband is opposed and that is quite sufficient for her. This woman once had thoughts and ideas of her own; can you tell what has become of them?

Do you think this overdrawn or too highly colored? Not at all, it is a sample statement of one woman's effort to please. I can point you to others equally unreasonable. One woman who has labored for thirty years to please a crabbed old stick who never is pleased, (he claims to be a man however,) was not long since called an old fool and commanded to shut up because she wished to spend a dollar for a new book. Now what does this woman do; why she immediately sets herself to work to get up an extra good dinner, that she may please this very unpleasable man.

Looking at these two characters, we may well rejoice that there are many men of manly minds, and let us be heartily thankful that we are under no obligation to please them all. While one man wants his wife to be a good cook, (and perhaps that would please more men than any other one virtue,) another marries his wife for her pretty face, and grows dissatisfied when her beauty fades. Still another wants his wife to be a leader in society, and the fourth wants a home angel who will devote herself exclusively to him. Still another admires women of talent, and would like like a woman like Susan B. Anthony, for his bride if he could secure.

But after and above all these, comes the real sensible, noble hearted man, who does not expect impossibilities, who neither asks for a kitchen drudge nor household angel, who never forbids his wife reading the paper, or attending the lecture, who does not expect to dictate what she shall get for dinner, or the color of her dress, but who takes his wife on common sense principles, believing her to be—not infallible—but human like himself, allows her to do her own thinking instead of echoing his sentiments like a parrot, helps and encourages her to make the most of herself and their home. This man is easily pleased, and about the only one in the market pleasing. But the very thought of pleasing mankind in general is enough to discourage the strongest heart. Just think for a moment what a serious, never ending problem it would be, for woman to find out just what was expected of her. Men adore helplessness, but they say it ruins them, they will talk about economy, but run wild over spendthrifts; they deprecate frivolity, but run away from brains; they pine after their grandmothers who could make pies, but are certain to fall in love with white hands that can't; they mourn over weakness, but ridicule strength; they condemn the fashionable woman, but the unfashionable woman is really ignored; they long for sensible women, but keep as far from them as possible; they despise paint and white women, but marry them whenever they can; they scorn silks and laces, but scorn still more, the woman who never wears them; and while they glorify spirit and independence, they will give a cruel thrust at the little vines that are trying to be oaks.

Now what is to be done to please these critical lords? what do they want or what do they expect women to be? Well I am not going to attempt an answer, but if you really care to know how to please some particular one, watch carefully for the next few weeks, learn just how he votes on the pending amendment and it will require no great thought to decide the question for yourself. Those who vote "Yes" are the noble class of men and are pretty well pleased already as far as we women are concerned; those who vote "No"—well the less said about them the better; we can just be thankful that we DON'T HAVE TO please them.

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No. 16. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock, 60 acres broke. Price $1,600.

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No. 56. 160 acres; house with basement 16x24, addition 12x12; well improved, orchard, mostly bottom land, 3 miles from Table Rock and 3 miles from Elk. Price $3,500. $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 60. 122 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $15 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 62. 280 acres, good house, 120 acres under plow, some hedge, small orchard, pasture fenced, well watered, everything convenient, 6 m from Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $4,000, easy terms.

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TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME 1. TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1882. NUMBER 27.

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Real Estate and Loan Agent,

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Going west on R. V. Div. .... 11:00 a m
Table Rock to Pawnee City .... 9:15 a m
For Kansas City & the East .... 12:15 p m
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues & Fri .... 7:00 a m

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

From the south .... 9:08 a m
From the north .... 5:00 p m
From the west .... 9:00 a m
From Pawnee City .... 4:30 p m
From Kansas City .... 2:30 p m
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat .... 5:00 p m

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Exp A. M.	Pass. A. M.	MLS.	STATIONS Southern Division	Pass. P. M.	Exp P. M.
11 20	5.20	0.0	Lv Atch. Ar	9.00	2.30
	5.48	12.1	Brenner	8.32	
	6.00	15.8	Troy Junct.	8.22	
	6.17	21.9	Fanning	8.05	
	6.22	24.1	Highland	7.53	
	6.31	28.7	Highland Sta	7.45	
	6.35	30.3	Iowa Point	7.42	
	6.48	34.9	White Cloud	7.30	
	6.59	39.0	Gibraltar	7.16	
	7.15	43.7	Rulo Y	7.03	
P. M.	7.25	48.1	Preston	6.50	
1.05	7.40	53.6 Ar	Falls City	Lv 6.35	
	8.00	Lv		Ar 6.15	1.25
	8.14	60.0	Salem	5.58	
	8.30	67.3	Dawsons	5.39	
	8.48	74.1	Humboldt	5.22	
P. M.					A. M.
2.30	9.10	82.3	Table Rock	5.00	12.30
	9.32	90.5	Elk Creek	4.40	
	9.50	97.1	Tecumseh	4.23	
	10.08	104.1	Smartville	4.03	
	10.25	109.7	Sterling	3.51	
Denver Exp.	10.40	118.7	Adams	3.32	Kansas City Exp.
	11.00	124.0	Firth	3.13	
	11.16	130.9	Hickman	2.56	
	11.24	134.6	Roca	2.48	
	11.31	137.1	Saltillo	2.40	
	11.45	142.9	State Prison	2.28	
	11.55	145.7	Ar. Lincoln Lv	2.20	

THE MINDEN MURDERERS.

Particulars of the Pursuit and Capture of the Desperadoes.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

OMAHA, November 7.—The body of Dick Belmont, one of the Minden horse thieves and murderers, who was killed near Point of Rocks, Kansas, was buried in the penitentiary yard at Lincoln on Sunday afternoon. There was no burial service, the remains being carried to the grave by ten convicts, and put out of sight as rapidly as possible. Belmont's crime was one of the most bloody and atrocious ever committed in the great west, and outrivals some of the apparently impossible feats of dime-novel heroes.

On the 15th of October Sheriff Jack Woods received at Kearney a telegram from a stock man named Ray informing him that a number of ponies had been stolen by a couple of desperate characters, who were heading toward Minden. These men were supposed to be Dick Belmont, a Mexican, and Mart Zimmerman, alias Coleman, the former of whom had figured in many desperate encounters on the frontier, and had the reputation of being the best snap shot on the road. Woods at once took the trail in company with one of his deputies and Sheriff Erickson, of an adjoining county, and pressed on so rapidly that by Monday night they caught up with the robbers at Minden. Here they found that the stolen ponies were pastured on the prairie, and Belmont and Zimmerman were in the village trying to find purchasers. Woods disguised himself as a cowboy and riding into town struck the thieves for a trade. During their talk he kept his eyes open, and seeing that both men were heavily armed he concluded it would be a rash piece of work to disclose his errand, so making some excuse he rode off and rejoined his companions. At dark the party went to the hotel and learning that the thieves were at supper, determined to corrall them at once. Here Woods, usually cool, seems to have lost his head, for instead of going in by the back door and taking the men by surprise, he walked into the room by the main entrance, and stepping up to Zimmerman, tapped him on the shoulder, saying: "Hold up your hands! I want you!" Quicker than thought Belmont, who was seated at Zimmerman's side, drew his pistol and shot Woods through the heart, killing him instantly. Seeing his chief fall, Deputy Kelly made an effort to get the drop on Belmont, but the wily Mexican was too quick for him, and in a second Kelly was prone upon the floor at Woods' side, with his brains oozing from a terrible wound in his head. The two desperadoes then made a break for the door, where they were met by a young man named Collins, who called a halt. Belmont replied by sending a ball through Collins' abdomen and knocking Sheriff Erickson senseless with the but of his pistol. Outside the house they began firing right and left, wounding a number of citizens, and succeeded, in the confusion that ensued, in securing their horses and escaping.

Of course the news of such a terrible deed traveled fast, but as Minden is a little prairie town isolated from railroad and telegraph, it was several days before the particulars were known. Men left their work in all parts of the State, and organized posses to pursue the murderers. Rewards aggregating $1,000 were offered by the State authorities, and it seemed as though the villains could not possibly escape. Their trail was found and followed for three weeks, when feeling that further pursuit was useless, the majority of the pursuers abandoned the chase. But an avenger was on the track of Belmont and Zimmerman, and on the morning of November 1 the people of Nebraska and Kansas were surprised by the news that Belmont had been killed and Zimmerson captured.

It seems that in their flight they passed through the northeast part of Trego county, Kansas, and stole from the ranch of Charles Foults two fresh horses. Foults who is barely 21 years old, had heard of the desperadoes and knew what terrible men they were, but he determined to follow and capture them if possible. Enlisting the aid of a boon companion, Frank Miller, a boy of 19, Foults started out on the morning of the 23d of October and followed the trail for several days. They came upon the murderers in camp, on the night of October 30, but not liking the looks of things, they concluded to postpone the attack. On the next night Belmont and Zimmerson put up at a dug-out near Point of Rocks, seven miles from the Colorado line, and their pursuers concealed themselves behind a sod house close by. Just before day-break, Foults crept out and turned loose the horse which Belmont had stolen from him, knowing that the animal was rather wild and would put the thief to some trouble to capture him. Shortly afterward Belmont showed up at the door of the dug-out, yawning and stretching his arms. Suddenly he discovered that his horse was loose and started after him. Before he had gone over 300 feet Foults rose up, and levelling his rifle at him, cried: "Hold up your hands!" Belmont wheeled in an instant, with his ready pistol pointed in the direction of the sound, but it was too late. Foults had the drop on him, and a second later the sharp crack of his Remington rifle sounded on the still morning air. The first shot missed, and Belmont tried to work his pistol, but fortunately it failed him, and Foults fired twice more, the last shot penetrating Belmont's left lung and laying him out dead upon the sod of the prairie. Hearing the firing Zimmerman rushed out partially dressed, only to look into the shining muzzle of Foults' rifle. He threw up his hands instantly, and his captor marched up and disarmed him. After he was secured Zimmerman said, "why did you shoot my pard?" to which Foults replied: "I shot him because he was a horse-thief and a murderer, and d—n you if you open your mouth I'll down you!"

Saturday morning Foults landed his ded and alive captives in Lincoln, and turned them over to the officers of the law. He has received a portion of the reward offered, and will get the balance when Zimmerman is convicted, as he undoubtedly will be.

Specimen Nebraska Women.

Lucy Stone in Woman's Journal.

At one place we found a young comely woman, a college graduate, with two small children, cooking for eighteen men, besides those who came as transient travelers. She had but two rooms below and two above. She did the family sewing, was county superintendent of schools, and with brave courage looked for better times. Another young woman, also a college graduate, was established in a sod house, seven miles from any other dwelling. She lined the whole with white cotton cloth, put in her piano, and kept up her studies; and this year, seven years from the time she first took up her abode there, she attended the teachers' institute of her county, and was the soul of it. She presided at the organ, made speeches, and good ones, and kept her children with her, and she had no one with whom to leave them. Nebraska is dotted all over with such homes. In spite of draw-backs which those in older states cannot comprehend, these women are planting the finest civilization in this far west.

There are seven Congregationa Churches now in St. Louis, three having been added during the last two years, and each one having a pastor.

THE DAYS THAT ARE NO MORE.

Tears, idle tears, I know not what they mean,
Tears from the depth of some divine despair
Rise to the heart, and gather to the eyes,
In looking on the happy autumn fields,
And thinking of the days that are no more.

Fresh as the first beam glittering on a sail
That brings our friends up from the under world,
Sad as the last which reddens over one
That sinks with all we love below the verge—
So sad, so fresh, the days that are no more.
Ah, sad and strange as in dark summer dawns,
The earliest pipe of half-awakened birds
To dying ears, when unto dying eyes
The casement slowly grows a glimmering square,—
So sad, so strange, the days that are no more.

Dear as remembered kisses after death,
And sweet as those by hopeless fancy feigned
On lips that are for others; deep as love,
Deep as first love, and wild with all regret,
O death in life! the days that are no more.

—[Alfred Tennyson.

THE WAGER.

Decidedly you are mad, my dear de Marsan, said the Count de Tevilly to a young officer of light cavalry, who, holding a glass of wine in his hand, seemed to challenge a dozen of young companions whom a table splendidly served excited at once to appetite and gaiety.

"Mad as much as you please," answered de Marsan, "but I still renew my proposal. I defy you to take from me this snuff-box, either by force or stratagem.

"Do you take it?"

"How many days do you allow me to prove to you your folly?"

"Six."

"Done, then!" cried de Tevilly, "and the stake?"

"A supper as luxurious as this, in eight days at my house."

"Agreed!" cried all the company.

Three days afterwards, de Marsan met de Tevilly in the Palace Royal.

"Well! you feel no ill effects from our joyous night!"

"My dear fellow, you arrange things to a marvel!"

"You think so?"

"Word of honor!"

"In that case give me a pinch of your admirable snuff."

"With pleasure."

De Marsan did not observe the slight smile that passed over his friend's countenance.

They alluded in no way to the foolish wager made by the blaze of lights and over the fumes of wine, which had suggested it; perhaps it was forgotten; however, the two young men separated.

That night, toward eleven o'clock, not far from his house, de Marsan was accosted by two servants, who begged him respectfully to be good enough to stop a moment.

At the same time, a man, enveloped in a long dressing gown, brown with red stars, and preceded by two torch-bearers, appeared in the middle of the street, an enormous beard flowed nearly to the waist of the singular personage, who, approaching de Marsan, bowed, and in a strongly pronounced nasal tone, said—

"How do you do, sir?"

"That is a very extraordinary question," said de Marsan, after a moment's silence, caused by his astonishment.

"It is not the less a question," observed the man with the long beard.

"But sir, this hour, that dress, these servants—"

"This hour pleases me, this dress suits my position, and these servants are mine."

"For the second time, sir, how do you do."

"What is that to you?"

"A great deal."

"But then——"

"My dear sir, listen; question is commonplace, I allow it, but here" is what I would come.

"You have a watch, ah! how happy you are!

"I have not, and take medicine to-night at two o'clock—not a minute more, not a minute less; you can understand that for the exactitude of the thing I must have your watch——"

"Ah! ah!" cried de Marsan who began to belive he had encountered a mad man, and hoped to get away by frightening him.

"It is then an ambush!

"Just wait——"

He was about to draw his sword.

The man with the beard made a sign.

In an instant four pistols were pointed at the young man, who, seeing this unanswerable argument, trembling with rage, drew out his watch.

"There, sir," said he apruptly.

"A thousand thanks, dear sir," said the unknown; "I feel much indebted to you for your generous haste," added he, laughing.

"Now let me go."

"Willingly; but I have again a request to make."

"Be quick about it then."

"That sword——"

"My sword?"

"Yes."

"You jest, sir!"

"I give you my word of honor, sir, that I never jest."

"What do you mean, rascal?"

'This: to-morrow I have a duel, I require a sword, and have taken a fancy to yours; therefore, be so polite as not to refuse me; if not—" he pointed to his armed domestics.

De Marsan flung his sword at the feet of this mysterious personage.

"And now?"

"Now, my dear sir, you are perfectly free."

"It is very fortunate."

"Your way is direct; first to the right, second to the left, then third door to the right——"

"Impertinent!"

"Too well bred to contradict you.

"Accept, my dear sir, the assurancance of my profound esteem, and my most sincere gratitidde."

De Marsan had scarcely gone ten paces, before a voice called him—

"Sir!"

"Again?"

"Yes."

"What do you want?"

"Will you be good enough to give me a pinch of snuff?"

"The plague stifle you!

"Here, take it!".

"Oh! the beautiful snuff box.

"How splendidly it glitters in the moonlight!

"It belongs to you, sir?"

"Why do you ask?"

"That you may do me the honor to reply, sir."

"Well! yes—it belongs to me.

"What then?".

"What then?

"Why, I thing that it will be much better in my hands than in yours."

"Why so?"

"Because I shall not let it be stolen.

"Ah! you will——"

"As you say."

"And if I cry! mur——".

"You shall be shot that moment."

"And if I give you this snuff-box?" continued de Marsan.

"I will accept it."

"Think that it is a gift from the Duchess of Berry, and that to-morrow I will have all the police on your track."

"I authorize you, sir."

"There, then!"

"Heaven be with you!

"I am happy to have made your acquaintance in such an agreeable manner."

Freed at length from his tormentor, de Marsan made semblance to return home, but, instead, concealed himself in the angle of the street; from thence he saw his thief stop before a porte-cochere of sumptuous appearance, enter mysteriously into the house—then, nothing more, silence complete.

An instant after, de Marsan thunders at this door in a manner to wake the dead.

"They open it; a servant shows his face only half awake.

"What do you want?"

"Your master?"

"Is in bed."

"Tell him I must see him."

"Impossible."

"I must, his life is menaced," said de Marsan, in a whisper.

"Oh! in that case follow me."

They mount, de Marsan enters a handsome apartment, and sees a man already of a certain age, preparing to enter his bed.

"Hush!" said de Marsan.

"Hush, sir! dress yourself, and give me arms."

"What does that signify?"

"It signifies that there are assassins hidden in the house; the wretches have just robbed me of everything."

"Oh, Heaven!" cried the old man; "and when?"

"This instant, even; the thief and assassin, for I suppose that his intention is to murder you to-night, had on a dressing-gown, brown with red stars."

"A dressing-gown, stammered the old man, horror-struck.

"Yes, sir."

"Brown?"

"Yes, sir, with red stars.

"Merciful heaven!" groaned the old man, striking his forehead in despair. "My son, a robber!

"Oh, my friend! come up with me, and confound this miserable Etienne!"

"Etienne!" thought de Marsan.

"Oh! the infamous——.

"This is then where his passion for play has led him.

"Come."

They reach his room; they enter.

De Marsan nearly falls over a long black beard lying on the carpet, while from behind an alcave they heard loud peals of laughter.

"Do you dare," cried the old man, in a voice of thunder.

"Ah! my father, let me laugh," said a voice from the above; at the same time the owner of the voice made himself visible, a young man advanced.

"It was de Teville.

"Here, take back your snuff-box," said he to de Marsan, who stood stupefied, and a little ashamed.

The supper gained by the Count de Teville took place; and the adventure was long talked of in the gay circles of Paris.

Railroad Ties.

It yearly takes 200,000 acres of forest to supply cross-ties for the railroads of the United States. It takes 15,000,000 ties to supply the demand, for which the contractors on an average get 35 cents apiece, making the aggregate $5,250,000. In building a new road the contractors figure on 2,700 ties to the mile, while it takes 300 ties to the mile to keep a constructed road in repair. The average of a good piece of timber land is 200 trees to the acre and 12 ties to the tree. White or burr oak is considered the best timber for the purpose although cherry, maple, ash, and even locust have been used. The business gives employment to an army of choppers, who are paid 10 cents apiece for each. A single man has been known to get out 80 ties in a day, yet the average is only 10, while an expert will get out 20.

The weekly papers are just now fulv of editorials on the "duty of the citizen." This duty of the citizen is to put on his flannels at the first cold snap, and then he won't have pneumonia.

The Wheat Crops of the World.

The Bulletin des Halles, of Paris, is very generally recognized as an authority in the commercial world, so that its array of statistics on the wheat crops is entitled to more than ordinary respect. We here give its figures in hectolitres. A hectolitre is 2 5-6, or very nearly 3 bushels, so that multiplying the figures by three will give nearly the totals in bushels:

Europe	Production average. Hect.	Production in 1882. Hect.
France	103,500,000	115,700,000
Russia	80,000,000	75,000,000
Italy	39,000,000	44,000,000
Germany	44,000,000	41,000,000
Austro-Hungary	37,000,000	48,000,000
Great Britain and Ireland	37,000,000	33,000,000
Spain	42,000,000	30,000,000
Turkey	15,000,000	13,000,000
Roumania	12,000,000	12,000,000
Belgium	8,500,000	9,000,000
Holland	1,850,000	1,700,000
Portugal	3,000,000	2,000,000
Greece	1,800,000	1,800,000
Servia	1,500,000	1,500,000
Denmark	1,000,000	800,000
Switzerland	850,000	800,000
Sweden	800,000	800,000
Norway	100,000	100,000
Various	200,000	100,000
Total in Europe	428,650,000	460,400,000
Other countries:		
United States	175,000,000	182,000,000
Algeria	9,000,000	8,000,000
Canada	5,000,000	6,000,000
Australia	6,000,000	5,000,000
Egypt	6,000,000	5,600,000
Chili, India and various	20,000,000	18,000,000
Total	649,650,000	654,400,000

This gives the crop of the United States at 516,000,000 bushels, a less quantity than that assigned to it by any statistician in the country. The estimate on the whole, is, therefore, conservative.

Its estimate of the needs and surplus of the various countries is as follows, the figures being also given in hectolitres:

	Import needs. Hect.	Export probable Hect.
France	6,000,000	8,000,000
Great Britain and Ireland	45,000,000	——
Belgium	5,000,000	——
Germany	2,000,000	——
Holland	3,000,000	——
Austria-Hungary	——	9,000,000
Russia	——	15,000,000
Switzerland	1,000,000	——
Italy	2,000,000	——
Spain and Portugal	8,000,000	——
Danubian Provinces	——	5,000,000
Australia and Chila	——	4,000,000
West Indies	5,000,000	——
East Indies	——	8,000,000
United States and Canada	——	65,000,000
Various	——	500,000
Totals	82,000,000	105,000,000

This shows a surplus of 25,000,000 hectolitres or 70,833,000 bushels. Allowing for a moderate underestimate of the United States crop, the surplus would be 100,000 000,000 bushels; and it might be much larger. But as the total crop is 1,900,000 bushels, this would not seem to be excessive.

A Chinese Garden.

Vick's Magazine.

I wish to tell you something of the beauties of this land. There are those who think there can be no beauty here, yet the people themselves call their country the Flowery Kingdom. Could your readers take a climb over the hills here, at any season of the year, if they are lovers of forms and flowers, their eyes would be feasted and their hearts made happy. What can be more lovely, than in early spring to see these hills covered with lovely azaleas? Mr. Fortune, a traveler in China and collector of botanical specimens, says: "Most people have seen and admired the beautiful azaleas which are brought to the Chiswick fetes, and which, as individual specimens, surpass in most instances those which grow and bloom on their native hills; but few can form any idea of the gorgeous and striking beauty of these azalead-clad mountains, where, on every side as far as our vision extends, the eye rests on masses of flowers of dazzling brightness and surpassing beauty."

Then, too, there are the honeysuckles (wild ones), clematis and the fragrant glycine, these climbing among the hedges and on trees, hanging their pretty flowers over the mountain paths and filling the air with fragrance. There too, are the many ivies, so kindly overgrowing and covering up all unsightly objects, making them instead, objects of beauty. Tucked away in among the rocks, are the pretty ferns so beautiful and cool looking; not in the least attractive among these is the climbing fern.

I do not want you to think this list contains the names of all the pretty flowers to be found here among the hills. There are many others, for which, not being a botanist, I have no name. There are many, too, that I have not seen, for there are other plants here that require most of my time, native plants, too, not as attractive looking, perhaps, but more precious in the eyes of their Heavenly Father. These require our time; the other nice flowers are only for recreation hours. There are yet other flowers we can enjoy at all times, having them in our own yard. Of these I may write at another time. I send you a photograph of a portion of a Chinese flower garden, where, as may be perceived, water is made a very important feature.

Though their gardens are not arranged according to our Western plan, yet they are places of beauty, and it is surprising how much beauty and variety they can have in so small a space. There is no smoothly shaven lawn, no babbling brook, no fountains, but the space is taken up in buildings, tea houses, fitted up with pretty Chinese pictures, colored glass windows, mirrors and screens, and a few foreign, curious singing birds and fragrant flowers. Here, in the pleasantest weather, the Chinese men and a few women sit and enjoy their tea, and their little dishes of fancy desserts, and a good long chat with their friends, their eyes being feasted outside by the beauties of running vines and pretty flowers that fill the air with their fragrance.

Outside of these tea houses, which are connected together by curiously winding passages, ornamented here and there with quaint carvings and odd figures is what accords more with our ideas of a garden, and it is a place of beauty, still I think a Western gardener could improve it much. Here is the pond, crossed by zigzag bridges, a large, stagnant pool, a thing of beauty when covered with the large, cool, lotus leaves, with its large bright pink and its pure white flowers; but before these appear, there is no beauty there, for the water is so murky that it is only occasionally, that one can catch a glimpse of the little goldfish with which it is filled. The sides, though, are covered with pretty overhanging vines and ferns and bushes.

The rockeries are odd and pretty. They are not merely piles of stone, but display ingenious masonry, representing a cave, with many winding passageways. If one starts in, he is surprised at its many windows, which of course, make it appear longer than it really is, and wonders if he is never going to reach the end or find himself again at the place of starting, for at one time he is led by his guide to the top, getting a glimpse of light, then down and deeper down in the dark, in and out, back and through zigzag, and every conceivable way, always a new way and never retraversing those already passed, until at last he has passed through all. Vines grow so readily here that walls and stones are soon covered with green, and are transformed to objects of beauty. The roses and honeysuckles, the camilias and azaleas, the peonies and many other flowers all add to the beauty of the place. This is a Chinese Paradise!

How to Save Seed.

G. G. Needham in Iowa Homestead.

In other words "how to prevent crops from deteriorating," is a most important question lying at the foundation of all agricultural and horticultural prosperity. Nature's law is "multiply and replenish," no matter as to the particular quality, but everything as to quantity. "The survival of the fittest" governs the result. But Nature's operations are too slow for short lives, so the business of the cultivator is to aid mother Nature, and thus reach the best results in the shortest periods.

It is a fact, too well known that, ordinarily, crops deteriorate, and this for one reason, because the seed becomes weakened. The story of "Dreer's Improved Lima Beans" will illustrate the idea and explain the whole modus operandi of saving seed.

Some years ago a gardener asked our Mr. Saunders how he could improve the Lima bean. He was told to find, if possible, a pod having at least four beans; the next season to plant the one, the largest and best of these; the next season to select as before one bean, the one which not only seemed to the eye the largest and best, but the one that would weigh the most; and then to pursue this method for several years. The result we all know is a really great improvement of that delicious vegetable.

One has asked why are our melons so inferior nowadays? The answer is that pains are not taken in saving the seed. There is a variety of musk-melon sold by one of our seedsmen; the "Hunter" melon which illustrates this point. A Mr. Hunter received, some years since from abroad, seed of a very choice melon. These were planted, and the seed of only the very best were saved. In this manner has the seed been selected, and now after more than twenty years this variety commands the highest price in our markets and the seed sells for $3 per pound, while other varieties can be had for fifty cents and are dear at that.

I have seen a stalk of corn bearing ten years. Of course, this nine-fold increase came from selecting the seed, at first, of a stalk that bore two good ears; then there would be a few with three ears, and so on until the grand result was reached. I know that many farmers say that if they can get one good ear on each stalk they will be satisfied. Well, such are not very particular, and will buy corn from a neighbor's crib and plant the best of this. Of course, they get only an ordinary crop. Is not this the reason that growing Indian corn has become such a poor and unpaying business? For my part, I will let the idiots grow this corn, and I will purchase it in the fall for less than two dollars per barrel.

We have many new varieties of wheat, but if I were growing it I would screen out from one hundred bushels say one bushel of the largest and plumpest berries, and sowing this, would, the next season, do likewise, and would ultimately get the very best seed wheat. It is the "seed" that impoverishes the soil! The more seed the greater the drain, and therefore the greater need of more fertilizing.

Well, brother, farmers, let us be wide awake, intelligent, and teachable, and thus make our business the noblest and grandest in the world.

"How have the mighty fallen?" Well, some slip up on a banana skin, some use the money of the bank for speculation, and fail to connect, and others fall in coal chutes in the dark.

FOREIGN FLOATS.

The Austrian army is to have a railroad brigade familiar with putting up and destroying railroads.

The Rothschilds are virtually owners of one-fifth of the fertile lands in the delta of the Nile. Their share in Egyptian bonds is popularly estimated at $12,000,000.

When Sir Garnet Wolseley shall have been raised to the peerage he will be the thirteenth military commander upon whom Queen Victoria has conferred the distinction.

The two underground lines of railwey in London carry 110,000,000 passengers every year, and the Metropolitan alone carries 20,000,000 for a maximum charge of one penny.

The trade associations of the leading cities of England have passed resolutions favoring the proposed tunnel between England and France, as the project, which would require $15,000,000 for its completion, would furnish work for a number of years to the laboring classes.

The Sultan Hassan mosque, the finest in Cairo, is built of a beautiful alabaster, veined with white and yellow from ruined pyramids, "though its beauty and majesty make the theft half forgiven. The Arabs say that the royal builder, after lavishly rewarding its architect, cut off his hand so that he might never rival his own work elsewhere.

The Queen, in granting permission for the Duke of Connaught to go to Egypt, stipulated that he was not to go under fire. The only way to prevent this was by keeping the guards in the rear, and these brave men and their friends are justly indignant at incurring, in obedience to royal susceptibilities, the ridicule they sought to escape by hard fighting.

The Empress Eugenie, traveling incognito, recently visited Vienna to see the portrait of the Prince Imperial, which is being painted by M. Canon. The artist, who never saw the Prince, is working from photographs, and the likeness is said to be very striking. The portrait is to be of life-size, and the Prince is to be attired in the uniform which he wore when he started for the Cape.

The rapidly-decreasing number of sheep in the United Kingdom leads the English press to a discussion of its causes and the remedies needed. In 1871 there were nearly 35,000,000 head of sheep. In 1877 the number had fallen to 32,000,000, and since then the decrease has gone on without abatement until at the present time the number is estimated at only 28,000,000. In Ireland alone in the past ten years the decrease has amounted to over a million head.

General Wolseley has long been a determined opponent of wine and spirits in the field, and since his experience during the Red river expedition in Canada, where tea is the favorite drink of the lumbermen in the cold winters, he has been inclined to favor that beverage as the best for soldiers in active service. Coffee ground and sealed in London loses its aromatic and stimulating qualities when opened and boiled, while tea can be carried in a smaller compass, without requiring to be roasted and ground, and if kept dry is an excellent stomachic, and, though less exciting than coffee, preserves all its valuable qualities. Cold tea is almost as palatable as hot, while cold coffee is unendurable. In advancing on the Egyptian entrenchments General Wolseley ordered each man to carry cold tea in his canteen.

The English war office is preparing the war medal to be given to the troops engaged in the Egyptian campaign. The design on the reverse will be a sphinx, with the word Egypt and the date 1882. On the other side will be the queen's head, the same as that on the Ashantee medal.

A Relic of Sherman's March.

Philadelphia Times.

As we tramped along through woods of ash, elm, and water-oak, we saw wild ipecac and sweet william growing at the sides of the odd pathway, and having asked the name of a curious kind of grass I was delighted at the theory that came out. "The," said the guide, in answer to the question, "is what we call Egyptian clover. We didn't have it before the war and none of us ever saw or heard of it until Sherman and Johnson came. The seed was left on the ground by the armies, and now we wouldn't take anything for it." The grass which has a tiny leaf, more like that of the native white than that of the red clover, grows all over the hillsides, at the edge of the woods, along the earthworks, and even forces its way into the tilled fields. In its growth, it chokes out other herd-grass and all weeds, though fortunately it may be killed by plowing or there might be too much of a good thing. Horses and cattle get fat upon it, so that on the battlefield there is pasturage in places where before the fight, nothing of value grew. This truly was an old revelation—that two opposing hosts, halting here, like beasts of the jungle to snap up trees, to tear the ground, to burn and to slay, should leave behind not bones to bleach only, but seed wherefrom have sprung dainty carpets and soft borders of green that enrich the waste places.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe felt a little embarrassed at a recent reception in honor of the seventieth anniversary of her birth, since it was the first birthday she ever celebrated.

Substitution: A Vassar college miss reads the prayer-book response thus: "As it was in the beginning, is now and ever shall be, worlds without men, Ah, me!"

SELECTIONS.

But words are things, and a small drop of ink
Falling, like dew, upon a thought, produces
That which makes thousands, perhaps millions, think.—[Byron.

Envy comes only into the little soul.

It does no good to waste time in regrets.

People's intentions can only be known by their conduct.

Without content it is difficult to please others as ourselves.

To be ever in a dreamy mood denotes a dangerous unpracticability.

Most of the shadows that cross our paths are crossed by our own actions.

When a man dies men inquire what he has left behind; angels inquire what he has sent before.

For all our bad actions we are punished, and for our good actions we are rewarded sooner or later.

Whatever happens, never forsake a friend. Fidelity may be rare, but it exists. They only deny its power who never loved a friend.

The day is short, but there is time for good and mighty works in it, and if we would be happy we must gladden the present moments for another.

The first virtue is to restrain the tongue; he approaches nearest to the gods who knows how to be silent, even though he is in the right.

God's sweet dews and showers of grace slide off the mountains of pride and fall on the low valleys of humble hearts and make them pleasant and fertile.

Out of the warp and woof of life can be woven a noble and useful life, as any life must be which is a psalm of cheerful labor and obedience to one grand note.

Talent and worth are the only lasting grounds of distinction. To these the Almighty has fixed his everlasting patent of nobility, and these it is which make the bright, immortal names to which all may aspire.

Think not that you are the only one who has to endure and who dreads the hardships of life. Ease and comfort are the natural desires of the human heart, and there are thorns, real or imaginary, in every one's pathway. But sitting down and brooding will never bring power to overcome them. Rather be up and doing, thankful for the blessings still remaining.—[Ex.

Do not intersperse your language with foreign words and high-sounding terms.

A devoted husband: "If a no use talking," said Mrs. Fogg, decisively; "I tell you I can't think of living in Blanktown; I know I shall die if I go there." "Do you, my dear?" replied Fogg, with unwonted animation, "I'll go and engage the house immediately."

The girls of the sunny clime describe this world as one of "bustle, toil and care." We agree with them. The women have all the bustle and the men have the toil and care.

CONVALESCENT PERSONS,

When one has been sick for a long time with some low fever such as typhoid or malarial, it is with a gladsome feeling he leaves his bed and finds himself growing better. But oh, how very weak he feels! In such cases a good strengthening tonic like Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla will help matters greatly. If your druggist does not keep it, ask him to get it for you.

The Brooklyn Bridge Fraud.

The World, in a review of the Brooklyn bridge, has thrown a flood of light upon crooked transactions in connection with the enormous expenditures on that fraudulent structure. It charges, among other things, that the influences which presided over the inception and planning of this concern in the days of the Tweed ring have presided over it ever since and preside over it to-day; that the books and accounts of the bridge are full of forgeries, misrepresentation and error in calculation; that they are confused and complicated in a manner which in the books of a private concern, would instantly excite suspicion and provoke legal inquiry and action and that from first to last every important transaction connected with the outlay of money upon this public work has been more or less distinctly tainted with suspicion. The evidence presented shows, it is stated, how Chief Engineer Robeling bought steel of the Roebling works, how Vice-President Kingsley not only bought granite to the extent of $1,000 000 from companies developed out of other companies founded by Mr. Kingsley, the dealer in stone, but bought sand and machinery from one of his own business partners, and books and stationery from the office of a newspaper of which he is himself a proprietor. Whether all the specific charges of the World are well-founded or not, it has been long popularly believed that the concern was conceived in fraud and prosecuted in iniquity. It was never authorized by the proper authorities and has been constructed in direct contravention of the fundamental law of the land, which explicitly forbids the obstruction of any navigable stream. There is reason for believing that in the litigation now pending before the supreme court of the United States the whole structure will be declared illegal and ordered to be torn down.

J. J. Johnson, of Richmond, Ind., writes: "If every one knew what a good medicine Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla is, there would be fewer invalids. It cured me of dyspepsia. It cured my wife of general ill health. I think it the best medicine I ever used."

The Western farmers are beginning to save all the female calves, sending only the bulls to market. This is a step in the right direction.

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

To remove tar from the hands or from clothing, rub with clean lard and wash with warm soap-suds.

After washing cut-glass articles let them dry thoroughly and then rub them with prepared chalk and a soft brush.

To destroy ants, put a pint of tar in an earthen vessel and pour over it two quarts of boiling water and put it into the closet.

To prevent discoloration from bruises, apply a cloth rung out in very hot water, and renew frequently until the pain ceases.

Do not put glass articles that have held milk into hot water, as this causes the milk to penetrate the glass, and can never be removed.

To clean copper tea-kettles, use turpentine and fine brick-dust, and rub hard with a flannel and polish with leather and dry brick-dust.

To clean hair-brushes, use ammonia and hot water; after washing well, shake the water out and dry on a coarse towel; they will look as good as new.

Silver should never be washed with soap if you wish it to retain its original luster. When it requires polishing use a piece of soft leather and whiting and rub hard.

An excellent polish for zinc or tin is made of three parts of water, one ounce of nitric acid, two ounces of emery, and eight ounces of pumice-stone shaken well together.

To renew a dusty and discolored chandelier, apply a mixture of bronze powder and copal varnish. The druggist where they are purchased will tell you in what proportion they should be mixed.

To wash woolen goods nicely, to each pail of water used add one tablespoon of ammonia and one of beef-gall; wash out quickly and rinse thoroughly in warm water with a very little beef-gall added.

To clean marble, dissolve in water to which has been added a teaspoonful of washing soda, a large lump of Spanish whiting, making a paste; apply to the marble with a flannel cloth rubbing well, and leave it for some time, and, if necessary, repeat the process. Wash off thoroughly with soap and water, then dry polish with a soft duster.

Railroad Passenger Tickets.

The Pennsylvania Supreme Court has just rendered a decision that a railroad company is bound to honor its tickets although the passengers presenting them may have purchased them from unauthorized venders. This is consonant alike with equity, expediency and common sense. As between the passenger and the company the source from which a genuine ticket has been obtained is properly immaterial. The ticket is the evidence of a contract made by the company to carry the person who presents it a specified distance. That contract is an absolute one, and to make it anything else to impose upon the traveller the duty of satisfying himself about the secondary validity of the ticket which he buys, would be to lay a great burden upon the traveling public and consequently to injure the business of the company, which is interested in making travel as easy and attractive as possible.

Brown—"Did you say, sir, that I could lie as fast as a horse could trot?" Frog—"No, sir, I simply said that few horses could trot as fast as you can lie." Brown—"Oh!"

A New York woman recently paid $250 for her dog's portait. Well, it is probably worth a great deal more than the dog.

In England there are about 1,000,000 more paupers than voters.

"BUCHU-PAIBA." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases. $1.

N. P. Willis: The sweetest thing in life is the unclouded welcome of a wife.

☞ Twenty-four beautiful colors of the Diamond Dyes, for Silk, Wool, Cotton, &c., 10 cts. A child can use with perfect success.

Get Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners applied to new boots or shoes before you run them over.

A New York woman recently paid $350 for her dog's portrait. Well, it is probably worth a great deal more than the dog.

A Short Road to Health.

To all who are suffering from boils, ulcers, scrofula, carbuncles, or other obstinate diseases of the blood and skin, a course of Burdock Blood Bitters will be found to be a short road to health. Price $1.

Beds of Down Feel Hard.

All beds seem hard to the rheumatic. Then hearken ye peevish sufferers! Apply Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil to your aching joints and muscles. Rely upon it that you will experience speedy relief. Such, at least, is the testimony of those who have used it. The remedy is likewise successfully resorted to for throat and lung diseases, sprains, bruises, etc.

Cincinnati made $705,250 worth of flour last year, and sold $478,000 worth of millstones, portable mills, etc.

ANSWER THIS—Is there a person living who ever saw a case of ague, biliousness, nervousness, or neuralgia, or any disease of the stomach, liver, or kidneys that Hop Bitters will not cure?

John Bourbon is recovering from his recent severe attack of delirium tremens.

MOTHER SWAN'S WORM-SYRUP, for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. Tasteless. 25c.

The starch-makers in the west are proposing to combine, the object being, of course, to stiffen the price.

Brown's Robert Burns.

Now, wha this tale 'o truth shall read,
Ilka mon and mither's son tak heed,
Ween auld Nick wad gi'e cough or cauld,
Brown's Cough Balsam cures. My tale is tauld.

—Tam o' Shanter.

When you visit or leave New York City, have Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first class hotel in the city.

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Redding's Russia Salve the most wonderful healing medium in the world. Try it.

When visiting Omaha stop at the Metropolitan Hotel, cor. 12th and Douglas. Rates, $2.00 per day.

Try the new brand Spring Tobacco

Generous to a fault" may be said of men—at least they are generous enough to their own faults.

A St. Louis horse chews tobacco. We have often seen a fast driven horse smoke.

SKINNY MEN. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence. $1.

Use Imperial Baking Powder. Strictly pure Even in quality and strength, full weight and always reliable. See advertisement.

Brown's Shakspeare.

Othello (suspecting), "Methinks I scent a mouse!
Or is't a humor in my blood?"
Iago (aside). Brown's Liver Pills, if in the house,
Would nip this humor in the bud."

Oh! they will, O. Act 4th with.

The comet has a head 24,000 miles long. It ought to know pretty well what it is doing.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other Intermittent Fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic: and for patients recovering from Fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

"The proper study of mankind is man," said Pope. He omitted to state that woman might be undertaken as an "optional."

Safely and certainly that great external remedy, Glenn's Sulphur Soap, removes cutaneous eruptions by opening the pores whose obstructions was the cause of the difficulty. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c.

Personal—Men Only.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich. will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

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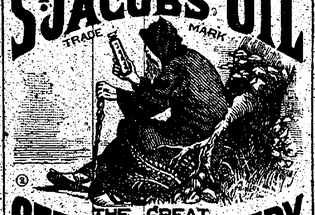
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Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
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As it is for all the painful diseases of the
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.
THOUSANDS OF CASES
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PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
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"If you are a Minister, and have overtaxed yourself with your pastoral duties, or a Mother, worn out with care and work,

Hop Bitters will Restore you.

"If you are a man of business or laborer weakened by the strain of your every day duties, or a man of letters, toiling over your midnight work,

Hop Bitters will Strengthen you.

"If you are suffering from over eating, or drinking, any indiscretion or dissipation, or are young and growing too fast, as is often the case,

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Hop Bitters is what you need.

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And you will have no sickness or suffering or doctor's bill to pay.
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is an Elegant, Pleasant, and Refreshing Flavoring for Sick-room Drinks, and impure Water rendering it em harmless, sweetening the mouth, and cleansing the stomach.

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Nasal Catarrh can be easily, quickly, pleasantly and lastingly cured, providing one knows how. I do know how, can do it, and guarantee just such a cure. My Healing Catarrh Powder, (perfectly sprinkle) will positively and effectually cure in a few days only any ordinary case not complicated with scrofula. There is no humbug and no disappointment about it. I know what I am talking about, and what I say is the Truth; if not, denounce me in this paper as a fraud. Many thousand packages sold in the past 6 years, and I hereby declare upon oath that I seldom have a complaint, and do not know of a failure to cure in all that time. It is perfectly harmless; try it, and if you are not satisfied I will cheerfully refund your money. Clears the head without sneezing, purifies, heals, stops and cures every discharge from the nose, sweetens the breath, and cures catarrh in all its stages. A package, enough to last two weeks, and more than enough to surely and infallibly cure nearly every case, sent post paid for only 15 cents, by GEO. N. STODDARD, 123 Niagara st., Buffalo, N.Y. Pamphlet has about 100 testimonials and references of patients cured. Have been in drug business in Buffalo over 16 years. Have my own good reasons for offering this incomparable remedy at so low a price. Say you saw advertisement in this paper.

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The SUREST CURE for
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Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.
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Either Sex; Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.
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☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing
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Excel all others in TONE and Durability. Highest first-class Reputation. Established 16 years. New Styles. New Solo Stops. WHITNEY & HOLMES ORGAN CO., QUINCY, ILL.

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Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
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Omaha W N U 129—47

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COUGH BALSAM has in 20 years one become the most popular remedy of the age. Why? Because it soothes, heals and cures the LUNGS without irritation. It is the sovereign remedy for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Also Brown's

PEPSIN TONIC
is now oftener called for in the West and South than any other remedy for Headache and Liver Complaint. It

CURES
that dread destroyer, Dyspepsia, and all its kindred evils. Remember, if your food does not readily digest, your only safety is to use BROWN'S PEPSIN TONIC, or

DYSPEPSIA!
with all its horrors, will be fastened upon your system. Delay not! Now that fall and winter are upon us, BROWN'S TAR TROCHES are found in every Drug Store.

THOUSANDS
have used them and been cured of Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness and
SAVED
sleepless nights of coughing and suffering. Are our readers aware that more of BROWN'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS are sold
ANNUALLY
to cure American people of Sick Headache and Biliousness than any other pills manufactured?
☞ Use Only Brown's Remedies. ☜

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EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

WM H. HARRISON, } Proprietors.
A. T. JONES, }

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year $1 50
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SATURDAY, NOV. 18, 1882.

Thurlow Weed is dead. He passed away on 23d inst.

Table Rock has raised over $100 for a public library—Omaha Bee.

If so Table Rock is ahead of any town in this section of the state in that kind of literary taste which influences the pocket book.—Falls City Journal.

Then brother Journal, here is a little intelligence that will probably paralyze you:—Table Rock has increased the amount to over $200, and propose to make $300.

A Chicago lady who returned from Europe this fall, claims to have brought home with her a good many hysterical relics, several articles of virtue, and a whole trunk full of brick-a-bat.

The Prince of Wales is $3,900,000 in debt, and an exchange is led to remark that he has probably been trying to run a newspaper in some remote corner of his mamma's empire.

"The achievement" of delivering mail from San Francisco to New York in five days and four hours was accomplished by the Chicago limited express over the Pennsylvania road. This was the quickest mail service ever effected between the two cities."

Capt. G. M. Humphrey, of Pawnee county, will be a strong candidate for Speaker of the House. Cap. would make a splendid Speaker, but we really think he would do more good, and win more laurels as a republican leader on the floor.—Falls City Journal.

W. H. Harrison, of the Table Rock Argus, called at these headquarters, Tuesday. By the way, the head of the Argus is level these days on county political matters.—Banner.

Yes, and we are of the opinion that you will find our cranium horizontal on district political matters. Morris will be Weavers successor.

Our Gov. Butler is making an active canvass for the United States Senate. If it were not for memories of that moss-back speech he made over here before election, we might be led to say something favoring his candidacy. However, it does not make much difference that we know of.

Chicago was carried by the republicans this year, and we account for it in this way:—The Mayor hunted up 1000 of the toughest cases in the City, and swore them in as special policemen. As it was necessary for them to appear half way respectable, they of course had to vote the republican tidket.

"BLOATED BONDHOLDERS."

Gentlemen assail the bondholders of the country as the rich men who oppresses the poor. Do they know how an amount of the public securities are held by poor people? I took occasion a few years since to ask the officers of a bank in one of the counties of my district—a rural district—to show me the number of holders and amounts held of of United States bonds on which they collected interest. The total amount was $416,000. And how many people held them? One hundred and ninety-six. Of these, just eight men held from $15,000 to $20,000 each; the other 188 ranged from $50 up to $500. I found in that list fifteen orphan children and sixty widows, who had a little left them from their estates and had made the nation their guardian. And I found 121 laborers, mechanics, ministers, men of slender means, who had saved their earnings and put them into the hands of the United States that they might be safe. And they were the "bloated bondholders" against whom so much eloquence is fulminated in this House.—James A. Garfield in House of Representatives.

Free trade is getting into bad odor with prominent democrats and prospective Presidential Candidates. Pattison, the recenty elected Governor of Pennsylvania, when his views were solicited said "The politician who advocated free trade had better tie a stone around his neck and make a hole in a mill pond." Old "Cock-eyed" Ben. Butler of Massachusetts, whom everybody has suddenly discovered is no slouch, says free trade is impossible at the present time.

Pepoon of the Falls City Journal gets off some of the toughest ones on his contemporaries of the city. Here is his last:—The following conversation was overheard on our streets between a stranger and a well known citizen.

"What other business do you follow besides preaching?"

"I edit a paper."

"What paper?"

"The Observer."

"Are there ever any lies in your paper?"

"Sometimes a few slip in."

"Why don't you cut them out?"

"I am generally too busy preaching "I did start to cut them out last week, but found there would be nothing left, so let them go."

There was killed in the Pennsylvania Railroad accident last week, a man who although unknown to fame among his countrymen, yet who was as deserving of the same as was old Roman Horatius. His name was Charles T. Vansant, and although accorded all honor for his heroism and patriotism, by those intimately connected with his life, his gallant acts were never generally known, and today he sleeps in the quiet grave an uncrowned hero, though greater, undoubtedly than many who are now invested with all the guerdons of honor. During the late war, he bore the colors of his regiment at Balls Bluff, and when, during a desperate engagement his Colonel was shot, he bore him from the field and then returned amid a perfect hail of bullets to rescue his flag. The rebels captured it five times, and each was it regained by Vansant in a desperate hand-to-hand struggle against desperate odds. At last he succeeded in escaping from his surrounding enemies, and breaking for the river he plunged in just as the enemy had all but overtaken him, and diving to the bottom he placed the flag under a stone, and swimming to the other shore, escaped. He afterwards revisited the spot and succeeded in in finding and restoring to the regiment the flag he had so desperately defended.

"All the good we get out of this world is what we eat, drink, and wear," is a too common remark, and of course such absurd theories are only advanced by thoughtless or weak minds.

Happiness, wealth of mind, physical health, and affection are the heritage of the human race most to be desired, and whatever we do to insure such a state, entitles us to rank with the successful in the problem of life.

It is not how much we labor, but how we employ our time, that contributes to this success. Selfish ceaseless, and senseless toil will not accomplish it, unless necessary for existence, and then only partially, as the surroundings of such circumstances are generally too severe and harsh for frail humans to find a source for much felicity in.

It cannot be denied that a large proportion of the working class of the world evidently take the view at the head of this article, and particularly is it the truth as regards the farmers. We all of us are probably acquainted with men well advanced in life, who have years ago acquired a competency, but who yet toil and slove in and out of hour and season to increase their worldly hoard, and who begrudge the little time they absolutely have to grant for needed sleep and rest. The State Journals "Topics of the times" man can express the idea we wish to convey much better than we can, and so we give way to his able pen.

"It is not necessary in this age of the world for the farmer to rise in the middle of the night and begin his work. This getting up so early in the morning is a relic of barbarism. It has a le hundreds of thousands of young men curse the business. There is no need of getting up at three or four o'clock in the winter morning. The farmer who persists in dragging his wife and children from their beds ought to be visited by a missionary. It is time to rise after the sun has set the example. For what purpose do you get up? To feed the cattle? Why not feed them more the the night before? It is a waste of life. In the old times they used to get up about three o'clock in the morning, and go to work long before the sun had risen with "healing upon his wings," and as a just punishment they all had the ague and they ought to have it now. The man who cannot make a living upon Nebraska soil without rising before daylight, ought to starve. Ten hours a day is enough for any farmer to work except in harvest time. When you rise at four and work till dark, what is life worth?

Of what use is all the improved machinery unless it tends to give the farmer a little more leisure? What is harvesting now compared with what it was in the old time? Think of the days of reaping, of cradling, of raking and binding and mowing. Think of threshing with the flail and winnowing with the wine. And now think of the reapers and mawers, the binding and threshing machines, the plows and cultivators, upon which the farmer rides protected from the sun. If, with all these advantages, you cannot get a living without rising in the middle of the night, go into some other business. You should not rob your family of sleep. Sleep is the best medicine in the world. There is no such thing as health without sleep. Sleep until you are thoroughly restored. When you work, work; and when you get through take a good long and refreshing sleep."

WE WANT

All the corn in this part of the country. See us about contracting it before you sell. We can handle it to advantage, and believe that we can offer you inducements.

Linn & Cooper.

Wall Paper—elegant designs and a numberless variety of patterns from which to select.

Fellers & Jones.

Try a suit of SLICKERS, kept by Fellers. You will like them much better for damp weather and rough work, than rubber suits.

PAINT! Quality guaranteed, at

Fellers & Jones.

MISSES' CLOAKS cheap. Big assorted stock at Fellers'.

TOILET ARTICLES of every kind and description at Fellers & Jones.

THOSE DUCKING SUITS kept by Fellers are so nicely made and of such neat designs as to be almost indistinguishable from goods of a costlier quality. Comfortably lined, examine them.

Holliday books, toys &c. at

Fellers & Jones.

Fancy note paper, envelopes &c., at F. & J's.

Paint, Oil, Varnishes &c. at F. & J's.

Flour—six different grades from three mills, at Fellers.

Liquid Paint at F. & J's.

Fancy Lamps a specialty, Hanging Lamps always on hand. F. & J.

Ladies' fancy Knit Hoods, all colors and styles, Fellers.

Fellers & Jones wants your trade, and I believe that if they ask you for it and offer you sufficient inducements, they are entitled to it.

The White Sewing Machines are creating a revolution in the manufacture of that article. Call at F. & J's. and examine them.

Books for Holiday presents, from Standard Authors. F. & J's.

Groceries cheaper at Fellers' than elsewhere.

Christmas Toys, Gents' Mustache Cups, Etc., at FELLERS'.

KINGS—No. QUEENSWARE? Yes thats it, Fellers told me to tell the people that he has got a big stock of it, Cheap.

WISE people are always on the look-out for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than the times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

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FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

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Store south of square.

FELLERS & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Stationery, Blank Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
CIGARS, TOBACCOS,
CHOICE CONFECTIONS,
BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID
PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC., UNDERTAKERS'
GOODS, ETC., ETC. ALWAYS ON HAND.
Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.
SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE COOPER

Has a new full and complete stock of
MILLINERY GOODS
Which she offers at prices that cannot be duplicated in Pawnee County.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE, CHEAP,

IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,
FOR CASH.
FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK
M. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STOR

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE. TABLE ROCK, EB.

I keep the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries, and will not be undersold.
FOR CASH.
Call and see me once, and you will come ag in.

Table Rock Market.

Corn—30c.
Wheat, No. 2—45c to 65c.
Oats, No. 2—20c.
Hogs—$4. to 5.25.
Butter—25c.
Eggs—20c.

Buckwheat Flour at MARTIN'S.

TAKE NOTICE:—All parties owing us will please call and settle before December 1st.

Mathewson & Allen.

Fellers had a terrible fuss with a man who bought some of his zig-zag tobacco, the other day. Fellers only wanted 60cts. per pound for it, and the fellow insisted on paying 75cts, saying that it was much better than any to be got elsewhere for that money. But Fellers is auspicious, and not to be imposed upon, so the fellow had to come down with the 60cts. Try zig-zag.

The fact that E. A. Peck is one of the best, if not the best machinists in this part of the country, is now unquestionably established. Last Thursday Linn & Cooper's corn sheller was hauled over to the great Wm. Browns' shop for repairs, a very intricate portion of the mechanism being in bad order, Wm. the unwashed, after examining it, declared that it could not be fixed. Peck somehow heard of the matter, and asserted that he could put it in good shape in short order, and did it without the least trouble. A thorough knowledge and experience wins in Blacksmithing, as in other business.

George West returned from Kansas on Friday. He returns, multiplied by two. Our best wishes are with the young couple.

The Senior editor of this paper, accompanied by his family goes to Chicago next week. Mr. Harrison goes for treatment of a deep seated ear disease which has nearly incapacitated him for business the past few months.

Mr. Roberts, of the firm of Roberts & Spicknell, of Pawnee City, was in town Monday looking up business. Mr. Roberts was pleased with our town, and it would not surprise us much if he concluded to locate here.

Burleigh farm of 320 acres, just north west of town, for rent, good large house, 150 acres under plow.

for terms, see Marble.

The Lyceum, organized at the school house last Friday night was rather disorderly mob, and we await improvements before saying anything good of it.

Werner & Smith have moved their Blacksmith shop to Steinauer.

L. L. Marble of Wymore, brother of M. H. was in town Wednesday and Thursday.

S. M. Kohr, General Agent of the Home Life Association of Burlington was in town the first of the week. Mr. Kohr took out several policies while here. He is representing a reliable company, and those wishing to take the prudent step of insuring their lives, can not find a better one.

The Presbyterian Church was dedicated Thursday, services being held in the afternoon; also in the evening. Rev. Chestnut of Pawnee City occupying the pulpit. A great many from other towns were present, but as we have not space for all, we omit to mention any.

While in Pawnee City, Tuesday, we visited the Clothing house of Warren & Apperson. These gentlemen have shown commendable enterprise by embarking in this particular business, as they have the only exclusive stock of that line of goods in the County. Their Stock is large and complete, and they can fit a man or boy out from head to foot, in any style of wearing apparel, and at prices that surprise those who have been accustomed to purchase clothing from the limited stock kept by General Merchandise firms.

Last Tuesday we made a flying business trip over to Pawnee City and were agreeably surprised to note sundry improvements in that model town. While there we dropped in at the Banner Office, and were pained to learn from the employe that small hopes of Mr. Knickerbockers' recovery were entertained.

If you have a farm to sell place it in the hands of—H. R. Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

Collections promptly attended to by H. R. Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

PARTIES having farms to rent, will do well to call on me as I have numerous inquiries every day.

Will. L. Scism.

Call on H. R. Peery, at Elk Creek, when you have a farm for sale or rent. 26-tf

Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee It cures consumption. F. & J.

That hacking cough can be so quickly by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Fellers & Jones.

For lame Side, Back or Chest use Shiloh's Porus Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Fellers & Jones.

Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by F. & J.

Will you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. F. & J.

Catarrah Cured, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catrrah Remedy. Price 50 cents Nasal Inecter free. Fellers & Jones.

Sleepless nights, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Fellers & Jones.

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for Consumption. Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Sold by Fellers & Jones.

A new and splendid line of books, such as are suitable Holiday presents just received by—Woolsey & Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.
Come and get one for your friend.

Get your girl a nice present young man, and for this present buy one of those handsome books for sale by Woolsey & Peery.
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

REMEMBER THIS that it costs you from 3 to 5 dollars more to insure with these traveling snides than it will with an agent in your town. My rates in the SPRINGFIELD, are $1.50 per hundred, CASH for 5 years or, $1.86 on TIME. Give me a call and learn what liberal terms I can give you. Will L Scism. 26

A New Scheme At Elk Creek.

This scheme is not novel, though it is one which will benefit all mankind, and consists of a Real Estate, Insurance and Collection Agency. For particulars write to—H. R. Peery,
26-2w Elk Creek, Neb.

HONEY! HONEY

For sale at M. M. Stover's.

J. R. Chaney purchased a ticket for Pennsylvania, and jumped aboard the K. C. train Sunday. He will return in about two weeks, accompanied by Mrs. J. R.

The Bell—the largest in the county, for the Presbyterian Church is now in place, and makes "music in the air."

Try zig-zag tobacco. Fellers'

20 acres of nice young timber, one mile south-west of Table Rock, offered for 30 days for $340. Who will get it? M. H. Marble, agent,

Table Rock.

ESTRAY NOTICE!

Taken up Oct. 25th. by the subscriber, 3½ miles north-west of Table Rock, 1 steer coming 2 years old, roan, with both ears clipped and slit.

John Burgett.

CALIFORNIA BUCK GLOVE

Warranted to be better and neater in every respect than kid, at

Fellers'

BIG SCANDAL!

The other grosers howl, because Fellers is selling 8 pounds of straight "A" sugar for one dollar.

Pure unadulterated Drugs, Patent Medicines &c. at, F. & J's.

W. C. Henry's grain elevator at Pawnee City, was discovered on fire early Monday morning, and burned to the ground. About 5000 bushels of grain was in store which was, of course, lost. The building was insured for $5000. Mr. Henry will rebuild immediately.

!!!! REGISTER !!!!
THAT YOU WILL SAVE MONEY BY SUBSCRIBING FOR YOUR PAPERS WITH
MARBLE & CO.

WHY DON'T YOU purchase kerosene that will not explode. Some day you will pay dearly for your carelessness. Allen Merwin and Mathewson have the celebrated non-explodable PARLOR OIL, which is absolutely safe, and burns without smoke or odor. Try it.

Fine pocket books,
Fine stationary,
Fine Toilet articles,
AT THE POST OFFICE.

S-t-e-r-e-o-s-c-o-p-e-s and views, cheaper than you ever heard of,
AT THE POST OFFICE.

"Tennyson," "Mrs. Browning," "Ivanhoe," "Waverly," and Mark Twain's "Roughing it,"
AT THE POST OFFICE.

Legal Blanks,—a full line,
AT THE POST OFFICE.

Don't stand around, with your hands in your pockets: trying to sell your farm; when Marble can sell it and have you out of the country in a very short time; if you will call on him and give him permission.

If you have a farm to rent,
If you have a farm to sell
Call and see Marble.

Money to loan, at 9per cent on Real Estate Security, for 3 or 5 years; no commission: and no delay.

M. H. Marble.

That house that was burned down a few days since, was not insured; consequently will not be rebuilt.

Moral,

Insure your property wite M. H. Marble, in the Phenix, German, or North American,—all reliable companies—at the lowest rates.

I am making up a list of farms for sale; and if you wish your farm advertised FREE; call on me, and I will let you know how it can be done.

M. H. Marble.

A few more bargains on farms. Don't wait until it is too late,

M. H. Marble.

See that your farm is on the list that is being prepared for eastern distribution. by M. H. Marble.

ONE, half platform, spring-wagon; a bargain, at Pecks' blacksmith shop.

The Woman Suffrage Club, will meet at the residence of Mrs. H. Freemans on Saturday evening November 25th, at 7 o'clock p. m. Important business to be transacted.

By order of the Executive Committee.

PAWNEE CITY HEARD FROM.

Balls Health Preserving Corsets in all styles and numbers. We buy them direct from the manufacturers. Sent by mail on receipt of retail Chicago price. We are agents for Pawnee City.

Ervin Morey & Co.

INTERESTING TO LADIES.

We are the exclusive agents for "Myra's Unique French Patterns," every late style received monthly. A full line of patterns always in stock, for all garments in Ladies Misses and Childrens wear. Call and get a Fashion Journal FREE of CHARGE.

Ervin Morey & Co.
Paynee City

We are the only and exclusive agents in Pawnee County, for the sale of the Celebrated Broad-head Worsted dress goods. These goods are superior to all others. Beware of imitations; call for the Broad-head dress goods. Ervin Morey & Co.
Pawnee City.

L. C. Gandy of Humboldt, was in town one day this week.

J. T. Hopkins of Omaha, special agent of the Phenix of Brooklyn, was in town Thursday and Friday of this week.

Mrs. J. L. Fisher was called to Blue Springs on Friday, by the dangerous illness of a near relative.

Jacob Dillon, of the firm of E. Dillon & Co. Bloomington Illinois, was looking over this section of country the first of the week, with a view to locating.

Fellers has a stock of Shelf Hardware, kept to accommodate his patrons.

Clothe thyself and family with suits to be selected from Fellers' big winter stock.

RICHARDSON, LINN & COOPER.

DEALERS IN

LUMBER!

Southwest of Square.

We keep constantly on hand,
LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,
LIME, CEMENT, DOORS,
SASH, BLINDS, BUILDING PAPER, POSTS,
And such other commodities as belong to the trade. Estimates made on application.

WM. FELLERS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

South of Public Square.

Call on me, and select from my large and diversified stock of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
CLOTHING,
BUILDING HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

BEST GRADES OF FLOUR
On hand at all times. I can make it of interest to you to purchase of me.

LINN & COOPER,

DEALERS IN

STOCK GRAIN AND COAL.

The Pionee Stock and Grain Buyers of Pawnee County.

OPERATE AT TABLE ROCK, HUMBOLDT, AND AUBURN

We pay at all times the highest market price for
STOCK AND GRAIN,
And keep constantly on hand a large stock of
HARD AND SOFT COAL.
Can always find us at our office, with Richardson, Linn & Cooper, or at the scale office, near the depot.

TAYLOR & MITCHELL,

PROPRIETORS OF

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run Stage to and from Pawnee City, connecting with All Trains.

TABLE ROCK FLOURING MILLS!

J. D. HARRISON, Manager,

3-4 MILE EAST OF DEPOT.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALITY.
ALL GRADES OF FLOUR, CORN MEAL, ETC., ALWAYS ON HAND, AND SOLD FOR LOWEST CASH PRICES.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

HARRISON & JONES, Publishers.

TABLE ROCK, NEB

NEBRASKA ITEMS.

Mr. L. Bristol, of Nance county, had his eyes blown full of powder last week by the accidental discharge of gun. He fears the loss of one eye.

Omaha is soon to have the electric light in operation in the places of business on several streets. The existing contract with the gas companies prevent lighting the streets with it at present.

The Nebraska Baptist seminary celebrated at Gibbon last week its second anniversary.

At Auburn, the other day, the John Delay farm of 470 acres, sold for $10,006. It is said to be one of the largest land sales ever known in the vicinity.

Lightning destroyed for Mr. J. M. Sipherd, of Papillion, several tons of hay during the recent thunder storm.

A new meat-market, a new brick-store eighty feet deep, besides extensive extensive improvements in stores and residences, are reported from Osceola. A blacksmith and a jeweler are wanted.

Riverton was the scene of Sunday morning of a $65,000 fire. It is said to be the work of an incendiary who is thought to be known.

Speaking of the Ransom Sorghum factory in Richardson county, the Falls City Journal says: From thirty acres of cane Mr. Ransom will make about 5,000 gallons of pure syrup, which buyers know is not adulterated. He sells it for fifty cents a gallon by the barrel. Each acre will net him over $90. Mr. Ransom has expended over $1,500 in buildings and machinery.

The Union Pacific headquarters, now one of the most commodious buildings in Omaha, is found to be too small and will be enlarged.

Friendville is to have a club room in which the youths will while away their leisure hours, and learn the art preservative.

The new opera house at Fairbury is said to be the finest three-story brick building in southern Nebraska.

There are now over 1,500 pupils enrolled in the Omaha city schools.

Gosper county has been changed to Garfield, and it will hereafter appear on the maps as such.

The Catholics of Crete are holding a very successful church fair this week.

At Louisville, on Saturday night, the Hall house burned. Loss, $4,500.

A seven-year-old girl of Michael Gallagher, of O'Neill City, on Monday, choked on a kernel of pop-corn, and before help could be secured strangled to death.

McCook Tribune: We have it from good authority that the B. & M. railroad company will begin building machine shops in McCook next spring. McCook is certainly getting away with all the other towns in the valley and if the railroad work continues, she can be proud of her prosperity, and from the present outlook she will go it without a failure. Lots are still selling and building continues, and the outlook is very promising.

Among the recent improvements at Fort Calhoun is a new saw mill.

Last Monday evening the saw mill of Chatfield and Royce, Brownville, was blown up. It will be repaired as soon as possible.

The town of Wayne has set aside twelve of the most desirable lots in the place upon which the court house and buildings are to be erected at some future time. The value of the lots at the present time is about $2,000.

NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE.

SENATORS.

District No. 1, Schoenheit, R.; No. 2 Fisher, R.; No. 3, Bauer, A. M.; No. 4, Rogers, D.; No. 5, Patterson, D.; No. 6, Brown, D.; Canfield, D.; No. 7, McCune, D.; No. 8, Conkling, D.; No. 9, Lees, D.; No. 10, Thatch, D.; No. 11, Norris, R.; No. 12, Kincaid, R.; No. 13, Brown, D.; No. 14, Reynolds, A. M.; No. 15, Doch, G. B.; No. 16, Brown, R.; Walker, R.; No. 17, Dunphy, D.; No. 18, Howell, R.; No. 19, Dye, A. M.; No. 20, Barker, A. M.; No. 21, Filley, R.; No. 22, Rich, A. M.; No. 23 Case, D.; No. 24, Brown, R.; No. 25, Harrison R.; No. 26, Connor, A. M.; No. 27, Harris R.; No. 28, Seidel, R.; No. 29, Bomgardner, R.; No. 30, Dolan, R.; No. 31, Heist, R.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

District No. 1, Stevenson, R.; Grinstead R.; Luthey, D.; No. 2, Foulinger, R.; Graves, D.; No. 3, Freeburn, A. M.; No. 4 Humphrey, R.; No. 5, Walker, R.; No. 6, Grout, R.; Payne, D.; Groebel, D.; No. 7 Hall, R.; Wolfe, R.; Neville, D.; Draper, D.; No. 8, Gow, R.; No. 9, Gray, R.; Christopherson, R.; Susannach, R.; Colpetzer R.; Turtle, D.; Carnapp, D.; McGavock, D.; Clark, D.; No. 10, Keeny, R.; Hatch, R.; No. 11, Barrington, D.; Thomas, D.; No. 12, Heinrich, D.; Laird, D.; No. 13 France, D.; No. 14, Miller, R.; No. 15, Britton, R.; No. 16, Holman, D.; No. 17 Palmer, R.; No. 18, Davenport, D.; No. 19 Draper, R.; No. 20, Gordon, A. M.; No. 21 Roach, R.; No. 22, Thompson, R.; No. 23, North, D.; ——, D.; No. 24 Clark, D.; No. 25, McAllister, R.; No. 26, Roberts, R.; Jenson, R.; No. 27, Sorensen R.; No. 28, Beardsley, R.; No. 29, Homer, R.; Collins, R.; Johnson, R.; No. 30, Wheeler, R.; Field, R. Weisenberg, R.; Wolfe, R.; Sessions, R.; Wescott, R.; No. 31, Brown, R.; Swearinger, R.; No. 32, Martin, R.; Russell, R.; No. 33, Berkeley, A. M.; Bixler, A. M.; No. 34, Saderlin, A. M.; Palmer, A. M.; Raney, A. M.; No. 35, Morrison, R. Castle, R.; Turner, A. M.; No. 36, Wernham, A. M.; Cook, A. M.; No. 37, Town, A. M.; Young, A. M.; No. 38, Cook, R.; No. 39, Raney, R.; No. 40, Ashby, D.; No. 41, Chapin, R.; No. 42 Nettleton, R., Howard, R.; No. 43, Spanogle, R. Cox R.; No. 44, ——, A. M.; No. 45, Cole, R.; Denman, ——, A. M.; No. 46, Dodd, A. M.; No. 47, Tower, D., Armitage, A. M.; No. 48, Broadwell, A. M., Haynes, A. M.; No. 49, Grimes, R.; No. 50, Grimes; No. 51, ——, A. M.; No. 52, Dawson, R.; No. 53, Charson, R.; No. 54, Lee, R.; No. 55, Babcock, R.; No. 56, Taylor, R.; No 57, Abel, R.; No. 58, Watt, D.; No. 59, Bierbower, R.—[Omaha Republican of Nov. 17.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

GENERAL.

A proposal has been brought forward and is likely to be carried out at once to establish at Oxford and Cambridge Roman Catholic colleges for the purpose of preparing students who desire to enter these universities.

Coal miners of the Pittsburg district will meet in convention Wednesday, and finally decide whether to demand an increase or continue the present wages.

At St. Lawrence cathedral, New York City, during mass the plastering fell, producing a panic among the large congregation. Three women fainted. No one was seriously hurt.

At a general meeting of the land league branches at Buffalo, a resolution was adopted endorsing the Irish land league as now constituted, together with its leaders, principles and plans.

The proposition made by General Ord, of the Mexican Southern railroad, for a combination of this road with the Mexican Central, has been disapproved by President Gonzale. Government appears disposed to grant subversion for the Oaxaca branch of the Mexican Southern.

Col. Robt. G. Ingersoll at McVicker's delivered his lecture entitled "Talmagian Theology" before an audience of 3,000 people.

Morris Greenwalt, of Australia, offered Col. Robert G. Ingersoll $400 a night for twenty-five nights' lectures in Australia, and pay all expenses there and back, one half in advance. Ingersoll declined the offer.

Some eighty or ninety puddlers and helpers employed at the Laclede rolling mill, St. Louis, owned by Chateau, Harrison and Hall, have struck against 10 per cent. reduction, made under agreement between mill owners and the amalgamated iron workers' association. All other union men at work at the Laclede mill have also gone out. This movement is confined entirely to the Laclede mill, all other puddlers in the city being, at least, so far as known, satisfied with their wages.

Helpers of the puddlers in the two rolling mills in Newport, Ohio, struck for what they say is Pittsburg wages. Unless adjustment is made soon this will stop the mills when present stock is worked off. Jarrett has been telegraphed for.

The strike of a comparatively small number of miners at Akron is regarded as the first expression of intention on the part of miners generally to strike. The Akron men demand an increase of wages from 85 cents per ton to 95. A meeting of miners in Mahoning valley was held to-day. The purpose was not divulged.

The sixteenth session of the National Grange of Patrons of Husbandry will begin in Indianapolis. The National grange is composed of masters with their wives, of the state granges. About two hundred delegates are expected.

Commissioner McFarland, in a recent decision, declares that where a person has failed to make entry to a tract of land through being misinformed of his rights by local officers, when others entitled to make entry, he will be protected by the department and lose nothing unless required to do so by the actual demands of law.

Robert Linerman, a butcher, while attempting to crawl under a train of cars in the P. and M. A. yards at Peoria, Ills., was run over and instantly killed.

In the suit of Miss Lillian Spencer, actress, against Max Strakosch, at Pittsburg, theatrical manager, to recover $2,000 salary unpaid, a verdict was rendered in favor of Miss Spencer for the amount of her claim.

The New York Sun is informed that Jay Gould said to a friend, "they say $15,000,000 Western Union stock has been issued illegally. That may be so, but that has nothing to do with me. I was not not a director at that time. That over-issue, if over-issue it is, was the work of W. H. Vanderbilt, D. O. Mills and A. B. Cornell, and these gentlemen are perfectly fully responsible for $15,000,000, or any small sum like that."

At Chicago the bricklayers in the employ of the bosses' association struck against the system of payment by the hour and for an increase in wages.

The body of J. G. S. Mohr, of Chicago, has been found in his office. He has evidently been dead for some days. No marks of violence, and the cause of death is unknown.

Railroad coal miners of the Pittsburg district in convention, unanimously resolved to strike on November 20th unless the operators concede them an advance of one-half cent per bushel for mining.

At Robert station, twenty miles east of Hudson, on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha, a stock train while stopping for water, was run into by a freight train from behind. The caboose, in which were the conductor, brakeman, stockmen and several passengers, was smashed to pieces. The conductor was burned to death, nothing but his bones being recovered. The brakeman had an arm torn from its socket and died from loss of blood within an hour. A passenger named Finn was badly injured. A number of cars were badly wrecked and many cattle killed.

No deaths and no new cases of yellow fever reported at Pensacola, though several are known to exist since yesterday. The board of health have issued a proclamation declaring the yellow fever epidemic in the city at an end.

Application for a new trial in the insanity case of Mrs. Scoville is again continued at Chicago. Her attorney stated he has received a dispatch from her, saying she intended to be present, but missed the train. Her husband says she always misses trains.

A number of iron manufacturers at Pittsburg have been interviewed on the outlook in the iron trade, and all agree that, although trade is unusually dull for the season and prices very low and still declining, there is no cause for apprehension, and they do not anticipate that wages will be reduced, or that a general stoppage will result.

The Hannibal and St. Joseph has again been fined $48 for violating the passenger agent's agreement at Kansas City, agent selling a ticket for less than tariff rates. This makes nearly $400 fines paid by the Hannibal within the past six weeks, which amounts have been paid the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific company preferring the charges.

The steamer Guilding Star, with the congressional committee on the improvement investigation of the Mississippi river, have commenced work. They spent three hours at Plum Point, Tennessee, eighty miles above Memphis, where Superintendent Knight, engineer in charge of the division, showed them over the works already begun at that place, which consists of dyking, piling and mattressing. The committee expressed no opinion of the work, but this will be embodied in their report to congress.

A Duluth (Minnesota) special says: Glowing returns reach this city of the recent rich discoveries of silver ore at a point twelve miles east of Pigeon river, on the Canadian side of the international boundary line. Gen. Wilde, who has been prospering in the region three years in company with a Frenchman named Dannett and Dan McPhee, with the aid of Indians, has succeeded in finding what is reported to be the richest silver vein on the continent.

Navigation of the upper Mississippi has virtually closed, as nearly all steamboats have gone into winter quarters. The records at the draw of the bridge across the Mississippi at Keokuk indicate a falling off from the year of 1881 of transportation of northern products south, probably accounted for by the short crops along the river. The number of boats passing through the draw thus far during 1882 is 1,917—barges 807, rafts 440—a decrease from 1881 of boats 829, barges 1,311.

A. E. Touzalin, for fifteen years first vice-president of the Burlington route has resigned on account of failing health.

The war between the West Shore and the Chenango Valley companies has broken out afresh at Syracuse. The West Shore company tore up the Valley track in Brown street and moved its track onto ground occupied by the track which was torn up. The West Shore also shoved the Chenango Valley engine off the track into a turn table belonging to the latter road.

The American fat stock show is one of the attractions of Chicago, and the large attendance each day indicates increasing interest.

The Ohio river commission has arrived at Pittsburg and started for Davis Island dam on an inspection tour.

A war on passenger rates between Chicago and Kansas City is considered imminent. The Hannibal and St. Joe has been warned, if caught cutting rates again, that all reciprocal relations will be withdrawn by other members of the pool.

The approach of cold weather brings the customary small pox cases, at Louisville, Ky. Health Officer Montgomery says the type of the disease is not violent, being successfully treated. At the pest house only twelve cases are under treatment.

Business failures for the week, 139; of which 121 were in the country and eight in New York. The eastern states had 23, western 37, southern 29, middle 18, Pacific 12, Canada 12.

A large number of people interested in promoting temperance, have formed an organization at Boston, under the title of "The Massachusetts No License Union," to oppose the organized movement of the liquor dealers through their "personal liberty leagues." The special object of the union at present is to secure a vote of no license in cities of the commonwealth holding elections in December. A stirring appeal made by leading temperance men of the state will be published at once.

Next Monday is the date set for the strike of the Pittsburg coal miners if operators refuse them the advance of half a cent per bushel demanded. Miners assert there will be no strike. They claim that a number of operators in the sawmills have notified the men that the increase will be granted them.

A Commercial Massilon (Ohio) special says: The strike of the Tuscarawas valley coal miners ended by owners of the mine at a meeting last night conceding the 10 cents per ton asked.

A strike of all the Pittsburg ice wagon drivers took place Monday. They have been getting $30 a month and board, but want $2 per day and board, which the dealers refused to pay.

The Italian bark Caterina, from Pensecola, arrived at quarantine at Havana. The whole crew, excepting the captain, mate, cook and steward died of yellow fever at Pensacola.

The steamship Hermoda, just arrived at New York from Harve, had on board fifty-one sheep of the famous Rambouillet breed.

Fifty pupils at the asylum for imbecile youth at Columbus, O., are prostrated with scarlet fever. Three have died since Tuesday.

WASHINGTON.

Clerks sent out to the Pacific coast by the Indian office to purchase and award Indian supplies have returned. Supplies to the weight of 466,372 pounds, and costing over $76,000 were purchased, being an increase over last year in weight of 94,475 pounds. The quality of the supplies were fully up to last year's standard, while the cost was 10 per cent less. The total number of invoices was 102, and the number of days in shipping the supplies was 74.

Postmaster General Howe has been debating the propriety of recommending in his annual report the establishment of post-office savings banks in connection with the money order system of the postoffice department, and has finally come to the conclusion not to take such recommendation, but leave the matter to congress.

Henry George delivered a lecture under the auspices of the federation of labor. During the course of his remarks Mr. George called attention to the alarming growth in the strength of railroad corporations. He recommended as the only practical check threats of absorption of their property by the government. In the results of the recent elections George saw the promise of revolution in the popular feeling, which would result in bringing forward great industrial and economic principles. Invitations to be present had been extended to the president and members of his cabinet, but none of them attended.

At the cabinet meeting no business of importance was transacted. The principal topic was the discussion of several reports of executive officers. Secretary Chandler took occasion to remark that the elections were not discussed. It is estimated there will be fifty contested election cases in the house of representatives in the next congress.

The president received Louis L. Dominquez, newly appointed envoy of the Argentine Republic. The usual courtesies were exchanged.

A Washington special says: George C. Gorham will probably receive the republican caucus nomination for secretary of the United States Senate.

Representative Kelley has arrived here. He says he shall at once urge upon the president and secretary of the treasury the propriety of their recommending to congress an abatement of excessive revenue.

F. N. Bassett, stenographer to postmaster General Howe, has been appointed chief clerk of the postoffice department.

The grand jury has returned five more indictments against B. F. Bigelow, late teller of the Bank of the Republic in this city.

The new map of the United States, prepared under the direction of Mr. Roeser, of the general land office, is now in the hands of the printers in New York and will soon be ready for distribution. The new map is said to be the most complete and accurate one compiled by the government. It contains over 4,000 places not on the old map. These additions are merely in the west. The rapid strides in that section render the map now in use almost valueless.

Thomas R. Foot, colored, charged with jury fixing in the star route trial, surrendered himself and was then released on bail.

The president has signed the extradition treaty between the United States and Belgium government.

Gen. Wright, chief of engineers of the United States army, has left for the west to inspect works in progress on the Mississippi south of St. Louis.

An officer of the United States mint bureau is now in New Orleans inquiring into charges preferred against Assayer Albrecht.

Representative Kelley says the tariff commissioners have not prepared their report. It is likely they will not do so until after congress convenes.

The clerk of the house committee on ways and means, under instructions from the chairman, has sent out notices to members to assemble in the committee room at the capitol to consider revenue measures.

The postoffice department has so far furnished to 500 postoffices of the fourth class, which are entitled to them, letter balances, marking and rating stamp, and ink and pad, leaving to be supplied about 9,500 offices. Of this number 2,506 cannot be furnished this year, the appropriation for this object not being sufficient. The cost of each outfit is $4 59. The contractor in furnishing the articles has prevented the department supplying this outfit as rapidly as it hoped. The postmaster general in his report will recommend that uniform cancelling ink be supplied to all postoffices.

At a meeting of the arbitration league a resolution was adopted appointing a commission to suggest to President Arthur the propriety of his calling the attention of congress to the resolution adopted by the national arbitration convention held in this city last May. The resolution referred to ask that congress may endeavor to provide for settlement by arbitration of all difficul. arising between the United States and foreign nations.

At the session of the Garfield board of audit a searching examination into and thorough discussion of claims of physicians attending the late president was had. The examination comprehended not only papers submitted to the board of audit, but those presented to congress. A long consultation was then held as to what should be done in the premises, but adjournment was reached without a decision having been arrived at.

Receipts of national bank notes for redemption for the week, $1,765,000; bonds deposited to secure circulation during the week, $2,628,500; to secure circulation withdrawn, $2,954,500.

Since November 1, there have been received at the treasury department $1,306,200 of 3½ per cent. bonds for conversion into 3s. Previous to November 1 there were received $259,332,500 of 3½ per cents. for conversion.

In view of the exhibition given by Sullivan, the prize fighter, the district commissioners instructed the police to prevent all such exhibitions in the future.

Secretary Teller has requested Secretary Lincoln to place a sufficient force of soldiers at Flathead agency, Montana, to prevent railroad constructors now approaching that reservation, from entering it and interfering with the Indians.

Secretary Teller will not in his annual report recommend reduction in the cost of obtaining patents. He is persuaded to this course, it is said, from the fact that the patent laws are now the most liberal of any country in the world. In England it costs $100 to obtain a 14 years' patent. In Germany over $60, in Russia about $400, and in Canada $140, while here it costs but $35 for a 17-years' patent. It is not thought by Commissioner of Patents Marble that a reduction in fees would increase the number of patents taken out or stimulate invention, as the small fee is now within the reach of all. He thought that the large revenue now derived from this source is no argument in favor of reduction, unless it can be shown that the fees weigh heavily upon deserving inventors.

Secretaries of Arizona and Dakota territories had interviews with Secretary Teller, after which they called upon the superintendent of the railway mail service and urged the extension of mail facilities in their respective territories.

CRIME.

John Hayes was sentenced to hang December 28th for the murder of Phillip Mueller, at St. Louis.

In a general fight at the dance house of Jake Niederhause on Missouri Point, opposite Alton, Mo., Saturday night, Frank Carter was shot and killed by some unknown person.

Two farm hands had a deadly affray in the field, near Hampstead, L. I., Saturday night. They were found, one with a bullet through the body and the other with frightful stabs. Both died soon after found.

A Morning News Bethany, Ill., special says: Last night a young man named Greely King took a young lady home from church, and was informed by her that his visits were unwelcome. Without warning he drew a revolver, and placing the muzzle in his mouth sent a bullet into his brain, and died instantly.

Chief Brooks, of the secret service of the treasury department, has received a sample of a counterfeit silver dollar which is being extensively circulated, especially in the west. The coin is very heavily plated, resists acid tests unless deeply cut before applied, has a ring similar to the genuine and is of the exact weight. Officers of the department consider the counterfeit one of the most dangerous that has yet appeared.

At Raub, Ind., a well-to-do farmer named Jasper Spaulding, living three miles from Raub, first knocked senseless his little son and wife with a whiffletree. He then cut their throats with a razor, after which he cut his own throat with the same weapon. His mother-in-law, on visiting Spaulding's residence, discovered the whole family lying dead on the floor in the kitchen. Cause, insanity.

Brave Bear, the Sioux Indian, was hung at Yankton, Nov. 15, for the murder of Joseph Johnson, near Fort Sully, in 1879. The drop fell at half past 12, and in 15 minutes he was dead. There was very little excitement. The execution was private. Brave Bear left a request to his relatives not to avenge his death and omit the usual mourning.

A dispatch from El Paso, Texas, says: "Ex-Mayor Navin, bond forger of Adrian, Mich., was here about ten days ago, but, being recognized, he skipped into Mexico and cannot now be taken."

Ellery Albee, defaulting cashier of the Ashuelot savings bank, sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, was taken to prison at Concord, N. H.

Noting the Effects.

R. Gibbe, of Buffalo, New York, writes: "Hearing your Burdock Blood Bitters favorably spoken of, I was induced to watch their effects, and find that in chronic diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys, your bitters have been eminently marked with success. I have used them myself with best results, for torpidity of the liver; and in the case of a friend of mine suffering from dropsy, the effect was marvelous." Price $1.

Wide Awake Delia.

Messrs. Sargent Bros., druggists, Delta, O., in ordering a quantity of Thomas' Eclectric Oil, write that they never sold anything that gave such universal satisfaction in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis, rheumatism, neuralgia, etc.

An engaged girl is happiest when she is telling about it to another girl who is not engaged and is not likely to be.

The shell always has the bulge on the oyster, and would win if some with a knife didn't help the oyster out.

NEW BLOOMFIELD, Miss., Jan. 2, 1880.

I wish to say to you that I have been suffering for the last five years with a severe itching all over. I have heard of Hop Bitters and have tried it. I have used up four bottles, and it has done me more good than all the doctors and medicines that they could use on or with me. I am old and poor but feel to bless you for such a relief by your medicine and from torment of the doctors. I have had fifteen doctors at me. One gave me seven ounces of solution of arsenior another took four quarts of blood form me. All they could tell was that it was skin sickness. Now, after these four bottles of your medicine, my skin is well, clean and smooth as ever.

HENRY KNOCHE.

It is one of the precious mysteries of sorrow that it finds a solace in unselfish thought.—Garfield.

***"One man's meat is another man's poison." Kidney-Wort expels the poisonous humors. The first thing to do in the Spring is to clean house. For internal cleansing and renovating, no other medicine is equal to Kidney-Wort. In either dry or liquid form it cures headache, bilious attacks, constipation and deranged kidneys.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Nov. 13.—The native population in the delta of the Nile is in great distress on account of the failure of their chief means of sustenance, the rice crop, and unless aid is given them by the government it is feared many deaths from starvation will ensue.

IRELAND.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Particulars received from Galway, where there has been such bad blood between peasants and proprietors and magistrates recently, gives an account of an attack by a mob Saturday on huntsmen. They stoned the riders, struck the resident magistrate with sticks, cheered for Parnell, Dillon and the land league, and finally succeeded in driving the police, huntsmen and soldiers in a body from the end of the cover. Eight arrests were effected. None were killed, but many were bruised badly.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 4.—Queen Christiana was safely delivered of a daughter. The queen and the infant are doing well.

King Alfonso has expressed a desire that the money which would be used to celebrate the birth of the infant be devoted to the relief of sufferers by the recent cyclone in Cuba.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The death of Sir Andrew Buchanan, diplomat, was announced during the performance to-night at the Globe theatre of Tennyson's new drama, "The Promise of May." The Marquis of Queensbury twice arose and protested against the Tennyson representation of the principles of free thought which, he said, was a travesty on the sentiments of free thinkers. His remarks created a sensation, and the marquis left the theatre.

EGYPT.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—The Figaro has a dispatch from Cairo which affirms that the governments of England and France have entered into a definite agreement in regard to control of the finances in Egypt. It is said France has accepted the offer of England that the presidency of the public debt commission be given to France as compensation for doing away with present control. Other questions relating to organizing the finances of Egypt will be treated by these two governments in concert with other great powers of Europe.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, Nov. 14.—The Prussian diet was opened to-day by a speech from the throne. The emperor says the relations of Germany with foreign governments justify the conviction that the benefits of peace are assured.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—Officers of the Prussian parliament certain of election Thursday are: President, Von Kallet, conservative; first vice president, Von Heereman, ultramontaine; second vice president, Von Berda, national. No opposition candidates.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Nov. 15.—The jury in the trial of Patrick Joyce, for the murder of the Joyce family at Cong, returned in court here this morning a verdict of guilty. Judge Barry sentenced the prisoner to be hanged December 15th proximo.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 15.—President Grevy, of France is very ill. At last reports he was thought to be improving.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—In commons to-day debate was resumed on the resolution to provide against unnecessary adjournment of motions. Gladstone said he had decided to accept Rudolph Churchill's proposed amendment that the house might take a division on the question of adjournment if fewer than forty members and not less than ten should rise in its favor.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—A heavy gale is blowing around the coast to-day, particularly in the southwest; A brig has been lost with all hands, off Stowes. A small vessel is ashore in Stowes bay. Another vessel was totally wrecked at Hayle.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Nov. 16.—Questions at issue between the prosecution and defense in the case of rebel prisoners have been practically arranged. Broadley, one of Arabi's counsel, will commence examination of witnesses for the defense.

IRELAND.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—A party of forty armed men attacked the house of Redmond Roach, magistrate at Magnoss Castle, Ireland, last night, firing several shots and demanding admission, and carrying away two guns.

Sir Stafford Northcote has been obliged to leave England on account of his health, and will immediately make a trip to the Mediterranean. He is in precarious condition, and unless speedily relieved by change of air, his malady may have fatal termination.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 17.—Lightning struck and exploded a powerful magazine in the fortress at Schutaria, doing much damage but causing no loss of life.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Nov. 17.—The evidence of Suleiman Daoud that Arabi Pasha ordered him to set Alexandria on fire and murder the khedive, is generally discredited. Sultan Pasha denies meeting Suluman Daoud on the way to Ramleh palace to murder the khedive.

WALES.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—A fearful explosion of dynamite occurred this morning at Barryport Lanley, Wales, instantly killing three girls and two men, and wounding seven others.

Six of Wm. Whiteley's draper shops in Westbourne grove were damaged by fire $500,000.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Martin Feville, upon assuming the presidency of the union republican, one of the leading groups of the chamber of duties, dwelt on the importance of harmony and concord in the republican ranks.

The Figaro states President Grevy's medical advisors are of the opinion he has touched a delicate crisis in the period of old age when it is necessary there should be no mental disturbance, and he should have absolute repose.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The queen, accompanied by the crown princess of Germany, Princess Beatrice, the duchess of Connaught and duke of Cambridge, commander-in-chief of the army, to-day reviewed 8,000 of the troops which took part in the Egyptian campaign.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—At the review the queen presented war medals to two representatives of each regiment. General presentation of medals will take place at Windsor Tuesday.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Gen. Woolsley headed the troops during the march through the streets. The scene along the line was one of unbounded enthusiasm.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The Daily News states there is very slight probability that Yorke's motion for a commission to inquire into the circumstances under which Parnell, Dillon and O'Kelly were released from Kilmainham jail, will prevail, although Gladstone expressed a desire that it should be opposed.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Nov. 18.—Miles Joyce, arraigned for the murder of Miss Joyce, has been convicted and sentenced to death.

British Requirements and the American Surplus of Wheat.

James Caird, the English agricultural authority writes to the London Times as follows: "Our foreign wheat requirements for the harvest year from September 1 last, in addition to the home growth, may be estimated at 16,500,000 quarters. That is nearly 2,000,000 quarters less than we imported in the last harvest year, and about 1,000,000 less than in either of the two preceding years. For the first time in recent experience there have been good wheat crops, both in Europe and America. And the general acceptance of this fact has caused a reduction in price of 7s, 3d, a quarter in the average of last week as compared with the corresponding week last year. I have been favored by the Department of Agriculture in Washington with their latest report, September 12, on the several American crops of the present year. The wheat crop is estimated at 65,000,000 quarters, which, after providing for home consumption and restoration of depleted stocks, will, they reckon, leave for export 21,000,000 quarters. In the harvest years ending 31st August, 1880 and 1881, two-thirds of our foreign wheat came from the United States, but last year little more than half, the American crop in the Eastern and Middle States having been very defective. In the present year they can send us all we require and have something over for Continental wants, should France require a few million quarters to improve her imperfect quality. And, as other countries, both in Europe and the East, will have a surplus to send there is every prospect of an abundant and cheap supply of bread if the price does not fall below the cost of moving the crops from the more distant sources of supply. For there can be no doubt that the rapid increase of supplies last year from other countries, when the American crop proved so deficient, was due to the rise of price which made the transport profitable. The Indian corn in America will be larger than last year, but still far short of that of 1879 and 1880. So far as this country is concerned the consumer will be richer by the ten or twelve millions saved in the cost of bread. This is a saving specially to the working class, who are much the largest consumers of bread. The extraordinary development of agriculture in America, and the increase of additional supplies of food of all kinds from that continent have raised the comfort and position of the laborer in Europe by enabling him thus to share in the teeming abundance of her rich, unexhausted, and practically boundless prairies. It is a double blessing helping both those who emigrate and those who remain at home.

Chicago's First Citizen.

The Chicago Tribune in closing up elaborate article on Hon. Carter H. Harrison, Mayor of that city, gives the following as Mr. Harrison's opinion of St. Jacobs Oil: "When I first found myself suffering from the rheumatism, my leading thought naturally was to call a physician, but my neighbors all advised me to try St. Jacobs Oil, the Great German Remedy. I procured some of it immediately, and found it excellent for that ailment.

We should correct our own faults by seeing how uncomely they appear in others. Who will abhor a choleric passion, and a saucy pride in himself, if he sees how ridiculous and contemptible they render those who are infested with them?

Harper Brothers are to erect a branch house in Cincinnati.

CAUSE AND CURE

Of Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Etc., Etc., Etc.

From Dr. N. B. Wolfe's Medical Common Sense Book.

LETTER XI.

SYMPTOMS OF CONSUMPTION.

The lungs consist of two conical bodies, of a dark, purple hue, composed of a great number of air-cells, and situated within the walls of the chest, which they completely fill. If the walls of these air-cells were spread upon a common plane, they would, it is said, cover an area of 1,500 square feet. This extensive surface is fanned by every breath we draw.

Consumption has a first or "forming" stage; a middle or "confirmed" stage; and a last or "ulcerated" stage. The lungs do not become immediately stuffed with tubercles or excavated by ulcers. It is after months or years of slow, insidious progress—from slight "catarrh" to seated "bronchitis;" from "bronchitis" to the first deposition of "tubercular matter" in a single cell; to the filling up of a whole lobe or a whole lung with this matter—that this dreaded malady reaches the last and final stage. The error is too widespread among the people, and too general even among physicians, to regard consumption as a disease, marked not only by "cough" and expectoration of "pus," but by "hectic fever," "night-sweats," and wasting of flesh and strength—in other words, to apply the name consumption only to the last stage of the disease. Where this otherwise, we should not have to listen, with feelings of sorrow, to such expressions as, "it is only a catarrh;" "the disease is all in the throat;" or, "it is only a slight bronchial affection." Alas! there are few who suffer from these affections, trifling and unimportant as they may seem, that do not sooner or later fill a consumptive's grave.

The earliest symptom that commonly attracts attention is a slight, dry cough, occurring in the morning, and, perhaps, repeated two or three times a day. This gradually increases in a few weeks, or months, in frequency, and a ropy, saliva-looking mucus is spit up, more abundant in the morning, and usually supposed to come only from the throat, but it is from the air tubes, which are irritated by the neighborhood of tubercles. Gradually yellowish specks appear in the expectoration, which ultimately become entirely yellow or green. Neither the amount of cough nor expectoration is always a certain of the extent of the disease existing in the lungs. I have seen persons die from the blocking up of the lungs by tubercle, who neither coughed nor spit during their illness.

It is of the utmost consequence that coughs should be attended to early, for, although every cough is not the premonition of consumption, many are! and it is a golden rule that the earlier a cough is attended to the better. Spitting blood, or bleeding from the lungs, is an early symptom, and always a serious one in consumption. This symptom possesses a fearful interest, from the fact that it rarely happens, except as a consequence of serious disease within the chest. The loss of blood is an indication of tubercle within the lungs, and from these tubercles will arise, sooner or later, all those changes and symptoms which accompany consumption. It is by no means unfrequent for physicians to cheer their patients by the assurance that "the blood has only come from the throat." Let me warn you against being deceived. The throat rarely bleeds! In nine hundred and ninety-nine cases out of a thousand, when you cough up blood, however small the quantity, that blood comes from the lungs, and speaks a terrible warning. Bleeding, however, does not always accompany consumption; but when you bleed, if you value health, if you prize life, if you have any object that renders existence desirable, begin at once to resist the progress of this fearful malady whose seeds are sown in the most vital part of your body.

Shortness of breath is also an early symptom, and is felt most when ascending heights, such as going up hill, or up stairs, it is a mark of such importance that when it exists an immediate examination of the lungs should be had by a competent and truthful person. If, along with shortness of breath, there is a wasting of the body and quickness of the pulse, it amounts to a certainty that there is disease going on in the lungs. When the pulse ranges above a hundred beats in a minute, the case is bad enough, though sometimes with slower pulse the end is fatal. The natural pulse is from seventy to seventy-five in the minute, the respiration fifteen to eighteen. Above or under this announces disease. Shooting pains through the collar-bones and shoulders, or dull, burning pain in the chest, are fearfully significant. If the disease has advanced, hectic fever comes on toward evening, and goes off toward morning in "night-sweats," which are often enormous in amount, occasioning an exhausting debility. Hectic fever is gradual in its approach; at first a little, creeping chill, felt for a few moments in the morning, followed by a slight pink of the cheek and slight sweat at night, but as the disease advances, these symptoms become intensified. I have known it to be mistaken for ague, when the chill was decided.

It sometimes occurs that the first deposit of tubercle is accompanied, not with a cough, but with dyspeptic symptoms, heartburn, and indigestion. The end approaches when the physician mistakes the disease and treats it for bilious dyspepsia or liver complaint.

The suppression of the periodic secretions often occurs in an early stage of consumption, and the younger the patient, the more rapid the fatal termination. When suppression is attended with a cough, sore throat, palpitation of the heart, a flattening of the chest under the collar-bones and a tendency to stoop, then, indeed, disease of the lungs becomes too manifest to tolerate a doubt for one moment. And when the white of the eye becomes pearl-gray, with a slight spasmodic twitching of the upper lip and nose while speaking, it is only to "confirm conviction," that consumption is doing its deadly work.

It gives a startling importance to the subject when we reflect that of the crowd of men, women, and children we daily see thronging our streets, one-fifth will fall victims to consumption, unless rescued by appropriate treatment. What promise have we to lessen this frightful mortality? Take up any practice of medicine, Watson, Wood, or Eberle; Hahnemann or Thompson, or any standard works in our medical schools, and they all alike candidly avow that no treatment of consumption to them known has been more than palliative. Watch the practice of two physicians of equal eminence, and see how opposite their mode of proceeding; but each alike lands his patient in death.

So sure are they of the fatal result, that they invariably deceive their patients at the beginning by saying it is "only a slight bronchitis," and if the patient spits blood, "it comes from the throat," and thus the precious opportunity when the disease is most easily controlled, is allowed to slip by. The very treatment, while it soothes the most distressing symptoms, masks the disease, and in many instances hurries on the catastrophe. When the disease has so far advanced that the sick man himself despairs, he is then advised to go to Minnesota, to Colorado, to Florida, or take a sea voyage, in most cases not realizing the happy feeling of "dying among his kindred." Why pulmonary invalids trust themselves to physicians who openly proclaim in their books and conversation that they can not cure consumption, is a most incomprehensible problem.

Dr. Wolfe, the author of this valuable work on the Cause and Cure of Consumption, etc., is an old and highly respected physician of Cincinnati, where he has been located for twenty-five years. His practice is confined exclusively to the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Nasal Catarrh, and kindred maladies of the nose, throat, and lungs. He has patients in all parts of the United States, who consult with him by letter, and receive his medicines by express. The doctor will send a copy of his Common Sense Book on the Cause and Cure of Consumption, etc., by mail, FREE, to any person who will send his name and post-office address, and nine cents in stamps to pay postage. The Doctor's address is 146 Smith Street, Cincinnati.

The bountiful potato crop in Ireland last year and the cheapness of that tubor seems to have greatly stimulated hog raising on that Island. A recent Belfast correspondent of the Cincinnati Price Current furnishes the following figures showing the crop of hogs there the past three years: 1880, 850,269; 1881, 1,095,330 and 1882, 1,429,930. An increase of 215,581 in 1881 over the year precious and 334,300 this year over last. This is a conspicuous gain and one that must have quite an influence upon the English market this season.

Increase of Pension.

Thousands entitled under new laws which are more liberal. Also Pensions procured for disabled soldiers, widows, &c. Address with stamps, Stoddardt & Co., 413 G. Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

As Anna Dickinson is determined to play nothing but male characters, if she is going to play Puck she'd better not put it off until she is much older.

"ROUGH ON RATS." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin, chipmunks.

When visiting Omaha stop at the Metropolitan Hotel, cor. 12th and Douglas. Rates, $2.00 per day.

The annual production of coal in the United States is 71,000,000 tons.

German Corn Remover—the only painless cure for corns. Beware of cheap imitations. 25c.

The first appearance of cotton as an articles of commerce was a shipment of seven bales from Charleston in 1757. In 1880–81 the crop was 6,000,000 bales.

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Sick headache, nervous headache, neuralgia, nervousness, paralysis, dyspepsia, sleeplessness and brain diseases, positively cured by C. W. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills. They contain no opium, quinine, or other harmful drug. Sold by druggists. Price 50c cents per box, $1 for two, $2.50 for six, postage free. Dr. C. W. Benson, Baltimore, Md.

It has been observed that after an Englishman has drunk ale for a while he begins to get stout.

Mrs. Meyers, of Washington, Kansas, has been threatened with paralysis, the result of an injury. She has gone to the Kansas City Surgical Institute for treatment, where she will have the care of the well-known surgeons, Drs. Dickerson and Stark.

Eighteen women met together at White water, Wisconsin, and prayed for rain and when the rain descended, seventeen of them screamed because they had no umbrellas.

Imagine for a moment the thousands upon thousands of bottles of Carboline, the deodorized petroleum hair renewer, annually sold, and the fact that not a single complaint has been received from all these thousands, and you may have some idea of its good qualities.

TEAS in abundance.—85 Million pounds imported last year.—Prices lower than ever.—Agents wanted.—Don't waste time.—Send for circular.
10 lbs. Good Black or Mixed, for $1.
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FIVE-TON WAGON SCALES $60

All Iron and Steel, Brass Ten Beam. Jones pays the freight. All sizes equally low, for free book, address
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MANUFACTURERS OF
Grocers' Shelf Goods
1403 DOUGLAS ST.,
Omaha, Neb.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

SHERIDAN.

Carpenters from Table Rock will build Elder Darby's house. The Elder is building in the timber on the lowest land he can well find. He says he has a horror of freezing to death

We want more hands and teams to gather corn. The hard winds in the fall blew it down very badly, and if snow comes before it is gathered, much will be lost.

Mr. Deckers, who live on the Samuel Jones farm, have been badly afflicted for several weeks with scarlet fever. Last Friday they thought one of their children was dying. The doctor had given it up, and said there was no hope for it, but at this writing is slowly recovering.

Judge Harrison says he intends when he gets his credentials, to put up an immense guide board at the north end of his farm, notifying passers by that he is authorized, ready, willing and anxious to perform the marriage ceremony.

Miss Jennie Woods of Miles, is visiting at the residence of M. H. Marble. She came over Saturday and will remain a week or two.

Has Sheridan two "J. L. Cs"? this is the question that is now agitating her people!

Elmos McCoy returned from Sterling Saturday last.

PAWNEE CITY.

The cares and toils of life have resisted so heavily on your correspondent for a few weeks past, that communications of any kind are out of the question; but now that we have recovered our usual health and spirits, and shock from the wedding (not our own however) we will again venture to send a few lines.

We found our last weeks Argus much more readable as it was not blurred nor blotted; of course the NEW PRESS has all the credit.

We extend our hearty congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Davis. May each succeeding year find you happier than the one before, and may God surround you with his choicest blessings.

A youthful couple were united in the happy bonds of matrimony, Sunday afternoon, by Rev. Hoover. The bride, Miss Nellie Vanpatter of sixteen, and the groom, a promising druggist of twenty, from Axtel. We failed to learn his name. Miss Nellie has many warm friends who wish her a pleasant voyage on the turbulent waters of the matrimonial sea. We hope they may live to celebrate their diamond anniversary and may the hymeneal ring as loud, sweet and clear to them then as on last Saturday.

Mr. Knickerbocker is still very ill, and there is but little, if any hope of his recovery. His illness has been long and severe.

Mr. Gill of the Banner, has also been quite ill for several days, but is now better.

A small child of Mr. Ross has been quite sick for several days.

Miss Moor is having a three weeks vacation during corn picking, and is spending the time pleasantly in town visiting friends, schools &c.

The number of pupils enrolled in our public schools now, is about 420 quite a fair sized school.

Prof. Gardner made a flying visit to Mission Creek, going over Friday evening, and returning Saturday.

The attendance at Quarterly meeting on Saturday afternoon and evening, was rather small, but on Sabboth the house was well filled. Elder Rodabaugh was present, and preached several excellent sermons.

We have been informed that the congregation is becoming so large at the U. P. Church, that a larger place of worship is needed. This certainly speaks well for the faithfulness of its members and the prosperity of the church. We wonder why every church in town cannot increase in the same way.

The Hon. X. Y. Z. illuminated the town with the light of his, countenance on Saturday.

McCoy has returned from his trip up Salt River, but looks as if he had had a rough voyage.

If you want your pretty face taken to give to your girl, just go to Ellis & Hoover and you will get as good work done as you will anywhere in the state, and by the way they have purchased a new machine for retouching pictures. It is the invention of a lady in Chicago, and is run by air. It is simple in structure, but is said to give about ten thousand strokes a minute. We might describe it but you had better call and see it.

John Butler and wife, after a three weeks visit to their many friends in this place, returned to their home in Omaha on Wednesday.

Dr. Fred Hassler took a trip to Omaha and Lincoln last week.

The Womans' Christian Temperance Union, meets at Mrs. Fultons Saturday afternoon at three o'clock. All ladies who have an interest in the temperance cause are cordially invited to attend.

Thanksgiving day comes one week from Thursday, if any one wants us to eat turkey, we'll be THANKFUL, but if not it's hard to tell. If we only belonged to the clergy, we would be all right, or even to the editorial clique but we fear our chances are small as we do not form a link of either.

Burt.

The Granary of the World.

H. Edmonds, the grain expert, has published in a recent number of the Baltimore Journal of Commerce an elaborate statistical review of the cultivating and marketing of American cereals from the earliest times. He brings out strikingly the fact that the production and export of wheat on a grand scale is comparatively new business. As late as 1833 a considerable quantity was imported from Europe, and in five fiscal years ending June 30, 1840, the exports were only 1,842,841 bushels. This is an average of 368,568 bushels a year. Forty years later the aggregate has risen to 153,252,895 bushels. The exports of flour, however, amounted to 4,451,384 barrels for the five fiscal years ending in 1875 This was 30.61 per cent. of the total of wheat and flour exported. The percentage of flour pretty steadily decreased from that time till 1880, when it was only 15.2 of the whole. In the year ending with last June, however, it rose to 21.6 per cent. It is the opinion of Mr. Edmonds that the proportion of flour, will steadily increase in the future, owing to the popularity of the American article, and the necessity for finding a foreign market for the growing output of the mails. The highest average value for any five years from 1821 to 1875 was for the five years ending in 1870, when the export value of wheat averaged $1.42 a bushel, and of flour $5.03 a barrel; the lowest figures being 89 cents a bushel for wheat, in 1830, and $4.04 a barrel for flour, in 1845. The total production of wheat in bushels for 1871, and 1880, with the quantity in each section of the country, is given in the following table:

	1871.	1880.
New Eng States	923 400	1 062 252
Middle States	31 715 000	38 465 928
Southern States	21 371 000	55 301 686
Western States	145 388 000	333 799 625
Pacific States	19 335 000	33 682 307
Territories	1 976 600	16 490 000
Total	230 722 400	498 549 888

The history of of corn in this country covers a period from 1611, when thirty acres were planted by the James River settlers, to the present time, when our fields amount to 62,000,000 acres, yielding 1,500,000,000 bushels and upward annually. The exports of corn, compared to the whole crop are small, but a great deal goes out in the form of meat. The exports for the seven years, 1876 to 1882, both inclusive, were 624,680,320 bushels of corn, which was 168,000,000 bushels more than the combined exports of the preceding fifty five years; but the value for the last seven years was not proportionately so great, as the average price was only fifty six cents, against seventy four cents in the longer period. The total of the six principal grains raised in 1880 was 2,718,193,501 bushels on 120,326,286 acres. In 1881, though the acreage rose to 123,477,470, the yield was 650,000,000 bushels less. Mr. Edmonds emphasize the need of cheaper facilities for getting our grain to Europe, pointing to Chili, the East Indies and Australia as growing competitors.

Evansvill Argus Commercial Chronicler.

I. Now in the days of which we write, the traffic in merchandise was great, and the emmisaries of the wholesale dealers spread over all the land.

II. And upon one of the great highways of travel there was employed a baggage man who had muscle as moulded of brass, and whose conscience had become dried up and hardened from disuse.

III. The depot platforms where he was wont to unload the parcels left in his care were strewn with fragments of mangled liester, and on the floor of the car could always be found a collection of bric-a-brac, rudely torn from the sample cases of the men of commerce.

IV. For the baggageman was a man of wondrous power! He was a trunk bouncer of fame and renown.

V. (He was formerly a cannon ball performer in a circus, but had sought heavier work to entice back unto him his declining health.)

VI. And it came to pass that a tourist who had long suffered at the hands of this monster hied him unto the court of justice and gave speech unto the prosecuting attorney saying:

VII. "Am I not I a citizen of this great commonwealth? am I a dog or a Greenback stump speaker that I should suffer outrage at the hands of a hireling of a grasping corporation?"

VIII. And the prosecutor after deep reflection said he guessed he would have to give it up—that he was a poor solver of conundrums anyhow.

IX. And the tourist continued, saying; "For years have I journeyed up and down the land, and for years have I suffered from his peculiar ideas regarding the performance of his duties.

X. "Often have I gone forth rejoicing in the possession of a sample trunk of beautiful design intricate workmanship, and have returned with a few relics of my goods tied up in a handkerchief or stuffed in my hind coat pockets.

XI. "Fragments of my cases are strewn over this great state as the bones of the slain are strewed over the field of battle, and my wild, impassioned utterances have torn the air of scores of counties into unrecognizable chunks.

XII. "Give counsel unto me, I pray thee; infuse into mine ears words of wisdom that I may do t at which is mete and proper in the eyes of the law.

XIII. "If I cause him to be blotted from the face of the earth will the sleuth hounds of the law pursue me? If I fill the autumn atmosphere with the meaty fragrance of his pulverized remains will thou yank me over the coals?"

XIV. And the prosecutor answered him saying: "Nay, not so, for will not the coroner's jury sit upon his assumed name and the spot where he last was seen and return a verdict of 'Died from an interview with outraged justice."

XV. "Not a hair of thy head shall be harmed and the glad populace will rise up as one man and present thee with the freedom of the city and a chromo of sixteen colors."

XVI. Then went the tourist forth unto a dealer and did purchase a can of glycerine known as the nitre.

XVII. And this did he conceal in the bottom of a trunk, and did fill the trunk with scrap iron, railroad spikes, iron nuts, railway sandwiches and other articles of indestructible bric-a-brac.

XVIII. And he did send it unto the depot with a perfumed note, unto the baggage man saying:

XIX. "Esteemed friend, I have thee at last. This trunk is warranted to be baggageman proof, and will successfully resist all thy playful efforts to dissect it."

XX. Then did the baggageman smile a meaning smile and expectorate within his hands.

XXI. And he did unbutton his suspenders, cock his cap on one side of his head, and did spit entirely over his left shoulder.

XXII. Then did he seize the trunk with a powerful grasp and he did hurl it aloft until it soared over the depot like the sombre shadow of a dire calamity.

XXIII. And when it did alight upon the platform there was a powerful earthquake, and a great vacancy existed where but a moment before the baggageman stood in all his strength and pride.

XXIV. And when the coroner would fain gather in an inquest fee he secured a portion of the remains only by scouring the country with well-trained pointer dogs and a table fork.

XXV. And his weeping friends did bury the remains in a cigar box and did write upon a board an epitaph and did shake the dice to decide which was his head, and when the decision was rendered the board was planted in the sacred soil.

XXVI. And the epitaph did read:

Here lies a sample of all moldoon.
The rest of him's plas ered against the moon.
The reason we bury him chunk by chunk,
Is caused by his handling a dreamer's trunk.

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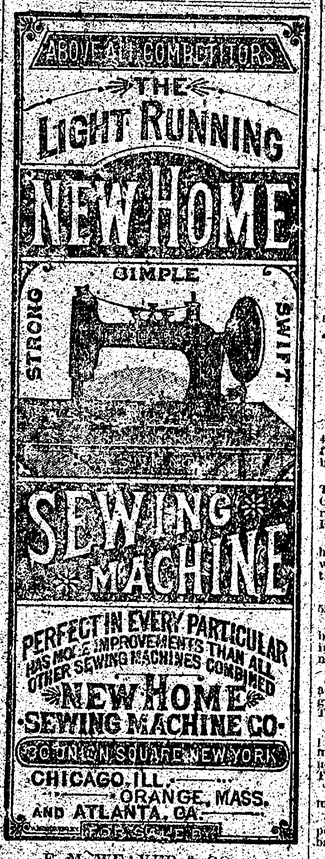

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No. 1. 320 acres land, hedged in 40-acre lots, 40 acres broke. Timber and water; half mile from Table Rock. Price $3,400, $1,000 down, balance payments at 8 per cent.

No. 9. 160 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 4 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements. Price $2,400.

No. 13. 140 acres 1 m from town, good brick house, quite a amount of bottom land, timber, water, pasture fenced. $1,300. Time on a portion.

No. 19. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock, 55 acres broke. Price $1,000.

No. 22. 160 acres, nearly all under plow, and bottom land; house, timber and water; adjoining town of Table Rock. Price $3,100. Terms made known on application.

No. 26. One of the finest of stock farms of 800 acres, 4 miles from town; timber and water good buildings of all kinds. $22 per acre. Terms made known on application.

No. 31. A fine smooth quarter, with good improvements, in the finest part of the county, nearly hedged; living water; 4 1-2 m from Pawnee City; 4 1-2 from Table Rock. $20 per acre. Time on a portion.

No. 37. 120 acres rough land one and a half miles from Table Rock; easy terms, $1,020.

No. 39. 160 acres; 1 mile from Table Rock Depot, some rough, $10 per acre; one-half cash; balance payments.

No. 41. 80 acres under plow, 1 m from Table Rock, $1,800.

No. 46. 20 acres timber land two miles from Table Rock; $350, half cash, balance 1 year.

No. 50. 320 acres 1 mile from Burchard, 25 acres broke; $12.50 per acre; one-eighth cash; balance easy terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 51. 160 acres well improved, good buildings, two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City, $3,300; $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 55. 80 acres; stone house; 60 acres broke; two and one-half miles from Table Rock; $1,000.

No. 58. 160 acres, house with basement 16x24, addition 12x22; well improved, orchard, mostly bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 3 miles from Elk. Price, $3,500. $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 61. 132 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $15 per acre; one-third cash, balance 1 year.

No. 82. 280 acres, good house, 120 acres under plow, some hedge, small orchard, pasture enclosed, well watered, everything convenient, 6 m from Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $1,000, easy terms.

No. 52. 80 acres, with wood lot, 3 m from Table Rock; house and considerable improvements. $1,000 cash.

No. 75. 160-acre stock farm two and one half m from Table Rock; everything convenient, $4,500; half cash, balance payments.

Read the list carefully, as it will be frequently changed.

Always refer to the number of the land as given.

Office southwest of the Public Square. Come and see me, or write to me.

M. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent, Table Rock, Neb

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME 1. TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1882. NUMBER 28.

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Real Estate and Loan Agent,
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And all my art and skill can do;
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TIME OF CLOSING MAILS.

Going north on B. & M.	8:45 a m
Going south on B. & M.	4:15 p m
Going west, on R. V. Div.	11:00 a m
Table Rock to Pawnee City	9:15 a m
For Kansas City & the East	12:15 p m
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues & Fri.	7:00 a m

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

From the south	9:08 a m
From the north	5:00 p m
From the west	9:00 a m
From Pawnee City	4:50 p m
From Kansas City	2:30 p m
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat.	5:00 p m

WILL L. SCISM, P. M.

B. & M. TIME CARD.

Exp. A. M.	Pass. A. M.	MLS.	STATIONS Southern Division.	Pass. P. M.	Exp. P. M.
11.20	5.20	0.0	Lv Atch. Ar	9.00	3.30
	5.48	12.1	Brenner	8.32	
	6.00	15.8	Troy Junct.	8.22	
	6.17	21.9	Fanning	8.05	
	6.22	24.1	Highland	7.58	
	6.31	28.7	Highland Sid.	7.45	
	6.35	30.3	Iowa Point	7.42	
	6.48	34.9	white Cloud	7.30	
	6.59	39.0	Gibraltar	7.16	
	7.15	43.7	Rulo Y	7.03	
P. M.	7.25	48.1	Preston	6.50	
1.05	7.40	53.6	Ar. Falls city Lv	Lv 6.35	
	8.00		Lv. Falls city Ar	Ar 6.15	1.25
	8.14	60.0	Salem	5.58	
	8.30	67.3	Dawsons	5.39	
	8,48	74,1	Humboldt	5,22	
P. M.					A. M.
2,30	9,10	82,5	Table Rock	5.00	12,30
Denver Exp.	9,32	90,5	Elk Creek	4,40	Kansas City Exp.
	9,50	95,1	Tecumseh	4,23	
	10,08	104,1	Smartville	4,03	
	10,25	109,7	Sterling	3,51	
	10,40	116,7	Adams	3,32	
	11,00	124,0	Firth	3,13	
	11,15	130,9	Hickman	2,58	
	11,24	134,0	Roca	2,48	
	11,31	137,1	Saltillo	2,40	
	11,45	142,9	State Prison	2,28	
	11,55	145,7	Ar Lincoln Lv	2,20	

It is probable that Congress will pass a bill reducing letter postage from three to two cents.

The potato crop of the German empire, in an ordinarily good year, is 33,000,000 tons. It is stated that the potato crop of 1882 is only about 13,000,000 tons.

To render shoes waterproof, warm a little beeswax and mutton suet until it is liquid, and rub some of it slightly over the edges of the sole, where the stitches are.

Evaporator refuse, consisting of skins, seeds and cores, is being shipped by Wyoming county fruit evaporators to Chicago, where they are manufactured into jelly.

An exchange says that the farmers have made such a profit on sunflowers this season that they are praying that England will send over a man of the Oscar Wilde stripe to make mullins and burdocks fashionable for buttonhole bouquets.

Twenty years ago Jay Gould was working as a line man in the service of surveyors for $10 a month. His income now is about $250,000 a month.

It is estimated that the total wool clip of the United States this year will aggregate 300,000,000 pounds, worth $100,000,000.

Earth's Millions.

According to the latest and best authorities the total population of the globe is 1,433,800,000, this is a less number by some 22,000,000 than the best former estimates; but as a matter of fact it is known that the human race is rapidly increasing in numbers. But it has been found that statisticians have been largely over estimating the population of China, which is now supposed to be be about 179,000,000. The number of people inhabiting the larger divisions of the globe, as given by Behm and Wagner, are as follows:—Europe, 327,743,000; Asia, 795,591,000; Africa, 205,853,000; America, 100,415,000; Australia and Polynesia, 4,232,000; Polar regions, 82,000. Russia is credited with 83,000,000 inhabitants; China, 379,000,000; Japan, 36,000,000, and British India, 252,000,000.—From DEMOREST'S MONTHLY for DECEMBER.

What the Tenth Census Shows.

EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS.

Special to Globe-Democrat

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.—The following is the order of states and territories according to their illiteracy, with the precentage of persons 10 years and upwards who cannot read in each, beginning with the highest as shown by the tenth census:

New Mexico	60 2	Idaho	5 5
South Carolina	48 2	Massachusetts	5 3
Louisana	45 8	Utah	5
Georgia	42 8	Indiana	4 8
Alabama	41 5	Vermont	4 9
Mississippi	41 9	Montana	4 8
North Carolina	38 3	Pennsylvania	4 6
Florida	38	New Jersey	4 5
Virginia	34	Illinois	4 3
Arkansas	28 8	New York	4 2
Tennessee	27 7	Connecticut	4 2
Texas	24 1	New Hampshire	4 2
Kentucky	22 2	Oregon	4 1
Arizona	16 5	Wisconsin	4 0
Maryland	16	Michigan	3 8
Dis. of Columbia	16 7	Minnesota	3 7
Delaware	15 3	Ohio	3 6
West Virginia	13 1	Kansas	3 6
Missouri	8 9	Maine	3 5
Washington	8 7	Dakota	3 1
Rhode Island	7 0	Wyoming	2 1
Nevadah	7 3	Nebraska	2 5
California	7 1	Iowa	2 4
colorado	5 9		

It will be seen from this statement that New Mexico is the most illiterate and Iowa the least, and that as a section the southern states—South Carolina, Ohio, Louisiana, Alabama, Virginia, Arkansas, Tennessee, Texas, Kentucky and Maryland, in the order named—are more illiterate than the states of any other portion of the country. That is to say, the greatest portion of illiteracy is in the southern states, and of the rest of the country the per centages range about the same in eastern and western states and territories.

It now leaks out that the Jeannette, the loss of which in the Arctic Seas resulted so disastrously, was unfit for the voyage marked out for her. Mr. James Gordon Bennett bought the vessel in good faith, and submitted her to the inspection of a board of naval officers who pronounced her seaworthy, but several members of the board now explain, that out of delicacy for Mr. Bennett, they did not like to condemn the vessel. Mr. Bennett owns a great daily paper, and these officers feared, perhaps, that should they condemn his vessel, he would remember it some time to their disadvantage. So the dreadful Arctic tragedy is to be set down to the credit of a board of our naval engineers, who reported the Jeannette fit for a voyage which she should never have been allowed to undertake. The fate of the gallant DeLong and his companions is due to this ill-timed delicacy.—From DEMOREST'S MONTHLY for DECEMBER.

ALL ABOUT A SHOE-PEG.—It is laughable to see how little it takes to raise a crowd—or start a story—in a city street. "Never you mind me," said a bent-over old man, when asked what had happened to him. "How did he get hurt?" asked a man out of breath. "Did the horse step on him?" queried a colored man with spectacles on. "Where did the dog bite him? Did they shoot the dog? Was it a big dog? Has he got a wife? Did they live together?" rattled a woman made up a good deal like Widow Bedott. "Come and see a man in a fit," squeaked out a boot-black, as he called the rest of the brigade. "Look out, he's going to shoot!" yelled a big man with red whiskers; and the crowd blew away like dust when the old man slid his hand into his pocket as if for a shooting iron. Then he straightened himself and started off on his own individual business, muttering something about "what the mischief it was to them if he wanted to sit down and take a peg out of his shoe."—Detroit Post.

Thurlow Weed is dead. Surrounded by his wife, children, physicians and servants of the household, the great journalist and statesman breathed his last at 8:25 on the morning of the 22d inst. He died in New York, but the remains will be taken to Albany for interment in Rural Cemetery.

He was born in 1797, and was the last of those remarkable men, like Greeley and Raymond, who combined journalism with large and active political influence. He was a whig until the party went out of existence, when he became an ardent republican. He was courageous, firm in principles, devoted to his friends, among whom he reckoned. Horace Greeley, Abram Lincoln, Henry Clay and William H. Seward as especial favorites. He came prominently into notice into notice in the early part of his career in the masonic troubles following the disappearance of Morgan, and started the Anti-Masonic Enquirer at Rochester, N. Y. He was for many years the editor of the Albany Evening Journal. His infirm health has compelled his retirement from work since 1868. But he retained his astonishing mental vigor to the last. Almost the last hours of his life were passed in listening to the reading of newspapers. His daughter, Miss Harriet Weed, has been his constant attendant, and was very much overcome at his death. His friends and compatriots have all gone on before him, and left the way shining with their bright passage. It is not sad to contemplate the end of a life so well spent. The race being run, the good fight finished it is pleasant to know that the tired warrior may lay off his armor and pass on beyond the strife and struggle of earth.

Beautiful lives have grown up from the darkest places, as pure white lilies full of fragrance have blossomed on slimy, stagnant waters.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

WM H. HARRISON, } Proprietors.
A. T. JONES, }

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year.....$1 50
One copy, six months.....75

SATURDAY, DEC. 2, 1882.

President Arthur and Governor Nance have one sin each to answer for. After issuing their respective Proclamations of Thanksgiving, neither had the forethought to send the Argus even a pair of spring chickens.

The Woman Suffrage Association of Nebraska will hold a convention at Kearney, on the 7th and 8th of December. Local societies throughout the State are requested to send delegates.

They are getting very particular about small things in Cass County. They are causing a man some trouble up there, for giving a mortgage on a dead mule. This is striking a terrible blow at the freedom of the average American Citizen, if he cannot mortgage his mule just because it happened to have passed in its checks!

Thurlow Weed, who left an estate estimated at between $1,000,000 and $2,000,000, appears not to have begun to accumulate any large amount of money until he had fairly passed out of active politics. The reason that he was such a successful and lasting politician may have consisted in the fact that he did not combine that occupation with money-making. And the reason why he made money, when his energies took that direction, may have been that he did not let politics divert his attention from the main object he had in view. There are several marked peculiarities about Mr. Weed's career from which wise conclusions may be deducted, not the least of which is that there is very little that is really desirable about office-holding.—Globe Democrat.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

There are some things that are so good in themselves that time brings no changes in regard to them. Notably among these is the old fashioned New England Thanksgiving, which is ever looked forward to with pleasant anticipations by nine tenths of the American people.

We have sometimes heard the thought expressed that it should come in the first, instead of the last days of November, so as not to interfere with the equally potent festivities of the Christmas and New Years times; but the great fact remains that it comes at the close of the Season of Labor, when we have much, very much, for which to be thankful.

Thanksgiving is of New England origin and originated in 1621, when the harvest having been abundant at Plymouth, a festival of Thanksgiving was appointed and held. Massasoit, a powerful sachem of the Wampanoag Indians, with several of his followers joined in the occasion by a special invitation of the Pilgrims. Half of the company had died since the landing, but the hope of a good home in the New World was now strong in the remainder. At that time three days were occupied with the festivities.

To us, it seems if ever there was a country on the face of this green earth whose inhabitants had great reason to be thankful, it is this. Illimitable in extent, rich in its resources, beautiful as a fair dream of Paradise, fertile as the fabled regions of oriental countries, with every inducement that can be offered to enterprise, it is the fault of the person himself if he does not thrive and increase his causes for thankfulness year after year.

We are in possession of the freedom that other nations are now seeking for. What many nations look forward to with eager hearts and longing eyes, we already possess.

For these and similar reasons it becomes the duty of every good citizen to be thankful, and express his thankfulness.

Please pass the turkey!

Nebraska the Banner State.

Omaha Republican

Nebraska turns out to be the banner republican state of the union in the November elections of 1882, sending a solid republican delegation to congress, and electing a republican legislature and a full ticket of republican state officials, with one exception. And if anybody is disposed to think that this victory was an easy one, let him look over the history of the campaign. In New York the republicans had to contend against "bossism," and they were snowed under about two hundred thousand. In Kansas they had the temperance question, and the democrats elected the governor. In Pennsylvania simple "bossim" elected Pattison. In Massachusetts the republicans seem to have had nothing in particular to confront, and yet the democrats elected Butler.

If there are any "isms" in America that did not have a struggle against the republican party of Nebraska, at the late election, we have not heard of them. Prohibitionism, bossism and woman suffrage were among our principal opponents. Of these the two first named existed only in the minds of the democratic demagogues and their credulous followers, and so far as woman suffrage is concerned, there was no more reason for saddling it upon the Republican party than there would have been in making republicanism responsible for the comet. But republicanism had to take the burden of blame in every instance. Added to these isms, the republicans had against them a certain thing called anti-monopoly, numerically a more important enemy than either prohibitionism, bossism or woman suffrage. Existing to some extent in fact, this issue was used against the party much as prohibitionism and woman suffrage were used. The mistakes and evils of railroad management were said to be something for which the republican party was responsible, and which the party was disposed always to defend. The knowledge that this argument was urged by notorious demagogues and disappointed office-seekers, and could not be substantiated in fact, did not invalidate it among many who at any other time than this year would have laughed it to scorn. The result is therefore apparent in an antimonopoly vote which held the balance of power between the republicans and democrats.

Under all these untoward circumstances, Nebraska sends a full republican delegation to congress backed by pluralities ranging from 1,400 to 4,000, and rejoices in a straight republican governor and state ticket except treasurer, and a legislature composed of republicans enough to elect an honest republican to the U. S. Senate. What state can say as much? Nebraska is willing to receive congratulations. One ism was enough to defeat republicans took all the isms that raged elsewhere and defeated them, as well as a few local isms which for the occasion were made especially pertinent to herself. If there is a banner in existence belonging to the most truly loyal, Nebraska wants it. It may be shipped to Hon. Geo. W. E. Dorsey, chairman of the state central committee—the gentleman under whose leadership the party gained about as decisive and gratifying a victory as it has ever won. It may be promised that he and the republicans of Nebraska will take good care of it and keep it out of the dirt, even should New York, Pennsylvania, Kansas, Iowa and the rest make up their minds unanimously and permanently to join "the solid south."

Lincoln, November 27.—The vote for Regent was canvassed to-day by the state board, and resulted as follows:

G. H. Gere (rep.), 43,221. J. M. Burks (dem.), 38,214. Bell (anti), 4,723; Gere's plurality over Burks, 5,007; Gere's majority over both, 284; total vote, 86,158.

Our rates for standing Advertisements hereafter will be:—For Cards of 1 square $6; 2 squares $10; over 2 squares at the rate of $4 per square.

We make the advance simply because we have not been receiving or asking only two thirds what other newspapers have. Our circulation has increased until our paper is a more valuable medium for advertising. Any dissatisfied with the advance will please notify us at once.

Bad whiskey and cracked law were the prevailing elements at a law suit held at Peck's wagon shop last Saturday, but unfortunately our society editor was out of town at the time, and the record of the grand event will probably float back into oblivion. From what we have heard, however, we think there is a much better way to conduct a lawsuit in a civilized country. Is Table Rock going backwards, or are our lawyers(?) to to blame?

Charles Foults, of south western Kansas, who has sprang into sudden notoriety as the captor of Zimmerman and the slayer of Dick Belmont, the Minden murderers, was at the Depot Monday morning enroute for Lincoln. From a short conversation with him, we learn that he has already received rewards approximating $1400, and on the conviction of Zimmerman, will receive more. Foults is not more than 20 or 22 we judge from his looks, and is the last person one would select for the nerve he has shown in this matter. He exhibited photographs of both, Belmont, and Zimmerman, the former taken after death. To follow two such ruffians as these pictures show them to have been, required a person of just such nerve as Foults has shown himself to possess. He is entitled to the thanks of every law-and-order-loving citizen of Kansas and Nebraska.

A Hopeful Child.

—Texas Siftings.

Mrs. Hamilton K. Fish, of Austin, is a very vain old lady who is in the habit of dressing in a very youthful manner. A few days ago she called on Mrs. Bezembee, and Mrs. Bezembee's litte girl, about ten years of age, was much struck with the visitor's hat.

"Do you like my hat, little girl?" asked Mrs. Fish.

"Yes, I like it very much. I told mamma the very first time I saw you wear that hat that I wanted one like it, but she told me when I got to be ninety-five years old, and wore false curls, that she would get me just such a hat—didn't you mamma?"

That Mrs. Fish's visit was not quite as long as it otherwise might have been, was probably due to the innocent remark of the child.

Among the good gifts that December brings us is DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE. The Christmas number is replete with suitable articles for the season, well written, and of a highly interesting character. Mrs. Alexander, the popular English novelist, continues her story, "The Admiral's Ward," and the shorter stories are well worth reading. All the Christmas articles are unusually good, including Jennie June's "Christmas Sermon" in her "Talks with Women." The article on "Home Art and Home Comfort" will give the ladies some good hints, and "Current Topics" are, as usual, full of interest. "The Kitchen" has not been forgotten, and the "Fashions are carefully attended to. Among the poems is "A Christmas Dream," by Margeret Sangster, beautifully illustrated. The Art department embraces a charming oil picture of a German lady of the sixteenth century, two fine steel engravings, and a great variety of other illustrations. On the whole, the Christmas number of DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE is a decided success, and cannot fail to give pleasure to its readers.

WISE people are always on the look-out for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than the times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, honestly, and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

C. H. NORRIS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Keeps one of the best selected stocks of General Merchandise in Pawnee County
WILL SELL GOODS
FOR CASH, AT THE
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES,
And Pays the
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE
FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

ALLEN, MERWIN & MATHEWSON,

DEALERS IN

D UGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE & AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT
of
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
HARDWARE;
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ETC.
Store south of square.

FELLERS & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Stationery, Blank Books, Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
CIGARS, TOBACCOS,
CHOICE CONFECTIONS,
BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CHAMOLOID
PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' BRUSHES
SALT, ETC., UNDERTAKERS'
GOODS, ETC., ETC. AL-
WAYS ON HAND.
Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty
SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

MRS. KATE COOPER

Has a new full and complete stock of
MILLINERY GOODS
Which she offers at prices that cannot be duplicated in Pawnee County.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE, CHEAP,

IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP,
FOR CASH,
FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, IN PECK'S ADDITION TO TABLE ROCK.
M. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE,

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.

I keep the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries, and will not be undersold,
FOR CASH.
Call and see me once, and you will come again.

Table Rock Market.

Corn—30c.
Wheat, No. 2—45c to 65c.
Oats, No. 2—20c.
Hogs—$4. to 5.25.
Butter—25c.
Eggs—20c.

E. A. Peck is having his shop sided up, and otherwise improved.

Plastering was commenced on the Odd Fellows block on Thursday.

Murphy & Chaney have the most of the lumber on the ground for a new building on the west side of the Public Square, size 22x60 22 feet high.

D. T. Mecker, one of Sheridans best farmers, sold this week to Linn & Cooper, 30 head of fat hogs, averaging 290 pounds each. Hurrah for Dave.

Committees are expected to be present, and make reports; and other things are to be attended to for the welfare of the society. By order of the President. M. H. Marble

C. L. Wemple, bought lot 12 west of the Public Square one day this week, of Rev. A. Brigham of Humboldt, paying therefor the sum of $100. He will build thereon in the spring.

Never growl because a newspaper fails to give every scrap of news, so long as you take no pains to give the editor information. The average editor is,nt a medium or mind reader, but gets his news as a milkman gets milk,—by pumping.—Ex.

The members of the Table Rock Library Association are requested to meet at the residence of C. H. Murphy, on Monday next. A full attendance is desired, as By-Laws are to be adopted, Librarian elected, and a regular organization effected.

Thanksgiving services were conducted by Rev. E. J Randall, assisted by Rev. B. E. Mayo. Rev. Randall delivered a very lengthy sermon to a large audience. The subject was a good one and very ably handled; as all seemed to be very attentive to what was being said.

The Presbyterian Choir is progressing nicely; and as for musical talent, and uniformity of time, cannot be beaten in the county,—none excepted. There will be several musical instruments added to the Choir, which will make of it, a complete organization, able to pour forth the most musical strains that ever greeted the ear.

MARRIED.

On Nov. 30, 1882, at the residence of Sam'l Barnard near Table Rock, Neb., by Rev. B. E. Mayo: Mr. Joseph Bachman to Miss Hadda Hyo.

May their Thanksgiving ever be as earnest as this one was.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining uncalled for in the Postoffice at Table Rock, Dec. 1st, 1882.

Irvin M. Bauer	Miles Blessing
Mr. S. J. Dyer	J. M. Farrell
P. B. Gurnsey	F. F. Lemmons
James Arthur McCoy	J. M. Quigly
Mr. Mose Schumaker	J. L. Westfall
William Stevnson	Jas. R. Rice
Mr. Delos Warren	Will Whitmore

FURNIture! at Fellers & Jones'!

Graham flour at Martin's

Elegant Table Castors at F. & J.'s.

Oat meal by the quantity at O. D. Tibbets's.

A full line of under-clothing at Fellers.'

Flour off 20cts., per hundred at Martin's

Pocket and Table cutlery. Scissors etc. at Fellers & Jones's.

See Linn & Cooper before selling your hogs and corn.

White Sewing Machines take the lead. A few more for sale by F. & J.

WE WANT all the corn we can buy at its highest market value.
Linn & Cooper.

Why will you go cold when you can get a whole suit of underwear for 75 cents at O. D. Tibbets'.

The corn market is 10 cents lower, put we are still buying at 30 cents.
Linn & Cooper.

Ye puffer of the delicious Havana come to Fellers and Jones's for the choicest brands of cigars and smoking tobacco.

If you want to be happy, get some of that Self Rising Buckwheat Flour at O. D. Tibbets's, and make you a fritter and flop it into some of that Pure Maple Syrup he has got.

20 acres of nice young timber, one mile south-west of Table Rock, offered for 30 days for $340. Who will get it? M. H. Marble, agent,
Table Rock.

The Mite Society will meet at the residence of C. H. Murphy on Saturday night. Full attendance is desired, as important business is to be transacted.

HONEY! HONEY

For sale at M. M. Stover's.

PERSONAL.

Uncle John Haberle took a trip to Lincoln the first of the week.

J. D. Harrison took a trip to Sterling on Monday of this week.

Misses Anna Blacklaw and Emma Jones were visiting at Liberty last week.

Mrs. R. Bloom returned last week from a two weeks visit with relations at Liberty.

Dr. Kenner took a trip to Humboldt on Thursday, and returned Friday morning.

O. A. Cooper of Humboldt, was in perambulating our streets on Thanksgiving day.

The youngest daughter of J. B. Phillips, has been quite sick for some time, but is now convalescing.

J. C. Wood and family of Robinson Kansas, are visiting old scenes, and old friends in and around Table Rock.

Frank Harrison returned from Sterling last Monday, and is now manipulating the east half of the Angus.

Col. L. W. Colby, of Beatrice, was a pleasant caller at the Angus office last manday. The Col. is smiling and confident.

Mr. A. A. Holmes and family, of Kansas City, are in town spending their Thanksgiving; they are guests of C. H. Norris.

W. N. Kerns has bought lot 9 in block 38, of A. Fellers, and will remodel the building, and take possession in a few days.

Mrs. H. A. Lawrence of Elk Creek, came down Monday to spend Thanksgiving with the "old folks at home." She returned home Friday morning.

TAKE NOTICE:—All parties owing us will please call and settle at once.
Mathewson & Allen.

Buckwheat Flour at MARTIN'S.

Photograph and Autograph Albums. Come and see them at Fellers & Jones

For Dyspepsia and Liver Complain you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold at F. & J's.

A Nasal Injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by Fellers & Jones.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite or Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure For sale by Fellers & Jones.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth. Sold by Fellers & Jones.

Shiloh's will immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis. For sale at Fellers & Jones.

A new and splendid line of books, such as are suitable Holiday presents just received by—Woolsey & Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

Come and get one for your friend.

Get your girl a nice present young man, and for this present buy one of those handsome books for sale by Woolsey & Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

REMEMBER THIS that it costs you from 3 to 5 dollars more to insure with these traveling sneaks than it will with an agent in your town. My rates in the SPRINGFIELD, are $1.50 per hundred, cash for 3 years or, $1.80 on time. Give me a call and learn what liberal terms I can give you. Will L. Scism. 26

A New Scheme At Elk Creek.

This scheme is not novel, though it is one which will benefit all mankind, and consists of a Real Estate, Insurance and Collection Agency. For particulars write to—H. R. Peery,
26-2w Elk Creek, Neb.

Musical instruments at F. & Jones'.

Still a few more Fancy Lamps, cheap. Fellers & Jones.

If you have a farm to sell place it in the hands of—H. R. Peery.
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

Miscelaneous Book by leading auteors; Romance, History, Poetry,
Fellers & Jones.

Collections promptly attended to by H. R. Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

The finest line of Stationery in town.—Fellers & Jones.

Call on H. R. Peery, at Elk Creek, when you have a farm for sale or rent. 26-tf

Drugs and Patent Medicines, filling farmers' Receipts and physicians prescriptions a speciality. Fellers & J.

PARTIES having farms to rent, will do well to call on me as I have numerous inquiries every day.
Will. L. Scism.

Don,t stand around, with your hands in your pockets; trying to sell your farm; when Marble can sell it and have you out of the country in a very short time; if you will call on him and give him permission.

If you have a farm to rent,
If you have a farm to sell
Call and see Marble.

Money to loan, at 9per cent on Real Estate Security, for 3 or 5 years; no commission: and no delay,
M. H. Marble.

That house that was burned down a few days since, was not insured; consequently will not be rebuilt.

Moral.

Insure your property with M. H. Marble, in the Phenix, German, or North American;—all reliable companies—at the lowest rates.

I am making up a list of farms for sale; and if you wish your farm advertised yours; call on me, and I will let you know how it can be done.
M. H. Marble.

A few more bargains on farms. Don't wait until it is too late,
M. H. Marble.

See that your farm is on the list that is being prepared for eastern distribution, by M. H. Marble.

ONE, half platform, spring-wagon; a bargain, at Pecks' blacksmith shop.

THE USUAL RESULT.

It is not to be denied that a good sewing machine is one of the most important appurtenances of the modern household.

We thought we had a good machine in our household until one day the agent of the New Home presented himself at our door and proceeded to deliver an oration upon its characteristic merits.

"But," we answered, "our machine serves us nicely and suits us well, and we do not care for another"

The agent however, begged the privilege of leaving one of his machines with us, "for the ladies to try."

The request was not unreasonable, so we granted it—but more to oblige the agent than anything else; for we really did not want the machine, and had not the remotest idea of buying it.

The machine once in the house, it was natural that the ladies should look it over, they did so, and as a consequence fell in love with it. They say that without the slightest wish to decry or disparage any other machine this, all things considered, is, in their opinion, the most desirable one to be had.

The upshot of the whole matter was that the old machine was disposed of, and the "Light-Running New Home" installed in our household. It is pronounced a genuine beauty and a real comfort, and "our folks" want us to tell other folks about it.

This unrivalled machine is manufactured by the NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., 30 Union Square, New York, who wish us to say that all who will send for their new illustrated catalogue and enclose their advertisement (printed on another page,) will receive a set of fancy advertising novelties, of value to those collecting cards, &c.

ESTRAY NOTICE!

Taken up Oct. 25th. by the subscriber, 3½ miles north-west of Table Rock, 1 steer coming 2 years old, roan, with both ears clipped and slit.
John Burgeit.

RICHARDSON, LINN & COOPER

DEALERS IN

LUMBER!

Southwest of Square.

We keep constantly on hand,
LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,
LIME, CEMENT, DOORS,
SASH, BLINDS, BUILDING PAPER, POSTS,
And such other commodities as belong to the trade. Estimates made on application.

WM. FELLERS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

South of Public Square.

Call on me, and select from my large and diversified stock of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
CLOTHING,
BUILDING HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

BEST GRADES OF FLOUR
On hand at all times. I can make it of interest to you to purchase of me.

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The Pionee Stock and Grain Buyers of Pawnee County.

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HARD AND SOFT COAL.
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PROPRIETORS OF

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,

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Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run Stage to and from Pawnee City, connecting with All Trains.

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J. D. HARRISON, Manager,

3-4 MILE EAST OF DEPOT.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALITY.
ALL GRADES OF FLOUR, CORN MEAL, ETC., ALWAYS ON HAND, AND SOLD FOR LOWEST CASH PRICES.

WOMAN'S COLUMN.

Conducted by the LADIES' CLUB of TABLE ROCK.
Mrs. Mary E. Howe, Editor.

Woman's Works and Ways.

The Association for the Advancement of Women, otherwise known as the Woman's Congress, celebrated its tenth anniversary at Portland, last week. Not in any special manner, indeed, but as it celebrates each added year of life and increased wisdom and usefulness by calling together its members, from the East and West and North and South, from professional offices, from professional duties, from home and family cares, to meet together for a few days and discuss, with their combined knowledge and experience, topics of social importance.

Mrs. Chapman, of New York, has built up a new industry for women in manufacture of feather-edge braid. She began by making large collars for children out of two braids connected together, or aided in forming designs, by lace stitches and crochet stitches, executed with needles and knitting cotton. This was four years ago. The demand speedily outgrew her powers of supply. She now has seven hundred women working for her, many of them being married ladies, who wish to have a little money of their "very own." Over 75,000 collars were supplied last year to the wholesale house which takes Mrs. Chapman's work.

Mrs. Cartwright, of Snowden Springs, Oregon, and a lady from Eugene, who happened to be passing that way, discovered the railroad bridge, three-quarters of a mile south of Drain, to be on fire. There was no time to be lost in summoning assistance, and having no vessel at hand, they went to the branch under the bridge, and, using their aprons and clothing to carry the water, they extinguished the fire, after burning and and destroying most of their clothing.

Twenty-two acres have been planted in corn and seven acres in cotton by Miss Kreamer, of Helena, Ark., she having done the plowing herself and attended to the crop so far without help, and expects to harvest a bale of cotton to the acre and forty bushels of corn to the same amount of land. The papers don't say whether she expects to do the rest without help, but in any case she's a K(c)reamer.

Nellie Grant Sartoris partakes of her husband's love of yachting and hunting. During the week at Idlewild she was second on the list of fish-catchers, and added to her prowess that of an excellent rifle and pistol shot.

A wide-awake young lady at Elizabethtown, Ky., had her father's wheat field cleaned after harvest, securing fifty bushels of grain, which will afford a handsome contribution to her pin-money for the winter.

The London Truth wants to know why women are not paid the same as men for precisely the same work. We are unable to guess, unless that it be that women are not subject to such heavy expenses for drink and tobacco.

Miss Louisa Harris, of Oakland, Dedham, Mass., has just sailed for Europe to fill an appointment as teacher in the Royal Normal College and Academy of Music for the blind in London, England. This College is under the patronage of Queen Victoria.

Thought Himself a Woman.

A queer creature died recently in the almshouse in Philadelphia, who for twenty-eight years was afflicted with a mild form of insanity. His chief delusion was that he was a beautiful young woman, and that numberless suitors knelt at his feet to sue for his love. The name of the old man was John Talboy Binns, but because of his idiosyncrasy, e was named "Sally Binns." When a young man he was a member of an amateur dramatic society, and he often played female parts with acceptance. He was a very polished and cultivated gentleman then, and had a taste for drawing, painting, embroidery, and other feminine arts. After he became crazy, he made considerable money by making lace and working slippers for visitors to the asylum. Although nearly seventy years of age when he died, to the very last he imagined himself a pretty young girl.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.

SHERIDAN.

Is Table Rock going to have that bank?

John Pierce is gathering corn for S. A. Hoover.

Stock of all kinds goes into winter in fine condition.

A large number of hogs go into market from here this week.

So Rev. Estabrook bought in Sheridan. It seems to be a good place for preachers, he being the third one within a radius of two miles.

James Calvin measured a piece of ground and then weighed the corn that grew, eighty-two bushels per acre. Pretty good for drouthy Nebraska.

Mr. Williams, who lives on the Hoag place, has built a nice barn. The improvements that are being made in this part of the county are permanent.

Sheridan astronomers report two comets last Monday morning. A small one being seen about one degree below the large one. Possibly they only saw double. Did Table Rock's star gazer see it?

Mrs. Chas. Dort departed this life on last Friday night. She had been ailing for some time, but her friends thought she was not dangerous. She was, however, taken suddenly worse, and passed away before her family were hardly aware of it. Mrs. Dort was unanimously esteemed in the community, and her death will be felt as a great loss. The bereaved family have the sympathy of all who know them.

PAWNEE CITY.

Rev. Burch and Chestnut exchanged pulpits Sunday evening.

Thanksgiving service was held in the M. E. church, Rev. Chestnut preaching the sermon.

Mrs. Adams is making arrangements to leave town next week on a visit to relatives in Iowa.

Superintendent Howe and son Eddie, were visiting schools in town and surrounding country last week.

Director A. E. Hassler also encouraged the teachers and pupils of the rooms by his presence and smile of aprobation during the week.

Charlie Casey and wife took the "Cannon Ball" train Sunday afternoon for Jerseyville, Ill., to make a short visit to relatives and friends and attend to business matters.

Monday morning about ten o'clock the house of Capt. Humphrey caught fire causing considerable excitement for a short time. But the fire was soon extinguished and no damage done to any part of the house except the kitchen.

J. B. Train of Mission Creek, was in town during the week. He says that everybody are that vicinity is busy husking corn, and that two new school houses is being built in his district and will be ready for winter school by January 1st.

Mr. Knickerbocker is gaining very slowly. Whether he lives or dies, we think much credit should be given to the faithful girl who became his wife on Wednesday last, for her constant care and untiring devotion to him during his long illness. We trust that his life may be spared and that many years of unalloyed happiness may yet be in store for them.

The community has again been called to mingle their tears and their sympathies with those who mourn for the dead. On Friday night the death angel rapped for the first time at Mr. Dort's and claimed the wife and mother. Five children have blessed their home and grown to the years of manhood and womanhood, yet the circle has been unbroken till now. One week ago Mrs. Dort attended quarterly meeting and stood up as a witness for her Saviour. Yesterday he was followed to her long resting place by a large concourse of friends. She has been a faithful worker in the M. E. Sabbath school for nearly fourteen years, being at her post and never shrinking from duty, she has led an exemplary life. How consoling must be the language of the text to the loved ones left behind "Blessed from henceforth yea saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labors, and their works do follow them." And then comes the thought, how easy for one to die in the Lord; "Yea, and their works do follow them." But who can fill a mother's place? It seems to us that of all the ties that are broken, the hardest to bear, is the loss of a mother. Next to the love of the Savior comes the mother love, pure and unselfish, untiring devotion, the life and happiness of the wayward child. May the love of this angel mother be a beacon light to her afflicted family, and may they be re-united in the kingdom above. BURT.

CLEAR CREEK.

Fall poem in the Lingston, N. Y Freeman.

"The Autumn leaves are falling fast; they carpet all the ground—the price of beef is falling too, and there's happiness all around."

Work seems to be the order of the day. Some have finished picking corn, and those who have not are hurrying to finish. Now that the ground is white with snow this will not last, but it is a sure harbinger of "more to follow."

Clear Creek school is having a vacation of two weeks on account of the sickness in Mr. Griner, Herrick, and Martins families, all are convalescing, and school will commence again after Thanksgiving.

The attendance at the Literary last week, was small—and there was no Singing School. We hope to make a better record next week.

We fear Thanksgiving will not be observed in the old New England fashion, as no large brick oven yawns to receive the turkey, chicken pie, the pumpkin and mince pies, the puddings etc. for which our mouths water, even as the Israelites for the leeks and garlics of Egypt.

We shall miss the many faces of friends that always at such anniversaries, smiled at our board, but suppose Nebraska air and surroundings must make all this good—in time.

Clear Creek has been frozen over to the depth of 2½ inches, remaining so that we shall soon be able to try the merits of our fleet footed skates, and explore its meanderings.—X.Y.Z.

Life Mockery.

Chicago Tribune.

"Give me another doughnut."

Reine McClosky's voice is husky with grief as she speaks these words, and over the dimpled cheek that looks so fair and white in the moonlight the blushes are chasing each other in rapid succession. To the right are the Catskills, their summits bathed in a flood of silvery light, while at their base lies the placed Hudson, its shimmering surface reflecting the twinkling stars that are looking down in all their silent splendor from the azure zenith. Directly in front of the girl and tending to the tout ensemble a soft warmth of coloring not otherwise obtainable, is a large jar. Immediately behind it stands Hercules Perkins.

"I am going away," he says.

The girl does not reply. The shadow of the doughnut-jar concealed the look of haunting fear that passes across her face, and the white line around the drooping mouth are not seen by the one whose words have caused their presence.

"Shall you miss me?" he asked.

The little white hand that rests upon the back of a chair is trembling now, and in the deep brown eyes there are hot tears of sorrow and pain. Suddenly Reine speaks:

"Go away," she says in agonized tones. "Go away before I tell you that which had better remain unsaid," and sobs choaked her utterance.

A great light breaks upon Hercules. Stepping quickly to the girl's side he places his arm around her.

"Tell me truly, sweetheart," he says, "do you love me?"

For answer she places a soft, white arm around his neck, and as he bends over to kiss her the other hand reaches forward, feels cautiously around for an instant, and then with a wild cry of agony, Reine McClosky falls forward in a swoon.

The doughnut-jar is empty.

Never sneer at little things. The point of a needle is as big as a crowbar compared to the sting of a bee, but the latter can sing a louder song and produce more unparliamentary language.

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SURE CONNECTIONS.

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As trains run to and from Union Depots at principal points.

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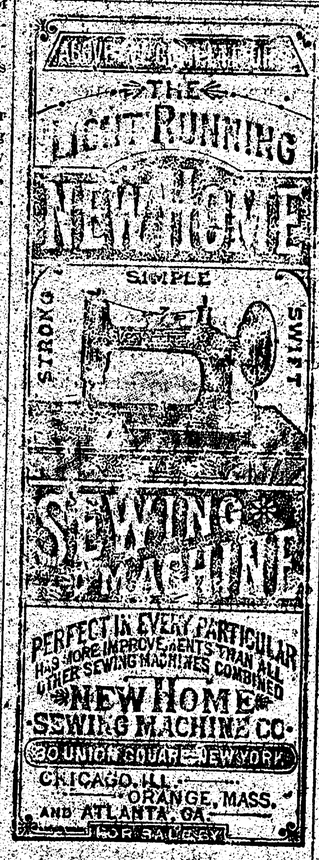
General Ticket Agent, Omaha.



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M. H. MARBLE.

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AND

INSURANCE AGENT,

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at LOW RATES, on REAL ESTATE SECURITY

DESCRIPTION OF LANDS FOR SALE.

No. 1. 320 acres land, lies[t] in 40 acre lots, 40 acres broke; timber and water; half mile from Table Rock. Price $7,400, $1,000 down, balance payments at 8 per cent.

No. 9. 102 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 3 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements. Price $2,400.

No. 13. 160 acres 1 m from town, good brick house, quite an amount of bottom land, timber, water, pasture fenced. $4,300. Time on a portion.

No. 19. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock; 55 acres broke. Price $1,000.

No. 22. 160 acres, nearly all under plow, and bottom land; house, timber and water; adjoining town of Table Rock. Price $3,500. Terms made known on application.

No. 26. One of the finest of stock farms of 320 acres, 4 miles from town; timber and water good buildings of all kinds. $25 per acre. Terms made known on application.

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No. 46. 20 acres timber land two miles from Table Rock, $350, half cash, balance 1 year.

No. 50. 320 acres 1 mile from Burchard, 80 acres broke; $12.50 per acre; one-eighth cash, balance easy terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 51. 160 acres well improved, good buildings, two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City; $8 per acre, $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 58. 80 acres; stone house; 60 acres broke; two and one-half miles from Table Rock; $1,050.

No. 66. 100 acres; house with basement 16x24, addition 12x12; well improved, orchard, meadow bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 8 miles from Elk. Price, $3,500, $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 69. 132 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $15 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 82. 200 acres, good house, 120 acres under plow, some hedge, small orchard, pasture fenced, well watered, everything convenient, 5 m. from Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $4,000, easy terms.

No. 83. 80 acres, with wood lot, 3 m from Table Rock; house and considerable improvements. $1,000 cash.

No. 85. 160 acre stock farm two and one-half m from Table Rock; everything convenient, $2,500, half cash, balance payments.

Read the list carefully, as it will be frequently changed.

Always refer to the number of the and as given.

Office southwest of the Public Square. Come and see me, or write to me.

M. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent, Table Rock, Neb.

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME I. TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1882. NUMBER 30.

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Attorney and Notary,

Real Estate and Loan Agent,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Abstracts furnished. Business of Nonresidents Carefully Attended to.

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TIME OF CLOSING MAILS.

Going north on B. & M	8:45 a m
Going south on B. & M	4:45 p m
Going west, on R. V. Div	11:00 a m
Table Rock to Pawnee City	9:15 a m
For Kansas City & the East	12:15 p m
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues. & Fri.	7:00 a m

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

From the south	9:58 a m
From the north	5:00 p m
From the west	9:00 a m
From Pawnee City	4:30 p m
From Kansas City	2:30 p m
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat.	5:00 p m

WILL L. SCISM, P. M.

B. & M. TIME CARD.

Exp.	Pass.	Miles	Stations.	Pass.	Exp.
A. M.	A. M.		Southern Division.	P. M.	P. M.
11:20	5:20	0.0	Lv Atch. Ar	9.00	3.30
	5:48	12.1	Brenner	8.32	
	6:00	15.8	Troy Junct.	8.22	
	6:17	21.9	Fanning	8.05	
	6:22	23.4	Highland	7.58	
	6:31	28.1	Highland Sid	7.45	
	6:35	30.3	Iowa Point	7.42	
	6:48	34.9	White Cloud	7.30	
	6:59	39.0	Gibraltar	7.16	
	7:15	43.7	Rulo Y	7.03	
P. M.	7:25	48.1	Preston	6.50	
1.05	7:40	53.6	Ar Vallecity Lv	6.35	
	8:00		Lv Vallecity Ar	6.15	1.35
	8:14	69.0	Salem	5.58	
	8:30	67.3	Dawsons	5.39	
	8:48	74.1	Humboldt	5.22	
P. M.					A. M.
2.50	9.10	82.5	Table Rock	5.00	12.30
	9.22	90.5	Elk Creek	4.40	
	9.50	97.1	Tecumseh	4.23	
	10.08	104.1	Smartville	4.03	
	10.25	109.7	Sterling	3.51	
	10.40	116.7	Adams	3.33	
	11.00	121.6	Firth	3.13	
	11.15	130.9	Hickman	2.56	
	11.24	131.0	Roca	2.48	
	11.31	137.1	Saltillo	2.40	
	11.45	142.9	State Prison	2.28	
	11.55	145.7	Ar Lincoln Lv	2.20	

Denver Exp. — Kansas City Exp.

O. D. TIBBETS,

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DRY GOODS AND

GROCERY STORE,

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I keep the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries, and will not be undersold,

FOR CASH.

Call and see me once, and you will come again.

The Culture of Mushrooms.

Many people regard the culture of mushrooms as a great mystery. On the contrary, it is as simple as a crop of corn, or cultivating a grape vine, or a bed of cabbages, and can be done in out-of-the-way places, taking up but little room, and requiring little attention. Mushrooms, too, can be raised in the winter, when no other crop can be, and a regular supply had for family use. Or, it conducted on a large scale, with a view to disposal in our markets, there is nothing to hinder, and a most profitable thing can be made of the business. All farmers keep horses and cattle, and have plenty of manure, and it may be mentioned that the quantity used in forming mushroom beds is not lost, for it can, when new beds are made, be returned to the manure yard. It must be borne in mind, too, that there is a necessity to build a place to grow this vegetable. It can be grown almost anywhere in an inclosed place—even in the kitchen or sitting-room, but the best out-of-the way places are a close horse stable, which is regarded the best of all; mild cellars, inclosed out-houses of almost every kind, where the soil in the beds can be kept from freezing. Now for the mode of growing. Take a box, say ten or twelve inches in depth, and as broad as the space will admit of or may be desired; pack it down with six inches of horse droppings; on this put three inches of dry cow droppings, broken somewhat fine; moisten this with a strong brine of nitre or saltpeter water. In this throw manure plant the spawn, which can be obtained at the best horticultural stores, in the form of a brick; break in good sized pieces, say as large as a walnut, and set in a triangular form thus ∴, and cover with an eighth of an inch of fine soil. Cover the whole with old carpet or any heavy cloth, so that the light is completely excluded. Of course it needs no sun, but just the contrary as perfect darkness is required. Now who can't raise mushrooms?—Ex.

Rules for training a colt: 1. Never try to beat a colt into doing a thing, or, if nervous he may turn out a vicious horse, and if stupid he may become stubborn. Remember that by patience and gentleness he can be got to do any thing that will not hurt him.

2. When the horse shows signs of shying at an object, do not beat him, but lead him up to it, allowing him to stand and look, as he comes closer, and after he examines it a few times he will not fear any thing of the kind again. In passing by hedges with the colt, throw in stones and stop him until he takes no notice of the noise.

3. Before putting on any article of harness, let your colt smell it, and then rub it against his head, neck, and body.

4. Always start a horse with the voice, not with a cut of the whip. In starting turn a little to one side, and when going up hill, do the same.

Dr. Bliss, who has been represented as being more indignant than any body connected with the Garfield crowd of applicants, proves to be the first to draw the allowance granted by the Board of Audit. The Doctor put in a bill for $25,000, and affected great contempt for the allowance of the $6,000. The inference of his friends was that he would refuse to take it, or at least, receive it under protest. The Doctor, however, has pocketed his fee of $6,000, and probably very glad to get it. Thus ends the great $25,000 claim. It is now said that the other physicians will go in and take what Congress has granted them and say no more about it.—Inter-Ocean.

A large aerolite fell near Pinos Altos, New Mexico, recently, crushing several trees. A Mexican who saw it reported to his local paper that part of the moon had fallen.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

No orchard escapes the ravages of the great apple enemy—the codling moth. The caterpillar of this moth is what causes the worm holes which every one detests in this valuable fruit, and it is so common that no description is necessary. It hatches from the egg which is usually deposited in the eye of the apple, bores its way toward the core, and after a while gnaws out through the skin so that it has a channel to throw out pellets of dirt as it eats the pips at the core. As the insects generally fall to the ground with the fruit and then crawl up the tree to make their cocoons, they may be caught by putting bandages of cloth or carpet around the trunk of the tree, and then may be quickly killed. It is the best way to deal with this troublesome insect.—Omaha Republican.

The farmer who has not saved and laid by his seed corn for next year, should lose no time in doing it. It should be put in a dry place, on the cob, and kept where mice cannot get at it. A good plan is to put it in old sacks, half a bushel in each, and hang in an upper room of the house. Secure plenty of seed. It would be a good idea to test its sprouting qualities, which is easily done now. Shell a few grains off each of a dozen ears selected at random, soak in lukewarm water six or eight hours, plant and cover an inch deep in a box of dirt, and put near the stove. Keep moist, but not wet. In a few days take up a grain or two and see if the sprout has started. If so, take it all up and examine it. You need not wait for it to grow. If it sprouts now it will grow in the spring.—State Journal.

We her give an idea of some of the large trees of New England.

In Deersfield, Mass., the Williams elm measures in circumference, at one foot from the ground, 26 feet; at four feet, 19 feet; at seven feet, 20½ feet.

Another elm measures, at the same elevations, 27, 18½ and 19 feet.

Another measures 22½, 15½, and 13½. This last named tree has a spread of 100 feet. The Williams elm measures in its spread at least 150 feet.

At Weathersfield, conn., there is an elm which measures at three feet three inches from the ground, 22 feet 5 inches. The girth of this tree where the roots enter the ground is 55 feet 6 inches. Its main limbs are great trees in themselves. Thus, the circumference of the south branch is 16 feet 8 inches; of the east branch, 11 feet 6; of the north, 11 feet; northwest, 10 feet 7; of the west, 8 feet 7. From north to south the diameter of the spread is 150 feet; from east to west, 152 feet; and the circumfrence of the spread is 429 feet.

The comparative value of corn and oats as food for horses, may be briefly stated as follows: The former is deficient in many of the elements of nutrition so necessary for recuperating the constant wear and tear which constantly takes place in the body of a living animal. On this account, horses which are constantly fed on corn and hay do not receive that kind of nourishment which appears necessary for the due support and maintenance of the animal fabric; hence, we must not be surprised that corn fed horses show evidence of being languid by sweating profusely while being worked, lack of vitality, etc. Oats, on the contrary, contains more of the essential elements of nutrition than any other article of food which can be fed with impunity to horses. Oats are not only the most natural food for horses, but are decidedly the most nutritious. They are the cheapest, because there is less risk in feeding them, and experience has proven that horses properly fed on oats and timothy hay can, with regular exercise, good grooming, and proper sanitary regulations, be brought to the highest state of physical culture, and can perform more work with less evidence of fatigue than when fed on any other article of food.—State Journal.

THE MESSAGE.

INTRODUCTORY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4—*To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States:* It is provided by the constitution that the president shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the union and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient in reviewing the events of the year which has elapsed since the commencement of your session, I first call your attention to the gratifying

CONDITION OF OUR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Our intercourse with other powers has continued to be of the most friendly character. Such slight differences as have arisen during the year have been already settled or are likely to reach an early adjustment. The arrest of citizens of the United States in Ireland under recent laws, which owe their origin to the disturbed condition of that country, has led to a somewhat extended correspondence with the government of Great Britain. A disposition to respect our rights has been practically manifested by the release of the arrested parties. The claim of this nation in regard to the supervision and control of the inter-oceanic canal across the American isthmus has continued to be the subject of conference. It is likely that time will be more powerful than discussion in removing the divergence between the two nations whose friendship is so closely cemented by the intimacy of their relations and interests.

Our long established friendliness with Russia has remained unbroken. It has prompted me to proffer the earnest councils of this government that measures be adopted for suppressing the prescription which the Hebrew race in that country has suffered. It has not transpired that any American citizen has been subjected to arrest or injury, but our courteous remonstrance has nevertheless been courteously received. There is reason to believe the time is not far distant when Russia will be able to secure toleration to all faiths within her borders.

At an international convention held at Paris in 1880 and attended by representatives of the United States, an agreement was reached in respect to the protection of trade marks, patented articles, and the rights of manufacturers and corporations. The formulating into treaties of the recommendations thus adopted is receiving the attention which it merits. The protection of submarine cables is a subject now under consideration by an international conference at Paris. Believing that it is clearly the true policy of this government to favor the neutralization of this means of intercourse, I requested our minister to France to attend the convention as a delegate. I also delegated two of our eminent scientists to attend, our representatives at the meeting of an international committee at Paris for considering the adoption of a common unit to measure electric force.

In view of the frequent occurrence of conferences for the consideration of important matters of common interest to civilized nations, I respectfully suggest that the executive be invested by congress with discretionary power to send delegates to such conventions, and that provision be made to defray the expenses incident thereto.

The difference between the United States and Spain as to the effect of a judgment and certificate of naturalization has not yet been adjusted, but it is hoped and believed that negotiations now in progress will result in the establishment of the provision which seems to this government so reasonable and just.

I have already called the attention of congress to the fact that in the exports of Spain and its colonies onerous fines have been imposed upon vessels of the United States for trivial technical offenses against local regulations. Efforts for the abatement of these exactions have thus far proved unsuccessful. I regret to inform you also that fees demanded by Spanish consuls in American ports are in some cases so large, when compared with the value of the cargo, as to amount in effect to a considerable export duty, and that every temperance in this regard has not as yet received the attention which they deserve.

The German government has invited the United States to participate in an international exhibit of domestic cattle, to be held at Hamburg in July, 1883. If this country is to be represented it is important that in the early days of this session congress should make a suitable appropriation for that purpose.

The death of Mr. Marsh, our late minister to Italy, has evoked from that government expressions of profound respect for his exalted character and for his honorable career in the diplomatic service of his country. The Italian government has raised a question as to the propriety of recognizing in his dual capacity the representative of this country recently accredited both as secretary of legation and consul general at Rome. He has been received as secretary, but his commission as consul general has thus far been withheld.

The extradition convention with Belgium, which has been in operation since 1874, has been lately supplanted by another. The senate has signified its approval, and ratifications have been duly exchanged between the contracting countries. To the list of extraditable has been added that of the assassination and attempted assassination of the chief of state.

Negotiations have been opened with Switzerland looking to a settlement by treaty of the question whether its citizens can renounce their allegiance and become citizens of the United States, that is by obtaining the consent of the Swiss government. I am happy to inform you that the immigration of paupers and criminals from certain sections of Switzerland has substantially ceased, and is no longer sanctioned by the authorities. Consideration of the subject prompts the suggestion that the act of August 3d, 1882, which has for its object the return of foreign convicts to their own country should be so modified as not to be open to the interpretation that it affects the extradition of criminals on preferred charges of crime.

The Ottoman porte has not yet assented to the interpretation which this government has put upon the treaty of 1830 relative to its jurisdictional rights in Turkey. It may well, however, be stated that this difference will be adjusted by a general revision of the system of jurisdiction of the United States in the countries of the east, a subject to which your attention has been already called by the secretary of state.

In the interest of justice toward Chili and Japan, I trust the question of the return of the indemnity fund to the governments of those countries will reach at the present session the satisfactory solution which I have already recommended, and which has been recently foreshadowed by congressional discussion. The treaty lately concluded with Corea awaits the action of the senate. During the late disturbance in Egypt the timely presence of our vessels received as a protection the persons and property of many of our own citizens and of citizens of other countries, whose governments expressed their thanks for this assistance.

The recent legislation restricting immigration of laborers from China has given rise to the question of whether Chinese proceeding to or from another country may lawfully pass through our own. In construing the act of May 6th, 1882, in connection with the treaty of November 1st, 1880, the restriction would seem to be limited to Chinese immigrants coming to the United States as laborers, and should not forbid a mere transit across our country. I ask the attention of congress to the subject, for such action, if any, as may be deemed advisable.

This government has recently had occasion to manifest interest in the Republic of Liberia by seeking to aid the amicable settlement of the boundary dispute now pending between that republic and British possession of Sierro Leon.

The reciprocity treaty with Haiwaii will become terminable after September 9, 1883, on two months' notice by either party. While certain provisions of that compact may have proved onerous, its existence has fostered commercial relations which it is important to pursue. I suggest, therefore, that early consideration be given to such modification of the treaty as seems to be demanded by the interests of our people.

In view of the increasing trade with both Hayti and San Domingo, I advise that provision be made for diplomatic intercourse with the latter, by enlarging the scope of the mission at Port Au Prince. I regret that a certain class of American citizens against the government of Hayti have thus far been urged unwillingly.

A recent agreement with Mexico provides for the crossing of the frontier by the armed forces of either country in pursuit of hostile Indians. In my message of last year I called attention to the prevalent lawlessness on the borders and to the necessity of legislation for its suppression. I again invite the attention of congress to the subject. A partial relief from these mischiefs has been embodied in a convention which now asks the approval of the senate. Another awaits action touching the establishment of the international boundary between the United States and Mexico. If the latter is ratified the action of congress will be required for establishing suitable commissions of survey. The boundary dispute between Mexico and Guatemala which led this government to proffer its friendly counsels to both parties has been amicably settled.

No change has occurred in our relations with Venezuela. I again invoke your action on the matter of the pending awards against that republic, to which reference was made by a special message from the executive at your last session. An invitation has been received from the government of Venezuela to send representatives in July, 1883, to Caracas for participation in the centennial celebration of the birth of Bolivar, the founder of South American independence. In connection with the event it is designed to commence the erection at Caracas of a statue of Washington and to conduct an industrial exhibition which will be open to American products. I request that the United States be represented and that suitable provision be made therefor.

The elevation of the grade of our mission in Central America to the plenipotentiary rank, which was authorized by congress at its late session, has been since effected. The war between Peru and Bolivia on the one side and Chili on the other began more than three years ago on the occupation by Chili, in 1880, of all the literal territory of Bolivia. Negotiations for peace were conducted under the direction of the United States. The allies refused to concede any territory, but Chili has since become master of the whole coast of both countries and of the capital of Peru. A year since, as you have already been advised by correspondence transmitted to you in January last, this government sent a special mission to the belligerent powers, to express the hope that Chili would be disposed to accept a money indemnity for the expenses of the war and to relinquish her demand for a portion of the territory of her antagonist. This recommendation, which Chili declined to follow, this government did not assume to enforce, nor can it be enforced without resort to measures which would be in keeping neither with the temper of our people nor with the spirit of our institutions. The power of Peru no longer extends over its whole territory, and in the event of our interference, to declare peace, would need to be supplemented by the armies and navies of the United States. Such interference would almost inevitably lead to the establishment of a protectorate, a result utterly at odds with our past policy, injurious to our present interests, and full of embarrassments for the future. For effecting the termination of hostilities upon terms at once just to the victorious nations and generous to its adversaries, this government has spared no efforts, save such as might involve the complications which I have indicated. It is greatly to be deplored that Chili seems resolved to exact such rigorous conditions of peace and seems indisposed to submit to arbitration the terms of an amicable settlement. No peace is likely to be lasting that is not sufficiently equitable and just to command the approval of other nations.

About a year since invitations were extended to the nations of this continent to send representatives to a peace congress, to assemble at Washington in November, 1882. The time of meeting was fixed at a period then remote, in the hope, as the invitation itself declared, that in the meantime the disturbances between the South American republics would be adjusted. As that expectation seemed entirely to be realized, I asked in April last for an expression of opinion from the two houses of congress as to the advisability of holding the proposed convention at the time appointed. This action was prompted in part by doubts which mature reflection had suggested, whether the diplomatic usage and traditions of the government did not make it fitting that the executive should consult the representatives of the people before pursuing a line of policy somewhat novel in its character and far-reaching in its possible consequences. In view of the fact that no action was taken by congress in the premises and that no provisions had been made for necessary expenses, I subsequently decided to postpone the convention and so notified the several governments which had been invited to attend. I am unwilling to dismiss this subject without assuring you of my support of any measures the wisdom of congress may devise for the promotion of peace on this continent and throughout the world; and I trust that the time is nigh when, with the universal consent of the civilized people, all international differences shall be determined, without resort to arms, by the benignant processes of arbitration.

Changes have occurred in the diplomatic representation of several foreign powers. During the past year new ministers from the Argentine Republic, Austria, Hungary, Brazil, Chili, China, France, Japan, Mexico, The Netherlands and Russia have presented their credentials. The missions of Denmark and Venezuela at the capital have been raised in grade. Switzerland has created a plenipotentiary mission to this government, and an embassy from Madagascar and a minister from Spain will shortly arrive. Our diplomatic intercourse has been enlarged by the establishment of relations with the new kingdom, by the creation of a mission to Siam, and by the restoration of the mission to Greece. The shah of Persia has expressed his gratification that a charge d' affairs will shortly be sent to that country, where the rights of our citizens have been hitherto courteously guarded by the representatives of Great Britain.

I renew my recommendation of such legislation as will place the United States in harmony with older maritime powers with respect to the international rules for the prevention of collisions at sea. In conformity with your joint resolution of the 3d of August last, I have directed the secretary of state to address foreign governments in respect to a proposed conference for considering the subject of the universal adoption of a common prime meridian to be used in the reckoning to longitude and in the regulation of time throughout the civilized world. Their replies will in due time be laid before you.

An agreement was reached at Paris in 1875 between the principal powers for the exchange of official publications through the medium of representatives of their foreign departments. The admirable system which has been built up by the enterprise of the Smithsonian institution affords a practical basis for our co operation in this scheme, and an arrangement has been effected whereby that institution will perform the necessary labor under the direction of the department of state. A reasonable compensation therefor should be provided by law.

THE DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

A clause in the act making appropriations for the diplomatic and consular service contemplates the reorganization of both branches of service on a salaried basis, leaving fees to inure to the benefit of the treasury. I cordially favor such a project as likely to correct abuses in the present service. The secretary of state will present to you at an early day a plan for such reorganization.

OPERATIONS OF THE TREASURY.

A full and interesting exhibit of the operations of the treasury department is afforded by the report of the secretary. It appears that the ordinary revenue, from all sources, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1882, were as follows: From customs, $220,421,730.75; from internal revenue, $146,497,995.45; from sales of public lands, $4,753,140 69; from tax on circulation and deposits of national banks, $89,567,944.57; from repayment of interest by the Pacific railway companies, $840,554.37; from sinking fund for Pacific railway companies, $796,271.42; from customs fees, fines, penalties, &c., $134,334,900; from fees of consulars, letters patent and lands, $2,668,990 97; from proceeds of sales of government property, $314,939.85; from profits of coinage, bullion d posits and seizures, $4,116,693.73; from Indian trust funds, $575,249 22; from deposits by individuals from surveying public lands, $2,052,306.36; from revenues of the District of Columbia, $1,715 176 41; from miscellaneous sources, $3,383,445 43. Total ordinary receipts, $403,525,259 28. The ordinary expenditures for the same period were: For civil expenses, $18,042,396.42; for foreign intercourse, $1,367,686.19; for Indians, $1,730,747.49; for pensions, $61,345,193 95; for the military establishment, including river and harbor improvements and arsenals, $43,570,494.19; for the naval establishment, including vessel, machinery and improvements at the navy yards, $15,035,846 26; for miscellaneous expenditures, including public buildings, light houses and collecting the revenue, $34,339,237 50; for expenditures on account of the District of Columbia, $3,289,543 87; for interest on the public debt, $71,077,206 79; total ordinary expenditures, $257,987 439 57. Leaving a surplus revenue of $145,543,810 71, which, with an amount drawn from the cash balance in the treasury of $70,737,694 84 making $166,281,505 55.

The foreign commerce of the United States during the last fiscal year including imports and exports of merchandise and specie was as follows: Exports, merchandise, $750,742,272; specie, $49,417,479; total, $800,819,751. Imports, merchandise, $724,639,574; specie, $42,482,390; total, $767,111,963. Excess of exports over imports of merchandise $26,102,698. This excess is less than it has been before in any of the previous six years, as appears by the following: Year ending June 30th—excess of exports over imports of merchandise, $17,672,043 491. 1877. $151,152,094; 1878, $207,814,734; 1879, $264,661,660; 1880, $167,063,912; 1881, $259,712,718; 1882, 26,902,698.

During the year there have been organized 171 national banks, and of these institutions there are now in operation 2,269, a larger number than ever before. The value of their notes in active circulation on July 1, 1882, was $324,656,458. I commend to your attention the secretary's views in respect to the likelihood of a serious contraction of this circulation, and to the modes by which that result may in his judgment be averted.

COINAGE.

In respect to the coinage of silver dollars and the retirement of the silver certificates I have seen nothing to alter but much to confirm in the sentiments to which I gave expression last year. A comparison between the respective amounts of silver dollar circulation on November 1, 1881, and on November 1, 1882, shows a slight increase of a $1,560,000, but during the interval there had been in the whole number caused an increase of $26,000,000 of the one and $28,000,000 thus far minted. A little more than $55,000,000 are in circulation. The mass of accumulated coin has grown so great that the vault room at present available for storage is scarcely sufficient to contain it. It is not apparent why it is desirable to continue this coinage so enormously in excess of public demand. As to the silver certificates, in addition to the ground which seemed last year to justify their retirement may be mentioned the effect which is likely to ensue from the supply of gold certificates, whence issuance congress recently made provision, and which are now in active circulation.

REVENUE TAXATION.

You cannot fail to note with interest the discussion by the secretary as to the necessity of providing by legislation some mode of freeing the treasury of an excess of assets. In the event that congress fails to reach an early agreement for the reduction of taxation, I heartily approve the secretary's recommendation of immediate and extensive reductions in the annual revenues of the government. It will be remembered that I urged upon the attention of congress at its last session the importance of relieving the industry and enterprise of the country from the pressure of unnecessary taxation. It is one of the tritest maxims of political economy that all taxes are burdensome, however wisely and prudently imposed, and though there have always been among our people many differences of sentiment as to the best methods of raising the national revenues and indeed as to the principles upon which taxation should be based, there has been substantial accord in the doctrine that only such taxes ought to be levied as are necessary for a wise and economical administration of the government. Of late the public revenues have far exceeded that limit, and unless checked by appropriate legislation such excess will continue to increase from year to year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1881, the surplus revenue amounted to $100,000,000. For the fiscal year ending on the 30th of June last the surplus was more than $145,000,000. The report of the secretary shows what disposition has been made of these monies. They have not only answered the requirements of the sinking fund, but have afforded a large balance applicable to other reductions of the public debt. But I renew the expression of my conviction that such rapid extinguishment of the national indebtedness as is now taking place is by no means a cause for congratulation. It is a cause rather for serious apprehension. If it continues it must speedily be followed by one of the evil issues so clearly set forth in the report of the secretary—either the surplus must lie idle in the treasury or the government will be forced to buy at market rates its bonds not yet redeemable and which under such circumstances cannot fail to command an enormous premium, or the swollen revenues will be devoted to extravagant expenditure, which, as experience has taught, is ever the bane of an overflowing treasury. It was made apparent in the course of the animated discussion which the question aroused at the last session of congress that the policy of diminishing the revenue by diminishing taxation commanded the general approval of the members of both houses. I regret that through the cause of conflicting views as to the best method by which that policy should be made operative, none of its benefits have as yet been reaped. In fulfillment of what I deem my constitutional duty, but with little hope that I can make valuable contribution to this vexed question, I shall proceed to intimate briefly my own views in relation to it.

Upon the showing of our financial condition at the close of the last fiscal year, I felt justified in recommending to congress the abolition of internal revenue taxes except those upon tobacco in its various forms and on distilled spirits and fermented liquors, and except also the special tax upon the manufacturers and dealers in such articles. I venture now to suggest that, unless it shall be ascertained that the probable expenditures of the government for the coming year have been underestimated, all internal revenue tax which relates to distilled spirits can be prudently abrogated. Such a course, if accompanied by a simplification of the machinery of collection, which would thus be easy of accomplishment, might reasonably be expected to result in diminishing the cost of said collection by at least $2,500,000, and in the retirement from office of from 1,500 to 2,000 persons. The system of excise duties has never commended itself to the favor of the American people, and has never been resorted to except for supplying deficiencies in the treasury, when, by reason of special exigences, the duties on imports have proved inadequate for the needs of the government. The sentiment of the country doubtless commands that the present excise tax shall be abolished as soon as such course can safely be pursued. It seems, to me, however, for various reasons, so sweeping a measure as the total abolition of internal taxes would for the present be an unwise step. Two of these reasons are deserving of special mention. First, it is by no means clear that even if the existing system of duties on imports is continued without modification the duties will be sufficient for all the needs of the government. It is estimated that $100,000,000 will be required for pensions during the coming year, and it may well be doubted whether the maximum annual demand for this object has yet been reached. Uncertainty upon this question would alone justify, in my judgment, the retention for the present of that portion of the system of internal revenue which is least objectionable to the people. Second, a total abolition of excise duties would almost inevitably prove a serious if not an insurmountable objection to a thorough revision of the tariff and to any considerable reduction in import duties.

The present tariff system is in many respects unjust. It makes unequal distributions, both of its burdens and its benefits. This fact was practically recognized by a majority of each house of congress in the passage of the act creating the tariff commission. The report of that commission will be placed before you at the beginning of this session and will, I trust, furnish you such information as to the condition and prospects of the various commercial, agricultural, manufacturing, mining and other interests of the country, and contain such suggestions for statutory revision, as will practically aid your action upon this important subject.

The revenue from customs for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879, amounted to $137,000,000. It has in the three succeeding years reached, first, $186,000,000, then $198,000,000, and finally, as has been already stated, $226,000,000. The income from this service for the fiscal year, which will end June 30, 1883, will doubtless be considerably in excess of the sum last mentioned. If the tax on domestic spirits is to be retained it is plain that large reductions from customs revenue are entirely feasible. While recommending this reduction, I am far from advising the abandonment of the policy of so discriminating in the adjustment of details as to afford aid and protection to domestic labor, but the present system should be so revised as to equalize the public burden among all classes and occupations, and bring it into closer harmony with the present needs of industry. Without entering into minute detail, which under the present circumstances is quite unnecessary, I recommend an enlargement of the free list so as to include within it the numerous articles which yield inconsiderably, and a simplification of the complex and inconsistent schedule of duties upon certain manufactures, particularly those of cotton, iron and steel, and a substantial reduction of the duties upon those articles and upon sugar, molasses, silk and woolen goods. If a general revision of the tariff shall be found to be impracticable at this session, I express the hope that at least some of the more conspicuous inequalities of the present law may be corrected before your final adjournment. One of them is specially referred to by the secretary, in the recent decision of the supreme court. The necessity of amending the law by which the duties of standard of color is adopted as the test of saccharine strength of sugar is too obvious to require comment.

THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

From the report of the secretary of war it appears that the only outbreaks of Indians during the past year occurred in Arizona and in the southwestern part of New Mexico. They were promptly quelled, and the quiet which has prevailed in all other parts of the country has permitted such an addition to be made to the military force in the region endangered by the Apaches that there is little reason to apprehend trouble in future. The reports of the secretary which relate to our sea coast defences and their armament suggest the gravest reflections. Our existing fortifications are notoriously inadequate to the defense of the great harbors and cities, for whose protection they were built. The question of providing an armament suited to our present necessities has been the subject of consideration by a board whose report was transmitted to congress at the last session. Pending the consideration of that report the war department has taken no steps for the manufacture or conversion of any heavy cannon, but the secretary expresses the hope that authority and means to begin that important work will soon be provided. I invite the attention of congress to the propriety of making more adequate provisions for arming and equipping the militia than is afforded by the act of 1808, which is still upon the statute books. The matter has already been the subject of discussion in the senate, and a bill which seeks to supply the deficiencies of existing laws is now upon the calendar. The secretary of war calls attention to the fact that an embarrassment growing out of the recent act of congress making the retirement of officers of the army compulsory at the age of 64. The act of 1878 is still in force, which limits to four hundred the number of those who can be relieved for disability or upon their own application. The two acts, when construed together, seem to forbid the relieving, even for absolute incapacity, of officers who do not fall within the provision of the latter statute, save at such times as there chance to be less than 400 names on the retired list. There are now 420. It is not likely that congress intended this result, and I concur with the secretary that the law ought to be amended.

RIVER AND HARBOR APPROPRIATIONS.

The grounds that induced me to withhold my signature from the bill entitled "An act making appropriations for the construction, repair and preservation of certain works on the rivers and harbors, which became a law near the close of your last session, prompt me to express the hope that no similar measure will be deemed necessary during the present session of congress. Indeed, such a measure would now be open to serious objection. In addition to that which was lately urged upon your attention, I am informed by the secretary of war that a portion of the sum appropriated for the various items specified in that act remains unexpended. Of the new works which it authorized, expenses have been incurred on two only, for which the total appropriation was $210,000. The present available balance is disclosed by the following figures: Amount of appropriation by act of August 2d, 1882, $18,738,875; amount of appropriation by act of June 15th, 1882, $10,000,000; amount of appropriation for payments to J. B. Eads, $304,000; unexpended balance of former appropriation, $4,738,263. Total, $23,791,138. Less amount drawn from treasury between July 1st, 1882, and November 30th, 1882, $6,056,194; total, $17,734,944.

It is apparent by this exhibit that so far as concerns most of the items to which this act of August 2d, 1822, relates, there can be no need of further appropriations until after the present session. If, however, any action should seem to be necessary in respect to particular objects it will be entirely feasible to provide for those objects by appropriate legislation. It is probable, for example, that delay until the assembling of the next congress to make additional provision for the Mississippi river improvements might be attended with serious consequences. If such should appear to be the case, a just bill relating to that subject would command my approval. This leaves me to offer a suggestion which I trust will commend itself to the wisdom of congress. Is it not advisable that grants of considerable sums of money for diverse and independent schemes of international improvement should be made subjects of separate and distinct legislative enactments. It will scarcely be gainsaid, even by those who favor the most liberal expenditures for such purposes as are sought to be accomplished by what is commonly called the river and harbor bill, that the practice of grouping in such a bill appropriations for a great diversity of objects widely separated either in their natures, in locality with which they are concerned, or in both, is one which is much to be deprecated. Unless it is irremediable it is inevitably tending to secure the success of the bill as a whole, though many of the items, if separately considered, could scarcely fail of rejection. By adopting the course I have recommended, every member of congress, when opportunity should arise for giving his influence and vote for meritorious appropriations, would be enabled to do so without being called upon to sanction others undeserving his approval. So also would the executive be afforded thereby a full opportunity to exercise his constitutional prerogative of opposing whatever appropriations seemed to him objectionable without imperiling the success of others which commended themselves to his judgment. It may be urged in opposition to these suggestions that the number of works of internal improvement which are justly entitled to governmental aid is so great as to render impracticable separate appropriation bills therefor, or even for such a comparatively limited number as made disposition of large sums of money necessary. This objection may be well founded, and whether it be or not, the advantages which would be likely to ensue from the adoption of the course I have recommended may perhaps be more effectually attained by another, which I respectfully submit to congress as an alternative proposition. It is provided by the constitutions of fourteen of our states that the executive may disapprove any item or items of a bill appropriating money, whereupon the part of the bill approved shall be law and the part disapproved shall fail to become law, unless repassed according to the provisions prescribed for the passage of bills over the veto of the executive. The states wherein some such provision as the foregoing is a fundamental law are Alabama, California, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia. I commend to your careful consideration the question whether the amendment of the federal constitution in the particular indicated would not afford the best remedy for what is often a grave embarrassment, both to members of congress and to the executive, and is sometimes a serious public mischief.

NAVAL MATTERS.

The report of the secretary of the navy states the movements of the various squadrons during the year in home and foreign waters, where our officers and seamen with such ships as we possess have continued to illustrate the high character and excellent discipline of the naval organization. On the 21st of December, 1881, information was received that the exploring steamer Jeannette had been crushed and abandoned in the Arctic ocean. The officers and crew, after a journey over the ice, embarked in three boats for the coast of Siberia. One of the parties under command of Chief Engineer George A. Melville reached the land, and, falling in with the natives, was saved. Another, under Lieutenant Commander De-Long, landed in a barren region, near the mouth of the Lena river. After six weeks had elapsed all but two of the number had died from fatigue and starvation. No tidings have been received from the party in the third boat under the command of Lieutenant Chipp, but a long and fruitless investigation leaves little doubt that all its members perished at sea. As a slight tribute to their heroism I give in this connection the names of the gallant men who sacrificed their lives on the expedition: Lieutenant Commander Geo. W. DeLong, Surgeon Jas. M. Ambler, Jerome J. Collins, Hans Haller Erickson, Heinrich H. Kaacke, George A. Boyd, Walter Lee, Adolph Dressler, Carl Gorts, Nels Svenson, the cook, Ah Sam, and the Indian, Alexy. The officers and men of the missing boat were Lieut. Chipp, commanding, Wm. Dunbar, Alfred Sweetman, Walter Snortell, Albert Kuehne, Edwin Star, Henry D. Farren and P. E. Johnson. Lieut. Giles B. Harber and Master Wm. Scheutzekisch are now bringing the remains of Lieut DeLong and comrades, in pursuance of directions of congress. The Rodgers, fitted for the relief of the Jeannette, in accordance with act of congress of March 3, 1881, sailed from San Francisco June 16, under the command of Lieut. Robert M. Berry. On November 30th she was accidentally destroyed by fire while in winter quarters in St. Lawrence bay, but the officers and crew succeeded in escaping to the shore. Lieut. Berry and one of his officers, after making a search for the Jeannette along the coast of Siberia, fell in with Chief Engineer Melville's party and returned home by way of Europe. The other officers and the crew of the Rodgers were brought from St. Lawrence bay by the whaling steamer North Star, Master Chas. F. Putnam, who had been placed in charge

Continued on 3rd page.

CONTEMPORARY HISTORY.

In France and Germany, respectively, two francs and two marks are the medical charges for single visits, except in the fashionable watering places.

Bismarck has just got his forty-fifth decoration—Japanese—while Gladstone has not a single one. So different is it to be head of affairs in Germany and England.

At a stenographic exhibition in Paris twenty-four different systems of shorthand are on view. Among other curiosities, there is a post-card containing 44,000 words.

An establishment has been opened on the island of Formosa for educating Chinese youth, and is named Oxford, in honor of Oxford County, Me., where most of the money for the enterprise was subscribed.

The eldest son of Mr. Rosenthal, banker of Bucharest, blew out his brains because he thought he had lost $4,000 of his father's. Four days later his mother found the money in the lining of her son's coat.

M. Saint Paul has offered the French Academy the sum of 25,000 francs to found a prize for the discovery of a cure for diphtheria. The competition is open to all the world, and is not even confined to the medical profession.

The Emperor of Brazil has granted a pension from his private purse to the young pianist Carlos de Mesquita to enable him to pursue his musical studies in Europe. There are now over thirty pensioners in Europe studying at the Emperor's expense.

A young missionary visiting Thibet, for the first time recently, expressed his horror at finding the practices of Mormonism reversed under the protection of the King of Cashmere. The law allows women several living husbands, and a lad gave the names of five men when asked who his father was.

At a Buddhist meeting held lately in Japan, one of the speakers said: "Of late the progress made by Christianity has been marvellous, and may be compared to a fire sweeping over a plain, which constantly increases in power." Anti-Christian literature is in such demand in India that in Lucknow and Cawnpore there are said to be no less than forty-five publishing houses doing this work.

The two oarsmen, Messrs. Borucci and Ferrari, who started out from Rome to row all the way to Paris in an outrigger, have arrived safely at their destination, not, however, without meeting with adventures and mishaps on the way. The journey has occupied just three months. They proceeded by way of the Mediterranean Sea, the river Rhone, the Saone, and thence through the Bourgogne into the Seine.

The Japanese Military Gazette estimates the total land forces of the empire at 109,383, composed as follows: Generals, 30; officers, 2,626; non-commissioned officers, 6,696; privates, 90,746; artificers, 60; cadets, 726; cadets abroad, 17; Control Department, 1,768. The regular forces, however, only number, it appears, 43,705, while the militia and reserves amount to 58,475. The number of horses is 3,112.

A large number of widows have been made in Tunis by the death of the Bey. The deceased potentate was not a very remarkable person in history, and would have been but little heard of but for the action of the French Government with regard to Tunis. When the French bombarded Sfax and threatened his capital, the unfortunate monarch was compelled by M. Roustan to sign a treaty which left him as completely in the power of the French, as the Khedive is now in that of the English. He was, however, the most married man in the world, the number of spouses who now lament his loss being about equal to the days of the year.

A Wise Father.

Arkansaw Traveller.

Probably the politest and most considerate man who ever lived was Gen. Bradsbale, of Arkansaw. Some time ago, boarding a train, he perceived his son, whom he had not seen for 20 years, occupying a seat, reading. The old gentleman sat down immediately behind the young man. After the train had gone about 30 miles, the young man laid aside his newspaper, and discovering his father, seized the old man with affectionate warmth. "Why didn't you let me know you were on the train, father?"

"Because," replied the old gentleman, "I saw that you were reading and I did not wish to disturb—"

"That would have made no difference."

"And besides," continued the father, "I thought that you might want to borrow a few dollars."

A Hotel Man's Luck.

Salt Lake (Utah) Tribune.

Mr. J. G. Tyler, chief clerk at the Union Depot Hotel, Ogden, had rheumatism in the muscles of the chest and left shoulder. By applying the Great German Remedy three days he realized complete restoration, and he is of the opinion that there is nothing equal to the St. Jacobs Oil for pain. The Great German Remedy is also a specific for burns and sprains.

A 14-year-old Providence lad discovered a burglar, gave chase and made the man surrender his booty at the muzzle of an umbrella, which the thief mistook for a gun. One thousand dollars in cash was saved by this operation.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.—Monday, Dec. 4.—Called to order by President Davis. Prayer and the usual resolutions and committees.... Bills introduced: By Hill, Colorado, providing for the coinage at the Denver mint; Voorhees, granting a pension of fifty dollars per month to the widow of Rear Admiral Scott.... After the reading of the president's message the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Called to order with usual preliminaries, 202 members present.... Bills introduced: Herbert, Alabama, prohibiting political assessments on government employes; Kasson, Iowa, for better regulation of the civil service; Anderson, Kansas, to create an agricultural commission; Valentine, of Nebraska, to compel payment by the Union Pacific company of the cost of surveying, selecting and conveying the lands granted to it; Cox, of New York, calling on the secretary of war for information as to the amounts of appropriations under the river and harbor bills of 1881 and 1882 withheld, and under what provisions of law; at the conclusion of the morning hour Kasson offered a resolution creating a committee of civil service reform.... Out of respect to deceased members the house adjourned.

SENATE—Tuesday, Dec. 5.—Oath of office was administered to Barrow, vice Hill, of Georgia.... On motion of Anthony, the committees as they existed at the close of the last session were continued.... Saunders presented a memorial in relation to the admission of Dakota, and remarked that all doubts which may have existed as to there being sufficient population to entitle the territory to admission as a state, must have been removed by the returns of the number of votes cast there at the recent election.... Beck offered a resolution setting forth the law against the levying of political assessments.

HOUSE.—Kelley from the ways and means committee, reported a bill to abolish internal revenue tax on tobacco, snuff, cigars and cigarettes. Referred to committee of the whole, and the minority granted leave to file their views on the subject.... The bill to amend the revised statutes, so as not to exclude army officers from holding civil offices in the territories, gave rise to some discussion, but finally went over.... The next measure considered was the bill repealing the provision of law for the payment of three months extra wages to seamen, which provides in lieu thereof that when seamen are discharged at foreign parts they shall be provided with adequate employment on another ship or furnished means to return home. The bill embodies substantially the recommendations on the subject by a joint committee on the decline of of American shipping. Passed.

SENATE.—Wednesday, Dec. 6.—The commissioner of pensions was instructed to furnish a complete list of pensions and probable effect of the passage of the pending resolution pensioning losers of an arm or leg, or those who met with a similar disability in the war.... Sewell said he would early call up the bill for the relief of Fitz John Porter.... Several bills on the calendar were passed. The senate then went into executive session, and nominations were referred.

HOUSE.—Caswell offered a resolution that the committee on appropriations may insert a clause for two cent letter postage.... Steel (ind.) offered a resolution directing the committee on civil service reform to inquire how much money was collected by campaign managers of the democratic party from the Cobden club and from the Free Trade club for use in the election.... Reports were submitted on the internal revenue bill and some discussion was had as to tobacco and liquor taxation. The minority, headed by Kasson, favor a gradual reduction of taxes from time to time.

SENATE.—Thursday, Dec. 7.—The secretary of war was instructed to send in reports of any contracts as to the National park of the Yellowstone; also to furnish an estimate of the Mississippi river commission's outlay.

HOUSE.—The Indian appropriation was fixed at $5,209,000.... The project of buying a property at Erie, Penn., for a Soldier's Home was defeated.

SENATE.—Friday, Dec. 8.—A number of petitions were presented to increase pensions of one-armed and one legged soldiers, and that if the tax on tobacco is reduced a corresponding rebate be allowed. The bill passed to rectify and establish the title of the United States to the military post at El Paso, Texas. Mr. Beck called up the resolution of inquiry on political assessments.... Mr. Hale said the democratic party had placed rich men on the committee to get contributions, and assessed liquor men heavily.... At 2 o'clock the bankruptcy bill was taken up. Mr. Jones, of Florida, offered an amendment giving the party sought to be thrown into involuntary bankrupty the right to demand a jury trial as grounds of bankruptcy. Agreed to. Mr. Morgan offered an amendment making it an act of bankruptcy for dealing in "futures" in certain articles of prime necessity, such as corn, sugar, cotton, rice, etc. Agreed to.

HOUSE.—Mr. Burrows, from the committee on appropriations, reported the consular bill. Referred to the committee of the whole. It appropriates $1,253,000, being $80,000 less than last year, and $132,000 below the estimates.... The house went into committee of the whole on the private calendar and became involved in discussion over the renewal of a patent.... The next bill was that for relief of the officers and crew of the Monitor who participated in the action with the Merrimac on the 9th of March, 1862.... The enacting clause of the bill was struck out, on motion of Mr. Atherton, of Ohio, by a vote of 102 to 33. The committee rose, but no action on its report was taken by the house.... Mr. Bingham reported the bill reducing postage to two cents. Referred.

SENATE.—Saturday, Dec. 9.—Mr. Beck called up his political assessment resolution, and after discussion it was laid over.... The senate resumed the bankruptcy bill.... Mr. Hoar continued the argument in favor of the Lowell bill.... Mr. Hawley introduced a bill, which was referred to the committee on civil service reform, to prevent officers of the United States from collecting subscriptions or assessments from each other.... The bill provides that any person violating this law shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding $5,000, or imprisonment not exceeding three years, or by such fine and imprisonment both, in the discretion of the court.... The senate held a brief exective session and then adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Page, from the commerce committee, reported a resolution calling on the secretary of war for information as to whether money appropriated by the last river and harbor bill was appropriated for works or objects not in the interest of commerce and navigation; if so, requesting that specification be furnished. Several amendments were offered, and an exciting and rambling debate followed. Mr. Kasson advocated amendment of the phraseology, contending that the secretary of war could not report any work unnecessary, as every brook was of local importance. Mr. Page's resolution was finally adopted and the house took up the consular appropriation bill, passed it and adjourned.

A Physician writes: "I have recommended Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla in my practice as a general tonic. I consider it superior to every other preparation in cases of female complaints and general prostration. As a blood purifier it always acts like a charm, and as a true strengthener it has no equal."

"ROUGH ON CORNS." 10c. Ask for it. Quick, complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

In England there are about 1,000,000 more paupers than voters.

Brown's Robert Burns.

Now, wha this tale o' truth shall read,
Ilka mon and lattker's son tak heed,
Whan auld Nick wad gi'ye cough or cauld,
Brown's Conga Balsam cures. My taste is tauld.

—Tam o' Shanter.

A common gag in Arab saloons is to call a man Arabi-Bey when they want him to re-treat.

STINGING, irritation, inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchu Paiba." $1.

An aged father of Mr. Lawrence Barrett, the actor, died last week near Baltimore.

One voice all over the land goes up from mothers, that says, "My daughters are so feeble and sad, with no strength, all out of breath and life at the least exertion. What can we do for them?" The answer is ample and full of hope. One to four weeks use of Hop Bitters will make them healthy, rosy, sprightly, and perfect.

Know the true value of time; snatch, seize and enjoy every moment of it. No idleness, no procrastination! Never put off till to-morrow what you can do to-day.—Earl of Chesterfield.

Bright eyes, healthy stomach, and a graceful figure, fall to produce their due effect if the complexion is defaced with blotches or blotches. Use Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or Brown. 50c

Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners, the only invention that makes old boots look as well as new.

This is the rainy days of December, and yet stock is doing well on clover and blue grass pasture where farmers have such pastures.

PETROLIA, Pa., Jan. 5, 1879.

MESSRS. Kennedy & Co.:—My hair is growing out so fast that I can almost see it growing myself, through the use of your Carboline. D. NIXON.

Coughs, Colds, and Sore throat quickly relieved by "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

For all our bad actions we are punished, and for our good actions we are rewarded sooner or later.

☞ The wonders of modern chemistry are apparent in the beautiful Diamond Dyes. All kinds and colors of Ink can be made from them.

When Fogg heard that cigars were largely made by machinery, he said he had noticed a stationary Indian in front of nearly all the cigar shops.

A Great Success.—Headache banished by Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills, nervous and dyspeptic.

—Eczema (salt rheum), humors and pimples, cured by Dr. Benson's Skin Cure.

"Where does the hats go?" an exchange asks. Some of them go to the theater and obstruct the view of the audience.

DON'T DIE in the house. "Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs. 15c.

Minster Hamlin will spend the winter in this country.

Brown's Shakspeare.

Othello (suspecting), "Methinks I scent a mouse!
Or is't a humor in my blood?"
Iago (aside). Brown's Liver Pills, if in the house,
Would nip this humor in the bud."

—Oh! they yell. O. Act 4th-with

Harper Brothers are to erect a branch house in Cincinnati.

Those who have been dosed with quinine, and experienced its injurious effects, should try Carter's Liver Bitters, a sure cure for malaria.

Patrons looking for Holiday goods will go well to send for David C. Cook's catalogue of goods. He is in the field this year with a larger stock than ever and from his prices we should judge the bottom had fallen clear out before he purchased. See adv. in another column.

"Pa, what is an employment agent?"

"Why, my son, he is a man who is very anxious to get work for others to do. He himself doesn't want any."

Palpitation of the Heart.

J. M. Might, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "When I first commenced your Burdock Blood Bitters I was troubled with fluttering and palpitation of the heart. I felt weak and languid with numbness of the limbs; since using, my heart has not troubled me and the numbing sensation is all gone." Price $1

Magic in the Nineteenth Century.

N. McRea, Wyebridge, Ontario, writes: "I have sold large quantities of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil; it is used for colds, sore throat, croup, etc., and in fact for any affection of the throat it works like magic. It is a sure cure for burns, wounds and bruises."

No, Melinda, plate paper cannot be used to manufacture dinner plates.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered Liver. Only one pill a dose.

A Turk had rather see two camels wrestle than two men. They kick up more dust than men do, and that's the Turk's idea of bloody fighting.

FOR THICK HEADS, heavy stomachs, biliousness.—Wells' May Apple Pills—cathartic. 10 and 25c.

General Butler is now 64 years of age.

Redding's Russia Salve is the most wonderful healing medium in the world. Try it.

"Women ought to take more exercise in the open air," says a medical authority. Evidently talking over the back fence to the woman next door is not considered open air exercise.

The Popular Science Monthly asks: "What are crowds?" The science of vs says the third party is a large crowd.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other Intermittent Fevers, the **"Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya,"** made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from Fever or other sickness it has no equal.

Farmers, Secure Your Hogs From Cholera. By treating them with the infallible remedy, "NE PLUS ULTRA," invented and prepared by R. Dorn, Secretary and Manager of the Western Horse and Cattle Insurance Co., Omaha, Neb. Sworn testimonials concerning the curative power of this medicine are in possession of the inventor. Good agents wanted.

The Bad and Worthless

are never imitated or counterfeited. This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy imitated is of the highest value. As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press and people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B. Many others started nostrums put up in similar style to H. B., with variously devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such pretended remedies or cures, no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name, or in any way connected with them or their names, are imitations or counterfeits. Beware of them. Touch none of them. Use nothing but genuine Hop Bitters, with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label. Trust nothing else. Druggists and dealers are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits.

The teamster's little joke—"I can't make my team stir."

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage, Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

The difference between a dandy and a fat hog—one is dressed to kill and the other is killed to dress.

Try the new brand Spring Tobacco.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Remember that stamina, vital energy, the life-principle, or whatever you may choose to call the resistant power which battles against the causes of disease and death, is the grand safeguard of health, it is the garrison of the human fortress; and when it wanes weak, the true policy is to throw in reinforcements. In other words, when such an emergency occurs, commence a course of the Bitters. For sale by Druggists and Dealers, to whom apply for our Almanac.

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
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Acts at the same time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

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When I say cure, I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post-Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you.
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Only Mills made with Cast Cast-Steel Grinders. Warranted superior to any in use for all purposes. Will grind faster, run easier and wear longer. Satisfaction guaranteed. Also corn shellers, feed cutters, cider mills. Send for circulars and prices.
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TEAS in appearance—35 Million pounds imported last year.—Prices lower than ever.—Agents wanted. Don't waste time.—Send for circular.
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PEPSIN TONIC
is now offered (asked for in the West and South than any other remedy for Headache and Liver Complaint. It
CURES
that dread destroyer, Dyspepsia, and all its kindred evils. Remember, if your food does not readily digest, your only safety is to use BROWN'S PEPSIN TONIC, or
DYSPEPSIA!
with all its horrors, will be fastened upon your system. Delay not! Now that fall and winter are upon us, BROWN'S TAR TROCHES are found in every Drug Store.
THOUSANDS
have used them and been cured of Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness and
SAVED
sleepless nights of coughing and suffering. Are our readers aware that more of BROWN'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS are sold
ANNUALLY
to secure American people of Sick Headache and Biliousness than any other pills manufactured?
☞ Use Only Brown's Remedies. ☜

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

FRANK HARRISON, } Proprietors.
A. T. JONES, }

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year $1 50
One copy, six months 75

SATURDAY, DEC. 16, 1882.

Senator Logan will oppose Fitz John Porter, in his little siesta in Washington, this winter.

The report that Senator Van Wyck is for E. K. Valentine for Saunders' successor is believed to be a conard

Our failure to credit in copying the Tecumseh Chieftain's editorial notice of the death of Thurlow Weed was unintentional. The Chieftain's editorials are well worth copying, and crediting too.

The two Butlers—our David and Old Ben—seem to be somewhat alike in one respect at least.—It makes them both mad to be called Democrats.

This is a hard blow on the Bourbons, who supported them with such zeal and enthusiasm.

The Grand Jury, lately impaneled to try the case of John A. Cockerill, of St. Louis, completely exonerates him for the shooting of Cok Slayback. This should serve as a warning to those who are tempted to try the experiment of influencing Editors with such mild weapons as horse-whips, shot-guns, or revolvers.

NEBRASKA CONFERENCE SEMINARY.

This is an institution conducted by the Nebraska Methodist Conference.

Many of the readers of the ARGUS are interested in its success. A goodly number have contributed to it and have a right to know of its success.

The present term will close on the evening of the 21st. Programme of closing exercises is as follows.

Examinations on Wednesday and Thursday 20th and 21st.

Exhibition of the Philophronean society, on Friday evening 15th, and Monday evening the 18th, the Zetamathean society. On Thursday evening, grand concert in the Opera house, which will close the entertainment of the term.

The next term opens January 4th.

In addition to the common branches, there will be classes in Elements of criticism, algebra, geometry, methods of teaching, rhetoric, astronomy, chemistry, Latin, German, Greek, and several other of the higher branches.

The facilities for teaching are No 1. A powerful telescope, and one of the best telluriums in the west, for the use of class in physics they have the Queen air pump, New Toepple electrical machine, and very many other valuable helps; also class in chemistry is well supplied with modern helps.

Preparitory department, organized specially for those wishing to study English grammar, arithmetic, geography, reading, writing, etc., in charge of Professor Orlando Swain, which means success.

Judge Gillen, L. L. B. will continue his lectures on Constitutional law, and Professor Sallee will conduct a class in Parliamentary law, which will be of great benefit to all. And this leads to speak of the literary societies, which are conducted with decorum, some of the faculty always being present.

The questions discussed are of such character, they require research, such as the following: "Is the present license system regarding the sale of intoxicants a failure?" "Does originality of thought decrease as the world grows older?" "Resolved, that woman should enter any and all professions," &c., &c.

Musical department; under the management of Professor Schindelmeisser, who has had the benefit of being trained by some of the great masters of Europe, is one of the important features of this school. This department has commodious rooms, supplied with three pianos and an organ.

The art studio, adorned, as it is with every kind of drawing and painting, and Miss Lumry in the center as Instructor, is a thing of beauty, and we trust a joy forever.

Tuition in the last two departments, is lower than can be found East or West; ability of teachers considered.

Boarding, including room, fuel, light &c., can be procured at from $3.00 to $3.50 per week.

Half fare permits on R. R's., can be procured by students, by addressing Pres., Rev. E. Thomson, York Neb.

In conclusion let me say to the methodist readers of the ARGUS, this is your school. Would you have your sons and daughters thoroughly educated, and at the same time under Methodist influence? If so, send them to THE BEST school in the state; the Nebraska Conference Seminary.

Dr. Thomson, than whom no better instructor is to be found in the west, is a son of the late Bishop Thomas. Rev. S. W. Blackburn is that noble christian gentleman, who at one time was pastor of the church at this place, and now has charge of the finances.

Brother Rodabaugh is remembered by all the young people, as well the older ones, as the little black haired man they loved so well in good old camp meeting times, his sympathy and influence is there.

Rev. Mr. Peck, who teaches Mathematics and German, is perhaps one of the most thorough instructors in the west, as many of the young preachers will testify.

To those who have so generously given to this institution, it is a good investment. E. J. RANDALL.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS

PAWNEE CITY.

We are neither "Snowed up, blowed up nor froze up;" yet with mercury 25 degrees below 0, we can assure you our fingers were not very nimble.

Dr. Hassler went to Omaha on Saturday last.

Rev. L. F. Britt made a short visit to his many friends here last week.

Prof. Gardner and wife entertained his assistants one evening last week.

Dr. Reeder took trip to Blue Springs on Sunday, returning Tuesday.

Miss Moore after three weeks vacation commenced school again Monday morning.

Mr. Hoover has been confined to the house for several days with a severe cold.

The Junior edlior of the Republican is able to get around without the aid of crutches now.

Dr. Richie is in town this week and will remain until the 13th; so come all of you who want store teeth.

Rev. Preston, former pastor of the M. E. church, spent several days in town and preached Sunday evening to a crowded house.

The Banner force got froze out last week, and were obliged to visit their neighbors, the Republicans, but have now moved to warmer quarters.

The numerous new corn cribs heaped with the golden grain show that our farmers have not been idle through the pleasant November days.

Christmas is coming and all our storekeepers are very busy, and the faces of the children are beginning to grow bright as they see the mysterious packages being stowed away.

H. E. Carmicheal, a young teacher from the old Keystone State, commenced school in the Hilderbrand district Monday morning. He spent part of last week visiting schools in town, learning the Nebraska method.

We took a trip west on the "Cannon ball" last week and found it much pleasanter traveling than on the "accommodation." We were pleased to note the progress of all the new towns on the line as far as we went. Quite a number of new houses have been built in Burchard. In Liberty a new Baptist church is nearly completed which is a credit to the town; numerous other buildings are being erected which denote the progress and prosperity of the town.

Wymore has a new opera house which will be opened by a first-class troupe sometime during the present month.

The Indian Reservation is being appraised, and numerous speculators and those wishing homes have already visited the locality and selected their choice of land; one gentleman from Iowa told me that he was about the 125th man that had selected a certain piece of land, but the probability is that they will not all get it. The supposition is that the land will be valued at from 7 to $15 per acre; some may go higher. We hope that it will not go into the hands of speculators, but that it will make many homes.

We stated some time ago that we had "no license and no saloons," but believe we did not say that we had no WHISKEY, and we are glad we did not make any such statement, for we would certainly be deounced as a person who had no regard for TRUTH.

Drunken brawls are nothing unusual here, but one occurred last week which caused more excitement and will probably be remembered longer than any that has recently occurred. No doubt the tempting beverage was of a SUPERIOR quality as the sequel will show.

A man living on Main St., in some way unknown (to us at least) got possession of enough of this precious extract to make him gloriously drunk and for a time you could liken him to nothing but a fiend; his poor wife was the victim of his diabolical deeds, and had not timely assistance been rendered we doubt if she would have been alive to-day. Yet kind friends, this is a TEMPERANCE town. Where are our temperance lawyers, that we cannot have the violation of the law meet with just punishment? Shall the vile stuff be dealt out to the men and boys of this town, making them for the time worse than demons? We say come to the FRONT, you men of temperance and DEMAND that RIGHT shall prevail. We are glad that a temperance organization has been established here, and hope the Banner is right in saying that it is made of "good timber," and that its one great object will be to save these victims of the whiskey sellers.

BURT.

BURCHARD.

We have not been sleeping nor are we dead; but since our last communications, we notice a number of new dwelling houses have been erected.

J. P. Swallow has gone to St. Jo. to purchase a stock of now furniture and a stock of drugs.

Joseph Weis, one of our good natured young men, goes to Frankfort, Kansas, this week to work at his trade, that of harness making.

The wife of our popular real estate agent Davis, is able to take her accustomed place in church.

Miss Katie Lloyd has been confined to her room with a severe attack of diptheria.

The foundation for the new U. P. church, is completed.

Miss Emma Baker, of Kansas City, is spending the winter with her uncle, our smiling B. & M. Agent, E. W. Coles.

Mr. Charles Dort, paid the boys a short visit Tuesday and Wednesday.

Wm. Hall, shipped this week, two car loads of hogs for Linn & Cooper, and Messrs. Aikins, Kennedy & Spates, shipped two car loads from this place, to the Kansas City market.

Christmas will be celebrated with dinner, and a fine Christmas tree here, and we hope many hearts will be made glad upon receiving the gifts from kind friends, and many appetites be appeased by a bountiful dinner, as we are sure our's will be.

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than the times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

C. H. NORRIS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

He keeps one of the best selected stocks
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General Merchandise in Pawnee County.

WILL SELL GOODS FOR CASH,
AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES,
AMD PAYS THE
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

ALLEN, MERWIN & MATHEWSON,

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DRUGS, MEDICINES,
HARDWARE
--AND--
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT
OF
DRUGS, MEDICINES, HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ETC.

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

A GRAND RUSH

TO FELLERS & JONES' DRUG, BOOK, AND FURNITURE STORE FOR HOLLIDAY GOODS.

LOOK HERE!

CHRISTMAS — PRESENTS — NEW YEARS

DRUGS, CHEMICALS.
Dyestuffs
Perfumery
Combs, Brushes
Toilet Articles
Toilet Soaps
Sponges
Farmers Receipts,
and Physician's
Prescriptions filled
with Accuracy
and Dispatch.
Best Brands
of Cigars and
Smoking Tobacco.

FURNITURE.
Tables
Center Tables
Chairs, Bureaus
Bedsteads, Lounges
Matresses, Mirrors
Wash Stands
Picture Frames
Carpets and
anything in the
Furniture line.
The White Sewing
Machine, the Family
Favorite, try it and you
will have no other.

SCHOOL BOOKS.
Blank Books
Copy Books
Miscellaneous Books
History
Romance
Poetry
And a
full line
of Stationery,
Paper
Pencils
Pens
and
Ink.

Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,
PATENT MEDICINES.
CIGARS, TOBACCOS,
CHOICE CONFECTIONS,
BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID
PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC., UNDERTAKERS'
GOODS, ETC., ETC. ALWAYS ON HAND.

Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

Call on us when in town and we will spare no pains in making a few moments call pleasant and profitable to you. We take pleasure in showing our goods; call and examine them whether you wish to buy or not.

Table Rock Market.

Corn—25c.
Wheat, No. 2—65c.
Oats,—20c.
Hogs—$5 to 5.25.
Butter—25c.
Eggs—20c.

"O. to be a stage driver!"

The spring chickens have arove.

The new residence of David Jones is raised, and nearly enclosed.

Splendid skating now. Boys will soon begin to study nature under the ice.

A good looking lady book-agent visited us yesterday. All safe on the west side.

Table Rock has a new fire engine; a genuine automatic, self-inker. It is on exhibition at the post-office.

"Martin is getting uneasy about his ice crop." He is afraid the ice will freeze fast to the bottom of the creek.

On Tuesday Thomas Gill sued our old friend Clark for wages and obtained judg ment for $8. He will leave for Illinois in a few days.

The "Pound Party" at the M. E. Parsonage on Friday night, was a grand success. We have not been able, however, to find out the net proceeds.

Pawnee City has organized a National Bank, which will be ready for business Jan. 1st, with the following sound and reliable officers: Pres., J. N. Eckman; Vice Pres., F. R. Joy; Cashier, J. C. David; Directors, D. Remick, J. R. Clark, F. R. Joy, J. C. David, and J. N. Eckman.

Table Rock came near having a fire last Wednesday morning; the workmen in the brick building built a fire on a sand pile in the upper story to keep the plastering from freezing, and the sand got too hot, or there was not enough of it; anyhow the floor took fire and cause some excitement. Not much damage done.

The following are the members of a new brass band organized at this place: 1st E flat, Woody Allen; 2nd E flat, Will L. Scism; 1st B flat, H. [illegible] Bull; 2nd B flat, J. C. Beck; 1st Alto, Oscar Fulton; 2nd Alto Al Fulton; Tenor, Cliff Phillips; Baratone, Charley Wheaton; Tuba, Jake Fulton.

A good brass band will be a credit to Table Rock, and, although these are nearly all new beginners, we think that under Mr. Allen's supervision they will make a success of it. Go in, boys and, you shall receive help in your enterprise.

"We suggest that the Argus add a city editor to its already competent (?) force and try and furnish its readers and supporters with more local news."—Reporter in Pawnee Banner.

There now! we knew that something was hurting Reporter; he has "got it off" at last. With more foresight than he has shown in other pursuits, he concluded to have his little say about the Argus while its editor was back east out of the way. Now that was a splendid idea.

So he boldly wades in and makes a suggestion, and follows up by hinting that he is a supporter of the Argus. This article shows that he is no more a supporte of the Argus than he was of the democratic party when he thought it was beaten.

Know, Mr. Reporter, that the Argus is able to take care of its own interests without any painful suggestions on your part; while we shall always try to furnish our readers with a good newspaper, we never once thought of performing a miracle—that of satisfying you.

Again, Reporter says "They have a unicorn in the Presbyterian choir now.", etc. Anyone who knows anything about the choir, knows what is trying to say in his cute little way. After breaking up two splendid choirs by leading (?) his voice (which sounds like the wind sighing through a cornfield) is singing and telling the members "how they should do", now tries to "throw mud" at a third. His enterprise is commendable.

In another place Reporter murmurs something about corrospondents, slander, and "back it up if necessary," but seemed a little timid about expressing himself so to be understood.

After extending our sympathies to he Banner, we await further developments.

PERSONAL.

W. E. Craig and family moved to Elk Creek on Thursday.

Dr. Peery was in town on Wednesday and Friday.

We are happy to learn that Mrs. Maye is convalescing.

We acknowledge a pleasant call from E. A. Peck; come again.

Miss Allie Fox who has been sick, is able to be out again.

Henry F. Merwin returned from his trip to the "Nutmeg State" on Tuesday.

W. L. Scism was elected Librarian of the Library Association on Monday evening.

A. D. Shaffer has bought the Barnard 80, just west of the Cemetery, for the sum of $2,000.

Miss Gillie Olds of Tecumseh, an old schoolmate of ye aest editor, is visiting old friends in to wn.

E. L. Mitchell, who has been complaining for some time, is again able to be around, We are glad to see Ed. on the mend.

Hon. T. W. Pepoon, of the Falls City Journal, came up to Table Rock, Saturday last, and returned the following day.

Mrs Hamilton Cooper of north Auburn—formerly a resident of this place—is here visiting friends and relatives.

J. R. Chapey and family returned from Pennsylvania Thursday. We are glad to see them again in the social circle in Table Rock.

William Hall of Pawnee City, was in town Friday. Wm's. pleasant smiles and comforting words are always ready to cheer the saddened.

The father, mother, and sister of O. D. Tibbets, from Rockport Mo., are over on a visit. They come over Monday, and will remain for several days.

E. A. Hansen had a suit with the R. R. Co., on Thursday; Scism for the plaintiff; Deweese for the defense; the Lincoln attorney was "Scooped," and E. A. won the suit.

George Clift returned from a visit to Liberty on Wednesday; he occasionally says, in the language of the great Patriot Henry, "give me Liberty or give me death!" and acts accordingly.

The Reporter, of the Banner saw George W. Porter off for the Loup Country on Wednesday of last week. For fear he might not have gone, we went down and saw him off on Monday of this week. He was accompanied by Mr. Black, and another party whose name we did not learn.

Another new grain buyer in town since the 8th. He stops with J. C. Smith. The corn market is not much affected by it, however. Standard weight &c., &c. Cigars if you please.

On last Tuesday evening, the Argus corps, while sitting musing over the fancied beauties of a printer's life, was suddenly startled by a noise, which at first, presented itself as the wail of a deadly book agent. The man at the lever at once sprang for the back door to lock it, but the local editor, in all his bewilderment, while trying to investigate the matter, was seized by a mighty hand and hurled to the floor, alighting with one ear in the paste pot, and his hoof gently resting over the job case, and calling for help, but was aided by the man who tends the lever, in securing a firm foot hold. After all was quiet, Peck sliced the Water Melon, and after a good shake of hands, we all enjoyed a feast on this luxury which in winter time; comes only to the printer. This was not a dream. Thanks to E. A. Peck for favors.

Demorest's Monthly Magazine begins the year brilliantly; the January number for 1883 being unsurpassed by any that have preceded it. The articles are of unusual interest, especially "How we Live in New York," by Jennie June; "Holiday Gifts and Customs in Paris," "Visits, and Manners at the Table," and "Current Topics," which is full of valuable information. Most of the shorter stories are remarkably well told, and "The Admiral's Ward" keeps up its interest. Every department is carefully filled. The forty-five illustrations are excellent, among which is a splendid oil picture, "The Fisher Boy and the Fisherman's Daughter." No family will regret subscribing to this admirable magazine, as it supplies a household want, and is both useful and entertaining.

☞ CORN ☜

Has fallen 6 cts. per bushel the past week in Chicago, but as we are doing business for our health, we will still pay 25 cts per bushel. Linn & Cooper.

A full line of under-clothing at Fellers.

Flour off 20cts., per hundred at Martin's

Lamps at F. & J.'s.

The finest line of Stationery in town at the P. O.

Stereoscopes and Views Cheaper than ever before. At the P. O.

Cheapest flour in town, every sack warranted. O. D. Tibbets.

Beef by the quarter at 6 cents per pound. For sale by G. R. Martin.

Large stock of overshoes just received at Fellers.

Fine Toilet Articles, Fine Pocket Books, Splendid Photo Albums, Beautiful Books, at the P. O.

If you have a farm to sell, place it in the hands of—H. B. Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

Beautiful Dolls. Get one for a Christmas present, at the Milliner Store.

☞ Don't forget to call and settle with Richardson Linn & Cooper by December 20th. We must close our accounts, and pay our bills by January 1st.

For Dyspepsia and Liver Complain you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold at F. & J's.

A Nasal Injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Sold by Fellers & Jones.

Are you made miserable by Indi-

The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by F. J.

Why will you cough when Shiloh's cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and $1. Sold by F. & J.

"Hackmetack," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cts. Sold by Fellers & Jones.

gestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite or Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure For sale by Fellers & Jones.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth. Sold by Fellers & Jones.

Shiloh's will immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis. For sale at Fellers & Jones.

See the Pawnee City Clothiers' undivided attention given to men's wear. East side, next to Post office.

A new and splendid line of books, such as are suitable Holiday presents just received by—Woolsey & Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.
Come and get one for your friend.

Have you heard of the overcoats from the "Pawnee Clothing Store?" Then why shiver, when you can get Cash Value in one of these garments, from $4.50 to $24.50. East side of Square, next to Post Office.

320 acres, with house on it, 60 acres broke, 60 acres pasture; 1 mile south east of Andrew Fellers, for $3500, on easy terms. If you want it, see Marble at once.

Get your girl a nice present young man, and for this present buy one of those handsome books for sale by Woolsey & Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

MONEY! MONEY! is what I want. All those knowing them selves indebted to me, will please call and settle before the 1st of January 83. Oblige me and save trouble, for I must have money. O. D. Tibbets.

Think for yourself! consider the advantage of a cash transaction. You get the benefit of all cash discounts in buying at "The Pawnee Clothing Store." East Side of Square, next to Post Office.

REMEMBER THIS that it costs you from 3 to 5 dollars more to insure with these traveling snides than it will with an agent in your town. My rates in the SPRINGFIELD, are $1.50 per hundred, cash for 5 years or, $1.80 on time. Give me a call and learn what liberal terms I can give you. Will L Scism. 26

THE ARGUS AS A CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

Friends, did you ever pause in your mad career and think what a splendid Xtmas present to your friends the Argus would be? We want you people to dash up in large majorities to send the Argus as a present to your friends in Japan, to your brothers in Utah, to Lo the poor Indian; to your friends who are teaching school and have to read almanacs to pass the time, &c, &c. &c.

Go to Fellers, for your Christmas Toys.

Graham flour at Martin's

Legal Blanks; a full [illegible] Post office.

[illegible] H. B. Peery,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

☞ Finest stock of overalls west of the Missouri river, at Fellers.

Bound to sell Boots and Shoes, Cheaper than any one else. O. D. T.

☞ Moustache Cups and Saucers Cheap, Genuine China, at F. & J's.

☞ PLENTY OF SOFT COAL NOW. Linn & Cooper.

☞ Go and see Fellers & Jones about Christmas goods, toys, books, autograph and photograph albums, fancy stationery, &c.

Buckwheat Flour at MARTIN'S.

We have use for a few cars of No 2 oats; who has them?

☞ A steady decline in the hog market the past week, has forced prices down here. but we will still pay 5½ for choice hogs. Linn & cooper

☞ A fine stock of Silk Handkerchiefs, Ladies Gloves, Collars, Cuffs, etc., just the place for Christmas presents, at the Milliner Store.

☞ We want what you owe us, and you will save trouble by calling and settling up. Linn & Cooper

20 acres of nice young timber, one mile south-west of Table Rock, offered for 30 days for $340. Who will get it? M. H. Marble, agent, Table Rock.

Call on H. B. Peery, at Elk Creek, when you have a farm for sale or rent. 26-tf

Warren & Apperson, only exclusive Clothiers in Pawnee City. You will find their goods of best quality, and at low prices. Don't fail to see them, on East Side Square, next to Post Office.

I will sell a few choice town lots at lowest cash prices,—and take corn at thirty-five cents per bushel. M. H. Marble.

"Ivanhoe," "Waverly," "Tennyson," "Mrs. Browning" and "Roughing It" at the P. O.

PARTIES having farms to rent, will do well to call on me as I have numerous inquiries every day. Will L. Scism.

Don't stand around, with your hands in your pockets; trying to sell your farm; when Marble can sell it and have you out of the country in a very short time; if you will call on him and give him permission.

If you have a farm to rent,
If you have a farm to sell
Call and see Marble.

Money to loan, at 9per cent on Real Estate Security, for 3 or 5 years; no commission; and no delay. M. H. Marble.

☞ New Lamps, Nickel, and Gold Bronze, almost any style at F. & J's. come and see them.

That house that was burned down a few days since, was not insured; consequently will not be rebuilt.

Moral.

Insure your property with M. H. Marble, in the Phenix, German, or North American;—all reliable companies—at the lowest rates.

I am making up a list of farms for sale; and if you wish your farm advertised free; call on me, and I will let you know how it can be done. M. H. Marble.

A few more bargains on farms. Don't wait until it is too late, M. H. Marble.

See that your farm is on the list that s being prepared for eastern distribution, by M. H. Marble.

ONE, half platform spring-wagon; a bargain, at Pecks' blacksmith shop.

TAKE NOTICE:—All parties owing us will please call and settle at once. Mathewson & Allen.

ALL PERSONS who are indbted to the Table Rock Mills are requested to call and settle at once. J. D. Harrison.

ESTRAY NOTICE!

Taken up Oct. 25th. by the subscriber, 3½ miles north-west of Table Rock, 1 steer coming 2 years old, roan with both ears clipped and slit. John Burgeit.

TRAVEL ONLY [illegible]

THE BURLINGTON ROUTE,

FOR ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST

Daily Express Trains are now run to
CHICAGO, OMAHA & DENVER
—VIA—
LINCOLN,
AND BETWEEN
KANSAS CITY, ATCHISON
AND DENVER.

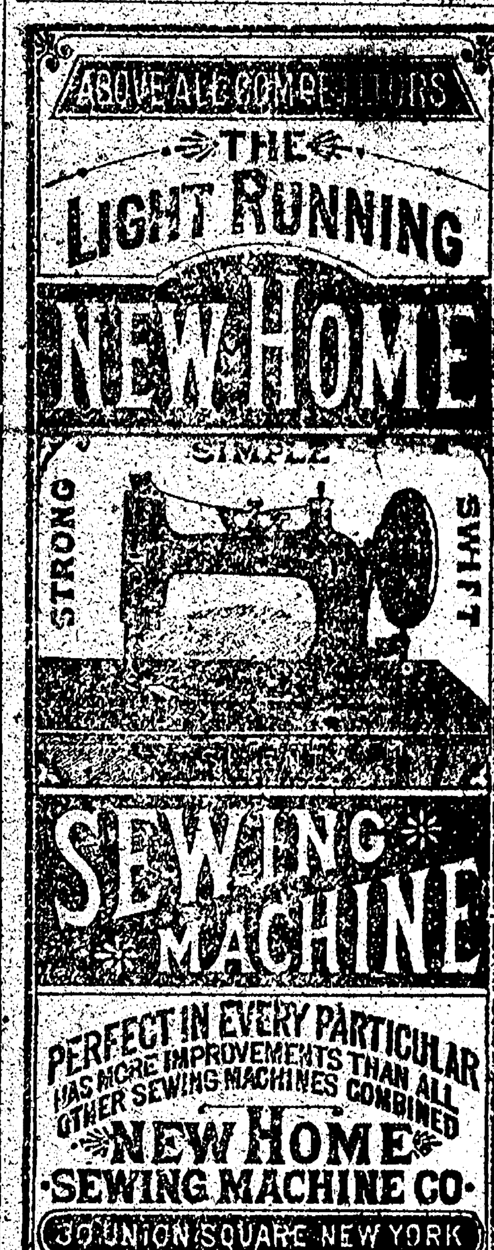
2 EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY
BETWEEN
OMAHA AND LINCOLN

All Through Trains are Equipped with New and Elegant
PULLMAN PALACE CARS.
Day Coaches, and Baggage and Express Cars of the Latest Designs

THROUGH Tickets at LOWEST Rates
Are on sale at the Principal Stations where Passengers can obtain information as to Routes, Rates and Connections, and can secure Sleeping-Car accommodations.

QUICK TIME,
SURE CONNECTIONS,
NO DELAYS,

As trains run to and from Union Depots at principal points. P. S. EUSTIS, General Ticket Agent, Omaha.



F. M. WEAVER & CO.,
Wholesale Agents, 1030 Main St.
Kansas City, Mo.

GREAT COMBINATION!

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS
—AND—
Demorest's Illustrated
Monthly Magazine.

BOTH PUBLICATIONS, ONE YEAR
—FOR—
$3.00, (THREE DOLLARS.)

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY is justly entitled the World's Model Magazine. The Largest in Form, the Largest in Circulation, and the best TWO Dollar Family Magazine issued. 1883 will be the nineteenth year of its publication; it is now improved so extensively as to place it in the front rank of Family Periodicals, and equal to any magazine. It contains 64 pages, large quarto, 8 1-4 x 11 1-2 inches, elegantly printed on tinted paper, fully illustrated, each number having steel engravings, oil picture, or art subjects, published by W. Jennings Demorest, New York, and by special agreement combined with the

TABLE ROCK ARGUS at
$2. per year.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

HARRISON & JONES, Publishers.

TABLE ROCK, . . . NEB.

NEBRASKA ITEMS.

The North Bend sportsmen held their semi-annual hunt last Thursday; the club dance and supper was held on Friday evening, and is said to have been an enjoyable affair.

An escape of gas during the night from a hard coal heater at Papillion nearly caused the death of Dr. Beadle and his wife.

The North Bend creamery is "under way." It has a capacity of handling the cream from three thousand cows.

The Swedish Lutherans of the state talk of establishing a college at Wahoo.

Tecumseh Chieftain: The ladies of the universalist parish will hold a fancy fair, beginning on Tuesday, Dec. 19, and continuing three days.

A foundry and machine shop is going up at Kearney.

A car load of poultry was shipped from Central City one day last week.

A Blair man sold his 200-acre farm for $5,000.

It is reported that over a dozen buildings are under contract to be erected in Bellwood, and the contractors are unable to secure carpenters to begin work on them.

Tipton gave three lectures at David City recently.

The Baptist church society of Steele City laid the corner stone of the new church Nov. 19.

A boy was nearly drowned at Blair in the Missouri last week. His boat was upset by floating ice, and after being nearly frozen on the cakes of ice, he reached the opposite shore by a desperate struggle.

The M. E. church at Gibbon is nearing completion.

Oxford Register: Chas. Waterman about 17 years of age, living at Orleans, was thrown beneath a horse and received injuries from which he died.

A man at Tecumseh, under the influence of liquor, walked out of an up-stairs window in the night and fell to the ground. In two days he died from his injuries.

In place of the wind mill of the B. & M. water tank at Hastings there is to be put in a first-class six-horse power engine. A new coal house also is being created.

Red Cloud receives a considerable trade from the northern counties of Kansas.

The new Catholic church at O'Neill will have a pipe organ.

The schools of West Point are so full as to seem to demand another teacher.

Hastings Democrat: The First German Lutherans, living south and west of this city, in the neighborhood of Beal's ranche, have commenced the erection of a new church.

Mr. McClellan, of Wahoo, has just shelled his 7,000 bushels of corn.

A young man of good family, plead guilty to burglary of a barber shop at Waverly.

A festival at Greenwood to refurnish the M. E. church there on the 15th inst.

F. J. Fried, lumberman at Tekamah, fails for $20,000. The worst losers are upon farmers who had signed paper with him.

Farmers hauled into Wilber 235 loads of corn one day last week. Several buildings are going up, which the cold delays, among others a two-story brick saloon.

A new lumber yard is to be put in at Ulysses.

Membraneous croup and diphtheria are taking off the children of Central City.

Presbyterians at Tekamah cleared $90 at the fair last week.

Both the M. E. and Presbyterian churches at Fullerton are closed.

Geo. A. Brown, Syracuse, sold his farm for $6,000, cash.

A twenty-acre addition to Tecumseh has been laid out.

Mrs. Laverick, of McCook, was burned nearly to death by the explosion of a lamp.

Mr. Gutches, of Grafton, lost three fingers by having his hand caught in a corn sheller.

Auburn has secured enough petitioners to call a county seat election, and has $7,420 pledged for buildings. The Presbyterians will build a $2,000 church.

A brother of Matt. Simmerman, one of the Minden murderers, arrived in Lincoln from New Mexico. He called upon Gov. Nance and had a long interview with him in regard to his brother.

A man giving his name as Jim Shirley, and hailing from Iowa, went to Swift Brothers' livery stable at Nebaska City and hired a team to go to Tecumseh, stating that he would be back the next day. He was given the best team in the stable and a new covered buggy, and as last accounts nothing had been heard of the man or animals.

The Knights of Honor have paid Mrs. Mary B. Gambler, of Fremont, $2,000, the amount of insurance held by her late husband in that society.

It now looks as though the Indian country north of Holt county, and recently acquired by Nebraska, will soon be thrown open to settlement.

The comptroller of the currency authorizes the First National bank of Pawnee City, Nebraska, with a capital of $2,000. It will open for business January 1st, 1883.

The temperature of the sun is estimated to be 9965 degrees Centigrade.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

GENERAL.

Sherburne Bytant, of Milwaukee, and Louis Sands, of Manistee, bought six thousand acres of land in Langlape county, Wisconsin, for $219,000. It contains about 700,000,000 feet of the best pine timber in the state. One thousand lumbermen are at work there now, and double that number will be employed shortly.

One of Wm. Arrott's turn mills, at Philadelphia burned. It was occupied by Jager & Co., manufacturers of woolen yarn. Total loss, $130,000. The stock was fully insured. Small insurance on the building.

President Wood, of the First National bank of Denver, has written two more letters to Chicago bankers in regard to the losses of his bank mail. He says the losses must occur in the east, as thus far the stealings have only been in through pouches to New York and New England, that within the past year his bank has lost paper of the value of half a million and banks in Colorado a million and a half. He said he tried the policy of silence for a year in the hope that the postoffice department would do something to cure the evil. Failing to do this he has determined to try the policy of publicity.

The government commission inspecting the navy yards at Chicago have left for Florida. A member of the commission stated the navy yards thus far visited cost the government about $80,000,000 and would not sell for $1,000,000.

The Lackawana machine shops at Kingsland, N. J., burned. Loss, $70,000; insured.

A fire at Paducah, Ills., destroyed the Southern hotel and three business houses valued at $23,000; insured $11,000.

The steamship Celermona cl rred New Orleans Thursday for Liverpoo with 10,370 bales of cotton, 12,000 bushels of wheat and 3,650 staves. This is the largest cargo of cotton ever carried by one vessel. The total value of the cargo was $642,000.

Dr. Rush of Chicago, leaves for Washington to urge the passage of the bill to extend the bonded period on whisky in behalf of the Western export associa tion. The members say if they can get this, they will not ask a reduction of the tax for the present.

Col. John W. Porter, president of the State agricultural society, and of the Iowa City board of trade, and a man of state wide reputation, died at his home in that city after an illness of only a few days. The disease was nervous fever. His death causes great grief.

Three boys were drowned Saturday in an oyster sloop off Tallahassee, Florida.

A disastrous fire occurred at Saginaw City destroying property to the value of $175,000.

Tutt & Co., Main street grocers, E. A. Hitchcock's building, and Rankin & Lawton's book-bindry, St. Louis, burned. Loss, $25,000; insured.

The vegetable soup works of H. C. Fero, Londonville, New York, burned. Loss, $45,000. Adjoining buildings were saved by the free use of cider from tanks near by. One thousand gallons were used by the bucket full.

A dispatch from Minneapolis says: Special newspaper dispatches have exaggerated the prevalence of small pox in this city. There are altogether nineteen cases in the pest house. Two have been added recently. So far as known no cases are outside.

Snow has been falling steadily in Central and Southern Minnesota and Northern Dakota. In the former district a fall of four inches is announced, and in the latter ten inches to one foot. The storm continues. The temperature is moderate and but little wind. Trains are generally delayed.

CRIME.

John Trialer and wife, of Chicago, have been in Louisville, stopping at the residence of an acquaintance. Wednesday morning Trialer cut his wife's throat almost from ear to ear, and then did the same to himself, being dead when found. His wife is still living, but her death is a question of only a few hours. Supposed insanity.

Charles H. Boyer was arrested at Davenport for making and passing counterfeit money—nickels, dimes, quarters and half dollars. He had been in the business about three weeks and did the work at his own house in a bungling way.

The attorney for Mrs. Alice W. Slayback has filed a civil suit against Col. J. A. Cockrell, managing editor of the Post-Dispatch, for killing her husband, Col. Slayback, a few weeks since.

Burglars ransacked the house of Col. Wm. Harris, Cleveland, taking $12,000 in jewelry and diamonds.

A Denver Republican's Las Vegas, (N. M.) special says: At a Mexican wedding feast last night at Saballo, a small Mexican town near this city, Francisco Natan, a drunken guest, shot and killed two brothers named Ravah. Natan then proceeded to his home where he amused himself in cutting his wife's ears off. Nathan was afterwards arrested, and confined in jail. There is strong talk of lynching him.

News is just received of a terrible tragedy at Montgomery, Minn., on Saturday last. It appears the sheriff of Lesuer county attempted to arrest one Morriaty and was shot by the latter with a revolver, the ball penetrating the shoulder. Morriarty then started to run and the sheriff in pursuit; who called upon a Swede who was chopping wood to strike Morriarty, which the latter did, using the poll of the axe. While the wounded man lay upon the ground, stunned by the blow, the Swede, at the request of the sheriff, used the edge and nearly severed the head from the trunk. No arrests are reported.

On Wednesday night the jail doors at Bastroup, La., were broken down by a body of indignant men and Tom Robinson and Bill Cephas taken out and hanged. Public opinion is in sympathy with the lynchers. Last Saturday a negro named Wesley Andrews endeavored to kill a white man named McDowell, three miles from Bastroup. The negro was captured and is reported lynched.

Henry Timmer, postmaster and general storekeeper at Homewood, one of the suburbs of Chicago, was dangerously and probably fatally shot by burglars. His son captured one of them, named Frank Chase, and brought him to the city. The other escaped. Chase confesses that the intention was to burglarize.

Hong Ah Duck was executed at San Rafael, Cal. The murderer was an inmate of the penitentiary. In October, 1880, he stabbed to death a fellow Chinese convict. The condemned behaved with the utmost nonchalance on the scaffold, bidding those present good bye, and promising in a jocular manner to return. His neck was broken by the fall.

Wm. F. Thompson, of Minneapolis, was arrested, charged with defaulting $30,000 while book-keeper of the lumber firm of Farnham & Love oy. It is likely the amount will prove even larger. He denies the charges, but the firm are confident of conviction.

Eleven convicts at work on the penitentiary, at Little Rock, Arkansas, attacked and disarmed the guard and escaped. They were pursued with bloodhounds but killed three of them, and night coming on pursuit was abandoned.

A desperate attempt to escape from the provincial penitentiary at Stony Mountain, Minn., was made by prisoners Friday. It was a regular conspiracy, led by Garvin, the American recently sentenced to seven years for shooting McDonald in a bar room fight. Garvin came behind the guard, knocked him senseless, took his revolver and keys and called on the other prisoners to follow. Warden Bedson came in the other end of the corridor. Garvin fired five shots at him. All missed. Bedson grasped Garvin, threw him down and disarmed him, receiving a cut on the arm with a knife the prisoner had concealed. Before the other prisoners came up the guard the guards appeared with rifles and ordered the rebels back. The prisoners sullenly obeyed. All were soon under lock and key.

Nearly all the gamblers arrested in Chicago were released, being fined five dollars and costs. A few took a change of venue.

Two guards killed each other at the convict farm, Memphis, Tenn., Thursday night during a quarrel.

WASHINGTON.

A Standing Rock special says the Sioux commissioners after four councils with the Indians, Thursday afternoon secured signatures of the required agreement settling the boundary of the reservation. Each man, woman and child gets a cow. Aid will be given in building houses and farming. Mechanics will be furnished free for ten years, and the government maintains schools for twenty years. The annuities continue till they become self-supporting. A similar agreement was made with the Indians at Pine Ridge, Rosebud and Santee agencies, and an immense acreage will thus be thrown open to the whites.

The house select committee on civil service reform met and decided to bring in a new bill on Tuesday next. It will probably include provisions for probationary appointment of clerks in the civil service and a fixed term of office for six years, with prohibition of removal except for cause, and after allowing the clerk an opportunity to be heard before a special tribunal.

The citizens' committee to secure greater protection against burglars and sneak thieves have been furnished with valuable clues by the noted three card monte men, Cleary and Murphy, now in the district jail, and a private detective has been employed to verify them. If the detective succeeds the committee will make presentment to the grand jury and make public the system of dividing spoils between professional thieves and certain members of the police.

The ways and means committee has unanimously adopted a resolution to proceed at once to consideration of the tariff commissions' report and to frame a tariff bill. The clerk of the committee was directed to prepare schedules of rates now existing and those proposed by members of the commission.

SUGAR MEN COMING TO THE FRONT.

Sugar importer and refiners of the country who are bitterly opposed to the recommendation of the tariff commission with regard to the duty on sugar, are assembling here for the purpose of persuading congress not to adopt that recommendation. They say that while a nominal reduction of from 10 to 12 per cent. is recommended, a nominal reduction is in fact proposed, and that to adopt the recommendation of the commission would be to make the law more complicated and oppressive than now in its relation to the sugar interests.

THE POSTOFFICE APPROPRIATION BILL

Which will be reported from the subcommitte to the full committee provides as follows for principal items of expenditure: For inland mail transportation, $12,000,000; transportation by star routes, $5,500,000; railway postal clerks, $3,977,000; railway postal cars, $1,600,000; letter carriers, $3,600,000; postmasters, $10,000,000; inland transportation of foreign mail, $350,000. The above with items not numerated make a total of about $42,000,000. The most important change is the reduction of letter postage from three to two cents. Another notable change is omission of the amounts asked for special facilities, $600,000. This means abandonment of the fast mail service. The bill will be reported to the house Monday.

A communication was laid before the senate from the secretary of war transmitting estimates for the improvement of the Mississippi river, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, aggregating $4,574,000. This sum is proposed to be expended in narrowing of the channel and protecting the caving of banks on six reaches below Cairo, as follows: New Madrid reach, 40 miles; Plum Point reach, 30 miles; Memphis reach, 16 miles; Helena reach, 30 miles; Choctaw Bend reach, 35 miles; Lake Providence reach, 30 miles, and for improving harbors at Vicksburg, Natchez and Orleans. An executive communication was read and referred containing estimates based on special survey for improvement of Calumet river, in Illinois, from its mouth to Calumet lake. An appropriation of $35,000 is recommended.

Counsel for the government in the star route cases express delight at the prospect of the defendants going upon the witness stand, as promised by ex-Senator Dorsey in his last affidavit asking for continuance. They seem to entertain no doubt they will secure their point regarding equality of challenge, and expect to get a jury Monday and proceed to immediate business.

FOREIGN.

AUSTRALIA.

MELBOURNE, Dec. 4.—By a railway accident near Hobson Bay some person was killed and fifty injured.

RUSSIA.

The czar has assumed the title of Lord of Turkestan.

EGYPT.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—Since his sentence of banishment, Arabi Pasha writes that he would prefer to live in Damascus, or if that is impossible, in London. He expresses contentment with his lot, because he knows his misfortunes have been the means of securing for the country he loves the liberty and prosperity it deserves. He feels confident that when England carries out her good work she will permit his return. She will soon learn that he was no rebel when he set himself at the head of the people who wanted nothing but justice.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Dec. 5.—The parliamentary situation and Egyptian questions were subjects of discussion in an interview yesterday of Bismarck with the emperor. The emperor expressed satisfaction with Bismarck's policy. DeGiers, Russian foreign minister, will make another visit to Varzin.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Dec. 5.—The grand jury indicted three men charged with assassination of Detectives Cox and Lawson.

CHINA.

HONG KONG, Dec. 6.—Violent storms in China since October 20th. The greatest damage was on the island of Luzons. Several villages were destroyed. Manila and suburbs are partial ruins. Twelve to twenty or more ships aground.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—Herr Von Flotow, opera composer, has become blind.

Anthony Trollope's death is imminent. His lungs are congested.

LATER—Anthony Trollope is dead.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—The loss by floods, in Rhinish districts, amounts to millions of marks. The damage to the town of Danesburg alone amounts to a million marks. Fifty houses near Mayence were swept away.

The king of Bavaria has given 40,000 marks to assist the people destitute by floods.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Dec. 6.—The number of agrarian outrages in Ireland during November was eighty nine. This contrasts favorably with the previous list.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—Telegrams from various parts of the United Kingdom report a snow storm of unusual severity. Railway traffic in many districts is almost if not wholly suspended. A train was snowed up all last night at Cheshire. The passengers suffered acutely. Telegraphic communication between Glasgow and London is broken. Elsewhere messages are greatly delayed. There are many wrecks on the coast. At Oleham and the neighboring ports of Lancashire the storm has not been equalled in thirty years. The losses were heavy in many places.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, Dec. 7.—Mahomed Same, Abellan Pasha, Ali Feahny and Toulba Pasha were arraigned this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge of rebellion. They will be sentenced this afternoon.

The prisoners were sentenced to death, but the sentence was commuted to exile for life. It is rumored that Europeans will attempt to lynch the prisoners.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Dec. 7.—Agenor Bardaux, H. Jeat and Jules Clamageran, were elected senators.

The government has asked chambers for one million francs for relief of sufferers by the flood.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Dec. 7.—The extensive emigration from the mountain districts of Hungary to America has caused the Hungarian government to request Austria to stop emigrants not provided with passports.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—The report on the execution of the socialist law was presented to reichstag yesterday. It concludes as follows: Conviction irresistible is forced on on the government that repressive measures must be continued.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, December 8.—The Times says it has reason to believe that soon after Christmas Derby will be invited to join the cabinet. Childers, now was secretary, will become chancellor of the exchequer, and Dilke, under foreign secretary, will enter the cabinet. He says these changes may be the precursors of even more important ones. Possibly before the close of the next session of parliament Gladstone may consider himself entitled to retire, and in such a contingency there is little doubt but that Hartington will become prime minister. The funeral of the Archbishop of Canterbury took place at Addington. Represent atives of the queen and Prince of Wales were present. The Duke of Connaught attended in person.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, December 8.—The chambers of commerce of seaports of Germany protested against the exclusion of American pork. The government, however, will persevere in its determination to prohibit its importation.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, December 8.—Ceylon is the place selected for the rebel prison ers. Thirty slaves of both sexes were emancipated and prisoners released at Tantah.

ENGLAND.

The fire at London Thursday and Friday, was one of the most tremendous on record. It is estimated that $15,000,000 would no more than pay the damages. The heaviest losses among the insurance companies are the North British and Mercantile, £80,000; commercial Union, £50,000; Phœnix, £45,000; Union, £45,000, and Royal Exchange, £42,000.

SPAIN.

MADRID, December 9.—The red book contains a note in which Spain demands that the United States should not have the right of exclusive intervention in connection with the Panama canal.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—The government has decided to ask the chamber for a grant of nine million francs for an expedition to Tonquin.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 9.—The prefect has ordered the police to expel all Jews residing within the city without official permission.

"Without any Beard."

London Temple Bar has this: "The king of Spain sent an ambassador to the pope—a young man of high extraction—with a special mission. The pope, informed that a special envoy of the king of Spain demanded an audience, imagined that he would receive an aged minister, covered with stars and venerable with white hairs, etc. Instead of which in walked, with light, elastic steps, quite a young man. Haughty and irritable, the pope looked at him, and at last said: 'Are all the old diplomatists in Spain dead, that the king sends us a young boy without even a beard?' (Un jeune homme imberbe?) 'Holy Father,' said the indignant Spaniard, 'if the king, my master, had thought that honor consists in a beard, he would have sent you a goat, and not a nobleman like myself.'"

To which the Cincinnati Commercial:

"This anecdote reminds us of an incident in the history of early Methodism in Northern Ohio. A preacher had been appointed to a new circuit, and wore on his first round a fashionable broadcloth frock coat, which his tailor had innocently provided for him. This became a source of grievance to the homespun laity, and it was finally resolved to make it a matter of discipline. So at first quarterly conference charges were prepared in due form, and the offending minister notified to be present and make answer. Entering the room where the presiding elder and lesser magnates were assembled, the preacher stripped off his coat, hung it on the back of a chair, and pointing to it said: 'Since it is the coat that offends, try it. Could I preach any sounder gospel in robes or cossack?' It seems to me it is not the manner of the coat, but the manner of the man in the coat that should be considered.' And there the trial ended."

LONE JACK, Mo., Sept. 14, 1879.

I have been using Hop Bitters, and have received great benefit from them for liver complaints and malarial fever. They are superior to all other medicines.

P. M. BARNES.

Two Somersaults in a Car.

Atlanta Constitution.

"We stopped rather suddenly," said Dr. Raines, "when the two trains met on the track just this side of Rome yesterday. For my part, I went feet foremost under the seat that was just in front of where I was sitting. The most singular thing that I witnessed was done just across the aisle from me. There were two men, sitting one directly behind the other, and in front of them was an unoccupied seat. When the engines struck the man in front turned a complete somersault and lit in the vacant seat just exactly as he sat in the other seat. This other man performed exactly the same feat and lit in the seat lately occupied by his neighbor."

***"He who is ready to buy up his enemies will never want a supply of them." It is cheaper to buy a true friend in Kidney-Wort who will drive away those miserable enemies, a torpid liver, constipation, diabetes, piles, diseased kidneys and bowels. This remedy is now prepared in liquid as well as in dry form.

Continued from 6th page.

of a depot of supplies at Cape Serde. Returning to his post from St. Lawrence bay across the ice in a blinding snow storm he was carried out to sea and lost, notwithstanding all efforts to rescue him.

It appears by the secretary's report that the available naval force of the United States consists of thirty-seven cruisers, fourteen single turretted monitors, built during the rebellion, a large number of smooth bore guns and parrott rifles and eighty seven rifled cannon. The cruising vessels should be gradually replaced by iron or steel ships, the monitors by modern armed vessels, and the armament by high power rifled guns. The reconstruction of our navy, which was recommended in my last message, was begun by congress authorizing in its recent act the construction of two large armoried steel vessels of the character recommended by the late navy advisory board, and subject to the final approval of a new advisory board, to be organized as provided by that act. I call your attention to the recommendation of the secretary of the board, that authority be given to construct two more cruisers of smaller dimensions and one fleet dispatch vessel, and that appropriations be made for high power rifled cannon for the torpedo service and for other harbor defences. Pending the consideration by congress of the policy to be hereafter adopted in conducting the eight large navy yards and their expensive establishments, the secretary advocated the reduction of expenditures therefor to the lowest possible amounts. For the purpose of afford officers and seamen of the navy opportunities to exercise and discipline in their profession under appropriate control and directions, the secretary advises that the lighthouse service and coast survey be transferred, as now organized, from the treasury to the navy department, and he also suggests, for which reasons he assigns, that a similar transfer may wisely be made of cruising revenue-vessels. The secretary forcibly depicts the intimate connection and independence of the navy and commercial marine, and invites attention to the continued decadence of the latter and the corresponding transfer of our growing commerce to foreign nations. This subject is one of the utmost importance to the naval welfare.

The methods of revising American shipbuilding and of restoring the United States flag in the ocean and changing trade should receive the immediate attention of congress. We have mechanical skill and abundant material for the manufacture of modern iron steamships in fair competition with our commercial rivals. Our disadvantage in building ships is the greater cost of labor and in sailing, higher taxes and greater interest on capital, while the ocean highways are already monopolized by our formidable competitors. These obstacles should, in some way, be overcome, and for our rapid communication with foreign lands we should not continue to depend wholly upon vessels built in the yards of other countries and sailing under foreign flags. With no United States steamers on the principal ocean lines, or for any foreign ports, our facilities for extending our commerce are greatly restricted, while the nations which build and sail the ships, and carry the mails and passengers, obtain thereby consciuous advantages in increasing their trade.

POSTAL MATTERS.

The report of the postmaster general gives evidence of the satisfactory condition of that department, and contains many valuable data and accompanying suggestions, which cannot fail to be of interest, for the information it affords that the receipts for the fiscal year have exceeded the expenditures must be very gratifying to congress and to the people of the country. As matters which may fairly claim particular attention, I refer you to his observations in reference to the advisability of changing the present basis of fixing salaries and allowances, of extending the money order system, of enlarging the functions of the postal establishment, so as to be under its control.

At the last session of congress several bills were introduced into the house of representatives for the reduction of letter postage to the rate of two cents per half ounce. I have given much study and reflection to this subject, and am thoroughly persuaded that such a reduction would be for the best interests of the people. It has been the policy of the government from its foundation to defray as far as possible the expenses of carrying the mails by a direct tax in the form of postage. It has never been claimed, however, that this service ought to be productive of a net revenue. As has been stated already, the report of the postmaster general shows that there is now a considerable surplus in this department and that henceforth the receipts are likely to increase at a much greater ratio than the necessary expenditures. Unless some change is made in the existing laws the profits of the postal service will in a very few years swell the revenues of the government many millions of dollars. The time seems auspicious, therefore, for some reduction in the rates of postage. In what shall that reduction consist? A review of the legislation which has been had on this subject during the last thirty years discloses that domestic letters constitute the only class of the mail matter which has never been favored by a substantial reduction of rates. I am convinced that the burden of maintaining the service falls most unequally upon that class, and that more than any other it is entitled to present relief. That such relief may be extended without detriment to other public interests, will be discovered upon reviewing the results of former reductions. Immediately prior to the act of 1845 the postage upon a letter composed of a single sheet was as follows: Conveyed thirty miles or less, 6 cents; between thirty and eighty miles, 10 cents; between eighty and one hundred and fifty miles, 12 and 12½ cents; between one hundred and fifty and four hundred miles, 18¾ cents; over four hundred miles, 25 cents. By the act of 1845 the postage upon a single letter conveyed for any distance under thirty miles was fixed at 5 cents, and for any greater distance at 10 cents. By the act of 1851 it was provided that a single letter, if prepaid, should be carried any distance not exceeding three thousand miles for 3 cents, and any greater distance for 6 cents. It will be noticed that both these reductions were of a radical character, and relatively quite as important as that which is now proposed. In each case there ensued a temporary loss of revenue, but a sudden and large influx of business substantially repaired that loss within three years. Unless the experience of past legislation in this country and elsewhere goes for naught, it may be safely predicted that the stimulus of 50 per cent reduction in the tax for carriage would at once increase the number of letters consigned to the mail. The advantage of secrecy would tend to a very general substitution of sealed packets for posts cards and open circulars, and in diverse other ways the volume of first-class matter would be enormously augmented. Such increase amounted in England in the first year after adoption of the penny postage to more than 125 per cent. As a rule of careful estimate of details, which cannot be here set forth, I have been convinced that the deficiency for the first year after the proposed reduction would not exceed 7 per cent of the expenditures, or three million dollars, while the deficiency after the reduction of 1845 was more than fourteen per cent, and after that of 1851, was twenty-seven per cent. Another interesting comparison is afforded by statistics furnished me by the postoffice department. The act of 1845 was passed in the face of the fact that there existed a deficiency of more than $50,000. That of 1851 was encouraged by the slight surplus of $182,000. The excess of revenue in the next fiscal year is likely to be $3,500,000. If congress should approve these suggestions it may be deemed desirable to supply to some extent the deficiency which must for a time result, by increasing the charge for carrying merchandise, which is now only sixteen cents per pound. But even without such an increase, I am confident that the receipts under diminished rates would equal the expenditures after a lapse of three or four years. The report of

THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

brings anew to your notice the necessity of enlarging the present system of federal jurisprudence so as to effectually answer the requirements of the ever increasing litigation with which it is called upon to deal. The attorney general renews the suggestions of his predecessor, that in the interests of justice better provision than the existing laws afford should be made in certain judicial districts for granting the fees of witnesses and jurors. In my message of December last I referred to pending criminal proceedings growing out of frauds known as the star route service of the postoffice department, and advised you I had enjoined upon the attorney general and associate counsel, to whom the interests of the government were intrusted, the duty of prosecuting with the utmost rigor of the law, all persons who might be found chargeable with those offenses. A trial of one of these cases has since occurred. It occupied for many weeks the attention of the supreme court of this district and was conducted with great zeal and ability. It resulted in the disagreement of the jury, but the cause has again been placed upon the calendar and will shortly be retried. If any guilty persons shall finally escape punishment for their offenses it will not be for lack of diligent and urgent efforts of the prosecution.

BANKRUPT LAW.

I trust that some agreement may be reached that will speedily aid congress, with the concurrence of the executive, to afford the commercial community the benefits of a national bankrupt law.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

The report of the secretary of the interior, with its accompanying documents, presents a full statement of the varied operations of that department. In respect to Indian affairs, nothing has occurred which has changed or seriously modified the views to which I devoted much space in a former communication to congress. I renew the recommendations therein contained as to extending to the Indian the protection of law, allotting land in severalty to such as desire it, and making suitable provision for education of the youth. Such provision as the secretary forcibly maintains will prove unavailing unless it is broad enough to include all those who are able and willing to make use of it. It should not solely relate to intellectual training, but also to instruction in such manual labor and simple and useful arts as can be made practically available. Among other important subjects which are included in the secretary's report, and which will doubtless furnish occasion for congressional action, may be mentioned the neglect of railroad companies, to which large grants of land were made by the acts of 1862 and 1864, to take title thereto and the consequent inequitable exemption from local taxation.

EDUCATIONAL.

A survey of the more material conditions cannot fail to suggest inquiries as to the moral and intellectual progress of the people. The census returns disclose an alarming state of illiteracy in certain portions of the country where the provision for schools is mostly inadequate. It is a momentous question for the decision of congress whether immediate substantial aid should be extended by the general government, for supplementing the efforts of private benificance and of state and territorial legislation in behalf of education.

INTER-STATE COMMERCE.

The regulation of inter-state commerce has already been the subject of your deliberations. One of the incidents of the marvelous extension of the railway system of the country has been the adoption of such measures by the corporations which own or control the roads as has tended to impair the advantages of healthful competition and make hurtful discrimination in the adjustment of freightage. These inequalities have been corrected in several of the states by appropriate legislation, the effect of which is necessarily restricted to the limits of their own territory. So far as such mischiefs affect commerce between the states, or between any one of the states and of a foreign country the subject is of national concern, and congress alone can afford relief.

THE TERRITORIES.

The results which have thus far attended the enforcement of the recent statute for the suppression of polygamy in the territories are reported by the secretary of the interior. It is not probable that any additional legislation in this regard will be deemed desirable until the effect of existing laws shall be more closely observed and studied. I congratulate you that the commissioners under whose supervision those laws have been put in operation are encouraged to believe that the evil at which they are aimed may be suppressed without resort to such radical measures as in some quarters have been thought indispensable for success.

The close relation of the general government to the territories preparing to be great states may well engage your special attention. It is there that the Indian disturbances occur and that polygamy has found room for its growth. I cannot doubt that a careful survey of the territorial question would be of the highest utility. Life and property would be more secure, the outbreaks between Indians and whites would be lessened, the public domain would be more securely guarded, and better progress be made in the instruction of the young.

Alaska is still without any form of civil government. If means were provided for the education of its people and for protection of their lives and property, the immense resources of the region would invite permanent settlements and open new fields for industry and enterprise.

AGRICULTURE.

The report of the commissioner of agriculture presents an account of the labors of that department during the past year and includes information of much interest to the general public. The condition of the forests of the country and the wasteful manner in which their destruction is taking place, give cause for serious apprehension. Their action in protecting the earth's surface and in modifying the extremes of climate and requesting and sustaining the flow of springs and streams is not well understood, and their importance in relation to the growth of the country cannot be safely disregarded. They are fast disappearing before destructive fires and the legitimate requirements of our increasing population, and their total extinction cannot be long delayed unless better methods than now prevail shall be adopted for their protection and cultivation. The attention of congress is invited to the necessity of additional legislation to secure the preservation of the valuable forests still remaining on the public domain, especially in the extreme western states and territories, where the necessity for their preservation is greater than in less mountainous regions, and where the prevailing dryness of the climate renders their restoration, if they are once destroyed, well nigh impossible.

APPOINTMENTS.

The communication which I made to congress at its first session in December last contained a full statement of my sentiments in relation to the principles and rules which ought to govern appointments to the public service. Referring to the various plans which heretofore had been the subject of discussion in the national legislature—plans which in the main were modeled upon the system which obtains in Great Britain, but which lacked certain of the prominent features whereby that system is distinguished—I felt bound to intimate whether they or any of them would afford an adequate remedy for the evils which they aimed to correct. I declared nevertheless that if the proposed measures should prove acceptable to congress they would receive the unhesitating support of the executive. Since the suggestions were submitted for your consideration there has been no legislation upon the subject to which they relate, but there has meanwhile been an increase in public interest on that subject, and the people of the country, apparently without distinction of party, have in various ways and upon frequent occasions given expression to their earnest wish for prompt and definite action. In my judgment such action should no longer be postponed. I may add that my own sense of its pressing importance has been quickened by observation in a practical phase of the matter to which attention has more than once been called by my predecessors. The civil list now comprises about one hundred thousand persons, the larger part of whom must, under the terms of the constitution, be selected by the president, either directly or through his own appointees. In the early years of the administration of the government the personal direction of appointments to the civil service may not have been an irksome task for the executive, but now that the burden has increased fully a hundred fold, it has become greater than he ought to bear, and it necessarily diverts his time and attention from the old per discharge of other duties no less delicate and responsible, and which in the very nature of things cannot be delegated to other hands. In the judgment of not a few who have given study and reflection to this matter, the nation has outgrown the provisions which the constitution has established for the minor offices in the public service, but whatever may be thought of the wisdom or expediency of changing the fundamental law in this regard, it is certain that much relief may be afforded, not only to the president and to the heads of the departments, but to senators and representatives in congress. By discreet legislation they would be protected in a great measure by the bill now pending before the senate, or by any other which should embody its important features, from the pressure of personal importunity and from the labor of examining conflicting claims and pretensions of candidates. I trust that before the close of the present session some decisive action may be taken for correction of the evils which inherit the present methods of appointment, and I assure you of my hearty co-operation in any measures which are likely to conduce to that end. It seems to be generally agreed that whatever their extent and character the one should be definite and the other stable, and that neither should be regulated by a seat in the office of party or fidelity to the fortunes of an individual. It matters little to the people at large what competent person is at the head of this department or of that bureau if they feel assured the removal of one and the accession of another will not involve the retirement of honest and faithful subordinates whose duties are purely administrative and have no legitimate connection with the triumph of any political principles or the success of any political party or faction. It is to this latter class of officers that the senate bill to which I have already referred exclusively applies, while neither that bill nor any other prominent scheme for improving the civil service concerns the higher grade of officials who are appointed by the president and confirmed by the senate. I feel bound to correct a prevalent misapprehension as to the frequency with which the present executive has displaced the incumbent of an office and appointed another in his stead. It has been repeatedly alleged that he has in this particular signally departed from the course which has been pursued under recent administrations of the government. The facts are as follows: The whole numbers of executive appointments during the four years immediately preceding Mr. Garfield's accession was 2,696. Of this number 244, or 9 per cent., involved the removal of previous incumbents. The ratio of removals to the whole number of appointments must be the same during each of those four years. In the first year there were 793 appointments and 74 removals, or 93 per cent. In the second, with 917 appointments, there were 85 removals, or 8⅝ per cent. In the third, with 480 appointments there were 48 removals, or 10 per cent. In the fourth, with 429 appointments, there were 377 removals, or 86 per cent. In the four months of President Garfield's administration there were 390 appointments and 59 removals, or 22 per cent., precisely the same number of removals as has taken place in the fourteen months which have since elapsed, but they constitute only seven-eighth per cent. of the whole number of appointments, one and one-eighth within that period, and less than two-sixths of the entire list of officials (3,459), exclusive of the army and navy, which is filled by presidential appointment.

PUBLIC ASSESSMENTS.

I declare my approval of such legislation as may be found necessary for supplanting the existing provisions of law in relation to political assessments. In July last I authorized public announcement that the employes of the government should regard themselves at liberty to exercise their pleasure in making or helping to make political contributions, or refusing to make contributions, and that their action in that regard would in no manner affect their official status. In this announcement I acted on the view which I had always maintained, and still maintain, that public officers should be absolutely free to give or withhold a contribution for the aid of the political party of his choice. It has, however, been urged, and doubtless not without foundation, that by solicitation of superiors, and by other modes, such contributions have at times been obtained from persons whose only motive for giving has been fear of what might befall them if they refused. It goes without saying that such contributions are not voluntary. In my judgment their collection should be prohibited by law. A bill which will effectually suppress them will receive my cordial approval.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

I hope that however numerous and urgent may be the demands on your attention the interests of this district will not be forgotten. The denial to its residents of the great right of suffrage in relation to national, state and municipal action, imposes on congress the duty of affording the best administration which its wisdom can devise. The report of the district commissioners indicates certain measures whose adoption would seem to be very desirable. Instance is particular those which relate to arrears of tax, to assessments and to assessment of real property.

THE PRESIDENTIAL QUESTION.

Among the questions which have been the topic of recent debate in the halls of congress none are of greater gravity than those relating to the ascertainment of the vote for presidential electors and the intendment of the constitution in its provisions for devolving executive functions upon the vice-president when the president suffers from inability to discharge the powers and duties of his office. I trust that no embarrassment may result from a failure to determine these questions before another national election.

THE CLOSING YEAR

has been replete with blessings for which we owe to the Giver of all good our reverent acknowledgment; for the uninterrupted harmony of our foreign relations; for the death of sectional animosities; for the abundance of our harvests and the triumphs of our mining and manufacturing interests; for the prevalence of health; for the spread of intelligence and the conservation of the public interest; for the growth of the country in all elements of national greatness. For all these and countless other blessings we should rejoice and be glad. I trust that under the inspiration of this great prosperity our counsels may be harmonious and that the dictates of prudence, patriotism, justice and economy may be the adoption of measures in which the congress and the executive may heartily unite.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

Washington, D. C., December 4.

Dangers of Upper Berths.

Memphis Weekly.

While sitting in the smoking room of a palace car, conversing with an acquaintance of mine from Brooklyn, the conductor dropped in and commenced an easy chat.

"Being a railroad man," he said, "it may be foolish in me to speak of it, but did you ever notice anything particularly dangerous about the upper berths in a Pullman sleeper?"

"No," I exclaimed, "and yet I have slept in them frequently; what do you mean?"

"Come here and I will explain," was the reply, and leading the way into the car he let down one of the upper berths, and, putting aside the mattrass, displayed its inner workings.

"Now, to look at it," he said, "you would imagine this heavy bottom weighed fully a hundred pounds; yet so nicely is it balanced, the slightest pressure lifts it up into its place. Give a mere push, and it goes up as light as a feather. This is done by means of the strong coiled springs inside which rolls up the supporting berth chains. The woodwork fits so closely that when shut the whole appears as one solid part of the car. The cracks are not even visible. If a man were to be shut up in one of these places it, would be an air-tight tomb, and he would die of suffocation.

"But is it possible to be shut in one of them?" I exclaimed a shudder passing through me at the idea.

"Certainly," replied the conductor, grimly. "This lock, as you see, shuts with a spring. Push up the berth ever so gently, and the lock fastens automatically, with an almost imperceptible click. The lock is on the outside, and it would be utterly impossible to open it from within. Let the berth shut on a man, and he will be smothered to death in less than ten minutes—would be flattened out and jammed between the berth and the roof of the car, gasping for breath."

"Is there nothing to prevent these berths from flying up?"

"They make only a pretense of it. This small wire cable is fastened to the berth floor and the lower end fitted by slats into the birth below. But a little jolting is enough to jerk these out of place, and then the slightest tipping of the car will send the berth flying up into its place, imprisoning the unconscious sleeper in the twinkling of an eye."

The conductor's story was very hair-raising, and we all looked around at each other uneasily.

"If this thing is so dangerous, why don't we hear of some accidents?" I asked.

"You would hear of them if you looked in the right place. A case occurred not long ago, though fortunately not a fatal one. The car somehow jumped the rail, and the jolt caused one of the upper berths, whose wire fastening had come loose, to fly up in its place. A young man was sleeping in the berth, and, as it happened, had his arm hanging over the side. The arm was pretty badly mashed, but it saved his life, for it kept the berth from entirely closing and gave him air until we came to his relief. It is becoming difficult now to sell upper berths."

Despised

By the unthinking, Burdock has been considered a weed, and its luxuriant growth, unpleasant smell, etc., has rendered it to those "not knowing its virtue," a nuisance, and yet the root has long been acknowledged by savants as most invaluable as a diuretic, aperient and blood purifier. Burdock Blood Bitters embody all its good qualities. Price $1.

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As a rule, the men who have been driven crazy by misfortune did not have far to go.

Out of the warp and woof of life can be woven a noble and useful life, as any life must be which is a psalm of cheerful labor and obedience to one grand note.

Mr. D. L. Moody, the evangelist, is seriously ill at Cambridge, England. He has overworked himself, and is suffering from nervous prostration.

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WOMAN'S COLUMN.

Conducted by the WOMANS' CLUB of TABLE ROCK.

Mrs. Mary E. Howe, Editor.

The Table Rock Woman's Club met at the residence of Mrs. Peck, Dec. 9, 1882; very few members present.

Meeting opened with reading of scriptures and prayer by Chaplain. The Secretary being absent, Mrs. Richardson was appointed Secretary pro tem.

Subject for discussion, "What books shall we read?" was opened by a few remarks from Mrs. Fellers, followed by the other members.

Mrs. Marble read a splendid essay on the subject.

Recess; after which several ladies made suggestions about the celebration of the Club's anniversary, which question was laid over until the next meeting.

Mrs. Slayton gave us a select reading "Pledge with Wine," which was very entertaining; Mrs. Richardson also read a poem, "Love Lightens Labor." Mrs. Merwin read "A Wife's Story."

Roll call. Motion made that Mrs. Wood produce her essay, entitled "Life," and read at some future meeting; carried. Motion made that Mrs. Slayton send her essay in for publication; carried. Report of Executive Committee. Programme for next meeting: Subject for discussion "Our Anniversary." Essays, Mrs. Merwin, Mrs. Hough, Mrs. Slayton; Select Reading, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Fellers, Mrs. Peck. Adjourned, to meet at Mrs. Richardson's on Saturday, Dec. 23rd, at half past two o'clock.

Mrs. J. N. Richardson, Sec'y.

LOVE LIGHTENS LABOR.

A good wife rose from her bed one morn,
And thought with a nervous dread
Of the piles of clothes to be washed, and more
Than a dozen mouths to be fed.
There's the meals to get for the men in the field,
And the children to fix away
To school, and the milk to be skimmed and churned;
And all to be done this day.

It had rained in the night, and all the wood
Was wet as it could be;
There were puddings and pies to bake, besides
A loaf of cake for tea.
And the day was hot, and her aching head
Throbbed wearily as she said,
"If men folks but knew what good wives know,
They would not be in haste to wed."

"Jamie, what do you think I told Ben Brown?"
Called the farmer from the well.
And a flush crept up to his bronzed brow,
And his eyes half hushfully fell;
"It was this," he said, and coming near
He softly, and stooping down,
Kissed the cheek—'twas fine, that tow'ard her
Was the rougher one—
And "the maker's wife to town."

The farmer went back to the field, and the wife
In a smiling, absent way,
Sang snatches of tender little songs
That'd not sunk for many a day;
And the pain in her head was gone, and the clothes,
Were white as the foam of the sea;
Her bread was light, and her butter was sweet
And as golden as it could be.

"Just think," the children all cried in a breath,
"Tom Wood has run off to sea!
He said so, I know, if he'd only had
As happy a home as we."
The night came down, and the good wife smiled
To herself, as she softly said,
"'Tis so sweet to labor for those we love,
It's not strange that Mamie wins wins."

AXON.

An essay read before the Woman's Club, by Mrs. M. H. Marble.

"A house that has a library in it has a soul"—Plato.

What books shall we read, appears to be a question of more than ordinary interest to the members of this club. But a few weeks ago, the subject was duly discussed, and now we are again called upon to give it our attention. It is of the utmost importance that we look well to what books and papers fall into the hands of our children. While I do not condemn light literature—or more plainly—novels, it is best to entirely discard the class commonly known as "yellow covered." Still worse is the reading of a certain class of papers, which all the atrocious murders, and crimes of any description are given in detail for young boys to read. It is certainly the duty of parents, to furnish reading for their children. I know families who have every thing comfortable around them; houses well furnished, plenty to eat and wear, and yet entirely destitute of books or papers. How can children be expected to cultivate a taste for reading, under such circumstances; and what are they going to do with their leisure hours. An old gentleman once remarked to me that he considered it as much a day to furnish reading matter for his family, as food for the table; and when we view the matter in its proper light is it not quite as important? I know mothers who spend more than half their time preparing dainties for the table, who never have time to read, or even tell a story to the little ones. How much better it seems to me, to prepare plain wholesome food, and thus gain a little leisure for reading, and a little less cutting and tucking of the garments they wear, would be another means of securing time to spend in this way. If it were possible every mother should have the evening to spend with her family in reading, and discussing WHAT they read; and right here it may be proper to remark, that if the stockings and mittens must be mended, and there is no other time to do it, one member of the family might read aloud; the father, if there are no children old enough, thus forming a useful habit, and cultivating an obliging disposition at the same time. There is nothing makes one feel as well, as to know they are giving pleasure to others.

We read to gather thought. What an influence for good some books we remember have had in influencing us. We rise from their perusal, feeling with the poet, that

"Daily life and duty seem
No longer poor and common."

Life is a duty. It is our privilege to find all the beauty we can as we pass along, and we who are cut off from the outside world, and debarred from the privilege of listening to our lecturers and teachers, have at least the consolation of reading what they say, although we can not feel the enthusiasm their physical presence inspires. Then let us gladly accept these helps.

What books shall we read? Many of us will be governed by circumstances. Now that we have the certainty of a Public Library, we can consult our tastes in the selections, and we who have not leisure to peruse written works, may find beauty in nature.

"Tongues in trees, books in running brooks,
Sermons in stones, and good in every thing."

Quarterly Statement of Department and Scholarship in School District No. 33, Dec. 8, 1882.

	Deportm't.	Sch'ship.
Viola Coard	100	100
Helen Fisher	100	95
Lulu Cooper	"	97
Eugenia Linn	"	100
May Barnett	"	"
Frank Norris	"	75
Jesse Fisher	"	76
Albert Purcell	"	95
Charles Wood	"	96
Patrick Ryan	"	98
Ezra Linn	"	93
Frank Purcell	"	80
George Pattison	"	95
Willie Bousfield	"	90
Anna Randall	"	100
Cora Hershey	"	90
George Stover	"	100
Charles Randall	"	97
Clara Smith	"	95
Belle Parrish	"	100
Zina Hershey	"	95
Minnie Jennings	"	90
Hattie Bates	"	75
Julius Conklin	"	100
Cora Wemple	"	70
Frankie Tait	"	90
Lizzie Freeman	"	97
Libbie Layman	"	85
Bertha Hershey	"	95
Emma Pattison	"	80
Ethel Dare	"	75
Effie Bacorn	"	95
Cora Layman	"	90
Bertie Jennings	"	75
Emma Moe	"	95
Mabel Murphey	"	85
Della Purcell	"	"
Alice Pattison	"	100
Sue Norris	"	"
John Pattison	"	90
Allie Edwards	"	85
Lizzie Purcell	"	98
Mary Harrison	"	95
Jean Wakefield	"	95
Thomas Harrison	"	95
James Smith	"	80
L. E. Cooper	95	90
John Bridges	100	70
Willie Hough	99	85
Feely Freeman	100	75
Claud Linn	"	80
James McBride	"	80
Elmer Moe	"	70
Charles Harrison	"	85
Fletcher Merwin	"	95
Edwin Becker	"	100
May Becker	"	"
Elisha Stover	"	85
Anna Bocock	"	95
Emma Bocock	"	97
Julia Downs	"	90
Matilda Swayze	"	80
Emma Wilcox	"	97
Hansen Peck	"	100
Burt Grey	"	75
Willie Ryan	"	80
Patrick McBride	"	100
Johnny Goodridge	"	80
Lonnie Barnett	"	87
Oliver Barnett	"	75
Andrew Ball	"	80
Charles Purcell	"	95
Fred Fulton	95	95
Ralph Fisher	"	85
Lidie Fisher	90	90
Lone Fiher	"	"
Clarence Grey	100	"
Herman Mayo	"	90

S. A. HOOVER, BELLE PATTISON, Teachers.

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FOR CASH,

For the next Thirty Days.

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REAL ESTATE AGENT.

M. H. MARBLE,

REAL ESTATE, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENT,

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at LOW RATES, on REAL ESTATE SECURITY

DESCRIPTION OF LANDS FOR SALE.

No. 1. 320 acres land, hedged in 40 acre lots, 40 acres broke; timber and water; half mile from Table Rock. Price $6,400. $1,000 down, balance payments at 8 per cent.

No. 9. 160 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 3 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements. Price $2,400.

No. 18. 140 acres 1 m from town, good brick house, quite an amount of bottom land, timber, water, pasture fenced. $2,300. Time on a portion.

No. 19. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock, 35 acres broke. Price $1,050.

No. 22. 108 acres, nearly all under plow, and bottom land; house, timber and water; adjoining town of Table Rock. Price $3,100. Terms made known on application.

No. 26. One of the finest of stock farms of 320 acres, 4 miles from town; timber and water good buildings of all kinds. $27 per acre. Terms made known on application.

No. 31. A fine quarter, with good improvements, in the finest part of the county, mostly hedged; living water; 4 1-2 m from Pawnee City, 4 1-2 from Table Rock. $20 per acre. Time on a portion.

No. 37. 120 acres rough land one and a half miles from Table Rock; easy terms. $1,050.

No. 39. 160 acres, 1 mile from Table Rock Depot, some rough, $10 per acre; one-half cash, balance payments.

No. 41. 80 acres under plow, 1-m from Table Rock. $1,800.

No. 45. 20 acres timber land two miles from Table Rock; $300, half cash, balance 1 year.

No. 50. 320 acres 1 mile from Burchard, 25 acres broke; $12.50 per acre; one-eighth cash; balance easy terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 51. 160 acres well improved, good buildings; two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City; $3,000; $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 55. 80 acres; stone house; 60 acres broke; two and one-half miles from Table Rock; $1,050.

No. 56. 160 acres; house with basement 16x24, addition 12x12; well-improved, orchard; most of bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 3 miles from Elk. Price, $3,500. $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 60. 152 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $15 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 32. 240 acres, good house, 120 acres under plow, some hedge, small orchard, pasture fenced, well watered, everything convenient, 6 m from Table Rock; 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $4,000, easy terms.

No. 82. 80 acres, with wood lot, 3 m from Table Rock; house and considerable improvements $1,000 cash.

No. 85. 160 acre stock farm two and one-half m from Table Rock; everything convenient, $2,500; half cash, balance payments.

Read the list carefully, as it will be frequently changed.

Always refer to the number of the and as given.

Office southwest of the Public Square. Come and see me, or write to me.

M. H. MARBLE,
Real Estate Agent, Table Rock, Neb.

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LUMBER!

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We keep constantly on hand,
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LIME, CEMENT, DOORS,
SASH, BLINDS, BUILDING PAPER, POSTS,
And such other commodities as belong to the trade. Estimates made on application.

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Call on me, and select from my large and diversified stock of
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
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BEST GRADES OF FLOUR
On hand at all times. I can make it of interest to you to purchase of me.

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The Pioneer Stock and Grain Buyers of Pawnee County.

OPERATE AT TABLE ROCK, HUMBOLDT, AND AUBURN

We pay at all times the highest market price for
STOCK AND GRAIN,
And keep constantly on hand a large stock of
HARD AND SOFT COAL.
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Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run Stage to and from Pawnee City, connecting with All Trains.

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CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

ALL GRADES OF FLOUR, CORN MEAL, ETC., ALWAYS ON HAND, and sold

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1883

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME 1. TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1883. NUMBER 34.

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Attorney-at-Law,

PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.

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Abstracts Furnished.

Business for Nonresidents Carefully attended to.

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Warm meals served at all hours.

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When you want an easy shave,
As good as ever barber gave,
Just call on me, at my room,
At morning, eve, or busy noon,
I'll cut and curl the hair with grace,
To suit the contour of the face,
My room is neat, towels clean,
Razors sharp and scissors keen,
And everything I think you'll find
To suit the taste and please the mind;
And all my art and skill can do,
If you will call, I will do for you.

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Invite the patronage of business men and the people of Pawnee County generally. We

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The magazine is now in its 13th year, and is a wonder for its price, $1 a year. It is handsomely illustrated, has original stories, poems, illustrated fashions, and useful reading. For ten cents a sample copy of the St. Louis Magazine and a beautiful set of private cards (not advertising cards) sent to any address. St. Louis Magazine, 213 N. Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.

We will send the St. Louis Magazine and this paper one year for $2. Address, The Argus, Table Rock, Nebraska.

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TIME OF CLOSING MAILS.

Going north on B. & M.	8:45 a m
Going south on B. & M.	4:15 p m
Going west, on R. V. Div.	11:00 a m
Table Rock to Pawnee City	9:15 a m
For Kansas City & the East	12:15 p m
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues & Fri.	7.00 a m

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

From the south	9:08 a m
From the north	5:00 p m
From the west	9:00 a m
From Pawnee City	4:30 p m
From Kansas City	2:30 p m
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat.	5:00 p m

WILL L. SCISM, P. M.

B. & M. TIME CARD.

Exp	Pass	MLS	STATIONS	Pass.	Exp
A. M.	A. M.		Southern Division.	P. M.	P. M.
11:20	5:20	0.0	Lv Atch Ar	9:00	3:50
	5:48	12.1	Bronner	8:32	
	6:00	15.8	Troy Junct.	8:22	
	6:17	21.9	Fanning	8:05	
	6:22	24.1	Highland	7:58	
	6:31	27.7	Highland Sid	7:45	
	6:35	30.3	Iowa Point	7:42	
	6:45	34.9	White Cloud	7:30	
	6:59	39.0	Gibraltar	7:16	
	7:15	43.7	Rulo Y	7:03	
P. M.	7:25	46.1	Preston	6:50	
1:05	7:40				
	8:00	53.6	Ar Falls City Lv	6:35	
	8:15		Lv	Ar 6:15	1:25
	8:14	60.0	Salem	5:58	
	8:30	67.3	Dawsons	5:39	
	8:48	74.1	Humboldt	5:22	
P. M.					A. M.
2:30	9:10	82.5	Table Rock	5:00	12:30
	9:32	90.5	Elk Creek	4:40	
	9:50	97.1	Tecumseh	4:23	
	10:08	104.1	Smartville	4:03	
	10:25	109.7	Sterling	3:51	
	10:40	116.7	Adams	3:32	
	11:00	124.0	Firth	3:13	
	11:15	130.9	Hickman	2:56	
	11:24	134.0	Roca	2:48	
	11:31	137.1	Saltillo	2:40	
	11:45	142.9	State Prison	2:28	
	11:55	145.7	Ar Lincoln Lv	2:20	

Denver Exp — Kansas City Exp

TOWN LOTS

FOR SALE,

CHEAP,

In Peck's Addition

to

TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS, CHEAP.

FOR CASH,

For the next Thirty Days.

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REAL ESTATE AGENT.

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DRY GOODS AND

GROCERY STORE,

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,

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I keep the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries, and will not be undersold;

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And every annual prepaid subscriber receives a Premium. Third Annual Premium Distribution

MARCH 30, 1883.

No postponement for any reason whatsoever.

Having adopted the plan of striking all delinquent names from our subscription lists immediately after each annual distribution, we offer the greatest possible inducements to subscribers to pay up back subscription, and renew the same in advance, for the largest and best weekly paper in the west. This paper is republican in politics, and discusses all political questions without being offensive to its political opponents. It is owned by men who are devoted to the best interests of the State, and to the farming, industrial and producing classes. It is not controlled in any way by any railroad or other corporation, and it can be depended upon to treat all questions that affect these classes in the fairest possible manner to all concerned.

We offer the grandest premium list ever placed before the people of Nebraska and the West. We ask a careful and fair comparison of our list of premiums with any other published, knowing that the popular verdict will be that in the number of articles, and in the variety of the same, Our list of Farm Machinery absolutely eclipses any premium list now or heretofore published by this or any other paper.

We ask a careful comparison of size, amount of reading matter, and annual subscription price with any other western weekly paper. The Weekly Republican is a 12-page, 72-column paper and contains more reading matter every week than any weekly paper west of Chicago. It is only 1.50 per year, and every subscriber receives a premium, varying in value from $50 down.

The four leading premiums are:

A "Pride of the West" Separator or a "Victory" Vibrator, and a "Reliance" horse power, for ten horses, furnished by the McDonald Threshing Machine Co., Fond du Lac, Wis. Value, $650.

A Kriebel Portable Engine (four horse power), and a No. 4 American Grinding Mill, furnished by C. B. Rice & Co., Chicago, Ill. Value, $500.

A Dennett Harvester and Twine Binder, known for the past seven years as the "Beloit", furnished by the Dennett Harvesting Machine Co., Milwaukee, Wis. Value, $300.

A Gem Tabor organ, furnished by the Tabor Organ Co., Worcester, Mass. Value $300.

$1.50.

per year, and every annual prepaid subscriber receives a premium.

Send for sample copies, and illustrated premium list, which will be mailed free to all who write for them.

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by a talented author, besides at least one completed story in each number, and an ably conducted AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, are among recent improvements.

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THE ARGUS

AND

THE OMAHA WEEKLY REPUBLICAN

Will be sent one year for $3.00, and every subscriber who pays a year in advance will receive one of the premiums in THE REPUBLICAN'S $35,000 premium list. Subscriptions must be sent through the office of this paper.

The Story of the Generous Jew.

Moses Limberger runs a large clothing store on Broadway, and Moses Limberger has been passing his vacation at Cape May. Moses is much attached to the sport of fishing, and was want to set sail every day in a small boat under the guidance of a certain fisherman known as "Tom." Tom was excessively attentive, and as all payments for boat hire, bait, etc., were made through the hotel authorities, he hoped against hope for a "remembrance" from Moses before the latter returned to New York. Much to his surprise, the day before the worthy Hebrew left he came down to the beach arrayed in a pair of much stained larender unmentionables, a rather ragged sack coat and vest, and a sunburnt straw hat, and thus addressed the modest fisherman: "Tom you hat been kervile useful to me, und as I shall der negst year return here, I vish to revard you." "Thank ye, sir," said Tom. "You see dish goat und vest! Dat goat und vest gost you eight dollrs and a ker vater in my shtore! You see dose bants? Dose bants you gould not puy for less than a ten dollar node! You see dat hat? Dat hat gost me from sity goot [illegible] Levi Levison dree dollars and a half. Vell, I dells [illegible] to me peen of grea[illegible] I make you a revard [illegible] whole shuit." "I'm [illegible] I'm sure, sir," said Tom [illegible] I tell you," [illegible] dem to you [illegible] sinking his voice, he added, "For seven dollrs und a ker vater!" —The Judge.

Don't Burn The Straw.

Nebraska Farmer.

A great many people imagine they can afford to burn thin straw, and corn stalks. They were never more mistaken in their lives, and they will only have to live a few short years to find it out. The chaff of the straw stack is worth more pound for pound, than the best hay. It is more palatable to stock, is more easil digested, and is richer as animal food. We know of men that claim to be Christians, that burn their straw and bed their stock in the mud, or on the frozen ground without a wind-break or a shelter to protect them. We always feel like getting right up in meeting and reading them that passage of scripture that describes the man getting his ass out of the mire on Sunday. But the great waste we had in mind when we commenced writing was of the much it would afford. We would like every reader of the Farmer that practices burning his straw, to cut this prophecy out and stick it up in some conspicuous place to be read a few years hence, when their soil refuses to yield a bountiful crop.

The fact that farmers of the north and west are withholding their wheat crop from the market for higher prices is a proof of their growing and substantial wealth. The new settler, as a rule, begins his life in his new home with little capital, often with land not wholy paid for. If he can live the first year without running into debt, he is an exception to the general experience. He is under the necessity of investing in agricultural appliances and he and his family have usually for years to do all the work. When, therefore, he is not crowded to pay interest on his store bills, but can take his own time to dispose of his products, he is independent. Such appears to be the condition of a majority of the western farmers.

Bread-Fruit Tree.—We are astonished when sailors tell us that the Islander of Otaheite actually prepare bread, by simply placing upon a gridiron slices of large fruit which grows in their island, and that these, when they are taken from the gridiron, have precisely the taste of the bread made by our bakers. This is easily explained. The fruit of the bread-fruit tree, for it is so called, which reaches an enormous size, generally weighing more than a kilogramme—about two pounds three ounces—and sometimes four or five, is crammed with feluca, and owing to this, only requires to be sliced and exposed to heat in order to be transformed into genuine warm bread.—Ex.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

HARRISON & JONES, Publishers.

TABLE ROCK, [illegible] NEB

NEBRASKA ITEMS.

The Franklin Academy library has just received a fine cyclopedia. The library now has some five or six hundred volumes, and is rapidly growing. Perhaps no school in the state has so large a library considering its age, says the Echo.

Blair has 600 school children enrolled, an increase of 130 over last year.

Adams County Democrat: M. T. Kyte, who lives but a few miles from this city, is sixty-five years old. About two weeks ago in one day he husked and cribbed ninety bushels of corn. There is not another man in the state of his age who can do the same work.

At a G. A. R. congress, held at Kearney, Rev. Crissman was voted a chair, his competitor being Bob Ingersoll.

John Flynn, for being drunk and brandishing a large knife, and other dangerous gesticulations, was asked to contribute $8 75 to the Tecumseh school fund, which he did, and left town happy.

Blair Republican: The first Campbellite or Christian church in the county is soon to be erected at Kennard. The dimensions will be 28x44 and 12 feet posts. Taylor Brunton was collecting the amounts subscribed, which now aggregate $900, and the work will be pushed rapidly.

Dave Cleaver, of Washington county, cleared out the other day, leaving debts to the amount of several thousand dollars.

A subscription is reported of $1,000 for the new ladies' hall at Doane college. The building cannot come any too soon to meet the wants of the institution, says the Crete correspondent of the Lincoln Journal.

An old, childless couple, Thomas Thompson and wife, living near Ulysses, some years ago adopted a boy and girl from different families. When the children grew up they became criminally intimate, and the girl lately became enciente. When exposure was made it was suggested that they marry. The old lady grew greatly excited over the unfortunate matter and finally became insane. Sunday night (Jan. 7.) she prepared some tea and put poison in it. All partook of it except the girl. The old man was taken sick. The girl was sent to a neighbor for assistance, and when she returned all three were dead.

A runaway near Hardy threw four people out of a wagon, badly injuring one of the occupants, a young lady.

The annual encampment of the G. A. R. meets at Lincoln the 23d and 24th of this month, at which time the location of the state soldiers' reunion will be selected.

Louisville is to have a newspaper soon.

Sarpy county's debt is now $2,000, against $15,000 in 1881.

A boy thief is told of at Hardy, his operations being so far confined to the money drawer.

Judge Corey, of Wilber, issued, during 1882, 170 marriage licenses.

Rev. W. H. Hardman, of Greenwood, was recently swindled out of over $6,000 at Chicago.

A Blair man has left the country leaving creditors mourning to the extent of $2,000.

A Johnson county man bought a farm nine years ago for $800, stocked it well with fruit, 500 apple trees, 20,000 raspberry, 1,000 peach, pear, plum and cherry in proportion, and 1,000 evergreens. He sold it the other day for $5,000.

The Tecumseh Torchlight complains of disturbance of the peace by certain "gay but frail" females.

Geo. T. Howser, well-known through the state as the Omaha Y. M. C. A. secretary, is leaving for a similar position in Chicago.

The Omaha nail works, white lead works, linseed oil works and many others are shipping large quantities of their goods to California and China.

Paddy Ryan, the celebrated pugilist, spent in Omaha the week ending January 13th, giving nightly exhibitions of his skill.

Beavers are said to be quite plentiful along the Nemaha. Some have been trapped and some shot.

The old cracker factory at Omaha has been started up again by an enterprising firm, from Ohio, both practical men. Another firm from St. Louis, have bought grounds, and are about to erect a large cracker factory that will employ from 80 to 100 hands.

Blair public schools have a present enrollment of 630 and needs a new school house.

J. E. Boyd, of Omaha, is loading two cars of meat to go by the Wabash and three via the Missouri Pacific.

A sad case of destitution came to light recently in Central City, which was promptly relieved by the business men.

The Omaha smelting works are loading seven cars of lead daily for Chicago, via the Milwaukee.

Wolves broke into a Beaver City man's sheep corral and got away with several valuable animals.

The Atlas mills at Omaha, are loading two cars of hominy for Galveston and two cars for points in Iowa.

The present number of cattle in Nebraska is estimated at 800,000.

Emigrant travel is rather light this month, only about twenty-five a day on an average going through to the Pacific coast.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.—Jan. 8.—Mr. Van Wyck introduced a bill to regulate that part of the law establishing post routes from Niobrara to Deadwood, and from Chamberlain to Rapid City. He asked immediate consideration of a resolution directing the postmaster general to suspend approval of contract of these routes until the bill is disposed of.... Mr. Edmunds objected.... The bill to relieve congress and the departments in investigating claims came up.... Mr. Brown addressed the senate until 12 o'clock, when consideration of the presidential succession bill was resumed.... Remarks upon the bill made by Beck, Dawes, Sherman and Ingalls, but without coming to vote the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Anderson introduced a bill to create a postal telegraph.... Mr. Robinson, to reduce letter postage to one cent.... Mr. Reagan addressed the house on the shipping bill. At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Smith advocated an amendment, which he proposed to offer to the 18th section, providing that in no instance shall the amount paid as drawback on any articles exceed the difference in the market value of such article in any foreign markets and in the United States. Others expressed themselves as not in favor of the provisional amendment.... The bill then went over until to-morrow without action.... Mr. Crowley introduced a bill authorizing the Niagara River Bridge company to construct a bridge over Niagara river. Referred.... Adjourned.

SENATE.—Tuesday, Jan. 9.—Mr. Van Wyck called up his resolution for the suspension of certain western mail contracts.... Mr. Van Wyck said the proposed routes would run through a wild Indian country, benefitting nobody but two railroad companies who desired to secure in this way two connecting stage lines at government expense.... Mr. Ingalls moved to refer to the committee on postoffices. Lost.... After rejecting the amendment by Mr. Ingalls, requesting the postmaster general to communicate to the senate information in his possession respecting these routes, Mr. Van Wyck's resolution was adopted.... The presidential succession bill was taken up. The amendment offered last week by Mr. Morgan, striking out the provision repeal the existing law providing for a new election in case of the death, resignation or inability of the president and vice president, was voted down in committee, but was agreed to in the senate—ayes twenty-eight, nays twenty-four. The bill then passed by a vote of 40 to 13.

HOUSE.—The shipping bill was resumed. A colored man in the gallery began a violent speech, but was ejected.... Messrs. Risbee and Springer held there were fatal objections to the section exempting vessels in foreign trade from state and municipal taxation.... After remarks by Blackburn, Herbert, Springer and others, the bill was read again and went over without action.... Mr. Dunn introduced (by request) a bill to incorporate the Kansas, New Mexico and Pacific railway company, to construct a road from Fort Smith, Arkansas, to Albuquerque, New Mexico.... Adjourned.

SENATE.—Wednesday, Jan. 10.—The senate considered the tariff bill.... Mr. Morrill addressed the senate in support of the report of the senate committee.... Mr. Brents attacked the report of the tariff commission, saying that while there was plausible profession to reduce duties, it really increased them upon many important articles.... In a brief discussion of the section relating to importation of goods in other than American vessels, Mr. Morgan expressed the opinion that Great Britain in subsidizing its merchant marine for the avowed purpose of enabling it to run our ships of the high seas, and violated the spirit of the treaty with the United States. We must do something for merchant marine, and he did not feel certain we could recover ourselves by mere repealing the navigation laws or in any other way than by following the example of Great Britain and propping up our ships with subsidies.... Adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Mills offered a resolution calling on the attorney general for information as to persons employed as attorneys and others in the prosecution of the star route cases, terms of contract with each, and probable amount of the entire cost of the prosecution now pending and such as he contemplates instituting. Referred.... A number of resolutions and amendments were offered and rejected, after which the speaker announced Messrs. Conley, Aldrich, Bisbee, Martin and Cox as a special committee to investigate charges against Chief Clerk John Bailey. Also appointed Messrs. Ryan, Caswell and Lefevre as confrees on the Indian appropriation bill.... Adjourned.

SENATE.—Friday, Jan. 11.—Most of the time of to-day's session was taken up in discussion of the Fitz John Porter bill. Remarks were made by Cameron, Logan and Conger. The bill passed by a vote of 39 to 27.... The bill passed authorizes the president to nominate and with advice and consent of the senate to appoint Fitz John Porter, late major general of United States volunteers and brevet brigadier general and colonel of the army, to the position of colonel in the United States army, of the same grade and rank held by him at the time of his dismissal, and in his discretion to place him on the retired list of the army of that grade, the retired list being thereby increased in number to that extent, provided said Fitz John Porter shall receive no pay, compensation or allowance whatever prior to his appointment under this act.... The senate then resumed consideration of the tariff bill and shortly after adjourned.

HOUSE.—The shipping bill was resumed and the time was taken up in fruitless attempts to carry unimportant amendments, without coming to a vote on an amendment of Mr. Cox, adjourned.

SENATE—Friday, Jan. 12.—Mr. Ingalls introduced a bill providing for determining the existence of and removal for inability of the president of the United States to discharge the powers and duties of office.... The senate decided to meet after the 15th inst.... The bill passed extending limits of the jurisdiction of justices of the peace in Washington, Idaho and Montana territories.... The senate in executive session considered Grant's Mexican treaty. The session lasted three hours and a half, and when the doors re-opened senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The house then resumed the shipping bill, the pending question being on the committee's substitute as amended for the eighteenth section.... Mr. Knott moved to strike out of the substitute all provision for drawback, stating his intention to be to strike out the subsidy clause. Lost.... The committee's substitute agreed on this morning was then agreed to—134 to 86. It limits the amount of drawback tonnage tax collected in any year and provides for free ships and free materials..... Mr. Crapo offered a substitute for the 14th section allowing materials imported for use in building or repairing ships to be duty free. Agreed to.... Mr. Reed moved to strike out section 18, 19 and 20 of the bill, which contained the drawback, free ship and free material provisions and machinery for carrying out those provisions. Agreed to.... The bill then passed.

SENATE.—Jan 13.—Bills introduced: ....By Mr. Ingalls—A bill for a commission of seven to consider railroad transportation, all the commission to be from civil life, pay ten dollars per day and expenses.... Mr. Edmunds moved to postpone the calendar and consider the senate bill regarding the condition of things in Utah.... Lost 29 to 26.... Mr. Jones then moved to postpone the calendar order and pass the bill for the relief of Ben Holliday, which was agreed to.... Mr. Plumb moved to strike out all after the enacting clause of the Holliday bill and substitute a bill to enlarge the powers and duties of the department of agriculture" and addressed the senate, discussing the agricultural bill.... Mr. George also advocated the agricultural bill.... Mr. Davis took the floor, but yielded for executive session.... When the doors reopened the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The pension bill was considered. It appropriates $81,575,000, of which $80,575,000 is for the army, $1,000,000 for the navy, and the rest for expenses.... Mr. O'Neill moved to increase the amount for the army to $85,000,000. Adopted.... The committee rose and reported to the house. It passed..... The house in committee of the whole considered the fortification bill appropriating $325,000, and the bill passed.

How American Girls Talk.

An Englishman in the Manchester Examiner.

We are told that talking is only a variety of singing, and in listening to the talk of American ladies that doctrine becomes easily acceptable. At first the pitch sounds somewhat shrill, though not disagreeably, only unaccustomedly so. By and by you begin to like it, as presumably we should like any keynote coming from pretty lips. There always seems a note of interrogation at the end of the spoken sentences of American ladies, and a sort of cozy querulousness, not so much plaintive as sympathetic, a splinter peradventure, of the pity which is said to be dangerously near to love. Nevertheless, over the rows of lounging chairs on deck there seemed to brood a sort of cooing sound as of well-contented doves. The young American ladies take the talking-reins in their hands very early in life. At 15 they ease their mamma considerably in that respect, and singularly enough, with their mamma' consent. The English mammas, at that age, would prefer conversationally sleeping daughters.

About this early American talk there is no gabble. These young women rising sixteen speak as deliberately and naturally as Henry Irving, and without the mocking twinkle of having something in reserve, which renders the talk of that eminent actor not unpleasantly irritating. English girls at the same age talk, as it were, with their hands behind them as if to conceal a skipping rope. The Yankee girl looks you straightly and serenely in the face,—we never ourselves shirked the ordeal—and reels off an easy bobbin of conversation. You may act as "piecer" if you please, but generally she does the "piecing" herself; you have sat down to talk to your companion as a child, and before the talk is over an interval of three years is supposed to have elapsed, and you say good-afternoon to a self-possessed woman. Should any one run away with the idea that all this is unnatural or precocious he should be undeceived. For us it was one of the pleasantest pastimes on the ship, and when the sun was shining and the waves were dancing there could be no more agreeable accompaniment than the unaccustomed chant of the New England dialect, with its note of interrogation at the end.

Things as They Are.

As we advance in life the ideal soon hides behind the real. How few things come up to our expectations! Most girls have an ideal husband in view—a kind-hearted, noble man, with the figure of an Apollo and the beauty of an Adonis, who pays the same attention to his wife that he did before their troth was plighted. The real husband is brusque matter-of-fact, unsentimental; he eats his meals at a down-town restaurant, and only remembers that he is married when he is obliged to pay the household expenses. The ideal housewife is the woman who keeps her home in the most delightful order, who cooks the most delicious dinners, presides at the table with the grace of a queen. The real housewife is a woman whose face is red and blazed with cooking over a hot stove whose voice is sharp and earnest, and who is given to gossip. The ideal baby is a little fellow with the daintiest tinted cheeks, the curliest hair, the sweetest "coo," and with angel's wings just sprouting from his shoulders. The real baby is a young wad of humanity, with open valves, screaming all the time, fuzz on his bald head like thistle-down, and bears no resemblance to an angel. And so it is with everything in life—things are seldom what they seem.

THE WHITE HOUSE.—The White House was first built in 1792, at a cost of $330,000. It was not occupied until 1800. It was rebuilt in 1815, and reoccupied in 1818. Its porticoes were not finished until 1829. Altogether it is computed to have cost for building, rebuilding, and furnishing, about $1,700,000. The great east room for full dress receptions, measuring 80x10 feet, was finished about 50 years ago.

The whole establishment has a frontage of 170 feet, and a depth of 68 feet, and its vestibule is 50x40 feet. The garden and park which enclose the mansion occupy 20 acres. The cabinet room, 40x30, is on the second floor. It contains a long table with leather seated chairs, one or two paintings, and a large map of the United States. The picture of Frank Carpenter's "Emancipation Proclamation" gives a good view of the cabinet chamber.

Bright's Disease, Diabetes,

Beware of the stuff that pretends to cure these diseases or other serious Kidney, Urinary or Liver Diseases, as they only relieve for a time and make you ten times worse afterwards, but rely solely on Hop Bitters, the only remedy that will surely and permanently cure you. It destroys and removes the cause of disease so effectually that it never returns.

General Longer, the editor of a newspaper called the Key West Democrat, is 20 years old, forty inches high and weighs thirty-five pounds. The General was born in San Domingo and raised in Florida.

Flattery is like your shadow; it makes you either larger or smaller.

NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE.—Jan. 8.—Speaker Humphrey to-day announced the standing committees of the house.... Some twenty bills were introduced in the house, none of them of marked importance. Palmer of Saline, introduced a bill making the giving or receiving of a railroad pass a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of $100.... The same member introduced a bill providing for the establishment of a railroad commission and to define its duties.... Adjourned.

LINCOLN, Jan. 9.—About forty bills were introduced in both branches of the legislature to-day.... In the senate memorials and joint resolutions were introduced by Senator Reynolds asking that the legislatures of Kansas and Colorado to unite with Nebraska in providing some method for restricting railroads.... Senator Reynolds also introduced memorials and joint resolutions to congress, asking for a reduction of toll on Missouri river bridges, and also for regulation of railroad and telegraph tariffs.... Senator Conner introduced a bill making it a misdemeanor on the part of a public officer to accept a free railroad pass, and providing adequate penalties therefor.... Joint committees were appointed by the senate and house to reapportion the state into new judicial districts, the present number being too few for the amount of business to be taken care of.

LINCOLN, Jan. 10.—A lively time was had in the house over the railroad committee. A resolution was offered to reconsider the action of the house in appointing four members of the special joint committee provided for by the resolution of yesterday. Over this arose a heated debate, the democrats and anti-monopolists claiming that the speaker had ignored their rights in appointing four republicans and giving them no representation. The speaker decided that the house could not reverse its decision after the matter had gone back to the senate.... Mr. Roberts appealed from the decision of the chair, but the speaker was sustained by the house by a vote of 62 to 32.... A motion to lay the resolution on the table—which appointed four members of that committee—was then carried by a vote of 55 to 41, which shows the republican strength in the house. In the senate Reynolds offered a resolution discountenancing the acceptance of passes by members of the legislature, tendered by Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Omaha railroad. The resolution was carried by a vote of 27 to 4. Senators Caufield, Conklin, Harris and Sowers voted in the negative.... Mr. Reynolds also introduced as follows: Senate file No. 3. Memorial and joint resolution to the legislature of the state of Kansas relating to the rates of freight and passenger tariff on railroads.... Senate file No. 4. Memorial and joint resolution to the legislature of the state of Colorado relating to the rates of freight and passenger tariff.... Senate file No. 5. To establish uniform freight and passenger rates on railroads and to prevent discrimination in favor of or against persons or places.... S. F. No. 6. Memorial and joint resolution to congress relating to tolls of railroad bridges across the Missouri river.... S. F. No. 7. Memorial and joint resolution to congress relating to charges of railroad and telegraph companies.... The special committee to whom was referred the printing of the governor's message, reported in favor of printing 5,000 copies in English, 2,000 in German, 1,250 in Bohemian, 1,000 in Swedish and 750 in Danish.

LINCOLN, Jan. 11.—In the senatorial contest for the Twelfth district, M. E. Kincaid was declared to be entitled to the seat he is now occupying, it having been contested on the grounds that he was not a legal voter and therefore not entitled to a seat in the senate. The report of the committee was unanimous. The other contests will be rapidly settled and will probably all be disposed of before balloting for United States senator begins. The following bills have been put already to the second reading. Establishing a state board of health of five physicians of not less than ten years' practice, each for a term of five years, expiring on the first of June of each year. The board is to meet in January and June of each year. No one is to practice medicine without a certificate of the board of health.... Protecting the maternal rights of married women by which mothers are entitled to savings of the children as well as the father.... Protecting the health of female employes by requiring that chairs or stools be kept where they may rest when not busy..... Assessing every male citizen between 21 and 50 a labor tax of $3.00, the funds to be used in the repair of the roads and streets .... Establishing maximum railroad rates at five cents a passenger for one mile, three cents for three miles or over.... Ordering land owners to destroy all sunflowers and weeds in the roads before the 19th of August.... Enabling woman to hold the same legal position after as before marriage and appeal to courts in her maiden name.... Prohibiting railroad companies from giving railroad passes to any person holding office, and forbidding officers and delegates to political conventions to accept them. Penalty not less than $500 or more than $1,000 for the first, and between $50 and $800 for the second. Providing a system of laws for protection of game, making it unlawful to kill certain animals at certain seasons of the year.

LINCOLN, Jan. 12.—The resolution authorizing the special railroad committee to confer with like committees from the legislatures from Colorado and Kansas was defeated in the house this afternoon.... The contested case of Sguer against Charleston was decided by the house, the sitting member, Mr. Charleston, being declared entitled to the seat.... The senate adjourned at noon to day to 2 p. m. Monday. The house meets to-morrow as usual.

LINCOLN, Jan. 13.—The house met and adjourned until Monday afternoon. The senate does not meet until Tuesday.

Medical Items.

Texas Siftings.

"Are you going to attend the funeral of Mrs. Beldry?" asked Gilhooly of one of the most popular doctors in Austin, who replied that he was not going to the funeral.

"But you were the attending physician, and friend of the family."

"I know that, but I have so much practice that I have not got time to attend the funeral of my patients. It is only young doctors just starting out, that have time to go to the funerals of their patients."

***"Better bear great evils than fly to those unknown." Better still, use Kidney-Wort and make your present evils fly to parts unknown. If you find yourself getting bilious head heavy, mouth foul, eyes yellow, kidneys disordered, symptoms of piles tormenting you, take at once a few doses of Kidney-Wort. Use it as an advance guard—either in dry or liquid form it is efficient.

Two hundred and forty southern matrimonial and national associations have been placed upon the black list by the United States post office department. Postmasters have been instructed to return to the senders all money orders addressed to such associations.

The Year's Dead.

Denver Tribune.

"Man dieth and wasteth away. Yea, man giveth up the ghost, and where is he?" asked Job of old, and the same question has been asked during the last twelve months over the remains of many of the wise and good, the evil and foolish, the rich and the poor, the learned and the ignorant and the powerful and the obscure of mankind. The Great Reaper's crop is always ripe and always of full size. There is little difference between successive years in the number of names of those known to fame placed in the annual necrology, but no year can pass unnoticed which includes on its roll of honored dead such men as Garibaldi, Skobeleff, Darwin, Emerson, Draper, Marsh, Longfellow and Pursey.

The last month of the year has been signalized by the death of one of the better-known English novelist, Anthony Trollope, who, though not a story-teller of the first class, has left a mark in fiction that will endure for a little time. He died on December sixth, while another novelist of some distinction, Berthold Auerbach, departed this life February 8.

The catalogue of poets taken from us contains at its head Henry W. Longfellow one of America's most famous writers of verse, if not, indeed the laureate, who died at Cambridge, March 24. Less than three weeks later an English poet of inferior power, but possessed of certain striking elements of personality, Dante Gabriel Rossetti, gave up the ghost. In prose literature the world mourns Richard H. Dana, whose most famous publication, a production of his early life, "Two Years Before the Mast," gave him a world-wide reputation; and also George P. Marsh, who died in Italy, June 24, as United States minister, at the age of 82, but who will be remembered as an author long after his name as a diplomate will have faded from the recollection of men.

Scientific circles mourn first of all their leader and chief, Charles Darwin, whose busy and useful life terminated at Orpington, England, April 20. Distinguished like him in science, though in different fields, and also in philosophy and letters, was Prof John W. Draper, who died in New York at 71, two years younger than Darwin, on January 4. Within a few days there has been recorded the demise of his son, Prof. Henry Draper, whose ability as a scientific investigator was also recognized. But as one whose life and thought has left the clearest impress on philosophy, on culture and on the progress of the age in intellectual matters, Ralph Waldo Emerson, who died at Concord April 27, stood pre-eminent among Americans, and outranked all the great men thus far mentioned with the single exception of Darwin. Emerson is the one American whose departure will in future years be referred to as distinguishing this country's necrology in 1882.

The political world has been bereft of many eminent figures both at home and abroad. Here the decesse has been registered of E. W. Stoughton, of New York, January 7; ex-Governors Bullock of Massachusetts, January 17; Lapham of California, March 4; Washburn, of Wisconsin, May 14, and Denison, of Ohio, June 15; ex-Congressman C. N. Porter, of New York, January 23, and Representative Orth, of Indiana, a few days ago; Gen. S. A. Hurlbut, United States minister to Peru, March 27; ex-Postmaster General Horace Maynard, of Tennessee, May 3, and Senator B. H. Hill, August 16. Our military and naval rosters have lost Rear Admiral John Rodgers, May 5, General J. G. Barnard, May 14, and General G. K. Warren, August 8. Other deaths worthy of more than a passing glance, either in themselves or the memories which they call up, have been those of Joseph E. Sheffield, the New Haven philanthropist, February 16, the widows of Daniel Webster, February 26, and of Abraham Lincoln, July 16, and Adelaide Phillips, October 4.

In Europe the places in public and military life which have known them hitherto will know no more. General Kauffmann, whose death was announced May 16, Garibaldi, the Italian patriot, whose spirit abandoned the little isle of Caprera June 2, General Skobeleff, the impetuous Russian, whose mysterious death occurred July 6; Gen. Ducrot, of France, who died August 17, and the fiery Communist, Louis Blanc, who ceased to plot December 6. At the opposite pole of thought from the last named was the venerable Rev. Dr. E. B. Prusey, who died in England September 16, and Dr. Tait, Archbishop of Canterbury, whose departure is still fresh in the memory of both hemispheres.

How the Czar Travels in Russia.

Cologne Gazette.

The recent visit of the emperor and empress to St. Petersburg was attended with extra precautions on the part of the authorities. All along the route from the Warsaw railway terminus to the Annitchkin palace police officers in sledges and on foot were met at every half dozen yards, and all the house porters of the streets crossing the main route were collected in groups at each corner, for the double purpose of keeping a watch for suspicious persons and cheering the imperial party. Policemen were posted at intervals in the center of the street, while the bridges over the canals were closely guarded by the marine police, in some cases an officer patrolling on the footway of the bridge and a private on the other.

Seeing much and suffering much and studying much are the three pillars of learning.

A MADRIGAL.

Love is a day, sweetheart, shining and bright;
It hath its rose-dawn ere the morning light;
Its glow and glory of the sudden sun,
Its noontide heat, as the swift hours wear on;
Its fall of dew, anp silver-lighted night;
Love is a day, sweetheart, shining and bright.

Love is a year, beloved, bitter and brief;
It hath its spring of bud, and bloom, and leaf;
Its summer, burning from the fervid south,
Till all the fields lie parched and faint with drought;
Its autumn, when the leaves sweep down the gale,
And skies are gray, and heart and spirit fail;
Its winter, white with snow, more white with grief;
Love is a year, beloved, bitter and brief.

Love is a life, sweetheart, ending in death;
Is it worth while to mourn its fleeting breath;
Light-footed youth or sad, forecasting prime,
Joy of young hope, or grief of later time?
What pain or pleasure stays its parting breath?
Love is a life, sweetheart, that ends in death.

—[Louis Chandler Moulton.

HUMOROUS.

A boy, describing how he had a tooth drawn, said: "The doctor collared me, pulled like wild horses, and just before my head came off the tooth dropped out."

A jolly-looking Irishman was saluted with the remark, "Tim, your house is blown away." "'Deed, then it isn't," he answered, "for I have the key in my pocket.

A Chinese thus describes a trial in the English courts: "One man is quite silent, another talks all the time, and twelve wise men condemn the man who has not said a word."

A medical journal has found that there are from 100,000 to 200,000 hairs in a woman's head. The number of hairs in a man's head depends considerably on the time he has been married.

A pious ranchman sent to El Paso for a copy of Moody and Sankey's Sunday school songs. The reply came back: "No Moody and Sankey Sunday school books, but can send you a faro layout if required."

"Take her," said the fond father, putting his daughter's hand in that of a bashful youth beside him. "Take her and try to be happy. I shall miss her when she's gone, but I can't cry over it; she's too tremendously like her mother."

A exchange says: "Pennsylvania Dutch girls make good preserves;" but it doesn't say how much sugar you take to a pound of Dutch girl, or how long you let em boil. The recipe for preserving Dutch girls ought to be published.

"I am ashamed of the effeminacy of my sex," said a female orator. "Look at your fripperies and superfluities! Why, for instance, do you need parasols when I never use one?" And a pert minx answered: "Because you are on the shady side of life."

A bachelor says that all he should ask for in a wife would be a good temper, health, good understanding, agreeable physiognomy, figure, good connection, domestic habits, resources of amusement, good spirits, conversational talents, elegant manners—money!

A farmer sowing his field, and two smart fellows riding by, one of them called to him with an insolent air: "Well, my man, it is your business to sow, but we reap the fruits of your labor." To which the farmer replied: "It is very likely that you may, for I am sowing hemp."

A little boy asked mamma the following questions, to which all mamma's answers are not recorded: "Mamma, if a bear should swallow me, I should die, shouldn't I?" "Yes, dear." "And should I go to heaven?" "Yes, dear." "And would the bear have to go, too?"

It rained the other evening, and there was an entertainment. A young gentleman said to a young lady: "May I have the pleasure of protecting you with my umbrella?" And said she, with her round, expressive, eyes looking full into his: "Put up your rag." We like to see young people sociable.

"No, marm," said the dealer, "I would like to give you a smaller pair, but to sell you anything under eights would render me liable under the statute for the prevention of cruelty to animals." He didn't sell her anything under eights or over it. Some women are so touchy about the size of their feet.

An Irish bookseller, previous to the trial of a case in which he was defendant, was informed by his counsel that if there were any of the jury to whom he had any personal objections, he might legally challenge them, that is, oppose their being jurors. "Faith, and so I will," replied he; "if they do not bring me off handsomely I will challenge every man of them."

A young lawyer, appointed to defend a prisoner dressed in sailor's costume, addressed the jury very pathetically in behalf of "this child of the sad sea waves, this nursling of the storm." At the close of his remarks it was discovered that his client was a cook on a canal boat, and had formerly peddled fish. "The child of the sad sea waves" was committed for six months.

A bachelor and a spinster who had been schoolmates in youth, and were about the same age, met in after years, and, the lady chancing to remark that "men live a great deal faster than women," the bachelor returned: "Yes, Maria. The last time we met we were each twenty-four years old. Now I'm over forty, and I hear you haven't reached thirty yet." They never met again.

Little Gracie had been told that it was impolite to take the last biscuit on the table. The other morning, at breakfast, she was observed to gaze long and earnestly at the solitary biscuit on the bread-plate. The temptation at last proved too great. Reaching for the coveted morsel, she exclaimed "Oh, mamma, I'se almost 'tarved! I des I won't be polite to-day. I'll wait till some day when I ain't hungry."

"Oh, doctor, do you think my little darling will live?" inquired an anxious mother of the family physician, who had sent in his bill for the seventh time. "Live! Why, there isn't anything the matter with him, is there?" "Well, no; not now; but you know, doctor, there are so many children's diseases prevalent now!" "Bah! if the child takes after his father, he'll live where an honest man will starve to death. Good morning."

He came from the country seven years ago, and is now a well-to-do merchant. Last week he wrote to the old folks, telling them he had married a lady with a very fine voice—a "mezzo soprano of quite an extraordinary compass." Yesterday he received an answer from the maternal side of the house, informing him that his lamented aunt was afflicted with something of that sort during her life, but had always found relief in putting a mustard plaster on the sole of each foot."

A party of young men were telling what they would do were they shipwrecked far out upon the sea, and left buffeting with the waves without a plank to sustain them. Each one give his opinion except Paddy Murphy, who, after being asked for his, replied: "Bad cess to you for a cowardly set of spalpeens, ye'd all be after savin' yerselves, an' not thrvin' to save anuther. Why, it's Paddy Murphy that would swim to shore an' save himself, an' thin come back an' thry to save anuther."

Fred Flasher and Miss Flounce were discussing the mental power of controlling thought. "I will give you a pair of gloves if you can think of positively nothing for five minutes, and still be awake," said Flasher. "Done!" she responded. Five minutes passed. "I've won the gloves," she exclaimed. "How did you manage to think of nothing for the whole five minutes!" he asked, eagerly. "I fastened my mind firmly on your mustache, and kept it there," she replied, triumphantly. The referee awarded her the gloves.

"Do you think, Mary, you could leave father and mother, this pleasant home, with all its ease and comforts, and emigrate with a young fellow who has but little besides his strong right hand to depend upon, and with him search out a new home, which it should be your joint duty to beautify and shape, delightful and happy like this?" Dropping her head softly on his shoulder, she whispered: "I think I could, Archie." "Well," said he, "there's Tom Jones, who's going to Australia, and wants to get a wife. I'll mention it to him."

They walked beside the turquoise sea, whose silvery ripples broke like angel whispers on the shell-gemmed sand. "And is it not sweet to walk as slow as this beneath rays of yon effulgent moon?" "It is," she replied timidly, as she clung still tighter to the sleeve of his coat. "The slower we walk the better." "Because you like my company?" he inquired, with a sentimental grin. "That is one reason," she said, "and the other—" She paused a moment, and he inquired: "What is the other?" "The other," she softly cooed, "is that on the heel of my left foot I have a throbbing corn about the size of a walnut."

A good story is told of Dean Stanley, who traveled extensively through the United States some years ago. He was spending the night with some New England friends, and desired to be called at an early hour in order to proceed on his journey. The task was assigned to a boy employed in the house, who was instructed especially that, after rapping at the dean's door and hearing the question, "Who is there?" he should reply: "The boy, my lord," and then discharge his errand. The boy was at the dean's room at the exact moment, and rapped softly at the door. Upon hearing the question: "Who is there?" he answered: "The Lord, my boy."

It is related that, about a year ago, a facetious young man sent out his wedding invitations worded thus: "Come and see me capture my mother-in-law at eight o'clock, sharp." A few days since a friend of met the rash youth in the street, and in the course of conversation, mentioned the unique card. "You don't mean——" "I a Tartar? Well, that's me, only I caught three." "You astonish me," said the friend. "You said three?" "Yes." Mother-in-law, wife, and baby." Perhaps some of our married friends understand this.

A Wisconsin man has experimented with potato-seed for more than twenty years. He has concluded that it is best to plant *small* potatoes whole, selecting the most perfect specimens of the variety to be raised. He thinks if all would adopt this plan, we would hear less of potatoes running out. He had planted the White Peachblow for twelve years or more, and the last crop was better than the first.

"The difference," said the cook, "between a child of royal birth and a young lamb, is that the first is tended in splendor and the other is splendid 'n' tender."

The boy who cannot chop a stick of wood because he has a pain in his joints, will step boldly to the front to break a yearling colt, at the imminent hazard of breaking his neck.

CAUSE FOR APPREHENSION.

Why Mysterious Physical Troubles Arouse Special Dread—A Professional Experience.

Few things give more pain than dread or apprehension. Most people are able to face apparent danger heroically, but the sudden and unexpected coming of some indefinite calamity very naturally strikes terror to the bravest. For this reason lightning and tornadoes are considered terrible; their coming and going are so sudden, unannounced and unknown. For this same reason an unknown disease, some poison in the blood, some malady that is gradually undermining the life, is specially dreaded by all thinking people. And, indeed, there are good reason's for such dread, for modern science has discovered that some virulent disorders show the least signs in their beginnings, while they have the worst possible symptoms. We know of many persons who have dull and uncertain pains in various portions of the body; who are unnaturally tired one day and apparently well the next; who have an enormous appetite at times and loathing of food soon thereafter. Such persons are really in a dangerous condition, even though they may not realize it. The following statement of a most prominent physician, who has had unusual opportunities for investigation is of so striking and important a nature that it will be read with interest by all:

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES OF CINCINNATI.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Mrs. G. Hunert, Rev. Chas. W. Wendte, Jos. Aub, M. D., H. A. Smith, M. D. Mrs. M. F. Force, H. Miller, F. Lunkenheimer, Daniel Wolf, Julius Balke, Jr. Julius Reese, J. B. Wilson.

OFFICE: No. 27½ W. EIGHTH ST.
O. ANDERSON, M. D., SUP'T,
CINCINNATI, O. DEC. 2, 1882.

Messrs. Editors:

I have, during my professional career of many years' practice, treated a large number of various disorders, of which, perhaps, none have given me more trouble than the mysterioes disease known as acute nephritis; and while it may seem strange, it is nevertheless, true, that the physician is generally greatly annoyed by this mysterious trouble, especially when the case is of hereditary origin. It is doubtless, the first stage of the well-known, but terrible Bright's disease, as the kidneys contain large quantities of albumen; and while children and young people are especially liable to its attacks, it is prevalent with all classes, and usually continues until late in life.

One obstinate case which came under my observation, was that of a fireman of this city who applied to me for treatment. The case was diagnosed parenchymatous nephritis. The man was twenty-four years of age; plethoric and light complected. He stated that he had suffered from urinary troubles from childhood, and that he had "doctored" a hundred times, each time improving some; after which, in a short while, he would relapse into his former state of misery. I prescribed the usual therapeutics known to the profession with the same result that my colleagues had obtained. He got better for a while and then worse again; in fact, so bad that he had to lay off for some time. He suffered intense pain; so much so that I confess I had to resort to hypodermic injections of morphia. My druggist who knew how disgusted I was with the case, although, not willing to desert the man, advised me to try a remedy from which he (the druggist) himself, had derived great benefit. As a drowning man catches at a straw, I prescribed this remedy, not letting my patient, however, know what I was giving him; and, although not a believer in nor a patron of "patent medicines," I must confess that after my fireman had taken one bottle he grew much better. I made him continue its use for a period of two months, with the most gratifying results; it really worked wonders and he owes his cure and pleasant perfect health solely to the remarkable power of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, the remedy which I prescribed, and he used.

Since the recovery of the man above mentioned, I have given considerable thought to the subject of acute nephritis, or kidney, difficulty, and I find that its manifestations are most remarkable. It often appears without any special symptoms of its own, or possibly as a sequel to some other disease. It may be a sequel to scarlatina, diphtheria, and other illnesses, and even arise from pregnancy. The first symptoms frequently show themselves in the form of high, fierce and intense pains in the lumbar region, "the small of the back," troublesome micturitions and frequent changes in the color of the urine which at times diminishes perceptibly. If the urine is entirely suppressed, the case, probably, will terminate fatally in a very few days. Dropsy is a consequence of the suppression of urine, and the severeness of it is governed by the proportion of retention. The nervous system becomes prostrated with subsequent convulsions and irregular circulation of the blood, which, in my estimation, eventually might cause a diseased heart to give out. As I have remarked, in many kidney diseases—yes, even in Bright's disease itself—there is no perceptible pain in the back, and these troubles often assert themselves in various symptoms—for instance, in troublesome diarrhœa, blood poison, impaired eyesight, nausea, loss of appetite, disordered digestion, loss of consciousness, husky voice and many other complaints too numerous to mention. Indeed, thousands of people are suffering from the first stages of Bright's disease to-day, and they do not know it.

In conclusion, I would like to state that I have since my success with the fireman, repeatedly prescribed Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and if my professional brethren could only be brought so far as to overcome their prejudice against proprietary medicines they would, undoubtedly, find themselves recompensed for their supposed sacrifice of liberty, as well as by the great benefits that would accrue to the world. Most sincerely,

O. ANDERSON, M. D.,
Superintendent.

Adulteration of Sugar.

The attention of Dr. C. F. Chandler, Professor of chemistry in Columbia College and President of the Board of Health of New York, having been called to the adulteration of sugar, etc., said in reply:

"I don't bother myself about such frauds any more. Life is too short. For a good many years I used to take great pleasure in battling against fraud and humbug, and would still if any good could be accomplished. After all, people seem to prefer to be cheated and humbugged. See, for example, how they are continually running after quack medicines, throwing away money and their health at the same time. So when it is offered to them it is no use for a few to spend their lives in pointing out the good and pure as distinguished from the bad and the adulterated. Besides, this does not come into my province as a health officer. If it did I would certainly concern myself about it. These cheap sugars that are mixed with the more costly article are perfectly good and wholesome, so that the mixing of them is simply a fraud, with which the Board of Health has nothing to do. Fighting against fraud in this country is more than a Herculean task. I came to the conclusion long ago that the only way was to leave it alone and let the people suffer the consequences. When they come to their senses and are willing to co-operate in a crusade against fraud, instead of patronizing and encouraging it, then it will be time for us to take up the cudgel again. I have known all about this practice of adulterating sugars and sirups for a long time."

PARTIES.—In this country where we are divided into two parties, we can have but little idea of what it is in France. There they have the extreme left, the moderate left, the left, the left center, the constitutional group, the right center, the legitimist group, the Orleanist group, and the Bonapartist group. These are not all, since there are a dozen shades that a man can belong to on these divisions. In this unhappy country if a man is not a republican, a democrat, or a greenbacker, he is absolutely in the cold.

When visiting Omaha stop at the Metropolitan Hotel, corner 12th and Douglas. Rates, $2.00 per day.

Talking very much and lying just a little are a good deal nearer to each other than most people think.

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The second session of the 39th collegiate year of this institution will begin on the 1st of February.
Classics, Science, Music, Law, Medicine, And a Thorough Commercial Course With Telegraphy and Phonography,
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Educated and practical growers now assent to our motto "That the further North Seeds are grown the earlier their product will be." We offer this year a full line of Standard Potatoes, true to name, grown on dry upland; Scotch Fyfe and Blue Stem Wheat; White Russian Oats; Etampes Cabbage, said to be one week earlier than Early York; our North Star Yellow Dent Corn still takes the lead, and for fodder is equal to any; of onion seed, tomatoes, carrots, peas, &c., &c., a full line and large crop, all 1882 growth on our own farms. Wild Rice for duck ponds always on hand for Spring or Fall sowing. 7th Annual Catalogue Free. T. M. METCALF, Grower, Importer & Jobber, St. Paul, Minn.

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A NEWSPAPER!

We call the attention of the reading and thinking public to the fact that the

OMAHA BEE

Is the most ably edited, most independent and thorough newspaper in the west. It has by far the largest circulation of any paper published west of Chicago and north of St. Louis. The Bee has for more than ten years championed the cause of the people and is the leading anti-monopoly paper in Nebraska.

The influence of The Bee in moulding public sentiments on the railway issue is acknowledged in the following letter from the secretary of the national anti-monopoly league to the editor of The Bee:

HEADQ'RS ANTI-MONOPOLY LEAGUE:
NEW YORK, November 15, 1882.

E. Rosewater, Esq., Omaha, Neb.:

DEAR SIR—We have the news from Nebraska. It makes a man feel proud to be an anti-monopolist when one realizes what your state has done for the cause. It was a magnificent day's work, gallantry performed in the face of tremendous odds, when the balance of power was won in the interest of the people on election day. We congratulate you on the great success, and recognize that to your efforts and the active support that The Bee has given to the principles of anti-monopoly, a large share of the credit is due. That balance of power in your state legislature has a volume of meaning for us. It promises that Nebraska is in the front rank on the anti-monopoly issue, and her example will invite her sister states to join her in the great struggle of the rights of the many against the privileged few. It promises that the light of anti-monopoly principles is spreading and that the day is dawning when the people shall rule and corporate monopoly shall obey. It promises that Nebraska is to send the first anti-monopoly senator to the United States senate. It promises for the present that in your state none but measures which recognize the rights of all the people can be incorporated into law.

Again congratulating you, and through you the good men and true who so faithfully stood by the principles of anti-monopoly in your state, I remain yours truly,

HENRY NICHOLS, Sec'y.

While The Bee has labored hard and successfully for the anti-monopoly cause, it is not simply a one-idea newspaper, but it is a journal that meets every issue fearlessly, candidly and vigorously; it is above all things a newspaper, it pays more for the collection of news by telegraph and mail than all the other Nebraska dailies combined. It pays especial attention to far western news, and contains in every number the very latest events in the Rocky Mountains, territories and states on the Pacific coast. No other paper in America prints so much condensed far western news as The Bee. Careful attention is paid to the selection of instructive and entertaining literature, which is adapted alike to farmer, the artisan and the home circle.

In order to extend the circulation of The Weekly Bee, the publishers have placed a larger number of valuable and useful articles in their premium list than was ever offered by any newspaper. These premiums will be distributed among their subscribers in the same impartial manner that characterized their premium distribution last winter. The aggregate value of these premiums is over $43,000. Among these are:

Two Threshing Machines.
Four Wagons.
Thirty Plows.
One Piano.
Two Organs.
Five Gold Watches.
200 Silver Watches.
50 Sewing Machines.

Silverware, household goods, etc., etc., and many smaller premiums.

All of which will be given to our subscribers. Every subscriber gets a premium, and all have an equal chance at the best premiums.

We publish here a few acknowledgements from the parties who received the larger premiums last year:

PLYMOUTH, NEB., October 3 1882.

To the Omaha Bee Co.:

SIRS—Many thanks for the threshing machine I drew last March. It came all right and I good order. As I have no use for it I traded it for other machinery. Your paper is well worth the two dollars without the premium. Very respectfully,

A. H. HARVEY.

TABLE ROCK, Pawnee Co., Neb., Oct. 3.

Editor Omaha Bee:

GENTLEMEN—My Bee premium, the Minneapolis Twine Binder arrived in good time. I tell you its a stunner. I have already engaged as much as two machines could cut for the coming harvest so I must take The Bee again with the fond hope of getting another prize. Accept my everlasting thanks, and believe me to be yours eternally or at least as long as I get such a premium.

E. T. BOONE.
Table Rock, Neb.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Neb., Oct. 29, 1882.

Omaha Publishing Co.:

DEAR SIRS—The grand parlor organ awarded me at the distribution of The Bee's premiums came to hand in good shape, and it is a daisy. It is as fine an instrument as I ever saw in the west. Please accept the thanks of an humble tiller of the soil for the same. I am well pleased with The Bee and the principles it advocates, and think it is worth $2 to any man without any premium. A good many said, "Oh, that's a humbug; you will never get it" but I told them as long as I did not fret they need not.

Yours truly, M. G. HUDSON.

ELMWOOD, Cass Co., Neb., July 7, '82.

Bee Publishing Co., Omaha, Neb.:

GENTLEMEN—The sewing machine awarded to me at your distribution of presents last March was received June 28, for which you will receive my thanks and that of my family. The machine gives perfect satisfaction and is a very fine present. Hoping that The Bee may receive the general patronage of the people as their outspoken organ, I remain, yours respectfully.

ELDER EDWARD ROOT.

GLENWOOD, Ia., November 15, 1882.

Omaha Publishing Co.:

The threshing machine awarded me as a subscriber of The Omaha weekly Bee has been duly received. I have used it all seasons and it has given good satisfaction to all my patrons. In every instance persons who have used the machine have expressed a wish to have their threshing done next year with the same machine. Respectfully, A. B. BOONE.

HARLAN, Ia., May 29, 1882.

Bee Publishing Co., Omaha, Neb.:

The Singer sewing machine that was awarded me on No. 13,478 in your distribution of March 4 came duly to hand, and has proved all that you recommended it to be. Accept my sincere thanks, and if I can add another Bee to the large swarm that always arrives here on Wednesday of each week I will cheerfully do so. Yours truly, E. T. COCHRAN.

HARVARD, Neb., Nov. 25, 1882.

Omaha Publishing Co.:

GENTS—The No. 8 cooking stove I drew in your premium drawing last March has been received in good condition with full trimmings, for which please accept my thanks. Must have The Bee another year. Very respectfully, J. B. HUME.

Sample copies of The Bee will be mailed free to any address and each issue has full premium list. Every subscriber who prepays for one year prior to Feb. 28th will receive one of the premiums published in our list. The subscription price of The Weekly Bee is two dollars per year. The premium award will be made on March 3rd. There will positively be no postponement. Address all remittances or orders for sample copies to

THE BEE PUBLISHING CO.,
OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

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FRANK HARRISON, } Editors.
A. T. JONES, }

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year $1 50
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SATURDAY, JAN. 20, 1883.

The Sutton Register Capital correspondent describes Speaker Humphrey as a "Nervous, fiery, pushing, bright fellow." Good enough.

The Philadelphia Press says—speaking of Nebraska politics—that Senator Saunders will have no organized opposition to his re-election; General Lambertson, his chief competitor, having been elected United States district attorney. The Tecumseh Chieftain pertinently remarks that such intelligence would do credit to an idiot.

It is said that the Utah Commission will recommend that Woman Suffrage be abolished in the territory. They have discovered that it is one of the main supports of Mormonism and Polygamy. The Mormon women always go to the polls and vote, it being a duty to the church; on the other hand the "Gentile" women do not exercise the privilege, and it is easy to see that Mormonism secures an undue advantage in the territory.

The Presidential succession bill, passed by the Senate, provides for the performance of the duties of the office of President in the case of the removal, death, resignation, or inability of both President and the Vice President of the United States. Under it the duties will devolve in succession upon the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the Attorney General, the Secretary of the Navy, and finally upon the Secretary of the Interior.

"I propose," said Speaker Humphrey to the writer, "that there shall be railroad legislation this year in the house if I can do anything to secure it. But I propose that the legislation shall come from the republican side. We have a majority, and we are going to use it. The senate cannot run us, and Rosewater isn't big enough to do it, either."

Speaker Humphrey is a man of no little strength. He is ready of resource, apt in discussion, and he cannot be driven against his convictions. —Omaha Republican.

The Enterprise of this week contains a senseless and unjust attack upon the rulings and decisions of Speaker Humphrey. As usual, the editors of the sheet show up their egotism by not only misrepresenting and censuring Humphrey, but virtually arraign and condemn the majority of the House of Representatives who sustained the Speaker in his rulings, when a few of the Rosewater stripe moved for a reconsideration of the rulings on grounds similar to those taken by the Enterprise. It is singular that the proprietors of a news-paper with the manifest ability to in every other respect ably edit and conduct a first class journal, will stoop to questionable methods in venting their spleen against a political opponent.

There is in existence a geometric rule which goes to prove that when a man arrives at that stage when his every utterance may be safely set down as a brilliant imaginative feat or a large two story lie, he invariably takes to predicting future events, or forecasting the weather. Among this latter class of aspirants for notoriety may be cited Vennor and his rival, Wiggins, who foretells the great jimmyeane of March 9th which is to muss up things in a fearful manner. But the latest to turn up is Rev. A. A. Constantine, who through the columns of the New York Herald—"not for notoriety's sake, but for humanity's," he explains, makes the following remarkable predictions: That during thee next thre years our country will "fassel" with civil war, and all nations and people on earth will feel the horrors of war, famine, pestilence, earthquakes, floods, book agents, springpoets, rives and harbor bills and other convulsions of nature that, shall indeed make sore the bowels of all unfortunate mortals. The last King and Queen of England now sit upon the throne, and soon the only form of government known, will be republican; mountains are to slide into gopher holes, valleys will "heave up Jonah" and rivers will leave their channels to roam in "pastures green" before unknown; the down trodden and the victims of railroad extortion are to rise up and smite their oppressors with yearling sand bags. After these unimportant events shall have transpired, the millenium will dawn, and the sun of righteousness beaming forth in all it's effulgent radiance and genial warmth, assisted by railroad legislation, will cause the flowers and the inhabitants of Earth to loom up with renewed freshness. We suggest that Rev. Constantine change his drinks.

Those people who pulled up stakes in Nebraska the past year and went to Dakota now wish they had let well enough alone by remaining in a state which, as we have said a thousand times, can nowhere be surpassed for climatic or other conditions. The Dakota blizzards are having the effect of dampening their ardor, and not a few of them are getting back to Nebraska in mid-winter to be on hand for agricultural operations in early spring. The prodigal son will be given a hearty welcome on his return, and, knowing how it is himself, will be content hereafter to remain in a state where soil, climate and other attractive features place the strong republican territory of Dakota entirely in the shade.—Omaha Republican.

It is not often that the great infidel, Ingersoll, is tackled with his own weapons—wit and egotistical satire. But J. D. Calhoun, in a recent lecture before the Y. M. C. A. of Lincoln dealt Pope Bob some good ones by turning his own shafts of wit upon him. Here is a short extract which we clip:

"Ingersoll professes a great regard for the Man Jesus. He says, 'Had I lived at that time I would have been his friend.' I don't believe it. I don't think Christ could have raised the necessary fee to retain Bob. I don't think he would have employed Bob as leading counsel on his behalf, in his trial before Pilate, to have bribed the court, bought off the high priests, run the witnesses out of the country and drilled the apostles in the art of swearing to an alibi. Judging from Bob's present walk and conversation, I don't think the friendship between him and Christ would have been preserved in any of the gospels. It is said that Christ once looked upon a young man and loved him because he was without guile. Think of Ingersoll under the divine inspection. Those of you having the powerful imagination necessary to conceive of Bob without guile, can enjoy an exclusive contemplation of him as the friend of Carist."

Voting is not only a privilege but but is a duty that should be discharged by every citizen of the United States. Most of the lamentable errors brought about and charged up to political issues, are the result of inadvertancy. To illustrate, the temperance issue was practically silenced in Ohio at the last election by the triumph of the democrats over the republicans, who had espoused the cause. There the result was brought about by thousands of republicans staying at home election day. It is useless to claim that the democrats were successful because of large gains, for while the returns revealed the fact that the republicans were woefully short, it further showed that the democrats had not made any gains. Governor Butler in his inaugural address made some suggestions, which, although they appear novel at first thought, yet are sensible and practical, and would if adopted, result in remedying this growing evil of indifference. He proposes among other radical changes that a poll tax be levied on all males over twenty-one years fo age, the debt to be canceled by depositing his ballot at the polls. In this "free country" this method of coercion might be a little strong, but citizens should be made to see and perform their simple duties in some way, for their country's sake, as well as their own.

At this writing, as we go to press, all that could be foretold of the result of the Senatorial strife now pending, would be mere guess work. The first ballot of both Houses was canvassed in joint session last Tuesday. The votes were divided up among 32 candidates—70 of them being cast for republicans, Senator Saunders receiving the highest number—13. The votes taken since have been but repetitions of the first, although the interest, at first intense, is fast increasing, and the crisis will undoubtedly be reached before many days. The votes, so far, count for nothing as towards determining the relative strength of the candidates, as there is a manifest desire among the leaders to scatter the votes until the proper time arrives to concentrate. As the number of votes required to nominate is 67, and 70 are being cast for republicans, the prospects bid fair for a republican successor to Senator Saunders. There is a disposition among the republicans to harmonize. Most of them are staunch advocates of some candidate, but will not adhere to their choice to a degree that would be dangerous to their party, rather taking up with a second choice, if necessary. Saunders, Millard, Manderson, and Cowin, may be set down as the ones most likely to win with their chances about in the order named.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS

PAWNEE CITY.

Hattie McCasland has been dangerously ill with pneumonia.

Monday morning bright and early, some twenty or more of our business men started for Lincoln to lobby in the legislature instead of staying at home and attending protracted meeting, and I suppose by the time this comes to the eyes of our readers there will hardly be enough of the male citizens left to hold a respectable prayer meeting, but then dear wives if you would be informed on any subject "ask your husband at home" I guess St. Paul did not expect there would be legislatures and such things.

County Clerk Raper, is taking in the legislature this week, and Miss Loena Jordan is assisting John in the office during his absence.

Treasurer Halderman and wife took a trip across the country to Mission Creek on Monday, returning Tuesday.

The I. O. of G. T. will hold open lodge two weeks from Friday night, all are invited to attend.

We want all the teachers in the vicinity of Table Rock, to remember the Teachers Association which meets here Saturday January 27th, and don't forget to come.

Mr. Linn has been quite sick for several days, and "rumor" says that a "wedding has been postponed on account of it" but we cannot assert that it is true.

We think L. had better procure a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup before he goes to see the widow again.

Remember we have a dentist located here now—Dr. Clark who can be found at his office at any time.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Hannon was buried Monday afternoon:

Another little grave
Among the mounds is made,
Another little form
Within it's depths is laid,
Another home is dark and drear,
And the lonely hearts no one can cheer.
But there is One Supreme,
Who doeth all things well,
On him your burdens cast,
To him your sorrows tell.

SNYDE.

WISE people are always on the look-out for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than the times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine

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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
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A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT
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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ETC.
SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

FELLERS & JONES,
DEALERS IN
DRUGS, FURNITURE,
Wall Paper, Window Shades,
FANCY LAMPS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
CIGARS, TOBACCOS,
CHOICE CONFECTIONS,
BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID,
PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC., UNDERTAKERS'
GOODS, ETC., ETC. ALWAYS ON HAND.
Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.
SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

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KNOWN AS
THE BURLINGTON ROUTE,
FOR ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST
Daily Express Trains are now run to
CHICAGO, OMAHA & DENVER
—VIA—
LINCOLN
AND BETWEEN
KANSAS CITY, ATCHISON
AND DENVER.
2 EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY
BETWEEN
OMAHA AND LINCOLN
All Through Trains are Equipped with New and Elegant
PULLMAN PALACE CARS.
Day Coaches, and Baggage and Express Cars of the Latest Designs.
THROUGH Tickets at LOWEST Rates
Are on sale at the Principal Stations where Passengers can obtain information as to Routes, Rates and Connections, and can secure Sleeping-Car accommodations.
QUICK TIME,
SURE CONNECTIONS,
NO DELAYS,
As trains run to and from Union Depots at all principal points.
P. S. EUSTIS,
General Ticket Agent, Omaha.

F. M. WEAVER & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS, 1030 MAIN ST
KANSAS CITY, MO.

Lots of fresh air.

Al. Fulton will leave Table Rock, soon.

The mercury indicated 18 degrees below zero at noon, Friday.

W. B. Bull returned from a trip to Atchison, Monday morning.

Henry Chambers has been sojourning in our midst for a few days past.

A series of meetings has been held at the Peesbyterian Church this week, Rev.'s Randall, Mayo, and Darby occupying the pulpit.

Charley Randall is now at work in the office of the Stella Tribune. Charley is a bright boy, and will succeed in any undertaking.

Linn & Cooper bought 15,000 bushels of shelled corn last Tuesday and Wednesday, paying for the same 30 cts. per bushel.

Woody Allen is now in Saint Louis attending Medical lectures. He hopes to graduate and receive his death warrant by June. Success.

J. W. Freeman has met with a deserved promotion as a postal clerk. His run has been changed, as he now only goes to Sheyenne, and return.

Robert Davideon has purchased 160 acres of the Steele land lying west of town, paying for the same $20 per acre. M. H. Marble made the sale.

Hon. Sam. Barnard is again elected President of the State Horticultural Society. This is a deserved tribute to Mr. Barnard's knowledge and ability.

Frank Pedrick, a boy 14 years of age met with a terrible accident near the Pawnee City depot, last Saturday. He fell from a hand car and was run over and one leg was broken in three places.

The Omaha Weekly Republican's prospectus will be found on our first page. They make a splendid proposition to any who may wish to secure a reliable and newsy state paper for the next year, read what they have to say.

Although the grain buyers of Pawnee City have been promising 30cts. per bushel for corn when they got fixed to handle it, yet we learn that they are now only paying 26cts. This does not compare favorably with the Table Rock market.

There will be a special meeting of the members of the Table Rock Library Association at the residence of H. F. merwin, on Monday evening, January 22nd, 1883. By order of the President M. H. Marble.

Mrs. J. N. Richardson's mother—or step-mother, properly speaking, died at Springfield Mo. on the 12th inst. Mr. & Mrs. Richardson will return home the first of the week, and will bring with them the orphan children, who will make their home with them for a time at least.

A special meeting of the Odd Fellows' Building Association is called to meet at the Odd Fellows Hall, Tuesday evening, January 23rd. A full attendance is desired, as important business is to be transacted.

J. L. Linn, Pres. M. H. Marble, Sec'y

Hon. Sam. Barnard, S. A. Hoover, M. H. Marble, J. S. Jones, and L. T. Harrison went up to Lincoln this week to see that the Pawnee delegation votes right. The citizens of Pawnee also went up in a body on the same mission, and no doubt will bankrupt some confiding hotel keeper.

Charles Bruin, the "well" known money lender and broker, who several years ago made his home in Pawnee City, died of acute neuralgia, at Eureka Springs Arkansas, on the 14th inst. His remains were interred Humboldt, Neb. where he has of late years made his home. He leaves property valued at $200,000.

To-day is the Third Anniversary of the Table Rock Woman's Club. We have an invitation to go down to the Dinner and show off our superiority in the art of making cake vanish. We hope they won't have much short-cake, as we never could enjoy ourselves where dinner is abbreviated too much. Hoping that they won't mind it much when some of them have to go home hungry, we thank the members of the Club for their kind invitation, and will expect to say to each that "theirs is the best cake on the grounds."

The price of hogs and corn have advanced to an extent that is gratifying, the last week, corn making a gain of 8 cts. per bushel. The prospects for future gains is very uncertain, as speculative values rule, though if Nebraska and Kansas corn would pass the strict Chicago inspection, it would be worth 5 cts. per bushel more than at the present time in Table Rock. It is suspected that manipulation rules the inspection as well as the market in Chicago.

Ike Niswander, living south of Pawnee City, well known by many Table Rockers, was arrested and brought before Judge Belding last Monday on the charge of forgery. Niswander has been detected in this business four or five times recently, but the matter has been kept quiet for the sake of his family. This time, however, it fared worse with him, he having forged the name of J. G. Fry, his father-in-law, as security to a note which he gave to Mr. Cufford, a carpenter who lives in Pawnee City. Tufford entered the complaint, and Niswander waiving examination was bound over in the sum of $400, and up to date languishes in jail.

Recently in talking to a new comer to Pawnee City, he stated that he did not see as much corn coming into this town as into one farther west in which he had lived. This is no doubt true but it does not indicate a slack trade or scarcity of corn. It really indicates that the farmers of this county are able to hold their corn for better prices or are feeding it. There is no doubt a scarcity of money in this vicinity just now, but there is not a scarcity of corn. We are glad that Pawnee county farmers are waiting for better prices for their produce. When every man in Nebraska can do the same there will be less complaint against monopolies and fewer monopolies to complain against.—Enterprise.

The German woman, Mrs. Storent, the victim of the terrible brutality of her husband, whom we have before spoken of as being terribly frozen as to necessitate the amputation of both feet, is now in Tecumseh undergoing medical treatment for which Pawnee county will pay. She is recovering but will forever be a cripple and it is sad to think of the future of this helpless simple-minded creature who will hereafter be a county charge. Her brute of a husband has escaped to parts unknown. Table Rockers will remember him as the thief whom Mike Gross detected stealing agricultural implements, and C H Norris, we think, also had some movable outside goods carried away by him. Pawnee county will give him a warm reception should he ever return.

—CRYSTAL WEDDING.—

A Gala Time.

Hon. C. S. Wood and Family.

C. S. Wood was born about forty-five years ago in the old Empire State. He lost his father while quite young, and being left with a widowed mother, stimulated the latent energy of his soul. Soon after reaching his majority, being no longer able to endure the cramped and unenterprising state of things in that ancient clime, he started for the star of empire, and to seek his fortune; so westward he came, arriving at Table Rock and looking over this fine prairie country, his sagacious eye (be it remembered he is something of a Nimrod) was not long in discovering the hidden wealth that was here awaiting whosoever willed to accept it. Three miles north of town he drove his stake, and the quarter-section he then bought became the nucleus around which he finally built the fine thousand acre farm on which he now lives. Not long here until his restless sent him farther west, STILL HUNTING, this time GOLD; he got it and don't you forget it, and now follow him on his return trip to the east; he is still hunting—this time DEAR, and he got one—Miss N. J. Slayton, a beautiful young lady of culture, who, enjoying the comforts and luxuries of a magnificent eastern home, fifteen years ago little thought herself in danger from any western trapper. "Wherefore let HER that thinketh she standeth take heed lest she fall."

Mr. C. S. Wood and Miss N. J. Slayton were united in the holy bonds of matrimony on the 19th of January, A. D. 1868. Soon after wards they came to their present home. Their efforts have been crowned with great success. They have a charming family—two boys, dutiful and kind, and little Emma, as sweet a little rose bud, as ever you saw. While the exterior of this home shows enterprise, thrift, and wealth, the interior is a perfect picture of good taste, culture, and refinement.

The above are not the only marks of their prosperity. They are surrounded by a host of friends. Better still, they are devoting a portion of their time and means to the moral interests of the community. They are prominent members of the M. E. Church.

Last Tuesday evening being the 15th anniversary of their marriage, cards of invitation were sent to many relatives and neighbors, requesting them to come and spend the evening. Allow us to say right here that Mr. & Mrs. Wood have hearts large enough to hold every one in the entire community, but there are limits, even to their fine farm house, hence the limit to invitations sent.

We will not trespass on your space Mr. Ed, to give names of guests, neither to enumerate the many presents, more than to state we noticed a very fine silver and gold spoon-holder with compliments from "Journal" of Falls city; a lovely silver pickle dish with compliments from Mr. Joseph Slayton and Mr. & Mrs. D. C. Horton, and a spring rocker easy arm chair, presented by the friends present, the "Argus" boys having a hand in the same.

The guests having arrived, after spending a couple of hours in cheerful converse and music, Mr. Slayton came to the front and in a genteel manner stated that preparations were made for literary entertainment, and introduced Mrs. Howe who read the following poem which was written upon the impulse of the moment:

To Mr. & Mrs. Wood on the Fifteenth Anniversary of Their Wedding Day.

We come dear friends to greet you
With wishes true and kind,
We all are glad to meet you,
And this joyous scene to find.

'Mid happiness and pleasure
The years have passed away,
Since each one our heart's treasure
Found on the Wedding Day.

May all hearts be as lightsome
As on this merry night,
And gleam like clearest crystal
The years of sweet delight.

Then Mrs. Slayton in her charming manner read the following, written by Mrs. Heywood:

What can we bring to the friends so dear,
Whose kindly wishes have called us here
To share with them in their joy and delight
The hearty good cheer of this "Crystal Night"?

Could we for them draw fair Eden still nearer,
And unto this home its bright Angels bring,
Could we ask them to night on these friends to bestow
Any blessings more precious than these they now know?

The home of these friends with treasure is full
As the sunshine at noonday floods all,
With two noble boys and a sweet little daughter,
Could Angels bring gifts either fairer or better?

Surrounded by friends, is there aught we can wish them
To add to their pleasues this night?
May, children, and friends still gather to bless them,
And their GOLDEN WEDDING be crowned with delight.

Rev. E. J. Randall then stepped forward and addressed the family and friends, presenting the tokens of friendship, and concluding with prayer. Mr. Wood's speech was in the form of a $10 bill presented to the Rev. R. Then followed one of the finest suppers ever served to an appreciative campany. More music and singing followed. The ladies think some of the gentlemen smoked in an upper room. The company dispersed about one o'clock in the morning.

A GUEST.

Table Rock Market.

Corn—26 to 30 c.
Wheat, No. 2—65
Oats.—20c.
Hogs—$5 25 to 5 50.
Butter—15 to 20c.
Eggs—20c.

If you have a farm to sell, place it in the hands of—H. R. PEERY.
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

CAPS at COST.
Tibbets.

CAGES. Fellers & Jones.
STOVES Fellers & Jones.

We have a stock of Tinware on hand now. Call and make selections.
Wm. Fellers.

Bird cages, a full stock at the hardware.

Boys! come and see those New Violins and Bows at F. & J.S. These are Goods brought from the East, and are of Superior quality.

Sausage at Martin's [redacted]

Having employed skilled workmen we are now prepared to do all kinds of tin work. Roofing done at reasonable figures. Allen Merwin & Mathewson.

Overcoats, Nubias, Hoods &c. at reduced rates at Fellers'.

See the Pawnee City Clothiers' undivided attention given to men's wear. East side, next to Post office.

Good Hotel to Rent in Table Rock; well located. Inquire at once of M. H. Marble.

Just received a large stock of Bed and Single Lounges. Fellers & Jones.

A new and splendid line of books, such as are suitable Holiday presents just received by—WOOLSEY & PEERY,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.
Come and get one for your friend.

Have just received a stock of Boots and Shoes from Philadelphia. 'Tis the finest stock in the county.
Fellers.

LUNCH ROOM! at J. Bridges'.

We have examined Wm. Fellers's Clothing department and find that he has the Finest and Best stock of clothing this side of the Missouri.

A large Bale of Old Papers for sale at this office.

Have you heard of the overcoats from the "Pawnee Clothing Store?" Then why shiver, when you can get Cash Value in one of these garments, from $4.50 to $24.50. East side of Square, next to Post Office.

7 pounds best green coffee for one dollar at Bill Fellers'

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have just received another Barrel of that Best Parlor Coal Oil tapped and ready to run for the Public.

SCHOOL CRAYONS Cheap at Fellers's.

Beef by the quarter, at 6 cents per pound. For sale by G. R. Martin.

Get your girl a nice present young man, and for this present buy one of those handsome books for sale by WOOLSEY & PEERY,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

For Furniture come to Table Rock and get it of Fellers & Jones.

Think for yourself! consider the advantage of a CASH transaction. You get the benefit of all cash discounts in buying at "The Pawnee Clothing Store." East Side of Square, next to Post Office.

REMEMBER THIS that it costs you from 3 to 5 dollars more to insure with these traveling SNIDES than it will with an agent in your town. My rates in the SPRINGFIELD, are $1.50 per hundred, CASH for 5 years or, $1.80 on TIME. Give me a call and learn what liberal terms I can give you. WILL L SCISM. 26

All parties indebted to G. R. Martin for the year 1882, will please call and settle those accounts either by cash or note and oblige
G. R. Martin.

Why do you Freeze?

Better trade your stove off or else get some of that boss coal at C. H Norris's. No man should be so careless as to freeze when such coal can be had. Huntly will use no other.

WASHING COMPOUND
Saves Labor and Time. For sale by Wm. Fellers.

A full line of under-clothing at
Fellers.

Wm. Fellers will start for the east on next Monday and on his way will stop at St Joe and order a new stock of goods.

Flour off 20cts., per hundred at Martin's

Graham flour at Martin's

SUMMIT COAL!!

Best in the market.—At Norris's.

Collections promptly attended to by H. R. PEERY,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

10 pounds of good Coffee Sugar. Get that much for a dollar at Tibbets's.

BOOTS! Best and Cheapest.
Wm. Fellers.

—Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have the largest and most Complete Stock of Tinware in the county. Call and examine and satisfy yourself.

Finest stock of overalls west of the Missouri river, at Fellers.

We will soon have the largest stock of implements ever brought to Pawnee county, Allen Merwin & Mathewson.

Buckwheat Flour at MARTIN'S.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have a No. 1 Practical Tinner, who stands in readiness to do all kinds of Tinwork and repairing. Call & C him.

We make a specialty of Lamps and Lamp Fixtures. Burners, Wicks, Chimneys &c. constantly on hand.
Fellers & Jones.

20 acres of nice young timber, one mile south-west of Table Rock, offered for 30 days for $340. Who will get it? M. H. Marble, agent.

Call on Allen, Merwin & Mathewson for best Sewing Machines made, warranted for 5 years, good work guaranteed.
Table Rock.

We would like to have all who wish to buy Furniture call on us. We will sell as cheap as the cheapest.—F. & J.

6 Pounds of Arbuckles Roasted Coffee for one dollar at Fellers'

Call on H. R. PEERY, at Elk Creek, when you have a farm for sale or rent. 26-tf

Parlor Oil the boss, at Allen Merwin & Mathewsons'

Warren & Apperson, only exclusive Clothiers in Pawnee City. You will find their goods of best quality, and at LOW PRICES. Don't fail to see them; on East Side Square, next to Post Office.

PARTIES having farms to rent, will do well to call on me as I have numerous inquiries every day.
WILL L. SCISM.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson will soon get their Spring Stock of Farm Implements and farmers will do well to call and examine their Stock.

TAKE NOTICE.—All parties owing us will please call and settle at once.
Mathewson & Allen.

ALL PERSONS who are indebted to the Table Rock Mills are requested to call and settle at once.
J. D. Harrison.

NOTICE.

All parties are warned against purchasing a Note of $27.50 given in my favor by J. D. Harrison, falling due Dec. 30th 1882. Said note has been taken up and lost.
E. A. Peck.
Table Rock, Neb., Jan. 1st, 1883.

Farmers needing wire in the Spring will do well to call and contract for the same, as wire will soon take a raise, and all farmers who buy within the next 10 days, will get the benefit of low prices.
Allen, Merwin & Mathewson.

WAGON MAKER WANTED.
I want a good Wagon maker to take charge of my shop immediately.
E. A. Peck.

Call and C my Stock of Over shirts. I am bound to sell them at some Price.
O. D. Tibbets.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

GENERAL.

The tannery of the Wisconsin Hide and Leather Company, at Milwaukee, was partially burned. Loss to stock is $18,000; building and machinery $12,500; insurance $35,650.

Over $16,000,000 was invested in buildings in Chicago last year.

Matthew Franklin Whittier, only brother of John G. Whittier, the poet, is dead. He was the author of the famous "Ethan Spike" letters.

Treasurer Gilfillan has received $1,000 from the citizens of Lyons, France, for the Garfield fund.

Prof. Adolf Wedeles, a musician, well known in New York and San Francisco, has just died at Adrian, Mich., in indigent circumstances. He has two well-to-do brothers in Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Two freight trains collided on the Pennsylvania railroad at Clark's Ferry, Pa., demolished the engines and a number of cars, and killing Fireman Willis Hagey and seriously injuring Engineer Richard Lightner and a brakeman.

The North Star flour mill, owned by J. G. Crosewell, on the east side of the river at Minneapolis, burned Tuesday night. It was one of the oldest buildings in the city, but was recently remodeled. The loss on the building, stock and machinery is $20,000. Insured for $32,000.

A box has just come to light at Nashville, Tenn., left by Treasurer Polk before he decamped, with the former treasurer, Dr. Wm. Morrow, which box and contents he had instructed his attorney, J. W. Childress, of that city, to take charge of. The box contains various papers, mostly receipts, drafts and due bills from different persons for amounts varying from $3,000 to $28,000 and aggregating about $125,000. These papers were left in the attorney's hands by Polk for collection for the benefit of certain of his bondsmen.

A frightful boiler explosion occurred at No. 1 blast furnace of the Bethlehem, Pa., iron company, resulting in the death of four men and a woman and serious injury to several others. One boiler was carried through the ventilator, and broke through the roof of the old mill and fell to the ground. Of ten boilers only three are left in position.

Near Coulterville, Ills., a terrible explosion occurred in a coal mine. Cause unknown. Twelve persons were in the mine at time, and but two escaped. The fate of the ten men is not known, but it is believed impossibly that any one can escape. The scene about the mine is heart-rending, for eight of the ten have families who are calling in agony on their loved ones whom they hope are yet alive.

Sales of English wheat during the past week, as telegraphed from London, were 28,408 quarters, at 40s 7d per quarter, against 34,020 quarters, at 43s 9d in the corresponding period last year.

Some time since Samuel L. Clemens brought suit in the United States court against Belford, Clark & Co., publishers, to restrain them from republishing his works. It appeared in evidence that the books republished were not copyrighted, but Clemens claimed his pseudonym "Mark Twain" as a trade mark. The court in decision has held that a nom de plume could not be construed as a trade mark, and that failure to copyright left his works open to republication by any one.

Samuel Miles, a seven-year-old boy was found frozen fast in the ice in the middle of the bay to-day. He left home to skate Saturday afternoon, and it is thought was driven out by a strong wind, and being unable to return, lay down and froze to death.

Ex-Minister Washburne was painfully though not seriously, injured by being thrown from his horse.

A boiler and engine in the tobacco shed of William Sheller, at Newmanstown, Pa., exploded. Four workmen were badly scalded.

The failure is announced of Moody & Crabb, dry goods merchants at Springfield, Ill. Liabilities stated at $13,000. The principal creditors are J. V. Farwell & Co., of Chicago.

Governor Cullom will not interfere in the case of Phillip Matthews, who murdered Annie Geyer, his sweetheart, at Belleville, Ill., last May, and he therefore will be hanged.

A shanty belonging to Jas. Davenport, a negro, in Moberly, Mo., burned Wednesday night, together with two of his children. Another case of parents leaving their home in charge of very young children.

Prof. Mitchell, of the coast survey, unqualifiedly favored before the committee the works now progressing for improving the Potomac river. He thought the entire work will only cost forty millions.

An organization has been completed for starting a new national bank in Chicago, with a capital of one million dollars. C. T. Wheeler, late president of the Union National bank, and a number of other local capitalists, are back of it.

A remarkable epidemic disease is prevailing at Binghamton, N. Y. There are said to be 2,000 cases, but not one has been fatal. Fifteen persons in one manufactory were stricken down in one day. Travelers and visitors in the city have been attacked almost as soon as they arrived there. The first symptoms are nausea and lassitude, which are followed by purging, exhaustion, headache and pains in the back. It has been attributed to impurity of the city water, but this theory does not seem correct, for the reason that persons living outside the city have been attacked.

A Tomah, (Wis.) special says: "Freeman and Beer's four story steam flouring mill at this place, with several cars of wheat, flour and feed, was burned at 5 a. m. Loss, $25,000; partly insured.

The Newhall House, a six-story hotel, burned at Milwaukee on the morning of Jan. 10, to the loss of $500,000, and 100 human lives.

The brig Goldfinder, from Domingo, for Boston, was towed into Delaware Breakwater with four men frozen to death, Captain Stewart, who was also frost bitten, was the only man fit for duty.

The business failures for the last seven days number 202, an increase of 33 as compared with last week. The geographical distribution is as follows: Eastern states, 28; western, 77; southern, 60; middle, 42; Pacific, 24; Canada, 11; New York city, 20.

The Hanibal & St. Joe directors have declared a three per cent. semi annual dividend payable February 15th. Transfer books closed on the 16th inst. The reduction is on account of litigation in Missouri.

Dispatches from Denver state that a severe electric storm, accompanied by high wind, reaching a velocity of sixty miles per hour, has been prevailing there. The electric light tower, 180 feet high, was blown over, wrecking a small frame house. Several buildings were unroofed and the walls of a number of unfinished buildings blown down. The damage is heavy throughout the city. No loss of life reported.

At Philadelphia the weather is the coldest since 1880. The thermometer is 4 degrees above. The ground is covered with snow. Sleighing is the best since 1857. The river is frozen and navigation suspended.

A sleigh containing three boys was struck by an express train on the Delaware and Hudson at the Spring street crossing near Cohoes, N. Y. One was killed and two fatally injured. The horse was thrown twenty feet over a fence and killed.

A collision occurred at the Indianapolis and Vincennes crossing of the Belt railroad. If a switchman gave the Indianapolis and St. Louis freight the signal to advance and before it could be corrected the engine crashed into the rear coach of the Indianapolis and Vincennes passenger train, and knocking it off the track. Several persons were seriously but not fatally injured.

An Indian Territory special says: Chicotee, chief of the Creeks, has again called out the militia to protect the capital from apprehended attack of Sploches. Indian Agents Tufts has gone to Okmulgee and will demand that Cloten disband his troops. United States troops are ordered from Fort Gibson to preserve order.

CRIME.

Hank Flyck killed a local bully named Jim McHugh, in a drunken quarrel, at Lewiston, Me.

A negro named Andrew Jackson, who attempted to outrage a young lady at Henderson, Texas, was taken from the jail there by a mob, the other day, and hanged in front of the Hotel Don Juan.

A man named J. A. White, a ticket broker, victimized a number of other ticket sellers at Kansas City by disposing to them of a lot of counterfeit Wabash unlimited tickets. He realized $3,500 from their sale and left for parts unknown.

Lucky Baldwin's condition is more favorable. Blood poisoning is no longer feared. His assailant was held in $3,000 bail, and in default of bond sent to the county jail.

A motion to quash the indictment charging William M. Sturgis, of Chicago, with fraud in selling false certificates of grain supposed to be stored in an elevator, at Keokuk, Ia., was overruled by Judge Williamson, and the case set for trial January 22d.

At Lynchburg, Va., a quarrel arose in a ball room about the calling of figures, resulting in a cutting affray, in which one man was killed; the murderer escaped and shortly suicided.

Treasurer Polk, under arrest at San Antonio, has confessed everything. He says he paid Price and Cameron $25,000 in endorsed checks and a lot of gold for his release, and that Van Polk reached Mexico with the bulk of the money.

C. G. Lincoln, ticket broker, has been arrested by Wabash managers at Chicago, for alleged dealing in tickets that had been tampered with. A large number of peculiar tickets were found, and Lincoln will be prosecuted.

Chas. T. Brown, of Boston, aged 14, employed in the office of the deputy sheriff, was found on the floor of the office handcuffed and with a gag newspaper in his mouth. An attempt had been made to open the safe. The lad said two men bound him, but finally confessed that he himself tampered with the safe, and then gagged and handcuffed himself.

Polk, the defaulting treasurer of Tennessee, has left Laredo for Austin in charge of two United States marshals.

President Boyce, of the wrecked City Bank, of Jersey City, was locked in a cell last Thursday night, being unable to secure bail.

Gus Buda, a young man living at Central City, Ills., went to the house of his brother-in-law, Henry Durley, and without warning fired three shots, killing him instantly. Buda escaped. Family troubles caused the act.

In the suit in a Brooklyn court of Alice Livingston against Henry Fleming to recover $15,000 for breach of promise of marriage, the jury gave a verdict for the full amount claimed. A storm of applause greeted the verdict.

Dr. S. M. Ballard, a prominent politician and land owner, was robbed of $2,700 cash at his isolated farm, Audubon county, Iowa.

Efforts have ceased to compromise the case of Samuel Ruth, cashier, and Dr. R. J. Thompson, as accomplice, charged with embezzlement of $120,000, belonging to the Washington, Pa., Savings bank.

A detective has left for Boston from St. Louis with a requisition for Geo. W. Cushman who joined the Concord School of Philosophy last summer, and had himself introduced at the bank and passed two forged drafts purporting to be drawn by the First National bank of Chicago, and the Chicago branch of the Bank of Montreal, on the Bank of New York.

Two men were killed in a fight near Little Rock over a homestead entry, and a third participant seriously if not fatally wounded.

The man who killed his sweetheart at Bellville, Ills., has gone perhaps to meet her. He was hung at private execution.

John B. Hoffman, of Cincinnati, killed his son by shooting him in the back with a shot-gun; drink and bad temper were perhaps the cause. Five years ago Hoffman killed another son, but was not convicted. He has escaped.

At Nashville, Tenn., the grand jury presented an indictment against Polk, former treasurer of Tennessee, in two counts, for embezzlement and larceny of $480,000.

A Philadelphia special says: Sullivan and Mike Cleary announce through their counsel they will give their boxing match at the American theater Monday, Mayor King's proclamation to the contrary notwithstanding. The mayor says they can go ahead until the performance begins, when he will show them who is mayor of Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON.

Mr. Singleton his procured an order creating a new commission to select the site for a public building at Quincy, the other site selected having been found imperfect.

The Marquis of Lorne, wrote to Gen. Sherman, asking if it would be safe for the Princess Louise to winter in Charleston. The general promptly replied that in his opinion there was no safer or pleasanter place.

The house sub-judiciary committee heard Peck, secretary of the Mutual Union telegraph, on the hardships inflicted on his company by refusal of the Western Union. It received its dispatches the same as those of individuals. The Western Union will be heard later.

The house committee on elections has decided to report in favor of seating Cain of Utah as delegate, and also Sessing-house of Missouri.

The house judiciary committee, six to six, postponed the Knott resolution declaring the forfeiture of lands granted to the Northern Pacific, and took up the bill increasing fees of star route witnesses from the far west. This was not finally disposed of.

The president gave a dinner to General and Mrs. Grant. Senator Logan and wife and cabinet ministers and wives were among the guests.

The court of claims has decided that retired officers of the army, are not exempt from provisions of that section of the revised statutes prohibiting an officer of the government from prosecuting claims against the United States.

The thirty-first annual meeting of the United States agricultural society was held at the department of agriculture. John A. King was selected president, Major Ben. Perley Poore secretary, and Wm. M. French, treasurer, with a vice president from each state.

At a meeting of the house committee on public lands the chairman called the attention of the sub-committee to the fact that there are large grants of public lands to railroads which have not been earned under the grand and should be declared forfeited. He hoped to hear from the sub-committee on the subject at the next meeting.

Grant and Romero were before the senate committee on foreign relations two hours, the commercial treaty between Mexico and the United States being under consideration. Terms of the treaty were fully discussed and explained by the commissioners from the standpoint of reciprocal interests of both countries.

The Hawaiian treaty is now being taken under consideration.

The house foreign committee authorized Deuester to offer a resolution asking the president to make a more liberal treaty with Germany, so American citizens will not be forced to bear arms as now.

Prof. Mitchell, before river improvement commission, said when the Mississippi improvement was completed under the present plan a channel fifteen to twenty feet deep will secured in the shallowest places.

The president is not considering the civil service bill, but will sign it next week.

The ways and means practically completed the tariff revision and it will be reported to the house after it has been carefully scrutinized.

The ways and means committee agreed to recommend that the duty on salt be increased from the rate previously agreed upon and left as fixed by the existing law.

FOREIGN.

ENGLAND.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 8.—The steamer Kirby Hall, collided with the City of Brussels, in the channel, a dense fog prevailing. The City of Brussels' cargo was valued at $350,000 and the vessel at $800,000.

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—The insurance on the cargo of the City of Brussels is reported from $75,000 to $100,000 in Boston marine companies and distributed among China, Boston, Boylston, India and Manufacturers' offices.

FRANCE.

MARSEILLES, Jan. 9.—During the night a party of Italians placarded the Italian consulate as follows: "Death to emperor of Austria. We will avenge Overdonk!"

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Jan. 9.—Reichstag has resumed sittings. Importation of American pork was discussed. Richter said there was no reason whatever for prohibiting its importation.

WEISHADEN, Jan. 9.—The Rhine here is now five feet below the highest point which was Friday last, a falling of eight feet at Frankfort. As the water retires its ravages become terribly apparent. Many districts will probably never regain their former prosperity.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Gladstone will probably go to the south of Europe shortly, but there is no cause for anxiety regarding his condition.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 9.—The owners of the steamer Kirby Hall claim $30,000 damage for the collision with the City of Brussels. The Inmans claim they lost $80,000 on the City of Brussels besides the cargo and lives lost.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Captain Land says the gash in the City of Brussels is eight feet wide and three feet deep. The steamer Kirby Hall, which ran down the City of Brussels, is now lying at Norfolk dock. She draws eighteen feet of water. Her damage is above the water line. The cut-water is completely carried away from 18 to 24 feet, and the iron plates are curled up. Her port anchor is hanging over ready to let go, which goes to confirm the captain's statement that he was feeling his way to anchorage at the time of the collision.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Jan. 10.—The inhabitants of Raab have abandoned the town. The floods rose so rapidly that many persons in trying to escape fell through the ice and were drowned.

IRELAND.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Lady Florence Dixie writes that the whole of the £5,000 she received for the relief of small farmers and cotters in west Ireland is expended. She states this amount kept a roof over 20,000 persons. She declines to raise another fund on the ground that it is the duty of the government and land league to help the people.

HUNGARY.

PESTH, Jan. 10.—In the Hungarian diet the minister of the interior stated he had sanctioned payment of money required to relieve the wants of sufferers by the inundations at Raab, and private charity had also began the work of relief. It is officially reported 10,000 persons are roofless and between 300 and 400 houses inundated and partially destroyed. The Hungarian government introduced a bill authorizing an exhibition at Pesth in 1885, to which the state will contribute 400,000 florins.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The Daily News, commenting on the burning of the Newhall house at Milwaukee, says it is probably another illustration of the indifference which familiarity with danger creates. It is difficult to imagine how people could consent to sleep night after night in a place known to be dangerous.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Playfair does not retire from parliament. He has only resigned the office of deputy speaker.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—The extent of the flooded country in the middle Rhine districts, exclusive of the tributaries of that river, is computed at 700 square kilometres, or nearly half as large again as the lake of Constance. The king of Bavaria has given a second ten thousand marks for relief of distressed subjects. Although war rumors have now subsided, it is remarked that two officers of the general staff have been ordered to Konigsberg and Thorn.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Jan. 11.—Davitt, speaking at Birkenhead last night, referred to the distress in the west of Ireland. He said it was humiliating that Ireland should stand before the world time after time as a mendicant. The people of Ireland had enough futile agitation and semi-insurrections. They were going to fight it out this time.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—Humbert, life senator, Perrat and Colmon, all republicans, were elected vice presidents of the senate. Spuller, republican, was yesterday elected vice president of the chamber of deputies. He received 192 votes against 145 votes for Boysset, radical. This indicates that Gambettaism is not very strong in the chamber.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Jan. 12.—Emperor William, at his own instance, increased the contribution from the imperial fund toward relief of distress by the floods. The emperor said, in making the increase, that it was intolerable to him to think of the hundreds shivering from cold and hunger while he was sitting in a warm room. Twelve German square miles of territory are submerged at Raab, Hungary.

INDIA.

COCHIN, Jan. 12.—A portion of the crew of the British ship British Empire, recently burned at sea, landed here.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Jan. 12.—Two persons convicted of shooting with intent to kill were sentenced respectively to penal servitude for life and twenty years.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Jan. 13.—Destitution in some western districts of Ireland is the subject of much concern to poor law guardians. The government is persistently urged to provide employment by public works. In a few instances emigration is viewed with favor. A number of people have applied to Ballinasloe guardians for assistance to emigrate to America.

Effects of Woman's Beauty.

Spectator.

All women, even the ugliest, feel that beauty is a weapon on their side in the battle of life; like to see it exert a force, and when it is great and, so to speak, beyond criticism, admire it with genuine heartiness—heartiness as real as that which men show in their admiration for strength manifested in any conspicuous way. It is usual to say women decry beauty, but that is a blunder, caused by stretching instances into law. Of all decorations the one least grudged by men is the "N. C.," and that whether the admirers be in themselves brave or timid, and of all sources of success women grudge beauty the least. They may deny it is beauty, but if they admit it they are so far content. Let any one of thousand cynics now lounging in London ask himself whether an English prince who made a misalliance for money or for beauty would be sooner forgiven, or whether the love match of Napoleon III. was not one main cause of that popularity with English women which outlasted everything but his surrender. They thought he should have performed the impossibility of "cutting his way through." To this very hour the deep feeling of English women for the French Empress, though founded, of course, on pity, is greatly assisted by the recollection among the middle-aged of a triumph so conspicuous, and so visibly owing to personal charm. This kind of female interest is universal, and extends in a more languid degree to the men, who find in any national appreciation of beauty not only the charm which springs from kinship in taste, but an excuse for a secret imbecility, a powerlessness in presence of the attraction, which they all resent and feel. We wonder if, besides all this, there is any residuum of the old Greek feeling that beauty was a clear good in itself, a harmony, something which indicates that the gods of nature were not essentially and at heart hostile to man. Many artists say so, and to judge by the extent of feeling, almost of pious feeling, excited by the beauty of scenery—the positive esteem felt in England for Switzerland, for instance, for being so beautiful a place—the feeling should be general; but we doubt if it is so. If it were we should more often hear of the beauty of kings and men in high places, but it is a remark never made by the most object courtier. The next prince who ascends a throne anywhere will have his praises and qualities hymned on all the European wires, but if he were Apollo or a Jove, the bulletin-makers would feel instinctively to say so would be regarded not as adduration, but as ridicule. It is for women to be beautiful, for men to be dignified, the latter a credit arising from a different order of ideas, the idea of harmony between place and appearance in the work. We should doubt if beauty were admired in the abstract very consciously; but that the interest excited by beautiful women rivals the interest excited by beautiful scenery, and this among those who never see either, except in pictures, we have no doubt whatever.

Horatio Seymour on Repentance.

In an address before the inmates of Auburn Prison, ex-Gov. Seymour, of New York, said:

All human experience accords with the higher teachings of religion, that holds out hope to men who feel regret for every evil act. I wish to call your minds to that amazing truth that there is a being who rules the world with such benevolence that he enables weak and erring mortals, if they will, to turn their very sorrows and errors into sources of happiness.

We have many theories in these days in which men try to tell us how the world, acing upon certain fixed laws, has made itself; that it goes on by a progress that regards nothing but certain rules of advancement, regardless of all other considerations save their own irresistible self-compelling principles.

But here we have a truth not only given as in Holy Writ, but proved by our experience, that mental regret will convert a material wrong into a blessing or, if the offender wills, it will make the same a hundred-fold more hurtful if he rejoices in his wrong doing, or hardens his heart against regret. Materialism, evolution, pantheism, or any of the theories which deny the government of an intelligent God, are all phases of fatalism, and are confuted by this truth, that we can, by conforming to his laws, which demand repentance, convert evil into good, or by violating them make evil ten-fold more deadly and destructive. We can, by our minds and sentiments, change the influence of material events, and vary the action of laws which govern the world. If man, with all his weakness, can do this, it can only be by the aid of a higher power which shapes, directs and regulates.

Electric lights have been ordered in profusion since their first appearance in Japan a few weeks ago. One gas manufactory is preparing to add the machinery for electric illumination to its present stock in trade.

The report of Mr. Bækel to the stockholders of the Keeley Motor company, of Philadelphia, asserts that Keeley has discovered all he has claimed, and is constructing a new improved engine.

PEAR CULTURE.

The following interesting items are from a letter to the Fruit Recorder from a correspondent at New Hartford, N. Y.

The soil and climate in this vicinity seems not congenial to the pear. The trees make a rapid growth for two or three years, only as Jonah's gourd, to perish in a night. About ten years ago, I, as an experiment, planted about eight hundred dwarf and standard pears. At the end of five years, my trees, although making fine growth, had been reduced half by the blight. I studied into the matter the matter as well as I could, and found this: that old trees having a thick bark were not liable to die from blight. So I commenced setting stakes around the bodies, which I would have short as possible. This, if well down, saves the body. I found that trees making slow growth and in full bearing, were less liable to blight. To remedy this, I cut back the new growth in August or September, to three or four inches, and after the three or four inches, and after the tree is fifteen feet high, would let it go no farther up. A few prunings so discourage growth, and fruit and hardiness be the result. Lastly, induce as many branches to grow from the body of the tree as possible. They protect each other, and if one happens to blight, you will have enough left. Since using the above precautions, pear wood for fuel has been very scarce.

The Best Tea in China.

Lecture by Mr. Colquhoun.

An interesting fact elicited was that the most celebrated tea in China comes from a part of the Shan states, from a district called I-bang, mainly situated some five days' journey south of the Yunnan frontier. This tea, which by a misnomer is called Puerh tea, from the name of a perfecture close by, is sent to the town of Sau mao for distribution. From that place it is forwarded to Pekin and the northern provinces, by caravan to the Yang-tse, thence by river to Shanghai, and from that port northward. The enormous cost of carriage may be gathered from the fact that this tea—which is drank throughout the south by all the peasantry—is so costly when delivered at Shanghai that it cannot be exported to Europe or Russia. Before many years were over, he had no hesitation in saying, this tea would be shipped from Rangoon to China, and elsewhere. A proof of the comfortable condition of the Yunnanese in the south and southwest is that the peasantry drink tea everywhere, whereas in the neighboring provinces of Kwang si and Kwang tung they mostly drink hot water.

An Incident in Virginia.

Tappahannock, (Va.,) Tide Water Index.

Our old friend, Mr. Wm. Claughton, of Heathsville, sheriff of Northumberland Co., Va., says: "We have many good medicines in our parts, but nothing which equals St. Jacobs Oil, the Great German Remedy. My family keep the Oil in the house at all times and use it for almost everything that a medicine can be used for. They claim that it is unequaled for rheumatism and all bodily pains."

The Science of Kissing.

Science in the last few years has gained a terrible foothold in this world. It has rattled the dry bones of old fogyism, made pi out of worn-out theories, upset ideas which have been established for centuries. The latest and most astonishing fact that has been developed is that there is a scientific mode of kissing. The day when a young man could grab a girl around the neck and gobble a kiss in a rough but comfortable manner is past. The time when he could encircle her waist with one arm, get his shirt-bosom full of hair-oil, and pirouette his lips over every square inch of her countenance is no more. Science has proclaimed against it, and man shudders but remains silent. The old style of kissing, which sounds like some one tearing a clapboard off a smoke-house, is now considered bad taste, and, consequently, is rapidly going out of fashion, although the majority of girls admit that science has cruelly destroyed all the comfort of a long-lingering, heart-thrilling kiss, and causes them to express no little regret at the change. The improved scientific method of kissing is to throw the right arm languidly around the fair one's shoulder, tilt her chin up with the left hand until her nose is pointed at an angle of forty-five degrees, or rather, until it has an aspect resembling the bowsprit of a clipper-built sloop, then stoop slowly, and, grazing about her lips in a quiet, subdued sort of a way, tickle her nose with your moustache until she cries, "Ouch!" This is scientific kissing, but there is no consolation in it. It is flat, lukewarm; it lacks substance, and if not stale, is at least unprofitable.

A Professionally Beautiful Man.

A male professional beauty is on exhibition is an upper Broadway show window. He is of the blonde type, with light hair curling closely to his shapely head, the most regular of features, a complexion as pink and white as a girl's, eyes of dawn gray and the form of an athlete. The women crowd up to the plate glass that alone protects him from being grabbed. He is employed in making candy and it sells fast, probably because the fair admirers want to know which is sweetest, he or it.

HEALTH.

Health is happiness and long life. The priceless blessing of health can be retained, or if lost recovered, by using a medicine which the experience of years has convinced an intelligent public is both safe and efficacious, and that medicine is Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. If your druggist does not keep it, ask him to get it for you.

Thurlow Weed's Collection of Letters.

New York Tribune.

The autograph letters left by Mr. Weed are thought to form the finest private collection in this country. The collection includes letters written by every President of the United States since the formation of the republic. All of those since the time of Madison were written to Mr. Weed. There are also letters from most of the revolutionary heroes, including Lafayette and Baron Steuben. There are one or two letters by Benedict Arnold. Nearly all political leaders of Great Britian are represented in the collection of letters. Many of these were received direct by Mr. Weed from the writers during the war of the rebellion, and since. Royalty is also represented in the collection. Mr. Weed greatly prized his collection of autographs, and took great pride in showing some of the rarer autographs to his personal and intimate friends. He had a room fitted up with shelves especially for this collection, and before his eyesight failed he could lay his hand upon any particular letter he wanted.

The first balloon ascent was made in 1798.

SKINNY MEN. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence. $1.

Read the advertisement of the Omaha Bee in another column.

The delicate perfumes of meliot and woodruff are made from coal tar.

—Fresh-air, exercise, good food and Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills, will when used together, cure any case of nervousness, sick headache, or indigestion. They strengthen the nervous system. 5,000 physicians prescribe them.

—"For four years I suffered agony from a skin disease. Dr. Benson's Skin Cure cured me." C. B. McDonald, Plantersville, Ala. $1 at druggists.

When visiting Omaha stop at the Metropolitan Hotel, cor. 12th and Douglas. Rates, $2.00 per day.

In memory's mellow light we behold not the thorns; we see only the flowers.

With a case of Glenn's Sulphur Soap and a bath-tub, the victim of chronic cutaneous eruptions can improvise a sulphur bath which no professional bathing establishment can supply. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c.

Experience is the trophy composed of all the weapons we have been wounded with.

"BUCHU-PAIBA." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases. $1.

Over 50 persons are said to have been killed by an explosion of powder at Guayaquil recently, fired it is said by revolutionists.

Making a Raise.

John Hays, Credit, P. O., says that for nine months he could he could not raise his hand through lameness in the shoulder, but by the use of Thomas' Eclectric Oil he was entirely cured.

The Elixir of Life.

That purely vegetable compound, Burdock Blood Bitters, may be justly termed the Elixir of Life. A pleasant and effective medicine; it imparts strength and vitality to the entire system. Price $1.

Don't scowl; it spoils faces. Before you know it your head will resemble a small railway map.

"ROUGH ON RATS." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin, chipmunks. 15c.

Recreation is only valuable as it unbends us; the idle can know nothing of it.

Used for dyspepsia, indigestion, weak stomach, liver troubles, jaundice, constipation, &c., Carter's Liver Bitters show improvement almost from the first dose.

Fame is to give our heart's blood that a violet may bloom from our dust in a hundred years.

Those complaining of Sore Throat, Hoarseness, or "taking Cold," should use "Brown's Bronchial Troches." Sold only in boxes.

One who is never busy can never enjoy rest, for rest implies relief from previous labor.

No preparation ever discovered except CARBOLINE, a deodorized extract of petroleum, will really produce new hair on bald heads. It will be a happy day when the great army of bald heads fully understand this.

The first horse railroad was built in 1826-27.

Ladies' & children's boots & shoes can't run over if you use Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners.

The defects of the understanding, like those of the face, grow worse as we grow old.

Use Redding's Russia Salve in the house and use Redding's Russia Salve in the stable. Try it.

Get your money ready before getting out of an omnibus, and—before going into law.

If Nearly Dead

after taking some highly puffed up stuff, with long testimonials, turn to Hop Bitters, and have no fear of any Kidney or Urinary Troubles, Bright's Disease, Diabetes or Liver Complaint. These Diseases cannot resist the curative power of Hop Bitters; besides it is the best family medicine on earth.

The pages of our lives that to the world seem darkest in God's eyes may be luminous as stars.

Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness, nausea, constipation, pain in the side, etc., guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One pill a dose. 25 cents.

Mince pie is not only the most healthy of any sort, but you may eat six of 'em for supper and have no bad dreams.

When you visit or leave New York City, have Baggage, Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first class hotel in the city.

PLAIN TALK.

To those
Having
Old and

Malignant cases of
Asthma, or who are
Suffering almost beyond

Endurance from
Catarrh, coughs or colds,
Let us

Earnestly,
Candidly, and
Truthfully

Recommend the
Immediate use of an efficient and
Certain remedy—Thomas Eclectric
Oil.

Incomparably superior to anything of a
Like nature; and

Benefiting
Unfailingly.
You who

Are in
Need of relief and can spare a
Dollar or a half dollar, give it a

Trial; the
Result will satisfy
You that our statements are not only correct
but very moderate.

Language is not an instrument into which if a fool breathes it will make a melody.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. Tasteless. 25c.

The first glass factory in the United States was built in 1780.

Mensman's Peptonized Beef Tonic, the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force-generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for **Indigestion, Dyspepsia,** nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork, or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists.

"I dess I know what memory is," said a little four-year-old. "It's the ting I fordet wid."

Personal—Men Only.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, gurranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

For Sale.

A side-bar, end-spring top buggy made to order by Wm. Snyder, of Omaha, and took first prize at the state fair. New, and never used. Will sell cheap or trade for a matched team of road horses. Address
GEO. A. JOSLYN, Omaha.

VALUABLE TRUTHS.

"If you are suffering from poor health or languishing on a bed of sickness, take cheer, for

Hop Bitters will cure you.

"If you are simply ailing, if you feel weak and dispirited, without clearly knowing why,

Hop Bitters will Revive you.

"If you are Minister, and have overtaxed yourself with your pastoral duties, or a Mother, worn out with care and work,

Hop Bitters will Restore you.

"If you are a man of business or labor weakened by the strain of your every-day duties, or a man of letters, toiling over your midnight work,

Hop Bitters will Strengthen you

"If you are suffering from over-eating, or drinking, any indiscretion or dissipation, or are young and growing too fast, as is often the case,

Hop Bitters will Relieve you

"If you are in the workshop, on the farm, at the desk, anywhere, and feel that your system needs cleansing, toning, or stimulating, without intoxicating,

Hop Bitters is What you Need.

"If you are old, and your blood thin and impure, pulse feeble, your nerves unsteady, and your faculties waning,

Hop Bitters will give you New Life and Vigor.

"HOP BITTERS is an elegant, healthy, and refreshing flavoring for sick room drinks, impure water, etc., rendering them harmless, and sweetening the mouth, and cleansing the stomach."

Cleanse, Purify and Enrich the Blood with Hop Bitters.

And you will have no sickness or suffering or doctor's bill to pay.

HOP BITTERS

is an Elegant, Pleasant, and Refreshing Flavoring for Sick-room Drinks, and Impure Water rendering them harmless, sweetening the mouth, and cleansing the stomach.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters gives steadiness to the nerves induces a healthy, natural flow of bile, prevents constipation without unduly purging the bowels gently stimulates the circulation, and by promoting a vigorous condition of the physical system, promotes, also, that cheerfulness which is the truest indication of a well-balanced condition of all the animal powers.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

PAYNE'S AUTOMATIC ENGINES.

Our 10-Horse Spark Arresting Threshing Engine has cut 10,000 feet of Pine Lumber in 10 hours. Will burn wood 6 feet long, coal, straw and corn stalks. Send for illustrated catalogue "No. 3" for information and prices. D. W. PAYNE & SONS, Box 1417. Corning, N. Y.

Hope On, Hope Ever,

No matter what the ailment may be, rheumatism, neuralgia, lameness, asthma, bronchitis—if other treatment have failed—hope on! go at once for Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It will secure you immediate relief.

Incredible.

F. A. Scratch, druggist, Ruthven, Ont., writes: "I have the greatest confidence in your Burdock Blood Bitters. In one case with which I am personally acquainted their success was almost incredible. One lady told me that half a bottle did her more good than hundreds of dollars' worth of medicine she had previously taken." Price $1.00.

Cast your nets in the right water, and they may take fish while you are sleeping.

Try the new brand Spring Tobacco.

Every day a little helpfulness. We live for the good of others, if our living be in any sense true living.

☞ No family dyes were ever so popular as the Diamond Dyes. They never fail. The Black is far superior to logwood. The other colors are brilliant.

BROWN'S

LEADVILLE, COL., Dec. 17, 1882.
Brown Medicine Co., Gents:—One of my neighbors was recently terribly bitten and scratched by a huge Cinnamon bear. Inflammation ensued which must be subdued or his life despaired of. I used two boxes of **Brown's Arnica Salve,** which reduced all inflammation and healed those ugly wounds with hardly a scar. Truly yours, DR. W. H. LEONARD.

ARNICA

CHICAGO, Aug. 8, 1882.
Brown Mfg. Co., Ft. Leavenworth, Kan:—Inflamed sore eyes nearly cost me my sight. A friend said, "**Try Brown's Arnica Salve.**" Hopelessly, I tried it, but one application—*so grateful, so soothing*,—assured me, and in ten days my eyes were well and sound. You may well call it the **great healer!** Gratefully, J. P. HUDSON, M. D.

SALVE

"Hear This."—MR. A. B. HAVENS, of Leavenworth City, says: "March 23d, last, an explosion and fire in my mill and elevator, burned my face and hands till the skin all dropped off. For 10 weeks I received the best medical treatment in Kansas and New York, but inflammation still continued. A friend suggested the use of **Brown's Arnica Salve.** I applied it over the whole burned surface, and in five days the inflammation was all gone and in a fair way of recovery, and I cheerfully recommend it to the public.

WARRANTED

Reader! **150.000 boxes of Brown's Arnica Salve** have been sold, and every box positively warranted to cure Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Chilblains, Piles, Frost Bites, and Inflamed Sore Eyes, and not a dozen boxes ever returned to the Brown Medicine Co., on this written guarantee. Merit always wins. If your druggist does not keep **Brown's Arnica Salve,** send 25 cts. to the Brown Medicine and Manufacturing Co., Leavenworth, Kansas, and receive a box by return mail. Every family should keep it in the house.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

As it is for all the painful diseases of the **KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.**

It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES

of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in short time

PERFECTLY CURED.

PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
Dry can be sent by mail.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington Vt.

Acts at the Same Time on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

KIDNEY-WORT

GREAT SAVING FOR FARMERS!

THE **Lightning Hay Knife!**
(WEYMOUTH'S PATENT.)

Awarded "First Order of Merit" at Melbourne Exhibition, 1880.

Was awarded the First Premium at the International Exhibition in Philadelphia, in 1876, and accepted by the Judges as SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER KNIFE IN USE.

It is the BEST KNIFE in the WORLD to cut FINE FEED from bale, to cut down MOW or STACK, to cut CORN STALKS for feed, or to cut PEAT, and has no equal for cutting sods or ditching in marshes, and for cutting ENSILAGE from SILO.

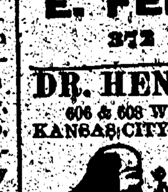
TRY IT. IT WILL PAY YOU.
Manufactured only by
HIRAM HOLT & CO., East Wilton, Me., U.S.A.
For sale by Hardware Merchants and the trade generally.

SECURE HEALTHY ACTION OF THE LIVER

By taking **Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills,** which cleanse the Bowels, purify the Blood, and by carrying off all obstructions secure healthy and vigorous action to the Liver.

E. FERRETT, Agent,
372 Pearl St., New York.

DR. HENDERSON, 606 & 608 Wyandotte St., KANSAS CITY, - - MO. A regular graduate in medicine. Over 15 years' practice—12 in Chicago.



Authorized by the State to treat Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases; Asthma, Epilepsy, Rheumatism, Piles, Tape-worm, Urinary and Skin Diseases, SEMINAL WEAKNESS (*night losses*), SEXUAL DEBILITY (*loss of sexual power*), &c. Cures guaranteed or money refunded. Charges low. Thousands of cases cured. No injurious medicines used. No detention from business. All medicines furnished—even to patients at a distance. Consultation free and confidential—call or write. Age and experience are important. A BOOK for both sexes—illustrated—and circulars of other things sent sealed for two 3c stamps. My Museum is now open. Hours: 8 a. m. to 7 p. m.—Sundays: 10 to 12 a. m.

Well Augers,
ROCK DRILLS,

And the Best MACHINERY in the WORLD for BORING AND DRILLING WELLS By Horse or Steam Power.
Book Free. Address Loomis & Nyman, Tiffin, Ohio

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

ST. JACOBS OIL
THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites.
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle.
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

KIDNEY-WORT

HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.

Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.

Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.

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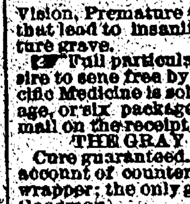

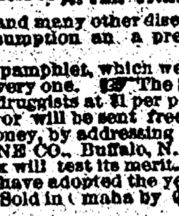

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WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

WOMAN'S COLUMN.

EDITED BY THE TABLE ROCK WOMAN'S CLUB.

Every mother desires the love and respect of her children, yet it often happens that the most affectionate and devoted mother fails to win a love like her own, or at least finds it of slow growth. Seldom indeed until she shall have children of her own does the daughter appreciate the depth and tenderness and self-sacrifice involved in the love of the mother. True and lasting love is based only upon respect and reverence. To attain this the mother should not suffer herself to be the tool, or plaything, or slave of her children.

Our Saviour has truly said, "Whosoever will be greatest shall be servant of all," and "Whosoever will be great let him be your minister," but the mother can be greater among her children only by rendering them the greatest service, by ministering to the needs of their souls, their minds, and their hearts, as well as to those of their physical nature. And in order to do this she must keep herself at her best, and not waste time and strength in waiting upon husband and children in the thousand little things that they should do for themselves and for her.

Goethe says of woman:

"Early let woman learn to serve for that is her calling,
For by serving alone can she attain to ruling
To the well-deserved power that is her's in the household.
The sister serves her brother while young, and serves her parents,
And all her life is still a continual coming and going,
A carrying ever, and bringing,
A making and shaping for others,
Well for her will it be if she think no road a foul one,
If she make the hours of the night the same as the hours of the day,
Thinking no labor too trifling, and never too fine the needle.
Forgetting herself altogether and living in others alone."

All this sounds well. It is a most attractive picture of self-sacrifice and noble unselfishness. Woman, by nature unselfish in her love for her offspring, readily falls into this way of thinking and acting and discovers her mistake too late. The mother who in the fullness of generous love runs hither and thither continually to do for the various members of the family those things which they should do themselves, comes to be regarded as a useful piece of machinery, suited to minister to their wants, but she is not regarded with one whit more of love or reverence, rather the reverse. By and by when the mother is worn out in body and spirit, when the child grown older, feels no need of her as its slave, it finds other more attractive playmates and companions.

Besides it is one of the worst features of this heroic self-abnegation that the mother thereby so wearies herself that she is unfitted to exercise the wisdom and patience and even-handed justice that the care of young children requires. There is an old saying "Never ask another for what you can do yourself," but in the case of nearly all mothers this saying should be reversed, she should never try to do herself what another can do as well, for the simple reason that there are so many things that she must do and which she can do so much better than any one else, that if she add to these the few things that others may do as well, her time and strength will be overtaxed.

The mother has necessarily far more labor, care and anxiety than any other member of the household. Her hands, her head and her heart are full, with contriving and executing plans for the good of the family. She is continually occupied and her work seems to have no end, but she must not work so hard as to lose all her spirit and cheerfulness, and leave herself no time for rest and recreation or mental growth. Neither husband nor children will love her the more for sacrificing herself wholly to them, as many a sad, weary mother has learned to her cost.

Let her be just to herself. "Be just before you are generous." As soon as possible let children be taught to wait upon themselves and each other. If "the sister serves the brother," let the brother also serve the sister. If the wife serves the husband, let the husband also serve the wife and relieve her as far as he can in the care of the children. If the mother serve the children, let them also serve her.

Not that she should make slaves of the children any more than they should make a slave of her. But children like to be useful, like to feel that they are a real help to older persons, and if a little praise and perhaps too a little money is given them, they will learn to enjoy the pleasure of helping mother and of earning something for themselves, and be early taught the dignity of labor as well as save their mother a little time to keep herself in advance of them in study and thought, in general information and in spiritual growth, so as to be always reverenced as their intellectual and spiritual guide friend and counselor.

Willing to Sell.

Detroit Free Press.

A Detroit commercial traveler finished his supper at a hotel in the western part of the state the other night, and drew up to the stove alongside of a stranger and said:

"Are you acquainted in the town?"

"Yes, somewhat."

"Is this the best hotel?"

"They say so."

"Then I wish I had bought some crackers and cheese and crawled into a hay-stack. Did you see how dirty the table cloth was?"

"I didn't notice in particular."

"And such biscuit and slop, and such napkins! I can imagine what the beds are."

"Yes."

"The paper on the room will be mouldy, the wash-stand on three legs, the pitcher without a handle and the bed full of bugs. It is a shame and a disgrace to call such a hog-pen a hotel."

There was a moment of silence for the traveler to light his pipe, and then he continued:

"Yes, it's a shame. I'd like to run a hotel like this for a year."

"Well, I'll sell out to you."

"You? What have you got to do with it?"

"Oh, I'm the owner and landlord!" was the calm reply.

The traveler didn't try to smooth it over or laugh it off. He knew that anything he could say would be adding insult to injury.

Does Butter-Making Pay?

Red Cloud Argus.

To show how profitable dairying can be made in this part of Nebraska we want to tell our readers what Geo. W. Francis, who lives a short distance northeast of Cowles, has accomplished during the past twelve months. During the past year he has milked on an average twenty cows, sometimes more and sometimes less, perhaps the number may average twenty-two. What has he accomplished with these cows? We are almost afraid to tell, lest the people will say the ARGUS lying. But we believe the ARGUS held high for truth and veracity, and therefore give the figures: He has marketed 2,594 of butter at twenty cents a pound, realizing therefrom the snug sum of $506.80, besides raising calves and using milk for various domestic purposes. All this butter has been purchased and retailed to the public by W. Roby. We believe Mr. Francis will find his cows will yield him a still larger revenue by patronizing the creamery, at least if he will put a fair estimate on the labor required in making and marketing the butter.

With so simple an article as a red cabbage, a very old but pretty little chemical experiment may be made by the young people, with the result of amusing and astonishing those around them. The effects may be strikingly shown in this manner: Cut three leaves of the cabbage into small pieces, and, after placing them in a bowl, pour a pint of boiling water over them; let them stand an hour, then pour off the liquid into a decanter. It will be of a fine blue color. Then take three wine glasses; into one put six drops of strong vinegar, into another six drops of solution of soda; into a third, the same quantity of a strong solution of alum, and let the fourth glass remain empty. Fill up the glasses from the decanter, and the liquid poured into the glass containing the acid will quickly change into a beautiful red; that poured with the soda will be a fine green, and that poured into the empty glass will remain unchanged.—Ex.

M. H. MARBLE,

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No. 1. 320 acres land, hedged in 40 acre lots, 40 acres broke; timber and water; half mile from Table Rock. Price $5,4000, 1,000 down, balance payments at 8 per cent.

No. 8. Fine improved farm of 160 acres, fair improvements; 2 miles from town. Price 3000

No. 9. 160 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 3 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements. Price $2,400.

No. 18. 140 acres 1 m from town; good brick house, quite an amount of bottom land, timber, water, pasture fenced. $2,500. Time on a portion.

No. 19. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock, 55 acres broke. Price $1,000.

No. 20. 160 acres, some improvements; 12 miles west of Table Rock, 4 miles from Burchard. Price $1,700; 1,000 cash, balance at 8 per cent 3 to 5 years.

No. 22. 108 acres, nearly all under plow, and bottom land; house, timber and water; adjoining town of Table Rock. Price $3,100. Terms made known on application.

No. 26. One of the finest of stock farms of 360 acres, 4 miles from town; timber and water good buildings of all kinds. $27 per acre. Terms made known on application.

No. 32. 280 acres, good house, 20 acres under plow, some hedge, small orchard, pasture fenced, well watered; everything convenient, 6 m from Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $4,400, easy terms.

No. 34. Well improved farm of 105 acres mostly bottom land; good buildings, bearing orchard, 2 miles from Table Rock. Price $3,200, terms to suit purchaser.

No. 37. 120 acres rough land one and a half miles from Table Rock; easy terms; $1,050.

No. 39. Fine farm of 160 acres, well improved, good buildings, 4 miles north of Pawnee City, $4,000, half cash, balance at 8 per cent.

No. 44. 320 acres, small house, 70 acres broke, 50 acres pasture, wells, sheds, and other improvements; 7 miles from Pawnee City, 6 from Humboldt, and 5 from Table Rock. Price $2,500, easy terms and low rate of interest.

No. 46. 20 acres timber land two miles from Table Rock; $350, half cash, balance 1 year.

No. 50. 320 acres 1 mile from Burchard, 25 acres broke; $12.50 per acre; one-eighth cash; balance easy terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 51. 160 acres well improved, good buildings; two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City, $3,000; $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 52. 30 acres, with wood lot, 3 m from Table Rock; house and considerable improvements $1,000 cash.

No. 54. Fine Quarter Section; four miles west of town, hedged, small house; Price $3000 one half Cash, balance on time to suit.

No. 55. Fine improved farm of 160 acres, four and one-half miles S. W. of Pawnee City; Price $2100.

No. 56. 160 acres; house with basement 16x24, addition 12x12; well improved, orchard, mostly bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 8 miles from Elk. Price, $4,000, $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 60. 120 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $15 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 63. 80 acres, with land 3 miles west of Sterling. Price $350 cash.

No. 69. Fine well improved farm of 240 acres in Rooks County Kansas, to trade for property in the vicinity of Table Rock, a great bargain offered.

No. 70. Fine large house, near the Depot, for sale or to trade for land. Suitable for a Boarding House or a Hotel. Terms made known on application.

No. 72. 4 Lots in Block adjoining Public Square. $50 per Lot.

No. 73. Fine well improved 80; 4½ miles North-East of Pawnee City; choice land. $3000

No. 74. House and Lot near M. E. Parsonage. $500

No. 76. Business Lot on the Square, with small Building thereon. $175

No. 77. Large House, good as new and in good repair; good out-buildings, with 5 Lots. $800

No. 29. Fine House, with 3 Lots, in Peck's Addition. $800

No. 43. 70 acres adjoining town; House, Orchard, Hedge. If sold soon. $650

No. 41. Well improved farm of 160 acres, with good buildings, bearing Orchard, Well, 3 miles North-East of Pawnee City. $2,000

No. 64. Large House, with 7 Lots, 1 Block from Public Square, Table Rock. $1,000

No. 66. New House and 5 acres Land, with Half Interest in Flouring Mills (3 runs of Burr.) 1 mile from Table Rock Depot. [For Sale or Trade.] $5000

No. 42. Farm of 320 acres, to rent for Season of 1893. Large House. Pasture of 50 acres, 150 acres under plow, large amount of Grass Land; 3 miles from Table Rock. Cash rent, $500

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Always refer to the number of the land as given.

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No. 5. A good farm of 160 acres, 2½ miles from Table Rock; 80 acres under cultivation, balance pasture, Small House, good water, hedgerows broken. Wire fence on one side. Some peach and apple trees. $3,500 terms easy.

No. 8. A farm of 160 acres, 6 miles west of Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City. 30 acres broken, small House, pure water running stream on North East corner. $1700, part cash, balance easy payments.

No. 9. A farm of 120 acres 2 miles North-West of Table Rock, all under cultivation; good House, barn and cornerib; splendid spring water. $3000, half cash, balance easy payments.

No. 10. 80 acres 1 mile from town, 55 under cultivation; running stream on north side. Price and terms made known on application.

No. 11. 360 acres, 4 miles from Table Rock, 5½ from Pawnee City. Good house, good water, good stable and granary. An 80 acre pasture all fenced, a running stream through the whole farm just in the right place. Plenty of good timber; a rare chance for any one wanting a stock or grain farm. $27 per acre, easy terms.

No. 12. A good house in Table Rock, with 5 rooms and cellar, first-rate well, good stable, and 2 lots, 100 feet front by 160 deep; a nice little home. Price $600.

No. 13. A good House in Table Rock; over 4 acres of land 50 peach trees 50 apple trees some cherry trees some small fruits and every thing handy. A fine stable on the place. $1300.

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No. 17. A half interest in a good paying livery business; New Barn, good horses, buggies and harness, every thing handy. A first rate offer, will be sold cheap.

FOR RENT.—A business room 20 x 36, with cellar and shed, one of the best buildings on Main Street.

When corresponding always give number of land.

DON'T BE AFRAID TO WRITE; I WILL CHEERFULLY ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS WITHIN MY POWER.

☞ Persons having lands to sell or rent will find it to their advantage to correspond with me.

OFFICE IN POST OFFICE BUILDING

WILL L. SCISM,
Real Estate Agent,
TABLE ROCK, NEB.

A DECIDED SUPERIORITY

WHICH TABLE ROCK ASSERTS, OVER OTHER TOWNS.

OF INTEREST TO CAPITALISTS or Those Wishing to Locate in Lucrative Business Pursuits.

The heaviest dealer in general merchandise at Wymore, has failed, and it is reported on pretty authentic authority that commercial men fight shy of that once prospective metropolis, not caring to sell goods to its business men. The trouble is that the town is about 20 years in advance of the surrounding country, and from the start its business men have been principally engaged in a game of freeze-out. In speaking of Wymore in these columns some time ago, we said that we regarded its remarkable growth as purely mushroom, and we prophesied that the numerous representatives of every branch of trade who gobbled up corner lots and invested their all there, in the visionary hope of reaping a golden harvest when "the mountain came to Mohomet", or in other words, when the hosts of the world encamped on the fertile valleys and plains which lie over against the Little Blue and the Otoe Reservation and surround the Future Great,—we say we prophesied that they would fail to realize their expectations. We lay no claims to inspiration, but we are seeing the truth of our prediction verified as regards Wymore. A town or city can not be wholy built by a railroad. If for a brief time, brilliant prospects boom it along at a great rate, and carry it far in advance of the surrounding territory from which it can command patronage, the reaction is bound to set in sooner or later. Except in towns or cities where manufacturing or other local interests of a like nature make it self sustaining, there must always be a substantial and unfailing support to be relied upon, and this support must come from the inhabitants of the surrounding country. It is upon these grounds that we claim for Table Rock decided inducements to capitalists to locate and invest here, over and above those offered by neighboring towns. Our country is unquestionably far in advance of our town. The tenantry of the soil is established, and by a progressive and intelligent class of sturdy and successful farmers and stockraisers whose support is as good as that of a bank with unlimited capital. Then, secondarily, we point to our prospects as a Junction and division terminus on two lines of railroads. The evidence that we are to secure this important distinction is not positive, but is of a nature that will justify one in considering it in their calculations. But in any event there is our surrounding territory to depend upon, and being superior to its source of supply, it insures a substantial support to all acquisitions that are added to the town.

Exchange: The farmer's hired man ought to be about the happiest wage worker going. As a rule he is just as good a man as the boss himself and sometimes a little better. He is an honored guest at the family table, has the best and strongest food, because the good lady says he works hard; his clothes are mended; he goes to meeting on Sunday with the family, dresses as good as any of them, his expenses are light and he saves his money, marries the farmer's daughter, and soon becomes just as rich as his neighbor. With him there are no shutting down of the works, no strikes, no dozen saloons between the field and dinner and there are no boiler explosions, no red hot metals, no caving of mines, no gases, and no cinders to fall on his head, nothing to kill him but booking cows, kicking horses, and revolving horse rakes. He ought to be happy.

An exchange says that everlasting fence posts can be made by thoroughly coating the wood with boiling linseed oil in which pulverized charcoal has been stirred until it is of the consistency of paint.

A gentleman from Sabetha is talking of building another elevator here. We don't know any thing about the business, but believe that where elevators come in competition with each other, farmers get from 3 to 5 cents more per bushel for their corn.—Pawnee Republican.

Potatoes require a rich loamy, sandy soil and not too wet or dry. Land should be plowed in the fall, then again lightly in the spring. Weeds are the worst of robbers and should be kept out of the growing crop. Two eyes to the hill is said to be better than more. The slice of the tuber should be large enough to furnish nutriment to the young plant.

Mr. J. L. Linn, the head of the firm of Linn & Cooper at this place, called on us Thursday and emphatically requested us to correct an error we made last week in regard to the grain buyers having to stop buying corn on account of scarcity of cars. Mr. Linn says they have abundance of room yet, and do not anticipate any inconvenience from the above source. From the above it seems that an elevator is not the biggest thing in the world, after all, though we've been led to this belief by one-horse papers who are contiually puffing one-horse towns.

A new swindle is being unearthed by the press. The game has heretofore been confined to the cities, but it now finds fresh victims in the country. A couple of slick gents traverse the country claiming to be general agents for some detective association. What they claim is to seek an agent in every town to work for them as detectives. The verdant youth filled with yellow backed detective stories, gladly pays $5 for the privilege of being a real detective. Such persons are frauds and the association a myth and you want to give them the go by.—Central City Nonpareil.

The report which reached us, and which we published last week, concerning the cause of the death of Mr. Osborne's cattle, was probably erroneous. Great interest is taken in the matter by the stock growers of the country, and most of those who have examined the dead animals are inclined to think that their death is the result of something found in the stalk field from which they have been feeding, or of the coarse slough grass hay fed them. Twenty in all have died, and several others are affected and will probably die. Mr. Osborne's dog died in a fit a few days previous to the death of the cattle, and this gave rise to the hydrophobia theory. We do not think there is cause for alarm among cattle owners.

The editor of the American Farmer describes a telephone wire, 200 yards long, that he constructed at a cost of 45 cents. All that is required is the wire and two cigar boxes. Select your boxes and make a hole about a half an inch in diameter in the center of the bottom of each, and then place one in each of the houses you wish to connect, then get five pounds of common stove pipe wire, make a loop in one end and put it through the hole in your cigar box, and fasten it with a nail; then draw it tight [illegible] other box, supporting it, when [illegible] with a stout cord. You can easily run your line into the house by boring a hole through the glass. Support your boxes with slats nailed across the window, and your telephone is complete. He says this telephone will carry music as the organ is played thirty feet from the mouthpiece. It will not be surprising if, within a few years, private houses are quite generally connected by telephone. The benefits and convenience of its use in this way would be many, as any one will admit on reflection.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

HARRISON & JONES, Publishers.

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

NEBRASKA ITEMS.

Ord is moving for a cemetery association.

The editor of the Auburn Post is chief templar of the I. O. G. T. at that place.

The new bridge north of Greenwood is now nearly completed, and is said to be a fine one.

The Elkhorn is to bridged at Clearwater at a cost of $2,050.

Fullerton Journal:—Several foreign parties are contemplating coming here to start in the grocery business. Come ahead, gentlemen! you will find plenty of room—but the trade we cannot warrant, as there are now about two such establishments to each family in town.

The Custer county treasurer has put in a 4,000 pound safe in his office at Broken Bow.

A "donation" at Waterloo netted $75; the mills there handle 100 loads per day.

An extended discussion of infant baptism is running in the Wilber Opposition; the last article occupies nearly the whole first page.

Ainsworth has a hot county seat fight on its hands.

The Loup City Times speaks well of the dead sheriff. He was an efficient officer, and universally liked. The woman was old enough to be his mother. "He loved," says the Times, "not wisely but too well."

The newly appointed postmaster at Austin failed to give bonds and the office was merged in the one at Loup City.

One of the old settlers of the country died last week at Hardy—a lady ninety-two years of age.

Otoe county has sent fifty children to the state reform school.

Plattsmouth people are agitating the question of establishing a large flouring mill at that point.

Rev. Brockway, the Methodist presiding elder of the Hastings district, has just resigned his position, in order that he may go and study medicine.

Messrs. Balding, Blewett, Morris and Frank Lane, of Fremont, have sold their sheep, aggregating about 17,000, to Hollis and Mayo, of Boston, to be delivered during March, at $5 per head here. They are to be shipped direct to Boston. This is one of the largest deals ever made in this section.

Plattsmouth was the scene on Saturday of a twenty-five or thirty thousand dollar fire. A number of families were left house less and homeless, and some almost penniless. A subscription of over $300 was raised at once for the sufferers. No water could be got and the buildings were so light and dry that comparatively few goods could be removed. One family, Mrs. Hobbs and daughters barely escaped in their night clothes. No persons severely injured, no lives lost, and less property destroyed than at first would seem possible.

Forty-nine names were enrolled on the Hampton school records the past term.

Coincidence: Both Manderson and Van Wyck were elected on the 17th ballot.—Central City Nonpareil.

Mr. John Briggs, of Franklin, built a fire in his stove and went to sleep; when he woke the house was in flames. He saved his wife and children, wrapped in the bedclothing. His neighbors contributed to his relief.

James Munson, while boring a well on a farm near Rickman, at a depth of 80 feet struck a vein that spouted four feet above the surface and is still flowing.

The Academy of Music, Omaha, has been closed up.

Small pox has caused seven deaths in the vicinity of Blair, with more to come.

Fremont makes its city prisoners shovel now.

There are 30,000 bushels of corn at Elk Creek, to ship which no cars can be got.

Omaha men are to start a wagon factory at Wahoo.

The annual meeting of the state teachers' association will be held at Columbus in March.

About forty applicants for pensions attended the recent session of the examiners at Hastings.

The recent Catholic fair at Tecumseh cleared about $1,100. The contest for a gold-headed cane realized over $400.

The petition being circulated at Superior to raise money to build a Presbyterian church is meeting with success.

A Bohemian named Praha, living near O'Neill, was frozen to death while on a recent begging tour, by which means he obtained a living.

It is estimated that the present number of cattle in Nebraska will reach as high as 500,000.

Eastern cities are sending to Nebraska for buffalo bones. There are very few here now, and there will be none as soon as a few more quarters are plowed. Bones are worth $25 per ton.—[Omaha Herald.

Gen. O. O. Howard, commanding the department of the Platte, is delivering addresses through the state under Congregational auspices.

A picture of Senator-elect Manderson is soon to embellish a page of Harper's Weekly.

A drunkard said he only was out of his teens; he, of course, meant his canteens.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

GENERAL.

Litta, prima donna, is quite ill at Grinnell, Iowa.

The Brookly Union Argus has been sold, and it is the belief that Thomas Kinsella is the purchaser.

Ex-U. S. Marshal Upshur has been confirmed as warden of the Massachusetts state prison, vice Earl removed.

It is stated that Parnell, Sexton and probably Egan, of the Irish land league will visit the United States in March.

The Massachusetts senate, 19 to 12, adopted a resolution providing for biennial elections and biennial sessions of the legislature.

J. G. Petrie & Co's. straw hat and bonnet factory at Cleveland, O., burned. Loss estimated at $25,000; insurance 18,000.

It is stated one St. Louis firm has paid the government $7,000 duties on goods, brought from Paris on which customs were evaded. Also that other firms will refund heavily.

The extensive wardrobe of Edwin Forrest was sold at auction in Philadelphia. There was a marked absence of the theatrical profession. The prices realised were small.

Two committees have been appointed on behalf of the Chicago board of trade and call board to collect and forward money and materials for the relief of sufferers by the Ohio river overflow.

Fire Wednesday night at Defiance, Ohio, damaged Flykinger & Blair, and F. A. Blowk $20,000.

Booth's Theatre, New York, has been sold to Jos. D. Fish, president of the Marine bank, for $55,000.

A large part of the village of Swartze Creek, Mich., was burned Tuesday. Loss, $12,000; insurance, $4,000.

The relief committees of the Chicago board of trade have raised $4,000 for the relief of the Ohio flood sufferers.

A Bayfield, Wis., special says the county court house there was burned with valuable papers. Most of the records were saved. Loss, $15,000; insurance, $3,000.

A bill has been introduced in the Missouri legislature to suppress pool-selling.

This is Mrs. Langtry's week in Cincinnati, and it is an unlucky one. Gebbardt is with her.

John Douglas, an old pioneer, was frozen to death lately in his cabin near Butte, Montana.

Rev. Mr. Bjerring, rector of the church in New York, has renounced his former faith and become a Presbyterian, joining Dr. Howard Crosby's church.

At Louisville, Ky., Jno. Harper and two companions out in a skiff overturned the skiff. Harper was drowned. His companions were rescued after extreme difficulty.

A Rock Island dummy backed into a freight train on the Eastern Indiana road standing on the track at Stoney Island and a terrible wreck resulted. Several thousand dollars' worth of property was destroyed. All passengers were well shaken up and the fireman of the Rock Island was fatally hurt and died soon after.

A freight train on the Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway fell through a trestle at Raccoon. The engineer and a colored brakeman were killed. Two passengers were seriously injured.

The smoker and locomotive jumped the track on the Pittsburg and Western railway near Ætna, Ohio. The engineer and fireman were fatally injured.

At Wallingford, Conn., W. Meyer, Willie Howe and Alice Franks, were killed, and Alice Wattrous seriously injured. Their sleigh was struck by a locomotive.

Four small children of Michael McDonald at Brackett, Texas, were burned in their beds from the explosion of a lamp, left burning by the mother for the return of four daughters at a ball.

CRIME.

At West Chester, Ohio, Benjamin Ripley, while laboring under a fit of insanity, entered a room where his cousin, Nathan Baer, was sleeping, and drawing a penknife, cut his head almost completely from its shoulders. Baer, the murdered man, was visiting Ripley. His home is some place in Nebraska. Ripley was at once taken in charge and it is said, is now crazy.

At St. Louis Matt Lewis, colored, was found guilty of murder in the first degree, for killing his wife. This was the fifth trial. Sentence was deferred.

Two boys named Swan Horffsen and Albert Weilber, quarrelled at Minneapolis, when Horffsen drew a pocket knife and stabbed Weilber to the heart, killing him instantly. Neither of the boys is 12 years old. Horffsen was arrested.

In a free fight of four men, two on each side, for possession of an old log house at Graham, Texas, one was killed and the others wounded. Revolvers, shotguns and Winchester rifles were the weapons.

A Chicago coroner's jury found August Gerhardy innocent in shooting Anthony Kazbuwaske, the sandbagger, and considered his shooting highly creditable.

James Brown, in a letter in a Milwaukee paper, claims to have murdered John Hessler at Westfield, Wis. Fred Fenner was arrested for the crime, and Brown asks to have him released, although he is himself beyond reach.

George Sheldon, son of a judge of the superior court at Buffalo, N. Y., has been detected in forging deeds to property, making himself the grantee, putting them on record, and then borrowing money on them. He obtained $1,900 in this way, and was on the point of getting $1,500 more when detected. He ran off to the west.

Francis Wardell, the Detroit pension agent, guilty of forgery, was sentenced to four years in the house of correction.

A plot to break the county jail was frustrated at Cleveland. When let out for water the prisoners put dummies in their beds and bunked with other prisoners so that they could get out of the cells.

While on a train near Pittsburg, John Kavanaugh, aged 21, quarrelled with a brakeman, wounded him, and shot and killed Conrad Reinmick, who was standing in the aisle. Kavanaugh was jealous of the brakeman.

WASHINGTON.

Republican senators in caucus decided to sustain the programme previously agreed on by the caucus committee, and a joint conference is asked for with the house, in hopes of reaching final action on the bill. It was admitted the situation is complicated.

The secretary of the interior transmitted to congress a request for an appropriation of $848,000 to supply with oxen and cows 2,680 families of Sioux Indians who have gone to farming at various agencies, in accordance with the stipulations of the treaty of 1868.

The president has nominated Arthur L. Thomas, of Pennsylvania, for secretary of Utah territory.

The department of agriculture reports the results of statistical returns relating to the comparative quantity of the present cotton crop. As the whole season was unusually favorable, the returns are nearly unanimous in declaring the staple longer than usual, whiter and comparatively free from trash.

The District of Columbia appropriation bill, just reported, provides for an appropriation of $3,270,000. The aggregate of the bill is $145,000 less than the bill of last year.

Secretary Folger is suffering from malaria and an attack of indigestion. He has had chills, each accompanied by slight fever. He is weak and confined to his bed, but his condition is not regarded at all serious.

Gen. Bingham has introduced a bill in the house to readjust salaries of postmasters under the 2 cent postal law. It proposes that salaries of postmasters of the first class shall be graduated from $3,000 to $6,000, as the receipts of their office vary from $4,000 to $100,000; second class salaries range from $2,000 to $3,900, and receipts vary from $10,000 to $40,000; third class salaries from $1,000 to $1,900, as receipts vary from $2,000 to $10,000. The fourth class will be fixed upon a basis of box rents and cancelled stamps and stamps sold.

FOREIGN.

Sentence has been confirmed of two months' imprisonment of Harrington, secretary of [illegible] central committee of the Irish national league, for using intimidating language.

NUBIA.

It is announced that a revolt has broken out in the province of Dougola, upper Nubia.

TURKEY.

It is stated Count Corti, Italian ambassador to Turkey, has been instructed to ask satisfaction for renewed insults to Italian officials in Tripoli.

GERMANY.

Emperor William has personally devoted much attention to settling the difficulty in regard to the Danes in Schleswig-Holstein. Negotiations have been opened for a convention on the question.

At conclusion of their evidence before the court of inquiry at Hamburg concerning the Cimbria disaster, Captain Cattell and First Officer Brillard, of the steamer Sultan, were allowed to go free.

FRANCE.

French advices say De Freycinet had an interview with President Grevy who will probably consult with the presidents of the senate and chamber of deputies. Failieres remain some days as president of the council. Replying to a deputation of merchants representing 2,000,000 francs capital, President Grevy promised to endeavor to relieve commerce from the results of frequent crisis.

ENGLAND.

Parliament reassembled Thursday. The queen in her speech opening the session refers to the maintenance of good relations with foreign powers. Referring to the restoration of peace in Egypt, she says the withdrawal of British troops is proceeding as expeditiously as prudent consideration of circumstances admits; the reconstruction of the government of Egypt, under the khedive has been partly accomplished and continues to receive her earnest attention. She has submitted to the sultan and powers for their friendly consideration, arrangements which appeared to her best fitted to insure the stability of the khedive's government, prosperity and happiness of the Egyptians, security of the canal and peace of eastern Europe. Her policy has been and will be directed to those objects, and she relies upon its just appreciation by other countries.

Referring to Zululand she says that the possibility of a renewal of disorder there has engaged her attention. She hopes that the restoration of Cetawayo will lead to the establishment of a more stable government and maintenance of good relations between the Zulu nation and Cape Colony.

ENGLAND.

A diving bell and heavier dredges than heretofore employed are to be used in the search for the knives of the assassins now undergoing examination.

GERMANY.

The Imperial Bank of Germany will shortly open a clearing house similar to that in London.

ITALY.

The body of Wagner has been embalmed. No religious ceremony will be held in Venice, the family having declined such services.

GERMANY.

Five hundred and eighty-eight thousand marks have been received at Berlin from the United States for the relief of flood sufferers.

ENGLAND.

The steamboat India, from Philadelphia, lost one man and had five injured on her voyage. The Sandinavian, from Boston, lost a boat, boatswain and seven head of cattle.

Goode, who assaulted the queen in 1837, died at London in Broadmoor asylum.

RUSSIA.

Prince Gortschakoff is rumored dying.

GERMANY.

It is proposed that instead of a monument to Wagner, a fund be collected to maintain the Wagner theatre at Bayreuth.

SPAIN.

The election of members of the council chamber of Spain on the oath bill resulted entirely in favor of government.

MADAGASCAR.

By the latest mail from Madagascar it is learned that the French flag is flying on the northeast coast. Owing to the fact that the natives are much irritated the prime minister has begged the foreign residents of Tamatave not to venture to the interior. Warlike preparations are proceeding at Tamatave.

NEBRASKA INSTITUTIONS.

The following is the report of the house committee, after examining the various public institutions of Nebraska.

Your committee on public lands and buildings in accordance with a resolution of this house, has visited the several state institutions and now beg leave to submit the following report:

The committee has found the insane asylum in good condition and aside from the much needed plastering, in some portions of the building, in little need of further repairs. A building for a boiler house is a needed improvement at this institution, and your commissioner suggests, when the financial condition of the state will permit, an appropriation be made for the purpose of supplying this want.

The penitentiary was found in need of many repairs, the interior of the main buildings of said institution being in a bad and disordered condition. You can suggest a liberal appropriation should the same be necessary for the purpose of placing the same in a proper and acceptable condition. A system of water works is a much needed improvement of this institution, the supply at the present wants. An appropriation for the same is recommended.

The state university building was found in a good condition, aside from roofing and painting in need of no further repairs. Your committee recommends an appropriation for the above mentioned repairs, as the same are deemed necessary for the future preservation of the building.

The deaf and dumb institute is in good repair, and in need of no further expenditure. A boiler house is a needed improvement, there being at the present time no building that can be converted into that use. An appropriation is recommended at an early day to meet this want.

The reform school is in need of additional buildings, the present buildings being insufficient for the wants of the institution, and your committee suggests that a liberal appropriation in this direction would be advantageous and beneficial to the people of this state.

The home for the friendless has also been visited by this committee, and they find the money already appropriated by the state wisely and judiciously expended in well constructed buildings and permanent improvements.

MASSACHUSETTS PRISONS.

Mr. Burnham Wardell Tells of the Cruelties That he Saw in Them.

"In my twenty-two years' residence in Virginia, a slave state, I never saw anything more cruel or devilish than what I saw in the prisons of Massachusetts," said Burnham Wardell. Continuing, he said that sixteen men had been driven incurably insane in one year by torture. Prisoners had been strapped in their cells for fourteen days at a stretch, with insufficient food. Much of the inhumanity practised was attributable to the contract system of labor. Only last week a man had been taken out of a penitentiary who had cut off a hand with an axe to escape work that was to hard for him. "The year last passed," continued Mr. Wardell, "has been the happiest of my life, because I have visited more prisons, penitentiaries, insane asylums, and almshouses than I have in any five years. No cell can be dug so deep as to separate a man or woman from the love of God."

Mr. Wardell thought that the meanest thing in New England was a poor-house coffin, that required two men to carry it in order to hold it together. Referring to the Gubernatorial election in Massachusetts, he said it was the most religious one of which he had any knowledge. Benjamin F. Butler was taking a step in the right direction, as his inaugural showed. Three things were, the speaker through, necessary to make a man of a convict—washing, feeding, and praying. It was impossible to make a hungry man good.

One Experience From Many.

I have been sick and miserable so long and had caused my husband so much trouble and expense, no one seemed to know what ailed me, that I was completely disheartened and discouraged. In this frame of mind I got a bottle of Hop Bitters and used them unknown to my family. I soon began to improve and gained so fast that my husband and family thought it strange and unnatural, but when I told them what had helped me, they said, "Hurrah for Hop Bitters! long may they prosper, for they have made mother well and us happy."—The Mother.

THE FLOODS.

AT CINCINNATI.

A shocking disaster is reported by telephone from the western part of the city. Both passenger and freight depots of the Cincinnati Southern railroad were undermined and fell into the surrounding water, carrying with them a hundred or more people. The depots were one story frame structures, resting on McLean avenue, which was almost covered with water on both sides. They fell into water from thirty to fifty feet deep. The earth has become so soaked as to melt, and the catastrophe was further hastened by the breaking of a sewer, which sent a current along the bank. Crowds of people have been in the vicinity looking at the floods. It is supposed there are many victims.

Within half an hour of the receipt of the request from Cincinnati for aid, a bill was introduced and passed in the senate at Columbus, authorizing the city to borrow $100,000 and the bill sent to the house.

Business is neglected. The chamber of commerce is raising a relief fund. Large amounts are being subscribed. The common council recommend an appropriation of $75,000 and ask the legislature for aid.

The situation is alarming, and it would require the publication of the greater part of the city directory to give the names of the business men, particularly in the tobacco, produce, grain, commission, whisky, and all kinds of manufacturing interests, whose business is wholly suspended, and many of whom also lose goods manufactured. All lose heavily in damage to machinery and stock aside from the loss of time. More than a thousand business firms and manufacturers are thus prostrated, yet business men are not disheartened. For two days they have poured into the fund for relief of suffering among that much greater class, the poor, who are driven from their homes.

The river has now been at 66.25 feet for some time. This shows no rise and gives hope that there may be no further rise. The work of relief goes on with energy. Not only is the general committee, representing the chamber of commerce and common council, disbursing aid with a liberal hand, but the Masonic relief organization is doing fine work, having called on volunteers to act as oarsmen for their boats which have been received for Cleveland, Sandusky and Toledo.

AT LOUISVILLE.

Business is suspended on account of the flood. The mayor is liberally feeding sufferers. The board of trade has given $500, and promises more. The German flood sufferers fund has been diverted to the homeless. The disaster is the greatest ever in this city. Nearly a square mile territory is submerged within the limits of the city. From 5,000 to 8,000 people are driven from their homes. There has been loss of life also. It is impossible to say how great. The entire northeastern corner is a picture of utter destruction, thirty-five squares being under water. The whole point is submerged. The country beyond the cut-off, comprising one hundred and fifty houses, known as Bowlsville, is flooded. Half of Portland and all of the shipping part are in waves. The outlook is appalling, and thousands of spectators are viewing the situation. The houses are mostly frail cottages. Overturned buildings are crushed to pieces, and perhaps one-third of them have disappeared. In the river are seen drifting timbers, sash, doors and a confused mass of household goods. Mothers were awakened at night and rushed through the waters with their babes held aloft. The sick were carried in skiffs to safety, and some climbed trees. The river is still rising at the rate of an inch per hour. It is now over thirty-nine feet. At Portland one thousand houses are under water.

AT NEW ALBANY.

The loss by the flood here is not less than a quarter of a million. No lives were lost. Families suffer greatly, many losing their entire crops. Six hundred families are homeless, and many destitute. Manufactories are stopped.

FROM INDIANAPOLIS.

A meeting was held at the board of trade, and subscriptions for the sufferers at Lawrenceburg taken. car load of cooked meats, bread, crackers and other provisions, started at six o'clock by special train for Lawrenceburg.

The Ohio is still rising at Madison at the rate of an inch an hour. Hundreds of families are compelled to leave their homes. The city is in total darkness. The gas works are submerged.

AT MILTON.

Milton, Kentucky, opposite Madison, entirely covered by water. Several buildings have floated off, including a warehouse belonging to Ben Morris, Coneday's wagon factory and other buildings.

AT JEFFERSONVILLE.

At Jeffersonville a large part of the city is inundated. Hundreds of families are homeless and destitute. The gas works are flooded. Lights are out.

AT LAWRENCEBURG.

Lawrenceburg is entirely flooded. Some of the houses to the second floor. The entire village of Hardentown is covered. Some of the people had to abandon their houses entirely.

The committees sent to Lawrenceburg from Indianapolis report that the suffering was increasing and more assistance would be needed immediately. Another carload of provisions, with delicacies for the sick, will go by special train. E. G. Burkham, of New York, sends $1,000 to the Lawrenceburg relief.

☞"Mean people take advantage of their neighbor's difficulties to annoy them." Mean diseases, such as piles, rheumatism, constipation, dyspepsia, malaria, lame backs, etc., take advantage of people's exposures and attack them. It is then that Kidney-Wort appears on the field and by its timely agency puts to rout this flock of evil ailments. It is a friend in need and therefore a friend indeed.

THE FRONT GATE.

An old and crippled gate am I,
And twenty years have passed
Since I was swung up high and dry
Betwixt these posts so fast.
And now I've grown so powerful weak—
Despised by man and beast—
I'm scarcely strong enough to squeak,
Although I'm never greased.

'Twas twenty years ago, I say,
When Mr. Enos White
Came kind of hanging round my way
'Most every other night;
He hurg upon my starboard side
And she upon the tother—
'Till Susan Smith became his bride
And in due time a mother.

I groaned intensely when I heard—
Despite I am no churl—
My doom breathed in a single word—
The baby was a girl!
And as she grew, and grew, and grew
I loud bemoaned my fate—
For she was very fair to view,
And I—I was the gate!

Then in due time a lover came,
Betokening my ruin—
A dapper fellow, Brown by name,
The grown up baby wooin'!
They swung upon me in the gloam,
And talked of moon and star—
They're married now, and live at home
Along with ma and pa.

My lot was happy for a year—
No courting; night or day—
I had no thought, I no fear
Bad luck would come my way.
But, oh! this morning—rave the mark!
There came a wild surprise;
A shadow flitted—grim and dark—
Across my sunny skies.

A doctor with a knowing smile—
A nurse with face serene—
A bustle in the house the while—
Great Scot! What can it mean?
My hinges ache—my lock is weak—
My pickets are a whirl—
I hear that awful doctor speak—
It is another girl!

Resources of Nebraska.

State Democrat.

J. T. Allan, of Nebraska, outlined the cattle resources of the west. The wonderful progress of Nebraska and, in fact, the whole north west during the past decade was instanced: 40,000,000 more bushels of corn having been raised this year than last from one state alone. The vast extent of grazing lands west of the Missouri is estimated at 1,000,000,000 acres capable of supporting 5,000,000 cattle and 10,000,000 sheep, with yearly exports of 950,000 cattle, 1,500,000 sheep. Valuable and increasing immigration is the best evidence of the high regard in which this country is held. To-day there is a march of skilled agriculturists westward. Educational facilities are improving in proportion to the increase of population, and are relatively second to those of no other state in the union. The reasons for the dearness of meat which was felt as severely at 15 cents in Nebraska as at 30 cents in New York, was by the cause of the great increase of consumers. The west is feeding the world, and the supply is not equal to the ever-increasing demand. Prices will continue high until the meat producing prairies of the west are dotted over with trebled and quadrupled herds of cattle. Then only will we have the cheap meat we used to find in the pork barrels of our daddies. The American, wherever he is, will always demand the best of beef, and only the influx of men and capital to the western cattle-raising region will give them this at reasonable rates.

The fact that a steer weighing 1,200 pounds can be grown for $6, and put on the market at the total cost of $14, has nothing to do with the consumers. The demand allows the producer to ask any price which the consumer is bound to pay. The pork, the mutton and the wool industries were touched upon, and Nebraska held up as the garden spot of the world for the product of the most marketable articles. The quality of the grass was also enlarged upon at some length. The shipping of meat in refrigerator cars was discussed favorably, the speaker holding that it would revolutionize the cattle industry. Dairying, too, he regarded as the future great industry of the west. If there existed profit in it on dear lands in the east, how much more profitable would it be to carry on cheap western lands.

The Bible.

Critic.

Translated in all languages, how it has united this diverse world! Of civilized lands to-day, whose retrospects has it not interwoven and linked and permeated? Not only does it bring us what is clasped within its covers; nay, that is the least of what it brings. Of its thousands, there is not a verse, not a word, but is thick and studded with human emotions, successions of fathers and sons, mothers and daughters, of our own antecedents, inseparable from that background of us, on which phantasmal as it is, all that we are to-day inevitably depends—our ancestry, our past.

Strange, but true, that the principal factor in cohering the nations, eras and paradoxes of the globe, by giving them a common platform of two or three great ideas, a commonalty of origin, and projecting cosmic brotherhood, the dream of all hope, all time—that the long trains, gestations, attempts and failures, resulting in the New World, and in modern solidarity and politics—are to be identified, and resolved back into a collection of old poetic lore, which more than any one thing else, has been the axis of civilization and history through thousands of years—and except for which this America of ours, with its policy and essentials, could not now be existing.

No true bard will ever contravene the Bible. Coming steadily down from the past, like a ship, through all perturbations, all ebbs and flows, all time, it is to-day his art's chief reason for being.

Sending Threatening Letters.

London Graphic.

The mania for sending threatening letters to great personages may possibly be somewhat checked by the severe sentence of ten years' penal servitude passed by Mr. Justice Hawkins on William Brookshaw, convicted at the Central criminal court last Tuesday, of sending a threatening letter to the Prince of Wales. The letter demand the sum of £10 to enable the writer to go to a colony, and threatened if the money were not sent "to camp upon the prince's track, and serve him worse than Lord F. Cavendish was served." The writing was clearly shown to be the prisoner's, and the paper bore the stamp of the St. George's Union, of which he was at that time an inmate, though he discharged himself on the 9th of October, when the letter was received, and returned again on the evening of the 11th. In passing sentence, the judge told the prisoner that he might think himself fortunate he had not been indicted on the charge of attempting to extort money, for in that case the sentence would have been penal servitude for life.

The Castle at Marseilles.

The history of the castle at Marseilles which the ex-Empress Eugenie is anxious to return to that municipality, is as follows:

Some years before the fall of the empire the municipality presented to Napoleon III. a large piece of land near the harbor. The emperor accepted the gift, levelled the ground, planted trees, and erected a spacious palace, which was barely finished when the downfall occurred at Sedan. Ten years later the municipality put in a claim, not only to ground, but to the palace. The ex-empress successfully resisted the claim in the courts, and then offered to give the property back to Marseilles, which then refused to accept it. The whole property is valued at $600,000.

A Well-Limited Hope.

Cardinal Manning.

I hope that every baker may bake and sell more and more bread as long as he lives; I hope that every clothier may sell more yards of broadcloth and make more coats every year that passes over his head. I hope that every farmer may sell more wheat. I won't say that every Kentish farmer may sell more hops. But I cannot say in my heart and conscience that I hope the brewer will brew more beer or the distillers distill more spirits or the publicans sell more of both. There is a limit to my good wishes. I wish that all trades may prosper except one. The prosperity that I wish to that one trade is that it should cease.

Mercantile Statistics.

Texas Siftings.

"If you want some nice fresh butter, I've just received a lot from the country," said an Austin grocer to Col. Samuelson, who does not know much about book-keeping.

"I can't trade with you," was the reply, "until you give up keeping books by the double entry system."

"You may not do it on purpose, but you do it all the same. When I buy a pound of butter, you charge me up two pounds; or if you charge me with only one pound, you only send me half a pound. I can't afford to buy groceries from a man who believes in the double entry system or book-keeping."

Motives for Marrying.

Goethe said he married to obtain respectability. Wilkes declared he wedded to please his friends. Wycherly, in his old age, took his servant girl to wife, to spite his relations. The Russians have the story of a widow who was so inconsolable for the loss of her husband that she took another to keep her from fretting herself to death, and there is an Irishman who declares he would never have taken a second wife, but having a chance to marry a Protestant girl, he just took her to save her soul.

A Little Story.

Lincoln Journal.

"Two quarts of Sunday drug store whisky. No prescription. Four printers drunk on it. All in calaboose. Discharged from situations. Go on a bum. One shoots a man. In jail. Fair prospects for term in pen. Net profit to druggist, 60 cents. Occurred in Lincoln. No prosecution. No backbone. No moral.

In 1881 18,6 0 persons were killed by snakes in India, and 2,757 by wild animals; 43,609 head of cattle were destroyed by snakes and wild animals during the same year; 254,368 snakes and 15,274 wild animals were destroyed, and 102,810 rupees were paid by government in rewards for their destruction.

PROSERITY PROMISED.

Foundation Facts, That Show Which Way the Wind Blows.

The Farmers Will Plant Much Corn the Coming Season.

The Great Haworth Check-Rower Manufactory Running to Its Fullest Capacity.

Why and how the demand for Haworth's check-rowers affords any information as to the general condition or prospects of the country, is a pertinent question; particularly at this time when there is an earnest desire on the part of the public to know just how we stand. The reasons why this demand affords such information will be found comprehensive and satisfactory. It is a recognized fact that our prosperity rests on our agricultural interests, of which the great West is the fountain head. That the Western farmer should be prosperous an abundant crop of cheaply produced corn is necessary. This, of course he cannot have nowadays unless he is able to avail himself of the best labor-saving machines. Among such machines the Haworth check-rower has for many years held a foremost place. These machines are known among the farmers throughout the entire length and breadth of the land. Though they are essentially a Western product, the forehanded farmer of New York and Pennsylvania is equally alive with his Western brother in the saving of time which they afford. It is safe to say that the Haworth check-rower will be found in every community where well-tilled corn fields form a prominent feature. A point to be considered in this connection is that the Haworth check-rower is in greater demand than other machines which have been gotten up for the same purpose, and that its general use is the result of that

"SELECTION OF THE FITTEST,"

which applies to machines as well as to mankind. These being the circumstances in the case, it will readily be perceived that the demand for these check-rowers affords the first (as planting is the first process) reliable information as to the prospects of our greatest staple for the coming year. The demand not being confined to any section or locality, but coming from every State and Territory, the sales having no adventitious aids, but resting solely on the merits of the machine, prove conclusively two very important facts: First, that the farmers all over the country are preparing to put in a good crop of corn. Second, that they have the means to do so to the best advantage. When we state that the sales of the Haworth check-rower for the coming year were, on Dec. 1st, 2,738 in excess of the same date last season, we believe that it gives good reason to look for a prosperous year. The manufacturing establishment of Messrs. Haworth & Sons, at Decatur, Ill., the owners and manufacturers of the Haworth check-rower, affords much that is interesting to even the most casual observer. They have good, solid brick buildings, which cover an entire city block, and it is evident at a glance that here is the home of a great industry, but nothing marks the exterior to distinguish it from our other great manufactories. This commonplace dullness disappears at once, however, when the immense work-rooms are entered. Peculiar and unusual operations are going on in the most thorough and systematic manner, and the curious observer quickly perceives that the hand of the inventor has been around him. Strange machines knot, and bend, and punch in a most bewildering manner, but withal having a steadiness and accuracy which is at once fascinating and satisfactory. Here lies the secret of that wonderful success which these check-rowers have found. Mr. George D. Haworth, who rightfully enjoys the honor of being the

INVENTOR OF CHECK-ROWERS,

still gives his personal attention to the manufacturing department, and every machine which goes out testifies to thoughtful skill. Unlike some other inventors, he has not entertained the idea that his machine was born perfect, but has constantly been on the alert to improve and add to his first conception. Thus the Haworth check-rower has many excellencies which its several imitations do not possess. One most important point in these machines is that all bearing points are cast on bushings, which makes them harder than steel. As it is impossible to keep the sand out of these places on a check rower, this is a very great advantage. Messrs. Haworth has only the best spring steel wire, for the reason that it does not kink, but flies back to its place readily, and is generally much easier to handle. One more feature about the Haworth check rower we must notice for the benefit of those who farm hilly or rough ground. On such ground the Haworth does its work perfectly, planting both rows the same depth and checking exactly, which is not the case with those check-rowers which have the wire run on one side. Experience has fully demonstrated that the Haworth plan of having the wire cross the machine is the correct one. Intercheasing the Haworth check-rower farmers make no experiment. Each point of plan and construction has had that thorough trial which alone will afford a perfect machine, and Messrs. Haworth & Sons have a good title to their claim that they give the farmers the best machine that can be made.—Inter-Ocean.

The deuce of diamonds is their exorbitant cost.

Sugar refiners and importers of Boston have adopted a resolution declaring that they favor a large reduction of the duty on sugar.

Restless, fretful, crying children are suffering and need for their relief DR. WINCHELL'S TEETHING SYRUP, which is useful not only for all the disorders of teething infants but cures coughs, colds, croup, sore throat, colic and cramps of older children, and should be kept in every house for emergencies, try it, only 25cts. Sold by all druggists.

A farmer's wealth depends on the condition of his stock. When scraggy and feeble they are especially liable to distempers; fevers, colds, and all diseases which destroy animals. Thousands of dollars are saved annually by that valuable old standby UNCLE SAM'S CONDITION POWDER.

One-third of all who die in active middle life are carried off by consumption. The most frequent cause is a neglected cold, cough, hoarseness, bronchial trouble or asthma, all of which may be permanently cured by EILERT'S EXTRACT OF TAR AND WILD CHERRY. Sold by druggists.

An economical man will keep the leather of his harness soft and pliable which preserves it from cracking or ripping. He always uses UNCLE SAM'S HARNESS OIL. Sold by all Harness Makers.

Worms cause restlessness, fevers, convulsions and frequently death. A pleasant, safe and certain remedy is DR. JAQUE'S GERMAN WORM CAKES. Sold by all druggists.

Headache, constipation, liver complaint, biliousness are cured by that mild, cleansing remedy, which never produces pain, EILERT'S DAYLIGHT LIVER PILLS, only 25cts. Sold by druggists.

Sprains, bruises, stiff joints, burns, scalds and rheumatism are relieved by Uncle Sam's Nerve and Bone Liniment. Sold by all druggists.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses, and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantee issued only by JOHN ARGLUM & CO., Druggists, Denver, Col. Orders by mail attended to promptly.

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BROWN'S
ARNICA
SALVE
WARRANTED

LEADVILLE, COL., Dec. 12, 1883.

Brown Medicine Co., Gents:—One of my neighbors was recently terribly bitten and scratched by a huge Cinnamon bear. Inflammation caused which must have subdued or his life despaired of. I used two boxes of **Brown's Arnica Salve**, which reduced all inflammation and healed those ugly wounds with hardly a scar. Truly yours, DR. W. K. LEONARD.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8, 1882.

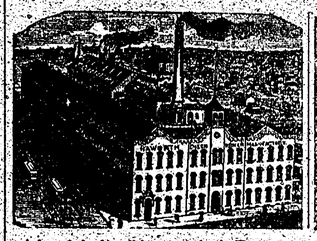
Brown Mfg. Co., Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.:—Inflamed sore eyes nearly cost me my sight. A friend said, "Try Brown's Arnica Salve." Hopelessly, I tried it, but one application—so *grateful, so soothing*,—assured me, and in ten days my eyes were well and sound. You may call it the great healer! Gratefully, J. P. HUDSON, M. D.

Hear This.—MR. A. B. HAYNE, of Leavenworth City, says: "March 23d last, an explosion and fire in my mill and elevator burned my face and hands till the skin all dropped off. For 10 weeks I received the best medical treatment in Kansas and New York, but inflammation still continued. A friend suggested the use of **Brown's Arnica Salve.** I applied it over the whole burned surface, and in five days the inflammation was all gone and in a fair way of recovery, and I cheerfully recommend it to the public.

Reader! **150,000 boxes of Brown's Arnica Salve** have been sold, and every box positively warranted to cure Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Chilblains, Piles, Frost Bites, and Inflamed Eyes, and not a dozen boxes ever returned to the Brown Medicine Co. on this written guarantee. Merit always wins. If your druggist does not keep **Brown's Arnica Salve**, send 25 cts. to the Brown Medicine and Manufacturing Co., Leavenworth, Kansas, and receive a box by return mail. Every family should keep it in the house.

HAWORTH'S WIRE CHECK ROWER.

FOURTEEN YEARS IN USE. MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHERS TOGETHER.



Acknowledged by all farmers to be the **Best and Only Perfectly Successful Wire Check Rower.** Will plant **Five Acres** more a day than any other, as the wire is not removed from the machine in planting the entire field. Fourteen years' use has demonstrated the fact that the only successful way to use a rope or wire line is for the machine to transfer it into position to plant the next row. Do not buy a Wire Check Rower unless the line crosses the machine, as it does not cause any side draft and will last twice as long as a wire run on one side, which must be dragged into position regardless of obstructions met as the planter crosses the field, and which causes side draft, inaccurate checking and breaking of the wire. In our Check Rower the elasticity of the wire, and its large curve in passing over the machine, prevents a particle of bending or displacement in the wire, such as occurs in Check Rowers where the line is dragged into the pulley at an angle and high tension and both bent and displaced as it enters the pulley. Dragging the line into position also causes canting or lopping of the planter, by which one row is planted too deep and the other too shallow. For full description of our Wire Check Rower, write for a circular.

READ THIS.—No diminutive twisted wire knots to kink and slip, causing the check line to lengthen, also cut the slots. Our swivel coupling knots furnish a broad bearing in the slotted arms, making them very durable. OUR WIRE, made specially for our use, is tougher, more elastic, and double the strength of the sort wire of necessity used in making the twisted knot.

HAWORTH & SONS, Decatur, Illinois.

LADIES' ABDOMINAL Supporter.

LADIES' ABDOMINAL Supporter.

TO THE LADIES.—If you are afflicted with Neuralgia, Nervous Exhaustion, Dyspepsia, or with Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Headache or Cold Feet,

An Abdominal Belt and a pair of Magnetic Cork Insoles have no superior in the relief and cure of all these complaints. They carry a powerful magnetic force to the seat of the disease, and by its tranquilizing influence upon the *sympathetic plexus or nerves*, and its powerful stimulus upon the blood it possesses healing virtues rarely found at the best springs in Europe or America.

For Lame Back, Weakness of Spine, and pain across Kidneys, this is the best Appliance and Curative Agent known. The Belt does not interfere with any action of the body, but acts as a stimulus and support to the Trunk and Spine, while reinforcing the Kidneys with nature's own healing energy.

For all forms of *Uterine Complaints* it is unsurpassed by anything ever before invented, both as a curative agent and as a source of power and vitalization. No lady would do without this admirable garment after knowing its powerful influence upon the back, spine, kidneys, etc., for five times its cost.

PRICE OF BELT WITH MAGNETIC CORK INSOLES, $10.00.

Sent by express C. O. D., or on receipt of price, and, if not found as represented, money refunded. In ordering, send measure of waist and size of shoe usually worn. Remittances can be made in currency, sent in letter at our risk.

We positively assert that our Magnetic Belt and Insoles will effect what we claim, and we offer to refund money paid for same when they fail to do all we claim after a fair trial.

By the wearing of a pair of Magnetic Insoles a uniform, soothing and pleasant warmth of the feet is constantly kept up, and all the ills and pains resulting from Cold Feet completely avoided.

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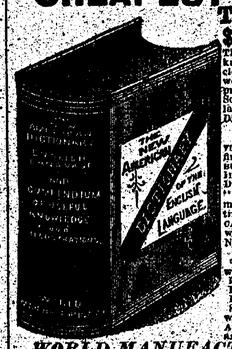

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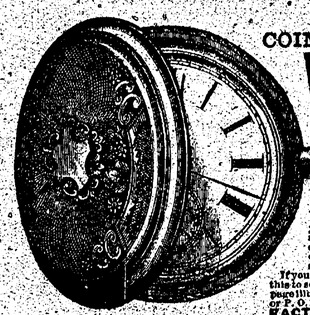

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15 NEW AMERICAN DICTIONARIES At One Dollar Each.

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Find enclosed $30 for 30 New American Dictionaries and the Ladies' Solid Gold Watch. I secured Thirty Subscribers in one day, and have several more promised. Everyone likes the Dictionary and all I have seen have subscribed. Miss LAURA COIL, Annapolis, Mo.

Office of the Auditor of the Treasury, Post Office Department, Washington, D. C., Jan. 29, 1883.

World Manuf'g Co.,

The New American Dictionary ordered January 15 at hand. I obtained fourteen subscribers in about as many minutes last Saturday, and find the Post Office department is a good field to work in. The book proves to be just the thing for office use. I have many more promised, and will send another larger order. Send the silver Watch as premium for this club. (NUMEROUS OTHER TESTIMONIALS LIKE THE ABOVE.) Respectfully, ROBERT H. WOOD.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

FRANK HARMISON,
A. T. JONES, } Editors.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

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SATURDAY, FEB. 24, 1883.

Nemeha County will decide on the 27th, whether the county seat shall remain at Brownville or be removed to Auburn.

Gov. Dawes has appointed F. J. Merritt, Regent of the state university, to fill the vacancy in the board made by the resignation of Isaac Powers, Jr.

It is claimed that paper will make a safer and more durable railroad track than Bessamer steel. It has for some time been used for making barrels, buckets, boats, car wheels and other things which seem almost impossible.

Paper rails for railroad tracks will soon be manufactured, and tried, and should it prove to be the success anticipated, the steel and iron business will receive a big blow.

A bill prohibiting the employment of children in workshops, has passed the New Jersey Legislature.

This is a wise bill, and should be adopted by all manufacturing states. Undoubtedly many children are dwarfed and stunted by labor in factories. They become aged prematurely, and their last years are generally a misery to them, made so by the lack of physical development which is the inevitable result of confinement and overwork in early, one might almost say infantile—years. The Creator of mankind undoubtedly meant that youth should be spent in sunshine and play.

Last week, the Banner in making answer to our criticisms on its knowledge of the corn market, retracts its assertion of two weeks ago, in effect that the railroads were receiving 28 cents per bushel for hauling corn to Chicago, and very astutely—after receiving the one from us,—charges the great difference between the selling price here, and Chicago quotations, to an abuse of power by the Chicago inspectors. If alleged reports are true, the Banner has arrived at the true solution of the grievance, but with the ridiculous inconsistency of all Nebraska newspapers who fly the Anti-monopoly flag at their mast head, the Banner persists in making capital for its creed of the matter, by attributing the supposed evil to dominant political parties. Nothing could be more absurd. The inspectors are not appointed or sustained in any manner by political parties. The city of Chicago is alone responsible as its Board of Trade makes the appointments. This studied practice by the self-styled Anti-monopolist organs of charging every newly discovered evil, abuse of power, or dishonesty of officials to politics, is childish and disgusting. It strongly reminds us of a half idiotic old man we were once acquainted with, who used to strike us almost speechless some times, by the force of his logic and his manner of putting it. Once he prepared to butcher a hog in the good old way, by heating water in a big kettle over an open fire, and half bedding a barrel in the earth. After the hog had been "stuck," and the water had attained the correct temperature and been poured into the barrel, an attempt was made to introduce his porkship into the scalding fluid, but the barrel was not large enough to admit of the operation. Here was a predicament. The old man flew into a tantrum and after stamping around for a few seconds, delivered himself in the following sententious and argumentative manner: "D——such a country anyhow!"

ECONOMY.

To the Editor of The Argus:

One of the first objects that meets the eye of the countryman as he makes his periodical visit to the capital city of our county, is an object elevated high on a frame near the court-house square. It consists of a large wheel made of narrow boards, to which seems to be attached a sort of a tail. This wheel and its attachment seem to swing leisurely in the gentle breezes, and sometimes the great wheel turns majestically on its axis and presents a very grave and beautiful appearance. As the object has occupied its present conspicious position for many years, the query begins to arise in the minds of our thinking people "What is its object?" If it is simply for an ornament, perhaps it has served its purpose there and might be taken away to ornament some other place for a while. It has been suggested that the whole structure was designed as a sort of ornamental hitching post, while it might very well serve that purpose the offical to the bottm seems to be so much obstructed as to defeat that object. Again it has been suggested that it is intended to represent the moon, and to be a substitute for it on dark nights so that the Good Templars can see to wend their weary ways homeward after the completion of their weekly labors without danger of falling into traps for the unwary, which beset so many of our young people.

It does seem very well adapted to this purpose, but still I would suggest if that is its real object there is still room for some improvement. Suppose we petition to the commissioners to attach a grand luminary to the center of the pretty wheel, and then a small one to the outer end of each of the narrow boards; that would be not only truly ornamental but really useful. The rays of light would radiate from the center emblematic of the city radiating its light through the dark recesses of the surrounding country. And there, all danger of the aforesaid Good Templars falling into that unsightly object at the foot of the posts (is it a vat?) would be obviated.

It is still further noticed that the aforesaid beautiful wheel with its wonderful tail veers gracefully around with the wind, which leads to the conjecture that perhaps it was erected and kept up for the especial benefit of the politicians that cluster around the capital city of Pawnee county, who may thus be enabled to see which way the wind is blowing so that they may trim their politics accordingly.

Whatever its true use and purpose be, doubtless it is maintained for some of the above purposes or for some other important pupose. At all events as it evidently cost the tax payers something. Cannot our honorable county board enlighten the people as to its exact use? We know it is for some good object, and have exhausted our ingenuity in guessing. If we have missed it we hope those in the secret will come to our assistance.

ONE WHO WOULD LIKE TO KNOW.

(From the description of this curiosity given by our correspondent, we more than half suspicion that it is a full-blown Anti-Monopoly platform.—EDS.)

CLEAR CREEK ITEMS.

Perhaps seeing no items of late from this part of Nebraska you think us all defunct, but you were never more mistaken in your life. We are too wide awake for that; at least we should not die without such a struggle that you in the city would have heard of it. We still exist, still pursue the even tenor of our way. But this extreme cold weather, thermometer down to 31 below 0 in the sunny corner, pretty near inclined us to burrow in for the rest of this winter. And then the prospects have been dismal, of winds etc, foretold by one Wiggins, the new weather prophet; however as he has proved a fraud in one instance, we now breathe freely, and once more tell of doings at Clear Creek.

There are several on the sick list.

Mrs. Forrester with congestion of the liver.

Mr. Martin, wife and daughter with typhoid fever.

Mr. John V. Baldridge is the happy man this time, and it is a girl.

The Literary still flourishes. Mr. Griffing has been putting his shoulder to the wheel of late, and two evenings were spent discussing how much education was necessary for farmer's sons and daughters, a subject we were all interested in, and was well handled.

Singing school still continues with unabated interest.

The day school continues 5 weeks more, corn picking and sickness has lessened attendence for a few days past.

Col. Sibley who proposed organizing a Good Templars Lodge at Clear Creek, will not come until the evening of March 1st.

Mr. Griner and Mr. Slayton have been on the sick list also, but are improving now.

Mrs. Mina Linn has finished her school successfully, and we shall gladly welcome her back among us.

The Presbyterian sociable will be held at J. B. Phillips's Tuesday evening, February 27th.

As the evenings are getting milder, this locality resounds with the howlings of wolves, and also of tenor, alto and baritone horns. Music hath charms, etc.

X. Y. Z.

PAWNEE CITY CHIPS.

Editors ARGUS:—Thinking a few items from Pawnee City might be appreciated. I take my pencil and will give you some of the passing news.

Business has been rather dull for a time, owing to the bad condition of the roads and also to the fact that the elevator cannot obtain cars fast enough to handle the corn as fast as the farmers would otherwise bring it in.

The Pawnee City Glee Club has for awhile been dormant, as the Director, Mr. Gondy has removed to Peru, but it will resume its meetings again. The members met last Tuesday evening and elected officers for the ensueing term; Mr. Joy is President and Mr. J. K. Goudy Musical Director; Miss Elma Edwards, Organist; E. B. Wallace Sec'y, and C. B. Wortham, Treas. This society has perhaps done more than any similar one to promote the musical interests of Pawnee county, and we are glad to see it revived again.

Pennel & Leslie have dissolved partnership; Mr. Leslie will continue the business and Mr. Pennell will go to Dakota and start a National Bank.

The May Wheeler Dramatic Co. has been playing in the opera house, and are pronounced the best troupe that have visited this place this winter except the "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company.

Your correspondent took a look through the Grand Central last week at the invitation of the gentlemanly proprietor, Mr. Wiggins. It has one of the best sample rooms we ever saw; good light and plenty of room, things very essential to a good display of goods in sample. The bed rooms are all nicely furnished; while the parlors are models of neatness and taste. The dining room is elegantly furnished and the entire deparment would do credit to a larger town than our city.

Prof. W. S. Worden is in the city and will organize a class in penmanship and pen-etcha drawing. The Prof. came well recommended and no doubt will get a good class. In a conversation he told us that he taught a class five years ago in Mentor in Gen. Garfield's school-house.

The United Presbyterians will build a $6000 church during the summer which will be quite an improvement to the town.

The M. E church will also add some needed improvements, principal of which will be a new roof and a vestibule with belfry. The improvements will cost about $3000.

The Pleasant Hour Club will give a ball on Thursday evening the 22nd, in honor of the Father of his Country. Supper will be served at the Grand Central which is a sufficient guarantee that it will be a success.

BURCHARD ITEMS.

Ground was broken yesterday for a new hotel on the corner of 2nd St. and Pawnee Avenue. R. D. Anderson, A. B. Bloomfield is to be the efficient landlord.

Mess. Corlet and Dort made a trip on business, to Elk Station this week. They have let the contract for excavating cellar of their new building to T. N. Nathen, and of doing the stone work to George Keim.

The little boy and girl of Mr. McMaster have been very near deaths door this week. Also Fredie Lloyd has been very low.

Mr. W. G. Lloyd arrived yesterday being telegraphed by his parents of the serious illness of little Fred.

We now have two corn buyers at this place. A man from Wymore erected cribs and commenced buying this week.

Mrs. Moore has gone to see her people and seek a little rest.

Renters are changing places.

Geo. White has the carpenters from Pawnee City busy on his new Billiard Parlor, he having changed his intention of investing in government bonds or building a competing line to B&M.

I. S. Herron now presides at the desk in Anderson's house, and Mr. A. gives his attention to the implement trade.

The foundation is being laid for the new dwelling house of Chas. Dort, on corner of 3rd and Gage street.

Miss. Lizzie J. Hackenback and Mr. Cole, were this week united in the bonds of matrimony, by Frank Pepperl, J. P. Long may their honey moon shine.

A sad accident happened to our fellow citizen P. Murry, while attempting to cross Plum Creek during the high water. He had both horses drowned.

Our liberal hearted citizens raised a purse of about $60 in a very short time, to assist him in the purchase of a new team.

C. H. NORRIS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

He keeps one of the best selected stocks

--of--

General Merchandise in Pawnee County.

WILL SELL GOODS FOR CASH,
AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES,
AND PAYS THE
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE

ALLEN, MERWIN & MATHEWSON,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

HARDWARE

--AND--

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT
OF
DRUGS, MEDICINES, HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ETC.

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

FELLERS & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
CIGARS, TOBACCOS,
CHOICE CONFECTIONS,
BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID
PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC., UNDERTAKERS'
GOODS, ETC., ETC. ALWAYS ON HAND.

Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE

TRAVEL ONLY VIA

—THE—

B. & MO. R. R. R.

KNOWN AS

THE BURLINGTON ROUTE,

FOR ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST

Daily Express Trains are now run to

CHICAGO, OMAHA & DENVER

—VIA—

LINCOLN

AND BETWEEN

KANSAS CITY, ATCHISON

AND DENVER.

2 EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY

BETWEEN

OMAHA & LINCOLN

All Through Trains are Equipped with New and Elegant

PULLMAN PALACE CARS.

Day Coaches and Baggage and Express Cars of the Latest Designs.

THROUGH Tickets at LOWEST Rates

Are on sale at the Principal Stations where Passengers can obtain information as to Routes, Rates and Connections, and can secure Sleeping-Car accommodations.

QUICK TIME,

SURE CONNECTIONS,

NO DELAYS,

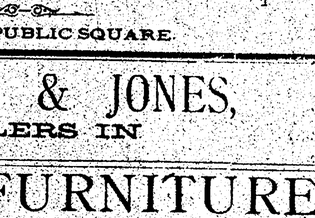
As trains run to and from Union Depots at all principal points.

P. S. EUSTIS,
General Ticket Agent, Omaha.

ABOVE ALL COMPETITORS.

THE LIGHT RUNNING

NEW HOME



SEWING MACHINE

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR
HAS MORE IMPROVEMENTS THAN ALL
OTHER SEWING MACHINES COMBINED

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS.
CHICAGO, ILL.
ATLANTA, GA.

F. M. WEAVER & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS, 1030 MAIN ST
KANSAS CITY, MO.

—Hansen Peck is now deputy P. M.

—School ends two weeks from yesterday.

—Jean Abbott came over from Liberty on Saturday last.

—Birthington's Wash Day was not observed in Table Rock.

—W. L. Scism skipped over to Auburn and back, Friday.

—M. H. Marble is looking for some one who will erect one half of a brick block.

—The righteous and the wicked alike stood on slippery places, Friday morning.

—John Pattison is now learning the art of standing the babbitt metal on end in this office.

BORN—Saturday, Feb. 17, to the wife of James Calvin, a son. Jim looks just the same as ever.

—John Bloom, of Liberty, accompanied by Geo. Stover, of this place, made us a pleasant call last Saturday.

—Humboldt has raised $900. towards prospecting for coal. A 4 inch drill will be sank to a depth of 400 feet.

—The Table Rock Argus is on a boom. It is one of our cleanest exchanges. Success to the Argus.—Humboldt Sentinel.

—The fence around the public square ought to be fixed, and the person who drove those cattle through it should be the one to fix it.

—It will be gratifying to the many friends of Father Mumford, who do not know of his recovery, to learn that he is fast regaining his health.

—Next week we will publish an article on co-operative dairying which was read before the farmers institute at this place, by Hon. G. L. Griffing.

—A coal mine at Braidwood, Ills. caved in Monday last, and 75 miners were buried alive. This mine was visited by W. H. Harrison during his visit to that State in December.

—We acknowledge the receipt of three several generous slices of wedding cake accompanied by the compliments of Mr. & Mrs. Will. Freeman, brought us by Father Freeman this week.

Dr Barnett has purchased a rattling good team of work horses, and is making other preparations to commence lively work on his farm this spring. The Doctor will make a stirling granger.

—Two cent letter postage after July 1st. We do not apprehend that the post office will groan very heavy under an increased burden of mail. The reduction will be quite an item to Lew Linn and John Jones.

Murphy and Chaney have at last got free from work long enough to commence work on their large work shop, projected last spring. They are erecting it on the ground north of Haberle's boot and shoe shop.

This was collection week with the Argus, and in our rounds we were met with smiling faces by the business men, who begin to rerlize that advertising pays, and are willing to pay for the same. Thanks, gentlemen.

—Prof. Carpenter, a ventrilequist and sleight-of-hand performer of the higher order, entertained our people with one of his very interesting performances last Monday night, and succeeded so well in pleasing his audience that they insisted upon his remaining over Tuesday night.

—One of our most popular young men jayhawked an overshoe at the church the other night, and as his name is well known, it would be a wise plan for him to drop into this office, leave the property and pay for this local, lest we might "give him away," which would be a sad blow to his many lady friends.

The old order of things is reversed. Illinoisians are coming to this state in great numbers for the purpose of buying seed corn, whereas it was Nebraskans who used to ship seed corn from the East. W. B. Bull has bought a car load of choice corn from Eli Porter which he will ship to a friend at Fairbury, Illinois.

—Every reader of the Argus should make it a point to carefully peruse the local columns of this paper. It is probably thought by many that these are kept standing to fill up, but this is a mistake. It is there that the business men of Table Rock offer their inducements to customers and by carefully comparing their prices, money can often be saved.

—Nemaha City wants a Bank. So does Table Rock.

—Col. Sibley will lecture on Temperance at the Bunker Hill schoolhouse, to-night.

—J. T. Martin of Wymore was in town Thursday. Joe. still has confidence in that place.

—Messrs Wm. and Andrew Fellers with their good wives arrived home from their Pennsylvania visit, Thursday.

—W. A. Griffing is cording up an immense quantity of wood on the bottom, to use in burning brick this spring and summer.

—Frank Porter returned from Illinois, Monday, bringing with him three very fine looking Clydesdale colts—two mares and one stallion.

—S. A. Hoover will probably minister to the spiritual wants of the Christian Church of Pawnee City, this year. This will be sad news to those who hoped to retain him at the head of our school.

—Dr. Kenner has his building up as far as M. M. Stover's. We understand that a party from Pawnee City, talks of renting the store room and putting in a stock of goods, as soon as it reaches its destination.

—Beckwith, the brick maker of Humboldt, was in town Thursday looking up prospects. He undoubtedly would have burned a few kilns here the coming season, if W. A. Griffing had not made preparations for the same.

—W. L. Scism has entered into the Real Estate business. On our first page will be found a list of choice lands placed in his hands for sale. Mr. Scism is well known to our people, and no word from us in his behalf is necessary.

—E. L. Mitchell returned home from his trip to the Elkhorn valley Wednesday. He stopped off at West Point, Pierce City, and other points. Ed. did not form a favorable opinion of that country, and will probably not make the trade spoken of last week. He says that the snow is still two feet in depth at Pierce.

The Legislature adjourned at a late hour last night. Perhaps our readers would have been better satisfied if we had had more to say of legislative doings during the session, but as we had abundance of local matter to fill our columns, and our inside pages gave a full though condensed report of the doings of both Houses, we have thought best to refrain from commenting. We have not yet learned what disposal was made of the railroad bill, which the people were probably more interested in than any other.

—And now let some one take the lead in organizing a joint stock company to prospect for coal. If the thing is done coal will be discovered. The Argus was the first to suggest the plan of building a brick block by a stock company, and we remember that our crude conception was laughed at not a little. Now we are in favor of doing some prospecting for coal in this vicinity. If the munificent income we realize from the publication of the Argus did not make us insensible to earthly gain, we should be tempted to go into these business ourselves with an eye to gathering in the reward offered by the State for the discovery of coal.

THINGS THAT WE THINK:

That Art. Griffing cannot burn enough brick to supply the demand this coming season.

That a great many dogs about town are dying mysteriously—cause of death unknown to the author.

That a National Bank would be a paying institution in Table Rock.

That Fellers ought to put up a big sign so that people can tell whether he keeps a hotel or a jug factory.

That the new literary society would be more instructive and result in more good to its members if the discussions were of a practical nature applicable to the pursuits of the participants. Great men have been floored (and shelved) on the Chinese question.

That Table Rock will take a big boom this season;

and

That 100 new subscribers would enable us to publish the best local newspaper in the County.

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

Go to Allen Merwin & Mathewson for Stoves, Barbed or Smooth Wire, Pumps, Plows, Cultivators, Stalk Cutters or other Farm Machinery.

Get the best, the Mason & Hamlin Organ, on easy payments. 15cts per day, or $1.05 per week. Good discount for cash, at Anderson's Jewelry & Music House, Pawnee City Neb.

We know all about A sugar and C suger, and "yeller" sugar, we have looked upon granulated, and we have seen cubes quoted in the market reports, but what in the name of all the fathers is Dutch standard No. 13 polariscoped sugar? If it is a kind that you can get thirteen pounds for a dollar it will fill a long felt want in this section.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

Call on Allen, Merwin & Mathewson for cutlery; pocket knives, from 10 cents to $1.25.

List of Letter remaining uncalled for in the Post-office at Table Rock, Feb. 15, 1883.

J. L. Wymore	A. Salea.
Wm. Garvin	Job. H. Green
J. L. Clerf	Isaac Cook
Church Conkling	Jeff Ogg

Persons calling for any of the above letters please say Advertised.

Will L. Scism, P. M.

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson will soon have ground Oil Cake.

Peck has Emery and Polishing Wheels, so you can bring in your plows and cultivators and have them made as good as new. Shop South, West Public Square.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public sale 4 miles west and one mile south of Humboldt, in Pawnee county, near Luthy's Mill, on

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 28, 1883,

The following property, to-wit: 65 head of spring calves, 24 head of cows and heifers, 35 head of stock hogs, 1,200 bushels of corn in the crib, 20 stands of bees, 50 tons of good hay, a full set of farming utensils and a complete outfit of household furniture.

TERMS OF SALE.

All sums under $10 cash. All sums of $10 and upwards a credit of nine months will be given. Notes to draw 10 per cent interest per annum. A discount of 6 per cent will be given for cash.

Sale to commence at 10 O'clock A. M.

R. SAMPSON.

J. W. Gavitt, Clerk.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

All persons owing Allen, Merwin & Mathewson for goods bought in 1882 are cordially invited to call and settle by note or cash.

Return of Dr. Stark.

Dr. Stark, of the Pawnee City Surgical Institute, is now on his return from Europe. We understand that Dr. Dickerson proposes to visit his old home in New York state soon after Dr. S. ark's return.

G. A. Lyon's Patent Rubber Stiffeners applied to new boots or shoes before you run them over.

Cut the most agreeable acquaintance you possess when he convinces you that he lacks principle.

Reidley's Russian Salve is the most wonderful healing medium in the world. Try it.

To educate the mind and let manners and heart run wild, curses humanity with mildew.

Virtue Acknowledged.

Mr. Ira Mullholland, Albany, N. Y., writes: "For several years I have suffered from often recurring bilious headaches, dyspepsia, and complaints peculiar to my sex. Since using your Burdock Blood Bitters I am entirely relieved." Price $1.00.

A Baptist Minister's Experience.

I am a Baptist Minister, and before I even thought of being a clergyman, I graduated in medicine, but left a lucrative practice for my present profession, 40 years ago. I was for many years a sufferer from quinsy; "Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me." I was also troubled with hoarseness, and Thomas' Eclectric Oil always relieved me. My wife and child had diphtheria, and "Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured them," and if taken in time it will cure seven times out of ten. I am confident it is a cure for the most obstinate cold or cough, and if any one will take a small teaspoon and half fill it with the Oil, and then place the end of the spoon in one nostril and draw the Oil out of the spoon into the head by sniffing as hard as they can, until the Oil falls over into the throat, and practice that twice a week, I don't care how offensive their head may be, it will clean it out and cure their catarrh. For deafness and earache it has done wonders to my certain knowledge. It is the only medicine dubbed patent medicine that I have ever felt like recommending, and I am very anxious to see it in every place for I tell you that I would not be without it in my house for any consideration. I am now suffering with a pain like rheumatism in my right limb, and nothing relieves me like Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

DR. E. F. CHASE, Corry, Pa.

Table Rock Market.

Corn—30 c.
Wheat, No. 2—65
Oats,—20c.
Hogs—$5-50 to 6.
Butter,—15 to 20c.
Eggs—20c.

Fellers & Jones will have Grass Seed for sale.

CAPS at COST.
Tibbets.

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

We have a stock of Tinware on hand now. Call and make selections.
Wm. Fellers.

Bird cages, a full stock at the hardware.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have the best stock of Drugs in Pawnee County.

Boys! come and see those New Violins and Bows at F. & J.s. These are Goods brought from the East, and are of Superior quality.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

Sausage at Martin's

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

MONEY To Loan at 9 per cent, and no commission, inquire of
W. L. Scism.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

Wagons! Wagons! Wagons! The Caldwell Wagons are sold by Allen, Merwin & Mathewson.

FOR SALE.

Cord Wood, Stove Wood, Fence Posts &c. Inquire at this office.

If you want a good Suit of Clothes Cheaper, than you ever bought before, call and see for I have just received a brand new Stock and can satisfy you in quality and price.
O. D. Tibbets.

We have examined Wm. Fellers's Clothing department and find that he has the Finest and Best stock of clothing this side of the Missouri.

A large Bale of O'd Papers for sale at this office.

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

There is no use of throwing away your Clothes Wringers when the rollers wear out. Go to A. M. & M.; they will put on new rollers and the wringer is as good as new again.

If in need of any thing in "Clothing" see the "Pawnee Clothing Store." They are closing out their Winter goods before moving.

Barbed Wire is on the road for A M & M.

Get your girl a nice present young man, and for this present buy one of those handsome books for sale by WOOLSEY & PEERY,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

For Furniture come to Table Rock and get it of Fellers & Jones.

In a few days we will receivn the finest lot of Boots and Shoes ever brought to the county. Call and examine.
Wm. Fellers.

REMEMBER THIS that it costs you from 3 to 5 dollars more to insure with these traveling SNIDES than it will with an agent in your town. My rates in the SPRINGFIELD, are $1.50 per hundred, CASH for 5 years or, $1.80 on TIME. Give me a call and learn what liberal terms I can give you. WILL L SCISM. 26

All parties indebted to G. R. Martin for the year 1882, will please call and settle these accounts either by cash or note and oblige
G. R. Martin.

If you have traded with "The Clothing Store" at Pawnee it will interest you to hear that are still lower than their original Low PRICES. They are now East Side, next to P. O., but will move in 30 days to room next to Duer's Hardware.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town. $ outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

APPLES!! By the Bushel, or Barrel, at Fellers.'

Farmers and Physicians, get your Receipts and Prescriptions filled at Fellers & Jones', as they give special attention to this line of the Drug trade.

WASHING COMPOUND

Saves Labor and Time. For sale by Wm. Fellers.

Flour off 20cts., per hundred at Martin's

Statements & Blank Books.
Fellers & Jones.

Get your Confectionary of F. & J

BOOTS! Best and Cheapest.
Wm. Fellers.

Finest stock of overalls west of the Missouri river, at Fellers.'

We will soon have the largest stock of implements ever brought to Pawnee county. Allen Merwin & Mathewson.

FOR SALE!!

1200 Posts, Cheap for Cash or on six months time. Enquire of Richardson, Linn & Cooper, or of C. H. Norris.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have a No. 1 Practical Tinner, who stands in readiness to do all kinds of Tinwork and repairing. Repairing Tinware and Graniteware a specialty.

A new and splendid line of books, such as are suitable Holiday presents just received by WOOLSEY & PEERY,
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.
Come and get one for your friend.

Call on Allen, Merwin & Mathewson for best Sewing Machines made; warranted for 5 years, good work guaranteed.

If you want anything in the line of spices or seasoning extracts, we can furnish them. We make our own extracts of pure oils, and keep none but the best spices; come and be convinced. Fellers & Jones.

"The Clothing Store" at Pawnee will move the first of March, to west door of "Duer's Hardware" store, and for next 30 days before moving will sell Winter Clothing at pleasing prices.

No. 83. House, 2 Lots, barn, well and out-door cellar, and other improvments; must be sold within 30 days. Price $350. Cash. Inquire of
M. H. Marble, Agent.

Lamps and Bird Cages—all style at Fellers & Jones's.

LOOK OUT!!!!!!

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have received part of their Farming Implements and when the weather moderates call and examine.

ALL PERSONS who are indebted to the Table Rock Mills are requested to call and settle at once.
J. D. Harrison.

Sauer Kraut, 30 cts. per gallon.
O. D. Tibbets.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson handle the Vane & Calvert mixed paints, the best in the market; also Lead, Oil and Colorings.

NOTICE.

All parties are warned against purchasing a Note of $27.50 given in my favor by J. D. Harrison, falling due Dec. 20th 1882. Said note has been taken up and lost.
E. A. Peck.
Table Rock, Neb., Jan. 1st, 1883.

We would like to have all who wish to buy Furniture call on us. We will sell as cheap as the cheapest.—F. & J.

Walter L. Mitchell has secured the Agency for "Manning's Stock Doctor, and Live Stock Encyclopedia," and will make a canvass for the same in this vicinity. He is also Agent for several other Standard Works, amongst which we notice "Daughters of America, or Women of the Century," which cannot fail to please those who are interested in the Cause of Universal Suffrage. If you want a good book, you will certainly find it in his list. Be ready to give him your subscription when he calls on you.

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than the times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.—Wednesday.—Another attempt was made to lower the salaries of the railroad commissioners, this time successful, the amount being fixed at $2,400.... Several bills were reported from committees.... Resolutions were passed asking of the treasurer what the capitol has cost, and of the auditor to account for the fees he has received.... The capitol appropriation bill, as passed by the house, was read. McShane moved indefinitely to postpone. Lost, 10 to 20. The bill was ordered to a second reading.... S. F. No. 28, a bill to prohibit issuing passes to officers, was read a third time and put upon its passage and carried,—19 to ... H. R. No. 21, defining the boundaries of Brown county, was read a third time and passed.

HOUSE—The capitol appropriation bill was passed by a vote of 55 to 41.—Other bills upon their passage were voted on, and nine were passed,—amending the statutes in unimportant matters,—one was for the relief of the Nebraska National Bank; another to protect the owners of stallions, jacks, and bulls; another to protect dairymen.... Mr. Jenson's railroad bill was discussed at length and with spirit, and finally was indefinitely postponed.

SENATE—Thursday.—S. F. No. 147 was read a third time. This is the railroad bill introduced by the railroad committee. The bill was passed,—27 to 3, and 3 absent... Brown, of Lancaster, explained that he thought the bill was the best that we could get, so voted yea.... Butler explained that he had estimated the amount of freight transported over the railroads and believed this bill would save the people $7,000,000 or $8,000,000 a year.... Connor and Kinkaid said they would hand in explanations in writing.. Sang explained that he belived the bill was unconstitutional and unjust, and therefore voted no.... Shoenheit explained that he voted for the bill on the same principle that Christ was crucified on. The Jews cried crucify him, crucify him! The people are crying for a railroad bill, and he voted for it for that reason.... H. R. No. 122 was taken up. The bill prohibits conductors from collecting more than the regular fare and issuing drawback-checks. After a long discussion it was recommended that the bill be not passed.... Four bills amending details in the revised statutes were passed.... S. F. No. 142, joint resolution for an amendment to the constitution submitting the question of woman suffrage to the women of the state, was taken up... A motion was made for its indefinite postponement.... Brown, of Douglas, spoke against this motion; also Reynolds, Dech and Butler. Butler spoke at great length, making the longest speech of the session thus far.... McShane spoke for the motion, and Saoenheit spoke for the motion and against the bill.... The discussion brought out a good deal of eloquence, particularly from Dech, Shoenheit and Butler, but was too long to give in full.... McShane, who made the motion for indefinite postponement, withdrew it as he understood that several senators wished to be heard on the question.... A motion was carried that the committee ask leave to sit again for the consideration of the bill.... The committee then rose and the senate adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

HOUSE.—The following resolutions were adopted on motion of Palmer of Saline:

Whereas, The importance to the whole country of continuing the work of the improvement of the great water-ways of the west, the Missouri, the Mississippi and the Ohio—a system of rivers unequaled on the face of the earth—as a God-blessed competitor with the railways, in the interest of cheap transportation, is a matter of even more than national interest,

Resolved, That the house of representatives of the state of Nebraska, requests its senators and representatives in congress to sustain the plans for the improvement of said rivers, and to use their best endeavor to secure the appropriations necessary to carry out the much needed work as speedily as possible.

Resolved, That we believe that an independent Missouri river commission, in purposes similar to the Mississippi river commission, is demanded by the interests of the great valley of the Missouri, the most fertile agricultural region in the world.

Resolved, The clerk of this house is instructed to forward forthwith attested copies of this resolution to our senators and representatives in congress.

Seventeen bills were passed to-day, the most noteworthy being the bill for the relief of T. P. Kennard, and one making counties liable for defective highways.

SENATE—Friday.—Bills were passed:—To authorize counties to refund indebtedness and provide for registration of refunding bonds—To amend sections 1, 2, 4, 5, 7 and of act providing for relocation of county seats—To amend sec. 4 chap. 55 comp. stat.—To provide for the election of county attorneys and abolish the office of district attorney—To amend sections 37 and 38 of act concerning counties, approved March 1, 1879—For the relief of claimants and occupants real estate.... The special committee to investigate the bridge of the O. & R. V. railroad across the Platte reported as follows:—We find all a pile bridge constructed, consisting of one hundred and four spans, measuring twenty feet from center to center of span, and above the water, in common stages, sixteen feet four inches.... We find the banks of the river, about eighty rods above the bridge, but little higher than the water in the river in its common stages, having been cut away by the freshets in the spring of 1881, so that the stoppage of ice, in any large quantity, by the aforesaid bridge, must throw the body of water out of the natural channel, across and down the bottom lands adjoining said river, destroying the said lands by depositing sand, destroying and sweeping away fences, destroying mill sites and damaging mills, endangering the lives of the inhabitants and their stock........ Your committee finds that said bridge is regarded as a public nuisance by the people in the vicinity of the said bridge, and we respectfully recommend that the said railroad company be compelled to remove the same and replace it with a bridge with spans of not less than seventy-five feet in length in the clear and not less than ten feet in height in the clear above the water level at ordinary stages.... Canfield presented a minority report stating that a large number of suits are now pending in the district courts for alleged damages to property by the overflow of water caused by the bridge, that these suits will cause a full investigation of the liability of the railroad company in the premises, and that it would be improper, in his opinion, for the legislature to express any opinion on the subject to be used in manufacturing public opinion.... The woman suffrage bill was taken up. Mrs. Colby delivered an address, upon invitation on the question.... She was tendered a vote of thanks and the bill was indefinitely postponed,—18 to 17, and 8 absent and not voting.... The auditor's letter was read accounting for fees, as follows: Registration of county and precinct bonds, $1,667.37; fire and life insurance fees, $12,519.00; copying papers, $2.25; a total of $14,178.62, which amount had been turned over to the state treasurer.... A communication from the state treasurer in response to a resolution of the senate, stating that for the completion of the west wing of the capital, there has been paid out to date $74,372.49, and for the east wing $69,752.94. The report stated that the appropriation for furniture had been made to the several executive departments.

HOUSE—H. R. No. 146, to suspend herd law in part, but Nov. 20 and May 1, as option of counties, was passed,—66 to 15.... The following report was offered by Thompson, chairman of the committee on penitentiary.... Your committee, to whom was referred the following resolution of the house, (here follows the resolution in full) beg leave to say that, acting under instruction of your honorable body, they repaired to the Nebraska state prison, and there caused to be made a true inquiry into the matter as to whether the convicts had been required to perform unnecessary labor on the Sabbath day, commonly called Sunday, and find that no foundation exists at the present time for such report or rumor.... Your committee would further report that their finding in this matter was reached by a thorough examination of several convicts who were selected indiscriminately from the names of those who appeared on the warden's register, and that these said convicts were assured by your committee that they wished from them a true, and honest statement of the facts as they were known to exist at the prison and that the testimony of each and every one of said convicts was to the end that no such abuse as the one complained of had ever been perpetrated upon them during their incarceration therein. All of which is respectfully submitted. Adopted........ The R. R. commissioner bill, H. R. No. 262, was then taken up.... The first section was so amended as to make the board of commissioners consist of the treasurer, secretary of state and auditor of public accounts, as provided in the senate bill, and to provide for three secretaries, as in the senate bill; but the salary of the secretaries was made $2,000 instead of $2,400 as in the senate bill. The rest of the bill was amended to make it conform to the change in the first section.... An amendment was moved making the passenger rate three cents a mile, as provided in the senate bill. Lost.... A motion by Cole that the committee report the bill not to pass was lost, and a motion for a favorable report agreed upon.... The committee then rose and reported.... Roberts moved that the motion be not concurred in.... France moved to amend by omitting the word "not." The motion as amended was then carried, 64 to 29, and the bill ordered engrossed for a third reading.

SENATE—Saturday.—Bill were passed:—To amend chap. 2, comp. stat.—To transfer certain lands of state to common schools fund—To prevent the importation or running at large of domestic animals affected with any contagious or infectious disease—To amend cap. 25 comp. stat.—Legalizing dissections—For the relief of Henry Noelling, John A. Wendell, Harm J. Badberg and William Schoot—To amend section 103 and 107 of general election law—To amend chap 56 comp stat 1881, military code—To prevent deception in the sale of butter and cheese—To amend the act providing for the issuance of school bonds—To amend sec 4 chap 55 comp. stat—To provide for reviewing on error all criminal cases before courts inferior to district courts—To amend chap 20 comp stat—To amend provisions for the insane—To protect butter and cheese manufacterers—To require that elementary physiology and hygiene relative to stimulants and narcotics be taught in public schools—To amend secs. 4 and 5 of an act to provide for issuance and payment school bonds. Authorizing the state treasurer to transfer $45,000 from sinking fund to general fund—To amend chap 43 comp stat 1881, change of venue—To require co. treasurers to publish report of financial condition of county—To authorize precinte, townships and towns to vote bonds for internal improvement—To amend act defining duties of county commissioners.

HOUSE.—No bills were passed to-day. Much of the time was taken up in wrangling over details of the rules, etc.... S. F. No. 1, amending the revenue laws, was finally brought to vote and lost, 37 to 51.

SENATE—Monday.—The following resolution, presented by Dolan, was adopted:

Whereas, One of the most important matters for the consideration of this legislature is the regulation and control by law of railroad corporations; therefore be it

Resolved, That this senate will not agree to a resolution fixing a day for final adjournment of the legislature until some bill regulating passenger and freight rates of railroad corporations shall be passed.

Bills were passed:—Memorial to congress concerning tolls of railroad bridges across the Missouri river—Harris's judicial apportionment bill—To prohibit extortion and discrimination in the transmission of telegraphic dispatches—For the appointment of a state board of charities—Regulating warehouses—To amend sec 3, art 8, of act authorizing county and municipal officers to purchase real estate at tax sales, laws 1879. Donating a lot in Lincoln to the colored Baptist church—To prevent uttering false pedigrees of stock—To amend sec 18 general election law—To amend sec 11, chap 50, liquors—Donating a lot in Lincoln to the German Evang. Lutheran church—To amend sec 69 chap 14, cities second class and villages—To amend sec. 15 of act incorporating cities of first class—For the relief of the Nebraska City National Bank—To amend sec 97, chap. 18, comp. stat.—To provide for redemption from tax sale of south half of block 153 in Lincoln—To provide for the registry, sale, leasing and general management of lands and funds set apart for educational purposes—For selling of interest of deceased p... ners, etc.

HOUSE.—The following resolutic... introduced by McAllister, was adopted:

Whereas, In the Omaha Daily Bee, of 1... day, February 16, 1883, it is charged, tha... member of the house of representatives... the state of Nebraska received the sum... $500 for his vote on the capitol appropriati... therefore, be it

Resolved, That a committee of three be... pointed to investigate said charge and rep... to this house at the earliest possible time... to the truth or falsity of such charge, a... that such committe be empowered to se... for persons and papers.

Twenty-three bills were passed by ... house to-day. Space will not permit of th... enumeration here. They were all of ... house roll, needing to be passed by the s... ate before becoming a law, except S F 24, ... provide additional remedies for the enfor... ment of judgments or orders on alim... maintenance.... H R 262, the railroad c... missioners bill was passed—61 to 33.

SENATE—Tuesday—The commit... appointed to investigate complaints agai... the state institution for the blind repor... that the patients had cause for complai... the cause was believed to be in the laws, ... blame attaching to the principal of the in... tution. The senate passed, among other bill... To empower county commissioners to div... precincts into two or more polling precinct... Memorial requesting the removal of duty ... barbed wire and material of manufactu... The latter had already been passed by ... house.... A resolution was adopted appoi... ing a committee, to investigate charges ... bribery on the capitol appropriation bill.

HOUSE—The house passed, amo... other bills—To authorize counties, e... to vote bonds for internal impro... ments and legalize bonds already issue... To repair buildings and purchase appara... for state university—S. F. No. 149, the r... road committee's bill to regulate railr... charges by a board of commissioners, ... brought up and discussed; no vote was rea... ed and the bill made special order for ... morrow morning.

When a man's constitution is r... down, he can never wind it up with whis-key.

...ew hotel on the corner of 2nd St. and ...Pawnee Avenue. R. D. Anderson. ...B. Bloomfield is to be the efficient ...andlord.

...Mess. Corlet and Dort made a trip ...n business to Elk Station this week. ...hey have let the contract for exca...ating cellar of their new building to ...N. Nathen, and of doing the stone ...ork to George Keim.

The little boy and girl of Mr. ...cMaster, have been very near deaths ...or this week. Also Fredie Lloyd ...as been very low.

Mr. W. G. Lloyd arrived yesterday ...ing telegraphed by his parents of ...e serious illness of little Fred.

We now have two corn buyers ...this place. A man from Wymore, ...ected cribs and commenced buying ...is week.

...rs. Moore has gone to see her peo...e and seek a little rest.

Renters are changing places.

Geo. White has the carpenters from ...wnee City busy on his new Billiard ...rlor, he having changed his inten...n of investing in government bonds ...building a competing line to B&M.

...S. Herron now presides at the ...sk in Andersons house, and Mr. A. ...ves his attention to the implement ...de.

The foundation is being laid for the ...w dwelling house of Chas. Dort, on ...ner of 3rd and Gage street.

...iss. Lizzie J. Hackenback and ...Cole, were this week united in ...bonds of matrimony, by Frank ...pperl, J. P. Long may their honey ...on shine.

...sad accident happened to our fel... ...citizen P. Murry, while attempt... to cross Plum Creek during the ...h water. He had both horses ...owned.

...ur liberal hearted citizens raised a ...rse of about $60 in a very short ...e, to assist him in the purchase of ...ew team.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.—Wednesday—The tariff bill was resumed and the paragraph on books gave rise to debate. It now has been left to stand: "Books, pamphlets, bound or unbound, and all printed matter wholly or in part in the English language, not specially enumerated or provided for in this act; engravings, bound or unbound, etchings, illustrated books, maps and charts 15 per centum ad valorem."... Mr. Morgan gave notice that when the bill should be opened for general amendment he would move to admit, duty free, all books designed for instruction in schools.... Mr. Salsbury announced he would move to admit free all books not published in this country.... A resolution by Van Wyck was ordered printed, inquiring into the administration of the department of justice.... The amendment made in committee of the whole, raising the duty on bituminous coal from 50 to 75 cents a ton, being reached, Mr. Vance asked for a separate vote upon agreeing to it.... Mr. Farley said the chief burden of the tax of coal fell upon California, and that it was levied upon them.... Mr. Morgan said this bill ought to be entitled "A bill to tax the people of certain portions of the country, and appropriate the money to certain other people." It had all the characteristics of the river and harbor bill of the last session, and had produced the same kind of combinations. Both bills were framed and pushed forward upon the same principle of "You tickle me and I'll tickle you," and negotiations had been conducted not only in the lobby but openly on the floor of the senate..... Mr. Morgan's speech gave rise to long and exciting debate; the amendment was adopted.... Duty on matches was fixed at 35 per cent.; on garden seeds, 20; on wooden pipes 70.... Morgan and Saulsbury offered their amendments, as promised, and they were voted down.

HOUSE.—In the house the battle waged warm over the lumber tariff, efforts to lower it being ineffectual.... The number of internal revenue districts were reduced by 46.... After completing fifty-four pages of the bill the committee arose and the house adjourned.

SENATE—Thursday—Morrill presented a petition signed by Oliver Wendell Holmes and T. B. Aldrich giving the following reasons against a reduction of the tariff upon books below 25 per cent; first, the prosperity of the publishers and authors; second, American books demand American publishers and whatever checks the business of publishing, checks freedom of writing; third, material reduction of the tariff gives foreign publishers an advantage on account of the lower rate of wages abroad; fourth, the effect will be for publishers to publish only court and school books of established reputation; fifth, higher literature would be discouraged and foreign authors will guide the young readers.

HOUSE—After long debate, Brown offered an amendment reducing the duty on sugar less than thirteen Dutch standard (not over fifteen degrees) to one cent per pound. Lost, 72 to 89.... Ellis offered an amendment fixing the rate at 140-100 cents per pound. Long discussion ensued, which strayed far from the real question in consideration, and was confined principally to a series of charges and counter charges of inconsistency. The amendment was lost,—51 to 92.... Chandler offered an amendment imposing a duty of five per cent. advalorem on all sugars above No. 13 Dutch standard.... Carlisle raised a point of order, and pending discussion the committee rose and the house took a recess.

SENATE.—Saturday—Sherman offered a substitute for his amendment offered yesterday, increasing the duty on steel.... After long discussion, when it became evident the metal schedule could not be disposed of today Allison gave notice that unless the tariff bill was not out of the way by Monday, or at the latest by Tuesday, the committee on appropriations would have to move to set it aside in order to proceed with appropriation bills.... Morrill then gave notice that he would ask the senate to sit the bill out Monday. Resolutions in relation to the late representative, Shackelford, were received from the house.... Ransom offered the customary resolutions on the subject, and after addresses the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Skinner introduced a bill appropriating $500,000 for flood sufferers. Wheeler introduced a bill appropriating $100,000 for the same purpose. Referred.... The rest of the session was taken up in acrimonious discussion of party matters,—in recriminations on the tariff question.

SENATE.—Monday—The senate agreed to meet at 10 a. m.... The tariff bill was taken up.... Mr. Sherman's amendment in relation to the duty on steel is pending.... The vice president laid before the senate a memorial of the Iroquois club of Chicago, praying that congress accept the Illinois and Michigan canal, with the view of making it a national water-way to the Mississippi.... Mr. Sherman modified his amendment at the suggestion of Mr. Allison.... Adjourned.

HOUSE—The sundry civil bill was reported and referred to the committee of the whole. It will be called up to-morrow.... A report was submitted and laid over in the con...

A THEFT.

I wonder—just a tiny bit—
As I see Mabel thoughtful sit
Beside the table,
What she would do, the merry miss,
If I should steal from her a kiss;
To me it would be perfect bliss—
But what to Mabel?

Her ear is pink as mother pearl,
And from her net one golden curl
Is straying vagrant;
Her silken lashes curve adown
And veil her eyes of bonnie brown—
The perfume from her dainty gown
Is faintly fragrant.

How easy round her chair to slip
And kiss her tempting ruby lip!
Yet—would I rue it?
What is that saying apt, though old!
A winning knight must needs be bold!
And maiden Mabel could not scold.
I think I'll do it.

—Boston Transcript.

KITTIE'S DOWRY.

BY ALICE DALE.

"Why, she hasn't a dollar to her name, John. Nothing in the world to call her own but that little strip of land and the house where she lives, which isn't worth tearing down. Not that I am so very mercenary, my son, but it seems to me that you ought to look higher. The Ashleigh's have always married well!"

The Ashleigh's honest face flushed.

"By marrying well, I suppose you mean, in a pecuniary sense, mother. Well, if that is all which I must take into consideration in choosing a wife, I shall remain single. The rest of the Ashleighs may do as they please, I shall never marry for money. And furthermore, if I do not marry Kittie Ross, I shall never have a wife."

Mrs. Ashleigh choked down a sigh which was half a sob.

"Kittie is a good girl," she observed, "and only for her poverty you could not choose a prettier, neater, or better educated wife, my son. Thanks to her father, who pinched and scraped together the means to send her to school, she is very well educated and accomplished. I have no fault to find with her housekeeping abilities, she knows how to do everything; if she only had a little money, even the most modest dowry, I would be satisfied. You have so little——"

"I would never marry a woman for her money, mother, if that is what you mean!" interrupted John, hastily, "no, never. I love Kittie; she shall be my wife, or no one. This is final!"

"Oh, dear!" sighed Mrs. Ashleigh, dolefully, "and there you might marry Miss Dorris, and have a snug fortune. She has twenty thousand dollars in her own right, and she's as pretty as a picture."

"And painted like one!" sneered John, contemptuously; "Miss Dorris, indeed. Mother, do you really mean to say that you would like to see your only son bound for life to a tow-headed wax doll, with china-blue eyes and painted cheeks? Not all the wealth of the Rothschilds would tempt me to spoil my whole life by asking her to share it with me!"

And he turned away with a resolute look on his dark face.

John Ashleigh was a farmer, strong and handsome, well educated and refined; that type of farmer which is becoming more universal than in the olden time, when the name farmer was synonymous with boor, awkwardness and ignorance, and lack of refinement.

Kittie Ross was an orphan girl, who lived with an aged aunt in a tiny, brown cottage, with only three rooms, in the midst of a barren, desolate field, where nothing ever grew and flourished, and which in the real estate market would hardly bring five dollars per acre, though lying just outside a flourishing town.

But John did not trouble himself in regard to pecuniary advantages; he loved Kittie, and he cared not if she possessed not even a dollar; and so the blandishments of all the belles and pretty girls were quite thrown away on John Ashleigh.

At last Mrs. Ashleigh, seeing that her son's heart was set on taking this step, did as any wise mother would do: She made no mere opposition to the intended marriage; but she took to petting Kittie; the girl was winsome and lovely, and found her way to the old lady's heart, and Mrs. Ashleigh was like a mother to her.

Now Miss Dorris, the belle and heiress already referred to, had set her heart on winning John Ashleigh, and when she saw the prize slipping from her grasp, she determined to make a prodigious effort before she would give him up.

For the selfish beauty really loved John, as much at least, as a woman is capable of loving anybody when her heart is anchored to fashion, the world and giddy society.

Although the young lady did not fancy becoming a farmer's wife, she had given her shallow heart to this young man, and in her overweening vanity actually believed that, once Mrs. Ashleigh, she would induce John to give up the farm and remove to the city where in the midst of fashionable society she could reign a queen, and go on with her flirtations just where she had dropped them.

But one day Miss Dorris awoke to the truth; her eyes were opened, and she saw all that was transpiring, saw plainly that, blinded by her egotism, she had been too sure of him; that now, unless she made a bold effort to capture the prize, she would certainly lose all chance of it. True, she had lost all chance already, but she was too vain to believe that.

She set her thin, red lips together in a straight line, as she muttered to herself:

"That little Ross girl shall not win him. I love him; he shall marry me."

And Miss Dorris was accustomed to having her own way that she never once doubted her ultimate success.

Sitting on the vine-wreathed porch of her cottage home one lovely evening in the sunset, Kittie was surprised to see Miss Dorris coming slowly up the narrow walk from the gate, trailing a great deal of blue silk drapery behind her, and with an elaborate French hat perched upon the top of her yellow crimps.

"Dear me, Miss Ross," she drawled, "what a lovely place."

She sank languidly into the chair which Kittie, concealing her aversion, politely offered her, and went on:

"Aren't you just too utterly lonely, shut up in here," and the self-invited guest glanced around her, with eyes full of superb disdain, with nothing to look at but these bare old fields? I doubt if even pine trees would grow here."

"No," replied Kittie, with some asperity, "I am never lonely, Miss Dorris. I find plenty to do. And as for the place being bare and sterile, it is my intention some day to have it properly fertilized and cultivated, and since all the flourishing farms in the vicinity are made soil, I do not see why this place should not be productive."

"Humph! A lady farmer," sneered Miss Dorris, "quite creditable on your part, Miss Ross. I dare say now you expect to be a farmer's wife some day?"

Kittie returned her sarcastic stare with an open straightforward glance of scorn.

"Yes, I do," she answered frankly, "and when I am married, I shall bring this little farm as my dowry."

Miss Dorris leaned her yellow head back in her chair, and laughed immoderately.

"I must tell John of that," she cried. "Really, it is just too funny for anything. He will appreciate the story."

"If you refer to me, Miss Dorris," observed a manly voice, as John Ashleigh stepped from the shadow of the vines near, "I am ready to hear your story now, but I advise you to defer your opinion on Miss Ross' property for a moment."

Two gentlemen came forward at that juncture. They touched their hats to Miss Dorris, and one of them drew near and extended his hand. She greeted him very cordially.

"Why, Professor Millburn," she exclaimed, "I did not expect to meet you here."

"I came here with this gentleman, Mr. Melton," replied the professor, "for the purpose of examining, testing and analyzing this land which belongs to Miss Ross. We had good reason for believing that it contained traces of oil; our research is now concluded, and we find——"

Here the professor turned to Kittie.

"Miss Ross, we congratulate you on your good fortune. You are the owner of an immense oil well, no better prospects in all Pennsylvania, and heiress to at least a million."

How Miss Dorris, overcome by chagrin and defeat, managed to escape and return to her own home, she never could explain, but she left the place in a few days, and subsequently married a wealthy man, old enough to be her grandfather.

Not long after there was a grand wedding; and in all the country there is no more contented wife than sweet Kittie Ashleigh.

None of the belles of the place, not even Miss Dorris herself, could bestow such a fortune on her husband, as was brought to John Hshleigh by the little farm which was Kittie's dowry.

Just Possible.

A project has been introduced into congress for the appointment of a commissioner, who is to visit all the countries of South America and to find out what they would think of a railroad connecting them with the United States through the Isthmus of Panama. As the salary of this proposed commissioner would be $10,000, the bill would make a nice little berth for somebody; and if he could not collect $10,000 worth of information on the subject the first year, no doubt he would be willing to keep on trying, at the same annual rate, until congress should be perfectly satisfied.

Too Much of a Good Thing.

N. Y. Christian Advocate.

"Have you had a revival in your church?"

"No; our minister does not believe in them. We have not had a conversion for ten or twelve years."

"Well, what are you doing?"

"O, we are having the grandest fair you ever saw; the seats are all taken up in the church; we have a promenade concert every night, and a shooting gallery, and a grab-bag, and a post-office, and the ladies dress up in all sorts of old-fashioned costumes. We expect to clear $1,200."

"What is to be done with it?"

"It is to fit up a church parlor."

And "so they wrap it up." (Micah vii. 3.) "And what will ye do in the end thereof?"

The above is not a supposed, but a real case.

The less men think the more they talk.—[Montesquieu.

THE TWO BRIDES.

I saw two maidens at the kirk,
And both were fair and sweet;
One was in her bridal robe,
One in her winding sheet.

The chorister sang the hymns,
The sacred rites were read—
And one for life to life,
And one to death was wed.

They went to their bridal beds,
In loveliness and bloom—
One in a merry castle—
One in a silent tomb.

One to the world of sleep,
Locked in the arms of love,
And one in the arms of death
Passed to the world above.

One on the morrow woke
To a world of sin and pain,
But the other was happier far
And never woke again.

—[R. H. Stoddard.

IMMIGRATION.

Means of Inducing the Best Class to Come to Nebraska.

To the people of Nebraska: Great efforts should be made this year to settle the vacant lands and increase the population of the towns in the South Platte counties. The railroads have sold most of the land they owned in this district, and the legislature has failed to take proper steps for the encouragement of immigration.

Believing that the people are fully alive to the importance of the matter, the passenger department of the B. & M. railroad has appointed me immigration agent, and will bear the expense of the work, including the necessary pamphlets and other advertising matter.

The work will consist largely of efforts to bring to the state the friends and relatives of those who are already settled here. I am thoroughly posted in all such matters, and desire the co operation of all the people to aid me in my work, as it is of direct interest to them all.

Let everyone, therefore, send me as soon as possible, the name and address of any eastern friend who would be interested in Nebraska, send me your own address, and I will send you circulars, which you can send to your friends, and thus induce them to open a correspondence with me.

I have obtained reduced rates to all points in the South Platte country, from all principal points in Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, and propose to make freqent trips to those states, and organize excursions to Nebraska, composed largely of the friends of residents of this state.

The South Platte still contains thousands of acres unoccupied and very fine agricultural lands, very cheap, and with excellent railroad facilities. The settlement of these lands will greatly increase the wealth of the state, and be of direct profit and advantage to every resident. All this can be easily and quickly done if the farmers and business men will but take a little time and trouble to write to their friends, and then put me in communication with such persons as are desirous of coming to Nebraska to make the state their future home.

R. R. RANDALL,
Immigration Agent, B. & M. railroad,
Lincoln, Nebraska.

A big handed sawyer named Shaw,
Put his finger too near the buzz-saw,
He saw his mistake,
But each pain and ache,
St. Jacobs Oil cured in his paw.

A rheumatic old man named Meeker,
Was sick a whole year in Topeeker,
He there would have died,
But St. Jacobs Oil tried,
It sent him back cured to Osweeger.

The Nebraska Historical Society.

Omaha Herald.

Our attention has been recalled to a bill appropriating $500 a year to the Nebraska Historical Society, of which Robert W. Furnas is president and J. M. Woolworth, of this city, and Hon. Elmer S. Dundy are vice presidents. This society has been in existence for several years, and has been, mainly by the efforts of Gov. Furnas, gaining important material for the future history of the state. The bill itself is a proper one, and was introduced by Mr. Whedon, of Lancaster. It provides that the money for which it calls shall be expended under the direction of the officers exclusively; "in defraying expenses, collecting and preserving historical matter, data, relics, etc., etc., for the benefit of the state."

The bottom object of this bill, we take it, is to give the state historical society permanence and practical usefulness. To do this manifestly requires money. Interest in such a matter among the citizens who will do the work of the society will not be strong enough, or tenacious enough, to furnish money in its support, in addition to the efforts they make and the time they devote to its objects. The amount asked for this purpose is not large, and, while sticking to our text for economy in all things, and urging the legislature to pare down all appropriations, we incline to the opinion that the amount asked for might be granted with a good return of benefits to the state on the investment.

Mrs. James E. Wirmen, of Harrison, O., writes: "Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla cured my daughter of dyspepsia and irregularities."

STOPPING TO PICK UP THE PILOT.

How the State of Georgia Broke Her Propeller And Came In in Tow a Week Late.

N. Y. Sun, Feb 17.

The State line steamer State of Georgia arrived at quarantine yesterday morning, and at 5 o'clock in the afternoon was at pier 44, North river. She was about ten days overdue from Glasgow. A week ago last Friday, when she was several hundred miles east of Cape Cod, a Newport pilot boat came alongside. The pilot fell overboard in trying to board the steamer. Her engines were suddenly reversed that he might be picked up. At the first revolution the pin that held the propeller to its shaft either broke or was loosened, and dropped out, leaving the shaft to whirl around while the propeller remained stationary. The ship has three low masts and is square rigged forward, with fore and aft sails on the main and mizzen. With favorable winds she could make no great headway under sail. For the week after the accident she had mostly light and head winds, and logged only an average of twenty-five knots a day. Friday morning she got a line from the steamer Egbert, from North Shields, which came along, bound for Philadelphia. They were then southeast of Cape Cod. The next morning a small gale sprung up, something went wrong in the steering of the State of Georgia, and the two steel tow lines parted. It was hours before she was again picked up.

The State of Georgia brought over about seventy passengers, seven of whom were in the first cabin. The provisions held out well, and there was no grumbling. As she was coming to the pier yesterday afternoon she grounded, and was several hours just too far out in the slip to permit any one to pass from her to the dock.

About the Size of It.

Lincoln Journal.

We notice that the Omaha Republican has commenced the publication of a farm department. It is a good idea, and we are glad to see such an awakening to the value of the greatest interest in the state. The man in his shirt sleeves, who follows the plow, is the man we all depend on.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," at least so they all say, and their husbands say so too!

The shame of being thought poor, leads to worse evils than poverty itself.

—"Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills for the cure of Neuralgia are a success."—Dr. G. P. Holman, Christianburg, Va. 50 cts. at druggists.

—"I'm happy to say Dr. Benson's Skin Cure has cured my Eczema of the scalp, of four years' standing." Jno. A. Andrews, Att'y at Law, Aanton, Ill. $1 at druggists. Endorsed by physicians.

The current may be strong, but that which defies the current is stronger.

Pure Cod-Liver Oil, made from selected livers on the sea shore by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market.

Chapped Hands, Face, Pimples, and Rough Skin, cured by using JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New York.

None are so desolate but something dear, dearer than self possesses or possessed.

Coughs.—Use "Brown's Bronchial Troches." They possess real merit. Sold only in boxes.

John Quincy Adams—All that I am my mother made me.

Much to the charity that begins at home is too feeble to get out of doors.

Lepold Schefer—But one thing on earth is better than the wife—that is the mother.

COMMERCIAL.

OMAHA.			
WHEAT—No. 2			92
WHEAT—No. 3			77½
WHEAT—Rejected			54
BARLEY—No. 2			78
BARLEY—No. 3			43
RYE—No 3			51
CORN—No. 2			41
OATS—No. 2			35
FLOUR—Queen Bee			3 50
FLOUR—Wheat Graham			2 75
CHOP FEED—Per cwt			1 45
SHORTS—Per ton			16 00
ORANGES—Per box	3 75	@	4 00
LEMONS—Per box	4 00	@	4 25
APPLES—Per barrel	2 75	@	3 25
BUTTER—Creamery	31	@	32
BUTTER—Prime dairy	22	@	25
BUTTER—Choice country	15	@	18
EGGS—Fresh, very scarce	35	@	40
TURKEYS—Per lb	16	@	17
GEESE—Fdll dressed per lb	12	@	13
CHICKENS—Dressed, per lb	14	@	15
HAMS—Per lb			13½
SHOULDERS—Per lb			9½
PORK			18 50
LARD—Per lb			12
CATTLE			4 50
SHEEP	3 50	@	4 00
CALVES	5 90	@	6 40
HOGS	5 75	@	6 40
CHICAGO.			
WHEAT			1 09¼
CORN			57½
OATS			39¼
PORK			18 15
LARD			11 35
HOGS—Mixed	6 25	@	6 30
CATTLE—Exports	5 80	@	6 30
SHEEP	2 50	@	5 90
ST. LOUIS.			
WHEAT			1 13
CORN			54⅜
OATS			38¼
RYE			63
LARD			11 17½
PORK			18 00
CATTLE—Good to choice	5 25	@	5 75
SHEEP	4 00	@	4 75
HOGS—Heavy	6 50	@	6 60

We recently overheard a sufferer from Nervous Debility say of ALLEN'S BRAIN FOOD: "It is Meat, Drink, Lodging, and a week's washing thrown in." At druggists and at Allen's Pharmacy, 315 1st ave., N. Y.

The Spartan mother when she gave her son his shield said, "With it my son or upon it."

☞ Nothing so simple and perfect for coloring as the Diamond Dyes. For carpet rags, better and cheaper than any other dyestuffs.

"The parting gives me pain," as the man said when he had a troublesome tooth extracted.

FOR THICK HEADS, heavy stomachs, biliousness—Wells' May Apple Pills—cathartic. 10 and 25c.

There's not a string attuned to mirth, but hath its cord in melancholy.

LADY BEAUTIFIERS.—Ladies, you cannot make fair skin, rosy cheeks, and sparkling eyes with all the cosmetics of France or beauticians of the world, while in poor health and nothing will give you such rich blood, good health, strength and beauty as Hop Bitters. A trial is certain proof.

When visiting Omaha stop at the Metropolitan Hotel, cor. 12th and Douglas Rates, $2.00 per day.

Dorsey has begun writing letters to the papers. When a man once gets on the down grade, there is no such thing as stopping him.—[Siftings.

Thousands of persons who are bald to-day might have full heads of hair if they would only use Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, which is the only preparation ever discovered that will really do this.

Latin is a dead language, and that is why doctors use it for writing out their prescriptions.

When you visit or leave New York City, have Baggage, Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first class hotel in the city.

Try the new brand Spring Tobacco.

Why is a pig with a twisted tail like the ghost in Hamlet? Because it could a tale unfold.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS." 15c. Ask for it. Complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

The manners of nature make a man; the manners of art unmake him.

Grandmother

Used to say: "Boys, if your blood is out of order try Burdock tea;" and then they had to dig the Burdock and boil it down in kettles, making a nasty, spelling decoction; now you get all the curative properties put up in a palatable form in Burdock Blood Bitters. Price $1.00.

Mrs. A. N. Frank, 177 West Tupper Street, Buffalo, N. Y., says she has used Thomas' Eclectric Oil for severe toothache and neuralgia, and considers it the best thing she knows of for relieving pain.

"Raindrops on the roof." Of course it drops on the roof. That's what the roof is for.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills, as they are entirely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

The gratitude of place-expectants is a lively sense of future favors.

It is unnecessary to visit Spas where Sulphur Springs can be availed for bathing purposes since Glenn's Sulphur Soap answers the same purpose. Sold by druggists. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.

Trust that man in nothing who has not a conscience in everything.

A Fact Worth Remembering.

A severe cold or cough can be cosnect cured by taking, according to directions, Allen's Lung Balsam. It can be procured at any drug store. It is harmless to the most delicate person.

DON'T DIE in the house "Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs. 15c.

Religion can capture a heart easier than it can overthrow the pocket-book.

Returned.

Dr. Stark, of the [illegible] City Surgical Institute, is now on his return from Europe. We understand that Dr. Dickerson proposes to visit his old home in New York state soon after Dr. Stark's return.

G. & L. Lyon's Patent Self-Fasteners applied to new boots or shoes before you run them over.

Cut the most agreeable acquaintance you possess when he convinces you that he lacks principle.

Redding's Russian Salve is the most wonderful healing medium in the world. Try it.

To educate the mind and let manners and heart run wild, curses humanity with mildew.

Virtue Acknowledged.

Mr. Ira Mullholland, Albany, N. Y., writes: "For several years I have suffered from oft-recurring bilious headaches, dyspepsia, and complaints peculiar to my sex. Since using your Burdock Blood Bitters I am entirely relieved." Price $1.00.

A Baptist Minister's Experience.

I am a Baptist Minister, and before I even thought of being a clergyman, I graduated in medicine, but left a lucrative practice for my present profession, 40 years ago. I was for many years a sufferer from quinsy; "Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me." I was also troubled with hoarseness, and Thomas' Eclectric Oil always relieved me. My wife and child had diphtheria, and "Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured them," and if taken in time it will cure seven times out of ten. I am confident it is a cure for the most obstinate cold or cough, and if any one will take a small teaspoon and half fill it with the Oil, and then place the end of the spoon in one nostril and draw the Oil into the spoon into the head by sniffing as hard as they can, until the Oil falls over into the throat, and practice that twice a week, I don't care how offensive their head may be, it will clean it out and cure their catarrh. For deafness and earache it has done wonders to my certain knowledge. It is the only medicine dubbed patent medicine that I have ever felt like recommending, and I am very anxious to see it in every place for I tell you that I would not be without it in my house for any consideration. I am now suffering with a pain like rheumatism in my right limb, and nothing relieves me like Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

DR. R. F. CRANE, Corry, Pa.

Hop Bitters are the Purest and the Best Bitters Ever Made.

They are compounded from Hops, Malt, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion—the oldest, best, and most valuable medicines in the world, and contain all the best and most curative properties of all other remedies, being the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth. No disease or ill health can possibly long exist where these Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use Hop Bitters at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by so doing. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "Invalid's Friend and Hope" and no person or family should be without them. Try the Bitters to-day.

The trees that are not most in the sun bear the sweetest fruit.

STINGING, irritation, inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints cured by "Buchu Paiba." $1.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
Relieves and cures
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE
Sold by all druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Successors to [illegible] & Co.)
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
LIVER
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.
Malaria.
If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.
In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS
Invalids, broken down in health and spirits by chronic dyspepsia, or suffering from the terrible exhaustion that follows the attacks of acute disease, the testimony of thousands who have been raised as by a miracle from a similar state of prostration by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is a sure guarantee that by the same means you too may be strengthened and restored.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES.
This distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles, even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
☞ If you have either of these troubles
PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell
KIDNEY-WORT
Cures Constipation. Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

PENSIONS FOR SOLDIERS on any disease, wound or injury. Parents, widows and children are entitled. Millions appropriated. Fee $10. Increase pensions, bounty, back pay and honorable discharges procured. NEW LAWS. Send stamp for instructions and bounty-table. E. H. GELSTON & CO., Attorneys, Box 723, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

WANTED—AGENTS, to sell the NEW BOOK "SPY OF THE REBELLION" by the Great Chief Detective, Allan Pinkerton, now ready. Don't waste time on slow books. For liberal terms and exclusive territory, Address Quick KANSAS CITY PUB. CO., 700 W. 9th St., K. C., Mo.

PATENTS NO PATENT, NO PAY! R. S. & A. P. LACEY, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. Full instructions and handbook on PATENTS SENT FREE.

Rochester SEEDS Seed Potatoes. Price Lists Free. H. Glass, seed grower Rochester, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest-selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUB. CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Agents Make money selling our Family Medicines. No capital required. Standard Cure Co., 107 Pearl Street N. Y.

YOUNG MEN If you would learn telegraphy in a few months and obtain a situation, address VALENTINE BROS., Janesville, Wis.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine

A SURE CURE for fits or epilepsy in 24 hours. Free to poor. Dr. KRUSE, 234 Arsenal St., St. Louis, Mo.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Me.

$72 A WEEK, $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine

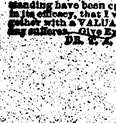
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

W N U Omaha 142-8

MUSTANG
Survival of the Fittest.
A FAMILY MEDICINE THAT HAS HEALED MILLIONS DURING 35 YEARS!
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.
A BALM FOR EVERY WOUND OF MAN AND BEAST!
THE OLDEST & BEST LINIMENT EVER MADE IN AMERICA.
SALES LARGER THAN EVER.
The Mexican Mustang Liniment has been known for more than thirty-five years as the best of all Liniments, for Man and Beast. Its sales to-day are larger than ever. It cures when all others fail, and penetrates skin, tendon and muscle, to the very bone. Sold everywhere.

DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL
Cures Rheumatism, Lumbago, Lame Back, Sprains and Bruises, Asthma, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Burns, Frost Bites, Tooth, Ear, and Headache, and all pains and aches.
The best internal and external remedy in the world. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere. Directions in eight languages.
Price 50 cents and $1.00.
FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs, BUFFALO, N. Y., U. S. A.

WRICHT'S
Indian Vegetable
PILLS
Cleanse the Bowels and purify the Blood, cure Bilious attacks and give healthy activity to the Liver. A few doses taken in the Spring and Fall will prevent serious sickness.
E. FERRETT, Agent,
372 Pearl St., New York.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.
TRADE MARK. THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. TRADE MARK


An unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse: as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity or consumption and a premature grave.
BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING
☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞ The specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
Cure guaranteed. One box will test its merit. On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the yellow wrapper: the only genuine. Sold Omaha by C. F. Goodman.

PAYNE'S AUTOMATIC ENGINES.

Our 10-Horse Spark Arresting Threshing Engine has cut 10,000 feet of Pine Lumber in 10 hours. Will burn wood 6 feet long, coal, straw and corn stalks. Send for illustrated catalogue "No. 3" for information and prices. E. W. PAYNE & SONS, Box 1417. Corning, N. Y.

PILES! PILES! PILES!
Sure cure for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. Single box has cured the worst cases of twenty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying Williams' Indian Pile Ointment. It absorbs the tumors allays the itching, (particularly at night after getting warm in bed,) acts as a poultice gives instant relief. Prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts and nothing else. Sold by druggists. Price $1.
C. F. GOODMAN, Omaha, Agent.

Well Augers,
ROCK DRILLS,
And the BEST MACHINERY in the WORLD for BORING AND DRILLING WELLS By Horse and Steam Power.
Book Free. Address, Loomis & Nyman, Tiffin, Ohio.

HOW TO WIN AT CARDS, DICE, &c.
A SURE THING! Sent Free to Anyone, I manufacture and keep constantly on hand every article known to the Sporting Fraternity, and used by them to WIN with in games of chance. Send for my illustrated circular. Address, or call in person, JAS. SUTPAS, 58 & 60 Nassau St., New York City.

SEEDS Our Large GARDEN GUIDE describing Cole's Reliable Seeds is Mailed Free to all. We offer the Latest Novelties in SEED POTATOES, Corn, Oats, Wheat and the Best Collection of Vegetable, Flower, Grass and Tree SEEDS. Everything is tested. Address COLE BROS., Seedsmen, PELLA, IOWA.

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

Woman's Column.

EDITED BY THE TABLE ROCK WOMAN'S CLUB.

The Woman's Club met at Mrs. Norris', Feb. 17. The sec'y being absent, Mrs. Mitchell was appointed sec'y pro tem.

The meeting was unusually interesting. The question, "Was Our Anniversary a Success?" was discussed. It was generally conceded that it was a success, but that it could be improved upon. There were no essays read, but Mrs Norris and Miss Sue Linn favored the Club with some choice selections.

Through some mistake, the card of thanks to Mr. Martin for the use of the hall so kindly furnished the ladies, failed to be published. The Club very much regretted this, and on motion a vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Martin. By a vote of the Club the treasurer was requested to find out who furnished the coal for the hall, and to pay for the same. The secretary was requested to write to Mr Howe and request for publication his response to the toast. Two new members were added to the list. Miss Sue Linn and Miss Clara Norris were appointed to edit the Column for the next two weeks. The subject of dues was discussed as also were several new features in the management of the Club. Only one was adopted. It was decided that our next discussion should take the form of a debate.

Program for next meeting: Recitations, Annie Randall and Lulu Cooper; Essays, Mrs. Peck and Mrs. Wood; question for debate, "Resolved: That the fear of punishment has a greater influence on human conduct than the hope of reward." Chief disputants, Mrs. Mitchell and Mrs. Davis.

Affirmative: Mrs. Howe, Mrs. Heywood, Mrs. Lydia Griffing, Mrs. Randall, Mrs. Norris, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Boone, Mrs. Andrew Fellers, and Mrs. Chambers.

Negative: Mrs. Marble, Mrs. Mina Linn, Mrs. Wheaton, Mrs. Freeman, Sue Linn, Mrs. Hough, Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Merwin, and Mrs. Peck.

Judges: Mrs. Martin, Mrs. Elizabeth Linn, and Miss Clara Norris.

The Club adjourned to meet at Mrs. Davis' in two weeks. It will be the day for election of officers; and all members are requested to be present and be prepared to pay their dues.

The dues are 5 cents per quarter. Any one wishing to join the Club is cordially invited to attend and they will be made welcome.

Mrs. M. E. Mitchell, Sec. pro tem.

Home Conversation.

Children hunger perpetually for new ideas, and a pleasant way of reception is by the voice and, ear. An audience will listen closely from the beginning to the end of an address which not one in twenty of those present would read with the same attention. This is emphatically true of Children. They will learn with pleasure from the lips of parents, what they deem it drudgery to study in books; and even if they have the misfortune to be deprived of the educational advantages which they desire, they cannot fail to grow up inteligent if they enjoy in childhood and youth the privilege of listening daily to the conversation of inteligent people. Let parents, then, talk much and talk well at home.

"A Good Housekeeper."

Miss Sedgwick has asserted that "the more intelligent a woman becomes, the other things being equal, the more judiciously she will manage her domestic concerns. And we add that the more knowledge a woman possesses of the great principles of morals, philosophy, and human happiness, the more importance she will attach to her station and to the name of a "good housekeeper." It is only those who have been superficially educated, or instructed only in showy accomplishments, who despise the ordinary duties of life as beneath their notice. Such persons have not sufficient clearness of reason to see that "domestic economy" includes everything which is calculated to make people love home and be happy there.

Queen Victoria is a large real estate owner in New York. An advance in rents by her agents has changed the tenantain a large block on Broadway near Eighteenth stree.

TABLE ROCK POST OFFICE.

TIME OF CLOSING MAILS.

Going north on B. & M.	8:45 a m
Going south on B. & M.	4:45 p m
Going west, on R. V. Div.	11:00 a m
Table Rock to Pawnee City	9:15 a m
For Kansas City & the East	12:15 p m
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues & Fri	7.00 a m

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

From the south	9:38 a m
From the north	5:00 p m
From the west	9:00 a m
From Pawnee City	4:30 p m
From Kansas City	2:30 p m
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat.	5:00 p m

WILL L. SCISM, P. M.

B. & M. TIME CARD.

Exp	Pass.	MLS.	STATIONS	Pass.	Exp
A. M.	A. M.		Southern Division	P. M.	P. M.
11 20	7.20	0 0	Lv Atch. Ar	9.00	3 30
	5.48	12.1	Brenner	8.32	
	6:00	15.8	Troy Junct.	8.22	
	6 15	21.9	Fanning	8.05	
	6 22	24.1	Highland	7.58	
	6 31	28.7	Highland Sid	7.45	
	6:35	30.5	Iowa Point	7.42	
	6.43	34.9	white Cloud	7.30	
	6.59	39.0	Gibraltar	7.16	
	7.15	43.7	Rulo Y	7.03	
P. M.	7.26	48.1	Preston	6.50	
1.05	7.40	53.6	Ar Falls City Lv	6.35	
"	8.00		Lv Falls City Ar	6.15	1.25
	8.14	60.0	Salem	5.58	"
	8.30	67.3	Dawsons	5.39	
	8.48	74.1	Barnsdoll	5.22	
P. M.					A. M.
2.30	9.10	82.5	Table Rock	5.00	12.30
" 4	9.32	90.5	Elk Creek	4.40	"
	9.50	97.1	Tecumseh	4.23	
	10.08	104.1	Smartville	4.05	
	10.25	109.7	Sterling	3.51	
	10.40	116.7	Adams	3.32	
	11.00	124.0	Firth	3.13	
	11.15	130.9	Hickman	2.56	
	11.24	134.0	Roca	2.48	
	11.31	137.1	Saltillo	2.40	
	11.45	142.9	State Prison	2.28	
	11.55	145.7	Ar Lincoln Lv	2.20	

Denver Exp. Kansas City Exp.

TOWN LOTS

FOR SALE,

CHEAP,

In Peck's Addition

to

TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS, CHEAP,

FOR CASH,

For the next Thirty Days.

M. H. MARBLE,

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH

DRY GOODS AND

GROCERY STORE,

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

I keep the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries, and will not be undersold,

FOR CASH.

Call and see me once, and you will come again.

Farm Life.

Bob Ingersoll.

There is a quiet about the life of a farmer, and the hope of a serene old age that no other business or profession can promise. A professional man is doomed some time to feel his powers waning. He is doomed to see younger and stronger men pass him in the race of life. He looks forward to an old age of intellectual mediocrity. He will be last where once he was the first. But the farmer goes, as it were, into partnership with nature—he lives with trees and flowers—he breathes the sweet air of the fields. There is no constant and frightful train upon his mind. His nights are filled with sleep and rest. He watches his flocks and herds as they feed upon the green and sunny slopes. He hears the pleasant rain falling upon the waving corn, and the trees he planted in youth rustle above him as he plants others for the children yet to be.

When I was a farmer it was not fashionable to set out trees nor to plant vines. When you visited the farm you were not welcomed by flowers and greeted by trees loaded with fruit. Yellow dogs came bounding over the fence like wild beasts. There is no sense—there is no profit in such a life. It is not home. The farmers ought to beautify their homes. There should be trees and grass and flowers and running vines. Everything should be kept in order; gates should be kept on their hinges, and about all there should be the pleasant air of thrift.

M. H. MARBLE,

REAL ESTATE, LOAN

AND

INSURANCE AGENT

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Offers for Sale a Large Amount of Land in Pawnee County, Neb. Would be Pleased to Hear from Anyone Desiring to Buy or Sell Real Estate.

MONEY LOANED

at LOW RATES, on REAL ESTATE SECURITY

DESCRIPTION OF LANDS FOR SALE.

No. 8. Fine improved farm of 160 acres, fair improvements; 2 miles from town. Price 3000

No. 9. 160 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 3 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements. Price $2,400.

No. 13. 140 acres 1 m from town, good brick house, quite an amount of bottom land, timber, water, pasture fenced. $2,500. Time on a portion.

No. 19. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock, 55 acres broke. Price $1,000.

No. 20. 160 acres, some improvements; 12 miles west of Table Rock, 4 miles from Burchard. Price $1,800; 1,000 cash, balance at 8 per cent 3 to 5 years.

No. 22. 108 acres nearly all under plow, and bottom land; house, timber and water; adjoining town of Table Rock. Price $3,100. Terms made known on application.

No. 26. One of the finest of stock farms of 300 acres, 4 miles from town, timber and water good buildings of all kinds. $25 per acre. Terms made known on application.

No. 30. Fine farm of 160 acres; well improved, good buildings; 4 miles north of Pawnee City; $1,000, half cash, balance at 8 per cent.

No. 32. 280 acres, good house, 20 acres under plow, some hedge, small orchard; pasture fenced, well watered, everything convenient, 6 m from Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $4,000, easy terms.

No. 33. 120 acres; well improved, good house, good barn, living water, young orchard and shade trees; 2 and 1-2 miles from Table Rock. Price $4,100.

No. 34. Well improved farm of 105 acres mostly bottom land; good buildings, bearing orchard; 2 miles from Table Rock. Price $3,200, terms to suit purchaser.

No. 50. 320 acres 1 mile from Burchard, 25 acres broke; $12.50 per acre; one-eighth cash; balance easy terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 51. 160 acres well improved, good building; two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City; $6,000; $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 52. 80 acres, with wood lot, 3 m from Table Rock; house and considerable improvements. $1,000 cash.

No. 53. Fine half section fenced; 3 miles from Burchard. Price Six Thousand Five Hundred; Two Thousand cash, balance payments to suit.

No. 54. Fine Quarter Section, four miles west of town, hedged, small house. Price $3000 one half Cash, balance on time to suit.

No. 56. 160 acres; house with Basement 16x24, well improved; orchard, mostly bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 3 miles from Elk. Price, $4,000. $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 60. 122 acres near Table Rock Mills, some timber; considerable bottom land; $18 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 65. 80 acres wild land 3 miles west of sterling Price $250 cash.

No. 69. Fine well improved farm of 240 acres in Rooks County Kansas, to trade for property in the vicinity of Table Rock. a great bargain offered.

No. 74. 160 acres leased School Land, 18 acres broke, 7 miles North West of Table Rock. Price $300. Terms to suit purchaser.

No. 77. 77 acres adjoining town, considerable bottom land, large amount of timber, living water. Price $1100.

No. 72. Good Hotel to Rent in Table Rock well located. Inquire at once of M. H. Marble.

No. 70. Furniture house near the Depot, for sale or to trade for land. Suitable for a Boarding House or a Hotel. Terms made known on application. $50 per Lot.

No. 72. 4 Lots in Block adjoining Public Square. $800.

No. 73. Fine well improved 80 A. 2 miles North East of Pawnee City, choice land. $3000.

No. 74. House and Lot near M. E. Parsonage. $600.

No. 75. Business Lot on the Square, with small Building thereon. $200.

No. 77. Large House, good as new and in good repair; good out-buildings, with 5 Lots. $900.

Near Table Rock Depot.

No. 79. Flat House, with 3 Lots, in Peck's Addition. If sold soon, $650.

No. 45. 70 acres adjoining town; House, Orchard, Hedge. $2,000.

No. 71. Well improved farm of 160 acres, with good buildings, bearing Orchard, Well the (door), 5 miles North East of Pawnee City. $3,800.

No. 64. Large House, with 8 Lots, 1 Block from Public Square, Table Rock. $1,000.

No. 66. New House and 5 acres Land, with Half Interest in Flouring Mills (3 runs of Burrs) 1 mile from Table Rock Depot. [For Sale or Trade.] $5000.

No. 42. Farm of 320 acres, to rent for Season of 1883. Large House, Pasture of 50 acres, 150 acres under plow; large amount of Grass Land; 3 miles from Table Rock. Cash rent, $500.

Read the list carefully, as it will be frequently changed.

Always refer to the number of the land as given.

Office southwest of the Public Square, and see me, or write to me.

M. H. MARBLE,

Real Estate Agent, Table Rock, Neb.

RICHARDSON, LINN & COOPER

DEALERS IN

LUMBER!

Southwest of Square.

We keep constantly on hand,

LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,

LIME, CEMENT, DOORS,

SASH, BLINDS, BUILDING PAPER, POSTS,

And such other commodities as belong to the trade. Estimates made on application.

WM. FELLERS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

South of Public Square.

Call on me, and select from my large and diversified stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

CLOTHING,

BUILDING HARDWARE,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

BEST GRADES OF FLOUR

On hand at all times. I can make it of interest to you to purchase of me.

LINN & COOPER,

DEALERS IN

STOCK GRAIN AND COAL.

The Pioneer Stock and Grain Buyers of Pawnee County.

OPERATE AT TABLE ROCK, HUMBOLDT, AND AUBURN

We pay at all times the highest market price for

STOCK AND GRAIN,

And keep constant, y on hand a large stock of

HARD AND SOFT COAL.

Can always find us at our office, with Richardson, Linn & Cooper, or at the scale office, near the depot

TAYLOR & MITCHELL,

PROPRIETORS OF

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run Stage to and from Pawnee City, connecting with All Trains.

TABLE ROCK FLOURING MILLS!

J. D. HARRISON, Manager,

3-4 MILE EAST OF DEPOT.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

ALL GRADES OF FLOUR, CORN MEAL, ETC.,

ALWAYS ON HAND,

and sold

AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.

TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOLUME I. TABLE ROCK, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 1883. NUMBER 40.

G. M HUMPHREY.
Attorney-at-Law,
PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.
COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY

D. D. DAVIS. J. E. GOUDY
DAVIS & GOUDY
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA

M. H. MARBLE.
Notary Public.
LAND, LOAN and INSURANCE AGENT,
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.
Deeds and Mortgages drawn, and money loaned on Real Estate security

WILL L. SCISM.
Attorney and Notary.
Real Estate and Loan Agent,
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
Abstracts furnished.
Business for Non-residents Carefully attended to

HENRY FREEMAN.
Justice of the Peace,
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

M. J. MUMFORD.
Justice of the Peace,
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
Office at his residence, east of the Methodist Church.

WM. PANGBURN.
Auctioneer.
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
is ready at all times to cry sales. Terms reasonable. Can be found at his residence, near the depot, at any time.

Z. E. BEEMBLOSSOM.
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
Office with Fellers & Jones.

G. W. BARNETT.
Physician and Surgeon,
Having located permanently, tenders his professional services to the people of Table Rock and vicinity. All calls promptly answered, day or night. Over thirteen years of experience. Office in residence, Main Street, Table Rock, Nebraska.

MADISON PEERY.
Physician and Surgeon,
ELK CREEK, NEB.
Will practice medicine and surgery. Calls promptly answered.

JOSEPH BRIDGES.
Barber and Hairdresser.
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
I have also in connection a first-class
LUNCH ROOM
Warm meals served at all hours.

MURPHY & CHANEY.
Contractors and Builders.
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
Orders for every description of carpenter work promptly attended to. Bridge building a specialty.

E. A. PECK,
IS
BLACKSMITHING
IN
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA
CALL AND SEE HIM.

JOHN HAEERLE.
Boot and Shoemaker,
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA
West Side of the Public Square.

W. F. TRILOFF.
Practical Painter,
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.
Prompt attention given to orders. Residence in West Table Rock.

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TABLE ROCK, NEB
C. C. Parrish, Proprietor.
Good Sample Rooms for commercial travelers. Board by the day or week at reasonable rates.

ABELL HOUSE.
C. S. Shepard, Prop.
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
COMMODIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS
FREE CONVEYANCE
for guests to and from the House.

H. ELLIS.
Photographer,
PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA
Dry Plate Work with Children and Groups a specialty. I keep on hand as fine and large a stock and variety of Frames as can be found in the state.

G. R. MARTIN,
PROPRIETOR OF
Meat Market and
General Provision Store,
SOUTH OF SQUARE,
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.
The best Grades of Flour kept constantly on hand.

WILLIAM A. GRIFFING,
Plasterer and Fine Builder,
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.
All work done with neatness and dispatch. See me before employing others to do your work.

CHAS. T. EDEE. CHAS. E. CRISEY
C. T. EDEE & CO.,
BANKERS,
PAWNEE CITY, NEB.
Invite the patronage of business men and the people of Pawnee County generally. We
RECEIVE DEPOSITS.
And issue certificates therefor, payable on demand, or subject to draft at sight, as the Depositor may prefer.
BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE
On the principal cities. DISCOUNT NOTES, and transact a General Banking Business.
COLLECTIONS
Will receive prompt and careful attention. Office NORTH SIDE COURT HOUSE SQUARE.
C. T. EDEE & CO.

GREAT COMBINATION!
THE DAILY ROCK ARGUS
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DEMOREST'S MONTHLY is justly entitled World's Model Magazine. The Largest in form, the Largest in circulation, and the best TWO Dollar Family Magazine issued. It will be the nineteenth year of its publication; it is now improved so extensively as to place it in the front rank of Family Periodicals, and equal to any magazine. It contains 64 pages, large quarto, 8 1-4 x 11 1-2 inches, elegantly printed on tinted paper, fully illustrated; each number having steel engravings, of picture, or art and style, published by W. Jennings Demorest, New York, and by special agreement combined with the
TABLE ROCK ARGUS at
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$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit, and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

THE ST. LOUIS MAGAZINE
For 1883 shows many signs of improvement, the current number before us, has, in addition to illustrated articles, good stories, poems, and other timely reading, many useful hints on home and society topics, including cooking receipts and other valuable reading. Sample copy sent for 10 cents. Address T. J. Gilmore, 213 N. Eighth St., St. Louis, Mo. The ARGUS and St. Louis Magazine sent one year for $2. Address, The Argus, Table Rock, Nebraska.

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WILL L. SCISM,
Real Estate Loan
and
Insurance Agent.
MONEY TO LOAN AT 9% AND NO COMMISSION.
INSURANCE PER ANNUM IN THE BEST COMPANIES IN THE UNITED STATES.
Offers for sale the following list of
LAND AND TOWN PROPERTY,
WOULD BE PLEASED TO HEAR FROM ANY ONE DESIRING TO EXCHANGE REAL ESTATE.
I CHARGE NOTHING FOR ADVERTISING YOUR PROPERTY, NOR AM I NO COMMISSIONS UNLESS I SELL YOUR PROPERTY MYSELF.

No. 1. A Stock, Grain and Fruit Farm of 200 acres, 2 miles from Table Rock; Stone House, good water; fair stables. Will sell 120 acres separate, or 80 acres separate. $20 per acre, easy terms.

No. 5. A good farm of 160 acres, 2½ miles from Table Rock; 80 acres under cultivation, balance pasture. Small House, good water; hedgerows, broken. Wire fence on one side. Some peach and apple trees. $3,500 terms easy.

No. 8. A farm of 160 acres, 6 miles west of Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City. 20 acres broken, small House, pure water running stream on North East corner. $1700, part cash, balance easy payments.

No. 9. A farm of 120 acres 2 miles North-West of Table Rock, all under cultivation; good House, barn and corneribs; splendid spring water. $3000, half cash, balance easy payments.

No. 10. 80 acres 1 mile from town, 55 under cultivation, running stream on north side. Price and terms made known on application.

No. 11. 360 acres, 4 miles from Table Rock, 3½ from Pawnee City. Good house, good water, good stable and granary. An 80 acre pasture all fenced, a running stream through the whole farm just in the right place. Plenty of good timber; a rare chance for any one wanting a stock or grain farm. $27 per acre, easy terms.

No. 12. A good house in Table Rock with 5 rooms and cellar, first-rate well, good stable, and 2 lots, 100 feet front by 160 deep; a nice little home. Price $600.

No. 13. A good House in Table Rock, over 1 acres of land 50 peach trees 50 apple trees some cherry trees some small fruits and every thing handy. A fine stable on the place. $1500.

No. 15. A splendid little cottage built in 1882, with 2 lots set out with ornamental trees; a stable. A neat little home. $800, cash.

No. 16. A Drug Stock in Table Rock, will invoice $1800; all good serviceable and reliable stock. Will be sold cheap.

No. 17. A half interest in a good paying livery business, New Barn, good horses, buggies and harness every thing handy. A first rate offer, will be sold cheap.

FOR RENT—A business room 20 x 36, with cellar and shed, one of the best buildings on Main Street.

When corresponding always give number of land.

DON'T BE AFRAID TO WRITE; I WILL CHEERFULLY ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS WITHIN MY POWER.

Persons having lands to sell or rent will find it to their advantage to correspond with me.

OFFICE IN POST OFFICE BUILDING
WILL L. SCISM,
Real Estate Agent,
TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Commissioner's Court.

Special Session.

FEBRUARY 13, 1883.

Board of commissioners met pursuant to adjournment; present, J. A. Cope, Robt. Scott and Sven A. Isaacs. The following business was had and done to wit:

Settlement made with the following supervisors:

Harvey Owens, road district No 31, cash on hand, balance $10 00
E. McKonnedy, road district No 28, acct allowed 19 50
A Fellers, road district No 4, " 8 80
John Burch, road district No 38, " 2 33
Henry Spur, road district No " 15 00

The following official are approved, to-wit:
A. J. Baker, overseer road district No 36.
J H Bruch " " No 38.
J. B. Lare, justice of the Peace for South Fork precinct.
J. M Shower, assessor of Turkey Creek precinct.

Road petition filed by J. V. Cunningham and others, is ordered located and the clerk directed to make necessary record of same.

William A Jones is appointed constable of Plum Creek precinct.

The following accounts are allowed and orders drawn on the general fund:

W. J. Halderman, stamps furnished	$ 76
J. S Miller, work on court house	4 75
A. D Strunk, wood furnished court house	25 00
Pennell & Leslie, goods for clerk's office	2 15
A. Delley, medicine for Shultz and others	16 55
Wesley Sanders, house rent for Mrs Weyer	5 00
W H Harrison and J S Jones, attending coroner of death of John Blacklaw	3 00
Mills & Co, books and stationery furnished	16 80
Shellhorn & Davis, goods furnished for poor, etc	37 08
Pawnee City election board extra time	7 00
O D Howe, county sup't	14 85
Lucella C Kent, keeping the Keats family	21 25
State Journal Co., blanks	3 50
Albert Pearson, ink stands and paper weights	75
Enterprise, printing and supplies	24 70
Republican, printing and supplies	23 15
J S Vail, work on treasurer's office and court house	3 00
Omaha Republican, printing and supplies	19 50
E G Sanford, moving Mrs Staurant	5 00
Rogers, Colley & Co., groceries furnished Mrs Staurant	3 05
Solomon Bare, assistance furnished Mrs Staurant	4 00
Mrs Rheinhart, goods furnished Mrs Staurant	2 22
Dr. J E Farrell, seven visits to Mrs Staurant	70 00
G T Belding, cost in four criminal cases and recording official bonds	13 55
E H Fuller, jailor fees and board	64 60
L D Jordan, wood for Mrs Weyer	3 75
Jones & Magee, coal for Mrs. Weyer	3 16
Mary A Fleming, erroneous assessment	1 00
J L Haudan	2 17
J. A. Wallace, viewing road	8 00

The following accounts are allowed and orders drawn on special bridge fund:

W S Scofield, building bridge	26 30
H. Freeman, repairing bridge	9 00
Jones, Magee & Co., lumber furnished road districts	13 03
Richardson, Linn & Co., "	18 00
H C Goodale, blacksmithing, district No 37	5 50

Also the following accounts audited and orders drawn on the various road distric, viz:

J. Bruce, erroneous assessment district No 1	4 26
Louis DeCoudreas, labor on distance No 1	2 00
W H Curtis " "	4 00
H H Eastwood " No 6	3 56
D H Ellis, " No 7	81
W F Dewey, timber and labor on district No 9	6 47
W Steindur, timber for district No 10	2 00
E Cullam, poll tax, refunded, district No 12	3 00
L Billings, timber, dist No 12	7 85
Jno. Madden, labor, dist No 14	1 91
W H Smith, " "	78
H C Estes, rock for "	69
G M Humphrey, labor, dist. No 16	2 25
Abe Fornes, " "	95
S W Poteet, " "	52
O T Crisler, " " No 17	4 31
Johnathan Allen, " "	1 90
G A Wyman, " " No 20	2 30
Geo. Hamrich, " " No 21	1 66
J L Haddan, poll tax refunded dis rict No 21	3 00
Franck Fepperl, labor dist. No 27	2 00
John Carver, " No 28	4 84
Robt. Gillispie, poll tax and last, refunded, dist. No 31	3 50
John Connely, timber, " 33	2 00
Henry Johnson, " " 34	2
Walter Cope, stone	
Richardson, Linn & Cooper, lumber for dist. No 35	14 82
James Nickol, lumber for dist. No 37	1 50
Bell Wymore, fixing plow for dist No 37	1 00
Arapa Hall, timber dist. No 37	1 50
Road dist. No 5, plow beam, district No 37	2 00
H Fries, rock, district No 37	69
L H Woods, labor, dist. No 38	6 01
John Ward, " "	24
H Straffer, stone, district No 39	13 50
John Allen, labor " No 40	1 90

Commissioners adjourned to meet to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, for purpose of settling with treasurer.

ATTEST W. B. RAPER,
County Clerk.

COMMISSIONERS COURT, ADJOURNED SESSION.

FEB. 14, 1883.

Commissioners met pursuant to adjournment; present, J. A. Cope, R. T. Scott, and S. A. Isaacs.

They proceeded to examine the treasurer's statement of account to December 1, 1882, and finding the same correct, the clerk was ordered to record the same.

The board then adjourned to meet Tuesday, March 1, 1883.

ATTEST W. B. RAPER,
County Clerk.

Joseph Spatch, of Richardson county, a bachelor 50 years of age, died of heart disease while sitting in a chair watching by the bedside of his sick mother, last week.

W. H. Wheeler, of Stella, formerly of this place, has sold his lumber yard to Fowler & Hays of that place. Mr. Wheeler will probably engage in other business at Stella.

The next annual re-union of the G. A. R. of Nebraska will be held at Hastings. That city agrees to defray all expenses of the re-union and in addition, will pay into the treasury of the department the sum of $2,500. In all this will be equivalent to about $3,500.

A farmer recently asserted from his experience in hog raising, that it would pay better for many farmers to sell one half of their land to get money to properly fence the other half into suitable pastures for the pigs to graze upon, and buy the corn with which to fatten them. The man had experience in the dry pen hog growing as well as pasturing.—Nebraska Farmer.

The State Horticultural Society did a wise thing in re-electing S. Burnard, of Pawnee County, President. We venture to say that there is not a man in the State who has a more practical knowledge of horticulture than he has. A remarkably successful nurseryman, he brings to his chosen profession a zeal and intelligence that has overcome every obstacle in his way, until now he stands as the acknowledged head of the State Horticulturists.

Of late we have been very closely watching the reports of farmers and agricultural papers and institutions concerning the best methods of planting corn. We find that in nearly all cases where corn was drilled 1 stalk to the hill 1 foot apart, and properly cultivated, that the yield was from 15 to 20 bushels more per acre than that produced by other ways of planting. All agree that the ground should be kept clean to bring about this result, and that it takes extra labor to do it. This was brought out, in substance, by the farmers' institute of this county, although there were few present who had given the method a trial. We should like to see drilling given a trial on a big scale in our county this year. Surely our rich soil will produce an extra yield from this method if that of any other county will. Although it may require extra care and cultivation to keep down weeds and other robbers of the soil, if it proves the success that our faith tells us it will the result will amply repay the farmer for the extra time and work. Perhaps we are agitating a very impracticable subject; if so, we should be glad to publish any information on the matter that any of our farmer readers see fit to contribute.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS
IS PUBLISHED
EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

FRANK HARRISON, } Editors.
A. T. JONES,

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:
One copy, one year $1 50
One copy, six months 75

SATURDAY, MCH. 3, 1883.

Senator David Davis resigned the presidency of the senate on the 27th.

Secretary Robert Lincoln is being mentioned as a prominent candidate for the Presidency.

Hon G. M. Lambertson has been confirmed United States Attorney for Nebraska.

Sea weed is being used as substitute for meat by the famishing inhabitants of portions of Ireland.

The Missouri legislature cannot be charged up with many evils. It passed but three bills in the allotted forty days.

Brownville was victorious in the county seat fight in Nemaha county. Church Howe appears to get left every time, of late.

A few convicts in the Missouri penitentiary kicked up a revolt the first of the week and set fire to the workshops, destroying about $300,000 worth of state property.

It is estimated that one hundred and fifty thousand emmigrants will settle in Nebraska this year. Well, we have plenty of room for them, and they will probably never be sorry that they cast their lot with ours.

The Laramie Boomerang tells of a young man who came there from New England six years ago and started into the cattle business with only one Texas steer and a branding iron. He is now the owner of sixty thousand head of cattle all from that one steer. Young men come west.

The Michigan deadlock has not yet been broken, and the legislators are hammering away at the business of electing a United States senator in a manner that is pleasing to a close student of associated press dispatches. Senator Ferry's name has entirely disappeared from the list of candates.

The danger in railway traveling is not so great as one is naturally led to believe from reading the sickening details of the numerous mishaps and disasters of railway trains. The Railway Age has tables showing that of the total number of passengers carried in the year ending June, 1880, only one in every 2,403,500 met with death.

The Washington National Republican offers the most reasonable excuse for the non-appearance of Wiggins' promised storm that we have noticed. It says: "It was postponed on account of the weather." Something like the Irishman's never-failing preventive of death. "Faith, Pat," said he, "as long as ye keep a brathin' ye'll niver die.

An American cheese weighing three fourths of a ton, made in Iowa, bore away the prize silver medal at the late great cattle and dairy show at Birmingham, England. Nothing is said about the size of the medal. Unless it was something immense, we've seen specimens of American cheese not over a pound in weight that "beat it away;" in fact, it was strong enough to break prairie, with.

The Legislature adjourned sine die, at a late hour Monday night, instead of Friday night as we stated last week. Nothing was accomplished in the way of railroad legislation. This is to be regretted, as nothing is more needed than good wholesome railroad legislation, and this was demanded by the people more than any other measure that was considered. The two bodies failed to concur on any bill, the difficulty lying in the fact that the republican majority in the House desired prudent legislation, such as would protect the public and individuals, while it would accord to the corporations equally just protection, while the anti-monopoly majority in the Senate advocated the passage of a very extreme measure, being a sweeping reduction of about twenty per cent on all classifications, with other similar rash provisions. During the last hours of the session when it became evident that the much demanded railroad legislation would not be accomplished unless something decisive was done, the republicans, being nettled by the unjust accusations of the anti-monops that they were aiming to hinder railroad legislation, proposed to allow the anti's an opportunity of placing themselves on record by appointing a conference committee of six anti-monopolists—three from each body—and agreeing to adopt either of the systems now being carried out the most satisfactorily in Illinois or Iowa, that the committee should agree upon. The committee met, but with no result, as they failed to agree. The people can now determine how much sincerity there was in the protestations of the anti-monopolist members that they would labor in the interests of the people and always be found battling against monopoly. They stand in no enviable light.

CORRESPONDENCE.

SHERIDAN ITEMS.

Moving is the order of the day, and wolves howling the order of the night.

Corn gathering is stopped on account of the mud.

A. W. Malory moved to his farm in South Fork precinct last week.

G. R. Ord will move to Dakota soon.

W. J. Leavitt expects to rent or sell his farm and move to Dakota.

C. Dort expects to move to Burchard soon. Albert and Maynard will run the farm and will batch it unless one of them concludes to get a house-keeper.

Literary in Pleasant Prairie School District is progressing finely; the question for this week is, resolved that man will do more for reward than he will through fear of punishment.

Building has commenced.

J. T. Layman has commenced the erection of a fine residence.

S. A. Hoover has begun the erection of a barn.

Mrs. Howard Chapman has been very sick for some time past with neuralgia, but is now convalescent.

Willie Coard has suffered another attack of inflammatory rheumatism but is again able to be about.

Mr. & Mrs. C. H. Hare have returned home from a visit to friends in Syracuse, this State.

Will Fleming has hired out to Evan Davis for the coming Summer.

School closed in district No 13 on Wednesday Feb. 21st, with Mrs. Mina Linn as Teacher.

A. B. C.

NORTH TABLE ROCK NEWS.

We have mild pleasant weather at last, and every body is enjoying it.

The Nemaha river and School Branch were on the boom, but have subsided.

The sound of the corn sheller is again heard in our midst, shelling for E. T. Boone and J. B. Pepoon.

Mr. Clement has held his very pleasant and successful singing school three evenings of this week, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

There was a pleasant social party at G. B. Johnson's, Tuesday evening, in honor of Miss Eva Johnson's birthday.

There were a few friends at Mrs. Foale's, Monday, to celebrate her sixty-second birth day.

Mrs. E. E. Butterfield is suffering from severe illness.

Mr. H. H. Young is dangerously sick at his uncle's in Elk Creek.

Mr. Gabriel Morton is building a house upon his farm lately purchased in this neighborhood.

The mud is quit dreadfully sticky and deep.

Mr. Clement's singing school closes this week. It has been a very popular institution, and the teacher seems a master of music, both vocal and instrumental.

Those of our farmers who did not succeed in gathering all their corn last fall, are very busily engaged now at that work, which the mud makes very disagreeable.

It is with deep sorrow that we announce the death of Mr. H. H. Young, who taught the school in our district until sickness compelled him to close. He came from his home in Jo Daviess County, Illinois, early last fall; his home here, has been in Elk Creek, with his uncle Julius Young. Last summer, he received an accidental blow upon the head, which rendered him unconscious for two days. He never entirely recovered from the effects of this injury, and that, with some disease of the lungs, caused his death, which took place Sunday Feb. 25th. He continued to teach, though in very poor health, until three weeks before his death. His kind and amiable disposition, made him many friends, and his energy, ambition, and exemplary character gave high promise for his future career, now brought to an untimely end. His funeral took place Wednesday morning.

Mr. Gabriel Morton is bu l-ing a house upon his farm in this neighborhood.

Mr. Staneck has moved into his new house.

Invitations are out for a social party at Mr. M. C. Johnson's, to come off the evening of March 1st. Miss Inez Johnson who is now at home, expects to leave for Falls City next week.

Mr. Abbott and Mr. Bloom of Liberty, visited this neighborhood a short time ago. If I were only skilled in romance writing, I might do justice to their adventure, but as it is, I forbear—unlike Leander of classic fame, who swam the Hellespont to meet his lady, one of our heroes did not swim the booming Nemaha to meet his.

BURCHARD ITEMS.

Corn is coming in at a lively rate. Our buyers are paying 31 cents per bushel.

G. W. Fields of Shenandoah, Iowa, is conducting a class in music at this place. He gave a musical concert on the evening of Feb. 28th.

Mr. Geo. W. Porter assisted by G. W. C. T. Sibley, organized a Lodge of Good Templars at this place on Feb. 27th.

Mr. Laird is unloading a car of stock and goods. He came to stay.

School closed Friday, with concert exercises. The school has been well attended and was a success the last term.

George White has his restaurant in running order, and is prepared to feed the hungry.

Those who were afflicted with malarial fever, are recovering.

J. D. Dusenberry is shelling the corn in Burchard which has been waiting means of transportation.

The United Presbyterians will next week commence the erection of their new building.

Chas. Dort can now be found behind the counter at Dort Bros.

WALTER C. KERN, JEWELER,
WEST SIDE OF PUBLIC SQUARE,
PAWNEE CITY, NEB.

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Silver Ware, Gold Pens, Spectacles, and Jewelry of all kinds constantly IN STOCK. You will save money by giving me a call.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town, 5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

WISE people are always on the look-out for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

C. H. NORRIS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

He keeps one of the best selected stocks
--of--
General Merchandise in Pawnee County.

WILL SELL GOODS FOR CASH,
AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES,
AND PAYS THE
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE

ALLEN, MERWIN & MATHEWSON,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
HARDWARE
--AND--
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

A FULL AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT
OF
DRUGS, MEDICINES, HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ETC.

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

FELLERS & JONES,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

Wall Paper, Window Shades,

FANCY LAMPS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
CIGARS, TOBACCOS,
CHOICE CONFECTIONS,
BEST BRANDS WHITE LEAD, CELLULOID
PAINTS, OILS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, ETC., UNDERTAKERS'
GOODS, ETC., ETC. ALWAYS ON HAND.

Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.

SOUTH OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

TRAVEL ONLY VIA
—THE—
B. & MO. R. R. R.
KNOWN AS
THE BURLINGTON ROUTE,
FOR ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST

Daily Express Trains are now run to
CHICAGO, OMAHA & DENVER
—VIA—
LINCOLN
AND BETWEEN
KANSAS CITY, ATCHISON
AND DENVER.

2 EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY
BETWEEN
OMAHA AND LINCOLN

All Through Trains are Equipped with New and Elegant

PULLMAN PALACE CARS,

Day Coaches, and Baggage and Express Cars of the Latest Designs.

THROUGH Tickets at LOWEST Rates

Are on sale at the Principal Stations where Passengers can obtain information as to Routes, Rates and Connections, and can secure Sleeping-Car accommodations.

QUICK TIME,
SURE CONNECTIONS,
NO DELAYS

As trains run to and from Union Depots at all principal points.
P. S. EUSTIS,
General Ticket Agent, Omaha.

F. M. WEAVER & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS, 1039 MAIN ST
[illegible]

—M. F. Belshline went down to Atchison Tuesday.

—Dr. Joshua Woods of Falls City, looked over town Thursday.

—Thursday ushered in "Gentle Annie." How do you like her style?

—John B. Raper of Pawnee City, made us a pleasant call, Thursday.

Atchison flour, Ivanhoe Patent and Central Mills, can't be beat. O. D. T.

—Meeting will be held in the new Methodist Church tomorrow at 11 a. m.

BORN—Friday, Feb. 16th, to the wife of Samuel Hedrick, a son. The mother is recovering nicely.

—Mr. Bacon, W. C. T. of the Good Templars Lodge of Humboldt, attended the Lodge at this place Wednesday night.

—The article on Co-operative dairying by Hon. G. L. Griffing, referred to last week, will appear in our next issue.

—Micheal Gress will start for the Loup country as soon as the roads improve. He will be accompanied by Henry Jennings.

—J. T. Martin, wife and two babes, came in from Wymore, Wednesday morning, and are visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity.

—A Methodist choir was organized last Thursday night. It was stipulated that no member should accept a deputyship in the postoffice.

—A. D. Davis is suffering from erysipelas, the left side of his head and face being affected. He was confined to his bed for several days, but is up and improving.

—Since writing in another place on this page, of Mr. Frank's intention of removing to Topeka Kan., we learn that he departed for that place with his goods and chattels, Wednesday.

—Miss Alice Fellers who is attending school at Kansas City is dangerously ill with the measles. Her mother, Mrs. Andrew Fellers, went down to attend her during her illness.

—Charley Randall came over from Stella, Friday, and spent the Sabbath with his parents. Charley thinks the Tribune is picking up under Mr. Sharts' able management.

C. B. Caselton and W. P. Pattison have sold the 20 acres of timber land south of N. G. Swayzey's which they purchased a short time ago, to T. O. Lewis, who has already commenced building on the same.

It is to be hoped that ample means will be secured to carry out this work. The beginning so well made last spring, if completed this year, will give us the finest park in any of Nebraska's towns or small cities.

—A small sum is now being raised to defray the expenses of seeding the public square with grass, trimming trees, repairing the fence, &c. Any who desire to contribute to this fund will please leave their mites in the hands of W. H. Harrison.

—We have been interviewing several of our fruit growers this week, as to the prospects for fruit the coming season. They are of the opinion that there will be a good yield of all kinds of fruit, peaches excepted. Peach buds are thought to be almost all dead.

—Closing exercises of our school Thursday and Friday of next week. Among other exercises one of the students in natural philosophy will exhibit an electric engine of his own invention. The friends and patrons of the school are invited to attend and notice the advancement of the pupils.

—F. L. Walton of Fairbury, Ills. is here here this week, superintending the loading of the seed corn purchased for his father who is a large grain dealer of that place. The grain was purchased for him by W. B. Bull, who was formerly from that place and is an old acquaintance of Mr. Walton's.

Our suggestions, concerning the organization of a coal company, made last week, seem to have made a favorable impression on our people, and we believe if some one would take the lead, that ample means could be raised to thoroughly investigate and determine whether coal is to be had in this vicinity.

We have made arrangements to furnish to the subscribers of this paper, that excellent agricultural and stock journal, *The Nebraska Farmer*, for the small sum of $1.00 per year. The *Farmer* is published at Lincoln, Neb., O. M. Druse, Editor, and is devoted to agriculture and stock growing in the west. Every farmer should take it. Send $1.00 to this office and we will have the *Farmer* sent to you.

—Uncle Hank Cooper has the spring fever.

NOTICE.—I will hold a Teachers' Examination at the school house in Table Rock, to-day, beginning at 9 a. m. O. D. Howe, Co., Supt.

—Mrs. Andrew Fellers returned from Kansas City Thursday morning, and reports that Miss Alice is fast improving—almost well in fact.

—Mr. & Mrs. E. Wheeler will start on an extended trip through southern Kansas next Monday, and from there they will go to Burlington Junction, Iowa.

—Geo. W. Porter went out to Burchard Tuesday night, and with the assistance of G. W. C. T. Sibley, organized a Lodge of Good Templars at that place.

—It is probable that only two teachers will be employed for our school the next term. The attendance will drop off so much that additional room will not be needed during the summer.

—Wolves are becoming numerous in the vicinity of town. Wednesday night the chorus of howls which greeted the writers ear as he spooked around about the hour of midnight, would ontrival pandemonium. Numerous hunts are organized for the purpose of destroying them, but they generally escape in the timber.

—Mr. M'Laughlan, a general merchant of Humboldt was in town Thursday. He says that Humboldt is pretty dull, and he thinks he undoubtedly will remove to some other town. His business here was looking over the field, and as he informs us that he was quite favorably impressed with our place, we have but little doubt that he will locate here.

—Humboldt is considerably excited over a stealing scrape, two hitherto respectable young men being the abductors of some $200 worth of goods from Tinker's store. One of them, Wm. James, who was a partner in the livery business with Hiram Quackenbos, was arrested but was allowed to escape by Humboldt's vigilant marshall, and at once lit out for parts remote.

—"Murder will out." Pawnee City has discovered that the vagabond, Larkins, who was handled roughly by a mob at that place the next day after the town burned, for being suspected as an incendiary, was the veritable cause of the fire. He set Reeder's drug store on fire because liquor was refused him. Recently in a drunken carousal he disclosed the fact to a companion, and this fellow gave it away.

—As we intimated last week, S. A. Hoover will have charge of the congregation of the Christian church at Pawnee City, the coming year. They have long wanted him to give up farming and minister to them, but he preferred to carry on his farm work. A couple of weeks ago at their earnest solicitation he made them a proposition he had no idea they would accept, but when to his surprise they almost immediately did. He will remove with his family to Pawnee City soon. Having his farm all in good shape for spring work, well stocked, etc., he has not rented but has hired Wm. Elstein, who has been living in town this winter, to move with his family to the farm. He will carry on the work and attend to the stock under Mr. Hoover's supervision.

—Dr. Thomas, a veterinary surgeon of Lincoln, came down to Table Rock last Friday (23rd) for the purpose of examining the cattle of Mr. Osborne's that have died, and to arrive at the cause of their death if possible.

After a close dissection and examination of several of the dead animals he decided that they died from a contagious disease known to the profession as apoplectic authrax. This disease he stated had not been prevalent in any section of this country for several years. It is very contagious, and cattle brought on the same ground several years after where others have died of the disease are liable to contract it. So far as we have heard, none of Mr. Osborne's neighbors' cattle have yet shown symptoms of the disease. If it should become prevalent and prove as fatal in every herd as in Mr. Osborne', the result would be distressing to cattle owners. Mr. Osborne was in town Monday, and on interviewing him we learned that 30 head were than dead while six or seven more afflicted. None have recovered that have developed symptoms of this disease. Mr. Osborne is discouraged, naturally enough, as his loss so far is about $1000, and he has in all about 140 head of cattle, and many more of them will undoubtedly be taken. Rigid precaution should be taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

—Rev. Brigham came up from Humboldt Tuesday morning to oversee some improvments to be made on his farm. We understand that he has leased it for the next year to a gentleman by the name of Allen Barnes, who will take possession soon. Mr. Frank, who rented it last year, will remove to the vicinity of Topeka, Kans. in a few days.

—It seems to us that after experiencing the awful condition of the streets and sidewalks this week of muddy weather, that our citizens and business men should be almost unanimous in favoring the incorporation of the town. Our sidewalks are very good in dry weather, but are fearful to traverse in wet. Let us incorporate. About all the expense that will be necessarily incurred, will be that of laying good sidewalks, and this should be done anyway. It is a duty which the business men owe to the people. Some one take the lead.

—A telegram was received by A. D. Davis, Wednesday, from Mr. Ash, father of Mrs. E. G. Hough of this place, stating that Harvey Ash, —Mrs. Hough's brother who was here several weeks visiting his brother and sister during the winter, had shot and killed himself. He was somewhere in the northern part of this state. Particulars have not been received as to whether the shooting was accidental or otherwise. In response to a second telegram, Mrs. Hough departed on Friday morning, for the home of her parents at West Union, Iowa.

WOOLEN WEDDING.

Seven years ago last Tuesday night at Farmington, Illinois, Mr. John Mathewson and Miss Ella Leora Hart were united in the holy bonds of matrimony for life. Up to this date their union has been crowned with three beautiful and promising children and as much unalloyed and unbroken happiness as could well be crowded into so few short years they have dwelt "as one." On the night above mentioned, the many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Mathewson at this place determined to express the esteem and appreciation in which they held them by commemorating this anniversary of their married life in an appropriate manner. Accordingly, to the number of 40 or 50 they quietly surprised them, taking the house by storm, as it were. After an evening spent in pleasant entertainment, the happy couple were re-united by Rev. Randall, and presented with numerous, beautiful tokens of regard. After these ceremonies were gone through with, a famine was organized in the vicinity. At a late hour, the self invited guests departed, leaving the twice wedded couple alone to the enjoyment of their second honeymoon.

A SURPRISE.

A complete surprise was perpetuated by our friends who rushed into our house, last Tuesday evening, with sweetmeats and nice presents, in honor of the seventh anniversary of our wedding. However, possession was given, and an enjoyable time ensued. The event makes a bright spot in our memory, and may the kind wishes extended to us be the lot of each participant. Hoping that you all enjoyed yourselves, and that friendship will ever exist, please accept our thanks.

Mr. & Mrs. J. Mathewson

Go to Allen Merwin & Mathewson for Stoves, Barbed or Smooth Wire, Pumps, Plows, Cultivators, Stalk Cutters or other Farm Machinery.

Get the best, the Mason & Hamlin Organ, on easy payments. 15cts per day, or $1.05 per week. Good discount for cash, at Anderson's Jewelry & Music House, Pawnee City Neb.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

Call on Allen, Merwin & Mathewson for cutlery, pocket-knives, from 10 cents to $1.25.

List of Letter remaining uncalled for in the Post-office at Table Rock, Feb. 15, 1883.

J. L. Wymore.	A. Salea.
Wm. Garvin	Job. H. Green
J. L. Clerf	Isaac Cook
Church Conkling	Jeff Ogg

Persons calling for any of the above letters please say Advertised.

Will L. Scism, P. M.

Table Rock Market.

Corn—30 c.
Wheat, No. 2—65
Oats,—20c
Hogs—$5.50 to 6.
Butter—15 to 20c
Eggs—20c.

Fellers & Jones will have Grass Seed for sale.

CAPS at COST.
Tibbets.

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

We have a stock of Tinware on hand now. Call and make selections.
Wm. Fellers.

Bird cages, a full stock at the hardware.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have the best stock of Drugs in Pawnee County.

Boys! come and see those New Violins and Bows at F. & J.'s. These are Goods brought from the East, and are of Superior quality.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

Sausage at Martin's

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

MONEY To Loan at 9 per cent, and no commission; Inquire of
W. L. Scism.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

Wagons! Wagons! Wagons! The Caldwell Wagons are sold by Allen, Merwin & Mathewson.

FOR SALE.

Cord Wood, Stove Wood, Fence Posts &c., Inquire at this office.

If you want a good Suit of Clothes Cheaper than you ever bought before, call and see for I have just received a brand new Stock and can satisfy you in quality and price.
O. D. Tibbets.

We have examined Wm. Fellers's Clothing department and find that he has the Finest and Best stock of clothing this side of the Missouri.

A large Bale of Old Papers for sale at this office.

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

There is no use of throwing away your Clothes Wringers when the rollers wear out. Go to A. M. & M.; they will put on new rollers and the wringer is as good as new again.

If in need of any thing in "Clothing" see the "Pawnee Clothing Store." They are closing out their Winter goods before moving.

Barbed Wire is on the road for A. M. & M.

Get your girl a nice present young man, and for this present buy one of those handsome books for sale by Woolsey & Peery.
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.

For Furniture come to Table Rock and get it of Fellers & Jones.

In a few days we will receive the finest lot of Boots and Shoes ever brought to the county. Call and examine.
Wm. Fellers.

REMEMBER THIS that it costs you from 3 to 5 dollars more to insure with these traveling sharps than it will with an agent in your town. My rates in the SPRINGFIELD, are $1.50 per hundred, cash for 5 years or, $1.80 on time. Give me a call and learn what liberal terms I can give you. Will L. Scism. 26

All parties indebted to G. R. Martin for the year 1882, will please call and settle those accounts either by cash or note and oblige
G. R. Martin.

If you have traded with "The Clothing Store" at Pawnee it will interest you to hear that are still lower than than their original Low Prices. They are now East Side, next to P. O., but will move in 30 days to room next to Duer's Hardware.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have ordered a stock of clocks.

Second-hand wagons almost given away, at Peck's.

Triloff's Garden Seeds, warranted to be fresh, at A., M. & M's. You can get double the amount that can be got elsewhere for the same money.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

APPLES!! By the Bushel, or Barrel, at Fellers.'

Farmers and Physicians, get your Receipts and Prescriptions filled at Fellers & Jones', as they give special attention to this line of the Drug trade.

WASHING COMPOUND
Saves Labor and Time. For sale by Wm. Fellers.

Flour off 20cts., per hundred, at Martin's

Statements & Blank Books.
Fellers & Jones.

Get your Confectionary of F. & J.

BOOTS! Best and Cheapest.
Wm. Fellers.

Finest stock of overalls west of the Missouri river, at Fellers.'

We will soon have the largest stock of implements ever brought to Pawnee county. Allen Merwin & Mathewson.

FOR SALE!!
1200 Posts, Cheap for Cash or on six months time. Enquire of Richardson, Linn & Cooper, or of C. H. Norris.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have a No. 1 Practical Tinner, who stands in readiness to do all kinds of Tinwork and repairing. Repairing Tinware and Graniteware a specialty.

A new and splendid line of books, such as are suitable Holiday presents, just received by Woolsey & Peery.
26-tf Elk Creek, Neb.
Come and get one for your friend.

Call on Allen, Merwin & Mathewson for best Sewing Machines made; warranted for 5 years; good work guaranteed.

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

Best Safety Oil. A. M. & M.

Blue grass, Timothy, and Clover Seeds. Bottom prices. A. M. & M.

"The Clothing Store" at Pawnee will move the first of March, to west door of "Duer's Hardware" store, and for next 30 days before moving will sell Winter Clothing at pleasing prices.

No. 83. House, 2 Lots, barn, well and out-door cellar, and other improvments; must be sold within 30 days. Price $350. Cash. Inquire of
M. H. Marble, Agent.

Lamps and Bird Cages—any style at Fellers & Jones's.

LOOK OUT!! In it

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson have received part of their Farming Implements and when the weather moderates call and examine.

ALL PERSONS who are indebted to the Table Rock Mills are requested to call and settle at once.
J. D. Harrison.

Sauer Kraut, 30 cts. per gallon.
O. D. Tibbets.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson handle the Vane & Calvert mixed paints, the best in the market; also Lead, Oil and Colorings.

NOTICE.

All parties are warned against purchasing a Note of $27.50 given in my favor by J. D. Harrison, falling due Dec. 30th 1882. Said note has been taken up and lost.
E. A. Peck.
Table Rock, Neb., Jan. 1st, 1883.

Oil Cake at Fellers & Jones'.

Allen, Merwin & Mathewson will soon have ground Oil Cake.

Warren L Mitchell has secured the Agency for "Manning's Stock Doctor, and Live Stock Encyclopedia," and will make a canvass for the same in this vicinity. He is also Agent for several other Standard Works, amongst which we notice "Daughters of America, or Women of the Century," which cannot fail to please those who are interested in the Cause of Universal Suffrage. If you want a good book, you will certainly find it in his list. Be ready to give him your subscription when he calls on you.

Peck has Emery and Polishing Wheels, so you can bring in your plows and cultivators and have them made as good as new. Shop South-West Public Square.

Paints & Oils at Fellers & Jones'.

All persons owing Allen, Merwin & Mathewson for goods bought in 1882 are cordially invited to call and

WOMAN'S COLUMN.

EDITED BY THE TABLE ROCK WOMAN'S CLUB.

CLUBS.

Response given By Mrs. O. D. Howe, at the Third Anniversary.

Clubs in all ages of the world and in all stages of society have existed as instruments potent for good or evil. The Jacobin Clubs of France, the social and political Clubs of England and America have been instruments of power in the hands of the people. But a Club composed of women and controlled by women, for their own exclusive benefit, is an idea of very recent origin. We all remember the famous Club called the Sorosis. A few women whose minds were inclined to literary persuits, organized themselves into a Club and discussed questions pertaining to their own interest, and yet no paper in the land considered its column of wit complete, without its gibes and squibs of ridicule directed at the Sorosis. The formation of your own Club, 3 years ago, provoked a smile from the fact of ourselves, who during the greater part of our lives have been members of masculine Clubs. We are a little disposed to commisserate the husbands who were waiting for you to finish your deliberations. We were all oblivious of the faces that it has ever been a common occurrence for you to wait in town or at home for us to complete the important and momentous affairs of our own Clubs. And it did seem an appalling idea that women should have regular and stated meetings alone and by themselves without the presence of their liege lords and husbands. Their proper sphere has been bounded by the walls of their own homes, or at furthest in the Mite Society or Sewing Circle, under the immediate eye of the minister or of some trustworthy deacon, who could direct the course of their thoughts or talk, if it should aspire to anything higher or beyond the interminable gossip of the day.

For years we have seen magnificent movements for female education, millions of money have been exhausted to give our daughters all the scholastic accomplishments which genius or art could invent. They have shown themselves apt pupils. They have shown themselves competent to cope with the darkest and most intricate of nature's mysteries. In all departments of literature, science, and art, they have fully proved that the male and female minds are equivalent as to force endurance and acuteness. Talents in the boy open to him an extended field of labor and usefulness; while in the girl, it has not been permitted to more than render her a better household drudge.

Ladies of the Club: We thank you for the lessons you have given us in reference to your own true position. We congratulate you upon the recurrence of your Third Anniversary. We congratulate you upon the respect you have won for your Club. By the many able articles that have emanated from your society and been published, we find that you are not only capable of the noblest thoughts upon all questions pertaining to humanity, but that you are also capable of expressing them in plain and vigorous language. You have shown us that women can and do have higher aspirations than gossip, and that they can as fully and thoroughly understand all the problems of social and civil science, as man.

And yet, perhaps a few words of caution in view of the past may be necessary. Consider and discuss all subjects that can directly or remotely affect the people. Give us the results of your investigations. Interest yourselves in questions of banks, tariffs, civil service reform, prohibition laws, and all other great questions before the people. Do, and feel this every day in the year, except the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November. On that day you should cease to feel any interest in questions of public policy. On that day let your minds rest lazyeus, or try to forget that your thoughts ever arise above the ordinary duties of the house, or at most, of husking corn. True you have shown us that for 364 days in the year you can investigate with accuracy and calmness all the affairs of the nation, and at the same time not neglect your other duties. But we have decided that if your interest continues throughout the remaining day, our homes will be in the most imminent danger. We men can attend to the affairs of the nation and not neglect the other duties of life. We can study the affairs of state and at the same time follow the plow or attend to our shops. And in this respect we have agreed that our capabilities are greater than yours.

The Careful Housekeeper.

"There are those balusters all finger marks again," said Mrs. Cary, as she in side haste with a soft linen cloth to polish down the shining oak again. "George," she said, with a flushed face, as she gave the cloth a decided wrench out of the basin of suds, "if you go up those stairs again before bedtime you shall be punished."

"I should like to know where I can go?" said George angrily. "I can't stay in the kitchen, I am so in the way, and I can't go in the parlor for fear I shall muss that up, and now you say I can't go up to my own room. I know a grand place where I can go," he added to himself, "boys are never told they are in the way there, and we can have lots of fun. I'll go down to Niles's corner. I can smoke a cigar now as well as any boy, if it did make me awful sick the first time. They shall not laugh at me again about it."

And so the careful housekeeper virtually drove her son from the door, to hang about the steps and sit under the broad, inviting portico of the village stock shop. Do you think she gained or lost?

TABLE ROCK POST OFFICE.

TIME OF CLOSING MAILS.

Going north on B. & M.	8:45 a m
Going south on B. & M.	4:45 p m
Going west, on R. V. Div.	11:00 a m
Table Rock to Pawnee City	9:15 a m
For Kansas City & the East	12:15 p m
Table Rock to Beatrice, Tues & Fri.	7:00 a m

ARRIVAL OF MAILS.

From the south	9:08 a m
From the north	5:00 p m
From the west	9:00 a m
From Pawnee City	4:30 p m
From Kansas City	2:30 p m
From Beatrice, Wednesdays & Sat.	5:00 p m

WILL L. SCISM, P. M.

B. & M. TIME CARD.

Exp	Pass.	MLS.	STATIONS	Pass.	Exp
A. M.	A. M.		Southern Division	P. M.	P. M.
11:20	5:20	0.0	Lv Atch Ar	9.00	3.50
	5:48	12.1	Brenner	8.32	
	6:00	15.8	Troy Junct.	8.22	
	6:17	21.9	Fanning	8.05	
	6:29	24.1	Highland	7.53	
	6:34	25.7	Highland Sid	7.46	
	6:55	30.5	Iowa Point	7.12	
	6:48	34.9	White Cloud	7.39	
	6:59	39.0	Gibralter	7.16	
	7:15	42.7	Rule X	7.03	
P. M.	7:25	48.1	Preston	6.50	
3.05	7:40				
	8:00	53.6	AT Salls City LV	Lv 6.35	
	8:14	60.0	Salem	6.18	1.25
	8:50	67.3	Dawsons	5.39	
	8:48	74.1	Humboldt	5.22	
A. M.					A. M.
2.30	9,10	82.5	Table Rock	5.00	12.39
	9,32	90.5	Elk Creek	4.40	
	9,50	97.1	Tecumseh	4.23	
	10,09	104.1	Smartville	4.03	
	10,25	109.7	Sterling	3.61	
	10,40	116.7	Adams	3.32	
	11,00	124.0	Firth	3.13	
	11,15	130.9	Hickman	2.56	
	11,24	134.0	Roca	2.49	
	11,31	137.1	Saltillo	2.40	
	11,45	142.8	State Prison	2.28	
	11,55	145.7	Ar Lincoln Lv	2.20	

Denver Exp — Kansas City Exp

TOWN LOTS

FOR SALE,

CHEAP.

In Peck's Addition

to

TABLE ROCK.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS, CHEAP.

FOR CASH,

For the next Thirty Days.

M. H. MARBLE,

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

O. D. TIBBETS,

CHEAP CASH

DRY GOODS AND

GROCERY STORE,

SOUTHEAST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

I keep the Freshest and Choicest of Groceries and will not be undersold,

FOR CASH.

Call and see me once, and you will come again.

M. H. MARBLE,

REAL ESTATE, LOAN

AND

INSURANCE AGENT

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA

Offers for Sale a Large Amount of Land in Pawnee County, Neb. Would be Pleased to Hear from Anyone Desiring to Buy or Sell Real Estate.

MONEY LOANED

at LOW RATES, on REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

DESCRIPTION OF LANDS FOR SALE.

No. 8. Fine improved farm of 160 acres, fair improvements; 2 miles from town. Price $6000

No. 9. 160 acres two and one-half miles from Table Rock, five and one-half from Pawnee City; timber and water; frame house with 3 rooms; 35 acres broke; other improvements Price $2,400.

No. 18. 140 acres 1 m from town, good brick house, quite an amount of bottom land, timber, water; pasture fenced. $2,500. Time on a portion.

No. 19. 80 acres, five miles from Table Rock, 55 acres broke. Price $1,000.

No. 20. 160 acres, some improvements; 12 miles west of Table Rock, 4 miles from Burchard. Price $1,700; 1,000 cash; balance at 8 per cent 3 to 5 years.

No. 22. 108 acres, nearly all under plow, and bottom land; house, timber and water, adjoining town of Table Rock. Price $3,700. Terms made known on application.

No. 26. One of the finest of stock farms of 320 acres, 4 miles from town; timber and water, good buildings of all kinds. $27 per. acre. Terms made known on application.

No. 30. Fine farm of 160 acres, well improved, good buildings, 4 miles north of Pawnee city. $4,000, half cash, balance at 8 per cent.

No. 32. 280 acres, good house, 20 acres spoiler plow, some hedge, small orchard, partly fenced, well watered, everything convenient, 4 m from Table Rock, 7 from Pawnee City, 10 from Tecumseh. Price $4,000, easy terms.

No. 33. 120 acres, well improved, good house, good barn; living water, young orchard and shade trees; 3 and 1-4 miles from Table Rock. Price $3,400.

No. 34. Well improved farm of 160 acres mostly bottom land, good buildings, bearing orchard; 3 miles from Table Rock. Price $3,200. terms to suit purchaser.

No. 50. 320 acres, 5 mile from Burchard, 25 acres broke; $2.50 per acre; one-eighth cash; balance crop terms; a desirable bargain.

No. 51. 160 acres well improved, good building; two orchards; other desirable improvements; six miles from Pawnee City; $5,000 $2,000 cash, balance by mouths.

No. 52. 80 acres, with wood lot, 3 m from Table Rock; house and considerable improvements. $1,000 cash.

No. 53. Fine half section fenced; 8 miles from Burchard. Price Four Thousand Five Hundred. Two Thousand cash, balance payments to suit.

No. 54. Fine Quarter Section, four miles west of town, hedged, small house; Price $3,800 one half cash, balance on time to suit.

No. 59. 160 acres; house with basement 16x24, well improved, orchard, mostly bottom land, 5 miles from Table Rock and 9 miles from Elk. Price, $4,000. $2,000 cash, balance payments.

No. 60. 132 acres near Table Rock Mills; some timber; considerable bottom land; $18 per acre; one-third cash, balance time.

No. 65. 80 acres wild land 3 miles West of Sterling. Price $500 cash.

No. 69. Fine well improved farm of 240 acres in Rocky County, Kansas, to trade for property in the vicinity of Table Rock. A great bargain offered.

No. 71. 160 acres leased School Land, 18 acres broke, 7 miles North West of Table Rock. Price $500, terms to suit purchaser.

No. 72. 70 acres adjoining town; considerable bottom land; large amount of timber, living water. Price $1400.

No. 73. Good Hotel to Rent in Table Rock; well located. Inquire at office of M. H. Marble.

No. 74. Fine large house, near the Depot, for sale or to trade for land. Suitable for a Boarding House or a Hotel. Terms made known on application.

No. 75. 4 Lots in Block adjoining Public Square. Fine well improved. $50 per Lot.

No. 76. 2 miles North-East of Pawnee City; choice land. $3000.

No. 77. House and Lot near M. E. Parsonage.

Business Lot on the Square, with small Building thereon. $500

Large House, good as new and in good repair; good out-buildings, with 5 Lots. $800

Fine House, with 3 Lots, in Peck's Addition. If sold soon, $650.

70 acres adjoining town; House, Orchard, Hedge. $2,000

Well improved farm of 160 acres, with good buildings, bearing Orchard. Well $3,500.

5 miles North-East of Pawnee City.

Large House, with 3 Lots, 1 Block from Public Square, Table Rock. $1,000

New House and 5 acres Land, with Half Interest in Frevaing Mills (3 runs of $5000.

mile from Table Rock Depot. For Sale or Trade.

Farm of 320 acres, 60 rent for Season of 1883. Large House, Pasture of 50 acres; under plow, large amount of Grass Land; 5 miles from Table Rock. Cash rent, $500

Read the list carefully, as it will be frequently changed.

Always refer to the number of the land as given.

Office southwest of the Public Square, call and see me, or write to me.

M. H. MARBLE,

Real Estate Agent, Table Rock, Neb.

RICHARDSON, LINN & COOPER

DEALERS IN

LUMBER!

Southwest of Square.

We keep constantly on hand,

LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,

LIME, CEMENT, DOORS,

SASH, BLINDS, BUILDING PAPER, POSTS,

And such other commodities as belong to the trade. Estimates made on application.

WM. FELLERS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

South of Public Square.

Call on me, and select from my large and diversified stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

CLOTHING,

BUILDING HARDWARE,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

BEST GRADES OF FLOUR

On hand at all times. I can make it of interest to you to purchase of me.

LINN & COOPER,

DEALERS IN

STOCK GRAIN AND COAL.

The Pioneer Stock and Grain Buyers of Pawnee County.

OPERATE AT TABLE ROCK, HUMBOLDT, AND ELLERN

We pay at all times the highest market price for

STOCK AND GRAIN,

And keep constantly on hand a large stock of

HARD AND SOFT COAL.

Can always find us at our office, with Richardson, Linn & Cooper, or at the scale house, near the depot.

TAYLOR & MITCHELL,

PROPRIETORS OF

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE,

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run Stage to and from Pawnee City, connecting with All Trains.

TABLE ROCK FLOURING MILLS!

J. D. HARRISON, Manager,

3-4 MILE EAST OF DEPOT.

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

ALL GRADES OF FLOUR, CORN MEAL, ETC.,

ALWAYS ON HAND,

and so I

AT LOWEST CASH PRICES

THE EAGLE TREES.

TO J. G. W.

Great pines that watch the river go,
Down to the sea all night, all day,
Firm rooted near its ebb and flow,
Bowing their heads to winds at play,
Strong limbed and proud, they silent stand,
And watch the mountains far away,
And watch the miles of arming land,
And hear the church bells tolling slow.

They see the men in distant fields,
Follow the furrows of the plough;
They count the loads the harvest yields,
And fight the storms with every bough,
Beating the wild winds back again.
The April sunshine cheers them now;
They eager drink the warm spring rain,
Nor dread the spear the lightning wields.

High in the branches clings the nest
The great birds build from year to year;
And though they fly from east to west,
Some instinct keeps this eyrie dear
To their fierce hearts; and now their eyes
Glare down at me with rage and fear;
They stare at me with wild surprise,
Where high in air they strong-winged rest.

Companionship of birds and trees!
The years have proved your friendship strong;
You share each other's memories,
The river's secret and its song,
And legends of the country-side;
The eagles take their journeys long,
The great trees wait in noble pride
For messages from hills and seas.

I hear a story that you tell
In idleness of summer days:
A singer that the world knows well
To you again boyhood strays;
Within the stillness of your shade
He rests where flickering sunlight plays,
And sees the nests the eagles made,
And wonders at the distant bell.

His keen eyes watch the forest growth,
The rabbits' fear, the thrushes' flight;
He loiters gladly, nothing loath
To be alone at fall of night.
The woodland things around him taught
Their secrets in the evening light,
Whispering some wisdom to his thought
Known to the pines and eagles both.

Was it the birds who early told
The dreaming boy that he would win
A poet's crown instead of gold?
That he would fight a nation's sin?—
On eagle wings of song would gain
A place that few might enter in,
And keep his life without a stain
Through many years, yet not grow old?

And he shall be what few men are,
Said all the pine-trees, whispering low;
His thought shall find an unseen star;
He shall our treasured legends know,
His words will give the way-worn rest
Like this cool shade our branches throw;
He, lifted like our loftiest crest,
Shall watch his country near and far.

—Harper's Magazine.

DEL HAWTHORNE.

BY BERTHA BERTON.

"I wish father could see beauty outside of a corn-field," murmure Del Hawthorne discontentedly, as she sat in the doorway of the old farm-house one spring afternoon.

Adella was the girl's name, and rather fanciful it seemed for such practical people as Asa Hawthorne and his wife to give their child; but she had been named for an eccentric maiden aunt, probably with an eye to the future, as the spinster possessed a very comfortable fortune. Too much of a name for every-day use, it was shortened to Del, as more convenient, and she was seldom called otherwise.

Mr. Hawthorne was the owner of a large and handsome farm, and Del's country life had developed her muscles, expanded her lungs, and she was free and agile as a wild fawn.

Her outdoor rambles had nurtured and cultivated a love of the beautiful in nature; for she had an artist's soul, whether inherited from some remote ancestor or not; the sensitive, perceptive nature was there, and was forever getting her into trouble. Her chief delight, seemingly, being to try to reproduce the lovely forms and shades of outdoor life.

Many scoldings the poor child received for wasting her time. Many tears, too, Del shed over the harsh words of her thrifty mother, who had no patience with the child's inclinations.

In summer a sheltered nook beside a great rock in the orchard, that sloped down toward a little brook, south of the farm-house, was Del's favorite resort, where she busied herself in her leisure hours, with paper and pencil.

Winter sent her to the attic, where would nestle down beside the great brick chimney that was faintly warm, while the north wind twisted the naked limbs of the tall elms above the roof, and howled and whistled about the house-corners.

But the child, reaching vainly for what was unattainable without instruction, minded not her surroundings, till her mother's voice would bring her out of her ideal world to the prosiness of household work.

"That child tries me most to death! What will she ever be good for?" Mrs. Hawthorne would often say to her husband, after calling and waiting for Del till her patience was quite exhausted.

It was a question hard to answer.

Slender, lithe, tall for years, with bronzy gold hair rippling over her shoulders, a fair, oval face, and soft, lustrous, brown eyes, a combination, lovely but rare, she seemed illy fitted for the rugged work that usually falls to the lot of farmers' daughters.

The years had gone on till Del was sixteen.

She had been sent to the common school, and had acquired a fair knowledge of the branches there taught. That was all the education a woman need have, said Mr. Hawthorne.

To learn to make butter and cheese, to cook, to wash, and iron, and mend, would be more value than book knowledge, and such branches she must learn of her mother. So Del was trained in the mysteries of those household accomplishments that her soul abhorred.

She found time, still, to use her pencil, and her work, though rough showed marked improvement and evinced decided talent; but an intense longing something better possessed her.

Her father was a rich farmer.

If she could only coax him to send her to school. She had talked with her mother, and knew well that she thought it the height of folly; but perhaps her father would listen; yet, when she mustered courage to ask him, he called it the most absurd nonsense, and bade her never mention the subject again; while Del wept herself to sleep, that night, at the failure of her hopes.

It was spring, and the trees were putting out their tender, delicate-hued buds, the soft grass was springing up, making an emerald carpet in the front yard.

Lilacs were budding, crocuses and jonquils and tulips were lifting their bright heads from the dark earth, bluebirds and robins were filling the air with their warbling, and Del Hawthorne, with such a yearning for all these beauties of nature that she could scarcely contain herself, was compelled to assist her mother with the spring house-cleaning.

Not that they were obliged to do it, for Mr. Hawthorne's money would have provided help for the emergency, but his wife thought she could suit herself best, and though it involved a vast amount of hard labor they went at it with a will.

It was nearly finished, and Mr. Hawthorne and his wife went to town, leaving Del to keep house.

When they had gone, the old, wild longing to paint a cluster of the early spring flowers beneath the windows came over her, and quickly putting the house in order, she seated herself on the threshold, her colors beside her on the floor, her feet resting on the broad, stone step.

The flowers under the window looked up approvingly, and Del leaned over her work intent, earnest, glancing often at the rich flowers below, to catch the exact shade.

So intent was she upon her work, that a step on the graveled walk failed to arrest her attention, and it was not till the stranger reached the step, that she was aware of his proximity.

Then a swift glance revealed the fact that a gentleman stood before her, and springing up, her crude sketches were scattered hopelessly at his feet, while a flush dyed her fair face at the plight in which she had been caught.

"Allow me," the stranger said, bowing courteously; and gathering the leaves, he placed them in her hand.

"My name is Rupert Sutherland," he continued, introducing himself, "and I called to see if I could obtain board for a few weeks."

"Father and mother are away this afternoon," Del answered with a very tremulous voice, "and you will have to call again, or wait," she said, looking up shyly to the gentleman's face, and thinking how nice-looking he was.

"If you think they will return soon, I will wait," he replied, and Del, wondering all the while what her mother would say, led the way to the sitting-room.

Unused to entertaining strangers, the young girl was somewhat diffident, but the feeling was overcome in a measure when Mr. Sutherland led the conversation to the business which involved his tarrying in the place.

He wished to sketch a number of views from different points in the vicinity; and before she was aware, she was speaking of the scenery with an enthusiasm that enlisted Mr. Sutherland's interest, and he thought of her sketches that had fallen before him, asking pleasantly to see them again.

Del's cheeks flushed as she thought how contemptible her rough work would look to a real artist, but she brought them for his inspection, and he pointed out their faults, noticed their merits, and encouraged her to persevere.

Del's father and mother came home then, and she ran to tell her mother of the gentleman who wanted board.

"Sakes alive!" Mrs. Hawthorne exclaimed; "wait till your father comes from the barn, and see what he thinks about it;" and the decision of the Hawthorne council was in the young man's favor, for they were favorably impressed by his prepossessing manner.

The front chamber that had been lately freshened with paper and paint, was allotted to the artist, and Del's tasty fingers helped to give grace and comfort to its arrangement, while in the vases on dressing-case and table she placed freshly gathered clusters of dainty, fragrant violets.

"It seems kinder silly for a pleasant chap like Sutherland to be wastin' his time tryin' to make picters that nobody'll ever want," Mr. Hawthorne said to himself, reflectively.

He had come across Sutherland that morning, seated under an old tree, busily engaged with his sketching; though what he could find to make a picture of, the farmer could not discover.

"Nary a house or barn in sight, nothin' only jest that tumble-down, old mill," he told his wife when he went in to take his lunch of doughnuts and cider.

And that same old mill with its picturesque surroundings, was just what had caught the artist's eye, and Rupert Sutherland's sketch that morning was, in his own opinion, a great success, for in it he saw the outlines of a fine picture.

After they had become somewhat acquainted with their boarder, Mr. Hawthorne and his wife asked to see some of his work, and Rupert Sutherland took from his portfolio several of his last sketches for their examination.

"Why, Mary, if there hain't the old mill as natural as life. Who'd have thought of making that into a picter. S'pose you do these to pass away the time? Can't sell 'em of course," and the old farmer eyed Rupert Sutherland as though he thought him a lazy fellow.

"I hope to realize a hundred dollars, at least, for the ruins of the old mill," the artist answered, quietly.

"Man alive! you don't mean to say you're in earnest," exclaimed the farmer.

"Certainly. If I did not expect a good price for it, I should not have copied it."

Del stood by and saw her father's astonishment, but said nothing; while Mr. Hawthorne had food for reflection.

If pictures could be made to pay, perhaps he might let Del learn after all. He would talk more with Mr. Sutherland.

"Our little gal has always wanted to learn to make pictures," he said to the artist, that evening; "do you think she could learn?"

"I do," Sutherland replied, "for I have seen some of her work. If she could study, there is no telling what Miss Del might accomplish," he said, glancing at the eager face of the young girl, that glowed with gratitude for encouragement, which would do more toward gaining her father's consent than her own pleading had ever done.

"We may as well give the child a chance," the farmer said to his wife; "fix her up, and we'll send her to school."

Sutherland's advice was accepted, and Del Hawthorne was sent to a noted school of art.

Rupert Sutherland spent the whole summer under the Hawthorne roof, while during the two months that intervened before Del left home to pursue her studies, she learned a lesson not conned from books. Rupert Sutherland had become to the young girl the very ideal of perfection.

Three years passed away, Del Hawthorne had studied hard and was making a name for herself among artists.

Working and studying, there had been little time for sentiment.

She had never met Rupert Sutherland since she left him at her father's house. That he had gone abroad, she knew, that he was studying in Italy, she had heard, but she was not aware of the fact that he had lately returned home.

There was to be a private exhibition of paintings by an artist just home Florence, and only a select party of artists and connoisseurs were favored with cards.

Strangely enough Del Hawthorne received an invitation.

The artist's name had been withheld and the entertainment was given by a well known art critic.

As they passed slowly around the artist's well lighted room, carefully examining the finely executed paintings, Del Hawthorne paused suddenly before a small piece, suppressing a half uttered exclamation of surprise, for seated in the doorway of a rambling, old farm-house, with her feet resting on the broad, rough, stone step, a young girl with fair face and bronze hair was portrayed on the canvas, a box of colors beside her, the golden head bending over the card on which she was painting a cluster of the delicate flowers beneath the window; the young girl was herself, the farm-house, her own old home.

She stood spell-bound until a familiar voice sounded in her ear, and the artist spoke for her hearing alone.

"Have I taken too great a liberty in transferring the scene to my canvas?" and Del's expressive eyes must have answered, for Rupert Sutherland clasped her hand in his own, and raised it to his lips with an assurance which showed that the delicate artist perfection was not at fault.

An standing there before the little picture, and apart from the other guests, Del Hawthorne learned of the impression her earnest face had made on that sunny afternoon when Rupert Sutherland found her in the doorway of the farm-house, trying to work out the fancies of her busy brain.

With the same aspirations, it was not strange that the two artists united their fortunes; and in the studio of Rupert Sutherland one of the most charming features of the place is a lovely woman who, with the light of love as well as of inspiration glowing in her lustrous eyes, works steadily by her husband's side, aiding him by her hopefulness to win name and fortune among men.

The Concealed Weapon.

Judge Williamson, of Chicago, in charging the grand jury impaneled in the criminal court for the February term, drew special attention to the general practice of carrying concealed weapons. It was their duty, he said, to indict all persons found carrying concealed weapons. It was their duty, he said, to indict all persons found carrying dangerous weapons. Crimes and violence arising from such habit demanded rigorous measures. The state provided for such offences, a fine of from $10 to $200, and the judge called on the grand jury to see that the law in this regard was rigidly enforced.

HUMOROUS.

The latest thing in cradles—The new baby.

The police "court"—Flirting with the cook.

How to take life easily—Be careless with kerosene.

The physician's motto: "Have patients and you will succeed.

Time is money, but it doesn't go into circulation again after it is once passed.

A Dutchman repeated the adage, "Birds mit one fedder goes mit demselves."

"I aim to tell the truth." "Yes," interrupted an acquaintance, "but you are a very bad shot."

The young man who "went off like a shot" probably found too much powder on his girl's cheek.

"I'll join you presently," as the minister said to the young couple as he went off for the church key.

"In money matters," said a miserly old fellow, "treat strangers as though they were your relatives."

Long, pointed finger nails are fashionable among women, but they will never be popular with married men.

A little three-year-old girl rebuked her mother for alluding to a black cat, she said it was a "colored" cat.

Someone who believes that "brevity is the soul of wit," writes: "Don't eat stale Q cumbers. They'll W up."

Jones: "Can you give me change for a dollar?" Fenderson (the simpleton): "Yes, how much do you want?"

Father: "Isaac, if you are good today you may carry up some wood, but if you are naughty you must carry it up."

"Do you want fast colors?" asked the draper. "No, indeed," she replied, with a pretty blush. "My husband doesn't like anything fast."

"Tell your mistress that I have torn the curtain," said a boarder to a female domestic. "Very well, sir; mistress will put it down as extra rent."

"Well, madam, how's your husband to-day?" "Why, doctor, he's no better." "Did you get the leeches?" "Yes; but he only took three of them raw. I had to fry the rest."

This is the season when the experienced policeman, who hears cries of "Murdur! thieves!" coming from a darkened bedroom, mutters: "Too much mince pie," and passes on.

As a Georgia man says he can raise 34,500 pounds of water melons to the acre, the inference that he has taken the Herodic precaution to kill all the boys within ten miles of his plant.

Rector's wife, severely: "Tommy Jackson, how is it you don't take off your hat when you meet me?" Tommy: "Well, marm, if I take off my hat to you, what be I to do when I meet the parson himself?"

A small boy went to see his grandmother. After looking eagerly around the handsomely furnished room where she sat, he exclaimed, inquiringly: "Oh, grandma, where is the miserable table papa says you keep?"

A father chiding his son for not leaving his bed at an earlier hour, told him as an inducement that a certain man being up betimes found a purse of gold. "Just so," replied the son; but the loser was up first."

"Mamma, is the old hen going to be sent away for the summer?" "No, Charlie; but why do you ask?" "Well, I heard father telling the new governess that he would take her out riding when he sent the old hen away for the summer."

A Welsh woman who married the next day after her husband's death excused herself on the ground that there was a whole ham in the cellar, and she afraid that it would spoil if she did not get someone to help eat it."

A visitor asks of a young girl who is about to marry a widower: "Now, my dear, did he make his first wife happy?" "Did he make her happy!" exclaims the girl. "Why, madam, she has the handsomest monument in the cemetery."

A man was tried some little time back for stealing several clocks. The defense set up by the learned gentleman who appeared for him was this: That after the prisoner had taken the clocks to his own house he put 'em all back! The jury didn't acquit him.

A Georgia couple waited over four years for a good opportunity to elope, and just as it came the girl's father took the young man by the hand and said: "Speak up to her, Thomas. I know she loves you, and I'd be tickled to death to have you for a son-in-law."

An old negro in Montgomery, Alabama, while watching the monkeys in the menagerie in that city, spoke thus: "Dem children got too much sense to come outer dat cage; white folk cut deir tails off, an' set 'em to workin' and votin' and makin' constitewtions."

A Pennsylvania inventor has evolved a new rat trap, in one end of which is a mirror. "This may do for the female rats," says an editor noted for his convivial habits, "but when a male rat notices that the bait looks double, he will think he has had enough and go home."

"Sir," said one lawyer to another in an acrimonious discussion, "sir, I would have you understand that I do not share your high opinion of yourself." To which the other blandly responded: "Thank you. Delighted to hear you say so. If you did share my opinion of myself 'twould lessen it."

Two countrymen came to a lawyer to consult about bringing a joint suit against a neighbor. The first began to tell the lawyer the cause of the trouble, embellishing it rather liberally. "Don't tell him any lies, Bill," interrupted the other. It is his business to tell the lies. You will get him confused if you go to mixing your lies with his."

Wife: "I saw Mrs. Boodle this morning, and she complained that on the occasion of her last visit you were so rude to her that she thought she must have offended you." Husband: "Nothing of the kind; on the contrary, I like her very much; but it was rather dark at the time, and, when I entered the room, I thought at first that it was you."

The Future of the Negro.

Popular Science Monthly.

We must again ask the question, what, from this stand-point, will the upshot be when the blacks numerically will so far exceed the whites as to overcome the vantage that the superior wealth and intelligence of the latter now give them? The outlook is serious. Whatever civic capability the blacks may have, it is now in germ; whatever governing aptitude the race may possess, it is at present dormant. In the history of nations it has nowhere, as yet, been exhibited. If this race in the United States is improving, its improvement, as was to have been expected, is slow; and in every political virtue it will still be vastly below the whites, when in voting strength its fecundity will have put it vastly beyond them—so far beyond as to overcome every counter-influence, and give the political reins entirely into its hands.

Who can doubt that, when this day comes, the blacks will obey a race instinct which all their surroundings will have powerfully tended to develop, and vote blacks alone into office? Thus have they done wherever the power existed. Kept, as they are, a distinct and alien race, no other issue is reasonably conceivable. And who can doubt that, under this state of affairs—an inferior and incompetent race completely dominating, by mere numbers, a superior one—the worst disorders would ensue? The whites would not submit, and a violent and disastrous conflict of races would follow. The whites would hold (1) that, while America is a nation governed by majorities, yet by those who framed the constitution it was never intended that a race brought here as slaves, an inferior race, one kept distinct by this very inferiority, should, merely through a superior fecundity, become politically supreme, and lord it over the land. They would hold (2) that this political lordship would be ruinous to every interest; that for a short period subsequent to the close of the war it had partially prevailed, and with the unhappiest results, and that, should this lordship become distinctively fastened upon a large section of the union, the incompentency of the negro to provide, legislatively, for the manifold and complex interests of an advanced civilization, would arrest its activities, paralyze its trade, and spread a decline throughout the entire winter country.

These are real and gigantic evils gradually looming up, and they merit the immediate and best attention of American statesmen.

The Streets of Paris.

The streets of Paris are lighted by 43,000 gas lamps, and 429 lamps which burn petroleum and colza oil. There are in addition 25,000 jets of gas in the buildings which belong to the municipality, and the total cost for lighting them is estimated for the current year at 6,500,000 francs. An ordinary gas lamp burns about six gallons of gas an hour, and the cost for a year, supposing the gas to be burning for ten hours every night, is almost exactly 105 francs. The petroleum and oil lamps cost about 50 per cent. more. The gas company employ seventy-six men looking after the lamps and mains, many of them being told off to inspect the meters and the pipes in private houses and see there is no escape. The lighting power of the gas supplied by the company is tested every evening at eleven laboratories, situated in different parts of the city.

Georgia.

A Georgia paper publishes official statistics showing the agricultural growth of Georgia, and contrasting her products of 1870 with those of 1882. According to these figures, the state shows an increase of over 200 per cent in corn, 600 per cent in oats, 200 in wheat, 75 in rye, 100 in Irish potatoes, 800 in cane and sorghum, 400 in sweet potatoes, and a similar increase in the yield yield of other farm and garden products. In 1870 Georgia raised 473,034 bales of cotton. In 1880 the state raised 814,441 bales of cotton, nearly 100 per cent increase in ten years, ranking as the second producing state. In 1882 the cotton production grew to 925,443 bales, the increase being accomplished with diminished acreage. The crop of 1880 was raised on 2,617,-acres, while that of 1882 was raised on 2,362,425 acres. Horses have increased 20 per cent, mules 51 per cent, milk cows 36, other cattle 32, sheep 26, and swine 43 per cent. In 1870 Georgia had 70,000 farms, in 1880 she had 139,000. The estimated value of farm products in 1870 was $80,000,000, in 1880 it swelled to $125,000,000.

The Russian police have made the very sensible order that "calls" for popular performers shall not be extended beyond three reappearances.

NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY—The senate passed, among other bills:—To increase the compensation of county clerks in certain cases—To legalize incorporation of villages. The latter had already been passed by the house.

The appropriation for the reform school was cut down from $78,000 to $50,000, and the bill engrossed for its third reading.

H. R. No. 189, the capitol appropriation bill was discussed at length and went over.

HOUSE.

S. F. No., 149, the railroad commissioners bill, was discussed at length; it comes up to-morrow.

The house passed among other bills; (fourteen in all);—To prevent manufacture, sale and use of toy pistols—To establish volunteer weather service—To authorize county commissioners of county in which is a city of first-class, to grade, pave and improve roads.

SENATE.

THURSDAY. — The senate passed among other bills:—Granting right of way to telephone lines over public highways; this was a senate bill.

There were passed, which had already passed the house:—To re-appropriate $500 for the Lincoln monument—For erection of new building and for repairs at state reform school—For the relief of Richard F. James and others—To provide for payment of drainage assessments in Dodge county.

The capitol appropriation bill was discussed and amended and ordered engrossed for its third reading.

The committee to investigate alleged bribery on the bill report that that they were unable to find any facts convicting any one.

The house bill providing for salaries, &c., of state officers was discussed and amended.

The salary of the deputy auditor was raised from $1,500 to $1,600; that of the bookkeeper from $1,250 to $1,400; that of the insurance clerk from $1,000 to $1,200. The salaries of the teachers in the normal school were cut down from $11,000 to $10,000. The salary of the superintendent of the fish commission was cut down from $700 to $500, and that of the assistant from $500 to $400. The provision for an assistant superintendent at the reform school was cut out, and the amount for the salaries of superintendent, steward, matron and three teachers cut down from $5,600 to $3,500.

HOUSE.

The house passed, among other bills:—To authorize counties to refund indebtedness and provide for registration of refunding bonds—For incorporating churches, parishes and religious societies—To protect butter and cheese manufacturers—To provide for the election of county attorneys and abolish the office of district attorney—To donate a lot in Lincoln to the Baptist (colored) church—To provide for reviewing on error all criminal cases before courts inferior to district courts. These all had been passed by the senate.

An ineffectual attempt was made to secure immediate action on S. F. No. 149, the railroad commissioners bill.

SENATE.

SATURDAY — The senate passed, among other bills:—To protect the health of female employes. (This bill has previously been explained.)—Regulating the pay of the Nebraska National Guards. (This bill provides that the private in the state militia shall receive when in active service two dollars a day, and cuts down the officers' pay to the same amount.)—To provide for labor tax in cities and villages—To encourage the state historical society—To regulate the practice of pharmacy—To protect manufacturers and dealers in soda and mineral waters—To provide for removing old capitol building and laying foundations of new. These all had been passed by the house.

The university appropriation was fixed at $75,000; $7,380 was added to the deaf and dumb institute appropriation; $8,000 were allowed to the fish commission.

The committee on investigating the insane asylum reported that: "In view of the evidence adduced, the management of the asylum by Dr. Mathewson has not been in accordance with law, or with the best interests of that unfortunate class of our citizens for whose benefit the asylum was established; and we are reluctantly forced to the conclusion that a change in the management of the asylum would subserve the best interests of the institution; and we therefore recommend that such change be made at as early a day as practicable." A. H. CONNER,
A. SHOEMAKER.

HOUSE.

The bribery investigation committee reported that no criminating evidence could be procured.

Among other bills, the following, which had already been passed by the senate, were:—memorial to congress relative to tolls across the Mo. river—To prevent uttering false pedigrees of stock.

The house and the senate each appointed a committee of three to "confer on the railroad bills now in the legislature and the report of such committee shall take precedence of all the legislation except the regular appropriation bills and be considered immediately after being received."

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY.—A bill passed appropriating $25,000 for the erection of a monument at Washington's headquarters at Newburgh, N. Y.; and the senate went into executive session.

When the doors were opened the military bill was discussed and the report of the committee conference on the bill granting the right of way to the Elkhorn railroad through the Niobrara military reservation, Nebraska was agreed to.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

A personal controversy between Beltzhoover and General Hazen was made the subject of considerable debate. Beltzhoover was defeated in his wish to amend the sundry civil bill.

On motion of Hiscock an amendment was adopted authorizing the secretary of war to make further detail of officers for services on the Arctic sea expedition.

Blackburn offered an amendment reducing the appropriation for geological survey from $240,000 to $220,000. After discussion and pending action the committee rose and the house adjourned.

SENATE.

FRIDAY—Immediately after the reading of the journal the senate went into executive session.

When the doors reopened the senate proceeded to consider naval appropriations.

When the paragraph appropriating $1,000,000 for the completion of iron-clads was reached, Mr. McPherson reviewed the history of iron-clads. He argued that no appropriation should be made at present for the completion of any of them.

After further discussion Mr. McPherson's amendment designed to exclude the "Puritan," was rejected—16 to 24.

The amendment of the committee making an appropriation for "engineers' machinery for double-turreted iron-clads in accordance with recommendation of the naval advisory board," was agreed to by a vote of 27 to 12.

Other amendments of the committee to the bill were agreed to.

Mr. Hollins offered as an additional section an amendment providing for the appointment of a board to scrutinize the active list of the navy, etc.

The point of order was raised that this was new legislation, and pending decision the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The house went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil bill.

The pending amendment was that offered by Mr. Blackburn reducing to $222,000 the appropriation for geological surveys. Though the debate was limited to half an hour, the confused discussion took a wide range and embraced the constitutional power of the government to carry surveys into states in which the United States owned no land.

Mr. Blackburn contended there was no warrant under the constitution for such proceeding, and was sharply answered by Mr. Dunn.

The amendment was lost.

Mr. Pound offered an amendment repealing pre-emption laws, together with all laws authorizing the filing of declaratory statements for entry of public lands by an agent or attorney.

Mr. Washburn advocated the amendment, contending that the pre-emption laws should be repealed. The manner in which public lands were taken up under those laws was a perfect scandal.

The amendment was adopted.

SENATE.

FRIDAY—Several amendments to the naval bill were ruled out as new matter.

On motion of Mr. Hale, the paragraph providing that the secretary of the navy shall invite proposals for the construction of three steel cruisers and a dispatch boat, was amended so as to exclude armament of vessels from the proposals.

The appropriation for bureau, yards and docks was increased $64,000.

On motion of Mr. Lapham, the provision that hereafter no officer of the navy shall be employed on any shore duty unless the secretary of the navy shall determine such employment is required by public interests, was modified by adding "except in cases specially provided by law."

On motion of Mr. Miller, the appropriation for a bureau of construction and repairs was increased $100,000.

The bill then passed.

The senate resumed consideration of the Utah bill. The pending question was Mr. Blair's amendment, making prohibition of voting apply only to "persons tried and convicted of polygamy or bigamy, instead of to all females." The bill was lost—6 to 37.

Mr. Logan believed polygamy to be a cancer in the body public which should be cut out by the roots.

Mr. Call said this bill was a direct attack on the constitution of the United States, and a flagrant insult to Christian religion. He argued that if congress was authorized to deprive a citizen of his right to vote because of any opinion he might entertain of the propriety of having more than one wife, it would have equal right to prescribe possession of a dozen wives, or the practice of strict celibacy, as necessary qualifications for exercise of the right of suffrage.

Mr. Ingalls moved to amend section 7 of the bill so as to prohibit the voting of women in any territory of the United States.

Mr. Edmunds opposed the amendment. He did not desire to raise the general question of female suffrage.

After discussion a vote was taken on Mr. Ingalls' amendment, resulting—ayes 11, noes 20, no quorum voting.

After an hour or more of dilatory motions and roll calls, the senate adjourned on motion of Edmunds.

HOUSE.

The sundry civil bill was taken up and discussed.

It being rumored that friends of the bonded spirit bill had organized their forces for an attempt to call up that measure at the night session, the house, on motion of Mr. Hiscock, and without passing the sundry civil bill, adjourned.

SENATE.

SATURDAY—Fifty thousand dollars was appropriated for additional work in the land offices.

The internal revenue bill was reported to the senate and amendments made in committee of the whole agreed to accept the provision for the repeal of the law authorizing the appointment of an assistant secretary of war and navy respectively, which was struck out. The bill then passed.

Edmunds gave notice that as soon as disposed of he would ask the senate to proceed with the Utah bill. After executive session the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Randall, of the ways and means, called up the bill to prevent importation of adulterated teas. Amended and passed.

Burrowes, of Michigan, from the special committee on improvement of the Mississippi river submitted the majority report. Printed and referred.

Thomas, of Illinois, and Butterworth were granted leave to file a minority report.

Hammond called up the report of the judiciary committee in the matter of Thomas J. Major's claim to a seat as a contingent member from Nebraska. The report declares that Majors was responsible for misinformation given to the committee, aided by S. J. Alexander, secretary of state of Nebraska, and others, and a resolution requiring the clerk to furnish a copy of the report and evidence to the attorney general of the United States and governor of the state of Nebraska was adopted without dissent.

Flower introduced a bill repealing all internal taxes except on distilled spirits. Referred to the committee on ways and means.

Sherwin then demanded the previous question on his education bill pending which the house adjourned.

SENATE.

MONDAY—Mr. Garland, from the committee on judiciary, reported a bill to punish false personation of officers and employes of the United States by a fine of not more than $1,000 or imprisonment not less than three years, or both.

A resolution calling on the president for information on the alleged agreement of Great Britain, France and Italy for joint effect of peace between Chili and Peru passed.

The house bill to prevent importation of adulterated teas passed.

Mr. Plumb reported that the committee of conference on the postoffice appropriation bill had failed to agree. The disagreement was mostly upon the appropriation of $185,000 for special mail facilities and the change proposed in charters of the Pacific railroad. A new conference committee was appointed.

HOUSE.

In the house also a new conference committee was appointed. A long debate ensued upon the rules.

The point of no quorum was raised. A call of the house was ordered, disclosing the presence of 225.

Further proceedings under the call were dispensed with.

At 11 o'clock a motion to adjourn was carried.

Adjourned.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Two very eminent Europeans have died in the past six months whose end is involved in mystery—Skobeloff and Gambetta.

At the instance of the Berlin Anti-Cruelty society, all public performances of tamers of lions and other dangerous animals will be henceforth prohibited.

At the approaching celebration of the 200th anniversary of the revocation of the edict of Nantes, Baron Schickler of Berlin will publish in French the history of the French colonies in Germany.

In the lowest part of the grounds of Gambetta's villa was a rustic edifice, standing on a platform of stone and cement. It is close to a ditch and looks on a railroad embankment rising high above it. The soil around is stiff and holds water.

Mr. Eugene Bivart is striving to organize direct express trains throughout Europe. He proposes that the whole rolling stock of these trains shall be uniform, and placed at the disposition of the different companies, who would have to supply only engines and drivers. All changes of carriage would be obviated.

The king of Portugal has had Ajuda Palace, his town residence, connected with the Lisbon Telephone Exchange, and may claim to be the first European monarch who has become a subscriber to a public telephone exchange. A special private telegraphic system is now being established between the king's library and the various ministries and the opera.

Dr. Fischer, a German traveler, has just started from Zanzibar for the interior of Africa. The particular object he has in view is to visit the formidable tribe of the Massais, whose reputation for ferocity is so great that the explorer could not find bearers at the coast to accompany him. He eventually organized a commercial expedition, in which the six hundred armed natives who start with him for the country of the Massais have each an interest. A Hamburg commercial society has placed the sum of 15,000 marks at his disposal, and he has also drawn largely on his private resources to meet the expenses of the expedition. He has spent five years at Zanzibar studying the languages of the country and preparing for the adventurous journey he is about to make.

Some interesting statistics appear in the last of the several volumes of the general German staff which record the various phases of the war with France. Although 1,000,000 German soldiers entered France; 766 engagements, that is, a conflict involving not less than a battalion of infantry, a squadron of cavalry, and a battery of artillery, took place; 338,341 French prisoners were sent into Germany, and the trophies captured consisted of 107 colors, 7,441 guns, and 855,000 rifles and muskets. The German losses amounted to 129,700, including 30 doctors, of whom there were 7,022, and 1 chaplain, of whom there were 295; 6,455 miles of telegraph wire were erected.

Mr. Gunderson, vice consul for Sweden and Norway at Bordeaux, has hit upon a novel way of sending messages from the sea. The ancient bottle is always liable to breakage, and the recent pretty inventions of tin ships or buoys are found too expensive and troublesome in practice. Mr. Gunderson employs the small colored balloons made for children, which cost only a shilling a dozen and can be carried empty. He puts the message inside, and throws the inflated balloon overboard. It travels rapidly before the wind, keeps the message perfectly dry, and is a striking object at some distance—a great advantage as regards the chance of being picked up. One was recently tried with a letter inside, off Dover, where one of the inventor's ships was aground, and two hours afterward the letter was posted in Dover by an unknown hand.

THE PHANTOM SHIP.

We stood on the haunted island,
We stood by the haunted bay;
The stars were all over the skyland,
But the moon had loitered away.

The lights of fisher-boats glimmered,
The beacon glowed steady and red,
The sea shimmered
Like the eye of one who is dead.

Then, all alone on the ocean,
The ghost of the island came—
The ghost of a vessel in motion,
A ghost of a vessel of flame.

It shone with vaporous brightness—
A glamour of tremulous rays;
It was not fire, but the whiteness
Of a ghost of a perished blaze.

We watched it with all our vision,
We watched it doubting and dumb;
We had heard of the thing with derision,
But we surely beheld it come.

We saw it glide o'er the water,
A phantom of pallid fire;
We saw it tumble and totter,
To ruin, and then flash higher.

Again and again to leeward,
Its ghastly rigging fell o'er;
At last, far away to seaward,
It foundered, and rose no more.

We had watched it with all our vision,
We had watched it with eye and glass;
And gone were doubt and derision,
For surely we saw it pass.

Through many a winter and summer,
As the sons of the island know,
The gleam of this ghostly comer
Has propheseied storm and woe.

This ghost of a great three-master
Which went in the days of yore
To fell and fiery disaster
Right off the Block Island shore.

—J. W. De Forest, in Harper's Magazine for March.

An Old-Fashioned Lyceum Lecture.

Harper's Magazine.

Reader, didst ever deliver a lecture at a country "lyceum?" If so, read the following. It is good. "We have been there."

Mrs. Brown having a lecture upon the Parthenon, was invited to deliver it before the lyceum of Walnutville. Knowing of Walnutville only that it was fifteen miles from a railroad, Mrs. Brown suggested a more popular subject. No; Walnutville wanted the Parthenon. At the station named in the letter of direction Mrs. Brown saw a stage, and soon its driver said:

"Be you the lecturer for Walnutville?"

"Yes."

"Wa'al, git right in; and you hain't no need to pay no fare neither, for I'm the committee that wrote you."

Mrs. Brown was the only passenger, and the driver cheered the long and lonely way by telling her, "Folks was thinkin' a sight about seein' on her, lots on 'em rememberin' her grandsir." They were only four hours on the road, and when the time for the lecture came Mrs. Brown was escorted to the hall by the same gentleman. On the way he exhorted her to speak up, and not be like "them Methodist wimmen, who mumbled so folks did not know when to say 'Hallelujah.'"

The hall, an unpainted building, consisted of a great room with an enormous outside door opening directly into it. There were seats against the wall upon two sides, which the stage-driver explained, as being the place where "the old men got town-meetin' day." The people who were in their seats turned round and gazed at Mrs. Brown while she took of her wraps and put on her gloves. Telling her escort she was ready, he said he "warn't a-goin' upon that roostrum to make a fool of himself; the minister had got to do that."

While waiting for the minister, and enduring the staring of the audience, Mrs. Brown diverted her mind by wondering why a row of men were seated at the back of the platform. Finally curiosity conquered.

"What are those men up there for?"

"Them? Why, they're the Walnutville Brass Band, and they're goin' to play. Don't they have no bands where you came from?"

Fortunately Mr. Snow, the minister, appeared then, and Mrs. Brown trailed meekly up the aisle after him. Onedient to his gesture, she sat down, and he said "We will unite in prayer."

That exercised disposed of, Mr. Snow proceeded: "The Walnutville Brass Band will favor us with 'Columbia, the gem of the ocean.'"

The performance was stunning, deafening; but before breath or hearing could be regained, the agile clergyman was again on his feet:

"The chorister of the Baptist church will now delight the audience with a song—'There's a good time coming, boys; wait a little longer.'"

The chorister walked slowly to the steps of the platform, and waited, looking severely at Mr. Snow.

"I forgot to say," shouted that much-afflicted man, that he will be accompanied by his daughter on a Mason and Hamlin instrument."

Then the father and daughter mounted the stage, the organ was wheeled into its place, and the performers had a good time, if nobody else did.

The audience was indifferent to an alarming degree, looking to Mrs. Brown like scores of duplicates of the goddess Pasht who sits and glares at people in the British Museum.

Again Mr. Snow: "Mrs. Brown will now read us a piece on the Parthenon."

Mrs. Brown stepped to the front, and, amid stillness so profound that she could hear the breathing of persons near her, read her piece. It took an hour, and during all that time the death-like quiet was broken but once; and then a boy who had climbed up on the outside, and peeped in at a window, informed his companions in a hoarse whisper that "she warn't no great to look at, anyhow." Not a hand stirred nor even an eyelid moved when the Parthenon was ended; but Mr. Snow allowed no time for embarrassment, for he was at once on his feet:

"The chorister of the Methodist church will sing 'Rocked in the cradle of the deep.' He will accompany himself."

The same masterly indifference while the Methodist chorister rocked himself violently backward and forward, and while he was wiping his heated brow after he had returned to his seat. But indefatigable Mr. Snow knew no weariness:

"The band will again delight us with 'Marching through Georgia.'"

"Hark! from the tombs," would have suited the temper of the audience equally as well—to all appearance, better. Finally, the minister concluded:

"These exercises will close with a benediction."

He had hardly spoken its last words when the stage-driver shouted:

"Here, marm, is the money we've took. You can take your pay out on't."

Mrs. Brown, not accustomed to approving herself, declares she rose to that occasion, for she turned all the money into her pocket-handkerchief, and told him she would settle on the way to the train. One or two people walked solemnly up to her, limply shook her hand, and said, plaintively, "We have enjoyed your lecture," but with these exceptions the awful silence was not disturbed. To this day Mrs. Brown is in doubt if they think the Parthenon an improved sewing machine or a new kind of hay-spreader.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

IN CINCINNATI

Treating Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Loss of Voice, and Other Maladies of the Nose, Throat and Lungs.

DR. WOLFE treats the above named diseases by Medicated Inhalations. When thus administered, remedies are brought "face to face" in contact with the disease; whereas, if they are swallowed they mix with the contents of the stomach and never reach the organs of respiration.

DR. WOLFE has, by the judicious employment of Medicated Inhalations, assisted thousands to regain their health, many of whom had been pronounced incurable, and given up to die by their family physicians and friends.

DR. WOLFE has prepared a list of questions for sick people to answer by mail. They are in character the same he would ask were he by the bedside of the invalid. By writing answers to these questions any one can send an accurate statement of his disease and receive and use inhaling remedies at home, in any part of the United States or Canada, without incurring the expense and discomfort of making a visit to Cincinnati. Any one sending his name and post-office address with a three-cent postage stamp, will receive a copy of the "Circular of questions" by return mail.

DR. WOLFE has published a medical book called "Common Sense, Cause and Cure of Consumption, Asthma, etc.," a copy of which he will send to any body who orders it, by mail, and encloses 9 cents in postage stamps with his name and post office address. The book is of great value to any one afflicted with any disease of the Nose, Throat, or Lungs.

DR. WOLFE has also published another book of 64 pages, entitled "Light about the house we live in," which every healthy person as well as sick ought to read. This book has a special interest to persons who have weak lungs, or any symptoms of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, or Catarrh. Sent to any address free by mail, on receipts of 9 cents in postage stamps.

Address DR. N. B. WOLFE,
146 Smith St., Cincinnati, O.

BROWN'S

LEADVILLE, COL., Dec. 17, 1883.

Brown Medicine Co.—Gents:—One of my neighbors was recently terribly bitten and scratched by a huge Cinnamon bear. Inflammation ensued which must be subdued or his life despaired of. I used two boxes of Brown's Arnica Salve, which reduced all inflammation and healed those ugly wounds with hardly a scar. Truly yours, DR. W. K. LEONARD.

ARNICA

CHICAGO, Aug. 8, 1882.

Brown Mfg. Co., Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.—Inflamed sore eyes nearly cost me my sight. A friend said: "Try Brown's Arnica Salve." Hopelessly, I tried it, but one application—*so grateful, so soothing*—assured me, and 5 days my eyes were well and sound. You may not call it the great healer! Gratefully, T. P. HUDSON, M. D.

SALVE

Hear This:—MR. A. B. RAVENS, of Leavenworth City, says: "March 23d, last, an explosion and fire in my mill and elevator, burned my face and hands till the skin all dropped off. For 10 weeks I received the best medical treatment in Kansas and New York, but inflammation still continued. A friend suggested the use of Brown's Arnica Salve. I applied it over the whole burned surface, and in five days the inflammation was all gone and in a fair way of recovery, and I cheerfully recommend it to the public.

WARRANTED

Reader! 150,000 boxes of Brown's Arnica Salve have been sold, and every box positively warranted to cure Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Chilblains, Piles, Boils, Bites, and Inflamed Sore Eyes, and not a dozen boxes ever returned to the Brown Medicine Co. on this written guarantee. Merit always wins. If your druggist does not keep Brown's Arnica Salve, send 25 cts. to the Brown Medicine and Manufacturing Co., Leavenworth, Kansas, and receive a box by return mail. Every family should keep it in the house.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOHN ARCHER & CO., Druggists, Denver, Col. Orders by mail at regular prices.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

HARRISON & JONES, Publishers.

TABLE ROCK, NEB

NEBRASKA INTERESTS.

A Pawnee man lost twelve head of cattle and several head of hogs, it is thought from the bite of a mad dog.

Two brothers, in business at Weeping Water, "skipped" the town, to the grief of numerous creditors.

A kick from a bad tempered horse broke for a De Witt man his nose, a cheek bone, and probably destroyed the sight of one eye.

The Wood River Gazette tells of a battle on the street there. "Clubs, neck-yokes, brickbats and other dangerous weapons were used indiscriminately." No one was killed, but several injured.

The German theological seminary at Crete has been reopened.

The academy at Neligh commenced its winter term with an enrollment of seventy-five students and a third teacher has been employed.

Mayor Boyd, of Omaha, is said to be worth $350,000.

The Nebraska state teachers' association will hold its next annual meeting at Columbus on the 27th, 28th and 29th of March.

Mrs. Ezra Douglas, Nebraska City, in a moment of temporary aberration of mind, shot herself with a revolver of the 32-calibre pattern, but inflicted only a slight flesh wound.

Nearly a thousand persons were present at the funeral of the late Hon. C. B. Slocumb, at Fairbury.

The grocery dealers of Fremont have formed a "merchants' association." The object of the association is to promote the general welfare of the dealers, the prosperity of the city and surrounding country, to work together in obtaining freight and goods from the east at the very lowest rates, so as to make that city one of the best markets in the west, and to protect themselves against losses.

Genoa Leader: Building has commenced in Genoa in a very promising manner, and it is the opinion of a number of our best citizens and business men that Genoa will double in size during the summer.

Dixon county has a population of about 7,000.

Table Rock Argus:—The building season is opening up early this year. Already several farm houses are in process of construction in the vicinity of town.

A farmer near Central City recently lost part of his buildings and several head of valuable stock by fire.

There were 588 carloads of freight shipped from Ulysses in 1882.

We understand that a gentleman expects to soon start a hennery at Valparaiso, and by a patent process he will be able to hatch out 600 chickens at one time.—[Avalanche.

Stromsburg has raised, according to the Republican, $5,000 for the Lutheran college.

Mr. Osborn, of Pawnee, has just lost $700 worth of cattle through some disease yet undetermined.

A banking company has just been formed at Gibbon.

The North Bend Flail is running a review of the business firms of the town.

Fees of Merrick county officers for 1882: Treasurer, $1,537.68; sheriff, $790.58; judge, $290.55; clerk, $1,330.15.

A fast young man of Arapahoe has left for parts unknown, leaving creditors in the lurch to the extent of nearly $600.

The First National bank, of Norfolk, has suspended.

A gentleman of Wisner will soon bring there a flock of 8,000 sheep.

The paper mill at West Point will use, when established, a 350-horse power.

Alda is advertising for a good blacksmith.

The business men of Wood River are repairing their buildings, besides erecting some new ones.

The B. & M. railroad will erect a handsome and commodious depot at Nebraska City this spring.

Talmage is excited over its first law suit; two drunken men were tried, convicted and fined $21, for assault and battery.

Charles McComb, of Kearney, has bought, and will put upon his ranche there, 5,000 sheep.

Oxford has a new and handsome school house; a Baptist church is also nearing completion.

There are six church organizations in Arapahoe, three of which have houses of worship either completed or in course of erection—the Christian, Baptist and Catholic.—[Mirror.

Stella has just put the saloon license for that place at $1,000.

Theodore L. Engler, a well-known "D. D." of Brooklyn, sends $200 to the Wayne Presbyterian church.

A creamery building is in progress at Wakefield—16x24 feet.

There is a good opportunity at Ashland to buy a $12,000 farm near town.

A Fremont man has just received $1,156 back pension.

The Dodge county Woman Suffrage association celebrated S. B. Anthony's birthday.

DOMESTIC.

The Harvard-Yale Boat Race—Woman Suffrage in Massachusetts.

Frank James in Court---Tragedy in a New York School House.

Arthur at the National Theater---Congressional Proceedings and General Notes.

NEWS NOTES.

The Harvard-Yale boat race will be rowed at New London the first Thursday after commencement.

The democratic officers of Boston, including the mayor, ask the democratic members of the legislature to give favorable consideration to the woman's suffrage bill.

The Illinois state board of agriculture located the state fair for the next two years at Chicago. A motion to change the date from September 24 to September 17 was lost.

The Mississippi Valley horticultural society elected Parker Earle, of Illinois, president. The society will have a horticultural exhibit at the southern exposition at Louisville, beginning on August 1st.

The butter and cheese convention at Marshalltown, Iowa, was fairly attended by dairymen from all parts of the country. The time was occupied with reading papers and discussion of methods of making cheese and butter, and a comparative value of breeds of cattle, etc.

The funeral of Samuel J. Medill, late managing editor of the Chicago Tribune, occurred February 23rd. Services were held at the residence of his brother, Hon. Joseph Medill. Friends sent a large number of floral tributes. The remains were followed to Calvary cemetery by a concourse of citizens, members of the press club, and representatives of the press of the city and state.

The shooting of the Louisville sportsmen's association was uneventful. Bogardus was present, and divided several stakes with amateur crack shots. He takes his defeat by Carver gracefully, simply saying he shot in bad luck. Several of his birds fell dead just out of the boundary. Carver and Bogardus have signed articles to shoot another match at Chicago soon, on exactly the same terms as the last match.

Winter is broken and there has been no loss of stock from cold in Utah.

The Missouri free trade league was organized at Kansas City and elected ex-Governor John S. Phelps as president.

Advices from the Creek nation say the rebellion is about broken. Spiache, the leader, is an exile at the Cheyenne agency and a lot of other rebel leaders have been captured.

A Wicksville, Montana, dispatch says the last spike on the Clark's Fork division of the Northern Pacific has been driven.

Beecher made a strong appeal for the sufferers by western floods and Plymouth church responded with a liberal contribution.

The Union Mills bank, of Erie, Pa., suspended because the charter expired Saturday. It is believed all claims will be paid in full.

A number of prominent Lutheran clergymen of Washington, New York and Baltimore have issued a call to people of their denominations throughout this country for funds to erect in Washington a colossal statue of Martin Luther similar to the one at Worms.

The project to erect a large exhibition building in St. Louis has advanced until success is assured. Four hundred and eighty-three thousand dollars has already been subscribed, and it is probable the fund will reach $600,000. The plan of the building will also include a music hall.

CRIME AND CASUALTIES.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Near Ft. Wayne a freight train on the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific broke in two on a rather heavy down grade. The rear section came at a high rate of speed and crushed into the other, wrecking the caboose and other cars and setting the wreck on fire. John Meehan, of Fort Wayne, and L. H. Turner, of Flora, Ill., were burned to death.

FRANK JAMES.

Frank James appeared in court in Kansas City, and was arraigned on three indictments—one for murder, second as accessory in murder, and third, for murder. He plead not guilty. After lengthy argument the trial was fixed for the third Monday in June. The prisoner was remanded to jail.

FOURTEEN CHILDREN KILLED.

In New York at the German Roman Catholic school on Fourth street an alarm of fire was raised, creating such a panic among the children that one of the balustrades was broken, precipitating a mass to the floor below. Fourteen in all were killed and many injured.

THROWN FROM A SLED.

At Milford, Mass., thirteen children were thrown from a double runner which struck a tree. Nearly all were picked up unconscious.

PAPER EXPLOSION.

Joseph Goolin was killed and three others seriously injured by the explosion of a boiler on Smith and Conner's wharf, at Boston.

HEAVY FAILURE.

Bangham Bros., stationers, Richmond, Va., have assigned. Liabilities $490,000, assets $95,000 in stock and accounts. They lost money in a branch house in New York.

THE PIOUS GOVERNOR.

Gov. Butler proclaims April 5th as a fast day, and especially advises ministers and their flocks to observe it with divine word and not discourse upon political or other social topics.

FATAL COLLISION.

By a collision of freight trains on the Ft. Wayne road Thursday night, L. Graham, engineer, and J. Quinlan, fireman, both of Alliance, were killed. Both trains were badly wrecked.

FIVE WOMEN INJURED.

A boiler in Banholzer's brewery, St. Paul, exploded, wounding eleven persons, but none fatally. Among them were five women, who were after malt. The loss is between fifteen and twenty thousand dollars. There is some doubt as to the insurance applying.

DEATH IN AN INSANE ASYLUM.

Five inmates of the Western lunatic asylum at Stanton, Va., are dead and two dying from poison. The patients are supposed to have tampered with their medicine.

BOUND AND GAGGED.

Four masked men entered the house of Porter Brown near Fenton, Michigan. The aged couple were bound and gagged and the house robbed of $2,400 in cash. No clue.

CHURCH BURNED.

At Revier du Loup, Canada, the Catholic church and pastorage burned. Loss $60,000.

SUFFERING IN ILLINOIS.

Advices from Shawneetown say that the river is steadily falling. The water is five feet higher than ever before. High wind moved many houses from their foundations and several hundred were swept away. Many homeless people have lost all and are suffering for shelter and food. The railroad depot was swept away. The estimated loss in that vicinity is $200,000.

FIRE IN MISSOURI.

The mills of the St. Joseph Lead company at Bon Neterre, St. Francois county, Mo., were totally destroyed by fire, together with a large amount of valuable machinery. The loss is from $200,000 to $250,000; insurance not known. The property was owned chiefly in New York. Several hundred men are thrown out of employment.

MISSING STEAMERS.

Fourteen ocean steamers are overdue at New York, principally freight vessels, and consignees are much annoyed at the long delay in not receiving their merchandise. Among the vessels for the safety of which there have been grave apprehensions, is the steamship Sarinia, which sailed from Newcastle January 21th. The only information which has been received in regard to her was a dispatch from London saying she had been seen at sea disabled. An attempt was made to tow her but was unsuccessful.

CAPITAL TOPICS.

HONORING THE EXECUTIVE.

President Arthur, Mrs. McElroy, Attorney General Brewster and Miss Brewster attended the performance of "Wm. Tell," given by Mapleson's opera company at the National theater. Entering the house just after the overture and as the orchestra were beginning the prelude to the first scene, the party were discovered by Signor Arditi. As they were being seated the band stopped and struck up "Hail Columbia." At the conclusion of the national air the audience cheered the president, the recognition being the most cordial extended him on any similar occasion.

THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The committee on commerce added $50,000 to the river and harbor bill. Provision was added which specifies that all applications for surveys shall be made to the secretary of war.

REPORTS.

The minority report of the house special committee on improvement of the Mississippi river was read in committee. It excited so much discussion that it will probably not be presented to the house for a time. There will be a minority report on general improvements signed by Thomas (Ills.) and Ellis and a minority report on the outlet system signed by Butterworth, Holman and Hazleton.

APPROVED.

The president approved the Japanese indemnity fund bill.

REPRESENTATIVE BINGHAM'S BILL,

to prevent the establishment of private postoffices, will be favorably reported to the house.

RECOMMITTED.

The joint committee on library recommitted the senate bill appropriating $1,000,000 for purchasing land and commencement of work on the new congressional library building.

AS TO THAT CHECK.

Belford received a telegram from the Rocky Mountain national bank, the only one with which he did business in Colorado, saying he did not cash a check of Dorsey in his favor for $2,000, or any amount, during 1879.

FIRING ON THE VESSEL.

The secretary of state has received a letter from Captain Hesse, commanding the steamer Valencia, corroborating published accounts of firing on that vessel in the port of Caracas, who was on the vessel at the time of the occurrence.

NOMINATIONS.

S. G. W. Benjamin to be minister resident and consul general at Teheran, Persia; Wickham Hoffman, minister resident and consul general at Denmark; Lucius H. Foote, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Corea; Dwight T. Reed, secretary of legation and consul general at Madrid.

PATENT CLAIMS.

The senate committee on patents gave a hearing upon charges of corruption which had been filed by patent practitoners who are opposing Dr. Robert Dyrenforth's, of Ill., claims to be assistant commissioner. The committee reached no conclusion. A further hearing will be had soon.

THE TWO CENT POSTAGE.

The senate and house committee have fixed October 1st as the date when two cent postage will go into effect.

WEDDING PRESENTS.

The Difference in French and American Customs.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The French husband begins to pay his wife's bills before marriage. The bridegroom elect formerly sent unmade dress "patterns" of rich materials. He now has to present them already made up. The bride's mother usually furnishes three gowns, the wedding dress, the traveling dress, and one other, which is worn at the family party preceding the wedding, called the "contract" party. The future husband is expected to furnish all the others, the number varying from four to twelve.

In England the husband's share of wedding preparations includes the house linen, which is, of course, marked with his family initial, and not that of the bride. In this country we follow the cozy German custom, though not entirely, for whereas the "Fraulein" begins to have table cloths, nappery and sheets made up for her future wedding long before any bridegroom makes his appearance, and in fact while she is still at her school books, the American girl's purchases of house linens are the first indication that the wedding is near at hand. There is a great deal of pride and considerable money to be expended in these dainty preparations, and the poorest girl in this country much prefers to furnish this part of her future home stores for herself. If the husband expects to supply her bridal wardrobe this is left until after the wedding; but the French fashion is frank enough, and there can be no deception about the cost of dressing a wife, with these preliminary bills to pay. But what a remarkable diversity of good taste, or what is considered good taste, in different countries these wedding customs show! Though we take many fashions from France, it is not likely this will ever or soon be adopted here.

A Woman's Devotion.

There is nothing in the world like the beautiful devotion of a woman to the sick. She feels no toil, nor pain, nor timid terrors. If she have grief she hides it, lest it add one feather's weight to the afflictions of her charge. Her courage rises as her hopes recede. The grim specter that hovers and threatens may appal her, but she gives no sign. Her eye is clear and gentle, and her voice soft and sweet as the breath of summer; her touch so tender that the simplest kindly office is almost a caress. The dawn of her smile chases away suffering as light dispels the mists of the universe. There is balm in her very presence. Her delicate instinct teaches a thousand arts of comfort and consolation, which experience might study without success. There is wisdom above science in her loving heart. She knows no sacrifice—wonders if you speak of any. She is calmest at times when men yield to a turbulent sorrow. She chains her emotions with her sense of vigilant duty. In her weakness she is far stronger than the strong. This mastery of self, this purity of devotion, this eager and unsleeping watchfulness, this radiant reflection of hope and trust, this outpouring of all that nature, lofty and true, can lavish, do they not mark the noblest heroism of humanity? From woman life comes. She feels that it is hers to guard. How well will she not guard it! And when she has restored it to you, when the peril is past and you meet with no ill of yours to bind her sympathy, take care, for she will plague you to the brink of the grave again, if you give her the chance.

Women's Wages.

Neb. Conv. News.

Literary Notes is publishing a series of papers written by Prof. A. B. Fairchild, of Doane College, on "Woman's Work and Woman's Wages." He takes the 338 occupations as he finds them given in the U. S. census and analyzing the list he classifies them. In his first paper (Literary Notes, Feb. 1,) he has gone far enough to show that so far as 328 of these occupations are concerned, the question as to why women receive lower wages than men for the same work, is like the question propounded to the Royal Society as to why a vessel of water receives no addition to its weight by a live fish put into it. In other words the question implies what is not true. We will watch the succeeding papers with interest, and then as the Notes has promised to publish answers, we will be interested to watch the sophistical replies to the Professor's facts and logic.

***"A fair outside is but a poor substitute for inward worth." Good health inwardly, of the bowels, liver and kidneys, is sure to secure a fair outside, the glow of health on the cheek and vigor in the frame. For this, use Kidney-Wort and nothing else.

FOREIGN.

Not Any American Pork for German consumption—Booth Playing in Hamburg.

Numerous and Fatal Disasters at Sea---Storm and Shipwreck.

Berlin Sends Money to the Ohio Sufferers---The New French Ministry.

FOREIGN.

AMERICAN PORK.

The Prussian Bundesrath has adopted the resolution against American pork.

SHIPWRECK.

The American schooner Pilot's Bride was wrecked at Desolation Island. Only four of the crew were saved. They landed at Capetown.

COLLISION.

The Allan line steamer Buenos Ayres in a collision sank a steamer off Lamash, Scotland. Eleven of the crew of the latter steamer were drowned.

DIPLOMACY.

The Emperor William wishes the Crown Prince William to attend the coronation of the Czar.

BOOTH IN HAMBURG.

Edwin Booth has been playing in the Thalia theatre at Hamburg. He was presented with a laurel wreath.

THE NEW FRENCH CABINET.

In the chamber of deputies Premier Ferry explained the programme of the ministry and solicited confidence of the country. He said the foreign policy of the government would be peaceful, but not inactive.

DROWNED.

Twenty-two persons were drowned Thursday by the wreck of a steamer in the Bosphorus.

A FELLOW FEELING.

Berlin has sent 1,000 marks to the United States in aid of the sufferers by floods in the Ohio valley.

THE NEW FRENCH MINISTRY.

The French press receives with favor the programme of the new ministry. It is believed Ferry intends to participate actively in discussion regarding all branches of the government.

HIS REWARD.

Harrington, secretary of the organizing committee of the land league, now in jail for using intimidating language, was elected without opposition to a seat in the commons for Westmeath.

MORE TROUBLE FOR THE CZAR.

It is stated that letters have been received by the Russian authorities conveying threats to blow up the Kremlin at Moscow, where the czar is to be crowned. Search was made, but nothing indicating preparation for destruction of the palace was revealed. Close watch is being kept, and the public are not allowed to enter the building.

LOST WITH ALL ON BOARD.

The steamship Bywell Castle, from the Black Sea, with a cargo of cotton seed and beans, bound for Hull, England, is thought to have foundered and all on board been lost.

HYACINTHE.

Pere Hyacinthe lectured to 3,000 persons at Marseilles. There was a great uproar, some Catholics hissing and insulting him.

RUSSIAN POLITICS.

The St. Petersburg Golos has been again suspended for six months because of its mischievous tone in discussing state reforms. A ukase has been promulgated appointing a commission to amend the laws relating to Jews which will afterwards be submitted to the legislative department for examination.

BAZAINE—DORE.

It is stated the police have been ordered to seize all copies of Marshal Bazaine's new book found in France.

Gustave Dore's will directs his paintings to be kept two years and then sold.

Is the Five Cent a Plagarism?

A numismatist writes to the Philadelphia Times as follows: I have before me the new five cent piece, and I must say that I feel disappointed, and had expected the design was new and original and the work of Col. Snowden, of our Philadelphia mint. But as soon as I saw them I remembered that I had coins of a similar design in my collection. I therefore hunted them up and I herewith send you a rubbing of the reverse of the five reis bronze piece issued by Portugal in 1868, which I consider almost like our new piece, with the designs of the wreath altered. The obverse, or head of Liberty, I find to be an exact counterpart of the head of Isabella, of Spain, issued on the four pesos of 1861, with this difference only, that this is a laureated head, while ours is a tiara.

SILVER CREEK, N. Y., Feb. 6, 1880.

Gents—I have been very low, and have tried everything, to no advantage. I heard your Hop Bitters recommended by so many, I concluded to give them a trial. I did, and now am around, and constantly improving, and am nearly as strong as ever.

W. H. WELLER.

Home-made Trifles.

Favors for fairs may be made in the following way: Cut two circular pieces of cardboard, about the size of the top of a coffee cup, cover with satin and sew them together neatly.

Cut a straight piece of cardboard, two inches wide, to fit exactly around the circular piece, cover with satin and embroider or paint a running vine around it; sew the edge over and over to the circular bottom.

Sew to the upper edge of the straight piece a piece of satin two inches wide; do not leave any side opening.

The top of the bag should have a hem half an inch wide, and just below the hem run a drawing-string.

Finish with a fine silk cord where the pieces are sewn together.

Draw up the string with narrow satin ribbon, tie with long ends and fill the bag with bonbons.

A pretty and inexpensive toilet table may be made of any old four-legged stand, or a packing-case.

Cut a piece of cambric, pink or blue, to fit the top.

Draw this over it firmly and tack around the edge, then cut a piece of the cambric long enough to go round three sides of the stand and wide enough to reach from the top to the bottom; draw around plain and fasten.

Cut a piece of cheese cloth twice the length of the cambric and the same width, and allow an inch and a half for a hem.

Full the edge opposite the hem and tack under the edge of the stand.

Finish the edge and just above the hem with a notched box-plaiting about two inches wide of the cambric covered with the cheese cloth, and nail in place with bright headed tacks.

Picture frames which look very well when completed are made of dark brown wrapping-paper.

Cut some pieces an inch square, fold bias, then one half into this will form a point.

Then fome in small plaits like a fan, tack secure at one end.

Cut the frame of cardboard any shape desired; oval are prettiest.

Sew the points, having them touch on the out and inside of frame; then commence at the top of frame and sew on the fans, having each one to overlap the other to hide the sewing.

Varnish with dark, thick varnish.

Acorns or pine burrs may be added with good effect.

At a distance you could not tell these frames from wood.

A hotel clerk named Briscoe,
Stumped his foot out in 'Frisco,
It hurt him like thunder,
But the pain was got under,
By St. Jacobs Oil rubbed on histoe.

A conductor who lives at Belair,
Got hurt, being thrown on a chair,
They took him away,
But in less than a day,
St. Jacobs Oil made him all square.

Moves in Waves.

Several men were seated in a Detroit drug store the other day with their feet on the stove and a cigar in each mouth when a boy looked in and yelled out:

"Some of you had a horse hitched out here?"

"I believe I did," quietly replied one of the sitters.

"Well, he's gone."

"Did he walk off?"

"No; a runaway horse came along and upset the cutter and frightened him."

"And did he kick himself clear out of the cutter?"

"Yes."

"I supposed he would. How did he start off?"

"On a dead run."

"Which way?"

"Up Woodward avenue."

"Did he turn in at Montcalm street?"

"I guess he did."

"Well, he's probably gone home and will be around there somewhere when I go up. Bub, you might draw the cutter to some shop and tell 'em to fix it, and here's a quarter for you."

The boy went to pick up the kindlings and invent a way to draw a cutter half a mile on one runner, and the sitter relighted his cigar, got a new brace for his feet and said:

"As I was saying, every sign indicates that this is to be a year of great conflagrations. It sometimes seems as if great calamities moved in waves through the world."

A Doctor's Occupation Gone.

A good story is told of a doctor whose most profitable patient was an old lady who suffered greatly from dyspepsia, nervousness and weak kidneys. His medicines seemed to relieve her but did no permanent good. Her nephew induced a trial of Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla which benefited her so much that she dismissed the doctor. His peculiar sensitiveness caused him to give up his practice, and instead of responding to professional calls, he often merely granted "take Guysott's," which saying became proverbial in the neighborhood and a large sale for this medicine soon sprang up. If your druggist does not keep it ask him to get it for you.

Spanish Treatment of the North American Indians.

Harper's Magazine.

From the beginning the Spaniards came as cruel and and merciless masters; the Frenchmen, with few exceptions, as kindly and genial companions. The Spanish were, to be sure, more liberal in the use of scripture than any Puritan, but they were also much more formidable in the application of it. They maintained unequivocally that the earth belonged to the elect, and that they were the elect. The famous "Requisition," which was to be read by the Spanish commanders on entering each province for conquest, gave the full Bible narrative of the origin of the human race, announced the lordship of St. Peter, the gift of the New World to Spain by his successor the pope; and deduced from all this the right to compel the natives to adopt the true religion. If they refused they might rightfully be enslaved or killed. The learned Dr. Pedro Santander, addressing the king in 1557 in regard to De Soto's expedition, wrote thus:

"This is the land promised by the Eternal Father to the faithful, since we are commanded by God in the Holy Scriptures to take it from them, being idolaters, and by reason of their idolatry and sin to put them all to the knife, leaving no leaving no living thing save maidens and children, their cities robbed and sacked, their walls and houses levelled to the earth."

In another part of the same address the author describes Florida as "now in possession of the Demon," and the natives as "lost sheep which have been snatched away by the dragon, the Demon." There is no doubt that a genuine superstition entered into the gloomy fanaticism of the Spaniards. When Columbus brought back from one of his voyages some native chiefs whose garments and ornaments were embroidered with cats and owls, the curate Bernaldez announced without hesitation that these grotesque forms represented the deities they worshipped. It is astonishing how much easier it is to justify one's self in taking away a man's property or his life when one is thoroughly convinced that he worships the devil. At any rate, the Spaniards acted upon this principle. Twelve years after the first discovery of Hispaniola, as Columbus himself writes, six-sevenths of the natives were dead through ill treatment.

The first steam engine on this continent was brought from England in 1753.

The first attempt to manufacture pins was made soon after the war of 1815.

An unexpected and delightful offer of marriage to a Michigan girl brought on a fatal attack of heart disease.

"What sort of persons do you like best?" inquired young Brown of his sweetheart, as the clock struck ten. "Persons with some go in them," she replied. Brown went at once.

Sure Cure For Rheumatism.—Cure guaranteed in all cases. Use Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer according to directions, and it will cure ninety-nine cases our of every hundred. Try it, it surely will not hurt you.

It is a very small potato, either in the vegetable or animal world, that is most likely to be mashed.

—Dr. Benson's Skin Cure is without a peer. It consists of both external and internal treatment and costs only $1 per package, at druggists.

—"I wouldn't be without Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile pills if they cost $1 a pill. They cured me of neuralgia, of 9 years standing." Joseph Snyder, Paxtons, Pa. 50 cts. per box, at druggists.

Building lots and indignation are both measured by the foot.—[Philadelphia Chronicle-Herald.

Carter's Liver Bitters exert a wholesome, mildly stimulating effect on the stomach, which is a direct aid to digestion, at the same time acting energetically on the liver and gently on the bowels.

In the excavations at Herculaneum, grain has been found charred at the time the city was destroyed, 1,800 years ago, yet so perfectly preserved that the different kinds are easily distinguished.

An Extraordinary Case.

AUSTIN, Texas, Feb. 20th, 1880.

To Mr. J. W. Graham, Druggist:

Dear Sir—My case was an acute form of bronchitis, and was of one and a half years' duration. I employed the best medical aid possible, but failed rapidly, until the doctors said I would die—that my case was incurable. Thrown upon my own resources, I got a bottle of Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the lungs, and in six hours felt a decided relief. In three days the cough almost disappeared. Now that my chances of life are good for many years, I earnestly recommend the above to every sufferer of lung or throat disease.

C. G. LATHROP.

Pill-makers are among the most expert boxers.—[Lowell Courier.

"ROUGH ON RATS." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin, chipmunks. 15c.

The less men think the more they talk.—[Montesquieu.

☞ Don't wear dingy or faded things when the ten-cent Diamond Dye will make them good as new. They are perfect.

The latest things in nom —Husbands.—[New York Journal.

Carter's Little Liver Pills have no equal as a prompt and positive cure for Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Pain in the Side, and all Liver Troubles. Try them.

President Seelye, of Amherst College, spends an interesting hour with the seniors every Monday morning answering such questions as they may choose to hand in.

Valuable Information.

A very valuable book for farmers and stockmen has recently been published, containing valuable hints on fencing, the number of rods around a section, ½ section, ¼ section, 80, 40 or 10 acres; several pages of household and farm recipes; number miles of railroad in each state and territory; population of United States—by states; also of largest cities; tree planting, number required per acre; quantity of seeds to plant an acre; board, land, brick and timber measures; weight of earths, metals, timber, liquids, stone, etc.; rate of interest; penalty for usury; foreign and domestic postage, etc. As a book of reference it is worth its weight in gold. Sent postpaid to any farmer or stockman on receipt of address, by THORN WIRE HEDGE CO., 15 N. Clinton St., Chicago.

SOMETHING FOR EVERYBODY.

Read, Mark and Inwardly Digest.

If you have nausea, want of appetite, flatulency, dizziness, feverish symptoms, you are suffering from costiveness, and Hop Bitters is the Sure Cure.

If your vital forces are depressed, if you have a feeling of general lassitude and weakness, are easily fatigued, perspire freely on going to sleep, are short of breath on every slight effort and have a general feeling of melancholy and depression, you are suffering from general debility and Hop Bitters removes it all.

If you have a sense of weight or fullness in the stomach, a changeable appetite, sometimes voracious, but generally feeble, a morbid craving; low spirits after a full meal with severe pain for some time after eating, wind rising on the stomach, sour stomach, vomiting and fluttering at the pit of the stomach and a soreness over it; nausea; headache or some of these symptoms, you are suffering from dyspepsia, and Hop Bitters will permanently cure you.

If you freeze one hour, burn the next, and sweat another; if you are suffering all the tortures of the inquisition, one moment fearing you will die, and the next fearing you won't; if you have blue nails and lips, yellow eyes and ghost-like complexion, you are suffering from that miasmatic curse, Billious, Malarial Fever or Ague, and Hop Bitters will speedily cure you.

If you have a dry, harsh and yellow skin, a dull pain in the right side, extending to the shoulder-blade and pit of the stomach; a tenderness over the region of the liver, a sense of tightness and uneasiness about the stomach and liver; yellowness of the eyes; bowels irregular; a hacking or dry cough; irregular appetite; shortness of breathing; feet and hands cold; tongue coated white; a disagreeable taste in the mouth; low spirits; blotches on the face and neck; palpitation of the heart; disturbed sleep; heartburn; lassitude—if you have any of these symptoms, you are suffering from Liver Complaint, and Hop Bitters only will cure you.

If you have a complaint which few understand and none will give you credit for—an enfeebled condition; a goneness throughout the whole system; twitching of the lower limbs; a desire to fly all to pieces, and a fear that your will; a steady loss of strengh and health—any of these symptoms show that you are suffering from that hydra-headed disease, nervousness, and Hop Bitters will effectually cure you.

If you have Bright's disease of the kidneys or any other disease of the kidneys or urinary organs, Hop Bitters is the only medicine on earth that will permanently cure you. Trust no other.

If there's anything in signs, then druggists are pestle-tential sort of fellows.—[Pittsburgh Telegraph.

PETROLIA, Pa., Jan. 5, 1879.

MESSRS. KENNEDY & CO.:—My hair is growing out so fast that I can almost see it growing myself, through the use of your Carboline. D. NIXON.

When visiting Omaha stop at the Metropolitan Hotel, cor. 12th and Douglas Rates, $2.00 per day.

When the little short man begged the big tall woman for a kiss, she stooped to concur.

"BUCHU-PAIBA." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases. $1.

Why is a pig with a twisted tail like the ghost in Hamlet? Because it could a tale unfold.

When you visit or leave New York City, have Baggage, Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. 450 elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroads to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first class hotel in the city.

Sugar refiners and importers of Boston have adopted a resolution declaring that they favor a large reduction of the duty on sugar.

The current may be strong, but that which defies the current is stronger.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" will relieve Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases. Sold only in boxes.

The proper place for a corner in coal—down the cellar.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. Tasteless. 25c.

A gumdrop—Reduction in the price of Arctic overshoes.—[Puck.

MONROE, Mich., Sept. 25, 1875.

Sirs—I have been taking Hop Bitters for inflammation of kidneys and bladder. It has done for me what four doctors failed to do. The effect of Hop Bitters seemed like magic to me. W. L. CARTER.

In these days it should be changed around so as to read, "Where there's a will there's a way to break it."

SKINNY MEN. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence. $1.

"Strikes" vanish when the laborer considers that his government offers to him, practically "without money and without price," a home on her most desirable lands. Every man in the United States can become wealthy by one of the three ways afforded of acquiring government land. The very choicest of these lands can be found along the line of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway in Dakota. Maps, pamphlets, etc., can be had free by addressing the General Passenger Agent of this Railway, at Chicago, Illinois.

The fairest overcoat may have a ragged lining.

Redding's Russia Salve meets with wonderful success in all cases of Skin disease. Try it.

Silence may be golden, but it will never borrow a dollar.—[New York Commercial Advertiser.

Cough away if you want to, if not, use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Of druggists. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

The head barber can best be relied upon to say who is the next man.—[Philadelphia Press.

Prevent crooked boots and blistered heels by wearing Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners.

A board full of nails in the worst we ever saw.—[N. Y. News.

Try the new brand Spring Tobacco.

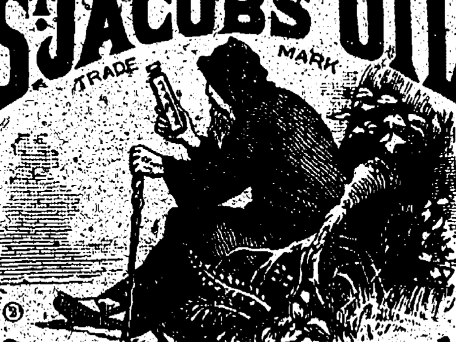
Have you seen the Chrollithion collars and cuffs! Something new. Ask for them.

Violets are one scent apiece at the florists.—[New York Graphic.

Mensman's Peptonized Beef Tonic, preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force-generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for **Indigestion, Dyspepsia**, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork, or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., proprietors, New York. Sold by druggists.

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO. (Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

As it is for all the painful diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.

It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in short time PERFECTLY CURED.

PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Dry can be sent by mail. WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington Vt.

Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

KIDNEY-WORT

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

25 100

"THE BEST IS CHEAPEST."

ENGINES, Horse Powers, THRESHERS, SAW-MILLS, Clover Hullers

(Suited to all sections.) Write for FREE Illus. Pamphlet and Prices to The Aultman & Taylor Co., Mansfield, Ohio.

$65 A MONTH AND BOARD FOR TEACHERS Students, Young Men and Ladies, in a light, pleasant business in your own county. Address P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 113 E. Adams St., Chicago.

WANTED—AGENTS, to sell the New Book, "SPY OF THE REBELLION," by the great Chicago Detective, Allen Pinkerton, now ready. Don't waste time on slow books. For liberal terms and exclusive territory. Address Quick, KANSAS CITY PUB. CO., 100 W. 9th st., K. C., Mo.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest-selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NATIONAL PUB. CO., St. Louis Mo.

Educate For Business at the Oldest & Best Commercial College. Circular free. Address C. BAYLIES, Dubuque, Ia.

CHARLES SHIVERICK, FURNITURE, 1206, 1208, 1210 Farnam St., Omaha.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Me.

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Invalids who are recovering vital stamina, declare in grateful terms their appreciation of the merits as a tonic, of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Not only does it impart strength to the weak but it also corrects an irregular acid state of the stomach, makes the bowels act at proper intervals, gives ease to those who suffer from rheumatic and kidney troubles, and conquers as well as prevents fever and ague. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

KIDNEY-WORT

HAS BEEN PROVED The SUREST CURE for KIDNEY DISEASES.

Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.

Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.

Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.

45- SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

KIDNEY-WORT

W N U Omaha 143—9

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

If you are Interested

In the inquiry—Which is the best Liniment for Man and Beast?—this is the answer, attested by two generations: the MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT. The reason is simple. It penetrates every sore, wound, or lameness, to the very bone, and drives out all inflammatory and morbid matter. It "goes to the root" of the trouble, and never fails to cure in double quick time.

SECURE HEALTHY ACTION OF THE LIVER

By taking **Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills**, which cleanse the Bowels, purify the Blood, and by carrying off all obstructions secure healthy and vigorous action to the Liver.

E. FERRETT, Agent, 372 Pearl St., New York.

THE OLDEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD —IS PROBABLY— Dr Isaac Thompson's Celebrated EyeWater

This article is a carefully prepared physician's prescription and has been in constant use for NEARLY A CENTURY, and notwithstanding the many other preparations that have been introduced into the market, the sale of this article is constantly increasing. If the directions are followed it will never fail. We particularly invite the attention of physicians to its merits. JOHN L. THOMPSON, SONS & CO., Troy, N.Y.

CHICAGO SCALE CO.

2 TON WAGON SCALE, $40. 3 TON, $50. 4 Ton $60, Beam Box included. 240 lb. FARMER'S SCALE, $5. The "Little Detective," ¼ oz. to 25 lb. $3. 300 OTHER SIZES. Reduced PRICE LIST FREE.

FORGES, TOOLS, &c. BEST FORGE MADE FOR LIGHT WORK, $10. 40 lb. Anvil and Kit of Tools, $10. Farmers save time and money doing odd jobs. Blowers, Anvils, Vices & Other Articles AT LOWEST PRICES, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

DOSE CUP & CORK-SCREW, the invalid's boon and nurse's delight will be GIVEN FREE as a premium to DR. FOOTE'S HEALTH MONTHLY to those sending only 4 letter stamps for a 3 months' trial subscription. The DOSE CUP measures accurately one drachm and prevents mistakes; the cork-screw prevents breaking corks and knife-blades; the Health Monthly prevents human ills. Address M. HILL PUB. Co., 129 E. 28th St., New York City.

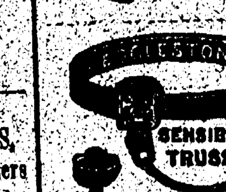
ALWAYS THE RIGHT DOSE

$60 5-TON JONES

Iron Levers, Steel Bearings, Brass TARE BEAM. JONES, HE PAYS THE FREIGHT. Sold on trial. Warranted 5 years. All sizes as low. For free book, address JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

This N.Y. Singer, $20

With $5 set of Attachments Free. Warranted perfect. Light running, quiet, handsome and durable. Sent on test trial-plan when desired. Happy Home Organs 4 sets Reeds, 13 stops; Mechanical Sub Bass, octave coupler, 2 knee swells, with $3 stool and $1 Book, only $75. Also sent on test trial-plan if desired. Elegant case, magnificent tone, durable inside and out. Circular, with testimonials, free. Ask G. Payne & Co., 47 Third av. Chicago



THIS NEW ELASTIC TRUSS

Has a Pad differing from all others, is cup shape, with Self-Adjusting Ball in center, adapts itself to all positions of the body, while the Ball in the cup presses back the Intestines just as a person would with the Finger. With light pressure the Hernia is held securely day and night, and a radical cure certain. It is easy, durable and cheap. Sent by mail. Circulars free. EGGLESTON TRUSS CO., Chicago, Ill.

SENSIBLE TRUSS

ASTHMA CURED

German Asthma Cure never fails to give immediate relief in the worst cases, insures comfortable sleep; effects cures where all others fail. A trial convinces the most skeptical. Price 50c. and $1.00, of Druggists or by mail. Sample FREE for stamp. DR. R. SCHIFFMAN, St. Paul, Minn.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

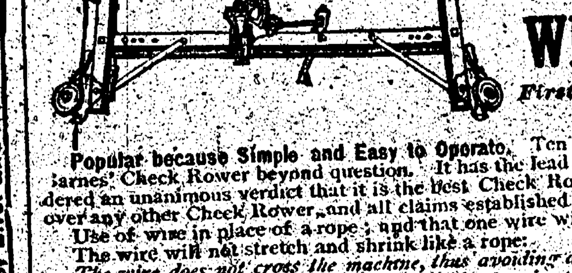
GOLD MEDAL PARIS EXPOSITION—1878.

PENSIONS FOR SOLDIERS on any disease, wound or injury. Parents, widows and children are entitled. Millions appropriated. Fee $10. Increase pensions, bounty, back pay and honorable discharges procured. NEW LAWS. Send stamp for instructions and bounty table. R. H. GELSTON & CO., Attorneys, Box 725, WASHINGTON, D. C.

STILL HOLDS THE LEAD

10 Years' Practical Use.

BARNES' WIRE CHECK ROWER.



First and Only Entirely Successful Wire Check Rower ever Invented.

Popular because Simple and Easy to Operate. Ten years practical use has proven the success of the Barnes' Check Rower beyond question. It has the lead with the dealers and the farmers, who have rendered an unanimous verdict that it is the best Check Rower made. The following are the advantages over any other Check Rower, and all claims established by actual use:

Use of wire in place of a rope; and that one wire will outlast two ropes.

The wire will not stretch and shrink like a rope.

The wire does not cross the machine, thus avoiding a GREAT WEAR AND STRAIN ON THE WIRE, and friction on the pulleys, and making a wire that DOES NOT cross the machine outwear several wires that do cross.

CHAMBERS, BERING, QUINLAN CO., Exclusive Manufacturers, DECATUR, ILLS.

CLOSES ON OUTSIDE OF NOSE.

Only Double Ring Invented.

Champion Hog Ringer, Rings and Holder.

The only Ring that will effectually keep hogs from rooting. No sharp points in the nose.

Only Single Ring ever invented that closes on Outside of the Nose.

BROWN'S Elliptical Ring And Triple Groove Hog and Pig Ringer.

Only Single Ring that *closes on the outside of the nose*. No sharp points in the flesh to keep it sore.

CHAMBERS, BERING, QUINLAN CO., Exclusive Manufacturers, DECATUR, ILLS.

1890

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOL. 9 NO 14 — TABLE ROCK NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1890. — WHOLE NO.

C. H. NORRIS IS JUST RECEIVING HIS SPRING STOCK OF

DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, CLOTHING, and a choice line of GROCERIES always on hand

And at Prices that will meet all legitimate competition. At the old Stand, West Side of Public Square, Table Rock, Neb.

Remember the concert at the M. E. church to-morrow evening.

Mrs. M. H. Marble and Mrs. A. D. Davis visited Elk Creek Tuesday.

Rev. and Mrs. Kemper are visiting in and near Kansas City this week.

A. Fellers this week sends the ARGUS to S. G. Holt, New Preston, Conn.

J. R. Irvin and Wm. Ballance of Pawnee City were in Table Rock Tuesday.

Major C. H. Norris visited Wymore Monday and purchased sand for his new building.

PIANO FOR SALE CHEAP.

An excellent "Wheelock Square Grand." J. W. LITTLE.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Only pill to cure sick headache and regulate the bowels. Sold by A. Fellers

The teachers and pupils of our schools are rejoicing over the fact that they have a new organ in the school.

O. D. Tibbets visited Kansas City this week, and soon his store will be filled with the new goods he purchased.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Best liver pill ever made. Cure constipation every time. None equeal. Use them now. A. Fellers.

It is a fact easily demonstrated that Table Rock merchants sell goods cheaper than at any other town in southeastern Nebraska.

Abram Greiner has received an increase of pension to $6 per month with indications good for a further raise to $10 per month.

C. J. Wood and C. B. Judkins attended a reception to Miss Bemick at the residence of J. N. Eckman at Pawnee City Monday evening.

While driving to Auburn last week Wm. Fellers' horse snagged his left hind foot so badly that he had to be held over a day, but he is now about well.

County Superintendent Barton was in town Tuesday morning. He called to get a pair of shoes which our expert shoemaker, Cy Carman, made for him.

Grandma Freeman isn't too old to play tricks on the funny tribe and on Tuesday she put in the day at her old game. Whether she had her usual luck or not we did not learn.

J. A. Barnes will open a new and first class lunch table in the near future, and will be prepared to give warm meals at all hours. First door south P. O., Table Rock, Neb.

Wm. Sutton has been at Fremont this week and heard the democratic candidate for governor make a speech; he is a more ardent supporter of the republican ticket than ever.

J. L. Fisher has leased the Morley property and has been busy this week moving to town. The ARGUS is pleased to number this excellent family among the citizens of our town.

W. H. Harrison and wife of Grand Island were visitors in and around Table Rock this week. During his stay here Hank demonstrated the fact that he is one of the best shots in the state.

There is one medicine that will cure immediately. We refer to DeWitt's colic and cholera cure for all summer complaints. No delay, no disappointment, no failure. We sell it. A. Fellers.

P. M. Merwin, editor of the Beaver City Tribune visited with friends here this week. Fletch is doing a good business out there, notwithstanding the fact that farmers didn't grow much but alliances this year. One thing seems strange, however, and that is that Beaver City young ladies will allow him to go on toward old bachelorhood, when he would willingly become a benedict.

Mrs. Emma Black departed this life Sept. 17th at her home near Blue Mound, Illinois. She had lived the life of a faithful Christian from childhood and her funeral was preached on Sept. 18th in the church where she first gave herself to her Master. She leaves three brothers, a sister, a husband and two little children to mourn her. She was loved by all who knew her and it will seem hard for those to whom she was dear to go on their way alone, but they know that she is waiting for them. The deceased was a sister of Elmer and Ernest Gray who have our sincere sympathy.—DuBois Times.

Mrs. Black formerly lived in Table Rock, where she was loved and esteemed by all, and the knowledge of her death comes with a shock to them.

A republican club was organized at Purcell hall last Saturday evening. The meeting was called to order by Wm. Sutton, who in a few eloquent words stated the object of the meeting. Henry Freeman was elected chairman and F. H. Taylor secretary a committee drafted a constitution and permanent organization was effected by electing J. B. Pepoon president; vice presidents were from the school districts as follows: Dr. Wilson 33; Ben Horton 65; Peter Stevens 34; Wm. Boggs 40; A. R Kovanda 55; Peter Miller 49; S. S. Becker 52; F. H. Taylor was elected secretary-treasurer. The club will hold their meetings on Saturday evening of each week. Persons over eighteen years of age may become members. To-morrow evening there will be music and a speech by Hon. J. W. Pepoon.

DeWitt's colic and cholera cure is always safe and always sure. We recommend it. A. Fellers.

The ladies of the M. E. church will give a dinner and supper in the Purcell Hall on election day, Nov. 4.

I have a good thoroughbred Durham bull to sell cheap for cash, or will sell on time. A. D. DAVIS.

Andrew Wheeler has been confined to his bed during the past ten days by an attact of typhoid malarial fever.

Dr. Davis makes a speciality of disease of children. Medication direct and pleasant. Office at his house, first house south of the brick hardware.

Our customers all speak highly in praise of St. Patricks Pills. They are the best.—Berry Bros., Carroll, Nebraska. For sale by A. Fellers.

Rev. J. W. Little will preach a gospel temperance sermon at the Burgert school house next Sabbath afternoon.

We recommend DeWitt's colic and cholera cure because we believe it a safe and reliable remedy. Its good effects are shown at once in cases of cholera morbus and similar complaints. A. Fellers.

$200,000 TO LEND ON FARMS BY THE STATE BANK OF TABLE ROCK AT SEVEN PER CENT, BORROWER HAVING THE OPTION OF REPAYING WHOLE OR PART AT ANY TIME. NO COMMISSIONS.

On Monday morning Mrs. Mollie Samson, wife of E. R. Samson left her home at Kingman, Kas., to visit a dentist at a town about twelve miles from her home to have some teeth extracted; she was in her usual health when she left, and when some hours later her husband received a telegram that his wife was dead, it did not seem possible that the news could be true. The dentist had administered chloriform to Mrs. Samson, whose physical condition was not such as to stand it, and she died in a few minutes after being placed under its influence. The coroner was summoned who held an inquest over the remains, the result being that the dentist was held to answer to the district court for the death of Mrs. Samson. The deceased was a Pawnee county girl, whose parents now live near Burchard, her maiden name being Mollie Donahue. She taught school in the county for several years in the Blacklaw, Hansen and Steinauer districts—and about eleven years ago she was united in marriage to E. R. Samson, a son of our townsman, R. H. Samson. To them were born three children—two boys and one girl—the oldest being ten and the youngest seven years of age.

The first intimation of the sad affair which the Table Rock friends had, was a telegram received by R. H. Samson from his son, announcing that the remains would be brought here for burial and on Wednesday afternoon they arrived accompanied by the mourning relatives. A large number of sympathizing friends followed the remains from the depot to the cemetery.

The affair was a very sad one and the bereaved husband and motherless little ones have the fullest sympathy of the people of Table Rock, many of whom knew and loved Mrs. Samson.

NORTHEAST SHERIDAN.

The compositor made a slight mistake week before last. It should have been northeast instead of northwest Sheridan. The music will proceed.

W. B. Parrish of Stolzenbach, Kas., visited relatives in this neighborhood the past week, returning home Wednesday.

B. R. Parrish and wife visited at David City last week returning home Monday. A. S. Parrish accompanied them and left for Illinois on the afternoon train Monday. Mr. Parrish speaks of the country in and around Butler county in flattering language especially the valley of the Platte which he says is the prettiest land in the world.

Rev. J. W. Little and A. C. Allinson spoke on the amendment in the Hansen school house Wednesday evening to a crowded house.

The next Demorest contest in the Blacklaw school house will be held Friday night October 17.

One of the nicest parties of the season was held at the residence of J. W. Hansen's last Saturday night. L. E. PHANT.

A RIPE OLD AGE.

J H Holcomb and wife, of Belcherville, Texas, have celebrated their fifty-fifth wedding anniversary, and are still hale and hearty. The secret of their long life and good health is that they correct any slight ailment promptly, and in that way avoid serious sickness. Like most every one else, they are more frequently troubled with constipation than any other physical disorder. To correct this they take St. Patrick's Pills in preference to any other, because, as Mr. Holcomb says, "They are a mild pill and, besides, keep the whole system in good order. We prize them very highly." For sale by A. Fellers.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

At the Table Rock M. E. church on Saturday evening, Oct. 11th, the M. E. church choir of Pawnee City, will give a first class musicale. The Crescent (young ladies) quartette will render some fine music; also solos, duets and choruses by members of the choir, assisted by Prof. Wise. Admission 25 cents; children under 15 years 15 cents. Do not fail to hear them.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.

Mrs. John A. Clarke was a great sufferer from indigestion and sick headache. She left her home last Saturday to buy a bottle of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, took a dose and her headache disappeared as mysteriously as it came. Try them. A. Fellers.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. J. E. Darby will preach next Sabbath, October 12th, at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m.

No griping, no nausea, no pain when DeWitt's Little Early Risers are taken. Small pill. Safe pills Best pill. We sell them. A. Fellers

SCIENCE HALL.

Blacklaw School House.

Corn in this neighborhood is getting about ready to crib.

We are sorry to have hurt may Samson's feelings by our remark about turnips last week, but it was only a joke, which was not on her after all.

The young people spent Friday evening at A. E. Haywood's. A pet snake taken there by one of the boys caused a little excitement among the ladies.

Will the town school solve this problem and give us the answer next week? 3 men own a grindstone, 2 feet 8 inches in diamator. How many inches must each grind to get an equal share, allowing 6 inches for the aperture. SCHOOL BOY.

OUR FATHERS.

The city dads met in regular session Monday eveening with president Fellers in the chair and members Norris, Stewart and Dimon present.

The committee on wind mills reported that they bought a wind mill of Wm. White, that the same has been put up and gives general satisfaction. The following bills were allowed:

Wm. White, lumber and wind mill	$64 08
Table Rock Argus, printing	4 00
W. D. Perry, work on park fence	5 25
E. A. Peck, blacksmithing	2 00
John Willison, sprinkling park trees	5 00
W. H. Wilson, London purple	5 50

C. L. Wemple was sworn in as village marshal and was instructed to have ordinance No. 14 relating to closing places of business on Sunday put in force.

Republican Meetings.

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 11

HON. T. W. PEPOON

Will address the citizens of Table Rock on the political issues of the day. As a thinker and orator on political economy, Mr. Pepoon is among the leaders of the state, and everybody is invited to come out and hear him on this occasion.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 15th.

Rev. H. Presson and Hon. George Adams will address the citizens of Table Rock, discussing the political issues of the day in fairness. Come out and hear them. To both these meetings republicans, democrats, prohibitionists, mugwumps, and the ladies especially, are invited.

NEMAHA VALLEY ITEMS.

Jim Blacklaw, John Leg and Charley Harrison went to Burchard with C. S. Wood after cattle one day last week.

R. H. Sampson returned from Beatrice where he has been visiting friends and relations.

Joseph Zelenka rode out to Albert Zelenka's to help make hay; he had to walk home on account of his horse dying in about ten minutes after leaving there.

At the oyster supper at A. E. Haywood's last Friday night Tom Harrison eat five crackers in four and a half minutes.

Frank Shatroe and James Blacklaw started home Sunday afternoon.

Charley Harrison and John Leg started for Blue Springs with two loads of apples Sunday.

Bert Heywood and family was over to his father-in-law's Sunday. Bert is able to be out after being slightly bruised by the heels of a steer.

TRUE BLUE.

SCHOOL COLUMN.

ALLIE KNEPPER,
MAGGIE SUTTON,
MARTHA MITCHELL, } EDITORS.

LABOR OMNIA VINCIT.

The teachers and pupils are glad to have Katie Tressler in school again.

One of our boys got a joke on himself the other day for giving 40 as the answer to the following question: "If you multiply 1 by itself 40 times, what will be the result?

You improve just in proportion to the amount of energy you exert; the blacksmith's arm grows by constant use. So with the mind, nature is always an impartial pay master, rewarding all her subjects according to what they do.

The C geography class are studying the wealth of Nebraska, including its animal, vegetable and mineral products and are thus becoming familiar with our own state.

Laura Mumford visited Humboldt on Monday and Tuesday.

Nellie Jobe was absent a few days on account of sickness.

The Grammar room expect to be supplied with new song books in a few days.

The pupils are preparing for examination during this week, and as all are anxious to do their best, our room presents a very studious appearance.

"By doing nothing we learn to do ill."

Helen Allinson has the most head marks in the Grammar room.

In the Kentucky river near Versailles, Ky., a stone fish about three feet long was found. It weighed over forty poundy, is of a bluish color, almost perfect in form and looks nearly as natural as life. It could be called the mummy of a cat fish, except that it has what seems to be perfectly formed scales all over its body.

The government of Brazil has authorized an unlimited issue of currency, on a gold basis, by the national bank.

James Talbot was a visitor in the High School and Grammar departments Friday and Monday.

Hollie and Clinton Norris and Charley Clift attended Barnum's show at Falls City last week.

Martha Mitchell is with us again after an absence of two weeks.

Minnie Fuller and Mary Little visited our room Wednesday.

We find St. Patrick's Pills to be very extry and to give splendid satisfaction. They are now about the only kind called for. W. A. Wallace, Oasis Ia. For sale by A. Fellers.

Mrs. Sarah Allinson and her daughter, Miss Effie, started yesterday for a visit to Chicago, Bloomington and other eastern cities. Miss Lulu Linn accompanied them as far as Mt. Carroll, Ills., where she will pursue her musical studies at the seminary there.

ORDINANCE NO. 16.

AN ORDINANCE TO REGULATE THE PAYING OF LABOR AND PERSONAL TAX IN THE VILLAGE OF TABLE ROCK, NEB.

Be it ordained by the Chairman and Board of Trustees of the village of Table Rock, Nebraska:

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the street commissioner of said village of Table Rock to give at least three days notice to all persons residing in said village liable to pay a labor and road tax, either personally or by leaving a writen notice at their usual place of abode, of the time when and where to work between the first day of April and the first day of November in each year, to pay their labor tax and three-fourths of their personal tax, and with what implements.

SEC. 2. The street commissioner shall allow all persons who may appear in pursuance of such notice and actually work eight hours on the streets in said village under the direction of the street commissioner shall be allowed the sum of $1.50 for each day's work and $1.50 a day for each span of horses, mules or oxen and the street commissioner shall give to such person a certificate which certificate shall be received by the county treasurer in discharge of the labor tax and three-fourths of the personal tax of such person aforesaid.

SEC. 3. If any street commissioner shall neglect or refuse to keep the streets of said village of Table Rock in good repair as the number of hands and the amount of tax under his control would reasonably enable him to do or otherwise neglect to perform any of the duties imposed upon him by this ordinance, he shall be liable to pay a fine of not less than $5.00 nor more than $50.00 to be recovered by civil action before any justice of the peace in said village at the suit of any citizen for the benefit of the village street fund.

SEC. 4. In case of any sudden damage or injury to any bridge, culvert or the like the street commissioner may on one day's notice call out any and all able bodied men under 50 years of age in said village but not more than one day at any one time without their consent to effect all repairs immediately necessary thereon and persons called out shall be entitled to receive $1.50 per day from the fund in the hands of said commissioner.

SEC 5. When any able bodied man when duly summoned as provided in section one of this ordinance fail to appear and labor diligently by himself or his substitute or s ng satisfactory excuse thereof he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding $1.00 for each day's failure to attend and perform the labor as required at the time and place specified, to be recovered before any justice of the justice of the peace in said village with cost of suit.

SEC. 6. Any railroad corporation or any person or persons who now own or may hereafter own or operate any railroad that crosses any public or private street shall make and keep in good repair and good and sufficient crossings on all such streets including all the grading, bridges, ditches and culverts that may be necessary within their right of way.

SEC. 7. That the street commissioner of said village where any railroad corporation mentioned in section 6 has failed or neglected to comply therewith the street commissioner shall give to such railroad corporation twenty days notice in writing to said railroad company or corporation, or their agent, where a crossing is required and a copy of the notice to be sworn to and filed with the village clerk.

SEC. 8. If any railroad corporation or party mentioned in section six of this ordinance shall fail or neglect for thirty days from date of filing said notice to make said crossing as required by section six, then it shall be lawful for the village board of trustees to bring an action in the name of the village of Table Rock, Nebraska, and compell said corporation or person to make such crossing and said corporation, company or person shall pay all damage sustained and the cost of prosecution with a reasonable attorney's fee for plaintiff.

SEC. 9. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force on and after its approval and publication as required by law.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, }
PAWNEE COUNTY. }

I, Henry Freeman, clerk of said village of Table Rock, Nebraska, do hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original ordinance approved October 8th, 1890, and published in the Table Rock ARGUS, a newspaper published in the village of Table Rock, Nebraska, on the 10th day of October, 1890.

HENRY FREEMAN,
Village Clerk.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

A friend handed us a circular the other day thinking to do us a favor no doubt, but we received a similar one some weeks ago and doubt not every family in the state has a copy and know just where to send for a supply as it is not safe to be without in the family." Just so the devil tempted Eve to think the apple was very desirable and she should not surely die, but just as surely as the curse fell upon the human race for disobedience then, just so surely will the curse fall upon those we seek to evade just and righteous laws for their own personal indulgence. The evil one knows his time is short and if he can persuade any of us to stop fighting a sin because the subject is worn thread bare he has gained a point.

Rev. J. H. Byers of Empora, Kansas says Let every christian put as much religion in his ballot as he put in the church, his Sabbath school, and his family altar. Resolutions do not hurt saloons, but ballots do In Kansas politics is mainly barred in city elections and both men and women go to the polls, vote for the best measures as represented by the best candidates. I feel that I can safely say there is no place on earth with less misrule and municipal corruption than in Kansas, but it was not so till we got prohibition and the women got the ballot.

There may be persons in this community who are at times troubled with colic, or subjects to attacks of bowel complaint. If so, they should try Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy. It will afford almost immediate relief, and when reduced with water is pleasant to take. If taken as soon as the first indication of the disease is felt it will ward off the attack. Many people use it in this way, and find that it never fails them. A 25 or 50 cent bottle may be obtained from A. Fellers.

COMMISSIONERS' MEETING.

On this 7th day of October 1890 the board of county commissioners met in regular session as required by law, all members being present, when the following business was transacted:

The application of U. L. Albers, M. D. to sell malt, vinous and spirituous liquors a Steinauer in Pawnee county, Nebraska, for medicinal, mechanical and chemical purposes only was taken up and considered. And appearing that due notice had been given of the filing of the bond and petition and there being no remonstrance to the granting of said petition, it was ordered that the County Clerk issue a permit to U. L. Albers, M. D. to sell said liquors for said purposes only for one year ending Sept. 30, 1891.

The following accounts were allowed and warrants ordered drawn on the respective funds:

On the county bridge:

Frank Wels, lumber	$31 88
Wm White unloading oak lumber	5 00
On the county general fund:	
C C Crouch, jobs for Mrs. Sly	2 50
Omaha Republican 4000 tax receipts	
claim for $40.00—allowed	38 00

The tax paid under protest on nw qr nw qr sec 12, town 3, range 12 for 1888 having been shown to be doubly assessed was ordered refunded.

The board thereupon adjourned to meet November 25, 1890.

JOHN R. LITTLE,
County Clerk.

BUNKER HILL.

Mamie Sutton commenced school in this district last week Monday.

Charles Boone of Warren, Ill., is visiting his brother, E. T. Boone and other friends in this neighborhood for a few days while on his way to California. He intends remaining several months on the Pacific coast with a view to locating there, if the country suits him.

A. C. Miller of Pawnee City addressed a small audience at Bunker Hill school house Monday evening.

Mrs. John S. Abbey of Cloud county, Kansas with her two daughters, made a short visit in this neighborhood last week.

Prof. C. J. Mertes of Blue Springs visited his brother Thomas, last Sunday.

I. S. Doten, Justice of the Peace and merchant of Bristol, Ills., says he can recommend St. Patrick's Pills "I have used them," he says, "and know whereof I speak." Anyone troubled with constipation or bilious ness will find them a friend. They are prompt and certain in their action and produce a pleasant cathartic effect. For sale by A. Fellers

CZMANLIS ORIENTAL SEXUAL PILLS

Sure, Prompt, Positive Cure for Impotence, Loss of Manhood, Seminal Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Nervousness, Self Distrust, Loss of Memory, &c. Will make you a STRONG, Vigorous Man Price $1.00, 6 Boxes, $5.00. Special Directions Mailed with each Box. Address Pollard Drug Institute Co., 2219 Lucas Ave. ST. LOUIS, MO.

LEGAL NOTICE.

LYDIA A. HOLMES, SARAH A SMITH, Mary E. Causey, J. H. Causey, and L. W. Smith, defendants: will take notice that on the 3rd day of October, 1890, Clinton M. Fisher, administrator of the estate of Jesse Fisher, deceased, filed his petition in the District Court of Pawnee county, Nebraska, against said defendants and Fannie C. Norris, the object and prayer of which are to remove the cloud from the title to lot three (3), block 38, in Table Rock, Nebraska, and to confirm the title to said lot in the legal representatives and heirs of said Jesse Fisher, deceased. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 10th day of November, 1890.

Dated, October 3rd, 1890.

C. M. FISHER, Administrator.
By J. K. GOUDY, his Attorney. 3414

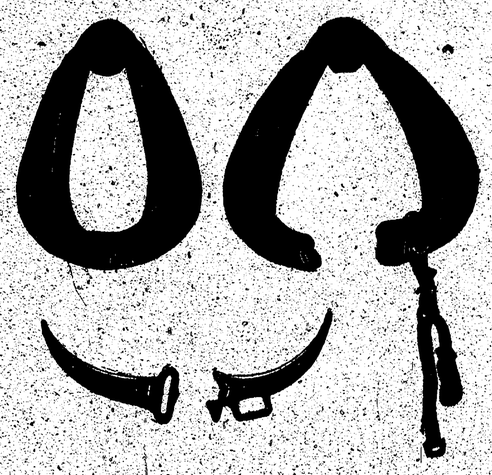
NOTICE OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a chattel mortgage made on the 1st day of April, 1890, by John Shinneman, mortgagor, to G. B. Johnson, mortgagee, I will, on the 3rd day of November, 1890, at Table Rock, Pawnee county, Nebraska, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m., sell at public auction the following described property, to-wit: Three three-year-old heifers, one four-year-old heifer, one three-year-old heifer, two sucking calves, the increase of two of said heifers; default having been made in the condition of said mortgage and there is due thereon the sum of $63.15 together with the sum of $10 00 liquidated damages agreed to be paid in said mortgage. Said sale is to satisfy the amount due upon said mortgage, together with the costs of taking, keeping and advertising said property.

G. B. JOHNSON, Mortgagee.

GO TO L. S. FELLERS'

NEW HARNESS SHOP,



WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK.

I have received a new stock of

HARNESS AND SADDLERY,

I solicit your attention. Please call and examine my goods, as I will sell cheap as the cheapest.

Go to Tillotson & Andrew when in town and see those O. K. Feed Cookers.

We carry the largest stock of Superior Cooks and Ranges ever brought to Table Rock made by the famous Bridge & Beech Manfg. Co. The fire backs in them are warranted for five years.

Remember we always carry in stock a full line of Pumps of all kinds---wood and iron, also the Star Wind mill. We repair wind mills and pumps.

Go to T. & A's. for machine oils and dope--best in the market.

Don't forget that T. & A. carry a full line of Screen Doors.

THE NEWEST STOCK,
THE FINEST STOCK

Of goods ever brought to Table Rock is now in stock at the store of W. L. Taylor.

THE DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

Is filled with everything in the line, and has been selected with great care as to quality. In Dress Goods the stock is complete, embracing everything from a plain calico to the most elegant silk patterns. The quality of goods in this department has never before been equaled by any stock carried in Table Rock. In Ladies Cloaks, I also have the largest line ever brought here and includes everything from a Miss's jacket to an elegant, satin-lined plush sacque. I take pleasure in asking you to inspect the goods in my Dry Goods Department.

IN Gentlemen and ladies footwear, I have established a reputation for handling the best and largest assortment and my present stock will convince any one that my reputation is deserved. I can save you money in boots and shoes, if you give me an opportunity.

IN Groceries I keep only the best grades of everything, my stock being new and fresh—the choicest the market affords. In fact, my stock of General Merchandise is complete in every detail, and I respectfully solicit your patronage, feeling confident I can meet all requirements for less money than any other merchant in the county. You are invited to inspect my stock.

W. L. TAYLOR.

O. D. TIBBETS,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

GROCERES,

MEN'S LADIES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES

have also added a fine line of Queens and Glassware of the very best make.

Cash buyers should always remember that I will make it to their interest to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Produce taken in exchange. Southeast corner of Public Square.

GO TO

ANDREW FELLERS

DEALER IN

DRUGS, FURNITURE,

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES

PATENT MEDICINES

FANCY LAMPS CEILING DECORATIONS, GLASS, ETC

Best Brands White Lead,

Paints Oils, Painters' Materials, Etc., Undertakers' Goods Etc., Etc., Always on Hand. Compounding Farmers' Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions a Specialty.

SOUTH OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE

FOR SALE.

An 80 acre farm three miles southeast of Table Rock; joining Wm. Fellers farm on the south.

MRS. L. A. HOLMES.

State Bank Of Table Rock,

TABLE ROCK, - - - NEBRASKA

JOHN R. CLARK, President.
JOHN C. DAVID, Vice President.
DAVID K. MILLER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
DAVID REMICK.
JOHN R. CLARK.
J. N. ECKMAN.
JOHN C. DAVID.
DAVID K. MILLER.

Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate banking business. Accounts of farmers and merchants solicited. Careful attention given to collections; Loans negotiated on real estate security.

There was a large crowd of people in town Saturday afternoon. Our merchants all did a big business; the mule sale was an attraction and nearly every farmer in town went to Wm. Sutton's barn to see how the Keystone corn husker and fodder cutter performed its work; all were convinced that the machine is one of the greatest improvements of the age

F. A. BARTON,

County Superintend

Office Over First National Ba

PAWNEE CITY, NE

Office days Saturday of ea
mination days first and t
each month.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS
F. H. TAYLOR, Editor.
Issued every Friday morning at Table Rock Nebraska
Terms. $1.50 per Year, in advance
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY

Churches

M. E. CHURCH.—Regular services every Sabbath at 11 a m and 7 p m. Rev. J. S Kemmer Pastor. Sabbath School at 1 a m. Young Peoples' meeting 3 p m Sunday, Prayer Meeting Thursday evening.

THE CHURCH OF GOD.—Regular services every Sunday at P. M. at the Handy house, in lower town. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at the residence of Mr. Patchin. H. A. Austin, Elder. A cordial invitation is extended to all to be present at these meetings.

GERMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH—Services are held in this church once a month, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Maly.

CHURCH OF CHRIST—Meets every Lord's day in the Norris building on the west side of the public square. Preaching every other Lord's day, morning and evening. Bible School every Lord's day morning at 10 o'clock. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. J. Deck, Supt. Bible School; C. Evans, Pastor.

Democrats, what do you think of the comparison of the assessments of Vance and Liopberger?

At Belleville, Ills., a negro man and his daughter were brutally murdered for their money—$3.

The next meeting of the Head Camp of Modern Woodmen will be held at Springfield, Ills., Tuesday November 10th.

An extensive tin plate manufactory with a capital stock of $4,500,000 is to be established at Chicago. The ore to be used will be obtained from the Black Hills and North Carolina.

Husbands come high—sometimes. A Mrs. Richardson obtained a verdict for $20,000 before a jury in New York the other day for the alienation of her husband's affections by a Mrs. Burt. There are lots of fellows who would become husbands for half

If Richards is elected governor and the amendment carries, he will see that the law is carried into effect; on the other hand if Boyd is elected governor, all the powerful influence of the chief executive of the state will be used to thwart the expressed wishes of the people.

The following are the dates and places fixed for holding the joint debates between Congressman Connell and aspiring Congressman Bryan:

Lincoln—Monday, October 13.
Omaha—Wednesday, October 15.
Wahoo—Thursday, October 16.
Papillion—Friday, October 17.
Weeping Water—Saturday, Oct. 18.
Tecumseh—Monday, October 20.
Beatrice—Tuesday, October 21.
Pawnee City—Wednesday, Oct. 22.
Salem—Monday, October 27.
Auburn—Tuesday, October 28.
Syracuse—Wednesday, October 29.

A COMPARISON.

A few weeks ago the Press daubed on its war-paint, yelled its war-whoop and started on the war-path, after the scalp of Commissioner Vance. It had discovered something which its uncivilized condition and self imposed exemption from a duty of property-owning citizens had hid from its view, and the sensation caused by learning something was so new and strange that its war dance was one of unusual hilarity; to the children its antics brought a fear that a great calamity would befall them, but to those who were familiar with the harmlessness of the Press, its warlike attitude was grotesquely amusing. What the Press learned was that property in Nebraska is not listed at its full value; land worth from $20 to $40 per acre is assessed at from $4 to $8 and other property at about the same proportion. It found Mr. Vance assessed as follows:

21 horses....$410 average, $19 52
32 cattle...... 118 " 3 69
100 hogs...... 100 " 1 00

Holy Moses, how the dance went on, the tomahawk flourished and the hills re-echoed with the name of the Press' chieftain, "Honest John U. Liomberger!" whose assessment is as follows, although the Press with stupid imbecility failed to give it:

3 horses......$50 average, $16 66
23 cattle...... 75 " 3 26
50 hogs...... 50 " 1 00

Of course, the Press could not be expected to see any difference in the average value between 21 head of horses ranging from yearling colts to old, worn out horses, and three good work horses! But the thinking farmer can.

BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP.

We guarantee this to be the best cough syrup manufactured in the whole wide world. This is saying a great deal, but it is true. For consumption, bronchitis, asthma, croup, whooping cough, and all diseases of the throat and lungs we positively guarantee Ballard's Horehound Syrup to be without any equal on the whole face of the globe. In support of this statement we refer to every individual who has ever used it, and to every druggist who has ever sold it. Such evidence is indisputable. Sold by A. Fellers.

THE AMENDMENTS.

The two amendments, prohibitory and license, to be voted on next November are worded thus, viz:

1. PROHIBITORY—"The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage are forever prohibited in this state and the Legislature shall provide by law for the enforcement of this provision."

2. LICENSE—"The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

MERIT WINS.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's ... [illegible]

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE FOR DELINQUENT TAXES.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, PAWNEE COUNTY. } ss.
COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PAWNEE CITY, Oct 1, 1890.

The following is a list of the real estate in said county upon which the taxes for the year 1889 are delinquent and not paid, showing the amounts of said taxes upon which interest and costs are to be added. Said real estate upon which the taxes remain unpaid will be offered at public sale commencing on Monday, November 3, 1890, and continuing until all said real estate has been offered for sale for the delinquent taxes thereon as provided by law. Said sale to take place at the county treasurer's office, in Pawnee City, Neb.

H. C. WORTHAM,
County Treasurer.

Mission Creek.
Twp. 1, Range 9.

DES.	SEC.	AMT.
s½ ne¼ & se¼	6	$37 94
se¼	7	26 88
e½	8	52 23
sw¼	9	24 64
e½ nw¼ & ne¼	10	31 51
w½ nw¼	10	11 47
sw¼ se¼	10	0 91
sw¼	12	19 88
all	13	81 55
se¼	15	20 73
e½ ne¼	16	20 26
se¼ sw¼	16	11 91
ne¼	17	40 50
nw¼	18	35 03
sw¼	18	39 10
n½ ne¼	19	20 78
w 60 a nw¼	19	15 72
se¼	19	40 26
sw¼	19	40 97
lot 1	20	1 66
lot 2	20	4 76
lot 3	20	1 66
all	21	148 17
n½ ne¼	22	12 30
s½ ne¼	22	12 02
sw¼	22	29 03
nw¼	23	22 89
se¼	23	43 26
w½	24	87 45
sw¼	25	30 60
ne¼	27	23 22
ne¼	27	24 88
nw¼	27	26 97
se¼	27	24 19
nw¼ ex 3 a	28	28 14
1 acre in nw¼	28	36
se¼	28	26 78
sw¼	28	28 34
ne¼	29	31 01

[illegible]

Remaining lists of the Mission Creek, Plum Creek, Turkey Creek, West Branch, Steinauer, Clay, Pawnee City Precinct, Clear Creek, South Fork, Miles, Sheridan, Table Rock Precinct, Pawnee City, Hazel's Addition to Pawnee City, Turner's Addition to Pawnee City, Holben's Addition to Pawnee City, Hollinshead's Addition to Pawnee City, North Pawnee City, Lands Within Limits of Pawnee City, Table Rock, Railway Addition to Table Rock, Peck's Addition to Table Rock, Burchard, First Addition to Burchard, Dubois, Mallory's Addition to Dubois, Ebner's Addition to Dubois, Violet, Steinauer and Lewiston: [illegible]

The above is a list of the real estate in Pawnee county, Nebraska, upon which the taxes for the year 1889 are delinquent and unpaid.

H. C. WORTHAM,
County Treasurer.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of the throat, lungs or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup, etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at A. Fellers drug store.

A correspondent in the World Herald gives the following remedy for diphtheria in its first stages; Burn turpentine and tar in a hot pan, allowing the fumes to be inhaled by the patient by closing doors and windows in sick room. This has been tried by a French doctor and found good.

BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT.

This wonderful liniment is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Lakes to the Gulf. It is the most penetrating liniment in the world. It will cure rheumatism, old sores neuralgia, sprains, bruises, cuts, wounds, burns, sciatica, sore throat, sore chest and all inflammation, after all others have failed. It will cure barbed wire cuts and heal all wounds where proud flesh has set in. It is equally efficient for animals. Try it and you will not be without it. Price 50 cents. Sold by A. Fellers.

Two of Tecumseh's fast horses were shipped to Council Bluffs, where they will be started for records. Apanoose and Abdallah Wilkes are the horses shipped and they go in races October 9, 10 and 11.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale By A. Fellers.

COMMISSIONERS' MEETING.

Minutes of county commissioners meeting Oct. 2, 1890.

Reports of Joseph Brown overseer of poor examined and approved.

Erroneous poll tax paid by S c Beers and Lillie Plummer ordered refunded.

Claims were ordered paid out of road district funds as follows:

Jacob Burkhart labor No 4 Turkey Creek precinct $9.06.

S K Martin, Lumber Co., lumber No 2 Plum Creek precinct $33.75.

Warrents to pay the following claims were ordered drawn on the county bridge fund:

S K Martin Lumber Co., lumber...$ 52 95
County Treasurer freight on 4 cars lumber...221 00
County Clerk freight on 1 car of lumber...54 18
E G Dey & Co lumber and piling...743 48
Johnson Co one half county line bridge...58 55

The following claims were rejected:
L P Brown refunding tax.
Daniel Alfred labor on road.
Fees of J P in case of state vs Wm. Gadd.
J E Helmes medicine for Malizky.
Jennie Ferrier road damages.

Warrants were ordered drawn on the county general fund to pay the following:

Costs and fees in the matter of the coroner's inquest on body of Josie Fries:
M L Herrington, witness...1 40
Frank Edwards same...1 10
Lula Petit same...1 10
Kate Dewitt same...2 20
James Smith same...1 30
E A coburn same...1 10
Mr. L E Kaserman same...1 10
Lew Smith same...1 30
Joseph Fries same...1 10
Mrs Lee Bellamy same...1 10
Mrs George Weaver same...1 10
J L Bentley...1 10
D Darlington same...1 10
Geo Hinton same...2 20
c L Jackson same...2 20
D K House same...1 10
Rosa Butler same...1 10
A B Anderson witness and making post mortem examinations...17 20
S A Wright same...17 20
Charlotte Manning same...3 30
Monroe Storm same...1 30
Anna Harrington same...1 30
Mrs Irwin same...1 30
Samuel Germain same...1 10
James Fisherell same...1 10
Perry Edwards same...1 10
G B Turner same...1 10
G W collins viewing body and fees and mileage etc...17 40
A D Strunk fees mileage etc...26 85
W M Johnson juror...4 10
Horace Zoellin same...4 10
c E Wetmore same...4 10
D K McElhaney same...4 10
A G Atkinson same...4 10
A W Mallory same...4 10

The Pawnee county Agricultural Mechanical and Horticultural association having fulfilled the requirements of the law in such cases made and provided the county clerk was ordered to draw a warrant in favor of the said association for the sum of $634.05 as provided in said statutes of the state of Nebraska.

Also in favor of the Pawnee city water works for water rent for 6 months, $5.50.

E Smith med cines and attendance on poor...1 50

H c Lindsay co. Atty 3rd quarters salary...200 00

The board thereupon adjourned to meet in regular session Tuesday, Oct. 7, 1890.

JOHN R. LITTLE,
County Clerk.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Best liver pill ever made. Cure constipation every time. None equal. Use them now. A. Fellers.

TONSORIAL PARLORS
SHAVING HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOONING
Done to order in neatest style.
L.E. FERRELL - - - Proprietor

O. W. GRIFFING
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
PLASTERER
—AND—
FLUE BUILDER.
Contractor in
BRICK AND STONE WORK
—
ALSO
Digging, walling and cementing cisterns.

H. C. STEWART. J. A. PURCELL
STEWART & PURCELL,
PROPRIETORS OF
ENTERPRISE MEAT MARKET
WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.
FRESH AND SALT MEATS FLOUR
KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
OUR AIM IS TO GIVE SATISFACTION TO ALL CUSTOMERS

THE NEW CARRIAGE SHOP.
A. F. HANSEN, PROPRIETOR
Blacksmith, Wagon, Carriage, and General Repair Work Promptly Done. New Work Put up to Order. Satisfaction Guaranteed, both in prices and work.
MAKE A SPECIALTY OF HORSESHOEING; BUGGY PAINTING AND UPHOLSTER WORK. GIVE ME A CALL.
F. A. HANSEN.

H. C. Lindsay,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
PAWNEE CITY, NEB.
Collection a speciality. Office in Hopperbloc

SHANE BRO'S
DEALERS IN
MARBLE
PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.
Tombstones manufactured to order from the best of material and all work guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

G. W. COLLINS,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon
PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA
Offers his professional services to the people of Pawnee county. All calls promptly attended.

J. K. GOUDY,
Attorney at Law
PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.
Collections Promptly Attended To.
OFFICE IN BANK BLOCK.

J. T. CONDON,
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist,
Will be in Table Rock at Beck's Livery Barn, on THURSDAY of Each Week.
Bring in your Horses and See Me.

Eldredge Wheeler,
ATTONEY-AT-LAW,
PAWNEE CITY, NEB.
Specialattention to Collections.
Office over Farmers' National Bank

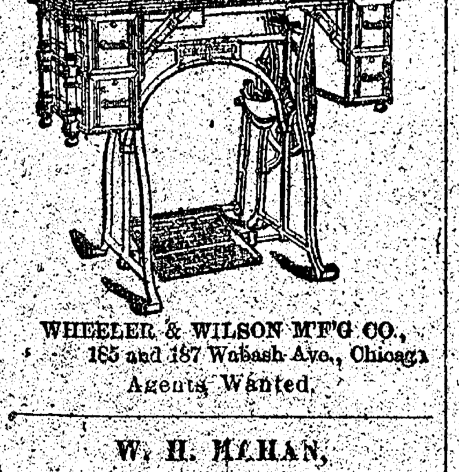
Henry Freeman,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
NOTARY PUBLIC AND
INSURANCE AGENT
TABLE ROCK, NEB.

C. B. CASTLETON,
WELL — DIGGER,
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
Will do well work of all kinds, dig and cement cisterns, build flues and guarantee all his work.
YOUR PATRONAGE
Is respectfully solicited and in return will do good work at the lowest living prices.
C. B. CASTLETON.

THE BEST
BLACKSMITH
In Pawnee County.
W. M. BROWN, PROPRIETOR,
TABLE ROCK, NEB.
A WAGON SHOP is also run in connection and special attention is given to wagon and carriage work.
Prices low and all work done in a first-class workmanship manner. Shop located in lower town.
WM. BROWN.

HOME FIRE INSURANCE CO.
OF OMAHA NEB.,
Wrote more premiums last year than any other company in Nebraska.
CAPITAL...$100 000
ASSETS...267 000
Stewart & Phillips, Agents at Table Rock, Nebraska.
This company insures against fire, lightning, winds, cyclones and tornadoes. Issues no polices on hazardous risks. The officers and stockholders of this company are all Nebraska men and the Home does no business outside of the state. It will insure working horses against fire in any private barn, stable or shed on farm or within the state and against lightning, winds, cyclones and tornadoes wherever they maybe. Keep your money at home and insure in the Home Fire of Omaha.
STEWART & PHILLIPS,
Table Rock, Neb.

THE FIGURE "9."
The figure 9 in our dates will make a long stay. No man or woman now living will ever date a document without using the figure 9. It stands in the third place in 1890, where it will remain ten years and then move up to second place in 1900, where it will rest for one hundred years.
There is another "9" which has also come to stay. It is unlike the figure 9 in our dates in the respect that it has already moved up to first place, where it will permanently remain. It is called the "No. 9" High Arm Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
The "No. 9" was endorsed for first place by the experts of Europe at the Paris Exposition of 1889, where, after a severe contest with the leading machines of the world, it was awarded the only Grand Prize given to family sewing machines, all others on exhibit having received lower awards of gold medals, etc. The French Government also recognized its superiority by the decoration of Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, President of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor.
The "No. 9" is not an old machine improved upon, but is an entirely new machine, and the Grand Prize at Paris was awarded it as the grandest advance in sewing machine mechanism of the age. Those who buy it can rest assured, therefore, of having the very latest and best.



WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G CO.,
185 and 187 Wabash Ave., Chicago.
Agents Wanted.

W. H. MAHAN,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
PAWNEE CITY, NEB.
Dry Plate Work with Children and Groups a specialty. I keep on hand as fine and large a stock and variety of Frames as can be found in the State.

WM. WHITE
Just Received a car load of celebrated Bradley Buggies,
ST. JOE LISTER,
Deering and Whiteley Binders and Mowers,
ECLIPSE WIND MILLS,
AGENT FOR THE
J. I. CASE THRASHING MACHINES
And a full line of
IMPLEMENTS
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

E. G. DEY & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO WM. WHITE,
TABLE ROCK, - - NEB.,
Business continued at the Old Stand, where a full stock of
LUMBER, BUILDING MATERIAL
COAL,
LIME AND CEMENT WILL BE KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Parties desiring to build are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere
LUMBER AND COAL IN CAR LOTS A SPECALTY.

DR W. H. WILSON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES PAINTS OILS, WALL PAPER, ETC.
SCHOOL BOOKS, FANCY GOODS, TOILET ARTICLES, CIGARS, TOBACCOS, ETC.
Will carry a full stock of everything in our line, and will sell as low as the lowest. we solicit a share of your patronage. Give us a call.

G. R. MARTIN
PROPRIETOR OF
THE CITY MEAT MARKET
Fresh and salt meats kept constantly on hand.
Flour, meal, graham and all kinds of produce
HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR FAT CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP AND HIDES, PELTS AND SKINS.
When you want anything in my line give me a call. The best place to sell our Fat Stock, Poultry, Etc. is where you can get the most for it.
G. R. MARTIN

TAYLOR & BECK,
PROPRIETORS OF
LIVERY AND FEED STABLE
EAST OF PUBLC SQUARE.
Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run 'Bus to and from Depot, Connecting with All Trains.

A MAN
UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE COUNTRY, WILL OBTAIN MUCH VALUABLE INFORMATION FROM A STUDY OF THIS MAP OF

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY,
Including main lines, branches and extensions East and West of the Missouri River. The Direct Route to and from Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, Peoria, La Salle, Moline, Rock Island, in ILLINOIS—Davenport, Muscatine, Ottumwa, Oskaloosa, Des Moines, Winterset, Audubon, Harlan and Council Bluffs, in IOWA—Minneapolis and St. Paul, in MINNESOTA—Watertown and Sioux Falls, in DAKOTA—Cameron, St. Joseph, and Kansas City, in MISSOURI—Omaha, Fairbury, and Nelson, in NEBRASKA—Atchison, Leavenworth, Horton, Topeka, Hutchinson, Wichita, Belleville, Abilene, Dodge City, Caldwell, in KANSAS—Kingfisher, El Reno, in the INDIAN TERRITORY—Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, in COLORADO. Traverses new areas of rich farming and grazing lands, affording the best facilities of intercommunication to all towns and cities east and west, northwest and southwest of Chicago, and to Pacific and transoceanic Seaports.
MAGNIFICENT VESTIBULE EXPRESS TRAINS,
Leading all competitors in splendor of equipment, between CHICAGO and DES MOINES, COUNCIL BLUFFS and OMAHA, and between CHICAGO and DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS and PUEBLO, via KANSAS CITY and TOPEKA or via ST. JOSEPH. Through Coaches, Palace Sleepers, NEW AND ELEGANT DINING CARS, and FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS. California Excursions daily, with choice of routes to and from Salt Lake City, Ogden, Helena, Portland (Ore.), Los Angeles and San Francisco. Fast Express Trains daily to and from all towns, cities and sections in Southern Nebraska, Kansas and the Indian Territory. The Direct Line to and from Pike's Peak, Manitou, Cascade, Glenwood Springs, and all the Sanitary Resorts and Scenic Grandeurs of Colorado.
VIA THE ALBERT LEA ROUTE.
Fast Express Trains, daily, between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, making close connections for all points North and Northwest. FREE Reclining Chair Cars to and from Kansas City. The Favorite Line to Pipestone, Watertown, Sioux Falls, and the Summer Resorts and Hunting and Fishing Grounds of Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota.
THE SHORT LINE VIA SENECA AND KANKAKEE offers facilities to travel between Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Lafayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and St. Paul.
For Tickets, Maps, Folders, or desired information, apply to any Ticket Office in the United States or Canada, or address
E. ST. JOHN, General Manager. JOHN SEBASTIAN, Gen'l Ticket & Pass. Agent.
CHICAGO, ILL.

1891

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOL. 16 NO. 3 TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1891. WHOLE No. [illegible]

C. H. NORRIS JUST RECEIVING HIS SPRING STOCK OF

DRY GOOD, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, CLOTHING, and a choice line of GROCERIES always on hand

And at prices that will meet all legitimate competition. At the old Stand, East Side of Public Square, Table Rock Neb.

Bob Hood was home over Sabbath

Glass and tin fruit jars at Wheeler Brothers.

Wm. White was a county seat visitor yesterday.

Ned Gere made a business trip to Kansas City this week.

Dr. Messler, Dentist, visits Table Rock every Wednesday.

Joe McCasland is a new member of the Argus family of readers.

Miss Mary Clift of Humboldt is a guest this week of Miss Carrie Francis.

Mrs. Margaret Jones has returned from an extended visit at Grand Island.

Have you the toothache? Call on Dr. Messler, the dentist, Wednesdays.

Miss Edith Marble left last Saturday for Kansas where she will spend the summer.

We invite your attention to the statement of the condition of the county treasury.

Earl Wemple and Roy Norris left Wednesday for the west to seek fame and fortune.

Newt Pugh went to Stella Monday to consult a physician in regard to his wounded leg.

Work has begun on the grading for the side track to the Beatrice clay bank. N. A. Craig is the contractor.

A number of horsemen from various parts of the county are tracking their fast horses on the Table Rock track.

Parties desiring to rent an ice cream freezer can secure one for 50 cents by calling at the Conklin House.

Evan Kulp came up from Rulo last Saturday and returned in the afternoon, Mrs. Kulp accompanying him home.

Dr. Goucher of Pawnee delivered a temperance lecture in the tent last Friday evening to a fair sized audience.

Misses Venus and Flora Moss of Pawnee City, spent Sabbath with the family of their brother-in-law, C. H. Barnard.

Shop the merry pop of the marshal's gun and the dismal howl of his dogship will be heard within our corporate limits.

I have a few new Plano Mowers which I desire to close out and to do so will sell them at a bargain. Call and see me, A. J. PURCELL.

I will sell my residence property in Table Rock. For terms enquire of C. H. Norris.

MRS. L. A. HOLMES.

Miss Mable Murphy, who has been visiting her grandparents during the past two weeks, returned to her home at Grand Island yesterday.

Bald heads are too many when they may be covered with a luxuriant growth of hair by using the best of all restorers, Hall's Hair Renewer.

Mrs. D. Layman received word that she is grandma again, her daughter, Mrs. Mary Triggs of Wymore being the mother of a baby girl yesterday.

We cannot afford to deceive you. Confidence is begotten by honesty. De Witt's Little Early Risers are pills that will cure constipation and sick headache. Sold by all druggists.

Wednesday evening a number of the G. A. R. met at the place of Chas. Moe's to celebrate his 53rd birthday, the comrades wish him many happy returns of the pleasant event.

G. W. Washburn, secretary and James Purdie, manager of the Beatrice brick company, have been in town this week. Mr. Purdie will move his family to Table Rock next month.

Don't be discouraged about that eczema till you have given Ayer's Sarsaparilla a persistent trial. Six bottles of this medicine cured the complaint for George S. Thomas, of Ada, Ohio, when all other remedies failed to afford any relief.

N. A. Craig is putting up a blacksmith shop near the uptown side track, and will be ready for business about the first of August. G. W. Hamilton will have charge of the shop and respectfully invites your patronage.

John Miller and wife of Pennsylvania, are guests of the family of Wm. Fellers. They have been on a trip to California and stopped off here for a visit, and Mr. Miller is so well pleased that he thinks of locating here. Mrs. Miller is a niece of Alex. Shaffer.

C. C. Morse, representing the Lombard Investment company, was in Table Rock this week. Mr. Morse has been traveling through Nebraska for a number of years and says he never saw better prospects for crops than now prevails in southeastern Nebraska.

A festival is on tapis for the evening of August 12th. It will be given for the purpose of securing Hymnals for the M. E. church. The young ladies will bake the cakes, the young men supply the berries, the older ladies wait on table, and the old men wash dishes. More definite notice will appear next week.

Glass and tin fruit jars at Wheeler Brothers.

Rumor hath it that Rev. Van Fleet has purchased the Mrs. Holmes residence.

Read the dog ordinance and then prepare either to have your dog killed or pay tax on him.

Abe Greiner invaded the editor's sanctum yesterday and left a box of fine large blackberries on his desk.

S. B. Martin goes to Pawnee today to get out an injunction restraining the Beatrice company from obstructing the public road.

My lots in Table Rock are still for sale; lot 1 block 50; lot 6 block 49.

O. E. MERRIFIELD,
Humboldt, Neb.

De Witt's sarsaparill cleanses the blood increases the appetite and tones up the system. It has benefitted many people who have suffered from blood disorders. It will help you. Sold by all druggists.

$100,000 TO LEND ON FARMS BY THE STATE BANK OF TABLE ROCK AT SEVEN PER CENT. BORROWER HAVING THE OPTION OF REPAYING WHOLE OR PART AT ANY TIME. NO COMMISSIONS.

Children and friends of Uncle Joe Parrish met at the residence of E. L. Mitchell yesterday and had an old-fashioned quilting bee. It was a very pleasant affair and made Uncle Joe feel about forty years younger than he really is.

Hon. John C. Watson, chairman of the republican state central committee, holds that it will be necessary to elect a governor this fall. Mr. Watson will soon call a meeting of the committee when the matter will be thoroughly discussed.

People with impure blood may be said to exist, not live. Life is robbed of half its joys when the blood is loaded with impurities and disease. Correct this condition with De Witt's Sarsaparilla, it is reliable. Sold by all druggists.

G. B. Martin, member of the town board, interviewed C. B. Rogers, of the B. & M. in regard to sidewalks to the depot. Mr. Rogers told him if the town would go ahead and put in the crossings, etc., that the railroad would put in their walk as soon as their force of men could be sent here.

The new M. E church at Elk Creek will be dedicated on Sunday, August 2nd. Dr. Fisher of Wamego, Kansas will preach the dedicatory sermon at 11 a. m. Other visiting pastors will assist in the services. Elder G. A. Smith will be present in the evening. A cordial invitation extended to all.

J. W. SWAN, Pastor.

V. H. Cooper shipped five cars of hogs last week paying $4.40 to $4.60 for them. He also contracted with Wm. Sutton and D K. Miller for two cars each to be delivered in five months at 5 cents. Verny is a rustler and is doing a big thing toward making Table Rock the best market town in these parts.

This has been a great week for preachers in Table Rock. In addition to the Presbyterian ministers who came to attend the installation of Rev. Niles, Rev. White of Pawnee City, Rev. Van Fleet of Crab Orchard and Rev. Swan and wife of Elk Creek, were circulating among friends here.

July 22, 1891, Daniel Layman celebrated his 69th aniversary. There were present his children and grand children and friends. They had a very enjoyable gathering. Mr. Layman was the recipient of a number of useful presents, also congratulations from his absent children. He is as young and active as a man of 40 and bids fair to celebrate a great many more happy birthdays with his family and friends.

There is a good attendance at the teachers institute at Pawnee City over a hundred of Pawnee county's pedegogues being present. Nearly all of Table Rock teachers are attending, among them being F. G. Boone, Olive Barnard, Carrie Barnett, Lizzie Carmichael, Grace Darby Hattie Goodell Elvessie Davidson Nellie Griffing Lucy Pepoon Ruth Parrish Elva Rulon and Malvina Ward.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a cough, cold, or any trouble with throat, chest or lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from la grippe found it just thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at all drug stores Large size 50c and $1.00.

At the regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the village of Table Rock, Nebraska, held July 22, 1891, the following resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED, That it shall be lawful to put down sidewalks less than four feet wide, commencing at lot 10, block 16 and thence all of block 16, block 17, block 18 and 19, terminating at 2nd street in the railroad addition to Table Rock, Nebraska. Approved July 22, 1891.

WM. SUTTON,
President.

[Attest:]
HENRY FREEMAN, Village Clerk.

The best coal oil and gasoline at Wheeler Brothers.

Glass and tin fruit jars at Wheeler Brothers.

The evils resulting from habitual costiveness are many and serious, but the use of harsh, drastic purgatives are quite as dangerous. In Ayer's Pills, however, the patient has a mild but effective aperient, superior to all others, especially for family use.

Believing that I can better supply the demands of the public for the best quality of meats at the lowest possible cost by doing a strictly cash business, I will inaugurate the cash system as my method of business on the 1st of August, and trust the benefit derivad therefrom will be mutual.

O. T. CRISLER,
Proprietor Enterprise Meat Market.

A member of Pawnee City's ball team writes to the Press harshly criticising the Seneca team for lack of courtesy in not providing entertainment for the Pawnee club when that club visited Seneca, there is an old adage which says that people in glass houses shouldn't cast rocks, which Pawnee's ball fellows might consider with profit. Last Saturday when the Table Rock boys arrived at the county seat they were met by a gang who told them there were hotels in the town where they could purchase entertainment, but out somewhere amid the waving corn tassels and growing sunflower stalks might be found a ground which if the visitors were industrious might be used to play ball on, that if they succeeded in finding the designated place the Pawnee fellows would follow and try conclusions with them. And when the game was in progress what a gang it was! They'd cuss the umpire for giving a just decision, their batters were afraid of the ball when an in curve was given they would jump and run like the small boy stung by a hornet, but the game was concluded the score being: Pawnee City 2 2 0 1 2 0 1 3 1 1—12 Table Rock 0 2 1 1 3 0 1 0 4 0—11

After the ball game the Pawnee fellows intimated that they were willing to put their dost on a Burchard runner beating Table Rock's pitcher Mide Moe, and a race was arranged and run, Mide winning easily. A second race was arranged between Mide and a colored waiter of the Hazel house and again the dollars easily run into the pockets of the ARGUS devil's backers.

Glass and tin fruit jars at Wheeler Brothers.

WILL BE HERE.

The harvest picnic will be a success on Wednesday, August 12. There will be a big crowd, huge baskets filled with table delicacies, good music, and the following letter Hon. T. J. Major, lieutenant governor of the state, will be hailed with delight by his thousands of friends in the county:

PERU, Neb., July 20—M. H. MARBLE: Having been absent from home accounts for my not answering your invitation sooner to be with you August 12th at your "Harvest Picnic." I will take pleasure in being with you on that occasion if nothing intervenes more than I now know of. Hoping all a pleasant time, I am your friend,

T. J. MAJORS.

STITZEL—SCOTT.

Married, at the Lutheran parsonage on Thursday evening, July 9th, 1891, Mr. Jacob Stitzel and Miss Iva Scott, the ceremony being performed by Rev. C. W. Baker. The wedding was a quiet one, being attended only by a few relatives and friends of the contracting parties. The bride and groom are very popular young people, and while their marriage was not entirely unexpected yet it was a great surprise to their many friends. They left Friday for Elk Creek where they visited Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stelmiger for a few days, Mrs. S. being a sister of the groom, and after a few days stay there went to Table Rock, where they will go to housekeeping, Mr. Stitzel holding the responsible position of night operator of the B. & M. at that point. The Herald extends to them its warmest wishes for a bright and prosperous future.—Auburn Herald.

Glass and tin fruit jars at Wheeler Brothers.

INSTALLATION OF A PASTOR.

A very interesting service was held at the Presbyterian church on Tuesday evening, July 21st. The Rev. N. H. Niles was installed the pastor of the church by the Presbytery of Nebraska City. Rev. Dr. W. H. Harsha of Tecumseh presided, and Rev. W. J Fulton of Pawnee City preached an earnest sermon on the value of the Bible. After the answering of the questions propounded to the pastor and the people, the Rev. H. D. Dye of Sterling offered the installing prayer, Rev. W. A. Niles the father of the new pastor gave his charge after which Rev. Dr. Sexton gave the charge to the people. The large congregation gave the closest attention to the last. The choir sang beautifully and floral decorations were very attractive. After the benediction by the new pastor the congregation came forward and gave him a hearty welcome to his new position. The whole occasion was one of very great delight to all present, and the church and pastor are to be heartily congratulated on account of it. Mr. Niles expects to remove his family into the reconstructed house the last of this week.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Receipts and Disbursements of the County Treasurer for the Six Months Ending June 30th, 1891.

FUNDS.	Balance Jan. 1, 1891	Overdrawn Jan. 1, 1891	Amounts Collected	Amounts Disbursed	Balance July 1, '91
State General	$ 6,806 77		$ 8,610 23	$ 14,169 47	$ 247 73
State Sinking	113 37		31 29	123 97	21 29
State School	1,183 35		915 18	2,045 35	53 18
State University	440 02		650 84	1,067 02	23 84
State Penitentiary	6 94		1 62	6 94	1 62
State Bond	32		12	32	12
State Capitol	127 30		31 56	147 30	11 56
State Reform School	160 98		244 69	398 28	7 39
State Institute Feeble Minded	140 00		213 74	349 00	4 74
State Live Stock Indemnity	87 83		7 85	87 83	7 85
State School Land, principal	152 00		466 00	618 00	
State School Land, interest	199 47		1,616 96	1,770 72	45 71
State School Land, lease	18 80		496 20	486 00	27 00
County General		025 86	10,853 42	8,384 93	1,842 63
County Sinking			6 30	6 30	
County Court House			26 07	26 07	
County Bridge		2 79	6,950 95	3,177 29	4,340 94
Consolidated Road	4,546 41		7,185 30	7,514 76	4,217 23
R. V. B. R. Bond	6,512 39		5,460 98	5,113 72	5,359 65
Soldiers' Relief			490 35	218 90	270 45
C. B. & N. Bond, Pawnee	588 88		2,009 83	717 70	1,971 01
C. K. & N. Bond, South Fork		237 33	706 80	259 00	210 56
School Funds	8,770 00		22,220 48	19,661 19	11,328 29
County School	35 64		4,024 99	3,541 63	520 00
Pawnee City	615 97		2,161 54	2,699 01	78 50
Pawnee City Water Bond	161 68		1,218 25	1,372 83	7 10
Table Rock	40 20		140 55	153 88	26 87
Burchard	75 77		188 77	133 80	47 02
DuBois	50 78		145 25	124 08	71 95
A. & N. R. R. Bond	7 20				7 20
Institute	61 40		75 00		136 40
Redemption	120 28		2,255 44	2,318 58	57 14
Appraisement	27 25		26 00	3 75	49 50
Advertising			43 00	43 00	
Total	$ 29,910 31	$ 1,295 91	$ 79,546 67	$ 76,679 59	$ 31,511 48

There are no registered warrants against any County Fund.

H. C WORTHAM,
County Treasurer.

THE CITY BARBER SHOP

J. O. FULTON, PROPRIETOR.

When needing work in my line call and see me. If you want a good shave, a first-class hair cut, a clean shampoo or seafoam, the City Barber Shop is the place to get it.

West side public square Table Rock, Neb.

G. A. R. NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT DETROIT, MICH., AUG. 3—8, 1891.

For this occasion we will sell round trip tickets to Detroit at the lowest first class one way rate. This rate will apply in connection with the Burlington, by any of the direct lines from Chicago, Peoria or St. Louis.

Agents in Nebraska and Kansas will sell July 29th to August 2nd, inclusive, in Colorado, South Dakota and Wyoming, from July 29th, to August 1st, inclusive, with final return limit to August 12th. Going journey must be commenced on date of sale and limited to August 3rd. Return journey must be so arranged that passenger will leave the eastern terminal of Western Passenger association (Chicago, Peoria or St. Louis) on August 8th, 9th or 10th.

Tickets must be limited to continuous passage on return trip. No stop over allowed at intermediate points in either direction.

No arrangement can be made for extention of above limits.

The Commander of the Department of Nebraska has selected the Burlington as the official route to the National Encampment.

The official train, running through from Nebraska to Detroit, carrying the Department Commander and staff, members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C. and others who may desire to avail themselves of through trains service to Detroit, will leave Lincoln at 7:25 p. m., Omaha at 9:30 p. m., Saturday, August 1st, making connections from all parts of the state.

Special sleeping cars have been chartered for the official train, enabling us to offer a reduction in through sleeping car rate. Parties desiring sleeping car reservations should send in their requests early, if space is to be taken at Lincoln, to A. C. Ziemer, Ticket Agent, Lincoln if from Omaha to the undersigned. Sleeping car rate for double berth Lincoln to Detroit $4.50; Omaha to Detroit $4.00.

J. FRANCIS,
G. P. & T. A.

In connection with the above, passengers are requested to take valises and small packages in the car with them as there will be a large amount of baggage to handle at Detroit and more or less in delivery.

Tents, poles and other articles of camp equipage when thoroughly cooled will be checked as part of the baggage allowance.

Many persons do not intend when leaving home to go to the encampment but take advantage of the low rate of fare to make a visiting journey to some other place in that vicinity. The baggage of such passengers will be checked direct to destination, avoiding the necessity of re-checking at Detroit and any possible trouble for the owner. For further particulars apply to

J. MURPHY,
Agent B. & M.

GO TO DETROIT.

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway will sell tickets to Detroit for the G. A. R. National Encampment, at the rate of one lowest first class fare for the round trip. Dates of sale will be as follows from all stations in Colorado, Oklahoma or Indian Territory, July 29 to August 1st inclusive. For full particulars address T. J. Anderson, Asst. Gen'l Ticket and Pass. Agent, Topeka, Kansas, or apply to any Ticket Agent of the Rock Island system.

JNO. SEBASTIAN,
G. P. & T. A. Chicago, Ill.

NOTICE.

Sealed bids will be received until 12 o'clock, noon, Thursday, July 30th, 1891, by the District Board, for the erection of a school house 24x30, in school district 31. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of M. H. Marble in Table Rock. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. The old school house in said district will be sold at auction on the premises, July 30, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m. By order of the Board.

CLARA DAVIDSON,
Director.

Investigate their merits. De Witt's Little Early Risers don't gripe, cause nausea or pain, which accounts for their popularity. All druggists say, (or say) they would not run a drug store without these little pills.

A LONG FELT WANT SUPPLIED!

TILLOTSON & ANDREWS

Have just got on a supply of PAINT prepared expressly for Tin and Iron Roofing. You can buy it by the gallon or we will paint your roof as cheaply as anybody, quality of paint considered.

W. L. TAYLOR

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

HAS A FINE LINE OF

BOOTS AND SHOES, HTS, AND CAPS,

CLOTHING

LADIES AND GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

—AS LINES OF—

Dry Goods, Groceries and Queensware

IS FULL AND COMPLETE IN EVERY PARTICULAR.

DR. W. H WILSON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

—AND DEALER IN—

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

PAINTS, OILS,

VARNISHES, WALL PAPER, ETC.,

SCHOOL BOOKS FANCY GOODS

The Best Cigars in the Market.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

CLOSING OUT SALE

I have the Largest Stock of

FARM IMPLEMENTS

IN PAWNEE COUNTY, CONSISTING OF

PLOWS, HARROWS, DRILLS and LISTERS

INCLUDING THE

AVERY CULTIVATORS, ST. JOE LISTERS,

AND SEVERAL OTHER WELL KNOWN BRANDS. ALSO A CAR LOAD EACH OF

BUGGIES AND WAGONS

BINDING TWINE CHEAPER

Than ever before sold in Pawnee county. Parties needing anything in my line will save money by calling on WM. WHITE.

O. T. CRISLER,

PROPRIETOR OF

ENTERPRISE MEAT MARKET

WEST SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, TABLE ROCK, NEB.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

IT OUR AIM IS TO GIVE SATISFACTION TO ALL CUSTOMERS.

SHOE SHOP

FELLERS BROS.

Have opened up a shoe shop in connection with their general merchandise business and have employed Cyrus Carman, an experienced shoemaker, and they invite the people of Table Rock and vicinity to call on them when needing

REPAIRING

DONE PROMPTLY, NEATLY AND AT FAIR PRICES.

Shop in Rear of Store

Don't storm the system as you would a fort. It held by the enemy constipation, gently persuade it to surrender with De Witt's Little Early Risers. These little pills are wonderfully convincers. Sold by all druggists.

PERRY & BOYD.

PAINTERS,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

ARE PREPARED TO DO

PAPER HANGING

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County Superintendent

Office Over First National Bank,

PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA

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Our stock embraces everything usually kept in our lines. We respectfully invite the people of Table Rock and vicinity to call and inspect our goods. Our prices are as low as the same goods can be purchased for anywhere. We have also run a

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And will guarantee all work done by us.

WHEELER BROTHERS.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.
F. M. TAYLOR, Publisher.
TABLE ROCK. [illegible]

NEBRASKA.

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES.

Paving work has commenced at Beatrice.

The new grist mill at Westcott is nearly completed.

L. D. Fixley, one of Schuyler's oldest citizens, is dead.

The Presbyterian parsonage at North Platte is nearly completed.

Fifteen thousand dollars in funding bonds has been voted at Wymore.

The Beaver City creamery shipped 8,000 pounds of butter in one day.

W. T. Sharp, county clerk of Stanton county, was drowned last week.

Alfred Howe and W. O. Starr are in jail at Dakota City for burglarizing houses.

Hastings merchants report an increased demand for harvesting machines.

The Syracuse school fund has a balance of $2,255.04 for a starter on the next year.

Some herds of swine north of Syracuse has been nearly obliterated by the cholera.

A G. A. R. reunion will be held at Greenwood commencing August 8 and continuing one week.

Thus far this season $175 have been collected from the owners of licensed dogs in North Platte.

The "Wild West hose company," of North Platte have rigged themselves out in new uniforms.

A five and one-half foot vein of coal has been discovered in Johnson county. It is down 400 feet.

William Williams of Chadron was arrested charged with having sold or given whisky to Indians.

J. F. Johnson, one of Edgar's oldest and most esteemed citizens, died last week of arsenical poisoning.

Four thousand dollars has been subscribed to build an alliance elevator on the B. & M. track at Miden.

W. H. Charlton, a Polk county farmer, was thrown from a road cart at Osceola and badly injured.

Mrs. May Dickinson of Beatrice deserted her three weeks old babe. The parentage of the child is in doubt.

The house of Jacob Bahrer at Falls City was destroyed by fire. A gasoline stove started the conflagration.

The old settlers of Douglas and Sarpy counties picnicked at Papillion last week. There was a liberal attendance.

Walter Curran of Edgar was struck on the nose with a base ball while practicing and received a very painful injury.

A quarry of very peculiar stone, some seven miles west of Talmage, has just begun to attract attention of noted geologists.

Six miles north of [illegible] Grove the son of J. [illegible], aged six years, fell into a water [illegible] and was drowned.

A Washington county young lady [illegible] 19 [illegible] 100 pounds of butter, which she sold to an Omaha hotel at 20 cents per pound.

The Pine Ridge base ball club, composed entirely of Indians, is preparing to make an extensive tour through the eastern states.

Louis Smithburger has been appointed county clerk of Stanton county to fill the unexpired term of the late W. T. Sharp.

The Pacific hotel, with its contents at Fairmont, was destroyed by fire last week. The fire is believed to be of incendiary origin.

The general store of C. B. Bickel of Nebraska City was entered by burglars and quite a quantity of stock was stolen. No arrests.

Omaha proposes leaving nothing undone that will contribute toward getting the national republican convention in that city in 1892.

Mr. O. C. Bell, recently assistant secretary of state, has been appointed to the position of receiver for the First National bank of Red Cloud.

Miss Lottie Brink and Miss Mamie Riley, two Fremont girls, have distinguished themselves during the past year at St. Patrick's academy, Chicago.

"The work of constructing the new public building at Beatrice will begin soon," is what Senator Paddock writes from Washington to Beatrice parties.

A bin containing 300 bushels of corn, the property of E. J. Hainer, was struck by lightning the other day and burned up on his place south of Bromfield.

J. H. Cantlin, secretary of the Dodge county Pomona grange, has issued a call for a meeting of that body to take steps for securing the next meeting of the state grange at Fremont.

Thomas Finn of Colfax county, confined on the charge of incest with his niece, Alice Finn, had his hearing before Judge Allen and was bound over to the district court in the sum of $1,000.

There are in Otoe county 12,099 head of horses valued at $240,015; 36,217 head of cattle worth $162,974; 1,429 mules worth $40,118; 1,286 sheep worth $40,118; 43,028 hogs worth $44,691.

Richards & Co., building contractors of Omaha have filed application for the appointment of a receiver. The company's affairs are in bad shape. The amount involved is believed to be about $60,000.

A half-witted tramp who has been employed by the Missouri Pacific fence gang at Talmage for the past month, is now languishing behind prison bars because of an attempt to commit rape on a Miss Johnson.

Men who have lived in Nebraska twenty-one years say they have never seen as much water in the Platte river as there has been at times this summer. Considerable damage has been done to crops by these mid-summer overflows.

Mrs. Barbara Brown of Nebraska City was bitten on the hand by a [illegible] while engaged in pulling weeds [illegible]

[illegible] Charles [illegible] of Beatrice [illegible] the Red [illegible]

What Quay Has to Say of His Rumored Resignation.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 20.—In answer to a telegram sent to Hon. M. S. Quay by the correspondent of the Associated press of this city concerning the reports published in the morning papers that he would resign the chairmanship of the national republican committee at the coming meeting, the following was received last night:

ROCHESTER, Pa., July 19.

It is probable but not certain that I will resign the chairmanship of the executive committee on the 29th.

M. S. QUAY.

Continuing, he said that the executive committee would meet in Philadelphia on July 29. "I cannot say," he said, "when the national convention will be held. A great many favor having it early in order to escape the torrid heat we have usually encountered. That will be decided by the entire committee at some future meeting."

"Who do you think will succeed you provided you resign? It has been stated that letters have been sent to the different members of the committee asking if they would consent to have J. S. Clarkson succeed you and that they have all replied favorably."

"That is not true," replied Senator Quay. "No such letters have been sent with my knowledge. It is generally conceded, however, that Mr. Clarkson will be elected provided I resign, and he is well fitted for the position. But there is no indication of what action will be taken from the national committee."

Emancipation in Brazil.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—A letter to the bureau of American republics says: Since the emancipation of the slaves in Brazil the domestic service as well as the agricultural labor of the republic has been greatly demoralized, and many families find themselves entirely without servants, the colored people—the former slaves—refusing to work for love or money. The city council of Rio de Janeiro attempted to regulate the domestic service by an ordinance which prohibited a servant from leaving a household without thirty days notice, and had several other equally rigorous provisions, but the measure has been disapproved by the minister of the interior whose sanction is necessary to carry into effect any municipal regulation.

The official papers of Rio de Janeiro announce that the minister of agriculture has asked the minister of finance to give him a credit of $17,000 on account of the quota of Brazil in the expense of the intercontinental railway survey.

According to official statistics the imports of the Argentine Republic for the first three months of the present fiscal year were $19,748,290, against $42,959,938 during the same period of the preceding year. The exports were $39,202,510, against $40,521,092 the preceding year.

The Persecuted Jews.

NEW YORK, July 20.—Thirty detained immigrants, all Russian Jews, are awaiting the decision of the superintendent of immigration. One of them, Mendel Rogalski, aged 20, a carpenter by trade, tells a pitiable tale of his adventures and sufferings in Russia. He became a suspect while working at his trade in Riga, and to escape Siberia, which was inevitable in the event of his capture, he fled from the city, but was constantly pursued. He was finally taken prisoner, beaten and in other ways treated most inhumanly, and prepared for Siberia. He again escaped and after much suffering and great hardships reached Hamburg, from whence he was assisted to this country. His savings of six years were taken from him by his captors in Russia and he came here, penniless, hence his detention. He was very much affected to find that he will be returned to Europe after all his sufferings and arduous effort to reach America. He says if he is caught in Russia again he will surely be put to death. The other immigrants tell similar stories. The Jewish societies have taken hold of these cases and it is likely that they will succeed in getting permission for their landing.

Estimates on Sugar Production.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The commissioner of internal revenue has prepared a statement of the probable production of sugar during the current fiscal year, of which the following is a summary: Number of producers of sugar from cane, 730; from beets, 7; from sorghum, 8; from maple sap, 3,932; total, 4,672. Estimate of amount of sugar which will be produced: Cane sugar, 55,000,000 pounds; beet sugar, 29,210,000 pounds; sorghum sugar, 2,500,000 pounds; maple sugar, 8,000,000 pounds; total, 539,710,000 pounds. Estimate of amount of bounty to be paid: On cane sugar, $10,350,000; on beet sugar, $584,200; on sorghum sugar, $50,000; on maple sugar, $15,000; total, $811,134,200.

The production of sugar from beets so far as the issue of licenses is concerned is confined to California, Nebraska, Utah and Virginia. The estimated products of sugar from sorghum cane is divided between Kansas with a product of 4,084 acres of 2,500,000 pounds and with Missouri with 26 acres producing 10,000 pounds.

A One Cent Rate.

DETROIT, Mich., July 20.—The Ohio visitors to the Grand Army encampment are coming at the rate of one cent per mile, the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo; Wheeling & Lake Erie, and Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroads having agreed upon a one cent rate and the transportation committee of Ohio having made these roads the official lines. A prominent member of the Michigan passenger association said last night it would lead to a general smash in rates on all lines. The Baltimore & Ohio and Big Four will be compelled to meet the rate or surrender the business, and if several other big roads follow, the passenger associations would have a merry war on their hands.

NEWS NOTES.

General Sam Brown, who for many years represented the "burnt district" in congress, died at Martinsville, Ind., on the 18th.

According to a census bulletin there were 73,045 paupers in almshouses in America last year. Of these 63,578 were whites. The ration of the population has decreased greatly.

A careful estimate made by the officers of the postoffice department places the probable annual cost to the government of the executions of the provisions of the postal bill at $2,795,000.

The comptroller of the currency has appointed O. C. Bell, of Lincoln, Neb., receiver of the First national bank of Red Cloud, Neb.

The deaths from cholera in Mecca average fifty daily. A quarantine is being formed.

Mme. De Bonnemain, well known as the mistress of General Boulanger, died of consumption on the 18th.

FACTS ABOUT BLAINE

SENATOR HALE TALKS OF THE SECRETARY'S HEALTH.

Blaine Worked Too Hard and Had a Severe Illness to Pay for It—He is Rapidly Recuperating—Kansas Settlers Wrothy at the Trans-Missouri Passenger Association—Death of a Samoan Chieftain—Chickasaw Intruders—Italy and the World's Fair.

More About Blaine's Health.

NEW YORK, July 18.—A correspondent at Bar Harbor telegraphs his paper thus: I saw Senator Hale this afternoon at his beautiful summer home in Ellsworth, which is about twenty miles from Bar Harbor. The senator, who, as everybody knows, is Mr. Blaine's right-hand man, and as close to him both in friendship and politics as any one in the country, spoke about the condition of the secretary of state and also regarding the prospects for the approaching national campaign. His words have an especial significance in view of the fact that Senator Hale has been in almost daily communication with Mr. Blaine during his entire illness, has paid frequent visits each week to Stanford and has had the republican leader for several days as a guest at his house. Beginning with the question of Mr. Blaine's health he said:

"I don't know why you newspaper men should come to me for information about Mr. Blaine. Judging from the columns I read on the subject every day, the papers know a great deal more about Mr. Blaine's health than either himself, his doctors, his family or his friends."

This was spoken sarcastically, of course, and with unmistakable annoyance.

"But I should like some facts," I suggested, which caused the senator to relax a little.

"If you want facts of course that is quite another thing. The truth about Mr. Blaine's case can be briefly stated. He worked too hard during the winter and had a severe illness in New York to pay for it. He had rheumatic gout, too, in its most painful form. That, however, was all before he came to Bar Harbor, where he has been convalescing steadily and rapidly. He has been doing there what any sensible man would do in his place—that is, taking an absolute rest, with plenty of driving, good wholesome food and wholesome food. Of course he has worried about himself, as he always will do, but there was no more ground for such worry than there has been at many previous times in his life. To-day Mr. Blaine is as well as I am and will return to Washington ready for the work he will have to do.

The sensational reports which have been so persistently circulated to the contrary are malicious and despicable falsehoods, in which the hands of Mr. Blaine's enemies is plainly recognizable. I am surprised to see in it also the hands of some of his supposed friends. Nothing however, is more certain than that in their desperate efforts to kill the man they fear they have really over-reached themselves and made him stronger than ever. The public heard the same old tales, Mr. Blaine was journalistically buried, and then they saw this same dead man go quietly ahead and shoulder the herculean burden of the party administration. They saw this 'physical and mental wreck' accomplishing some coups of diplomacy and statesmanship which will ever be regarded as brilliant achievements in American history.

"Bearing all that in mind, when the justice-loving people of the United States come to realize, as they will, that all this journalistic uproar over Mr. Blaine's health has been merely another cruel cause to worry, and, if possible, kill one of the foremost men of his time, then there will be such a revulsion of feeling in Mr. Blaine's favor that so far from gaining anything by their clumsy maneuvering, his short-sighted enemies will find that it has cost them very dearly. The American public won't stand being trifled with beyond a certain point."

Kansas Settlers Wrothy.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 18.—The refusal of the Trans-Missouri Passenger association to grant harvest home-seekers excursion rates has created the most intense feeling here and steps are being taken to enter a most vigorous protest against what is termed the most flagrant discrimination against Kansas. A mass meeting will be called by the board of trade to take action in the matter and see if some plan cannot be devised to force the railways to recognize the necessity for cheap rates to Kansas.

A telegram from Chicago says the Kansans are needlessly alarmed. The Trans-Missouri Passenger association has not granted the harvest excursion rates. The subject was simply postponed to be called up again by any one of the lines of the association.

The Samoan Chieftain Dead.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 18.—The four natives being sent by the government to their home in Samoa passed through here yesterday morning. Manogi, the chief, was in a state of collapse when the train reached here and should have been taken from the cars and allowed to recuperate before crossing Sherman Hill, the elevation of which is 8,000 feet. Those who saw him were positive he would not live through the day if taken on in his weakened condition. The result was as expected. He sunk rapidly after being in the rarified air of the divide and died between Medicine Bow and Rawlins.

Campaign Against Intruders.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The commissioner of Indian affairs, in a letter to Governor Bud of the Chickasaw nation, says: If the Chickasaw authorities desire to have the aid of the government in ridding the nation of intruders they must modify their laws in such a manner as will render it possible for the government to act intelligently, and to determine who are intruders they must submit a list which can be relied on. It is believed there has been a campaign started to clear the intruders out of the Chickasaw nation.

Italy Asked to Reconsider.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Representative citizens of Italian birth, expressing the sentiments of the states of Virginia, Maryland and the District of Columbia as to the refusal of the Italian government to participate in the world's fair, have adopted a resolution requesting a reconsideration of the action and asking that a good showing be made at the fair.

Looking Into the Grasshopper Question.

TOPEKA, Kas., July 20.—Chancellor E. H. Snow and Prof. E. A. Popenoe, who were commissioned by the Topeka Capital to look after the grasshopper scare in eastern Colorado and western Kansas, have completed their work and sent the report of their investigations from Arriba, Colo., as follows:

"After a two days wagon ride of 75 miles, the survey of the area infested by the long winged locusts has been completed and shows that the district covers an irregular section of the northern part of Lincoln county containing about 300 square miles. Within this area the two favored grasses, the range, buffalo and the grama grass have been eaten to the ground.

"Even here, however, other vegetation is practically untouched, not excepting the numerous fields of young corn in luxurious growth. The only injury to any field crop that has come to our knowledge is the destruction of a 12-acre field of fodder sugar cane or sorghum, only four inches in height. We have repeatedly seen the locusts passing through corn fields in swarms without inflicting the slightest injury to the crop. In several cases potato vines reported to us as having been eaten by these locusts, were found upon examination to have been destroyed by Colorado beetles, and we have seen no evidence that the locusts will eat the leaves of potato plants.

If it were possible, which we do not believe, that these swarms could invade Kansas, our farmers need have no fears for the staple crop of the state. Reports agree that the eggs from which were hatched the armies were deposited last fall by the locusts which flew into this area in August and September from the south, and it is a reasonable hypothesis that the present generation, upon acquiring wings, will return southward toward the original habitation of their parents, according to an instinct familiar to that which was observed to govern the movements of the Rocky mountain locusts in each of the Kansas invasions.

"It appears, then, that under exceptional circumstances like the present, this specie hitherto considered a non-migratory locust, may temporarily develop a migratory instinct. The immature hoppers are now rapidly undergoing a final transformation and acquiring wings and it will only be a short time until they will all have taken flight toward the south, leaving their present feeding ground to be recuperated by the next good rain or two.

"We have thus far observed no signs of internal parasitic infection with these locusts, as was the case of the Rocky mountain specie. They will doubtless appear in due time and help to keep their numbers within reasonable limits, should they become unduly numerous over a large area.

"We have, however, observed a large 'robber fly' capturing and killing several hoppers. About the station at Simon, the hogs of the town were fattening upon the locusts, which also furnished food for turkeys, chickens and hawks."

Imprisoned for Another's Crime.

DENVER, Colo., July 20.—The Times publishes a sensational story from Grand Junction, which, if true, will liberate John L. Campbell from the penitentiary where he is now serving a sentence of a lifetime. During the year 1885 John L. Campbell and Samuel Jones were partners in a big cattle ranch near Unaweep canon, Mesa county, Colo. On the afternoon of May 19 Jones left the ranch on horseback for Silverton, expecting to reach there some time the next day. Several hours later Campbell also left the cabin for a distant part of their range. Jones was never seen alive after leaving the house and several days afterwards his body was found in a lonely spot riddled with the balls from a Colt's revolver. Campbell was arrested for the murder of his partner and though stoutly maintaining his innocence, he was convicted on circumstantial evidence and sentenced to the penitentiary at Canon City for thirty-three years. During the trial, Bob and Ira Smith, two cowboys of the "bad man with a gun" order, were very zealous to fasten the crime on Campbell, and were very indignant that he should escape with his life and organized a mob to lynch him but were frustrated.

The boys hung around Grand Junction for two years, when with the aid of three embryo Black Barts, they held up and robbed the Rio Grande express train ten miles east of that place. The robbers were finally caught in Utah and brought to Denver and lodged in the county jail, where they made the acquaintance of Newt Vorce, a man killer from Deer Trail, who was awaiting his sentence. The Smiths and Vorce became friends an exchanged experiences. The former were convicted of robbing the United States mails and sentenced to a long term in the government prison at Laramie, Wyo., and Vorce is residing with the state's warden at Canon City. Vorce now tells a story which is to the effect that they are the men who killed Jones and that Campbell is innocent. The crime was committed at the instigation of other parties who were interested in a lawsuit with Jones at Telluride. They also drew a diagram for Vorce showing where Jones' saddle, a lot of valuables and $2,500 in money are buried four miles from the Unaweep ranch. The matter will be investigated and if found true the governor will be asked to give Campbell his liberty.

Investigating Our Pork.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 15.—The German government has sent an official to this country to investigate the pork question. He is Dr. George De Dolph, staff surgeon of the German army. Dr. De Dolph, who is now in St. Paul, says:

"The main purpose of my journey to this country contains the very important question of the abolition of the restriction of American hog products from European markets. The law in reference to microscopic examination, as I found it in use, is satisfactory, and if they continue to execute this law in the same manner in which it is now being observed, the time will not be very distant when, in the opinion of experts, the restriction policy will be abandoned and American pork will be free to enter Germany and other foreign markets.

"This, with a good harvest in America and the very highest price demanded for any kind of meat in Europe, will result beneficially to both countries, and the American farmer getting good prices for his stock and the German laborer obtaining cheaper meat of good quality. I am now making a special study of the matter in all its phases in this city and others. The question is so manifestly one of the general welfare of the people that it merits the careful attention of my government."

A Hosmer, a retired banker, for many years a prominent citizen of Keokuk, Iowa, is dead, aged 73.

RECRUITING REFORM.

IT IS TO BE INAUGURATED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

Uncle Sam Will Go Into the Country for His Soldiers, Thereby Getting Better Material—A Criticism of Superintendent of Census Porter—An Opinion Involving the Rights of States to Collect from Corporations—As to Judge Crounse's Pay—Armor Plate Tests—Instructions to Seal Agents.

Better Class of Recruits.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Ever since public and official attention was directed to the subject of the frequency of desertions from the army a year or so ago there has been a determined effort on the part of the authorities to improve the quality of material of which the service is recruited in the belief that in this lay the remedy for the great evil. Extra endeavors were made to secure young men who sought the army as a profession rather than as a haven of refuge and to this end the efforts of recruiting officers have been systematically turned away from cities toward the country. The new system has just begun to show its fruits and is more than justifying the expectations of those who inaugurated it.

An officer of the adjutant general's department who had charge of this work remarked recently: "We are having very good work with our later recruits, and I think the army today is composed of a better class of people than ever before. We have abandoned the city field almost entirely for the country, where we are more apt to find vigorous young men, eager to do well and to wear chevrons. Such men make good soldiers, far better than the old, hardened toughs who come out of the slums to enlist as a last resort, or as a means of drowning their identities."

Porter's Figures Criticised.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The bulletin recently issued by the census office giving the receipts and expenditures of 100 cities has been more or less criticised in the newspapers. The accuracy of the figures have been questioned and the array of figures have been pronounced worthless. It seems, however, that the criticisms thus far have been of a general character, for Superintendent Porter states that although the bulletin has been issued several weeks, no officer of any city has pointed out any error in it, either in the amounts or the classification. He says that if any errors should hereafter be pointed out the office will gladly correct it before incorporating the figures in the final census volumes. The statistics relating to Washington were not given in the bulletin, owing to the character of the government of the city, which is so unlike any other municipal government in this country that classification would have been impossible. Mr. J. K. Upton, the special agent in charge of the works, states that he would be glad to make a separate bulletin of Washington, and this will be done if he can get the time.

Decision Against Corporations.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 16.—The attorney general has just received from the general term of the third department very important opinions involving the right of the state to collect from corporations the organization tax in the case of the consolidation of corporations. The actions were against the Nickel Plate railroad, so-called, and the Fitchburg railroad, and were submitted upon an agreed statement of facts at the general term in May. The amount of the tax in the case of the Nickel Plate (principal and interest) is over $57,000. The court holds that when two or more corporations consolidate the consolidated corporation is a new corporation and becomes so by virtue of the provisions of the state authorizing the consolidating and thus brings it within the scope of the act of 1886, which imposes a tax of one-eighth of 1 per cent upon the capital stock of every corporation incorporated under the laws of that state, to be paid at the time of incorporation and as a license for the privilege of incorporation. The court holds that the companies must pay the tax and directs judgment to be entered. The cases were argued by Hon. Samuel E. Williams of Cleveland, O., as counsel for the Nickle Plate. These test cases were brought at the instance of the secretary of state.

Without Pay Until Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Judge Crounse of Nebraska, who succeeded General Batchelor of New York as assistant secretary of the treasury, will receive no pay for his services until the senate confirms his appointment. This is in accordance with an opinion of the attorney general that a person appointed during the recess of congress to an office which was vacant while that body was in session is not entitled to any compensation until after confirmation by the senate. Justice Beatty of Idaho is another officer who is serving without any pending confirmation under the above opinion.

More American Armor Plate Tests.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Further tests of American armor plate were made at the Annapolis proving grounds last Sunday with the most gratifying results. Two six-inch steel plates had been prepared by Carnegie, Phipps & Co., with the surface treated by the new Harvey process. To give the process a further test under better conditions the plates were made with less carbon in their composition than the three plates tested some months ago. The official report of the tests has not been received, but officers present say that the plates satisfactorily resisted the fire from a six-pound Hotchkiss rifle, a severe test.

Instructions to Seal Agents.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Acting Secretary Wharton of the department of state has sent instructions to Profs. Mendenhall and Merriam, the expert agents appointed to go to Alaska to learn all the facts respecting the fisheries. These instructions are to collect all accessible information upon the subject of breeding places, effects of pelagic sealing, diminution of the number of seals, proper lines of demarcation in the event that closed seasons are regarded as necessary and the proper months to be included in such seasons. The United States steamer Marion, which will convey the agents to Alaska, is now at Port Townsend, Wash., and is expected to sail northward on the 17th inst.

The Glasgow Citizen says that Mr. Andrew Carnegie of New York has been inspecting the saleable estates at Farriline, Royers and Vergeldy and that it is believed it is Mr. Carnegie's intention to settle down as a highland laird.

NEWS SUMMARY.

The latest South Dakota weather crop bulletin shows a great improvement in all crops.

The Frank A. Robbins' circus and menagerie was seized by the sheriff at Huntingdon, Pa.

In a battle with burglars in West Superior, Wis., a policeman shot one of the outlaws dead.

N. C. Stark & Co., bankers of Oneida, N. Y., have failed, with probably $200,000 liabilities.

Robert Williams was hanged at Pine Bluff, Ark., for the murder of Albert Hayes in November last.

The duke of Cambridge has issued an order forbidding the existence of orange lodges in the army.

The Bank of Spain has negotiated a loan of $10,000,000 with the Banque de Paris and the Rothchilds.

The postmaster general issued the advertisement under the postal bill passed by the last congress.

In a duel with sabers near Pesth, Hungarian Deputy Polonyi was badly wounded by Deputy Gayara.

Cholera is raging in Mecca and Mohammedan pilgrims are strictly quarrantined for twenty days.

The old Boatman's fire and marine insurance company of Pittsburg has decided to go out of business.

The Russian church proposes to take measures to repress the stundists which are growing strong in Russia.

The principle business portion of Mt. Vernon, Wash., was destroyed by fire. The loss is about $75,000.

The Pennsylvania steel company of Harrisburg, Pa., has refused to sign the amalgamated association scale.

Warrants are out for a number of lumbermen in and about Ashland, Wis., for cutting timber from government land.

An attempt to operate the coal mines at Briceville, Anderson county, Tenn., with convict labor has led to serious trouble.

The small son of William Edwards, living near Marshall, Mo., drank a cup of coal oil and died in an hour in terrible agony.

Arsenic in food has caused the death of Bernard Cornelius and the probably fatal sickness of five others living near Russellville, Ky.

Comptroller Lacey has made a call for a report on the condition of the national banks at the close of business, Thursday, July 9.

The French chamber of deputies has agreed upon the following duties upon petroleum: Raw petroleum, 19 francs; refined, 23 francs.

The American association of green glass bottle blowers decided at a meeting in St. Louis to withdraw from the Knights of Labor.

The alliance will conduct a series of meetings through Georgia with Jerry Simpson, General Weaver and Mrs. Lease as the speakers.

The soldiers have ordered all the haycutters off the eastern part of the Cherokee strip and arrested a number who refused to go at once.

Mrs. Kate Williams of Houston, Tex., has given birth to a healthy boy baby, which has a full set of teeth. Medical men are puzzled.

At Vincennes, Ind., in a fight between circus employes and a crowd of rowdies, one of the latter was killed and a number on both sides injured.

Four persons were on the 15th discharged from the Koch hospital in Denver as cured of consumption. Six more will be discharged in a few days.

An Ardmore (I. T.) dispatch says the intruders and citizens who do not show proper permits are being driven over the Texas border at the rate of 25 to 1,200 daily.

It is stated that General Master Workman Powderly of the Knights of Labor has declined appointment as one of the world's fair commissioners from Pennsylvania.

The May statement of the Union Pacific shows the gross earnings of the whole system were $3,419,000, a decrease of $748,000; net, $1,027,000; decrease, $300,000.

The chief of the bureau of statistics reports that the total value of the exports of beef and hog products from the United States during the month of June, 1891 was $6,944,783.

Within a radius of three miles in Hereford township, Pennsylvania, a dozen buildings including dwellings, barns, mills, etc., have been burned during the last few weeks.

The international medical congress convened at Prohibition park, Port Richmond, S. D. N. S. Davis, M. D., of Chicago presided and delivered the opening introductory address.

Heavy and incessant rains in Australia have caused the overflow of the Yarrahana river. All the railroads are blocked and thousands of people have been rendered homeless.

The Manitoba government crop bulletin shows that crop prospects are the brightest known for years. There has been an abundant rainfall. Harvesting will begin about August 15.

A special from Flagstaff, Ariz., says: The party that left here with Sheriff Francis for the scene of the Navajo trouble returned, having met the first party, which escaped during the night.

Five workmen at the Denver electric works were fearfully burned, one fatally, by the explosion of a can of giant powder which they were attempting to open by striking with a pick.

General Miles received a dispatch from Major Powell, who he had directed to investigate the White Earth, Minn., trouble, saying the report was without foundation and the Indians perfectly peaceable.

A special to the St. Paul Dispatch from Browns' Valley, Minn., says the disbursement of $378,000 appropriated by the last congress for the payment of back annuities to the Sisseton and Wahpeton Indians has begun.

At Cohokin, Ill., at a colored dance two men quarreled over who should dance with a certain woman. One man drew a revolver and fired, killing the woman who was the object of their quarrel, she having jumped between them.

Miss Lizzie Bally, aged 17, disappeared from the home of E. V. Martin. No clue could be had as to her whereabouts until on the 16th, when her body was found floating in the Artesian lake. It is not known whether she committed suicide or was murdered.

An attempt to operate the coal mines at Braceville, Anderson county, Tenn., with convict labor has led to serious trouble. The free miners drove out the convicts and the guards and the sheriff have been ordered by the governor to enforce the law against the mob.

Nelson George, formerly a clerk of the registered letter department at Ogden, U. T., postoffice, has been arrested on a grand jury indictment for stealing a registered package containing $5,000. George stole the package from the Ogden office and readdressed it to Arkansas City and called for it at the latter place himself.

BUREAUS IN TROUBLE

INDIAN COMMISSIONER MORGAN AND THE CATHOLICS.

A Difficulty in Regard to Educating the Indians—Morgan Getting Even for a Bitter Newspaper Attack Upon Him—A Call on National Depositories for Nearly $4,000,000—A Story From St. Joseph Regarding the Bender Family—Movements of the Army in Peru.

Indian Commissioner Morgan Fights Back.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Trouble has broken out afresh between Indian Commissioner Morgan and the bureau of Catholic Indian missions in this city. Heretofore for many years the Indian schools maintained by the Catholic denomination under per capita contracts with the Indian bureau direct, or for which special appropriations have been made by congress, have been managed and directed by the bureau of Catholic Indian missions in Washington and contracts and other arrangements concerning them have been made between that bureau and the Indian office.

Ever since the present commissioner has been in office there has been trouble between the Indian Bureau and the Catholic managers here. The fight was begun immediately after his appointment and strong efforts were made to defeat his confirmation. Bad feeling was consequently engendered and harmony seemed impossible. Not long since Rev. Father Stephan, director of the Catholic bureau, went to Europe and Rev. Father Chappelle was assigned to duty as director. A truce was patched up and an agreement made to resume harmonious. Rev. Father Chappelle and the commissioner are said to have held a personal conference in the presence of witnesses and each side agreed to bury the Indian hatchet.

Soon after this arrangement was entered into a bitter attack appeared in a New York newspaper upon the Indian commissioner in connection with the Moquis troubles in Arizona, which the commissioner says was inspired by an ex-Indian office clerk now in the employ of the Catholic bureau. The commissioner took Father Chappelle to task for the apparent breach of faith and he says the reverend father expressed his disapprobation of the newspaper article and his regret that it should have been originated by an employe of his bureau. Thereupon the commissioner said that harmonious relations were impossible so long as the ex-Indian office clerk was retained in the Catholic bureau and demanded his discharge. Rev. Chappelle declined to accede to this demand and the Indian commissioner then refused to recognize the Catholic bureau in making contracts and notified that organization that he would make the contracts directly with the schools. From this decision the Catholic bureau has appealed to the secretary of the interior. If he should overrule the commissioner the latter will carry the case to the president and in fact he is very complacent about the affair and very sanguine that in the end he will be sustained by the power from which there is no appeal. There are about fifty Catholic schools. They have been built up by the Catholic bureau and have always been in its charge. Few complaints have been made although Commissioner Morgan claims to have information that some of the schools prefer to contract directly with the Indian office instead of through the church bureau.

Calling in the Deposits.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The secretary of the treasury has issued a call on national depositories for nearly $4,000,000 of government funds in their possession. This amount is distributed among forty-two banks and is to be transferred to the different subtreasuries between now and August 15. Twelve of these banks are discontinued altogether as depositories. These are the last of the so-called "surplus" or "inactive" banks authorized during the administration of Secretary Fairchild. There were nearly three hundred depositories holding $47,000,000 of government funds. Under the policy inaugurated by Secretary Windom and continued by Secretary Foster the number of depositories have been reduced to thirty and their holdings $19,000,000. There will be no further reduction as the department is of the opinion that the deposits have now reached the minimum now requisite for the public service.

The Last Bender Story.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 17.—T. B. Randolph, an attorney of this city, who has just returned from Nickerson, Kas., says that he there made the acquaintance of Tom Doolittle, an old time freighter, who told a story of the famous Benders, which, if true, settles all question as to the whereabouts of the family. Doolittle says after the murder of York, a band of searchers, headed by the murdered man's brother, went to the Bender house and extorted a confession from the old woman. They hung old man Bender, his wife and son to the rafters of the house. During these proceedings Kate Bender offered some protest and was shot to death. Afterwards York's avengers took their bodies to an old creek some yards distant from the house and buried them. The attention of a family living on an adjoining ranch was attracted to the Bender place by a starving calf and then their absence was first made known to the public. This gave rise to the report that the family had fled to avoid punishment and caused the prolonged search for them by the officers.

Mr. Randolph says Doolittle bears a good reputation for truth and named several persons by whom he claimed he could prove the story.

Brutal Murder in Peru.

PANAMA, July 17.—A brutal murder has been committed at Humay, in Peru, the victim, a woman, being stabbed thirty times. It appears that one Castallanos and a woman named Tarsita Viscarra had lived together some time as man and wife. The woman, unable to put up any longer with the brutal treatment of Castallanos, left him, and despite his entreaties refused to return to live with him. Castallanos then appealed to the parish priest, promising to marry her if she would return to him. Castallanos and the woman met at the priest's house. The woman, however, was obdurate, which so exasperated Castallanous that he sprang upon her, dagger in hand, and in spite of the reverend man's denunciations and supplications he inflicted more than thirty stabs.

Enthusiasm in Chili.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Senor Montt, representative of the Chilian congressional party here, has received a telegram from Secretary [illegible] at Iquique stating the army [illegible] its accoutrement with arms [illegible] from Europe. The greatest enthusiasm and discipline reigns. Large numbers of volunteers come daily. Supplies continually arrive by steamers from California, Peru and all ports of the Pacific. The nitre works are in great activity. Exportation of their produces an abundant revenue. From Santiago they are informed the resources of Balmaceda are constantly diminishing. There is great discontent in the dictators army. A few days ago the revolution was almost successful in Balmaceda's vessels.

France Makes Faces at Germany.

PARIS, July 18.—The chamber of deputies was the scene of considerable disorder and excitement yesterday when Deputy Laur (Boulangerist) raised the question of the German passport regulations in Alsace-Lorraine and demanded to know what the government had done or intended to do in opposition thereto.

M. Ribot, minister of foreign affairs, said nothing had occurred to warrant an explanation on the part of the government, and he was therefore not disposed to make any reply to Laur's demand. M. Laur made a violent speech in denunciation of the German resolutions and demanded a vote on the question of discussing the subject he had raised. A vote was taken with the result that the chamber decided 286 to 203 to discuss the question. The announcement of the vote created great excitement. The majority against the government was due to a coalition of the right, Boulangerists and radicals against the cabinet. The ministry held a meeting this evening and, it is reported, has resolved to ask the chamber to adjourn sine die. If this plan of shelving the question is proposed, a ministerial crisis will ensue.

The chamber of deputies passed the final clauses of the tariff and also approved the government bill modifying the tariff act of May, 1881, and fixing the duties on American salt pork, hams, bacon, etc., at 20 francs per 100 kilos.

The goods depot of the Western railway is closed on account of the great strike. Six thousand employes met this afternoon and resolved to persist in their demands. Seven hundred men employed by the Northern railway company struck today. The other lines running into the city are short handed and the strike is extending.

A Big Suit.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Ernest Dale Owen of Chicago claims damages in a suit begun against John T. Boyd, the Nevada bank of San Francisco, John O. Steinberger and L. Osborn. The plaintiff asks $2,300,000 for trespass. Owen is a trustee of the estate of the heirs of the late Jose Ygnacio Ronquilla, who was once a rich Mexican grandee. Ronquilla secured a large grant of land in Presidio county, Tex., on which, it is claimed, the defendants, who are all citizens of San Francisco, settled a large force of men and mined silver ore to the value of $1,000,000. This occurred since June 26, 1889, and it is alleged that previous to that date the defendants took out another $1,000,000 worth of ore and 50,000 cords of wood valued at $150,000. Since the alleged trespass the plaintiff has acquired the trusteeship of the property. The defendants claim to hold a title by purchase and dispute Owen's claim.

The Wyoming Gold [illegible]

SARATOGA, Wyo., via Fort Steele, July 16.—Work was begun yesterday on a drain ditch to Jack creek near the summit of the continental divide, within a few miles of Saratoga, preparatory to hydraulicing six hinderances of placer ground. It is estimated the ground will pay ten cents per yard to work it a depth of nine feet. Coarse gold as large as wheat grains have been taken out of the Groundall prospects well, and the big supply of water and great fall make it easy to wash out the gulch for a long distance.

A company has been organized to work the ground and men are now digging a ditch which will be put down to the bed rock as soon as possible. The ditch will be run along the crest of the hill to furnish water for hydraulic mills to be put in immediately.

A large force of men will be engaged soon and are expected to make a big clean up before the close of the season.

J. G. Rankin of Rawlins, Lee Wilcox and D. S. Baker of Fremont, Neb., and J. W. Crane of Arlington, Neb., and Omaha and other Nebraska men are interested in the company. Great excitement prevails in this city over reports from these rich diggings. All the creeks on this side of the continental divide will soon be a scene of gold washing. Everybody is jubilant over the big strike in Catterton tunnel, on the Grand encampment. A car load of ore is to be shipped from there to Omaha immediately. Shipments will soon begin from the Jones and Williams mines on Spring creek, and between there and Jack creek.

Want Italy Represented.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—A meeting of representative citizens of Italian birth representing the sentiment as to the refusal of the Italian government to participate in the world's fair was held in the Arlington hotel and adopted resolutions urging their native country to reconsider its determination.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA.			
Wheat by car load, per bushel	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Corn by car load, per bushel	45	@	48
Oats by carload, per bushel	40	@	42
Hay—Upland, per carload	7 00	@	8 00
Butter—Creamery	19	@	20
Butter—Country Roll	14	@	15
Mess Pork—Per bbl	12 00	@	12 50
Eggs—Fresh	[illegible]	@	13
Honey, per lb	[illegible]	@	20
Chickens—Old live per doz	3 75	@	4 00
Chickens—Spring, per doz	2 50	@	4 50
Oranges	4 00	@	4 [illegible]
Lemons	6 50	@	7 00
Beans—Navies	2 50	@	[illegible]
Beets—New Per bu	1 00	@	1 [illegible]
Wool—Fine, unwashed, per lb	15	@	[illegible]
Peas—Per bu. box	1 [illegible]	@	1 [illegible]
Carrots—Per bu	1 00	@	1 [illegible]
Potatoes—New per bu	[illegible]	@	90
Tomatoes—Per crate ⅓ bu	60	@	75
Hay—Upland, per ton	10 00	@	12 00
Hogs—Mixed packing	4 75	@	4 [illegible]
Hogs—Heavy weights	4 [illegible]	@	4 [illegible]
Beeves—Choice steers	5 45	@	[illegible]
Sheep—Natives	2 75	@	[illegible]
NEW YORK.			
Wheat—No. 2 red	1 00	@	1 00
Corn—No. 2	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Oats—Mixed western	41	@	47
Pork	10 50	@	11 [illegible]
Lard	6 [illegible]	@	6 [illegible]
CHICAGO.			
Wheat—Per bushel	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Corn—Per bushel	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Oats—Per bushel	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Pork	10 [illegible]	@	[illegible]
Lard	6 [illegible]	@	[illegible]
Hogs—Packing and shipping	4 [illegible]	@	[illegible]
Cattle—Stockers and feeders	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Sheep—Natives	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
ST. LOUIS.			
Wheat—Cash	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Corn—Per bushel	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Oats—Per bushel	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Hogs—Mixed packing	4 [illegible]	@	[illegible]
Cattle—Native steers	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
KANSAS CITY.			
Wheat—No. 2	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Corn—No. 2	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Oats—No. 2	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Cattle—Stockers and feeders	[illegible]	@	[illegible]
Hogs—Mixed	[illegible]	@	[illegible]

Red Ha'r in Paris.

The one thing absolutely de rigueur is red hair. Blondes and brunettes seem to have been wiped off the face of the earth so far as Paris is concerned, and there is hardly a woman in a hundred who cannot boast of locks the shade that Titian loved. A wonderful preparation is to be had which works the transformation. It is put on at night and the head is bandaged in many folds of cloth. In the morning comes the harrowing moment. The swathings are removed, but such are the peculiar properties of the compound that no one can tell beforehand whether the hair will turn out the desired hue or purple or green. If it is red the color stays for a month or two, and if it is green nobody knows what happens, for the wretched victim retires to the country, not to be seen again for at least a year.—Paris Letter.

A New Flatiron.

Some ingenious person has patented and put on sale a flatiron which especially commends itself to women who board or any who employ dressmakers in their homes. It is made with an opening in the upper part and is hollow inside. Within are placed blocks of a new sort of fuel which comes in little cakes and when these are lighted they will burn six hours and keep the iron well heated all the time.

We spent $600,000,000 in tobacco in 1890.

"August Flower"

The Hon. J. W. Fennimore is the Sheriff of Kent Co., Del., and lives at Dover, the County Seat and Capital of the State. The sheriff is a gentleman fifty-nine years of age, and this is what he says: "I have used your August Flower for several years in my family and for my own use, and found it does me more good than any other remedy. I have been troubled with what I call Sick Headache. A pain comes in the back part of my head first, and then soon a general headache until I become sick and vomit. At times, too, I have a fullness after eating, a pressure after eating at the pit of the stomach, and sourness, when food seemed to rise up in my throat and mouth. When I feel this coming on if I take a little August Flower it relieves me, and is the best remedy I have ever taken for it. For this reason I take it and recommend it to others as a great remedy for Dyspepsia, &c."

G. G. GREEN, Sole Manufacturer, Woodbury, New Jersey, U. S. A.

Have You Tried It?

—IF NOT,—

Try It Now!

Go to your Druggist, hand him one dollar, tell him you want a bottle of

PRICKLY ASH ★ BITTERS ★

The BEST MEDICINE known for the CURE of

All Diseases of the Liver, All Diseases of the Stomach, All Diseases of the Kidneys, All Diseases of the Bowels.

PURIFIES THE BLOOD, CLEANSES THE SYSTEM, Restores Perfect Health.

P. A. B.

DONALD KENNEDY

Of Roxbury, Mass, says

Kennedy's Medical Discovery cures Horrid Old Sores, Deep Seated Ulcers of 40 years standing, Inward Tumors, and every disease of the skin, except Thunder Humor, and Cancer that has taken root. Price $1.50. Sold by every Druggist in the U. S. and Canada.

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Special rates for carloads to Clubs and Alliances for all Northern Colorado Lump and Steam Coals. Consumers will consult their interests by writing for prices.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

MEN & WOMEN MAKE $5.00 A DAY Selling our Standard Medicines. Send reference and we will ship you $10 worth on commission to start with. Landerbeck Co., Newark, N. J.

EDUCATIONAL.

Seminary and Conservatory at Mt. Carroll, Ill. in 30th yr. under same Prin. Location delightful, healthful, easy of access. Send for Oread, free.

TELEGRAPH SCHOOL. Situation Guaranteed. Send for Circulars. Sherwood Bros., New York Life Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

The Soap that Cleans Most is Lenox.

THE NAUGHTY LITTLE GIRL.

She is cunning, she is tricky
I am greatly grieved to tell,
And her hands are always sticky
With chocolate caramel;
Her dolly's battered features
Tell of many a frantic hurl.
She's the terror of her teachers,
That naughty little girl!

She dotes upon bananas,
And she smears them on my knees,
And she peppers my Havanas,
And she laughs to hear me sneeze;
And she steals into my study
And she turns my books a-whirl,
And her boots are always muddy—
That naughty little girl!

When she looks as she were dreaming
Of the angels in the air,
I know she's only scheming
How to slyly pull my hair;
Yet—why I can't discover—
Spite of every tangled curl,
She's a darling and I love her—
That naughty little girl.

THE STUFFED BANKER.

The Russian officials in the time of Catherine II., or before or since her day, for that matter, were never particular or exact in their orders, even when it concerned the hanging of a man or the knouting of a serf. Even foreigners were exposed to the combined zeal and stupidity of these gentry.

A rich English capitalist, Sunderland by name, residing in St. Petersburg, enjoyed the friendship of the empress in consequence of his having given her an Italian greyhound, of which she was very fond.

One morning he was awakened early by his valet, who said to him:

"Sir, your house is surrounded by soldiers, and the chief of police insists on speaking with you."

"What can be want of me?" exclaimed the banker, jumping out of bed, and in a panic already over an announcement which in Russia generally has a terrible significance.

"I do not know, sir," replied the attendant, "but it seems to be an affair of the greatest importance, and which, according to him, can be communicated only to yourself."

"Let him come in," said the banker, hastily putting on his clothes.

The valet went out and came back in a few minutes afterwards conducting the chief of police. A single glance at his face convinced the banker that he was the bearer of some very serious information. The Englishman did not, however, abate in the slightest degree his usual urbanity in his welcome of the official; offered him a chair and begged him to be seated. But his visitor declined it with thanks by a shake of the head, stood upright, and, in as sympathetic a tone as he knew how to assume, addressed the banker:

"Mr. Sunderland, you may well believe that I am distressed beyond telling at having been selected by her most gracious majesty to carry out a decree whose severity afflicts me, but which, without doubt, has been provoked by some great crime."

"What great crime? Who has committed it?" cried the banker.

"You, undoubtedly, sir, since it is to you that the punishment is coming."

"Sir, I swear that I have in vain scrutinized my conscience, and I can find nothing with which to reproach myself toward our sovereign, for you know that I am a Russian by naturalization."

"It is just because you are a naturalized Russian that your position is so terrible. If you were a subject of his Britannic majesty you could call on the English consul for protection, and so, perhaps, escape the rigor of the orders I am charged with enforcing."

"What then, your excellency, are your orders?"

"Oh, sir, I have scarcely strength to tell you."

"Have I then lost the esteem and favor of her majesty?"

"Oh, if it were only no worse than that!"

"What do you mean? Are you talking of sending me to England?"

"If it were only that do you suppose I would hesitate so long about telling you?"

"Good God! You alarm me. It is surely not exile to Siberia?"

"Siberia, sir, is a delightful country, which has been greatly misrepresented. Besides people come back from there."

"Am I, then, condemned to prison?"

"Prison is nothing. One can leave a prison."

"Sir, sir!" cried the banker, more and more terrified. "Am I destined to the horrible knout?"

"The knout is a very painful punishment; but the knout does not kill."

"By the Divine goodness!" cried the panic-stricken Sunderland, "it is death then?"

"And such a death!" said the chief of police, raising his eyes with an expression of profound compassion.

"Such a death!" echoed the Englishman. "Is it not enough that I am to be killed without trial, assassinated without cause? Has she ordered anything more?"

"Alas, yes. She has ordered—"

"Well, speak, sir. *What* has she ordered? I am a man of courage. Tell me!"

"Alas! sir, she orders—if she had not given it to me personally I declare, I never would have believed it."

"You put me to death a thousand times. Come, let me know what orders she has given you."

"She has ordered me to stuff you alive."

The poor banker uttered a cry of distress, then looking the chief of police squarely in the face, he said:

"But, your excellency, this is monstrous. Have you lost your reason?"

"No, sir, not at all, but I shall go crazy during the operation."

"But how could you take such an order? You have told me a hundred times that you were my friend. I have had the good fortune of being of some service to you. How, then, could you take such an order without trying to make her majesty comprehend its utter barbarity?"

"I did what I could. No one in my place would have dared do as much. I begged her majesty to give up her project or at least commission somebody besides me to carry it out. I did so with tears in my eyes. But her majesty answered in that tone, which, as you know, admits of no reply: 'Go, sir! do not forget your duty, and fulfill, without murmuring, the commissions I charge you with.'"

"And then?"

"And then," continued the chief of police, "I visited immediately a very skillful naturalist, who stuffed the birds for the academy of sciences; for, since the thing must be done, I think it ought to be done in the highest style of the art."

"And did the wretch consent?"

"On account of the close resemblance between the human and the monkey species, he sent me his brother, who has stuffed apes."

"Well!"

"Well, he is waiting for you."

"Waiting for me! is it to be done at once?"

"At once. Her majesty will permit no delay."

"Not even to give me time to put my affairs in order. This is impossible."

"But you will give me time enough to send a note to the empress."

"I am afraid I ought not to."

"Listen! This is a last favor—one that is not refused to the worst criminal—I beg of you."

"I risk my situation."

"But my *life* is at stake."

"Well, write it! I will permit it. At the same time I must warn you that I cannot leave you for a single instant."

"Thanks, thanks! Only have one of your officers come to take the letter."

The chief of police called a lieutenant of her majesty's guards, handed him the note, and bade him bring back the reply with all possible haste. In ten minutes the lieutenant returned with an order to bring the banker to the imperial palace. This was all he wanted.

A carriage was waiting at the door. Sunderland entered it, the lieutenant taking a place by his side. In five minutes they were at the Hermitage, where she was waiting for them. The condemned man was taken into her presence. He found her almost bursting with laughter. Sunderland thought she must be crazy, but, throwing himself at her feet and seizing her hand, he exclaimed:

"Pardon, your majesty! In Heaven's name, pardon me, or at least tell me for what crime have I deserved this horrible punishment?"

"My dear Sunderland," said the empress, "you are not concerned in this affair at all."

"How, your majesty! I not interested in it? Who, then, is?"

"The dog you gave me, and which I named after you died yesterday of indigestion. My grief was so great that I wanted at least to preserve his skin. So I said to that fool of a chief of police: 'Have Sunderland stuffed.' He hesitated, and I thought he was ashamed of the affair. I got angry and he went away."

"Well, your majesty, you can boast of having in him a faithful servant; but next time I beg of you to make your orders to him very much clearer."

As a matter of fact, if the police superintendent had not been influenced by the banker's appeals, poor Sunderland would have been stuffed alive.

ANCIENT AND MODERN.

Women as They Used to Be and as They Are.

If you had examined into the facts of the case you would have discovered that the women of heathen Rome, for instance, took much better care of their systems than the Christian ladies of this knowing era take of theirs. They wore loose garments that gave their lungs and limbs full play. Their muscles were systematically developed and educated, and they were inhibited by law from all usages and practices likely to impair their health or their constitutions. Hence their sons were the hardiest race of men that the world had ever seen—hence for seven hundred years Rome triumphed over all her enemies. We talk of the Roman fathers, but it was to the habits of the Roman mothers, and the vigor engendered by those habits, that the republic and the empire largely owed their greatness. Even yet the figures of the Italian women show the inherited effect of the old training. American ladies are very lovely, but in the majority of cases they are too delicate, too fragile. They are as lovely as flowers, but not as hardy as oaks. We have plenty of strong-minded women, but comparatively few that are physically vigorous. The same thing may be said of the men. And, inasmuch as the best head may be rendered of no avail by reason of incompetent bodily support, we think it would be better for us all if we would pay more attention to health, no matter what else might have to be neglected.—New York Ledger.

Do Deer Ever Weep?

In most species of deer, a hollow which is known to scientists as the lachrymal sinus, or tear-pit is found. It is a cavity beneath each eye, capable of being opened at pleasure, in which a waxy substance of a peculiar, disagreeable odor is secreted. This pit is sometimes very small, but often of considerable size. Poets speak of the deer weeping, but it has not been shown this is not by poetic license solely. In the case of the wounded stag, which the contemplative Jaques watched and moralized upon, it is said:

The big round tears
Coursed one another down his innocent nose
In piteous chase.

But this is Shakespeare's poetical interpretation of the appearance presented by the motion of the glistening edges of the folds of skin which enclose the so-called "tear-pits." These cavities are very marked in species of deer found in Asia and the islands of the Indian Ocean, and in the common deer of America and Europe. In some varieties in South America and Northern Asia they are less developed.

The Capitol Dome.

The Capitol dome at Washington is the only considerable dome of iron in the world. It is a vast hollow sphere weighing 8,000,300 pounds. How much is that?

More than 4,000 tons, or almost the weight of 70,000 full grown persons, or about equal to 1,000 ladened coal cars of four tons each, which, if strung out one behind the other, would occupy a mile and a half of track. On the very top of the dome the allegorical figure "America," weighing 15,985 pounds, lifts its proud head high in the air. The pressure of this dome and figure upon the piers and pillars is 14,477 pounds to the square foot.

It would, however, require a pressure of 755,286 pounds to the square foot to crush the supports of the dome. The cost of this immense dome was a litte short of $1,000,000.

One Dynamo.

Probably the largest dynamos in the world used for the production of aluminum and aluminum bronze are at Neuhausen, Switzerland. The dynamo plant consists of two continuous current machines of 600-horse power, with an exciting dynamo of 300-horse power. The power obtained is from the falls of the Rhine.

Don't Use It For Washing.

Travelers from the south report that in many places in Mexico cakes of soap are used as currency and are a legal tender for the payment of debts. Gold and silver are too common in Mexico to be regarded as things of intrinsic value.

It Wouldn't Float.

Young wife—"We are told to 'cast our bread upon the waters.'" The brute—"But don't you do it. A vessel might run against it and get wrecked."—New York Herald.

REPUBLICAN TRUTHS.

Major McKinley on the Tariff.

[From his Columbus Speech Accepting the Nomination for Governor.]

We welcome the closest analysis of the subjects which the new tariff law singled out for taxation and the duties imposed thereon, and we ask "a candid construction" of our legislation at the hands of the people. We have put the duties upon foreign products which come into the United States in competition with the products of our land and labor. Is not that right? What better means are there of raising needed revenues? Are these not proper objects for taxation? We have protected American products and American labor. We have looked after our own. That is the sum of our offense. I can understand why the foreign producer does not like it, but I never could understand why an American citizen should be unhappy over it. So long as foreign products can be found to tax which compete with our own in our market we propose to tax them rather than tax our own, and where we find foreign products which do not compete with home products, except luxuries and those which encourage vice, we propose to permit them to come in free without tax or tariff. We prefer to tax the importer rather than the domestic producer. The Democratic party prefers to tax the domestic product rather than the imported. It prefers to tax a foreign product the like of which we cannot produce at home, and the price of which the foreigner fixes absolutely to the American consumer, a tax which benefits no American interest and which is paid wholly by the American consumer, rather than to tax the foreign product the like of which we do produce at home, although such a tax is a benefit to American interests and American labor and is not necessarily or even generally paid by the American consumer.

That is the difference between the two parties on this question. Their principle of taxation would fall most heavily upon our own people and inure to the benefit of competing foreign countries and result in injury to our own. Their tariff legislation would benefit every country but our own. Ours would benefit our own without being unjust to any other. We follow in our tariff policy the teaching of Washington and Hamilton and Clay and Webster and Lincoln and Garfield. They pursue the fallacies of Cobden and Bright and Calhoun and the statesmen of the late southern confederacy. They are pledged now to impede, if they can, the prosperity of the country until after the next presidential election. That is their mission this year. Business disasters and reverses are the ladders of their hopes. Prosperity and contentment among the people bring them sure political defeat. Idle furnaces, dismantled factories, silent mines, unemployed workmen, general distress are the sure harbingers of Democratic victory. They are discouraging industrial activity through their press and orators everywhere, and every day and it breaks their hearts to see any manifestation of industrial advancement in the United States. They sneer at every attempt to establish factories and would gladly frown them down. It is the same sneer and frown which have been exhibited toward our industrial enterprises since 1861. But in spite of them we now lead the world in manufactures, agriculture, and mining, and we will prosper under the new law in spite of their false omens and discouraging prophesies.

Republican Policy Benefits Iowa.

Iowa is one of the states in which it was said that the Republican national and state policy was ruining everything. But according to a variety of Iowa papers, many towns in the state are reporting "a good substantial growth in population, improvement and business." The state is making a greater proportionate gain in population than at any time during the past twenty-five years. Those who had strayed off to hunt the fabled "fountains of health" and "pots of gold" have discovered that there was only one Iowa, and nearly all of those who could humble their pride and borrow sufficient funds of friends, have returned to the only land where there is "always plenty and to spare." Farmers from other states have been attracted to new homes on the soil that produces so generously that it cheapens the cost of food stuffs throughout the world. Blue grass is growing so luxuriantly that it cannot be "pastured down," the wheat, oats, corn and gardens are making an old-time prodigious growth, and there is a pleasing present prospect of unbounded prosperity in the future.—Marshalltown Times-Republican.

The Metal-Worker, a trade paper of influence, has recently opened a tin plate department in its pages, and among the features will be a column headed "The American Scoffer," in which the misrepresentations of the free trade papers will be printed every week. The Metal-Worker says: "Clippings from the press, for use in this column, are invited from our readers. The best way to combat the opposition to American tin plate industry is to show it up before those who know what tin plates are. Tinners are quick to see the misrepresentations that are made and to perceive wherein the public are being deceived. Tinners also can exert an important influence in the community, and, by concerted action, can do much to form a public opinion favorably to a fair trial of tin plate making in this country. It is a business question that is now presented, not a political one merely."

The Omaha Bee calls Gov. Boies "a weak candidate," and in referring to his New York speech says: "The unpardonable wrong done the state of Iowa in this matter by Governor Boies, together with the undoubted fact that he is the friend of the corporations, ought to insure an overwhelming opposition to him on the part of the farmers and all who are in sympathy with their interests. If he had all the qualities of statesmanship ascribed to him by his most ardent friends, they would not out-weigh the faults which render him unworthy of the confidence and support of an intelligent, industrious and honest people."

The people's party advocates can find a striking instance of what it means to have a government issue "cheap" money and plenty of it in the experience of the Argentine republic. The government there issued $260,000,000 of unsecured paper money a few months ago, and it has already shrunk eighty per cent in value. This means that every dollar paid a workingman for his toil has an actual purchasing power of only twenty cents. That is the way the thing works, and it will be a long time before intelligent American workingmen are persuaded that cheap money is a boon for them.

Good Money and Plenty of It.

Senator Sherman in his speech before the Ohio State Convention said that the people "want good money and plenty of it." That is exactly the position of the Republican party on the currency question. It demands that the country shall have the best money the world affords, and as large a quantity as is necessary to do its business readily and without inconvenience. The party asks for nothing more; it will take nothing less. In contrast to this position of the Republican party is the attitude of the Democratic party. Senator Gordon, of Georgia, defined the latter as accurately as any one has yet done. He declared that the people wanted "cheap money and plenty of it." That has always been the attitude of the Democracy on the currency question. It has invariably been in favor of the cheapest money that could be manufactured. In the glorious days of Polk, Pierce and Buchanan the country rejoiced in a wildcat currency that compelled a man to carry a bank detector around with him to save himself from the "red dog" and "bull pup" money in circulation. As soon as the war of the Rebellion was over and the Democratic party had recovered its breath it began to shout again for cheap money. The national banking law had put state and local banks out of existence and made greenbacks the cheapest money that could be had. A demand by the Democrats for greenback inflation was made at once, and was kept up with more or less vociferation until the specie resumption act brought government paper to a par with gold. This discredited greenbacks in Democratic estimation and compelled a search for some other source of a cheap currency. Silver was then less valuable than greenbacks and was the only available "cheap money" at hand. This was enough to commend it to Democratic favor and create a a demand from that party for free silver coinage. That is the position the Democratic party has reached to-day on the currency question. But it is only a temporary halting place, for if silver should become equal to gold to-morrow the Democrats would probably cease to champion it and begin to shout for free copper coinage. From the day when, as an unorganized mob, it assailed and maligned Alexander Hamilton for placing the credit of the country on a sound basis the the Democratic party has demanded "cheap money," and the cheaper the better. It drove two national banks out of existence because the currency they gave the country was too safe and stable, and it would like to deal the present banking system its deathblow. It will fail, however, because the conservative business interests of the country will stand with the Republican party and demand, as Senator Sherman says, "good money and plenty of it."—Philadelphia Press.

The Ohio Campaign.

A campaign begun so enthusiastically and harmoniously is already half won. Republican defeats in Ohio have always been due to internal jealousies and the indifference of disappointed candidates to the success of the ticket. The party which can go into a campaign free from dissensions in the ranks and bitterness among the leaders, has a great advantage. This year it belongs to the Republicans. The enemy are badly torn up and the principal cause of their dissensions is Governor Campbell, who will nevertheless be the candidate against McKinley. They can't gerrymander the great protectionist this time. They must fight him on fair terms a kind of campaign that goes against an Ohio Democrat's grain. Under such conditions it looks like a decisive Republican victory.—Topeka Capital.

The people are learning in the slow but sure school of experience that the grand sum total effect of the new tariff law is to make it easier for common people to get a dollar, and at the same time to make that dollar go further in providing things needful for daily life. The Ohio campaign will be one of the most interesting State campaigns on record. It will be watched with keen interest all over the land. The Republican party has unflinchingly taken up the gauntlet which its antagonist threw down, has placed at the van of the fight the author of the law over which the fight is to be chiefly carried on, has adopted a platform that is sound on every vital question, protection, honest money, an honest ballot, restricted immigration, and is going to win. All the signs are that it will win.—Boston Advertiser.

The Chicago Herald, Democratic, gives the Iowa Democrats a deserved drubbing for the demagogism that they injected into their Ottumwa platform. Says the Herald: The Iowa Democrats seem to have thought it "good politics" to join the senseless clamor for free coinage of silver dollars, and be worse than senseless jargon of "one standard for the rich man and another for the poor man." They also seem to have thought it necessary to talk nonsense about foreign syndicate ownership of American industries. The platform would have been better with these things omitted. It is not "good politics for a great party to play with dangerous popular delusions.

"The election of Mr. McKinley," says Harper's Weekly, "by a large vote would show clearly a reaction from the feeling of last autumn, and a reconsideration of the verdict against the tariff. Congress would meet with the Republicans inspirited and eager to offer a thoroughly organized opposition to a large but cumbrous majority apprehensive of itself, and it is by no means sure that the session would not end with Democratic prospects clouded by Democratic legislation. It must not be forgotten, on the other hand, that Ohio is generally a Republican state, and that unusual efforts will be made for Republican success for the reasons already mentioned."

In making McKinley the standard bearer of the campaign the Republicans of Ohio have squarely accepted the principles of protection which he represents and put them forward as one of the leading issues of the campaign. Upon such an issue Ohio would undoubtedly endorse McKinley; for Ohio is one of the strongholds of protection.—St. Paul Press (Rep.)

He is Your Candidate Now.

Mr. Peter A. Dey, formerly state railroad commissioner, yesterday read a paper before the State Bankers' association in Sioux City, in which he declared against the unlimited coinage of silver. Yet nearly two years ago Mr. Dey was a candidate on a platform containing a plank in favor of such coinage, and at that time no objection was made by him. On this question the gentleman is in sympathy with Wall street rather than with western Democrats.—Dubuque Telegraph (Dem.)

Court hip in 2,000.

While the unmarried woman of the year 2,000, whether young or old, will enjoy the dignity and independence of the bachelor of today, the insolent prosperity at present enjoyed by the latter will have passed into salutary, if sad, eclipse, writes Edward Bellamy in Ladies' Home Journal. No longer profiting by the effect of the pressure of economic necessity upon woman to make him indispensable, but dependent exclusively upon his intrinsic attractions, instead of being able to assume the fastidious air of a sultan surrounded by languishing beauties, he will be fortunate if he can secure by his merits the smiles of one. In the year 2,000 no man, whether lover or husband, may hope to win the favor of maid or wife save by desert. While the poet, justly apprehending the ideal proprieties, has always persisted in representing man at the feet of woman, woman has been, in fact, the dependent and pensioner of man. Nationalism will justify the poet and justify the eternal fitness of things by bringing him to his marrow-bones in earnest. But, indeed, we may be sure that in the year 2 000 he will need no compulsion to assume that attitude.

Gratifying to All.

The high position attained and the universal acceptance and approval of the pleasant liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs, as the most excellent laxative known, illustrate the value of the qualities on which its success is based and are abundantly gratifying to the California Fig Syrup Company.

Phenomena of Sleep.

As a result of modern research, it is asserted that in falling asleep the sight ceases first to receive impressions, the sense of taste next, then smelling, then hearing, and touch retains its susceptibility longest. The senses appear, moreover, to sleep with different degrees of profoundness. Touch is the most easily awakened, hearing next, then sight and taste and smelling awake last. Sleep does not begin in different parts of the body simultaneously, but proceeds from the extremities toward the center of nervous action. Dreams may be due to imperfect sleep, one or more senses, or one or more parts of the body being awake.

Restorative Wine.

If you are weak and debilitated, use Speer's Port Grape Wine or his Unfermented Grape Juice. Either will purify your blood, restore digestion and make you feel like a younger person. For sale by druggists.

Where to Find Happiness.

It is related—the story is so good that it probably isn't true—that one of the officers at the state prison, who recently tendered his resignation, was asked by Warden Lovering if there was not some other situation in the institution which he would like to fill. "There is but one soft sit in the prison," he replied. "Do you mean mine?" asked the warden. "No, I mean a convict's," was the officer's reply. "They are the only people in the building who seem happy and contented."—Boston Transcript.

We will give $100 reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Circumstances Alter Cases.

As Col. Billson was going down the steps he met a suspicious looking boy with a lot of bills.

"Is Col. Billson's office up stairs?"

"Yes, but I'm not in—or rather the colonel is not in."

"Ain't you the man?"

"No, my son."

"I'd like to find him. I've got a telegraph money order for him."

"Let's see. Who is the man you want?"

"Col. Billson."

"I thought you said Col. Billing. I am Col. Billson."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Hawaiian Kingdom.

The superintendent of the census has furnished a summary of the population of the Hawaiian kingdom, giving a total of 90,046. The net increase from 1884 to 1890 is 9,468. It is also learned for the first time in the history of the kingdom the native Hawaiians, including all of either pure or mixed blood, are an absolute minority of the whole population. This is due partly to the decrease of natives, who have fallen off about eight per cent, but still more to the increase of Hawaiian-born foreigners and foreign born, who have gained over 13,000, or about 36 per cent.

June, July and August.

The most charming Summer Resorts, of which there are over three hundred choice locations, are to be found in Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota and the Peninsula of Michigan, along the lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Nearly all are located near lakes which have not been fished out.

These resorts are easily reached by railway and range in variety from the "full dress for dinner" to the flannel-shirt costume for every meal.

SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER.

The finest shooting grounds in the Northwest are on the tributary to the lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. The crop of Prairie Chickens will be exceptionally good this year; also Ducks and Geese. In Northern Wisconsin and the Peninsula of Michigan splendid deer shooting is to be had.

Full information furnished free. Address, GEO. H. HEAFFORD, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

The Pockets of Women.

Who do not women wear pockets? John Hamilton Reynolds, Keats' friend, knew a lady who wore pockets she could carry books in, but that was nearly seventy years ago. The result of this deficiency is that woman keeps her cards, money and other matters in a purse, which she carries about in her hand. Where the public suffers is in omnibusses and ticket offices. Here, while a crowd murmurs, woman wastes the golden hour by dipping, like the swallow, into the many compartments of her purse, where she finds various matters of personal interest, probably, but never the proper change.

They say that woman would fain wear the distinctively male attire. Ah, that she would! Then she would have her silver in one pocket and her pence in the other, all handy. That the kindness of the sex is shown by their prolonged flirtations through the window with the ticket clerks, we all admit. That is a dull life of the ticket clerk's and woman entertains him, as the daughters of Ocean comforted Prometheus. But a hurried and selfish public is apt to be irritated while it waits the close of the railway idyl, the Oaristys of the station.—Andrew Lang.

Good company and good discourse are the very sinews of virtue.

Savannah claims the oldest American theatre.

The celebrated Maud "S." Double Acting Force Pump is the best. See advertisement.

Can't You Catch On

To a known means of overcoming that obstinate disorder, constipation? Of course you can. Then why don't you? Ask those who have tried it, and they will tell you that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a matchless laxative, effectual without violence—thoroughly alterative, but perfectly reliable. It invigorates, too, no less than it regulates the system, and it is chiefly to the first quality that it owes the permanency of its regulating effects, since, if vigor is lacking in the region of the bowels, the stomach or the liver, healthful activity in those organs is suspended. Deobstruents and cathartics in general are simply that and nothing more; they relax the bowels merely without invigorating them, and as their laxative action is usually abrupt and violent, they really tend to weaken the organs. Use the Bitters, also, for malaria, rheumatism, indigestion, debility and kidney trouble.

A Lazy Maine Man.

"Mose" Little was a shiftless inhabitant of a Maine town, who would not work a minute longer than was necessary to get money enough to support him in idleness for a few days.

He went into the village store to purchase some groceries, one item of which was a dollar's worth of flour. He put the smaller articles in a basket which he took on one arm, while he carried the flour in the other.

All at once he set the bundle down.

"Say, Jack," said he, "is flour lower?"

"Yes," replied Jack. "We give thirty-five pounds for a dollar now, instead of thirty."

"Well," drawled Mose, "I'll be glad when it goes up again, so I shan't have to lug so much for a dollar."

Many so-called "Bitters" are not medicines, but simply liquors so disguised as to evade the law in prohibition sections. This is not the case with the celebrated Prickly Ash Bitters. It is purely a medicine, acting on the liver and blood, and by reason of its cathartic effects cannot be used as a beverage. It should be in every household.

The United States collects $680 and spends 461 every minute of the night and day.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Nearly $1,000,000 is added to the net balance in the treasury every day now.

Major's Cement Repairs Broken Articles 15c and 25c. Major's Leather and Rubber Cement 15c.

It costs the American nation about $1,000,000 a year to stop their teeth.

The Best Way to Succeed in Business is to first take a thorough business course, by mail, at your own home; Bryant's College, Buffalo, N. Y.

The forest area of the United States is estimated at 481,764,596 acres.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT Nerve Restorer. No Fit after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Each of the 1,500 street cars of New York earned $20 a day last year.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve." Warranted to cure, or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Cleveland is happy in the possession of a deaf mute policeman.

Washington is the only city of its size in the United States which has no factory girls.

BEWARE

of mercury and potash mixtures. They aggravate the disease instead of curing it.

Life A Burden.

"I suffered for five years with mercurial rheumatism, which was the result of potash and mercurial treatment by physicians for constitutional blood poison. They not only failed to cure me, but made me a physical wreck and my life a burden. I then commenced taking Swift's Specific (S.S.S.), and after taking a few bottles was entirely cured both of the rheumatism and blood poison. I cheerfully commend S. S. S., to any one similarly afflicted.
JOHN H. ... Sorento, Ill.

Books on Blood and Skin Diseases Free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED ... TO TRAVEL. We pay ... $100 a month and expenses. STONE & ... TON, Madison, Wis

AGENTS ... CENT. profit, on my Corsets, Curlers & medicines. Sam... ... 877 B'WAY, N.Y.

Laws and ... Experience 26 Advice Free ... years. Write to A. W. McCORMICK & SONS, Cincinnati, O. & Washington, D. C.

FREE Name or describe your disease and I will send Free Prescription. Thousands cured. DR. T. NOLAN CROWLEY, Terre Haute, Ind.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

W. N. U., Omaha, 578—30.

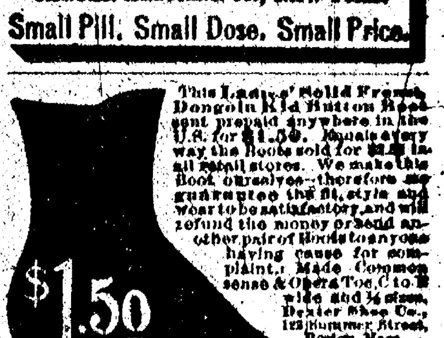
ASK YOUR DEALER —FOR A TRIAL PAIR— Boots —OR— Shoes MADE BY KIRKENDALL, JONES & CO. OMAHA, NEBRASKA. MADE IN ALL GRADES, —ON— "ANY LAST" And All Sizes —FOR— MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Price 25 Cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.



This Ladies' Solid French Dongola Kid Button Boot sent prepaid anywhere in the U.S. for $1.50. Equals every way the boots sold for $2.50 in all retail stores. We make this boot ourselves—therefore we guarantee the fit, style and wear to be satisfactory, and will refund the money or send another pair of Boots to anyone having cause for complaint. Made Common sense & Opera Toe, C to E wide and ½ sizes. Dexter Shoe Co., 143 Summer Street, Boston, Mass. $1.50. ... this year.

A SUMMER NOTE BOOK

Issued by THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL, "The Niagara Falls Route," describes with just the details the tourist wants, the Summer Resorts of Michigan and Canada, Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands and St. Lawrence, the Adirondacks, the Hudson, White Mts. and New England Coast. For copy address O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. & T. Agent, Chicago.

Dr. Le Duc's Periodical Pills

Are warranted to relieve tardy, irregular and delayed menstruations. Established in Europe in 1839, England, 1850, Canada, 1877, United States, 1887. We sell this French Pill at $2 a box or three for $5. We warrant three boxes to give relief at above stated or refund the money. These goods can be sent per mail on receipt of money. Wholesale and retail of Goodman Drug Co., Omaha.

HIRES ROOT BEER, THE GREAT HEALTH DRINK

Package makes 5 gallons. Delicious, sparkling and appetizing. Sold by all dealers. A beautiful picture Book and cards sent free to any one sending address to THE C. E. HIRES CO., Philadelphia.

CRAGIN, VALE & BICKFORD, ATTORNEYS AND SOLICITORS, 914 F Street, Washington, D. C. Special Attention given to Land, Mining and Indian Depredation Claims.

MANHOOD RESTORED. REMEDY FREE. A victim of youthful imprudence, causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send (sealed) FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. C. MASON, Box 3179, New York City.

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Mrs. Alice Maple, Oregon, Mo., writes "My weight was 320 pounds, now it is 195, a reduction of 125 lbs." For circulars address, with 6c., Dr. O. W. F. SNYDER, McVicker's Theatre, Chicago, Ill.

Patents! Pensions

Send for Inventor's Guide or How to Obtain a Patent. Send for Digest of PENSION and BOUNTY LAWS. PATRICK O'FARRELL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

HAY FEVER & ASTHMA CURED TO STAY CURED. We want the name and address of every sufferer in the U. S. and Canada. Address, P. Harold Hayes, M.D., Buffalo, N.Y.

SALOON AND BILLIARD MEN. For Saloon Fixtures, Billiard and Pool Tables, Billiard Supplies and Bar Glass send to THE GARDEN CITY BILLIARD TABLE CO., 405-415 So. 10th street, Omaha, Neb.

AWNINGS, TENTS Covers for horses, wagons, stacks, machinery, &c., at C. J. BAKER'S, 104 West Third Street, KANSAS CITY, MO. Send for illustrated catalogue.

KERFOOT BROS., MILL FURNISHERS, DES MOINES, IOWA, State Agts. Iowa & Nebraska for THE CELEBRATED MAUD "S." Double Acting Force Pump. Write for Descriptive Circular and Prices.

Osceola Hardware Co., Osceola, Ia., says the Maud "S." is a "hun." Frederick & Co., Fort Madison, say the Maud "S." the pump for the people. We are offering special inducements to agents.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

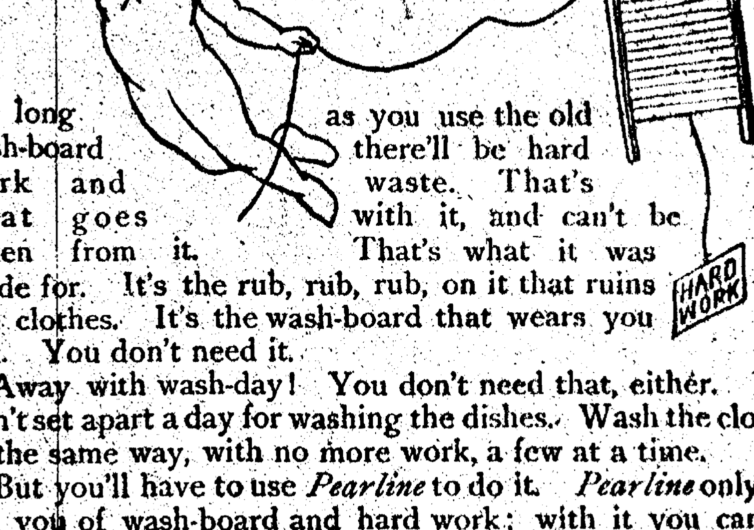
25 CTS. Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists. 25 CTS.

"What force cannot do, ingenuity can." Weak women can PERFORM MIRACLES with the aid of SAPOLIO. Try it in your next house-cleaning and see.

A STRUGGLE WITH DIRT

Goes on in civilized society from the cradle to the grave. Dirt is degradation—and degradation is destruction. Women, especially, are judged by their habits of household cleanliness, and no stronger condemnation can be expressed than "she keeps a dirty house and a filthy kitchen." But the struggle with dirt is often unequal. The woman's weakness or the worthlessness of the soaps she uses make it impossible to overcome the demon of dirt. By the use of SAPOLIO she wins easily.

Away with the wash-board
Use
Pearline



As long as you use the old wash-board there'll be hard work and waste. That's what goes with it, and can't be taken from it. That's what it was made for. It's the rub, rub, rub, on it that ruins the clothes. It's the wash-board that wears you out. You don't need it.

Away with wash-day! You don't need that, either. You don't set apart a day for washing the dishes. Wash the clothes in the same way, with no more work, a few at a time.

But you'll have to use *Pearline* to do it. *Pearline* only can rid you of wash-board and hard work; with it you can do your washing when you like. And you can do it safely, too. Directions on every package.

Away with the peddlers and prize givers, who say their imitations are "as good as" or "same as" Pearline—IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled and has no equal. Sold by all grocers. 246 JAMES PYLE, New York.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS

Issued every Friday morning by F. H. TAYLOR, Editor and Publisher, at Table Rock, Nebraska.

Terms: $1.50 per Year.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY

B. & M. TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Table Rock as follows:

GOING WEST.	
No. 13 pass.	2:45 a m
No. 15 pass.	12:24 p m
No. 73 through freight	2:45 a m
" 79, fast freight	12:00 a m
No 79 local freight	12:34 p m
GOING EAST.	
No 14 pass.	2:45 a m
No 16 pass.	4:40 p m
No. 74 through freight	6:00 p m
No 60 fast freight	12:20 a m
No 76 local freight	10:00 a m

GOING SOUTH.

No 72 pass.	
No 100 Accom.	
No 2 17 freight	

Tickets on sale to all points in the United States and Canada.

J. [illegible], Agent.

Have You Read This?

due the Argus on subscription account. There is also a number of indebtedness which falls due this quarter and I must have all the money that is due me. Many of these accounts are small—a small half dollar or dollar—but aggregating quite a large sum. I will thankfully receive any amount you may send me and will respond promptly to this call and thus enable me to meet my obligations. All the offices have been liberal in the past and I have no room for complaint along that line and now if those in arrears will kindly give this their attention it will enable me to pay my indebtedness and also make some needed improvements in the mechanical department which will make it possible for me to more faithfully serve the interests of Table Rock and Pawnee county.

Respectfully,

FRANK H. TAYLOR.

Report has it that Kyle Bellow and [illegible] Table Rock, [illegible] that the use of De Witt's Little Early Risers, a perfect pill. Sold by all druggists.

"Honest John Bardine" has been put at carpentering in the Pennsylvania prison and is making small boxes.

You never tried De Witt's Little Early Risers for constipation, biliousness, sick headache or you would not have those disagreeable symptoms.

Hanson Grist contemplates [illegible] the vicinity of the reservoir. [illegible] be crowded for room.

D. Clarkson.

Henry M Stanley and his wife have separated. They were married [illegible] a year ago, but could not agree with that unanimity which is necessary to make wedded life together a joy, and they separated.

The only exposition to be held in Nebraska this fall will be at Nebraska City from August 31st to September 4th. At the same time the G. A. R. will hold their fifteenth reunion there. Nebraska City will be turned loose for a jubilee, and good time for those two weeks.

The inventory of General Sherman's property now to be found in St. Louis, just made includes only two items, of real estate, one of which is the Garrison avenue house and lot presented to him in 1865 by the [illegible] by him as home for several years. It was at that time valued at $25,000.

[illegible] man calmly he asked the czar for permission to take charge of one side. It was granted, and the Kaiser promised to show the Russians what real spider, who was not a shopkeeper nor a tailor, could do. While he was pulling [illegible] the lone Russian surrounded his supporting army and he was captured. It is said he went to Siberia and would not come out for the rest of [illegible]

A woman whose husband was at home dressed herself in masculine clothes and got work as a miner in a coal pit near Wilkesbarre, Pa., six months ago. She was a hard worker and managed to beat the world in her daily loads of merchantable coal. Nobody suspected her sex until the other day when a rat ran across the timber wheels and she screamed. She precipitated herself into the arms of her nearest colleague imploring his protection, and the murder was out. —State Journal.

Judge Appleget is something of a farmer himself. You will always find the work well along at his place east of town, to which he gives his personal attention. He raised a splendid crop of wheat there this season and the first of the week, went out and stacked it in regular New Jersey style. No danger about that wheat keeping in the stack. The bundles are laid with mathematical precision and it can't help keeping, provided the wind doesn't upset the stacks. The Judge has scooped all his neighboring farmers this time and is the first in the community to get his grain in the stack. The next thing will be to induce work with his neighbors in order to get help to do his threshing, though the members of the Johnson county bar may insist on doing the work when the time comes.—Tecumseh Chieftain.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look, if your stomach be disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your kidneys be affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at all the drug stores, 50 cents per bottle.

BUNKER HILL.

Mrs. Morton has been quite sick for a week past. Her sister-in-law, Mrs. John Morton, is spending a few days with her.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. Mellen died suddenly a few days ago. The remains were buried on Monday in the Table Rock cemetery.

The school board of Bunker Hill district have unanimously elected Miss Mamie Sutton to teach the school the coming season, commencing Sept. 16.

O. E. Johnson is cutting oats for O. D. Howe.

Mr. Stanton has gone west with a load of apples.

Fred Boone, with his father's twine binder, has been cutting oats for his brother Harry and his uncle, J. D. Pegoon.

There was a pleasant social party at T. W. Pepoon's a few evenings ago, and one at J. W. Shaw's last Friday evening. The young people enjoyed both occasions.

The platform dances will be continued at C. E. Johnson's every two weeks.

O. D. Howe's shipping apples to St. Paul.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

Friday afternoon a few of the mothers met at the Methodist church and enjoyed an hour of pleasant converse. After usual opening a leaflet for mothers was read and discussed and two new ones given out to be read at the next mothers meeting in four weeks. Adjourned to meet in two weeks at Mrs Lydia Griffing's.

E. E. LUNT, Sec.

We are glad to note the advance in thought along the line of woman's work evidenced by remarks of the lecturers at the Beatrice Chautauqua and not only lecturers, but teachers as well. Dan Jones says: "I'm a woman's rights man. I believe in it with all my heart. The world has gone long enough on one leg. A big ocean steamer with one wheel tied goes nowhere. Lets unite the other and then strike a bee line for the millenial shore. Lets give the women a chance. Some of you women haven't any woman hood; you belong to your husbands. Assert your womanhood. Be somebody in the world." Ex-President Hayes, Frederick Powers (Pres. Garfield's Pastor), Rev Samuel Rounse, Dr. Davidson, Prof. Eaton and Prof. Carnes all very plainly expressed themselves in favor of giving the ballot and ever possible opportunity to woman for improving herself and bettering humanity. Mrs Maria C. Aiton of Kirkwood, Neb., lectured on Woman's Influence at ten o'clock a. m. July 1st in the pavilion and in introducing Mr. Davidson assured the ladies they should have a better place on the programme next year. The main point in her lecture was that the mother must necessarily keep and plans for the family needs than the father and consequently her help is needed in the great government family as well. The school of methods (W. C. T. U.) took up some branch of work each afternoon, usually led by the State Supt. of the work, giving some review of her department work and plans for future. This was followed by questions and discussion that were both profitable and interesting. We could only wish that more of our sisters might become interested and willing to help a little for it if they could [illegible] something just suited to them and the hours perhaps otherwise idly spent or in needless work would be full of bless to our meetings and we add dear for yourselves. You do not know the good you may accomplish by giving even one hour a week to this work. Who will help? We want good papers and leaflets. We want some of the ladies and gentlemen will put them in the ladies rooms and depot regularly twice a week. We want two women who will do work among railroad [illegible] make the acquaintance of the conductors and engineers, supply them with good reading matter, trim up the way cars and engine cabs with paper holders, pictures, etc.; and help these men in any way possible to make life pleasanter and better. We fail to realize how they are deprived of all church and Sunday privileges and how little they can have of home and family comforts. Yet while on duty waiting for orders they have some leisure moments and hours to read if only they have something to read. Somebody could do good work making scrap books, which could be read by one set of men and passed on to others as long as it would last. We had an account of one, given by Mrs. Woodward, that was made by a Y. Union and travelled in this way to the Pacific coast proving a comfort and blessing to many. If you haven't any time to spare you can perhaps give your name and one dollar a year to help those who are engaged in this work, or save up all your good papers and send to Mrs. Lydia Griffing or Mrs. Linn and then will see that somebody who needs it is supplied with reading matter. Ask your self if there isn't something you can do to make somebody happier and better.

E. E. LUNT.

Dr. Will's Sarsaparilla destroys such poisons as scrofula, skin disease, eczema, rheumatism. Its timely use saves many lives. Sold by all druggists.

O. A. Cooper is somewhat of a stranger himself, and this season has done himself proud in the way of a wheat crop. He had 40 acres close to this city which he has already harvested and threshed and finds that it averaged a trifle over 33 bushels to the acre, and as it was on bottom land the loss was quite large. On the strength of this years experience in farming we shall look for his application as a member of the alliance and a candidate for office this fall on that ticket. Lon is a rustler.—Humboldt Enterprise.

PRONOUNCED HOPELESS, YET SAVED.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles, it has cured me and thank God I am now well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at all drug stores.

ORDINANCE NO. 18.

An ordinance to prevent the running at large of dogs and to provide for the levying of a tax on the same in the village of Table Rock, Nebraska.

Be it ordained by the chairman and board of trustees of the village of Table Rock, Nebraska.

SECTION 1. That no person shall be permitted to have or keep in his or her possession within the limits of the village of Table Rock Nebraska, any dog, unless the owner or possessor thereof, shall place or cause to be placed upon the neck of such dog a collar having a metal tag to be provided by the village clerk of said village and the owner or possessor of such dog shall give his or her name and the description of such dog to the village clerk and it shall be the duty of the village clerk to register the same in a book kept for that purpose and the owner or possessor of any such dog shall annually and within 30 days after the passage, approval and publication of this ordinance and on the the first day of August in each and every year pay a license of $1.00 for each and every dog and a license of $2.00 for each and every bitch so owned and possessed by him or her and an additional sum of 25 cents for registering the same.

SEC. 2. And the president of the board of trustees of said village shall at any time on alarm of mad dogs or when ever we deem it advisable if in his opinion, the public safety shall require it, prohibit the running at large of any dog or bitch by proclaiming a proclamation or notice once in the village paper or posting of three notices in said village that no dog or bitch shall run at large in said village unless securely muzzled and such prohibition shall continue as long as the public safety in his opinion may require it and shall remain in force until the board of trustees shall give notice of the discontinuance thereof.

SEC 3. It shall be the duty of the village clerk to provide on or before 30 days after the first day of August of each year such number of metal tags as may be necessary and deliver to the person so paying the license fee upon any such dog or dogs.

SEC. 4. Every dog running at large contrary to the provisions of this ordinance shall be killed and buried by or under the direction of the village marshal and for which said village marshal shall be paid out of the village treasury 50 cents for each dog so killed and buried.

SEC. 5. Whoever in said village shall violate, or fail to comply with any of the provisions of this ordinance or whosoever shall in any way hinder, interrupt or prevent or attempt to hinder, interrupt or prevent said village marshal or any person acting under the direction of such officer from performing any duty required by this ordinance or whosoever shall remove or cause to be removed the metal tag attached to the collar of any such dog with intent to defraud the owner thereof or otherwise to injure him, shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars.

SEC. 6. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with any of the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SEC. 7. This ordinance shall be inforce and effect on and after its passage, approval and publication and known as ordinance No. 19.

Passed July 20, 1891.

Published July 24, 1891.

WM. SUTTON, President.

[Attest.]

HENRY FREEMAN, Village Clerk.

SELECTION OF LAND AND PLOWING.

By prosecution the sugar beat industry, every possible advantage should be taken of the experience that has been gained by others. From this experience we learn that a light, sandy, loam soil should be selected that has a porus sub-soil, and has sufficient slope that will not allow standing water, as water standing upon a crop of beets will almost if not altogether destroy them.

The land should be plowed early in the fall. In August if possible, to a depth of two or three inches, and then harrowed to make a level surface. This will allow the weeds to grow and, by a later plowing that should be done to a depth of ten inches, they will be destroyed and thus lessen the later of cultivation the following season. At the time of the latter plowing is is recommended to sub-soil to a depth of about eight inches. If land is plowed in this way there will be no difficulty for the beets to grow downward and thus secure the moisture required.

If several plowings were given the ground in the fall, each succeeding one being slightly deeper than the one previous, additional good results would be secured. These repeated plowings would both thoroughly pulverize the soil and also assist greatly to decompose any substances there might be in the land, beside destroying nearly all the weeds. We admit that the plan is somewhat expensive, but any farmer can realize it is cheaper to destroy weeds by plowing than by doing so when cultivating the growing crop.

With good selection of land and by thorough preparation in the fall the labor of cultivation will be materially cheapened and much better results obtained.

Land thus prepared does not usually require plowing in the spring unless weeds should be too plentiful, and in that case the plowing should be shallow sufficient only to thoroughly destroy the weeds. The harrow should be thoroughly used and the beets planted as early as the condition of the season will admit.—Beet Sugar Enterprise.

A FAIR FROM THE WORLD-HERALD.

The World-Herald has met with such success in offering the beautiful colored copy of the celebrated painting called "The Russian Wedding Feast" to each of its new subscribers to the weekly, that it has authorized us to continue the offer through July.

Each person who subscribes this month for the Weekly World-Herald for one year will, therefore, receive a copy of this beautiful picture free. The subscription price is only $1. We will be glad to receive your subscription and send it to the World-Herald.

We have at our office a sample copy of "Russian Wedding Feast" and shall be glad to show it to all who may call.

The picture will be sent to new subscribers direct from the World Herald office.

This offer expires July 31.

QUICK AND COMFORTABLE TRIP.

Two new trains have been added to the already excellent connections east that the Great Rock Island Route has been offering to its patrons. The Lake Shore and Mich. Southern has put on a new train, leaving Chicago daily at 10:30 a. m., and the Fort Wayne (Pennsylvania Lines,) one at 10:45 a. m. These are daily trains, scheduled on fast time, and arrive in New York City next afternoon at 2 o'clock, and via the first mentioned Boston passengers reach their destination but 2 hours later. The Rock Island Route Sleeper leaves Omaha daily at 4:30 p. m. Is time to make this important through connection. For rates and tickets apply to J. L. DE MYOTS,

Gen'l Agt., Pass. Dept.,
16th & Farnam Sts., Omaha.

SPECIAL RATES.

The B. & M. railroad announces special rates for the following occasions:

Tenth annual International Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, Minneapolis, Minn., July 9—12. Agents will sell tickets at rate of one fare for round trip. Sold July 7-7 good returning to July 17. An extension of time for return passage to August 31 may be secured.

Nebraska State Fair, Lincoln, September 4-11. Agents in Nebraska will round trip tickets to Lincoln at rate of one fare, plus 50 cents for admission. Tickets to be sold September 4-11 inclusive.

NEW

DRESSMAKING

ESTABLISHMENT.

Having located in Table Rock, and fitted up rooms in the

PURCELL BUILDING,

SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE,

For the purpose of conducting a first-class Dressmaking establishment, I respectfully invite the ladies of Table Rock and vicinity to give me a call when wanting work in my line. My

Prices are Reasonable

And all work will be guaranteed satisfactory. Will promptly do

CUTTING AND FITTING.

Soliciting a share of your patronage, I am Respectfully,

CARRIE FRANCES.

The Daily Evening News is ALWAYS UP TO THE TIMES. Full Telegraph and Local Market Reports, Telegraph News, State News, St. Joseph News, Sporting News, Correspondence, and everything that goes to make

A FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER.

Sent to any address for $4 one year; $2.25 three months; 50 cents one month.

TRY IT A MONTH.

THE DAILY NEWS, St. Joseph, Mo.

31 YEARS AGO

the Threshing Machines then in use were almost wholly of the class known as the "Endless Apron" style. Then it was that Nichols & Shepard, of Battle Creek, Mich., invented and began to develop an entirely new and novel style of Grain Thresher and Separator, which they very appropriately named the "Vibrator."

It was a revolution in Threshing Machines, and from a small beginning of five machines in 1858 they soon reached a product of 1,000 yearly.

Their Vibrator drove the "Endless Apron" machine out of market, and all other makers copied it as closely as they dared. To-day all Threshing Machines of any reputation or merit use the principles of the old Vibrator. Nichols & Shepard have continued in the business without change of name, location, or management, and during the past three years have brought out and developed another new Threshing Machine for grain and seeds, as superior to all existing machines as their former was to the "Endless Apron." They name this new and improved Thresher

The NEW VIBRATOR

and predict as great a revolution in the trade, and as complete success over all rivals as they had thirty-one years ago.

If you are interested as a Farmer or Thresherman, write for particulars, which they send free. Address

NICHOLS & SHEPARD,
BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

FARM FOR SALE

On account of going to Europe the undersigned offers for sale his fine farm close to Table Rock. Said farm can be purchased seperately, one sixty acre piece and one eighty acre piece. Each piece has a good house and other improvements, and the south part of each piece joins the town street called Washington street, and can be used for house lots. First come, first served. For further information call or address:

PETER HOFFMAN,
Table Rock, Neb.

W. H. MAHAN,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

PAWNEE CITY, NEB.

Dry Plate Work with Children and a specialty. Those on hand as they are a block and ready at Business as can be in the State.

Cabinets $1.50

THE ARGUS

IS THE

OFFICIAL PAPER

OF THE COUNTY.

$1.50.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best Salve in the world for cuts bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale By Gray & Carman.

GOLD fields are scarce, but those who write to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from $5 to $20 per day. Some have earned over $50 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of making large fortunes. All is new.

MUNN & CO.
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN
AGENCY for
PATENTS

A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

TO

SHIPPERS AND FARMERS

W. H. P. BALLAM,
18 South Des Plaines St.

WANTED

CHEESE, BUTTER, EGGS, Dressed Poultry, Beans, Fruits, Potatoes, Maple Syrup and Maple Sugar.

Send for Daily Market Report.

L. S. FELLERS'

HARNESS SHOP,

West Side Public Square,

TABLE ROCK, - NEBRASKA.

I have received a new stock of Single and Double Harness Whips, Lap Dusters, Fly Nets Sweat Pads, Combs, Brushes and in fact every thing found in a first class Harness shop.

Call and examine my goods. I will not be undersold.

E. G. DEY & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO WM. WHITE.

TABLE ROCK - - NEB.

Business continued at the Old Stand, where a full stock of

LUMBER, BUILDING MATERIAL,

COAL,

LIME AND CEMENT WILL BE KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Parties desiring to build are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere

LUMBER AND COAL IN CAR LOTS A SPECALTY.

G. R. MARTIN,

PROPRIETOR OF

THE CITY MEAT MARKET

Fresh and salt meats kept constantly on hand

Flour, meal, graham and all kinds of produce

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR FAT CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP AND HIDES, PELTS AND SKINS.

When you want anything in my line give me a call. The best place to sell our Fat Stock, Poultry, Etc. is where you can get the most for it.

G. R. MARTIN

TAYLOR & BECK,

PROPRIETORS OF

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run 'Bus to and from Depot Connecting with All Trains.

State Bank Of Table Rock,

TABLE ROCK, - - - NEBRASKA

DAVID REMICK, President.
JOHN C. DAVID, Vice President.
DAVID K. MILLER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS
DAVID REMICK.
A. B. CLARK.
J. N. ECKMAN.
JOHN C. DAVID.
DAVID K. MILLER.

Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate banking business. Accounts of farmers and merchants solicited. Careful attention given to collections. Loans negotiated on real estate security.

THE NEW CARRIAGE SHOP,

A. F. HANSEN, PROPRIETOR.

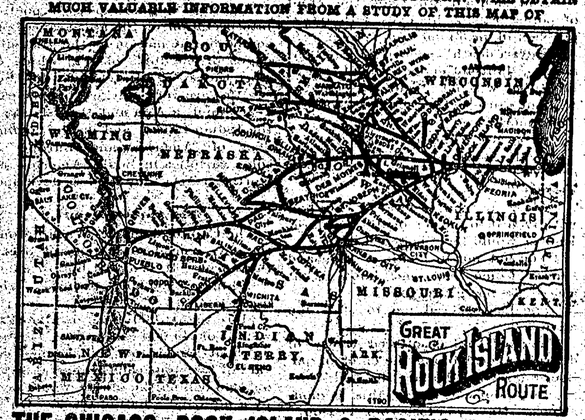
Blacksmith, Wagon, Carriage, and General Repair Work Promptly Done. New Work put up to Order. Satisfaction Guaranteed, both in prices and work.

MAKES A SPECIALTY OF HORSESHOEING, BUGGY PAINTING AND UPHOLSTER WORK. GIVE ME A CALL.

A. F. HANSEN.

A MAN

UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE COUNTRY, WILL OBTAIN MUCH VALUABLE INFORMATION FROM A STUDY OF THIS MAP OF



THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY,

including main lines, branches and extensions East and West of the Missouri River. The Direct Route to and from Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, Peoria, La Salle, Moline, Rock Island, in ILLINOIS—Davenport, Muscatine, Ottumwa, Oskaloosa, Des Moines, Winterset, Audubon, Harlan and Council Bluffs, in IOWA—Minneapolis and St. Paul, in MINNESOTA—Watertown and Sioux Falls, in DAKOTA—Cameron, St. Joseph, and Kansas City, in MISSOURI—Omaha, Fairbury, and Nelson, in NEBRASKA—Atchison, Leavenworth, Herton, Topeka, Hutchinson, Wichita, Belleville, Abilene, Dodge City, Caldwell, in KANSAS—Kingfisher, El Reno, in the INDIAN TERRITORY—Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, in COLORADO. Traverses new areas of rich farming and grazing lands, affording the best facilities of intercommunication to all towns and cities east and west, northwest and southwest of Chicago, and to Pacific and transoceanic Seaports.

MAGNIFICENT VESTIBULE EXPRESS TRAINS,

Leading all competitors in splendor of equipment, between CHICAGO and DES MOINES, COUNCIL BLUFFS and OMAHA, and between CHICAGO and DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS and PUEBLO, via KANSAS CITY and TOPEKA, or via ST. JOSEPH. Through Coaches, Palace Sleepers, NEW AND ELEGANT DINING CARS, and FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS, California Excursions daily, with choice of routes to and from Salt Lake City, Ogden, Helena, Portland (Ore.), Los Angeles and San Francisco. Fast Express Trains daily to and from all towns, cities and sections in Southern Nebraska, Kansas and the Indian Territory. The Direct Line to and from Pike's Peak, Manitou, Cascade, Glenwood Springs, and all the Sanitary Resorts and Scenic Grandeurs of Colorado.

VIA THE ALBERT LEA ROUTE.

Fast Express Trains, daily, between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, making close connections for all points North and Northwest. FREE Reclining Chair Cars to and from Kansas City. The Favorite Line to Fly's town, Sioux Falls, and the Summer Resorts and Hunting and Fishing Grounds of Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota.

THE SHORT LINE VIA SENECA AND KANKAKEE offers facilities to travel between Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Lafayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and St. Paul.

For Tickets, Maps, Folders, or desired information, apply to any Ticket Office in the United States or Canada, or address

JOHN SEBASTIAN,
General Manager. CHICAGO, ILL. Gen'l Ticket & Pass. Agent.

HOME FIRE [illegible]
OF [illegible]
Wrote me [illegible] company in [illegible]
CAPITAL [illegible]
ASSETS [illegible]
E. G. Phillips, Agent.

This company [illegible] winds, cyclones and [illegible] policies on farms at low rates. The stockholders of this company are all men and the home office is [illegible] the state. It will [illegible] or within the state and parties [illegible] fire in the vicinity of Table Rock, [illegible] winds, cyclones and tornados, whereby [illegible] maybe. Keep your money at home and [illegible] the Home Fire Ins. Co. of this [illegible]

E. G. PHILLIPS, Agent.
Table Rock, Neb.

TONSORIAL PARLORS

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOONING

Done to order in satisfactory style.

L. E. FELLERS.

H. C. Lindsay,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

PAWNEE CITY, NEB.

Office Over First National Bank.

Practices generally. Makes collections a specialty.

[illegible]

County Superintendent

Office Over First National Bank.

Office days Saturday, of each week. Examination days first and third Saturday of each month.

G. W. COLLINS,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.

Offers his professional services to the public.

Offers his professional services to the people of Pawnee county. All calls promptly attended to.

J. T. C. NDON

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist,

Will be in Table Rock at Beck's Livery Barn, on THURSDAY of Each Week.

Bring in your Horses and See Me.

W. M. PANGBURN,

AUCTIONEER.

Having had a number of years experience as a practical auctioneer, I will offer my services to the people of Pawnee county in that capacity and respectfully solicit your patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed and prices reasonable. Orders may be left at the Argus office.

Henry Freeman,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

NOTARY PUBLIC AND

INSURANCE AGENT.

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

G. E. Becker,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Insurance and Loan Agent.

(Successor to Eldridge Wheeler.)

PAWNEE CITY, NEBRASKA.

Insurance written in Continental of New York, Phenix of Brooklyn, Springfield of Massachusetts, Connecticut of Hartford, Insurance North America, Standard New York and other Notary Public. Collections, Abstracts.

THE BEST

BLACKSMITH

In Pawnee County.

W. M. BROWN, PROPRIETOR.

ARELIGOUS, NEB.

A WAGON SHOP is also connection and special attention is given to wagon and carriage work.

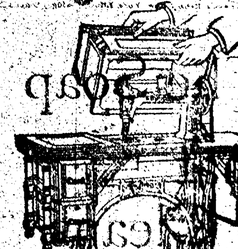
Prices low and all work done in a first-class workmanship manner. Shop located on Center town.

WM. BROWN.

The figure 9 in our dates will make a long step. No man or woman can write a check or document without using the figure 9. It stands in the third place in 1890, where it will remain for years and then move up to second place in 1900, where it will rest for one hundred years.

There is another "9" which has also come to stay. It is unlike the figure 9 in ourthose in the above, that it has already moved up to first place. In fact it will permanently remain. It is called the 9" High Arm Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. The [illegible] exports of Europe to the Paris Exposition of 1889, after a careful examination of the leading machines of the world, it was awarded the Grand Prize given to family sewing machines over [illegible] other competitors, and [illegible] of gold medals, etc. The French Government also recognized its superiority by the [illegible] Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, President of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

The "No. 9" is not an old machine improved upon, but is an entirely new machine, and Grand Prize at Paris was awarded it as the greatest advance in sewing machine mechanism of [illegible] who has [illegible] the form of [illegible] the city for it and best.



WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G CO.
182 and 184 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

1893

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOL. 11 NO 32 — TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1893. — WHOLE No

J. Murphy and wife spent Sunday in Wymore.

Dr. Messler, dentist, at Table Rock every Wednesday.

F. H. Broyles, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Table Rock, Neb.

If you want a good auctioneer see Kirkpatrick, of Pawnee City.

Get one of those soap stone foot warmers at Tillotson, Andrew & Co's.

Don't fail to hear J. Grant Houston's lecture next Thursday evening.

Piles of people have piles, but De Witts Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. S. G. Wright & Co.

Mrs. Emeline Fisher has been suffering from a complication of diseases and is very sick.

The special meetings are still in progress at the M. E. church and are creating quite a wide interest.

Mrs. E. Standiferd has been quite sick for the past two weeks but is able to be up and around again.

C. A. Groont has purchased an 80 acre farm northeast of town from G. N. Walker, paying $2,500 for it.

[illegible]

Remember J. Grant Houston's lecture on the Holy Land at the Presbyterian church next Tuesday evening.

J. A. Kinsey, formerly operator at the depot, returned to work Thursday morning after a lay off of about two weeks.

C. H. Wyman, who has been day operator here for the past two weeks, left for Kansas City, Thursday, being reelived by J. A. Kinsey.

Rev. C. R. Skinner left on Wednesday for Nemeha City, where he will conduct a series of special meetings, lasting for a month at least.

J. Grant Houston's lecture at the Presbyterian church will be for the benefit of the ladies' aid societies of the M. E. and Presbyterian churches.

Small in size, great in results: DeWitt's Little Early Risers Best pills for constipation, best for sick headache, best for sour stomach. They never gripe. S. G. Wright & Co.

Clear Creek is having quite a trust in weddings lately. Albert Harman and Miss Alice Palmer were united in marriage at Tecumseh last Wednesday.

If you are in need of a sewing machine, remember you can buy one of those celebrated New Americans at Tillotson, Andrew & Co's for a very little money.

The Society of Christian Endeavor will give a Geographical lunch social at the residence of Mrs. L. S. Fellers, Friday, February 10. Everybody cordially invited to attend.

The Ladies Aid Society will meet at the residence of Mrs. C. H. Norris on next Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 p. m.

MRS. O. DALTON, Secretary.

Mrs. Fannie Able, of Linneaus, Mo., is a guest of Mrs. R. P. Jennings. Years ago Mrs. Able was landlady of the Able House, one of the most popular hostelries ever run in Table Rock.

$100,000 TO LEND ON FARMS BY THE STATE BANK OF TABLE ROCK AT SEVEN PER CENT, BORROWER HAVING THE OPTION OF REPAYING WHOLE OR PART AT ANY TIME. NO COMMISSIONS.

R. M. Kellog, of Grinnell, Iowa, was a guest, from Saturday until Tuesday, of the family of A. C. Allinson. He had been to Beatrice looking after financial interests there and came to pay a visit to Mrs. Allinson, who is his cousin.

The installation services for the G. A. R., W. R. C., S. of V. and D. of V. called out a large audience Monday evening. The exercises were interesting and impressive. The ladies of the Christian church served supper for lodges in the Fellers building, and an excellent supper it was, too.

Rev. J. E. Darby, of Table Rock, who has been here the past week, is the possessor of a luxuriant beard which flows from his features in waving tresses reaching nearly to his waist. A small but intelligent boy, who is abreast with the history of his country, startled his parents the other night by declaring he had seen Senator Peffer in town.—Beaver City Tribune.

The following are the W. R. C. officers installed Monday evening: Mrs. Elizabeth Fellers, President; Mrs. F. C. Norris, S. V. P.; Mrs. Phila A. Martin, J. V. P.; Mrs. Kate A. Davis, Secretary; Miss Martha E. Mitchell, Treasurer; Mrs. Gabriella Barnes, Chaplain; Mrs. Julia Gold, Conductor; Miss Gertie Boone, Guard; Mrs. Rachel Decker, Assistant Conductor; Mrs. Carrie Ward, Assistant Guard.

Jas. D. Russel was arrested one day last week on the complaint of a Nemeha county man, charged with embezzlement, an outgrowth of the failure of the State Bank of Johnson of which Mr. R. was president. At a preliminary trial he was bound over to the district court on a $700 bond. Mr. Russell came home Saturday and in speaking of the matter says that previous to the closing of the bank a farmer named Goeing deposited a certain sum of money in the bank to be applied on a note which he owed. As the note was held in another place the money was received on deposit, the certificate given showing the purpose for which the deposit was made. The bank failed before the arrival of the note, hence the money deposited for its payment is now in the hands of the state bank examiner.—[illegible]

Thomas Cooper was a Lincoln visitor this week.

Tillotson, Andrew & Co. have a No. 1 horse for sale cheap.

If you have the toothache; see Dr Messler; here every Wednesday.

J. W. Hansen has purchased from A. J. Purcell the house and lot on the northwest corner of block 52.

Three new subscribers were added to the ARGUS list this week—D. F. Wheeler, George Layman and C. A. Smith.

Comfortable rooms and board in a private family for two or three gentlemen who do not use tobacco. Inquire at ARGUS office.

Success in everything depends entirely upon good health. De Witt's Little Early Risers are little health producing pills. See the point? Then take an Early Riser. S. G. Wright & Co.

R. Smyth, section foreman on the B. & M. between Table Rock and Elk Creek, was united in marriage to one of Humboldt's young ladies last Sunday and will begin housekeeping in Table Rock.

While the family reunion was being held last Friday in honor of the [illegible] birthday of Grandma Kerns, word was received of the death of her brother, Joseph Ward, aged 75 years in Fayette county, Pa.

G. W. Mead, of Pawnee City, came over to Table Rock Tuesday and while here leased the Fellers building and will move his stock of goods here soon. He also rented a dwelling house and will make Table Rock his home.

Peter Stevens has purchased a house and two lots from Peter Hales. house and two lots of James Drisler, and two acres and a half from G. W. Baker, all in lower town. Mr. Stevens expects to move to town in the near future.

James Fisher, W. J. Martin and Theron Treat, of Table Rock, are here looking for land and will probably invest in one or more quarters of real estate. They are all known by the Tribune to be substantial and reliable men and any or all of them would be welcome as citizens.—Beaver City Tribune.

C. L. Wemple is expected home home to-night. He writes that Earl is out on bail. The fight seems to have been forced on Earl and he was getting the worst of it, when he got out his knife and stabbed the fellow in the shoulder. Public sentiment is with the boy and there will probably be no further prosecution.

A big, burley negro met a horrible death at the hands of citizens of Paris, Texas, Wednesday. He was placed on a platform and red hot irons rolled over his body, his eyes were burned out, red hot irons were forced down his throat and then his body, clothing and the platform were saturated with oil and the whole set on fire. While the punishment was awful the crime which the negro committed was a fearful one; he carried a little 3-year-old baby girl to a pasture lot, outraged it, and then tore the little body to pieces. After killing the child he covered the remains with leaves and slept until morning by its side.

Had the ARGUS been an afternoon daily paper Tuesday it would have warned our citizens to keep their weather eye on their chicken coops that night for two extra Methodist preachers were in town and as each is as great a lover of chicken as is A. D. Davis, chicken roosts must have suffered that night. Rev. P. Van Fleet came in from Peru and remained until Wednesday and Rev. Kemper came from Tecumseh and remained until Thursday morning's Irish mail. Rev. Van Fleet preached in the M. E. church Tuesday euening and Rev. Kemper preached at 3 o,clock Wednesday afternoon.

Program for the D. V. entertainment, Monday, Feb. 6:

Music	
Recitation	Mamie Sutton
The Soldier's Departure	Tableau
Vocal Solo-Guitar Accompaniment	May Becker
The Soldiers' Return	Tableau
Instrumental Music	Cort Fellers
"Sheet Music"-Duet	Misses Mumford and Layman
The Picket Guard, arranged by members of the G. A. R	
All's Fair in Love and War	Tableau
Music	Violin, Harp, Organ and Triangle
Pantomime	The Hungry Chinaman
Duet	Laura Mumford and Linnie Layman
Two's a Company; Three's a Crowd	Tableau
Guitar Solo	H. C. Montgomery
In the Prison Cell I sit, a scene from Andersonville arranged by members of the G. A. R.	
Recitation	Linnie Layman
The Magic Mirror	Tableau
Music, guitar and mandolin	Linnie Layman and H C Montgomery
Shooting the Deserter, arranged by members of the G A R and S V	
Duet	Allie Fox and Linnie Layman
The Witches of Macbeth—Scene from Shakespeare	Members of D. V
Return From the Forage	By Veterans
Sword Drill	J. D. Longwell
The Army and Navy	Tableau

Admission, 15 cents.

The musicale given by Miss Effie Allinson, assisted by Misses Howe, Bedea, Norris and Dr. Messler, and daughter and a class of ten children, drew a large audience at the Presbyterian church Wednesday evening in spite of the cold weather. Miss Effie sustained her reputation as a musician in this concert. Misses Howe and Bedea rendered all their parts well; Miss Gertie Norris pleased the audience by her fine playing. Dr Messler—well Rev. Presson expressed the sentiment of the audience when he said the doctor could furnish pleasure for the Table Rock people as well as cause them pain. The playing and singing of Miss Messler was of a high order. The class of children showed they had been well drilled. Many people regret that this is Miss Allinson's farewell concert and hope that she may be prevailed upon to give another before her departure.

Fink's Magic Oil for sale in Table Rock by Spencer Ge r[illegible]

If you want a good shot gun for a little money go to Tillotson, Andrew & Co's. They have some fine ones.

Sweet breath, sweet stomach, sweet temper, all result from the use of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. S. G. Wright & Co.

Miss Minnie Boggs' numerous friends will be pleased to learn that she is here for an extended visit with relatives.

W. H. Curtis, one of the old land marks of Pawnee county, now living at Pawnee City, was a Table Rock visitor Wednesday.

Don't forget we have left yet some bargains in dress goods and some bargains in boots. O. D. TIBBETS.

Nothing so distressing as a hacking cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Nothing so dangerous if allowed to continue. One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief. S. G. Wright & Co.

For rent trade or sale—160 acres in Lincoln county, Neb., short distance from good railroad town of Wallace; 60 acres in cultivation; house and well; easy terms; consideration, $800. W. TRILOFF.

Miss Antoinette Wortham of the state board of the World's Fair commissions will address the ladies of Table Rock at the residence of Mrs. C. H. Norris, Monday, Feb. 6th at 3 p. m.; a full attendance is requested.

As it is now nearing the time for painting and fitting up your houses inside, please remember that I am in the business and make a specialty of paper hanging. All kinds of work in my line done in a neat and attractive manner. CHARLES LINN.

Prof. Wmyer went to Sterling Saturday to swap stories with the editor of the Sun and Rev. Campbell. In a theological dissertation with the preacher, he propounded the following question: Why was Eve created? The preacher replied: For Adams Express company. When they realized the awful pun that had been perpetrated, they joyously hugged each other, and it required the combined efforts of a dozen citizens to separate them.

The republican members of the Nebraska legislature have at last got together and are voting solidly for John M. Thurston. The legislature could not elect a better man. The only objection that has ever been urged against Mr. Thurston, is the fact that he is general solicitor for the Union Pacific railroad, but if elected to serve the people of Nebraska in the United States senate, he will resign that position and the ARGUS believes there isn't money enough under control of all the railroads in the state to hire him to go against what he believes to be the best interests of the people.

At a recent meeting of the Table Rock W. S. A., Mrs. Norris, Mrs Martin and Mrs. Marble were elected delegates to the state convention to be held in Lincoln. A motion prevailed to instruct the secretary to write to our representatives in the legislature requesting them to support and use their influence to have a bill passed conferring municipal suffrage on women. The next meeting of the society will be held at Mrs. Andrew Fellers, Feb. 7th. A study of the laws of Nebraska relating to women, is the topic for consideration.

A. J. MARBLE, Secretary.

Do you know how to get the stuff with which to get a great big jag on in Table Rock? Now don't raise your hands in holy horror and say that Table Rock is a temperance town, and does not harbor that unholy thing—a saloon. We know the majority of our people are bitterly opposed to saloons, and that it would be impossible to elect a town board favorable to granting a license for a saloon in our midst. We known too that our druggists do not handle it; that you can't even get "a little wine for the stomach's sake" from them. But the stuff is sold right here in Table Rock and any one can get it. The place where you get it is at the office of the express company, and the manner in which it is to be had is in this way: Humboldt liquor dealers have an agent who visits the town frequently—or indeed, he may be a permanent fixture in our midst; the liquor dealers ship a lot of jugs of liquor to the town, shipped in the name of the agent; each jug is sent "collect on delivery;" the agent circulates among his patrons and delivers orders for these jugs; the recipient takes his order to the agent of the express company, pays the amount of the collect and receives a jug of the intoxicant. The order is to the express agent from the liquor dealers' agent, to deliver to the bearer the described consignment. There is scarcely a time when the supply at the express office runs out for it frequently happens that the liquor dealers' agent does not exhaust the supply sent at one time for a week or ten days. Perhaps the methods of the express company will stand the closest scrutiny of the law, and it would probably be a hard matter to convict it of violating the liquor law, but to a casual observer it looks very much as though the express company and liquor dealers were in cahoots on the deal.

A pleasant wedding took place in Clear Creek Wednesday evening the contracting parties being Mr. Chauncey Wilcox and Miss Agnes Smith. The happy event was consummated at the home of the bride's mother, and Rev. J. F. Kemper, of Tecumseh, was the officiating clergyman, and performed the ceremony with that pleasing grace which should characterize all wedding ceremonies. The home was crowded with friends, neighbors and relatives who were invited to witness the interesting event. After the ceremony, the guests partook of an excellent wedding supper. A large number of handsome and appropriate wedding presents were left to show the esteem in which their friends hold them. On Thursday the bride and groom and numerous friends were entertained at dinner at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Wilcox. The ARGUS extends congratulations to them.

That Table Rock is on the eve of great prosperity everybody believes. Within the past two years she has made great progress, but the coming spring will inaugurate new activities which will bring to us not only increased population but increased capital. It will be remembered that a few weeks ago Capt. R. P. Jennings sold ten acres of clay land to Superior parties, the parties obligating themselves to put in and operate a brick plant here. This morning, the Captain received the following letter from Mr. Cotton, who is mayor of the city of Superior and also president of the board of education, and president of the company which bought the land here:

SUPERIOR, Neb., Feb. 1, 1893.—R. P. JENNINGS, Table Rock, Neb.—My Dear Sir: Have closed contract to day for complete outfit of machinery. We have changed our mind and ordered 85,000 capacity instead of 35,000 per day. I have the lumber to order and will be down soon, as we must begin stock and kilns soon and have yard running by May 10th. There will be three car loads of machinery. Hoping yourself and family are well, I am

Yours truly,
GEO. F. COTTON.

BUCKLENS' ARNICA SALVE.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale By all druggists.

For Sale or Trade.

I have a double seated carriage, new last summer, which I will sell cheap or will trade for cows or heifers. Enquire of

O. W. GRIFFING.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy, a marvelous cure for catarrh, diptheria, canker mouth and head-ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

It Never Fails.

Johnston's Royal English Rushta has never failed in a single instance in making a permanent cure for kidney complaints and all diseases of the urinary organs in either sex. Thousands have tried it.

Meterological Summary for January, 1893.

Locality, 5 miles north of Table Rock, Pawnee county, Nebraska.

Highest temperature	44°
Lowest below zero	7°
Mean temperature	17°9
No. clear days	12
No. part cloudy days	7
No. cloudy days	12
Northerly winds, No. days	28
Southerly winds, No. days	8
Snow on ground No. of days	31
No days on which snow fell	7
Total snow fall, inches	1 50

8th, solar halos; 2d, lunar halo; 24th, solar halo; 26th Parhelia.

REMARKS.

Coldest January since 1887; while there has been no extremes of temperature the mean is lower than usual—only nine days the temperature was above freezing point. Storm periods were 2d, 5th, 9th, 11th, 13th, 14th, 27th to 29th and 31st. Snow on the ground favorable to winter wheat. Month closes with gale of wind from northwest, and low temperature. Respectfully, GEORGE D. CARRINGTON.

IN COUNTY COURT, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew Fellers, deceased.

The creditors of said deceased, and all other persons interested, take notice: That letters testamentary having been granted to John Fellers and Llewellyn Fellers for the estate of Andrew Fellers, deceased; it is ordered that the executors be allowed the term of one year in which to dispose of the estate and pay the debts and legacies of said deceased, that claims against the estate of said deceased be examined and adjusted before this court at the office of the county judge in Pawnee City, Neb., on the first Tuesdays in May and August, 1893, and all claims not filed on or before the date last named will be forever barred from being considered in the settlement of said estate.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be published four successive weeks prior to said first day for hearing in the Table Rock ARGUS, a newspaper published weekly in Pawnee county Nebraska.

Witness my hand and the seal of the County Court this 13th day of January, 1893.

[SEAL.] G. P. BELDING, County Judge.

5t4w.

Anti-Rust Tinware

Guaranteed for three years by Wheeler Brothers

For instance Mrs. Geo. Roger, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. It's a wonderfully good salve for burns, bruises, sores, and a sure cure for piles. S. G. Wright & Co.

Report of the Table Rock School for the month ending January 27, 1893.

ROOMS 4 AND 5.

No. enrolled	69
Average daily attendance	66
Whole day absences	26
Half "	27
Different pupils absent	23
Cases of tardiness	28
Different pupils tardy	16
Visitors	20
Visits by M. of S. B.	1

MAMIE B. SUTTON, Teacher.

ROOM 3.

No. enrolled	47
Average daily attendance	44
Whole day absences	39
Half "	4
Different pupils absent	11
Cases of tardiness	22
Different pupils tardy	7
Visitors	4

MINNIE DEWEBER, Teacher.

ROOM 2.

No. enrolled	49
Average daily attendance	39
Whole day absences	160
Half "	17
Different pupils absent	34
Cases of tardiness	44
Different pupils tardy	28
Visitors	14
Visits by M. of S. B.	1

ANNA PANGBURN, Teacher.

ROOM 1

No. enrolled	4
Average daily attendance	34
Whole day absences	279
Half	17
Different pupils absent	41
Cases of tardiness	44
Different pupils tardy	17
Visitors	12

NELLIE R. GRIFFING, Teacher.

NOTES.

Prof. A. K. Goudy, State Superintendant of Public Instruction, and Justice J. D. Longwell, a member of the school board, paid a visit to our schools on Jan. 2.

The book-keeping class at present is dealing in flour, wheat, acts and acceptances.

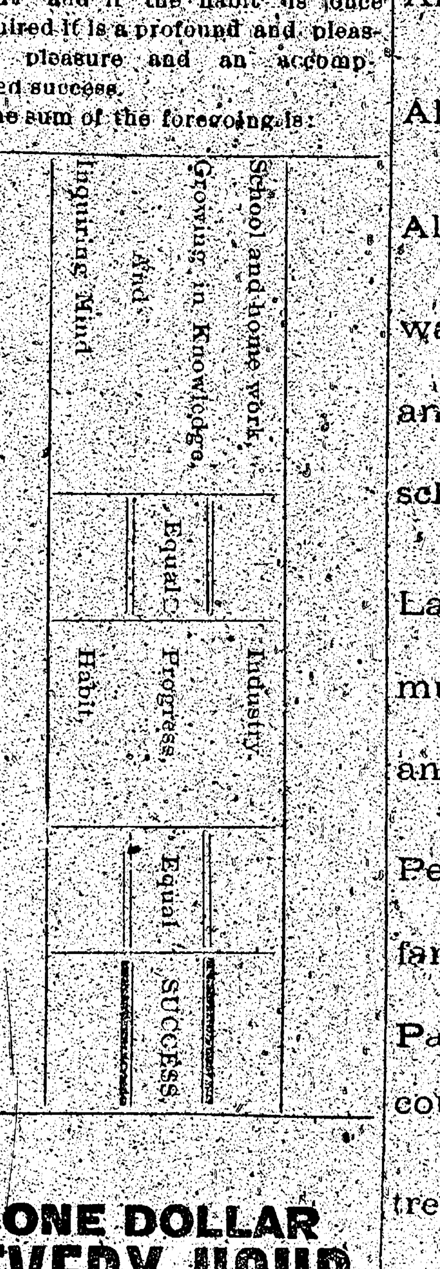
A Swedish lady has for years been the engraver of medals at the royal mint at Stockholm, and many of her countrywomen are celebrated engravers on wood and glass.

Miss Eoline Clark, of Freemont, was elected secretary of the State Teachers' Association at the last meeting. Miss Mary Hasford, of North Platte, served the association for the past two years as secretary.

Queen Victoria is going to send samples of her own spinning and weaving, done when she was a girl, to the woman's section of the Columbian fair at Chicago.

To look up and inquire into questions pertaining to advancement that come to a pupil's mind in school work and by so doing, we soon see them steadily climbing upward on the ladder of usefulness, growing in knowledge day by day which is termed progress; pupils who are so inclined ere long find themselves so drawn to their work as by a magic charm and they get genuine satisfaction to the inquiring mind about some question connected with the lessons and by a continuance it becomes a habit. Now there are different sorts of habits, and you know there are, that is, if you have had experience. One gets into the habit of playing truant and thinks it enjoyable; another gets into the habit of being late and thinks it enjoyable; another gets into the habit of idling away the allotted time and calls it "necessary recreation." But such is not the case with the one who has acquired the habit of investigation; rest and recreation are found only in the change of the mind's employment thus brought about and if the habit is once acquired it is a profound and pleasing pleasure and an accomplished success.

The sum of the foregoing is:



ONE DOLLAR EVERY HOUR

is easily earned by any one of either sex in any part of the country, who is willing to work industriously at the employment which we furnish. The labor is light and pleasant, and you run no risk whatever. We fit you out complete, so that you can give the business a trial without expense to yourself. For those willing to do a little work, this is the grandest offer made. You can work all day, or in the evening only. If you are employed, and have a few spare hours at your disposal, utilize them, and add to your income,—our business will not interfere at all. You will be amazed on the start at the rapidity and ease by which you amass dollar upon dollar, day in and day out. Even beginners are successful from the first hour. Any one can run the business—none fail. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business which we offer. No capital risked. Women are grand workers; nowadays they make as much as men. They should try this business, as it is so well adapted to them. Write at once and see for yourself. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, Portland, Me.

B. & M. TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Table Rock as follows:

GOING WEST.	
No. 13 pass	2:30 a m
No. 15 pass	12:48 p m
No. 73 through freight	1:06 a m
No. 79, fast freight	12:05 a m
No 75 local freight	2:30 p m
GOING EAST.	
No 14 pass	1:06 a m
pass	4:12 p m
No 74, through freight	7:40 p m
No 80 fast freight	12:10 a m
76 local freight	10:15 a m
GOING SOUTH	
No 72 pass	40:5 pm
No 110 accom, arrive	11:55 am
No 118 freight, arrive	6.00 pm
GOING NORTH	
No 71 pass	3:38 pm
No 109 accom	5 00 am
No 117 freight	2:10 pm

Tickets on sale to all points in United States and Canada. J. MURPHY, Agt.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH SERVICES— Preaching every alternate Lords Day at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening. Sunday School at 10 a. m. every Sunday. Y. P. S. C. E. meets every Sunday at 7 p. m. Ladies Aid Society every Thursday afternoon. All are cordially invited to these services. C. R. SKINNER, Pastor.

WALL PAPER AND SHADE GOODS

In great variety and very low at

THE GILT EDGE DRUG STORE

ALSO

Is the place to buy

Pure Medicines

Patent Medicines,

Non-secret Medicines

Bohemian Medicines,

Toilet Articles,

All Kinds of Brushes,

All Kinds of Oils,

All Kinds of Paints,

All Kinds of Stationery,

wall paper at wholesale and retail,

school supplies,

Lamp & lamp fixtures

musical merchandise and fixtures,

Perfumery, Toys and fancy goods.

Patrons are assurred of courteous and fair treatment and goods at

Reasonable Prices at

WRIGHT'S GILT EDGE DRUG STORE.

Sole Agents in Table Rock for the Bankers' Daughter Cigar.

Having moved our stock of goods into the Richardson Building and having largely added to our stock in all lines, we invite the public to call and see us in our new quarters. We have some

Special Bargains

In Cook Stoves to offer you, and carry a full and complete line of Stoves of all kinds. In the

FURNITURE

line we have the finest and best stock in the county and invite your special attention to our

HANDSOME BEDROOM SETS

And Eegant Line of Easy Chairs.

In fact we have everything in the household furniture and general hardware lines and cordially invite you to come and see us.

WHEELER BROTHERS.

State Bank Of Table Rock,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA

DAVID REMICK, President.
JOHN C. DAVID, Vice President.
DAVID K. MILLER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
DAVID REMICK.
A. B. CLARK.
J. N. ECKMAN.
JOHN C. DAVID.
DAVID K. MILLER.

Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate banking business. Accounts of farmers and merchants solicited. Careful attention given to collections. Loans negotiated on real estate security.

THE CITY RESTAURANT,

Thomson Brothers, Proprietors,

Wi Serve

Oysters In All Styles,

AND RUN THE

ONLY LUNCH COUNTER IN THE TOWN

Where You Can Get A Lunch At All Hours

We keep a full line of choice fresh confectionaries, temperance drinks, cigars and tobaccos. Prompt and polite attention given all customers.

We have also added a Library and News stand

TAYLOR & BECK

PROPRIETORS OF

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run 'Bus to and from Depot, Connecting with All Trains

G. R. MARTIN,

PROPRIETOR OF

THE CITY MEAT MARKET

Fresh and salt meats kept constantly on hand

Flour, meal, graham and all kinds of produce

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR FAT CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP AND HIDES, PELTS AND SKINS.

When you want anything in my line give me a call. The best place to sell our Fat Stock, Poultry, Etc. is where you can get thp most for it.

G. R. MARTIN

O D TIBBETS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MRECHANDISE

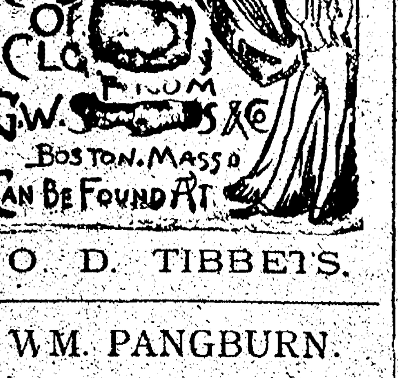
Special attention given to my

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

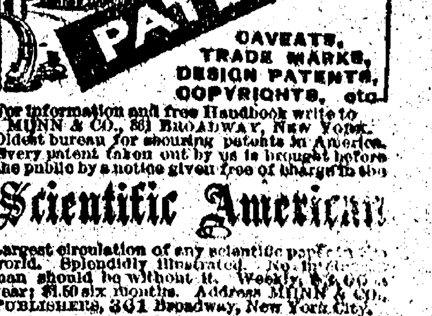
Having built on a Grocery Department I am better prepared to give you satisfaction in that line tahn any place in town.

TEA A SPECIALTY.

IT IS TO THE INTEREST OF CASH BUYERS TO TRADE WITH ME. PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE. SOUTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.



O. D. TIBBETS.



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Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

WM. PANGBURN.

AUCTIONEER

Having had a number of years experience as a practical auctioneer, I will offer my services to the people of Pawnee county in that capacity and respectfully solicit your patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed and prices reasonable. Orders may be left at the Argus office.

WANTED—Agents to sell our choice and hardy nursery stock. We have many new special varieties, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write us at once for terms, and secure choice of territory.

MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

The wind from the North blows sharpe and keen, and bad effects of colds are seen. One Minute Cough Cure so safe and sure, will quickly perform a wondrous cure. S. G. Wright & Co.

H. C. Lindsay,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

PAWNEE CITY, Neb.

Collections a specialty. [illegible]

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS
F. M. TAYLOR, Publisher.
TABLE ROCK, NEB.

NEBRASKA.

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES.

The people of Eagle are pulling for a creamery.

A new Episcopal church has just been completed at Ewing.

A new bridge has been completed across the Republican river at Stratton.

The A. P. A. folks of Columbus are arranging to build a Protestant hospital.

Captain J. H. Culver of Millford is a candidate for adjutant general of the state.

The packing house at Nebraska City has closed for want of something to pack.

Hiram Russell of Superior has gone to California with a car load of live chickens.

A company has been organized at South Sioux City to build a 100-barrel flouring mill.

It is reported that a twenty inch vein of coal has been discovered in Banner county.

It is reported from Banner county that a twenty-inch vein of coal has been discovered.

The First M. E. church at South Omaha burned last week, a defective flue being the cause.

Mrs. D. C. Dogger, a well known resident of Liberty, died of pleuro-pneumonia after a brief illness.

Horses are a drug in the market. A span of fine 2-year-old colts were sold in Crete the other day for $80.

Anselmo citizens want the town incorporated, but the Lincoln land company is fighting against the change.

From January 1 to October 1, 1893, the sporting fraternity is prohibited from killing quails under the state law.

Mrs. Mary A. Armagost of Ulysses fell heir to a small fortune left her by her mother, who died recently in Ohio.

The Pawnee County Farmers institute will be held in the Presbyterian church in Table Rock, February 13, 14, 15 and 16.

The Fremont-Omaha canal projectors have about concluded to draw their water supply from the Elkhorn instead of the Platte.

While burglars were trying to enter a store at Grant they were surprised by the proprietor, but they made their escape empty-handed.

An industrious gang of thieves have been pillaging the grain cars at Omaha and extracting the dealers' profits with aggravating regularity.

Mrs. H. P. Smith of Superior stepped on a wire nail which went clear through her foot, but no serious results are apprehended.

A cracker factory to be owned by home capital and operated by home talent is among the new industries to be established in Falls City this year.

Billy Hellberg, a young German farmer, living three miles north of Byron, has 103 hogs that will be ready for the market in two or three weeks.

The Mercer is Omaha's newest and best hotel, cor. Twelfth and Howard streets. Rates $2 to $2.50 per day. 100 rooms and 40 connected with bath.

Charles Miller of Hartington has been adjudged insane and taken to the asylum at Norfolk. He has been subject to epileptic fits for years, with the inevitable result.

A special term of district court for Boyd county has been called for January 30. Judge Marshall of Fremont will preside, by request of Judges Bartow and Kincaid.

Fullerton will soon have the popular modern illumination. The dynamo building abuts their flouring mill and the machinery will be run by the same great water-power.

When South Sioux City people began to walk across the river on the ice the pontoon bridge company ordered its men to cut the ice and thus compel travelers to pay toll.

Several of the school children at Waunetta have been chewing coal tar, which was being used to roof a building, and as a consequence were taken with violent attacks of vomiting.

E. G. Dawson, while chasing a small rabbit with a large horse and a pack of hounds, was thrown on the frozen ground and severely injured. The horse stumbled and rolled over him.

Mrs. Clara Knapp of Fremont has withdrawn her damage suit against the saloon keeper for selling her husband the red liquor that caused his death. The matter was compromised.

The top price on hogs yesterday in this market was $7.55, says the South Omaha Tribune. It is said that several fat men of the town are keeping in the middle of the road these days, for fear they may be put on the market.

A lady stopped at Superior between trains and left her hand satchel containing $15, in the waiting room. On returning a few minutes later she found to her sorrow that a tonsi vampire had walked off with it. He is still at large.

James Griffiths of Lincoln attempted to take his life by swallowing a dose of aconite. He refused to take any antidotes and medicine had to be forced down his throat. The doctor gave it as his opinion that he would pull through.

Tom King, a colored man who has been working for a building contractor at Fairbury for the last year, was arrested for stealing a valuable cloak from Tarbach's store. City Marshal Clark traced the matter up and recovered the goods.

It has been decided to divide the money appropriated by the state board of agriculture for collecting county exhibits into five prizes, of $600, $500, $400, $300 and $200 each. It is expected that this will bring out the greatest lot of county exhibits ever seen at a state fair.

Cooper & Carrouthers' large ice house at Milford was totally destroyed by fire, supposed to be of incendiary origin. The ice men had just completed the filling of this house and had not left the premises over an hour when the fire was discovered. The loss is about $2,000.

One night this week two well-known printers sat down to a remarkable feast, says the Pender Republican. One ate the meats of a quart of peanuts while the other ate shells. It is needless to say the least was the result of a wager, and the fellow who fed on husks bet on Harrison.

THE CONVENTION CITY

A Great Year for Conventions—The German Population Preparing for a Grand Event.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 28.—There are more conventions held in St. Louis in a year than there are held in any other city in the country. This is the result of the central position of the city, its excellent railway facilities, and the reputation it has made at times of national political conventions, Knights Templars' conclaves and Grand Army encampments for comfortably taking care of big crowds. The hotel men do not raise their rates here nor make three sleep in a bed when the town finds it has to provide for a hundred thousand people. The national convention of the Knights of Labor was the largest gathering of the kind that has been held here this year. Several more are coming. The builders are making arrangements to entertain their National convention, which meets here next month and will bring about five thousand men to the city who are interested financially in the trades concerned with building; the National Association of Electricians will be here after that, drawn here by the city's leading position with respect to electrical interests; and still later, the National Association of German Veterans will hold their reunion here. All of these associations will be accommodated by the hotels now open. Three great hotels are being built, but none of them will be finished till the fall.

The German citizens of St. Louis are going to make this an exceptional year in the way of celebrations. There are two score singing societies here, and nearly thirty of them will go to the National Saengerfest at Cleveland, taking over five thousand members with them. These Saengerfests depend largely on the St. Louis contingent for their success, as the choruses from here are all well drilled and ambitious. At the beginning of fall, just before the festivities of the city commence, German Day will be celebrated by a great national show of processions and music. This patriotic celebration is generally one of the most attractive sights of the year in St. Louis. It is carried out without regard to expense, and the street pageant is a spectacle excelled only by that of the Veiled Prophet.

There is a railway switchman here who five years ago was at work in the yards of the Missouri Pacific, making a bare living. The great Southwestern strike came, and he struck with the rest of the men. While the strike lasted he spent most of his time in his room, inventing a device to close the frog of a switch so that men could not catch their feet in it. When the strike was over he went around trying to sell his invention to railways, but none of them would try it. He was discouraged, when two years ago the Missouri Legislature passed a law compelling all railways to protect the lives of their employes by guarding the frogs in some way. A market for the switchman's invention was opened at once. He is now living in a house that could be sold for $20,000 any day, and last Sunday he was driving in the parks, with the rest of the gay crowd, behind two horses that went by everybody else on the boulevard with ease.

Yet He Lived.

A case of temporary survival of a wound which should have, apparently, caused death, is that of a boy who was picking up shavings in a carpenter shop. He slipped and fell and his head struck against a revolving buzz saw. He staggered to his feet and went to an apothecary to have his head dressed. He said his head pained him terribly. This was not wondered at when it was found that the saw had cut through his skull in such a way as to divide the two lobes of the brain. The boy lived for several days and retained consciousness to the last. According to the commonplace acceptance of things, he should have died on the spot at the time he sustained this most remarkable injury.

A NEWSPAPER'S BATTLE WITH DEATH.—NEW YORK, Jan. 20, 1893.—The New York Recorder some time ago offered $1,000 for a cure for consumption. In today's issue it announces its confidence that such a cure has been discovered. Dr. W. R. Amick, the author of the cure has been conducting twelve tests of his treatment under the auspices of the Recorder. The reported results thus far have been remarkable. The Recorder to-day announces that the complete treatment with medicines sufficient for a ten day's preliminary trial will be furnished free to each physician and sufferer from lung troubles throughout the United States who write to The Amick Chemical Co., 166 W. 7th Street Cincinnati. This offer is made, The Recorder says, in order to obtain evidence corroborating its own test cases and the announcement is creating a greater furore than the publication of Koch's alleged cure.

That's It.

Mr. and Mrs. Shortley were discussing with considerable vigor something Mr. S. should have done or should not do, but lacked the courage.

"Why don't you do it then?" she urged.

"Well," he argued, "I did try to. I've a half a mind—"

"Yes," she interrupted, "that's just it, and that's all you've got," and Mr. S. went forth with angry determination.

An Expert's Opinion.

Our readers have doubtless noticed the numerous discussions by the scientists and hygienists as to the relative value of the various baking powders. A careful sifting of the evidence leaves no doubt as to the superiority of the Royal Baking Powder in purity, wholesomeness and strength, from a scientific standpoint. An opinion, however, that will have perhaps greater influence with our practical housekeepers, is that given by Marion Harland, the well known and popular writer, upon matters pertaining to science of domestic economy, of housekeeping, and of home cooking. In a letter published in the Ladies Home Journal, this writer says:

"I regard the Royal Baking Powder as the best manufactured and in the market, so far as I have any experience in the use of such compounds. Since the introduction of it into my kitchen, I have used no other in making biscuits, cakes, etc., and have entirely discarded for such purposes the home-made combination of one-third soda, two-thirds cream of tartar.

"Every box has been in perfect condition when it came into my hands, and the contents have given complete satisfaction. It is an act of simple justice, and also a pleasure, to recommend it unqualifiedly to American housewives. MARION HARLAND."

New Meaning to Old Sayings.

Montesquieu once applied very happily the old proverb, "Les petits cadeaux entretiennent l'amitie." He was at variance on some parliamentary question with a gentleman of position and influence, but who was also somewhat bigoted. "I would stake my head on it," said the latter to Montesquieu. "And I accept it gladly," Montesquieu replied; "for trifling presents cement friendship."

"Happiness is a perfume you cannot pour on others without getting a few drops yourself."

A MONOTONOUS VOTE.

THAT FOR SENATOR IN THE NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE.

No Choice Yet and No Indication that There will be in the Near Future—Powers and Paddock Leaders in the Contest—The Capital National Bank Failure Creates some Discussion—A Resolution for Impeachment of the Governor—Progress of General Legislation.

Nebraska Legislature.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 21st Senator Eggleston, from the committee on rules, recommended the adoption of the senate rules of the senate of 1891 with one or two amendments. The report was adopted. Bills were introduced: Amending the law relating to cemeteries; to prevent two or more persons conspiring together; to provide for the establishment of a state normal school at Plainview; to secure the collection of fines imposed for misdemeanors; authorizing school districts to fix the rate of assessments of property for school purposes; requiring registers of deeds to keep a general index of real estate owners for the use and free inspection of the public; to provide for the support, maintenance, education and protection of minors; to encourage the sugar beet industry and to provide for the payment of a bounty to beet growers; by North, to amend section 2,173, chapter 30, of the statutes, relating to licenses. Adjourned to go into joint convention upon the election of a United States senator. After the joint convention the senate adjourned until 10 a. m. Monday. Following is the joint vote for senator:

Powers	41	Hastings	2
Paddock	26	Bryan	1
Majors	5	Crounse	1
Thurston	5	Martin	1
Keiper	4	Moore	1
Boyd	3	Furnas	1
J. Greene	2	Thompson	1
Morton	1		

HOUSE.—In the house on the 21st the report of the committee on miscellaneous subjects, favoring the passage of Irwin's anti-Pinkerton bill and the anti-coal dealers' combine, was adopted and the bills ordered engrossed for a third reading. Davis' resolution calling for prompt action to procure for Nebraska one of the branch hatcheries to be located in the west by the National Fish commission, was adopted. The following bills were introduced: Defining the term "land and real property;" providing for an additional judge in the Fourth judicial district; amending the statute on revenue; prohibiting pool rooms and pool selling; providing for special levies for road and bridge fund; providing for the reimbursement of W. H. B. Stout in the sum of $43,285, discount on warrants issued on construction of the capitol; amending the criminal code on gambling; amending the criminal code on assault. After the joint convention the house passed the expense appropriation bill, amounting to $85,000, and then adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 23d the reading of the journal was suspended long enough to permit the senate to listen to a message from the clerk of the house, bringing the intelligence that that body had passed the legislative appropriation bill, and that it had also passed a concurrent resolution memorializing congress to make all postoffices postal savings banks. The following resolution was adopted: That the representatives in congress from the several districts in this state be requested, and the senators representing the state of Nebraska in the senate of the United States be instructed to oppose by their votes and to use all honorable means to prevent the repeal of the act of July 14, 1890, requiring the purchase of 54,000,000 ounces of silver a year and the issue of legal tender notes redeemable in coin therefor, without the substitution at the same time, and in the same act of a provision restoring to the people of the United States the constitutional standard of gold and silver under conditions of free bimetallic coinage, as the same existed prior to the act of 1873; and that copies of this resolution be forwarded to each of the representatives and senators from this state in the Fifty-second congress, and also to the members elected to serve in the Fifty-third congress. Among bills introduced were: To amend section 5025 of chapter 1 of the consolidated statutes; to amend section 4 of chapter 40 of the session laws of 1889; for the relief of the supreme court; to provide for the examination of the office of county treasurers; to amend the statutes relative to instruments negotiable; to provide a bounty for the destruction of wild animals. The joint vote for senator today resulted as follows:

Powers	53	Bailey	4
Paddock	27	Martin	1
Majors	10	Thurston	1
Boyd	4	Miller	1
Bryan	4	Dawes	1
Keiper	2	Reese	1
Hastings	2	Thomsen	1
Howe	2	Keyser	1
Morton	1	Crounse	1
Maxwell	1	Furnas	1

The absentees were Brown, Colton, Campbell, Farrell, Higgins, Kloke, Keckley, Luikart, McVey, Nason, Riley, Wilson and Withnell.

HOUSE.—In the house on the 23d the speaker appointed Felton, Rhodes and Casper as a committee to employ experts in investigating the affairs of the state officers. A petition signed by eighty-eight citizens of Clay county was read and referred to committee on privileges and elections. Bills were introduced: For ditching and draining swamp land and to protect the levees, and to repeal all acts in conflict with the same. Making it unlawful for any railroad company to pass or carry free any person in the state of Nebraska. Making it unlawful for any person to accept or use a free pass on the railroads in Nebraska, and fixing penalties for the violation of this act. To amend sections 175 and 176 of chapter 18 of an act entitled "An act to establish a criminal code," passed March 4, 1878, and repeal said original sections. To appropriate the tuition fees of the college of law of the university of Nebraska for the use and support of said college. To appropriate the matriculation and diploma fees, constituting a "library fund" for the university of Nebraska, for the use and support of the library of the university. Adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 24th a memorial was read from the state agricultural society asking for an appropriation for an assembly hall for the use of the several incorporated state societies, the building to be erected on a sight to be furnished free to the state by the [illegible] of the state university. The [illegible] by Senator Harrison was adopted unanimously: Whereas, There is a widespread feeling of distrust in the minds of the people, occasioned by the suspension of the Capital National bank of Lincoln, one of the banks of deposit of the state funds; therefore, be it resolved, that the president shall appoint three members of this senate, one of each political party, which shall be empowered to employ an expert accountant and thoroughly examine the condition of the state treasury and report the same to this body at an early day. This resolution was also adopted: That the attorney general of the state is hereby respectfully requested to advise this senate: (1) Whether or not the former state treasurer and his bondsmen are liable to the state of Nebraska for the money deposited in said bank by the ex-state treasurer; (2) whether or not the present treasurer is liable upon his general bond as treasurer for the money deposited in said bank; (3) whether the only recourse of the state is upon the said bond given by said bank to the present state treasurer under the law passed at the last session of the legislature. Also, the said attorney general is hereby requested to advise this senate what, if any, changes or amendment to that law are necessary to properly protect the interests of the state in reference to the public funds. A recess of twenty-five minutes was then taken. Upon reassembling the senate proceeded to the house of representatives to take a vote for United States senator. After the joint convention the senate, on motion of Thomsen, adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow. Following is the vote for senator:

Powers	54	Reese	2
Paddock	9	Hastings	1
Majors	13	Howe	1
Boyd	5	Bailey	1
Greene	5	Martin	1
Vaughn	3	Dawes	1
Crounse	2	Miller	1
Furnas	1	Frank E. Moores	1
Bryan	1	Thompson	1
Keiper	1	Keyser	1
Andrews	1	Morton	1

HOUSE.—In the house on the 25th Barry introduced the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, It has come to the knowledge of this body that Governor Lorenzo Crounse did on the 16th day of January, 1893, certify and approve a certain bond given by C. W. Mosher, president of the Capital National bank of Lincoln, Neb., and R. C. Outcalt, cashier of said bank; and

Whereas, Said bond upon its face purports to be the bond of the parties themselves, who are to do business under it; and

Whereas, It is well known that the legal effect of the giving of said bond is to release the bondsmen of the state treasurer, and thereby the state of Nebraska loses, or is in danger of losing, that amount of money deposited in that bank; and

Whereas, Said bank has closed its doors and is in the hands of a United States examiner and is insolvent; and

Whereas, The state of Nebraska, through its treasurer, had upon deposit in said bank at the time it became insolvent the sum of about $236,000; therefore be it

Resolved, That the attorney general (the senate concurring) is hereby ordered to present to the supreme court at the next session thereof, or as soon thereafter as possible, and within a period not to exceed five days after the next opening of the supreme court, which is to assemble on the 31st inst., articles of impeachment charging said Governor Crounse with wilful neglect of duty in not more closely looking into said matter of said bond, with malfeasance in office, incompetency and carelessness in the performance of his official duties. The resolution was ordered to lay over one day. A number of bills were introduced, after which the house adjourned.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 25th the following bills were read for the first time: To amend the code relative to civil procedure; to fix and regulate telephone charges; to amend the code of civil procedure, to provide that 50 per cent wages of heads of families shall be exempt from execution and garnishment; to prevent cruelty to animals; to define the term "real property;" to reduce passenger rates to 2½ cents per mile and to prohibit free transportation. The following was read the second time and referred: House roll 112 providing for the recount of the votes on constitutional amendments. Stewart, from the committee on privileges and elections, reported senate file 1 with recommendations that it pass. Files 5 and 17 were reported for indefinite postponement and the report went over under the rules. Joint ballot for senator resulted as follows:

Powers	30	Reese	2
Paddock	30	Bryan	1
Majors	12	Martin	1
Boyd	4	Vaughan	1
Keiper	5	Dawes	1
Hastings	3	Thomsen	1
Crounse	2	Bailey	1
Morton	1	Thurston	1
C. J. Greene	6	John L. Webster	1
Andrews	1		

HOUSE.—In the house on the 25th consideration was given to house roll 30, a measure to permit farmers to purchase lumber and coal of wholesalers in carload lots at the same rates as regular dealers. The bill was reported back to the committee on miscellaneous relief after a lengthy discussion. The following bills were introduced: General appropriation bill, calling for $1,063,288; amending the statute as to the punishment of tramps; to prevent cruelty to animals; two bills relating to the public health and amending the statute as to the limitation of indebtedness of corporations. Resolutions relative to the death of Representative Farrall were adopted after which the house, as a mark of respect to his memory, adjourned.

GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

Following is a recapitulation of the general appropriation bill introduced by Chairman Casper of the committee on finance, ways and means. The figures in the first column show the amounts appropriated by the bill, while those in the second column are the corresponding amounts voted by the legislature two years ago:

Department.	1893.	1891.
Governor	$ 3,[illegible]00	$ 6,[illegible]
Adjutant general	450	[illegible],000
Commissioner of labor	1,000	8,000
Secretary of State	2,[illegible]50	2,850
Auditor	3,950	3,90[illegible]
State treasurer	600	1,[illegible]0
State superintendent	2,825	13,[illegible]
Attorney general	900	2,200
Land commissioner	1,[illegible]	2,[illegible]
Public lands and buildings	20,2[illegible]0	[illegible],100
Educational lands and funds	6,0[illegible]0	11,0[illegible]
Purchase and supplies	[illegible]0	400
Supreme court	18,[illegible]	2[illegible],605
State library	6,1[illegible]0	6,1[illegible]0
Normal school	[illegible],400	1[illegible],200
Lincoln insane asylum	133,[illegible]	122,[illegible]00
Girls' Industrial school	33,400	50,500
Hastings asylum	120,900	218,890
Norfolk asylum	75,[illegible]0	10[illegible]
Penitentiary	107,5[illegible]0	1[illegible]3,318
Blind asylum	29,0[illegible]0	[illegible]5,400
Boys' Industrial school	5[illegible],[illegible]00	9[illegible],588
Deaf and Dumb Institute	29,740	44,8[illegible]0
Home for the Friendless	27,00[illegible]	52,500
Milford home	1[illegible],750	26,[illegible]55
Board transportation	650	3,95[illegible]
Soldiers home	47,950	78,5[illegible]
Feeble Minded institute	6[illegible],4[illegible]	95,175
Fish commission	[illegible]7[illegible]0	10,0[illegible]0
State university	5[illegible],558	119,[illegible]50
Miscellaneous	167,8[illegible]0	3[illegible],[illegible]57
Banking department	50[illegible]	1,500
Totals	$1,063,288	$1,839,832

SENATE.—In the senate on the 26th the reports of the standing committee were listened to and a large number of bills placed on the general file. The committee on constitutional amendments attempted to smother Dysart's bill providing for the election of presidential electors on a new and novel method, but the author made such a vigorous protest that the bill was placed on the general file. Bills were introduced and read the first time as follows: Repealing the law relating to the deposit of state and county funds in banks; defining the crime of blackmail and providing penalties; a bill relating to certain contracts for the conditional sale, lease or hire of railroad and street railway equipment; to regulate street railways; to amend the laws relating to the incorporation of universities; to amend section 1 chapter 53 of the statutes. The senate then took a recess of twenty minutes, after which it adjourned to go into joint convention. After the joint convention an adjournment was taken until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The joint vote for senator resulted.

Powers	34	Reese	2
Paddock	31	Boyd	1
Majors	11	Thompson	1
J. Greene	5	Dawes	1
Euclid Martin	5	Thurston	1
Crounse	3	Bailey	1
Keiper	3	Furnas	1
Bryan	3	Frank Martin	1
Hastings	2	John L. Webster	1
Andrews	1	J. S. Morton	1

HOUSE.—In the house on the 26th evidences of mourning were present on all sides as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Representative Farrell. Johnson's resolution calling for the appointment of a committee of three, one from each political party, to act in conjunction with the senate committee in examining into the condition of the Capital National bank with reference to state money deposited therein, was adopted. The following bills were recommended for passage: House roll No. 41, Lynch's bill, setting forth the liability of corporations for injuries received by their employes, was recommended for passage without amendment. House roll No. 74, Suter's bill regulating railroads and compelling the building of transfer switches, was taken up and discussed at length, after which it went over for further consideration at the request of the mover of the bill. No. 11, the anti-Pinkerton bill. Bills on first reading: To amend the statute regarding grand and petit juries. Defining the liabilities of railroad companies and abolishing the fellow-servant doctrine and providing attorney fees in such action to recover. Limiting the fees and salary of the clerk of the special court. Prohibiting the pointing of firearms or discharging the same, thereby injuring, and providing penalty therefor. Amending the statutes relating to grading. To compel corporations, companies or persons intending to construct or operate railroads in this state to complete and operate fifty miles of their road every year after the expiration of three years from the date of their purchase of right of way. Amending the constitution as to electors. Amending the statute as to insurance companies.

DR EASTMAN MUST GO.

Elaine Goodale's Husband Gets the Worst of the Fight with Capt. Brown.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Secretary Noble yesterday addressed a communication to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs setting forth his conclusions in the matter of the strained relations which have for some time existed between Capt. J. Leroy Brown, S. S. A., acting Indian agent at Pine Ridge, and Dr. Charles A. Eastman, a Sioux Indian, the agency physician, concerning which there has been a very wide investigation made by the Interior Department. Charges of a serious nature had been made by each of these parties against the other. Mrs. Elaine Goodale Eastman, the white wife of Dr. Eastman, has vigorously sustained her husband in the controversy and as vigorously denounced Capt. Brown, who charged Dr. Eastman with insubordination, refusal to obey orders and with attempting to weaken Capt. Brown's authority with the Indians. Dr. Eastman's charges against Capt. Brown were in substance that he was tyrannical, overbearing and generally unfitted to fill the position he holds, and in this he has had to a great extent the support of Commissioner Morgan.

The Secretary's conclusion is that the good of the service requires that Dr. Eastman shall be suspended from acting as physician at Pine Ridge Agency, and that unless Dr. Eastman can be assigned or appointed to another place that he is willing to accept within the next fifteen days he must resign or he will be removed.

JUDGE WOOLSON IS SEVERE.

Scores a Prisoner for Sending an Obscene Letter Through the Mails.

KEOKUK, Iowa, Jan. 27.—Judge Woolson of the Federal Court yesterday sentenced David Wilson of Mills County to six months in prison and to pay $500 fine for using an advertising imitation of a $10 bill. He also sentenced Fred Morris of Oakland, Iowa, to three years at Fort Madison prison and to pay $2,000 fine for sending an obscene letter through the mails to a young lady.

The Judge was very severve in the latter sentence, saying that if Morris had said in person what he had written the young woman would have been justified in shooting him down; not justified before the law, but no jury would convict her of the crime committed under such provocation. He branded Morris as a coward, who used the mails to administer a stab in the back of one he would not face openly.

Masons of Michigan.

SAGINAW, Mich., Jan. 27.—The grand lodge of Michigan, Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons, in session here, yesterday changed its constitution so as to make all grand officers elective. The grand secretary's report showed that there are now 367 chartered Masonic lodges in the State, seven working under a dispensation; making a total of 374 lodges. The total membership is 34,453, making an increase during the year of 1,150.

Opposed to American Control.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The World says: The syndicate of American capitalists who some time ago purchased for $3,500,000 the valuable concessions controlled by the Amsterdam bankers, Messrs. Wernershorf F. Co., on the island of San Domingo, may have some trouble in gathering the fruits of their investments. The Dominicans are wholly opposed to the transfer of the privileges, as they believe it would result in American domination of the island.

Murdered by Negro Toughs.

CHATHAM, Ont., Jan 27.—Officer Robert Rankin of this city was murdered yesterday afternoon by a gang of negro toughs, headed by George W. Freeman, at the latter's farm in Raleigh township, fifteen miles from Chatham. Freeman had been charged with criminal assault on a 13-year-old white girl, Jan Lezzert, who was a member of his household.

To Investigate the Pacific Mail.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Representative Geary of California introduced a resolution in the House yesterday providing for a thorough investigation of the Pacific mail contracts.

BLAINE IS AT REST.

DEATH FINALLY VICTORIOUS IN THE PROTRACTED STRUGGLE.

With His Hand Pointing Heavenward and His Eyes Fixed on Those of His Loving Wife He Passes Into the Great Beyond—Faith In God and Life Beyond the Tomb Most Remarkably Exemplified—A Death Painless, but not Without Premonition.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—James Gillespie Blaine died at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. The immediate cause of death was exhaustion. The disease which brought about his end was a chronic affliction of the kidneys, complicated with resulting ailments. Death came without pain.

Mr. Blaine was conscious to the last. About his bedside at the moment of dissolution were Mrs. Blaine and Mrs. Damrosch, Miss Hattie Blaine, James G. Blaine, jr., his sister-in-law, Miss Abigail Dodge, the physicians, Drs. Hyatt and Johnston and the nurses. Mr. Blaine uttered no last words. His passing away, however, while silent, was conscious, and was marked by a final scene which gave proof of his faith in God and heaven. The scene was one to which some great artist may at some future day give fitting expression.

Surrounded by the members of his family and his faithful physicians, Mr. Blaine lay inert, helpless and still. He knew that death was at hand. All those about his bedside had put aside the last hope. The physicians had whispered the warning that the fluttering heart could beat for but a few moments more. The dying man's eyes seemed to be the only evidence of life remaining in the wasted frame. The power of speech was gone. The very shadow of death had cast its gray pallor upon the recumbent figure. But the eyes, staring with unnatural brilliancy, turned from one to another of those about the room, and at last fixed themselves upon the countenance of his wife. For a moment there was absolute silence. Then Mrs. Blaine, her eyes meeting the last fixed gaze of her dying husband, leaned over the bedside and whispered the question:

"James, do you know where Walker, Emmons and Alice are?"

There was immediate response, a new light flared into the almost sightless eyes, a tremor ran through the wasted form. For two days the dying man had not moved of his own volition one of his limbs, but now the watchers' gaze met a surprising and a beautiful reward. The right arm, after a second's struggle, rose from the bed cover. The white, almost pulseless hand closed itself, with the long, bony index finger extended. It pointed to heaven, and the eyes gave the answer of his soul to the question of his wife.

Thus with hand outstretched to heaven, and with eyes fixed upon those of his wife, James G. Blaine passed away.

Mr. Blaine's death at last came painlessly, but not without premonition. The attending physicians have said repeatedly in the latter days, since hope of recovery was abandoned, that when the end came it would probably occur with at least two or three hours' warning. This one announcement at least, among many perplexing and contradictory statements, has been verified by facts. The approach of death was made evident to the family fully two hours before its actual occurrence.

It was between 9 and 10 o'clock when the first dangerous symptoms were observed. The family had taken their breakfast and the trained nurse, Mrs. Price, had gone down for her breakfast also, leaving the patient temporarily alone. James G. Blaine, jr., had on his hat and coat preparatory to starting off for his day's duties in the office of the Pennsylvania railroad company, where he is employed, when his mother suggested to him that it would be better to wait until the nurse came up. He promptly acquiesced. Mr. Blaine had passed a restless night and had been pronounced "no worse" even by his cautious physicians. But beyond a perceptible increase of the languor, which had marked his condition during the past few days, there was no very alarming change to be noted.

When the nurse returned from her breakfast, however, her experienced eyes at once saw that the end was drawing near. Both physicians were immediately telephoned for and arrived within a few minutes of each other. The powerful heart stimulant (nitro-glycerine) which had several times before brought the patient out of the valley of death was powerless now. Dr. Hyatt at 9:30 o'clock came out and said to the group of waiting newspaper men that he feared the end was at hand. At 10:45 he lay so still that the window shades were raised to give more light to enable the physicians to determine if life still lingered. Fifteen minutes later they proclaimed him dead.

Returning from the visit to the house of death, President Harrison issued a proclamation to the people of the United States announcing the death, giving a brief resume of the public career of the late illustrious statesman and paying a tribute to his patriotism, which had won for him the gratitude and affection of his countrymen and the admiration of the world, and directing that on the day of his funeral all the executive departments at Washington be closed, and on all public buildings throughout the United States the national flag be displayed at half staff, and for a period of thirty days the department of state be draped in mourning.

Secretary Foster issued an order closing the state departments.

The senate and house adjourned as a mark of respect to Mr. Blaine without transacting any business.

The funeral arrangements, so far as decided, are that services will be held on Monday afternoon and the remains interred here at least temporarily. It is not yet decided whether the funeral will be public or private.

President Harrison said that the news of Mr. Blaine's death has made a very profound impression upon him. While recognizing the fact from the statements of the physicians and members of the family that ultimate recovery in Mr. Blaine's case was improbable, he was wholly unprepared for it at this time, and the announcement had been a great shock to him. He felt unable, under the circumstances, to enter upon the consideration of any public business with the members of his cabinet, most of whom had been associated with Mr. Blaine in the official family relations and, therefore, after the expression of regret and sorrow at the loss sustained by themselves and the country in Mr. Blaine's death, the meeting of the cabinet was adjourned.

Following is the president's proclamation in reference to Blaine's death:

"EXECUTIVE MANSION, Jan. 27.—It is my painful duty to announce to the United States the death of James Gillespie Blaine, which occurred in this city today at 11 o'clock. For a full generation this eminent citizen has occupied a conspicuous and influential position in the nation. His first public service was in the legislature of his state. Afterwards for fourteen years he was a member of the national house of representatives and was three times chosen its speaker. In 1876 he was elected to the house. He resigned his seat in that body in 1881 to accept the position of secretary of state in the cabinet of General Garfield. After the tragic death of his chief he resigned from the cabinet and devoting himself to literary work, gave to the public in his 'Twenty Years in Congress' a most valuable and enduring contribution to our political literature. In March, 1889, he again became secretary of state and continued to exercise this office until June, 1892. His devotion to the public interests, his marked ability and exalted patriotism has won for him the gratitude and affection of his countrymen and the admiration of the world. In the varied pursuits of legislation, diplomacy and literature his genius has added new luster to American citizenship.

As a suitable expression of the national appreciation of his great public services and of the general sorrow caused by his death, I direct that on the day of the funeral all the departments of the executive branch of the government at Washington be closed, and that on all public buildings throughout the United States the national flag shall be displayed at half staff, and that for a period of thirty days the department of state be draped in mourning. BENJAMIN HARRISON.

By the president."

In answer to the question, "Did Mr. Blaine die of Bright's disease?" Dr. Johnston said:

"While there has been, during the last several months, evidence of the disease of the kidneys, a form of what is commonly known as Bright's disease, yet this was not the sole cause of his death. There were other consecutive complications which tended to exhaust him and to hasten the end. The lapses which he has had from time to time were due to heart exhaustion, that is feebleness and irregularity of the action of the heart, accompanied by difficulty of breathing.

"During yesterday nothing of importance occurred. Mr. Blaine simply lay there in a feeble condition, taking but very little nourishment. Indeed, he has taken but very little nourishment since his serious attack of December 18, and this has consisted almost wholly of milk. At no time has he had any difficulty with his stomach and he has been able to digest whatever food was given him. Throughout his long illness he has been able to recognize the members of his family and other persons."

Said Secretary Noble: "James G. Blaine died within three days of the 63d anniversary of his birth, and less than thirty years from the time he entered congress on the first Monday of December, 1863. During this long and most eventful period he held the attention and commanded the respect of his countrymen to a most extraordinary degree, more, I think, than any other political leader save Lincoln or Clay. Like Clay, his followers were loving and enthusiastic, and like them he achieved great success, but failed to reach the limit of his ambition, the presidency. Blaine was highly intellectual and refined. He had great mental discipline and vigor, with physical strength and the courage of his convictions. His learning and experience gave him immense resources of precedent and illustration, and no man was ever more ready to see his opportunity or take advantage of his opponent in debate. The facility and variety of his attack and defense were unsurpassed. He was distinguished as a congressman, as senator, cabinet minister and political leader, displaying great wisdom in counsel and formulated the principles and issues of his party with unerring accuracy. He had epitomized a great part of his public career in his work, 'Twenty Years of Congress,' and added to and perpetuated his fame by the literary value of this narrative. I have heard General Sherman, whose judgment in such matters was acknowledged, say that Blaine's book was a great work, and that he considered that its lucid and incisive expressions and comprehensive and accurate statements gave it a rank with Macauley's history. It is one of our most valuable American books. Blaine was an American, thoroughly and invariable. He loved our country and its institutions. His death will be greatly lamented and the whole nation will do his memory honor. His critics will not be in this country."

NEWS BRIEFS.

The delay in passing appropriation bills is charged to the senate, which, as yet, has done nothing with any of them.

It is now accepted as a certainty by the politicians that Bayard will again be secretary of state.

Lake Erie is frozen this winter as it has not been known to be for many years previously.

Cattlemen of Oklahoma are urging that the Texas fever quarantine line be moved farther south.

The newly appointed Russian minister, Count Conteauzene, arrived in Washington.

The Panama road is said to have been sold by its French stockholders to English capitalists.

Congressman L. H. Goodnight of Franklin, Ky., is very low, and hopes for his recovery have been given up.

Jake Schaffer will play Slosson at a three night's match at balk line in New York and a match at cushion carroms in Chicago for $4,000.

Further details from the awful disaster at Alton show eleven more victims dead and fourteen who cannot possibly recover.

Mrs. William H. Langley, wife of a multi-millionaire of Brooklyn, N. Y., has sued for a divorce on the charge of unfaithfulness.

Senator Stewart of Nevada was reelected by the silverites in the legislature.

The handsome casino of St. Augustine, Fla., was on Tuesday totally destroyed by fire.

Erick Kargas has been sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Dr. Nicholas Meloche, at Houghton, Mich.

Well Regulated Love.

"Gwendoline, darling, do you love me?"

"Have you satisfied my father with regard to your social and financial standing?"

"I have."

"And I am to have the elegant establishment you promised?"

"You are."

"Horses, carriages, diamonds, and so forth?"

"Everything."

"Then I do love you, Reginald."—Philadelphia Times.

NE[illegible]

WATER POWER A[illegible] VESTORS.

ENGLISH CAPITAL SEE[illegible] VESTMENT IN AMERICA[illegible] WATER POWERS.

Recent Developments in the Electrical Transmission of Power Has Given to Water Powers New Uses and Great Value.

"I never felt as if I were out of doors before," exclaimed a New Englander who had just arrived out West. A whole world seemed within his vision. From sun up to sun down measured an empire of domain and possibilities.

No crowding hills shut out a quarter-day of sunlight in the morning and another quarter-day in the evening. God be thanked for the prairies!

Progress has always followed the sun westward and in its march "life grows more intense and time more potent."

Better ten years in America than a cycle in Europe. Two years in the new West equals a decade in the Atlantic States.

Oxen and horses dragged progress through the old East, railroads rushed it through the Middle States and electricity is flashing it over the great West.

In the East crossroads in time became villages, villages grew to towns, and towns, the fittest of them, eventuated into cities.

Here in the West evolution has no part in the process of building cities. Conception and execution are the parents, the birth is electric. Behold the offspring! A city has sprung like Minerva from the head of Jupiter full grown and fully equipped.

Our cities have no history. The East has three epochs of time, past, present and future. We have no yesterday. We know only to-day full of throbbing life and to-morrow blooming with promise. Two decades ago American manufactures were so insignificant that they excited only contemptuous consideration in the Old World. Ten years ago England found herself successfully rivaled in her own markets by American productions. The progress of manufacturing in the New West during the last ten years has equaled half a century in the East. Who has the temerity to predict the growth of the next decade?

Just now we find in Central Nebraska, 250 miles west of Omaha, a young Lowell—baby and man at once. In age an infant, in commercial and manufacturing advantages an adult. This young city has no forests in hundreds of miles, no coal fields in reach. She needs none. She has power measurably without cost and without price. The Platte River, provided by the Almighty and trained by man to do his work, incessantly and tirelessly drives the wheels of Gothenburg's factories. When the men who projected and accomplished this great work are forever done with this world the Gothenburg water power will still be blessing the people and enriching the commonwealth.

Eminent engineers say the Gothenburg water power [illegible] any extent. The power plant has been completed less than a month and already the place is full of strangers seeking locations for mills and investments. The rapidity with which Western people recognize and appreciate business advantages is a most important feature in the West's great growth.

Desire and ability assist at the birth of opportunity. Accomplishment swallows up projection.

Situated almost in the heart of the great food-producing West, about equi-distant from water transportation by the lakes to the Atlantic and by the Gulf to all the world, why will not Gothenburg with its magnificent water power be one of the great milling centers of the greatest cereal producing country on the globe? The agencies of civilization to-day are electric. The rude implements of the past have given place to the locomotive, the telegraph, the steam plow and harvester.

The electrical transmission of power has given new uses and value to the old, time-honored force of falling water.

Our water powers will this year more than anything else attract English investors. A water power to-day will be a water power for centuries. Without fuel their fires will burn on forever.—Omaha Bee.

He Tried It.

"Say, remarked Doogles, the other day, "you know those stories in the Christmas Annuals and such things, where a lot of fellows get caught on a railroad train or on a ferry boat of some such place on Christmas Eve, and have to stay there, and they all sit around and tell stories, one after another—the Commercial Traveler's Story and the Clergyman's Story and the Professor's Story and the Gambler's Story, and all that?"

"Yes."

"Well, it ain't so. It won't work. The scheme is no good."

"How do you know?"

"I tried it. Tried it last Christmas. Just a year ago. Got stuck on a Maine Central train about three miles above Rockland. Had to stay there all night. There seemed to be a pretty nice lot of fellows in the smoker, and I told them about it, and they agreed to try it. I told the first story, just to start 'em."

"Well?"

"Well they told me my story was a chestnut and I was a back-number, and they put me off and made me walk back to Rockland."

The First Mowing Machine.

In 1822 a patent was issued to Jeremiah Bailey, of Pennsylvania, for a mowing machine, and he constructed two machines the same year. It is believed that these were the first ever made.

A Tactful Husband.

Wife—Nothing for me? Then you have forgotten that this is my birthday. Husband—Not at all. Only I didn't wish to remind you that you are growing older, as you don't look it.

A Beggar's Threat.

At St. Cloud—A beggar, armed with a cornet, stopped in front of a terrace on which a large number of persons were dining. One of their number asked him to give them a tune. The beggar humbly confessed that he could not play.

"What! you don't know how to play? Then what good is your instrument to you?"

With noble frankness—"It is only a threat."—La Gaulois.

When a barber talks too much his stories are generally illustrated with cuts.

"German Syrup"

Just a bad cold, and a hacking cough. We all suffer that way sometimes. How to get rid of them is the study. Listen—"I am a Ranchman and Stock Raiser. My life is rough and exposed. I meet all weathers in the Colorado mountains. I sometimes take colds. Often they are severe. I have used German Syrup five years for these. A few doses will cure them at any stage. The last one I had was stopped in 24 hours. It is infallible." James A. Lee, Jefferson, Col.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. Address ORATOR F. WOODWARD, LEROY, N.Y.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY.

Colvin, La., Dec. 2, 1886.—My wife used MOTHER'S FRIEND before her third confinement, and says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars.

DOCK MILLS.

Sent by express on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee. For a Lame Side, Back or Chest Shiloh's Porous Plaster will give great satisfaction.—25 cents.

Ely's Cream Balm

WILL CURE

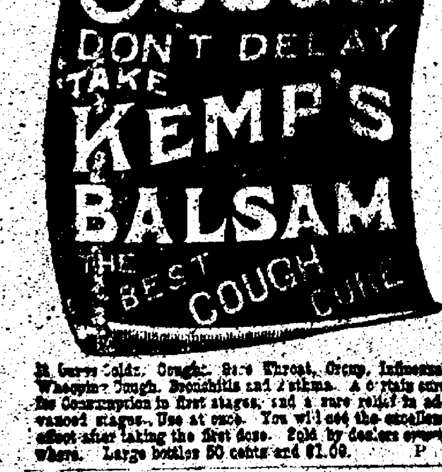
CATARRH

Price 50 Cents.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.

$600 WILL buy 160 acres of rich level farming land in the valley of the James river, in Brown county, South Dakota. This is a snap. Write quick, if you want it, to C. C. FLETCHER, Aberdeen, South Dakota.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

Garfield Tea

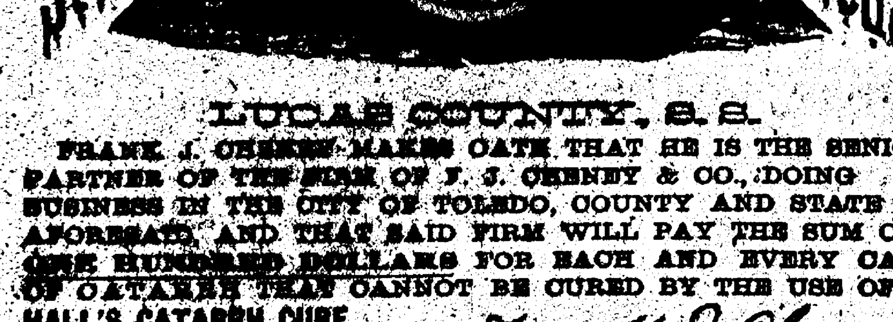
Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N.Y.

Cures Sick Headache

MY WIFE SAYS SHE CANNOT SEE HOW YOU DO IT FOR THE MONEY. $12 Buys a $65.00 Improved Oxford Singer Sewing Machine; [illegible] FREE. [illegible] OXFORD MFG. CO., Dept. A 3, CHICAGO, ILL.

SWEET POTATOES

Sent out to be sprouted on the shares. No experience required. Directions for sprouting free. Address T. J. SKINNER, Columbus, Kansas.



LUCAS COUNTY, S.S.

FRANK J. CHENEY MAKES OATH THAT HE IS THE SENIOR PARTNER OF THE FIRM OF F. J. CHENEY & CO., DOING BUSINESS IN THE CITY OF TOLEDO, COUNTY AND STATE AFORESAID, AND THAT SAID FIRM WILL PAY THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR EACH AND EVERY CASE OF CATARRH THAT CANNOT BE CURED BY THE USE OF HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Frank J. Cheney

SWORN TO BEFORE ME, AND SUBSCRIBED IN MY PRESENCE, THIS 6TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1889.

A. W. Gleason
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the Blood and mucous surfaces.

E. B. WALTHALL & CO., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it."

J. A. JOHNSON, Medina, N. Y., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me."

CONDUCTOR E. D. LOOMIS, Detroit, Mich., says: "The effect of Hall's Catarrh Cure is wonderful." Write him about it.

REV. H. P. CARSON, [illegible]

J. C. SIMPSON, Marquess, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh."

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is sold by all Dealers in Patent Medicines.

Price 75 Cents a Bottle.

THE GENUINE HALL'S CATARRH CURE is Manufactured by F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Insurance Rates.

The clerk in the accident insurance office was busy when the visitor arrived.

"What can I do for you?" he inquired, briefly.

"I want an accident policy."

"All right, sir. What's your business?"

"I'm a student."

"Ah! Belong to a football team?"

"Yes. Does that make any difference?"

"Some, in the rates."

"How much?"

"Well, a policy for $5,000 will cost you $2 a minute."

It is because persons who once try Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, always buy it again, that its sales have become so enormous. The success of this great remedy in curing cold, cough, croup and sore throat is simply marvelous.

More people would be generous if more were honest.

Look out for counterfeits! See that you get the genuine Salvation Oil. Do not let the dealer sell you some "just as good," but insist upon getting the genuine with the Bull's Head trade-mark on the wrapper.

An Echo of the Summer.

He was in the ribbon department. She saw him and rushed to meet him.

"Ah, I have found you at last, she cried. "This weary search that began away last summer is now ended."

"What," he asked in perfect composure, "can I do for you?"

"I want our engagement broken. It has worried me more than tongue can tell."

"Certainly, miss. Is there anything else today?"—Judge.

Trade Mark Case.

Judge Thayer of the U. S. Circuit Court at St. Louis recently granted a perpetual injunction, and reference to a master to assess the damages sustained by the plaintiff, in a suit against Joseph Tegethoff, instituted by The Hostetter Company of Pittsburgh. Defendant Tegethoff is restrained from making or selling imitation Hostetter Stomach Bitters in any manner whatever; either in bulk, by the gallon, or by refilling empty Hostetter bottles, and from the use of the word "Hostetter" in connection with any article of stomach bitters, thus protecting the plaintiff in the exclusive use of the word "Hostetter" as a "Trade-name."

A Queer Happening.

Willings—As I came down street with Billings today, we met a nurse with his baby in a perambulator. The younster is quite pretty.

Dillings—Billings' baby? He hasn't any. What made you think it was his?

Willings—Why, when we stepped off into the street to let them go by, he didn't say a word about thinking there ought to be a law to keep baby carriages off the sidewalks.

Important to Fleshy People.

We have noticed a page article in the *Daily Globe* on reducing weight at a very small expense. It will pay our readers to send two-cent stamp for a copy to Atlas Circulating Library, 118 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

It is not the last drink that makes a man a drunkard, but the first.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemps Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

The best answer you can make to self-conceit is to keep at it.

For Coughs and Throat Disorders use Brown's Bronchial Troches. "Have never changed my mind respecting them, except I think better of that which I began by thinking well of."—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. Sold only in boxes.

Baking bread, cakes and pies became a profession in Greece, B. C. 148.

Chas. J. Bell of Omaha, representing the old reliable State Mutual Life Assurance company, of Worcester, Mass., wants good agents in every county. Write him.

All strength has its foundation in weakness.

Spraying.

The wide-awake fruit grower, ever on the alert for improvements that shall increase his profits and add to his pleasure, will carefully notice the advertisement of Mr. William Stahl of Quincy, Ill. This sprayer is all he claims and is rapidly coming to be universally used. See display advertisement elsewhere in this paper.

Discretion in speech is more than eloquence.

FITS—All fits stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fit after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The only truly brave people are those who are not afraid of the truth.

Brummell's Cough Drops.

Use Brummell's Celebrated Cough Drops. The genuine have A. H. B. on each drop. Sold everywhere.

The society men to keep it must be continually going out.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure, or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 25 cents.

EARLY RISERS

De Witt's Little Early Risers, the Famous Little Pills for Constipation, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia. No Nausea, No Pain. Very Small.

HIGH FIVE OR EUCHRE PARTIES should send at once to JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. T. A., C. R. I. & P. R. R., Chicago. TEN CENTS, in stamps, per pack for the slickest cards you ever shuffled. For $1.00 you will receive free by express ten packs.

HAY AND GRAIN. (WHOLESALE.) Your shipments solicited. J. D. BEST & CO., Denver, Colo.

YOUNG MEN Learn Telegraphy and Railroad Agents' Business here and secure good situations. Write J. D. BROWN, Sedalia, Mo.

Imported Percheron and Shire Stallions, $300, 1, 2 and 3 years time. Imported mares cheap. Hiram C. Wheeler, Odebolt, Sac Co., Ia.

THOUGHT FOR WASHING DAY.

The clothes line is a Rosary
Of household help and care;
Each little saint the mother loves
Is represented there.

And when across her garden plat
She walks with thoughtful heed,
I should not wonder if she told
Each garment for a bead.

For Celia's scarlet stockings hang
Beside Amelia's skirt,
And Bilbo's breeches, which of late
Were sadly smeared with dirt.

Yon kerchief small wiped bitter tears
For ill success at school;
This pinafore was torn in strife
'Twixt Fred and little Jule.

And that device of finest web
And over costly lace
Adorned our eldest when she danced
At some gay fashion place.

A stranger passing, I salute
The household in its wear,
And smile to think how near of kin
Are love and toil and prayer.

—Julia Ward Howe in Youth's Companion

MAT'S HUSBAND.

She doubtless had a woman's reason for marrying him. That kind of reason may not satisfy other people, but it is invariably sufficient for the feminine reasoner.

Sam Toms was what is called "wuthless" by his Texan neighbors. Old Bill Bunn, his father-in-law, himself not a very energetic or useful citizen, used to sit on the steps at the cross-roads store and publicly bewail his sad lot in having Sam for a member of his family. Bill had a dramatic style of delivery that was very fetching and invariably impressed strangers as being very much in earnest.

He would sit on the steps silently chewing an enormous mouthful of tobacco and apparently listening to the conversation of his co-loafers. If Sam's name was mentioned he would give vent to four or five little falsetto squeaks which found egress through his nose; then he would draw in a long breath, puff out his fat cheeks, purse his mouth and give a heavy, whistling sigh; this would be followed by a large quantity of tobacco-juice carefully aimed at some object in the vicinity. These preliminaries accomplished, Bill would rise to his feet, thrust one fat, dirty hand into his shirt-front, wave the other in a sweeping gesture as he lowered his eyes and rolled his head sadly from side to side, and deliver himself profoundly, after the following fashion:

"Ah—hum! That Sam Toms is the laziest, mos' shif'less, o'nery, triflin cuss I ever seed—and yere I've done got 'im f'r a son-'n-lawr. 'Hm-hm-hm!" Another whistling sigh would close this peroration, and old Bill would resume his seat, still shaking his head sorrowfully.

And Bill was more than half right. Nominally, Sam was a cowboy; but most of the time he would tell you he was "jes' layin' off a spell t' rest up like."

He had always been just so—distinguished for laziness in an easy going community—and nobody expected him ever to be otherwise; and it puzzled people immensely when energetic, capable Mattie Bunn accepted him for "reg'lar comp'dy," to say nothing of the sensation caused by their wedding.

Mat, as had been suggested, probably had some reason for marrying Sam; but it is quite certain that she never told any one what that reason was. Sam was tall and big and handsome in his careless, slouchy way; he had always managed, no one knew how, to wear good clothes, too. These facts and his perennial good nature and friendly ways were the only points in his favor. Against him were the points so forcibly taken by his father-in-law, and, also, that he got drunk whenever he could possibly do so, and was morally so weak that anyone could lead him astray.

How Mat and Sam got along no one but Mat knew. Once in a great while Sam would do some work and earn a few dollars. If he got home with it without stopping at the saloon, well and good. But oftener than not he would "drap in jes' t' take a nip 'r two" and that would settle it. At such times he would stay and buy drinks for everybody present while his money lasted. Then he would come home in a maudlin, tearful state of intoxication, and invent some tale to account for his condition and the disappearance of his money, winding up with the promise never to let it happen again. And Mat would pretend that she believed him, and would stroke his curly head until he fell asleep. Then she would look at the handsome scamp for a few minutes with love unutterable in her eyes—the tired eyes back of which were a world of unshed tears. But she never complained—not the first word; the firm-set mouth and weary look might indicate ever so much but her lips never expressed it. And Sam gradually grew more and more useless and shiftless, trusting to his wife's ready wit and fertility of resource to carry them both over the bad places.

There were lots of bad places, too. Twice Sam ran into debt several dollars at the saloon and Mat found some means to pay the debts—only herself knew how. But the second time she informed the saloon man that he must trust Sam no more. And, besides these things, to live—how did they do it? Nobody could guess. Perhaps even Mat herself could not have told; yet live they did—or, rather, existed—and, for the most part kept out of debt.

Sam sometimes worked, but never for very long. He always found some excuse for leaving the place within a few days. He could almost always find another job easily enough, for he was an excellent "hand" when he chose to be—but he did not hasten about finding a new job when he had given one up; not until they were reduced to the very last straits could Mat get him to hunting work again.

One day, Sam left home for a ranch about thirty-five miles distant, where he had heard they wanted help. Two days passed—three—four—five—and no word came from him. Mat was not a little worried, although Sam had often been away for two weeks at a time without sending word to her. But this time it was different; there was no excuse for his not sending a message, as the stage came by the ranch he had gone to three times a week. If he had found work there, as he expected, he could easily have notified her. So, late in the afternoon of the fifth day, she threw her shawl over her head and went down to her father's to find if they had heard anything of Sam.

The old fellow was standing in the doorway, talking to a couple of strangers.

"No," he was saying, "they hain't be'n no person 'long yere las' few days, but what b'longs yere. Mebbe, though, he mout a be'n seed over yere f' Bacon's. Ben thar? No? Wa-al, my boy's comin' in f'm thar purty soon an' he c'n tell ye. Come in an' feed; Jack'll be yere right soon."

Mat stayed to help her mother with the supper, and during the course of the meal learned that the two strangers were officers trailing a horse-thief, who had stolen a valuable horse at a ranch forty miles east and sold it at Pickett Station, and who was believed to have come this way.

As she listened to the conversation a sudden nameless fear came upon her, making her feel faint and ill. As soon as supper was over, she took her shawl and hurried home.

Somehow she was not surprised to find the door open. She entered hastily. Sam was in bed and breathing stertorously. He had evidently been drinking, as his clothes were scattered about the floor, and Mat, looking out the back door, could see his pony standing patiently where Sam had left him, waiting for some one to come and feed him. Mat leaned over the sleeping man and kissed him gently, her eyes full of love. Then she turned to pick up his clothes and put them away. The trousers were heavy, and something jingled in one of the pockets. Instinctively Mat thrust her hand into it, and drew it forth, clasping several gold pieces. As she did so her eyes opened wide, and she stood as if stunned for a time, her heart chilled with the same strange fear that had stricken her awhile ago and impelled her to hurry home.

She rushed to the bed and shook Sam roughly. "Sam! Sam!—wake up!" she almost screamed.

The man turned over and looked at her stupidly. "H'lo, M-Mat! Yere, be ye? Gimme kiss," he said, in a dull tone.

"Not twell ye tells me whar ye done got these yere things!" Mat's voice sounded broken and shrill.

Sam sat up and rubbed his head, looking at her in drunken wonder. "W-w'y, them—them thar, honey?"

She shook him fiercely, and said in a lower tone—a tone of earnest force: "Tell me, Sam Toms, whar ye got these yere coins! Quick, now!"

Her tone partially sobered the man, who eyes opened wider as he asked, querulously:

"What'n hell ye so all-fired fussy 'bout? I hain't done nothin'." And he laughed in a half-drunken, half-nervous way.

"Sam! whar did ye git 'em?"

He sat dumbly staring at her.

"Sam!" her voice was full of horror, "did you steal that thar hoss?"

No answer; but Mat saw by his eyes she had guessed the truth. Slowly the coins fell from her hands to the floor; slowly her head bent forward until her face touched the pillow. For minutes she did not move—not until Sam, who had been staring at her wonderingly, reached out his big hand and laid it caressingly on her head. Then she sprang to her feet, her hot eyes glaring, and her form trembling with anger and horror. She did not speak, but fixed her gaze on his face for a few seconds. He did not meet her look, and presently she turned and ran out of the door.

Sam, almost sober now, called after her, but she did not answer. He got out of bed slowly and started to dress himself. He had almost finished, when Mat accompanied by her father and the two strangers returned.

"Thar he is—an' thar's the money," she said, and passed on out through the back door without looking at Sam.

* * * * *

There was a jail at the cross-roads, it was a primitive affair, but solid and substantial. It was a dugout in the sidehill, and had a heavy oak door and great steel hinges and lock. It was plenty strong enough to hold a dozen men, all anxious to escape—and Sam Toms did not try to escape. He only sat still in the low, damp, darksome room and tried to understand how it had all happened. It must be a drunken dream—but no, he was almost sober, and knew where he was and how and why he was there. But—he could not understand. Had Mat—was it really Mat, who had given him up. There must be some mistake.

The big, strong man finally began to realize it all. He lay down on the bunk and cried himself to sleep, like a child.

* * * * *

It must have been about one o'clock in the morning when some one silently entered the house of old Bill Bunn, constable. This some one entered by the back door, went stealthily into the room where Bill and his wife slept, rummaged about for a few minutes and then emerged from the house. It was a woman and she had something in her hand.

Sam Toms was awakened a little after this by a rattling jarring sound. He sprang up just as the big oaken doors swung back and revealed the figures of a woman and two saddle-horses.

"I come fer ye, Sam," said the woman, with a sob. "I done brung both ponies an' ou' clo'es. Le's go, Sam; we c'n git 'cross th' rivah befo' mawnin'. Come."

He clasped her in his arms, and they clung to each other a little while. Then Mat said, more steadily:

"Come, Sam. Le's go ovah t' Mexico—an' mebbe we c'n try an' do better ovah there.

And they rode forth in the bright free moonlight, down towards the Rio Grande.—R. L. Ketchum in the Argonaut.

A Queer Accident.

In Berlin the other day a workman was boring a hole in a wooden wall in order to put in a screw, when he received a strong shock, and, ignorant of the cause, he left the gimlet in the hole and fled. At the same time the electric clock of the "Urania" opposite the house suddenly stopped, and the electricians who manage the clock for a long time could not imagine what was the matter. The workman while boring had pierced the thin wooden wall and the lead covering of the electric cable which regulates the Urania clock, and at the same time slightly touched a "light cable" with his gimlet. In this way communication was established between the two cables and the strong current from the "light cable" was led into the clock cable, when, proving far too strong for the clock, it stopped the works. The clock company had provided for the protection of the cables, but had never thought of such an unexpected accident.—London News.

Reward of Virtue.

Little Dick—I told mamma what a good boy I was to-day and she gave me a penny, and then I gave it to Johnny Stout if he'd commence goin' to school.

Little Dot—What good will that do?

Little Dick—When I tell mamma that Johnny Stout is goin' to school she'll keep me home, 'cos Johnny Stout's brother's got the measles.—Good News.

A Chance Not to Be Missed.

"Hello, Ma Graball, you are early abroad this morning."

"Yes, I'm going to the dentist's to have a tooth drawn."

"Ha, troubled with toothache?"

"No, but Forceps is drawing teeth free to-day, and I can't let such a chance as that slip."

CAME BACK TO BE SHOT.

A Touching Story of a Gavroche of the French Commune.

The order had been issued to Paris in 1871 by the new republican authorities that communist insurgents who were taken with arms in their hands should be put to death immediately. The order was being relentlessly executed when in the garden of the Elysee Palace a detachment of republican troops came upon a small band of insurgents. Among them was a boy of 15 years, still in short trousers.

The band was conducted to a larger party of communists destined for execution. On the way the 15-year-old broke out from among his companions and placed himself in front of the colonel who commanded the escort. Making the military salute with a good deal of grace, he said:

"Mister, you're going to shoot me, I suppose?"

"Certainly, my lad," said the colonel. "Taken with arms in your hands it's all up with you. That is the order."

"All right!" said the boy, "but see here; I live in Miromesnil street, where my mother is concierge in a house. She'll wait for me if I don't come home and she'll worry a great deal. I just want to go home and quiet her a bit, you know, and then again, I've got my watch here; I'd like to give it to my mother, so she'll have as much as that anyway. Come, colonel, let me run home a little while. I give you my word of honor I'll come back to be shot!"

The colonel was struck with astonishment at the boy's demand. It also began to amuse him a good deal.

"You give your word of honor, eh, that you'll return in time to be executed?"

"My word of honor, mister!"

"Well, well," said the colonel, "this young scamp has wit as well as assurance. A rather young rebel to shoot, too." "Well, his assurance has saved him. Go home, boy!"

The youth bowed and scampered off. "The last we shall see of him," said the colonel.

Half an hour passed by; the colonel, who was now indoors in his headquarters had forgotten in the press of his terrible business all about the boy, whom he regarded as having been definitely set free. But all at once the door opened and the boy communist popped in.

"Here I am, mister!" he exclaimed. "I saw mamma, told her, gave her the watch and kissed her. Now I'm ready."

Then the colonel did what perhaps none but a rough soldier would have done. He rose, came over to the boy, seized him by both ears, led him thus to the door and kicked him out of it, exclaiming:

"Get out, you young brigand! Get back to your mother as quick as you can!"

With a red face the officer returned to his chair, muttering to his companions as he waved his hand toward a party of the condemned insurgents: "So they have their heroes, then—those scoundrels!"

RIDING A CAMEL.

It Is a Sad and Solemn Experience Full of Sore Bones.

There is something inexpressively repelling in the supercilium triste of a camel as he looks scornfully at you with his nose in the air. But I overcame my repugnance and mounted one after receiving careful instructions how to retain my seat while the brute was getting up. It was well enough while he walked, but when he began to trot at a brisk pace I devoutly wished myself astride a humbler animal. But how was I to stop him? There was no bridle, only a rope attached to the left side of the brute's mouth. At that rope I tugged, with the effect merely of making my camel trot off to the left.

I had been told that if I wished to make him go to the right I must hit him on the left side of the head with a very short stick with which I had been provided for the purpose. But that was more easily said than done. How was I, from my giddy perch, to reach the creature's head across that long stretch of neck? I tried it and nearly lost my balance for my pains—no joke at a height of some ten feet above the pebbly sand. One of the officers, however, saw my plight, stopped, uttered some gurgling sound, and then the camel, exposing his teeth and protesting vigorously, knelt down and I dismounted, silently vowing that never again would I choose that mode of locomotion. My deliverer who exchanged his donkey for my camel, laughed heartily at my discomfiture. But I had my revenge speedily, for in the exuberance of his gaiety he allowed the camel to rise unexpectedly, and was pitched head over heels on the ground. He was not hurt, and he joined in the laugh against himself as heartily as he had laughed at me.

Lobster Breeding a Science.

During the past ten years there has been a great falling off in the supply of lobsters until the price has increased fully 100 per cent. This applies alike to the New York market, to the waters along the New England coast and in Canada and Newfoundland where lobster fishing and canning is an important industry. The necessity for increasing the supply of lobsters is generally recognized and two methods are proposed for accomplishing this object. One is the enactment of laws which will check the depletion of the lobster beds by overfishing and the other is artificial propagation.

Considerable success has been achieved in the line of artificial propagation. The United States fish commissioner's hatchery at Wood's Holl, Mass., provides about 3,000,000 young lobsters each year, and these are all placed in Vineyard sound and Buzzard's bay owing to the improvement of the species in that vicinity.—Scientific American.

London's Fog and Smoke.

The latest solution proposed for the London fog and smoke nuisances is the use of gas for all cooking, heating and laundry purposes. The author of the scheme would make it compulsory. He estimates that it would cost only $120,000,000 to buy up the gas companies, and the cost of the new plant to enable the whole of the 9,000,000 tons of coal now burned in London to be consumed as gas would be $55,000,000 more. Gas as a result would be cheapened, smoke would disappear, $20,000,000 would be saved outright each year, and London life would be lived in sunlight by day and the lovely glow of electricity by night.

The Months of the Year.

Sheridan's little skit giving the characteristic of each month is as applicable now and in this latitude as it was when he wrote it for England:

January, snowy; February, flowy; March, blowy;
April, showery; May, flowery; June, bowery;
July, moppy; August, croppy; September, poppy;
October, breezy; November, wheezy; December, frizzy.

Governor Hardin Was Touched.

The late ex-Gov. Hardin of Missouri did many things for his state during his long and busy life, and he was especially proud of the college for women which he founded and which bears his name. But he felt that his work was not appreciated and he showed his sensitiveness on this point in a touching way when, one commencement day, a lady stepping up to him said: "Gov. Hardin, I wish to thank you for this splendid institution and to say that my daughters owe to you a debt they can never repay." The white-haired old governor held the matron's hand in silence for a moment, while tears came to his eyes as he answered: "Madam, you are the first person to express such a sentiment to me."

A Forgotten Authoress.

An author who has suffered the common doom of forgetfulness, Mrs. Caroline Hyde Butler Laing, has died in her daughter's home in Germantown, Pa., at a great age. Caroline Hyde married Edward Butler, and they made their home at Northampton for many years. After his death she removed to New York and became one of the literary workers of her day, contributing stories and other matter to such magazines as Putnam's. Later she married Hugh Laing, a dry goods merchant, and they lived in Brooklyn until his death. One of her daughters married the poet and painter, Thomas Buchanan Read, and with her Mrs. Laing dwelt in Rome. Her child's history of that city was thirty years ago in great favor.

Cypher Correspondence.

It has recently been pointed out that the typewriter may be made very useful for cypher correspondence. This plan is to use a cypher which depends on substituting certain letters for others. Then, on an ordinary typewriter, transpose types on the top, so that the key marked A, for instance, shall print L, the key marked B print M, and so on, according to the cypher. The person receiving the letter has his typewriter set in just the opposite way, that is, so that L will print A, etc. Then, by striking the keys of his machine which correspond with the letters sent him, he prints off the real letter as first composed. No time is wasted in translating. The machine does it all.

Chicago lawyers have adopted resolutions calling on President Harrison to resign so that Morton can appoint him to the supreme bench.

Pain Self-Inflicted.

This is supposed to be an age of enlightenment. Yet the half civilized persistence with which hosts of people keep dosing themselves on small occasion, argues a blind credulity characteristic of the dark ages. Constipation has a myriad of alleged curatives, which in a nauseous dose merely evacuate the bowels—this operation being preceded by pain and followed by weakness—the latter an effect of their excessive, violent action. Podyphyllin, aloes, gamboge embodied in the form of pills, bluemass, calomel—these are among the violent medicaments for which should be substituted Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, most genial laxative extant, never griping, and resembling in its action an effort of nature in her happiest mood. This benign and thorough medicine is also an antidote to malaria and rheumatism, gives strength to the system, renders digestion perfect and regulates the kidneys and bladder.

A Kind Suggestion.

Fakir. "Don't yer vant to puy somedings?"

Dude. "No. I've got everything I need."

"Don't yer vant to puy a fine razor?"

"I never shave myself."

"But maybe you vants to commit suicide some day."—Texas Siftings.

The Modern Invalid

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physician; if constipated he uses the gentle family laxative Syrup of Figs.

The only opinions that weigh much are those we have the courage to express.

To be Plump, Rosy and Strong

Use JOHN C. BAKER & Co.'s Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil. Insist on Baker's. Sold by druggists.

For every fault we can point out in others we have two of our own.

We eat too much and take too little outdoor exercise. This is the fault of our modern civilization. It is claimed that Garfield Tea, a simple herb remedy, helps Nature to overcome these abuses.

Millions are glad to see the sun, but nobody cares much for a comet.

Lane's Medicine Moves the Bowels Each Day.

In order to be healthy this is necessary. Cures constipation, headache, kidney and liver troubles and regulates the stomach and bowels. Price 50c and $1.00, at all dealers.

If you want to keep out of darkness, never let the sun go down on your wrath.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth,

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething.

J. G. Peppard, Kansas City, Mo., is the only exclusive dealer in Grass Seeds in the west. He makes a specialty of Millet, Cane, Clover and Timothy Seeds.

Earthworms have done more to benefit man than elephants.

None But Royal

Baking Powder is absolutely pure. No other equals it, or approaches it in leavening strength, purity, or wholesomeness. (See U. S. Gov't Reports.) No other is made from cream of tartar specially refined for it and chemically pure. No other makes such light, sweet, finely-flavored, and wholesome food. No other will maintain its strength without loss until used, or will make bread or cake that will keep fresh so long, or that can be eaten hot with impunity, even by dyspeptics. No other is so economical.

The Baking Powders now being offered in this vicinity, with the statement that they are "as good as Royal," have been shown by the official analyses to be composed of alum and detrimental to health.

The official chemists of the United States and Canada, State analysts, municipal boards of health, and physicians indorse the great qualities of the Royal Baking Powder.

All cannot possess a

$10,000 Souvenir

(This sum was paid for the first World's Fair Souvenir Coin minted.)

in the shape of a coin, but many can have fac-similes of this valuable work of art—only special coin ever issued by the U. S. Government—for $1 each.

United States Government

World's Fair Souvenir Coins—

The Official Souvenir of the Great Exposition—

5,000,000 of which were donated to the World's Columbian Exposition by the Government, are being rapidly taken by an enthusiastically patriotic people.

As there early promised to be a demand for these Souvenirs that would render them very valuable in the hands of speculators, the Exposition Authorities decided to place the price at

$1.00 for Each Coin

and sell them direct to the people, thus realizing $5,000,000, and using the additional money for the further development of the Fair.

Considering the fact that there were but *5,000,000* of these coins to be distributed among *65,000,000* people, in this country alone (to say nothing of the foreign demand,) and that many have already been taken, those wishing to purchase these mementoes of our Country's Discovery and of the grandest Exposition ever held, should secure as many as they desire at once.

For Sale Everywhere

Realizing that every patriotic American will want one or more of these coins, and in order to make it convenient for him to get them, we have made arrangements to have them sold throughout the country by all the leading Merchants and Banks. If not for sale in your town, send $1.00 each for *not less than five coins*, by Post-office or Express Money-order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft, with instructions how to send them to you, *all charges prepaid*, to

Treasurer World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, Ill.

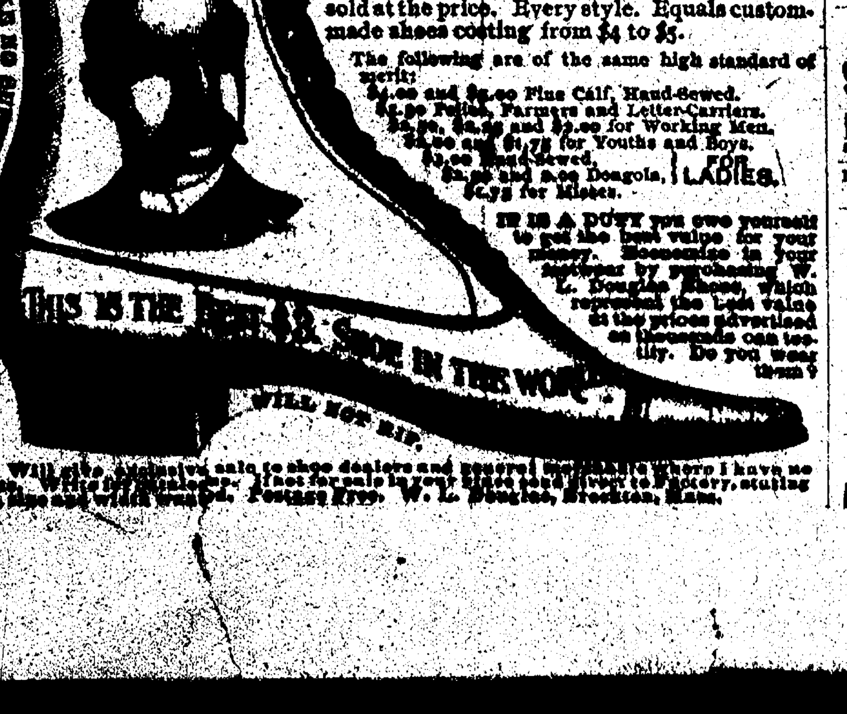
BEWARE OF FRAUD. Ask for, and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

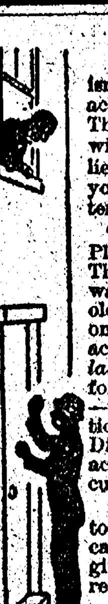
A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

The following are of the same high standard of merit:
$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers.
$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 for Working Men.
$2.00 and $1.75 for Youths and Boys.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed, $2.50 and $2.00 Dongola, $1.75 for Misses. FOR LADIES.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?



Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.



A DISTURBANCE isn't what you want, if your stomach and bowels are irregular. That's about all you get, though, with the ordinary pill. It may relieve you for the moment, but you're usually in a worse state afterward than before.

This is just where Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets do most good. They act in an easy and natural way, very different from the huge, old-fashioned pills. They're not only pleasanter, but there's no reaction afterward, and their help lasts. One little sugar-coated pellet for a gentle laxative or corrective—three for a cathartic. Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, Dizziness, Sick and Bilious Headaches, are promptly relieved and cured.

They're the smallest, the easiest to take—and the *cheapest* pill you can buy, for they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

You pay only for the good you get.

AN OPEN OFFER.

It is a fact that more than one-half the human race die from pulmonary trouble. It is important therefore that you should guard against the first symptoms of taking cold. When you do take cold, get a bottle of Reid's German Cough and Kidney Cure. If you are unable to find it at your druggists, write your name plainly on a postal card, send it to the Sylvan Remedy Co., Peoria, Ill., and we will send you by return mail, free a trial bottle. We do this because we want you to try this great remedy, for it is the best thing in the world. It is the only cough remedy on the market that contains no poison.

Unlike the Dutch Process

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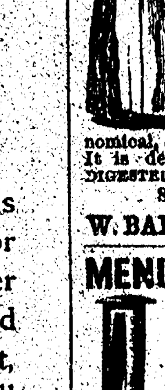

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which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

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MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS

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No tools required. Only a hammer needed to drive and clinch them easily and quickly; leaving the clinch absolutely smooth. Requiring no hole to be made in the leather nor burr for the Rivets. They are STRONG, TOUGH and DURABLE. Millions now in use. All lengths, uniform or assorted, put up in boxes.

Ask your dealer for them, or send 40c. in stamps for a box of 100; assorted sizes.

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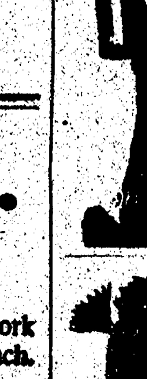

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Positively Cured with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured thousands of cases. Cure cases pronounced hopeless by best physicians. From first dose symptoms disappear; in ten days at least two-thirds all symptoms removed. Send for free book testimonials of miraculous cures. Ten days' treatment free by mail. If you order trial send 10c in stamps to pay postage. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Atlanta, Ga. If you order trial return this advertisement to us.

At ¼ Price

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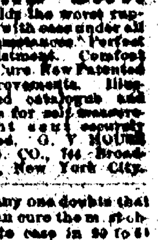


Illustrated catalogue showing Well Augers, Rock Drills, Hydraulic and Jetting Machinery, Wind Mills, etc., SENT FREE. Have been tested and all warranted. THE PECH MFG. CO., Sioux City, Iowa. 54 S. Canal St., Chicago.

WORN NIGHT AND DAY.

Holds the worst rupture with ease under all circumstances. Perfect Adjustment. Comfort and Cure. New Patented Improvements. Illustrated catalogue and rules for self-measurement sent securely sealed. G. V. HOUSE MFG. CO., 744 Broadway, New York City. (PATENTED.) ELASTIC TRUSS

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY.

If any one doubts that we can cure the most obstinate case in 20 to 60 days, let him write for particulars and investigate our reliability. Our financial backing is $500,000. When mercury, iodide potassium, sarsaparilla or Hot Springs fail, we guarantee a cure—and our Magic Cyphilene is the only thing that will cure permanently. Positive proof sent sealed, free. COOK REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED from 15 to 25 lbs. per month. Harmless treatment (by practicing physician). No starving. Thousands cured. Send 6c in stamps. O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., Mail Dept. B, McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.

GRIND YOUR OWN Bone, Meal, Oyster Shells, Graham Flour and Corn in the $5 HAND MILL (F. Wilson's Patent). 100 per cent. more made in keeping Poultry. Also POWER MILLS and FARM FEED MILLS. Circulars and Testimonials sent on application. WILSON BROS., Easton, Pa.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

J. H. TAYLOR, Editor.

Issued every Friday morning at Table Rock, Nebraska.

Terms: $1.00 per Year, in advance

Guiteau has returned to the United States.

There are only two periods when Table Rock is regarded as being in Pawnee county—election time and tax-paying season.

How long will the people of Pawnee county submit to the robbery practiced by the board of county commissioners in letting county contracts.

It costs the people of Pawnee county $10,000 a year more than it ought because of the reckless extravagance of the county commissioners in arbitrarily letting county contracts.

Now we can die in peace. A Pawnee county man was sprung in the legislature for United States senator last Saturday and received one vote. Clarke of Douglas changed his vote from Crounse to H. C. Wortham.

Boyd county's commissioners passed resolutions to the effect that the present legislature had ignored and disfranchised the people of that county, therefore the county treasurer is instructed to not turn over any state money or make any settlement with the state treasurer until such time as the bar to representation is removed.

A dispatch from Lincoln to the Kansas City Star says: General Thayer, ex-governor and ex-United States senator, is lying sick at the humble home of an old soldier, who had been his messenger. His wife died recently. His sons are in the South and not aware of his illness and if any of the politicians who profited by his favors know that he is sheltered in this humble abode they have failed to offer him a fitter place.

Hawaii has indulged in the pastime of dethroning its queen during the week and the triumphant party has made application for admission to the United States. Carl Spreckles, the sugar king, is largely interested in having the request granted. A number of the prominent senators are said to be favorable to taking the little republic under the stars and stripes. A great many Chinamen are among the inhabitants and there are other objections to the annexation scheme which should cause our congress to move slowly in the matter.

There has very evidently been some mismanagement in the conduct of the county treasurer's office in Pawnee county at some time in the past and before any sale of property for taxes is made there should be a thorough investigation of the [illegible] office. There are [illegible] delinquent taxes [illegible] the county, upon which the books show taxes due for years that officers of the county hold the treasurer's receipt as having been paid. These discrepancies do not appear for recent years but run from ten to twenty-five years back. Now that a delinquent tax purchaser has appeared, wanting to buy all delinquent taxes in the county, every possible effort should be made to rectify these errors before involving property owners in an unjust expense. Let an expert accountant be employed to examine the books—the saving of many lawsuits will justify the expense. The work is not in the province of the treasurer, but should be the duty of the board of commissioners it should be done at once, and the old score squared up. Another thing let property owners gather up their old receipts and let them be examined by the examiners. The Argus knows there is a process of refunding taxes paid under protest but the process is not equal to the emergency and some means should be inaugurated by which immediate and positive redress should be given the people.

James G. Blaine died at his home in Washington Friday morning. Although not unexpected, the news of his death will [illegible] rapidly throughout the country. For thirty years he has been a leader in the political affairs of the nation, attracting the attention of the world by the power of his character and ambition to himself the largest personal following ever acquired by an American. He began life as a school teacher, became editor of the Kennebec Journal, was elected to serve his state in the legislature; was elected to congress; served six years as speaker; was elected to the senate from which he was selected for secretary of state by President Garfield, and resigned when Arthur became president; then he wrote "Twenty Years in Congress"—a work in itself sufficient to secure him a place among the great names of this century. In 1884 he was republican candidate for president but was defeated by Grover Cleveland. When President Harrison became president Blaine became secretary of state which he resigned just before the Minneapolis convention. His funeral occurred Monday and his remains were buried in Oakhill cemetery. His life work is done, but as long as American institutions endure [illegible] will the name of [illegible] be revered [illegible] people. [illegible] Pawnee [illegible] to the memory [illegible] Blaine.

Judge [illegible] Nemaha died at his home in [illegible] Friday morning. Although not unexpected, the news of his death will [illegible] rapidly throughout the county. For thirty years he has been a leader in the political affairs of the county, attracting the attention of the world by the power of his character and ambition to himself the largest personal following ever acquired by an American. He began life as a school teacher, became editor of the Nemaha Journal, was elected to serve his state in the legislature; was elected to congress; served six years as speaker; was elected to the senate from which he was selected for secretary of state by President Garfield, and resigned when Arthur became president; then he wrote "Twenty Years in Congress"—a work in itself sufficient to secure him a place among the great names of this century. In 1884 he was republican candidate for president but was defeated by Grover Cleveland. When President Harrison became president Dingman became secretary of state which he resigned just before the Minneapolis convention. His funeral occurred Monday and his remains were buried in Oakhill cemetery. His life work is done, but as long as American institutions endure [illegible] will the name of [illegible] be revered [illegible] people. [illegible] Pawnee [illegible] to the memory [illegible]

W. C. T. U.

The union will meet at Grandma Freeman's again next Saturday, February 4, at 2 p. m. and we hope to see a large number at that time.

E. E. Linn, Sec.

Why Is It,

"There! I've been going around that great big stone for months, nearly breaking my neck, and barked my shins several times running against it after night and John picked it up and lugged it away with ease. Why didn't he do it long ago and save me all that trouble besides the bran new pitcher Mary Jane smashed last week running against it when she was gazin' at the circus goin' by. 'Twan't 'cause he didn't think for I've reminded him of it several times, but he always had something else that needed doing just then.

Then methought how many stones and stumps there are hindering the progress of Christ's Kingdom which the men could easily remove if they would but the women and children go weakly around or stumble over them and with bruised and aching hearts vainly try to push them, out of the way as with tearful eyes they plead for help while the men mockingly say "don't get in a stew, the world wasn't made in a day, don't you know these things can't be helped now? 'Twould seriously interfere with our business if we touched that now. Women can't understand anything about the laws nohow, you just tend to your own business and we'll see to that in due time. Meanwhile, one boy burns up all his noble instincts and stunts his body with cigaretts trying to follow the example of men, another loses control of his appetite and now and then lies out somewhere all night drunk, another is carried off with the gambling fever, others, shielded and hidden, often perhaps by some thoughtless mother who fearing disgrace more than the poison that is surely killing all that is good in their boys, become habitual lawbreakers.

Happy in comparison with these petted, ruined wreck is the boy whose first offense lands him behind the prison bars where he will have time to think and repent.

For more good to his country and humanity is the one shut up with his own thoughts, learning a useful trade than the boastful lawbreaker, using his freedom to ruin and poison other lives, yes the boys not only follow in the tracks of their fathers, but young America is not content with the slow steady gait of old men and will outrun them, going head long as the road to perdition while the fathers, shocked, perhaps stop a little to think, saying "I never taught my boy that" and then take up the old gait saying "It can't be helped he ought to know enough to control himself and be a man like his father" little dreaming perhaps that both are going the same way only the son has taken a short cut or traveled faster. Were it not that there have always been some mothers who held grip by faith on the arm of the Almighty and transmitted enough moral stamina and backbone to the sons so that some would turn aside from the old paths trodded by their fathers and take up the line of reform, our government would have been doomed long ago. No doubt God intended man to be first not only first in the family but first in all the great battles of life, physical and spiritual, and woman never would have wished it otherwise but that, trusting to his trust has shifted his burdens and responsibilities one by one onto the shoulders of the women till they have been compelled to go out from the home to find support and protection for themselves and their children and themselves take up the weapons men refuse to use. The battles in which women are compelled to fight will not redound to man's glory by any means. One man's vote and influence will do more to hasten the coming of Christ's kingdom than all the prayers, petitions and pleadings of ten women. May the day be hastened when the men will realize their responsibility and hasten to the rescue.

Aunt Eliza.

Guaranteed Cure

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a cough, cold or any lung, throat or chest, trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at S. G. Wright & Co's drugstore. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

BUNKER HILL.

Jan. 30.—Miss Mary Pepoon returned from Omaha last Saturday. Mrs. T. W. Pepoon remained a week longer with her daughter who is still on the sick list.

Mr. M. Wert has a half brother, Frank Linderman, spending the winter with him.

Report of the Bunker Hill school for the month ending Jan. 27. Total enrollment, 37: Average attendance 34: pupils not absent or tardy during the month: Mabel Pepoon, Addis Lyman, Ida Stanton, Dolly Morton, Blanche Morton, Emma Wepeta, May Wopeta, Matilda and Annie Werner.

Mary E. Allen,
Teacher.

A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of stomach, liver or kidneys.—It will cure sick headache, indigestion, constipation and drive malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50c. per bottle.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

Headache is the direct result of indigestion and stomach disorders. Remedy these troubles by using Dr. Will's Little Early Risers, 25c. Small pills, easy to take. The favorite pills everywhere. S. G. Wright & Co.

EARLY HISTORY

Exciting Events Which Took Place in Table Rock in 1864.

An Effectual Breaking Up of a Gang of Horse Thieves.

The war days of the sixties were dark, troublesome ones for the people of the United States in all sections, but in this western country they were fraught with greater danger than anywhere else. The country was thinly settled, a majority of the able bodied men were serving their country fighting the Johnnies down south or in the farther west in a struggle with the native Indians. Thieves and jawhawkers infested the country, and glaring atrocities followed in their wake. The government's demand for horses created a steady market for horses at big prices, and the man who owned a team in these parts was rather to be pitied than envied for after using every possible precaution, the owner was most sure of waking up some morning only to find that his horses had disappeared during the quiet hours of the night, and it was like looking for a needle in a hay stack to find them.

This was the condition of affairs in and around Table Rock in the fall of 1864. A gang of thieves traveled from Rushbottom, Mo., through the town, with regular stopping places along their route, and every horse in the country was considered by the gang to be its legitimate prey. In December, 1864, Andrew Fellers, recently deceased, was living on his farm southeast of town, and was the possessor of a fine team of horses; one night they disappeared. Intense excitement followed, and men for miles around gathered at Table Rock, determined to capture the thieves, if such a thing were possible. Hunting parties were organized and the country thoroughly searched for some clue to the missing horses.

After awhile suspicion was aroused that one Henry Shuey, who lived about fourteen miles northeast of town, on the Muddy, knew more concerning the actions and whereabouts of the thieves than he was willing to admit and one of the scouring parties paid him a visit, without much ceremony they took Shuey a short distance from the house and asked him to tell what he knew regarding the movements of the thieves; he claimed to know nothing, and in order to stimulate his memory, one end of a rope was placed around his neck while the other was thrown over a strong limb of a tree and a dozen pairs of hands grasped and began pulling him up; he was kept up until he was black in the face, when he was let down and again asked to divulge what he knew; but he still protested his ignorance and was again hauled up, this time he was kept up until he signified a willingness to talk but on being let down gave such a garbled story that the crown knew he was lying, and the order was given to run him up again; and up he went, and remained until consciousness almost left him; this time the process awakened memory and took the "sand" out of him, and as soon as he was able to talk after being let down, he gave the gang away, telling the route traversed and the stopping places as well; one of the stopping places was at Jim Riley's, who lived in a log house just across the river from Table Rock, (the house is still standing, and is used as a stable on what is known as the Blacklaw place, now owned by Captain R. P. Jennings.

A crowd visited Riley and he was told that he was wanted up town somewhat apprehensive he came with them to town where he corroborated Shuey's story and offered to go over the trail with the searchers and guaranteed the recovery of the horses if his life was spared.

A party was organized to go with Riley and they followed the trail to Sidney, Iowa, where the thieves and horses were located at a farm near the town; the house was surrounded, and under threat that it would be burned down if the thieves did not surrender, they gave themselves up. They proved to be Paul Clifton and a man whose last name was Catron, but whose christened name we are unable to learn. They were securely bound and on the 23rd day of December the party arrived in Table Rock.

On the lot where the M. E. church now stands in early days there stood a large frame building erected by C. W. Giddings for a hotel, and familiarly known as the "White House." At this time the "White House" was occupied by Oliver Hulbert as a dwelling house and store room. To this place the prisoners were taken and a strong guard placed over them, to make escape impossible the feet of the two men were chained together and in this manner the hours of the night of the 23rd were passed.

The news of the capture of the two fallen spread like wild fire and during the night of the 23rd and the forenoon of the 24th strangers gathered from all directions and the town was filled with people. Another thing which added fuel to the already intense excitement was the fact that there seemed to be an unlimited quantity of liquor in the crowd, and it increased the angry, threatening atmosphere which pervaded the town.

During the afternoon the arrangements for the organization of a mob must have been going on from some point outside the town. Yet so secretly was the work done that no intimation of the organization and purposes had been received by the citizens of the town.

Hulbert was something of a violinist and had two violins in his house. Clifton, one of the horse thieves, was also a performer upon the violin, and these two men had spent some time during the day furnishing music for the crowd at the white house. When evening came, they were playing for a crowd of men and women, unconscious of the near approach of a band of men determined to take the law into their own hands and deal out a fearful penalty to the law-breakers.

The mob was organized and about dark made its toward the village. Definite knowledge cannot be had on this point, but it is supposed that on its way to town it stopped at Riley's house, forced him to go with it, and started to bring him to town, they reached the bridge near where Henry Cooper's house now stands; south of the road was a grove. The crowd headed for this grove and in a moment a rope was around Riley's neck; he was drawn up, and when the crowd again headed for town, the body of James Riley was swinging from one of the trees in that grove, a corpse, and the sinful soul had been ushered into the presence of its Maker.

On came the mob, on, while the strains of music from the two violins at the White House, floated out upon the cool night air, on, silently as night itself, until the outlines of the prison-house glimmered in the lamplight gleaming from its windows; still on, until their footfalls just outside might have been heard on the inside had not the violins kept up their constant strains of music; on, until they reached the doorway, and their leaders pushed the guard at the door aside, and firm and violent hands were laid upon the prisoner musician.

One of the prisoners knew what was coming; knew the coming of that silent mob meant a final and sure ending to his career of crime unless he could escape—knew there was no mercy to be expected at its hands. As the mob came in at the door, Catron stooped down and in an instant the boot around which the chain that bound him to Clifton was fastened, was off his foot, but at the same time a pistol shot reverberated through the room, quickly followed by another, and two pistol balls were lodged in Catrou's body. One of the crowd had discerned his object when he pulled off his boot and had shot him.

With the quickness of an athletic Catron was out of the room, jumped through a window, and was out in the darkness and away before the crowd realized what he had done, wounded though he was.

[Continued Next Week.]

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

This is beyond question, the most successful cough medicine we have ever handled, a few doses invariably cures the worst cases of cough, croup and bronchitis, while it's wonderful success in the cure of consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1.00. If your lungs are sore, chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

The office of county commissioner is the most important and responsible position in the county. The commissioner who fails or neglects to do his duty inflicts a loss upon every taxpayer in the county, and for which such commissioner should be held to a rigid accountability. Certain members of our board of commissioners, are devoid of public interest and the welfare of the county, and seek to entail the greatest expense possible upon the county.

Their motive for this can only be conjectured.

However, the mask has been torn away and it is revealed that the affairs of that board are being manipulated by a gigantic combination of robbers and unscrupulous men, who continually have their hands in the pockets of the taxpayers.

Have the commissioners a right to show personal favoritism in these matters, and by so doing make the taxpayers pay for it.

These very commissioners have gone out in the country deluding and deceiving the people by talking economy and bemoaning the unjust and exhorbitant prices charged by the persons to whom the contract had been awarded. Yet when an opportunity is presented for them to cut down the enormous expenses of the county they refuse to give it any consideration, whatever. This August body—the commissioners—made an estimate that says the expenses of the county for the present year will be $58,500. We venture to say that the expenses of this county for one year would be one-third less than the estimate given if the commissioners would only practice what they preach, and which is in their power to do. We call especial attention to the matter of awarding contracts and ask is it not time to call a halt?—Burchard Times.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, constipation dizziness, loss of appetite, coming up of food, yellow skin when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System Vitalizer guaranteed to cure them. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

Program.

Of the Pawnee County Farmers Institute to be held in the Presbyterian church at Table Rock, February 13, 14, 15 and 16, 1893.

MONDAY, FEB. 13.

10:00 a. m.—Opening exercises.
Music
Prayer ..... Chaplain
President's address.
11:30 Election of Officers.
1:30 p. m.—Leaks on the Farm.
..... M. R. Pool
2:30—County Roads and How to Improve Them ..... T. W. Pepoon
3:30—The Great American Desert.
..... M. H. Marble
7:30—Recitation ..... Olive M. Barnard
Prof. James H. Canfield, of the State University, will speak upon an educational topic, provided other duties will permit; in case of his inability to appear, Prof. H. W. Caldwell will deliver an address, "Comparison of the English and American Constitution."

TUESDAY, FEB. 14.

10:00 a. m.—Agriculture, Ancient and Modern. Charles L. Ingersoll
A dairy subject ..... S. C. Bassett
11:00—Silos and Ensilage.
..... Peter Billings
1:30 p. m.—Running Apple Trees.
..... Benton Aldrich
2:30—Fruit Growing as a Business
..... W. R. Harris
3:30—Farming for the Future.
..... J. L. Clarke
7:30—Education of Farmers' Boys
..... Prof. W. V. Wymer
8:00 An Address ..... J. H. Presson

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15.

10:00 a. m.—How to Be a Successful Housekeeper and Have Time to Go Into Society ..... Mrs. A. E. Lane
Poultry for Profit, Thoroughbred or Mixed ..... Mrs. Peter Gold
The Wife's Pin Money, How to Get It ..... Mrs. D. K. Miller
The Education of the Farmer's Daughter ..... Miss Mary Allen
Dress, Reform ..... Mrs. E. T. Boone
Successful Floriculture in the Open Ground ..... Mrs. Charlotte Wood
The Father's Part in Making an Ideal Home ..... J. B. Pepoon
Careful Scientific Farming Only Will Pay ..... Hon. R. W. Furnas
7:30—Address ..... J. Sterling Morton
Address ..... Prof. C. E. Bessey

THURSDAY, FEB. 16.

10:00 a. m.—The Breeding of Draft Horses ..... Norman Judd
Raising and Marketing Cattle for Profit ..... C. S. Wood
The Best Method of Raising, Feeding and Caring for Swine From a Pig to Standpoint ..... O. S. Colthar
The Coming Cow for the Western Farmer ..... H. A. Gabby
Bee Culture, C. H. Hare and Others.

Program will be interspersed with vocal and instrumental music

COMMITTEES.

MUSIC.

Mrs. Allinson, Mrs. J. H. Presson, E. C. Phillips.

DECORATION.

Mrs. A. E. Lane, Chas. Linn, A. C. Boyd, Rev. W. H. Niles, Chas. J. Woodf, Mamie Sutton, Mrs. A. Fellers, Mrs. D. K. Miller, Nellie Griffing, Miss Gertie Bonne.

RECEPTION.

A. E. Lane, C. H. Barnard, Wm. Sutton, D. K. Miller, Mrs. A. Fellers.

DINNER.

At noon of each day a basket dinner will be the program—all to bring dinner and enjoy the noon recess in a good, social time. Some suitable place will be provided, and tea and coffee will be furnished free, so that all may enjoy the social part of the institute.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician retired from practice having placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe in German or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR DISEASES OF THE

KIDNEYS

JOHNSTON'S ROYAL ENGLISH RUSHTA

Will cure all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Burning Urine, Gleet, Gonorrhœa in all its stages, Mucous Discharges, Congestion of the Kidneys, Brick Dust Deposit, Diabetes, Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder, Dropsy of Kidneys and Acid Urine, Bloody Urine, Pain in the Back, Retention of Urine, Frequent Urination, Gravel in all its forms, Inability to Retain the Water, particularly in persons advanced in life. It is a Kidney Investigator which restores the Urine to its natural color, removes the acid and burning, and the effect of the excessive use of intoxicating drink.

PRICE $1. THREE BOTTLES FOR $2.50
Sent express charges prepaid.
Send for Circular. Sold by all Druggists.
WM. JOHNSTON, Detroit, Mich.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Sperm atorrhœa, Impotency, and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Has been prescribed over 25 years in thousands of cases and is the only Reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine, if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter and we will send by return mail. Price, one package $1, six, $5. Pamphlet free. Address in plain sealed envelope. 3 stamps. The Wood Chemical Co. 181 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Table Rock by S. G. Wright & Co., and druggists everywhere.

E. C PHILLIPS
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
AND INSURANCE AGENT.
Represents the New York Life and the Home Fire of Omaha.
Special attention given to collections.

G. W. Baker,
Dealer in
Flour and Feed Stuff.
We have the different makes of the Humboldt and Steinauer mills and expect to have others soon. Call in and see us.

THE FASHION
BARBER SHOP
WEST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE.
First Class Shave
10 CENTS,
With Clean Towel and Bay Rum.
Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty.
E. S. [illegible] Proprietor.

Do You want
A FARM!
In the Garden Spot of the World?
If You Do, it will Pay you to see
J. H. Talbot
About some of the Great Bargains he has in Colorado lands, which includes the following:

BARGAIN NO. 12.

160 acres, very fine, level, rich land, 2 1-4 miles from Yuma. In Yuma school district. Price $750. Terms, $500 cash, balance in one year; interest 7 per cent.

NO. 13.

S. W. qr. sec. 23, twp. 8 s., r. 25, 160 acres, very fine, desirable, rich land, in good and well settled neighborhood, near public school. 45 acres under cultivation. Price $750. Terms $400 cash, balance in one year, interest 7 per cent.

NO. 14.

N. W. qr-10-8 n-25 w. 160 acres, 70 acres under cultivation (large crop of wheat and barley raised on it this season) adjoined on three sides by well improved farms, a well 160 feet deep, with plenty of good, never failing, soft water for 100 head of cattle. Price $900. Terms $600 cash, $200 in one year and $200 in two years, interest 7 per cent.

NO. 15.

S. W. qr-10-2 n-25, 160 acres. Extra fine in every way. $1100 cash.

NO. 17.

160 acres. A fine relinquishment, only 3 1-2 miles from Yuma. Price $250 cash. Will have to be filed upon to acquire title. Worth $1500 as soon as title is acquired, which can be done in fourteen months.

NO. 10.

S. E. qr 20-1 n-24 160 acres. 55 acres under cultivation. A large crop of corn and potatoes raised on it this season, a good shingle roofed, 9 foot story, 8 room frame house, 24x34 feet, all the rooms nicely lathed and plastered. House nicely painted on the out side. A shingle roofed frame barn and stable, 16x32 feet, also a good well 132 feet deep with pump and never-failing supply of pure, soft water. There are numerous other minor improvements. Price $1300. Terms, $900 cash, $500 in July, 1894 and $300 in two years, interest 7 per cent.

There is a fine 160 acre relinquishment adjoining this place which can be had for $200 making $20 acres for $1500.

NO.

N. W. qr. 13-2 n-48, 160 acres, all under two wire and oak post fence, 4 acres fenced off for pasture, 70 acres under cultivation, large crop of corn raised on it this season. Good frame house 14x16 with L 8x14, good well, windmill and pump, well is 134 feet deep, tubed all the way down with galvanized tubing, plenty of pure soft water, situated in the Yuma school district. Price $1300. Terms $400 cash, $700 in one year at 12 per cent interest, $200 in two years at 7 per cent interest. This is a great snap.

NO. 11.

N. W. qr. 4-2 n-48, 160 acres. Cash price, $650.

NO. 18.

N. E. qr. 3-2n-23, 160 acres. Beautiful tract adjoins one of the best improved farms in Yuma county. Price $700. Terms cash.

NO. 19.

N. E. qr-5-1 n-47, 160 acres, 40 acres under cultivation. Splendid neighborhood. Price $750. Terms $350 cash, $200 in one year and $200 in two years, interest at 9 per cent.

NO. 23.

160 acres, very beautiful. Price $1800. Can make any terms purchaser wants on all over $500 which must be cash.

We have numerous other bargains any of which will be quoted on application.

We have also a number of great snaps in town property in the city of Yuma.

We will also trade for anything unincumbered or very lightly encumbered. In making inquiry about any of the above land always mention the number of the bargain, or better still give the numbers of the land also.

J. H. Talbot, Table Rock.
MUNTZING & BARNES,
Lock Box 52. Yuma, Colo.

A CAR LOAD
OF
BUGGIES
AND
WAGONS,
CONSISTING OF
TOP BUGGIES,
AND
SPRING WAGONS,
The Finest Line ever brought to this county.

Parties wanting anything in my line will find it to their interest to give me a call.

L. A. FISHER.

MEAT MARKET.

Having purchased the Decker Meat Market, I desire to say to the people of Table Rock and vicinity that I will keep constantly on hand a supply of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
and respectfully solicit your patronage.
D. F. WHEELER,
South Side Public Square, Table Rock, Neb.

TONSORIAL
PARLORS
SHAVING,
HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOONING
Done to order in neatest style.
L. E. FERREL, Proprietor.

WELL DRILLING.

NESBITT & FELLERS BROTHERS,
Desire to say that they are prepared to do well drilling at reasonable figures and guarantee good work. Parties desiring well work done [illegible] Address Table Rock, or leave orders at [illegible] Table Rock.

E. G. DEY & CO.
TABLE ROCK - - NEB.
Business continued at the Old Stand, where a full stock of
LUMBER, BUILDING MATERIAL
COAL.
LIME AND CEMENT WILL BE KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Parties desiring to build are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
LUMBER AND COAL IN CAR LOTS A SPECIALTY.

Politics Not in it This Time.
W. N. KERNS,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER
is prepared to
FURNISH AND DO ALL KINDS OF MASON WORK
and defy competition in the same. Also am prepared to do all kinds of
RAISING AND HOUSE MOVING.
Best of care taken to protect building. Parties desiring work in this lines are invitted to call and get my prices.
W. N. KERNS.

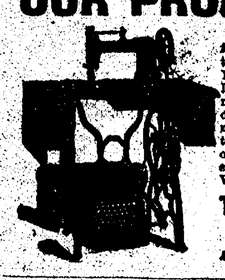
THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL.
WM. TIPTON, Proprietor,
TABLE ROCK, - - - - - - - NEB.
Has been newly furnished and fitted up in
A FIRST CLASS MANNER
And the tables are supplied with everything the market affords, the motto of the house being
GOOD GRUB AND A GOOD BED
A complete line of the best
CIGARS AND TOBACCOS, CONFECTIONARIES
FRESH BREAD, ETC.
Always on hand. Come in and see us when you want a square meal or anything else in our line.

CARRIAGE AND REPAIR SHOP
A. F. HANSEN, PROPRIETOR
Blacksmith, Wagon, Carriage and General Repair work Promptly Done. Satisfaction guaranteed, both in prices and work
A large stock of new Carriages and Buggies kept constantly on hand
MAKES A SPECIALTY OF HORSESHOEING; BUGGY PAINTING AND UPHOLSTER WORK. GIVE ME A CALL.
A. F. HANSEN

44 IN A ROW!
HUMBERS AND ROVERS
Have taken 44 First Awards at International Exhibits, including Grand Prize at Paris Exposition. 24 years on the market, and by far the largest cycle makers in the world.
Buy bicycles with a reputation to lose.
Send for latest art catalogue. Agencies in all the principal cities of the world, and in 400 American towns. 400 more agents wanted. Write for proposition.

THE HUMBER-ROVER CYCLE CO.,
285 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO.
WE SELL DIRECT WHERE THERE IS NO AGENT, FOR CASH OR ON TIME.

OUR PROPOSITION IS THIS



On receipt of $20.50, we will deliver at your R. R. Station, free, this Sewing Machine—guaranteed equal in every respect to the Domestic, New Home, White or any other, and One Year's subscription to the weekly GLOBE DEMOCRAT, St. Louis, REPUBLIC, or any other Weekly of like value. This machine is thoroughly equipped, with the latest and best set of steel attachments, automatic bobbin-winder, self-setting needle, self-threading oscillator shuttle. Beautifully ornamented, and has "bent wood-work"—the popular style, either Oak or Walnut. Upon arrival, if it is found defective or misrepresented, it can be returned to us C. O. D., for full amount paid. We refer you to any bank in the U. S. as to our responsibility.
TRUESDAIL MACHINE AND ARMS CO.
Sold by Agents for $20. ST. LOUIS, MO.
Needles, Shuttles and Repairs for all kinds of Machines.

NERVE TONIC

ALAMOSA, COL., Jan. 29, XII
My wife was troubled with nervousness about one year before she took Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, and at that time had very severe attacks of spasm, convulsion, and pains in different parts of the body; when in this state her lower jaws would set violently and set sometimes, bite her tongue, breathe heavily, then short, then seemed to stop entirely, get a wild look in her eyes and rolling around, then stop sometimes; it would take two men to hold her in bed, otherwise her body would cramp and be so for two hours. She took but two bottles of the Nerve Tonic, which cured her entirely of all these torments, which myself and wife gladly testify it truly had the desired effect. D. S. M'GILLIS.

Mrs. Ester Davilbiss, 254 S. Tenth street, San Jose, Cal., writes, October 1892: Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic has indeed done wonders in my part of the country. There has been bought in my neighborhood over $75 worth.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the
KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Druggists at $1 per bottle. 6 for $5. Large size, [illegible] Subscribe $2.

BERT ALLINSON,
Painter & Paper Hanger
Table Rock, Nebraska.
Will attend promptly to all work in his line. Leave orders at the store of the late J. C. McCready.

MARYLAND ROASTER AND BAKER

FOR MEATS, FOWL, FISH, ETC., AND FOR BAKING BREAD, CAKES AND PUDDINGS
BEST SIMPLEST AND CHEAPEST

THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed by the articles in the roaster, and acts as a bearing. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any articles roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven, the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by:
MATTHAI, INGRAM & CO.,
130 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
64 READE ST., NEW YORK.

H. C. Lindsay,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
PAWNEE CITY, NEB.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOL. [illegible] TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1893. WHOLE [illegible]

W. [illegible] with rheumatism.

John Warren is putting up an addition to his house.

Dr. Messler, dentist, at Table Rock every Wednesday.

F. H. Broyles, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Table Rock, Neb.

If you want a good auctioneer see Kirkpatrick, of Pawnee City.

Ed. Chaffin and Dave Cowman, of Humboldt, were in town Thursday.

Get one of those soap stone foot warmers at Tillotson, Andrew & Co's.

Dr. Broyles goes to Humboldt today to accompany Frank Purcell home.

Mrs. O. H. Noble, who was quite sick last week, is able to be out again.

Jesse and Adolphus Fisher are recovering from their late relapse of rheumatism.

Elder E. C. Thompson, of Elk Creek, filled the Christian church on last Sunday.

Tom Fritz, of Humboldt, has been assisting the Argus in a big run of job work this week.

[illegible] of Ben. [illegible]'s children have been under the doctor's care for a week. They are now doing well.

Will make your hens lay—Standard Horse and Cattle food. For sale by FELLERS BROTHERS.

The Argus will make weekly visits at the home of H. G. Brown for a year, through the courtesy of O. W. Griffing.

Mrs. Amy Bennett, living in Tazewell county, Ill., arrived here Saturday, to visit her mother, Mrs. Emily Fisher.

Sweet breath, sweet stomach, sweet temper, all result from the use of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills—S. G. Wright & Co.

Sam Purcell informed the Argus this morning that his son Frank was improving rapidly and that he expected to bring him home to day.

Mrs. Emily Fisher, who has been very low for the past two weeks, is now almost out of danger and it is hoped will soon be entirely recovered.

If you are in need of a sewing machine, remember you can buy one of those celebrated New Americans at Tillotson, Andrew & Co's for a very little money.

As soon as the weather opens up, N. A. Craig will erect a building on a lot near the depot, which has been leased to parties who will run a restaurant in it.

Success in everything depends entirely upon good health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are little health producing pills. See the point? Then take an Early Riser. S. G. Wright & Co.

Squire J. D. Longwell tendered his resignation to the [illegible] last week as Justice of the Peace and turned the effects of his office over to Justice Phillips.

The executors of the estate of Andrew Fellers, deceased, will sell public auction at the farm of the deceased on Tuesday, Feb. 21, a lot of stock, hay, grain, implements, etc.

J. L. Fisher and Theron Treat purchased Furnas county land on their recent trip. W. J. Martin extended his trip and visited his daughter, Mrs. McCourtney, at Lebanon, Kas.

$100,000 TO LEND ON FARMS BY THE STATE BANK OF TABLE ROCK AT SEVEN PER CENT. BORROWER HAVING THE OPTION OF REPAYING WHOLE OR PART AT ANY TIME. NO COMMISSIONS.

Lone Fisher, twin brother of L. A. Fisher, arrived from Boulder, Col., Thursday morning, on a visit to his mother and other relatives. He has been away from Table Rock over five years, and expects to return to his home on next Sunday.

The report sent out from Lincoln to the effect that ex-Governor Thayer was in poverty and sick at the humble home of an old soldier, is denied, by the General's friends, who state that he has recovered from his sickness, and his financial affairs are in a good condition.

Last Sunday R. W. Davidson met with an accident which will lay him up a few days. One of his horses kicked him, fracturing two ribs. He is getting along nicely, however, and will soon be around again, for it will take more than a horse kick to keep Bob in bed very long.

The series of special meetings conducted by Rev. J. H. Preston at the M. E. Church for two weeks, closed last Sabbath evening. The meetings resulted in several conversions and a general revival in the church which will undoubtedly tell for good in the deeper consecration of the membership.

We have been informed that there are gambling houses still running in Tecumseh, and unless the city officials abate them within a short time severe measures will be resorted to by private citizens. As it is a penitentiary offense to conduct a gambling room we should feel nervous were we engaged in such a nefarious business.—Tecumseh Journal.

Remember that the winter session of the Pawnee county Farmers' Institute will open at the Presbyterian church next Monday morning at 10 o'clock and will hold a four days' session. Some of the most prominent men in the state will be here and the sessions will be full of interest to everybody. From present indications there will be a large attendance of people and Table Rock [illegible]

See those elegant rocking chairs at Wheeler Bros.

Jake Collins, of Norton, Kas., was in town Thursday.

Notice:—Charlie Linn does paper hanging and painting.

Tillotson, Andrew & Co. have a No. 1 horse for sale cheap.

Spencer George renewed his subscription to the Argus this week.

Mrs. Caulk, mother of Nealy Caulk, and Mrs. Warren Mitchell are quite sick.

Joe Braneck, of South Dakota, has been very sick at the home of his uncle, John Braneck.

A. J. Barrett became a member of the Argus family of readers this week.

Nellie Fellers, who has been sick for the past week, is better this morning.

E. F. Sharts and wife, of Humboldt, visited relatives and friends here over Sabbath.

Tennyson once said that "Maud" and "Guinever" were the best things he had written.

The finest and largest line of sample carpets in town, can be found at Wheeler Bros.

That windy conglomeration of humanity known as Kirkpatrick the auctioneer was in town last week.

Small in size, great in results: DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Best pills for constipation, best for sick headache, best for sour stomach. They never gripe. S. G. Wright & Co.

This has been a hard winter on quail. In some sections great numbers have perished from the cold and starvation.

Wm. Sutton is attending the second annual meeting of the National Dairymen's Association, in session at Dubuque, Iowa, this week.

G. W. Mead, the Racket Store man, has moved his household effects here and expects to have his store in operation by the 1st. of March.

Life and work of Jas. G. Blaine, by John Clark Ridpath and Gen. Seldon Connor, ex Governor of Maine. For sale by subscription only. J. A. CARLOCK, Agent.

Table Rock has a bakery now. Mr. Kanoff, of Pawnee City, having opened up a bakery and restaurant in the Martin building. His place is neat and attractive in appearance and the Argus welcomes Mr. Kanoff to our business circles.

Clark Patchir, for over nine years butter maker for the Table Rock creamery association, resigned his position week before last. His health was giving way and because of it, he concluded it would be better to do something else. His place is being filled by C. A. Groom.

Lizzie McVery attempted suicide at Liberty on Tuesday of last week by taking laudanum. She was finally saved by the intervention of a stomach pump. No cause is given for the rash act. Miss McVery formerly lived with the family of J. M. DeBord, of this city.—Pawnee Republican.

The entertainment given under the management of the Daughters and Sons of Veterans in Odd Fellows' hall Monday evening attracted a large audience and was one of the most interesting entertainments ever given in our city. There is a strong desire on the part of many to have it repeated in the near future.

The action of Representative Schappel in sending a clipping from the Pawnee Press, to be read by the house clerk as evidence of the wishes of his constituents that he should not vote for Paddock, would have been more severely criticised by republicans if any other man than Schappel had done it, but from Schappel—well, not much was expected.

W. W. Cornell has severed his connection with the Table Rock Clay Co., having sold his stock to C. R. Judkins. Mr. Cornell has been manager for the company during the past two seasons and has worked faithfully to make the business a success. The Argus hopes that he will not decide to leave Table Rock for we need just such hustling fellows as Mr. Cornell is.

Tuesday evening a farewell party was held at the residence of J. D. Longwell in honor of Miss Effie Allinson, to which a large number of young people were invited and a most pleasant evening was passed, although the circle of young folks was so soon to lose one of its most popular members. Miss Effie left on Thursday for a visit with friends at Lincoln and from there will go to her brother's at Norfolk and then to her new home at Bloomington, Ill.

Mrs. Sarah Kerns celebrated her 78th birthday Friday by a social party at her home, at which were present eight children, twenty-one grandchildren and eleven great grandchildren. All of her children were present who are alive, but one, Geo. D. Kerns, who is on the Great Northern R. R. in Montana. She had two sons in the service of their country in the late war, one losing his life and one a leg at Petersburg, Va.; had four sons-in-law who were soldiers, three of them dying in the service; one of them, J. H. Layman, is living here. While at supper news came of the death of her aged brother, Joseph Ward, in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, aged 75 years. Mrs. Kerns has been a resident of this county for 27 years coming here from Pennsylvania in 1866.—Press.

Dave Wood returned home from college this week.

Bob Taylor returned Monday from a visit to the west.

W. H. Wheeler was in town yesterday and this morning.

If you have the toothache, see Dr Messler, here every Wednesday.

A grocery store is one of the new enterprises talked of for lower town.

J. Grant Houston's lecture did not give universal satisfaction last evening.

Charley Morton moved to town yesterday,—moving into the stone hotel.

Mr. Campbell, of Pekin, Ills., is here to see his sister, Mrs. Emily Fisher.

Piles of people have piles, but De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. S. G. Wright & Co.

If you want a good shot gun, for a little money go to Tillotson, Andrew & Co's. They have some fine ones.

A Mr. Cleveland—a railroad man,—has rented the Grandma Kerns property to be vacated by Mrs Allinson.

O. W. Fellers has purchased, from Uncle Jim Stockman, lots 4 and 9 and west half of lots 3 and 10, block 52, for a consideration of $600.

FOR SALE:—A house and five lots on Luzerne avenue. Address LAURA E. PARRISH, Table Rock.

W. B. Bull and his son Charley were Table Rock visitors Wednesday and Thursday. We understand their business was an inspection of the Table Rock Clay Company's plant, with a view of buying, but no deal was made.

During the last week in February—about the 22nd—I will hold a public sale and sell a lot of horses, cattle, hogs, hay, corn, oats, farming implements, household and kitchen furniture, etc. Look out for sale date. JOHN HOLLENBACK.

Efforts are being made to secure Frank Odell, the temperance orator and singer, for meetings Saturday and Sunday evening, Feb. 18 and 19. Mr. Odell quite charmed Table Rock people with his singing while here last fall in the interests of the prohibitionist candidate for congress.

The following are the officers of the Mrs. Logan Tent No. 9 Daughters of Veterans, installed last week: President, Linnie Layman; Senior Vice, Nellie Andrews; Junior Vice, Laura Mumford; Chaplain, Maggie Sutton; Secretary, Mina Andrews; Treasurer, Icie Kerns.

Wheeler Brothers have received a fine new hearse and are prepared to furnish a hearse for all funerals. The hearse is a handsome one and those who are called upon to follow friends to the silent city of the dead, can at least have the satisfaction of knowing they were carried to their last resting place in a becoming manner. They also have a full supply of undertaking furnishings and are prepared to give prompt attention to this branch of their business.

Saturday evening B. L. Wilcox met with a painful accident. Their cellar door opens in the kitchen; this door had been opened by a member of the family and Mr. Wilcox stepped into the opening. In falling he caught hold of the casing and saved himself from falling headfirst against the foot of the stairway. As it was, he gave his shoulder a fearful wrench and threw it out of joint, but with his other hand he pulled it back into place again. A physician was sent for and found no bones were broken.

The Press would be pathetically humorous were it not for its labored efforts to appear serious. This week it makes a comparison of expenses between this county and Johnson county and makes a very gratifying showing for the city of Pawnee county, but unfortunately for the taxpayers of this county, the Press does not publish the true condition of affairs. The amount which the commissioners of Johnson county claim will be necessary for the running of their county is $30,350. The estimate which Pawnee county's commissioners say is necessary for the county is $58,500, showing that Pawnee county's expenses are one half greater than those of Johnson county. In the same issue of the Press wherein its editor seeks to falsely lead its readers may be found County Clerk Little's figures as published by order of the board of commissioners and they will verify our figures for Pawnee county.

The following list of presents received at the wedding of Chauncey Wilcox and Agnes Smith was not handed in early enough for publication last week: Center table, and rocker, Wm. Smith and Miss Edie Wilcox; set of plates, cups and saucers, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Griffing; J. T. and Lucy Griffing and Alvin Deremiah, lamp; Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Phillips, dinner set; Mr. A. Greiner and family and W. J. Greiner and wife, extension table; Mr. B. L. Wilcox and family, paper hanger; O. W. Griffing and family, plush lap robe; Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Phillips and Mrs. C. A. Clift, spring rocker; Mrs. Martha Smith, spring rocker; Mr. J. A. Jones and family, set of chairs; George and James Smith, glass set; Mr. and Mrs. Asher, glass set; Laura Parrish, Towels; Murray Herrick, table cloth; Mr. and Mrs. Herrick, covered glass fruit dish; Mrs. Margaret Jones, of Grand Island, silver pickle dish; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Conklin.

Ernest Grey is doing a big job of painting at Falls City.

Chauncey Murphy, of Grand Island visited friends here last week.

Mrs. S. J. Allinson renewed her subscription to the Argus this week.

McBrayer & Son, horse buyers, will be at the livery barn of Taylor & Beck next Tuesday for the purpose of buying horses.

A baby girl came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Porter last Sunday and the parents are, of course, happy. Mother and babe doing well.

Tom Ehuright, in jail at Geneva awaiting the convening of district court, was sent by the jailor after a scuttle of coal. He never came back.

The wind from the North blows sharp and keen, and bad effects of colds are seen. One Minute Cough Cure so safe and sure, will quickly perform a wondrous cure. S. G. Wright & Co.

Miss Gertie Culbertson, of Lincoln, came down to attend the concert given by Miss Effie Allinson last week, and remained for a few days' visit with Miss Effie.

Miss Antonette Wortham was unable to meet her appointment with the Table Rock ladies this week and will address the ladies at Mrs. Norris' some afternoon next week.

Nothing so distressing as a hacking cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Nothing so dangerous if allowed to continue. One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief. S. G. Wright & Co.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—A protectorate has been established over the Hawaiian islands at the request of the provisional government by United States minister Stevens and the American flag has been floating over the capitol since February 1, while a battalion of marines from the United States war ship Boston, assisted by three companies of native troops, are guarding Honolulu.

A suit in which J. C. Parrish was plaintiff and Wheeler Brothers were defendants was tried before Squire Phillips Thursday to a jury composed of W. L. Taylor, C. J. Norris, G. R. Martin and James Purcell. The case was one wherein Mr. Parrish sought to recover a bill which he claimed to have paid twice to the defendants. Ed. Falloon, of Falls City, appeared for the defendants and John E. Raper, of Pawnee City, attended the interests of the plaintiff. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff to the amount of $32.

Chas. Sedylmayr & Co. have a burglar proof safe at their office at the bottling works in the south part of town and inside of the safe there used to be a burglar proof steel chest. All the employes went to dinner Monday noon and when the first one returned at a quarter to one o'clock the safe had been opened and the chest had been wrenched from its fastenings and carried away. The chest contained about $70 in cash, several money orders, several notes and all of the company's valuable papers. No trace of the robbers or the chest has been discovered and for a 45 minute job it takes the cake.—Falls City Journal.

Last Saturday O. A. Cooper made one of the heaviest stock deals that has ever been made in the county. Frank Wilson has been feeding 105 head of hogs and 161 head of cattle and Mr. Cooper drove out to his farm and after a few moments conversation closed a deal for the entire lot for $12,000. It is not often that this amount of money is paid out for stock without the use of the scales and we venture that there are few farmers that have the same amount to turn off at one time. Mr. Wilson still has about 1[illegible]0 head of stock steers and 6,000 bushels of corn on hand. He has probably made a clear profit on his winter feeding of over $3,000 and yet the farmers tell us there is no money to be made on the farm.—Humboldt Enterprise.

Never in the history of the county have Pawnee county affairs been so economically and judiciously administered as by the present board of commissioners.—Pawnee Press.

Shade of Eli Perkins hear that and tremble. They have awarded the county lumber to a favorite at a high figure; the county physician was reemployed at more than double the salary he received last year; the county printing was awarded to Pawnee City papers at the highest figures the law will permit; and the books in the county treasurer's office are permitted to remain in such condition that property owners are compelled to pay taxes twice for some years or have their property sold. "Economical and judicious administration" indeed.

Card of Thanks.

To the members of the G. A. R., S. of V. and all others who so ably assisted us in the entertainment Monday evening, we desire to express our sincere thanks.

TENT No. 9 D. of V's.

Married.

BEDEA—COLLINS.—At the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. H. Niles, Mr. Walter M. Bedea and Miss Annie Collins, on Monday afternoon, Feb. 6.

The ceremony was performed in the presence of relatives and a few of the neighbors after which a bountiful dinner was partaken of which was greatly relished notwithstanding the howling of the wind and the zero weather on the outside. The young people have the best wishes of their friends in that community for a long life and prosperity.

Anton Streje was in today and renewed his subscription to the Argus.

For Sale or Trade.

I have a double seated carriage, new last summer, which I will sell cheap or will trade for cows or heifers. Enquire of O. W. GRIFFING.

For instance Mrs. Geo. Roger, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. It's a wonderfully good salve for burns, bruises, sores and a sure cure for piles. S. G. Wright & Co.

Dissolution Notice.

The hardware firm of Tillotson, Andrew & Co. has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Boggs retiring. The business will be continued at the old stand under the firm name of Tillotson & Andrew who will pay all bills and collect all accounts due the firm of Tillotson, Andrew & Co.

JAS. TILLOTSON,
W. H. ANDREW,
J. F. BOGGS.

BONKER HILL.

Feb. 8.—Harry Abernet by purchased Mrs Allinson's piano last week. He attended the concert of last Wednesday evening at Table Rock with his brother Ed.

J. B. Pepoon with his daughter Elsie, attended the G. A. R., etc. installation of officers last Tuesday evening and remained for the concert the next evening.

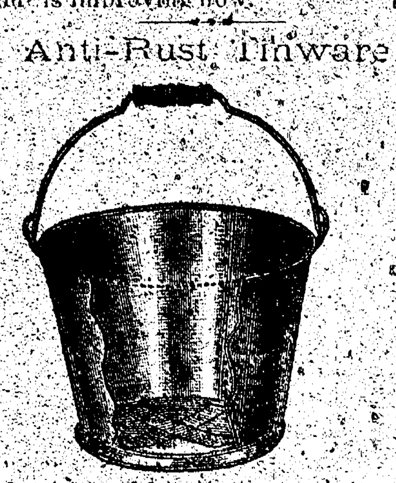
Mrs. T. W. Pepoon returned from Omaha last week Saturday, leaving her daughter much improved.

Peter Foale went to Omaha last week Saturday with two car load of fat cattle.

Mrs. Peter Foale, who has been suffering for some time with a fever sore, is now worse, having a severe cold.

Mr. Stanton's youngest child has been quite sick with a severe cold but is improving now.

Anti-Rust Tinware



Guaranteed for three years by Wheeler Brothers

IN COUNTY COURT, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew Fellers, deceased.

The creditors of said deceased, and all other persons interested, take notice: That letters testamentary having been granted to John Fellers and Llewellyn Fellers for the estate of Andrew Fellers, deceased, it is ordered that the executors be allowed the term of one year in which to dispose of the estate and pay the debts and legacies of said deceased, that claims against the estate of said deceased be examined and adjusted before this court at the office of the county judge in Pawnee City, Neb., on the first Tuesdays in May and August, 1893, and all claims not filed on or before the date last named will be forever barred from being considered in the settlement of said estate. Ordered further, that notice thereof be published four successive weeks prior to said first day for hearing in the Table Rock ARGUS, a newspaper published weekly in Pawnee county Nebraska.

Witness my hand and the seal of the County Court this 13th day of January, 1893.

[SEAL] G. T. BELDING, County Judge.

BERT ALLINSON,
Painter & Paper Hanger
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Has a large supply of stencil and will do stencil decorations in all the latest designs. All work in my line will be given prompt and careful attention.

H. C. Lindsay,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
PAWNEE CITY, NEB.
Collections a specialty. Office, in Harper blk.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful cough medicine we have ever handled, a few doses invariably cures the worst cases of cough, croup and bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since it's first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1.00. If your lungs are sore, chest, or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, coming up of food, yellow skin when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

Headache is the direct result of indigestion and stomach disorders. Remedy these by using De Witt's Little Early Risers, and your headache disappears. The favorite little pills everywhere. S. G. Wright & Co.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician retired from practice having placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe in French, German or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. Noyes, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

B. & M. TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Table Rock as follows:

GOING WEST.	
No. 13 pass	2.30 a m
No. 15 pass	12.48 p m
No. 73 through freight	1.06 a m
No. 79, fast freight	12.05 a m
No 75 local freight	2.30 p m
GOING EAST.	
No 14 pass	1.06 a m
No [illegible] pass	4.12 p m
No 74, through freight	7.40 p m
No 80 fast freight	12.10 a m
76 local freight	10.15 a m
GOING SOUTH	
No 72 pass	10.5 pm
No 110 accom, arrive	11.55 am
No 118 freight, arrive	6.00 pm
GOING NORTH	
No 71 pass	3.38 pm
No 109 accom	5.00 am
No 117 freight	2.10 pm

Tickets on sale to all points in United States and Canada. J. MURPHY, Agt.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH SERVICES.—Preaching every alternate Lords Day at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening. Sunday School at 10 a. m. every Sunday. Y. P. S. C. E. meets every Sunday [illegible] p. m. Ladies Aid Society meets every Thursday afternoon. All are cordially invited to these services. C. R. SKINNER, Pastor.

WALL PAPER AND SHADE GOODS

In great variety and very low at THE GILT EDGE DRUG STORE

ALSO

Is the place to buy
Pure Medicines,
Patent Medicines,
Non-secret Medicines
Bohemian Medicines,
Toilet Articles,
All Kinds of Brushes,
All Kinds of Oils,
All Kinds of Paints,
All Kinds of Stationery,
wall paper at wholesale and retail,
school supplies,
Lamp & lamp fixtures
musical merchandise and fixtures,
Perfumery, Toys and fancy goods.

Patrons are essurred of courteous and fair treatment and goods at Reasonable Prices at WRIGHT'S GILT EDGE DRUG STORE.

Sole Agents in Table Rock for the Bankers' Daughter Cigar.

Having moved our stock of goods into the Richardson [illegible] and having largely added to our stock in all lines, we invite the [illegible] to call and see us in our new quarters. We have some

Special Bargains

In Cook Stoves to offer you, and carry a full and complete line of Stoves of all kinds. In the

FURNITURE

line we have the finest and best stock in the county and invite your special attention to our

HANDSOME BEDROOM SETS

And Eegant Line of Easy Chairs.

In fact we have everything in the household furniture and general hardware lines and cordially invite you to come and see us.

WHEELER BROTHERS.

CITY - BAKERY,
J. N. KANOFF, Proprietor.

FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES
EVERY DAY.
OYSTERS - AND - ICE - CREAM
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A Full Line of Confectionaries; Summer Drinks of all Kinds. Give Us a Call.

State Bank Of Table Rock,
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DAVID REMICK, President.
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Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate banking business. Accounts of farmers and merchants solicited. Careful attention given to collections. Loans negotiated on real estate security.

THE CITY RESTAURANT,
Thomson Brothers, Proprietors,
Will Serve
Oysters In All Styles
AND RUN THE
ONLY LUNCH COUNTER IN THE TOWN
Where You Can Get A Lunch At All Hours.

We keep a full line of choice fresh confectionaries, temperance drinks, cigars and tobaccos. Prompt and polite attention given all customers. We have also added a Library and News stand.

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PROPRIETORS OF
LIVERY AND FEED STABLE
EAST OF PUBLC SQUARE.
Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Bus to and from Depot, Connecting with All Trains

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PROPRIETOR OF
THE CITY MEAT MARKET
Fresh and salt meats kept constantly on hand.
Flour, meal, graham and all kinds of produce.
HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR FAT CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP, AND HIDES, PELTS AND SKINS.
[illegible] want anything in my line give me a call. The best place to sell [illegible] Stock, Poultry, Etc. is where you can get the most for it.
G. R. MARTIN

O. D. TIBBETS,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MRECHANDISE
Special attention given to my
SHOE DEPARTMENT.
Having built on a Grocery Department I am better prepared to give you satisfaction in that line tahn any place in town.
TEA A SPECIALTY
IT IS TO THE INTEREST OF CASH BUYERS TO TRADE WITH ME. PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE. SOUTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.

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AUCTIONEER

Having had a number of years experience as a practical auctioneer, I will offer my services to the people of Pawnee county in that capacity and respectfully solicit your patronage. Satisfaction guarantee and prices reasonable. Orders may be left at the Argus office.

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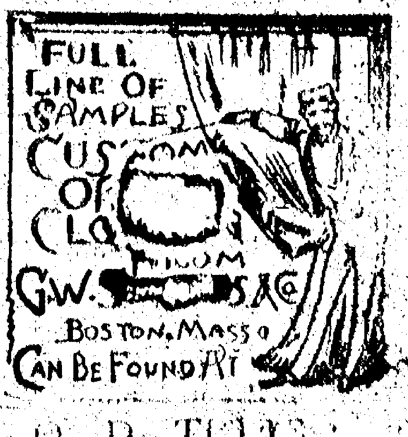


O. D. TIBBETS

[illegible] ARGUS
[illegible], Publisher.
[illegible] NEB.

NEBRASKA.

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES.

A wonderful revival is in progress at Norfolk.

The M. E. church at Ord is holding revival meetings.

A five-legged hog is one of the curiosities at Howells.

Mr. Rue, an old resident near Brock died last week, aged 81.

Rev. Miss Townsley is holding series of revival meetings in Ashland.

Revival meetings being conducted at York are proving a great success.

Arrangements are being made for the building of a commodious hotel at Clay Center.

The east side of James Snell's brick building in Ashland fell last week, but no one was hurt.

Judge Martin and wife of Wayne celebrated their golden wedding anniversary last week.

It is probable that Lincoln county will shortly be redistricted into commissioner districts.

Blue Springs millers have shipped eighteen cars of flour to Birmingham and other southern cities.

Mrs. Thomas [illegible], an old resident of Nebraska City, fell dead of pleurisy last week while walking about her home.

A series of religious meetings is being conducted in Falls City with a good attendance and much interest manifested.

The Mercer is Omaha's newest and best hotel, cor. Twelfth and Howard streets. Rates $2 to $4.50 per day. 150 rooms and 50 connected with bath.

George Williams has filed a claim for $2,500 against the village of Crawford. He is a soldier and fell into an excavation during the night and broke his leg.

Frank Huber of Lancaster county shot and probably fatally wounded himself the other day because a girl to whom he was engaged changed her mind and refused to marry him.

The Adams county agricultural society met last week and after a long discussion decided to hold a county fair on September 5, 6 and 7 and to spare no pains to make it a big success.

Warren Mitchell of Table Rock was bitten on the foot by a hog the other day. The wound bled quite profusely, but by prompt measures the flow of blood was stopped. It is thought no serious results will follow.

The special election held in Beatrice to vote on a proposition to bond the city in the sum of $20,000 to pay for paving intersections failed to carry. The total vote was 622, with a majority of 20 against the proposition.

Articles of incorporation were filed last week by the Lever Woolen Mill company of Fremont. The capital is $100,000. Officers were elected. The building is to be completed and the mill in operation within three months.

W. J. Woods of Broken Bow tried to hold a team of horses while a friend [illegible] when he landed he was three blocks away from where he took hold of the bits and had his head badly bumped and his cheek skinned. He was unconscious for an hour, but will recover.

The citizens of Broken Bow will make an effort to secure the next annual meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic for that city. The department meets at Grand Island next month, and Broken Bow will be on the ground in full force to capture the plum.

Charles Fisher, Charles Rappaleo and Gilmore, the three young men who broke into Kimmell's saloon at Seward, had a preliminary hearing before County Judge Miner and were each placed under bonds of $500 for their appearance at the next term of the district court which meets February 6.

The people and farmers about the enterprising village of Savage have formed a co-operative creamery association. The creamery is to be built on the south side of town. The walls and foundation are already completed and the workmen are now waiting for lumber. The creamery will cost $3,500.

The State bank of Wahoo is in the hands of the state banking board, and W. H. Dickson, the proprietor, is absent from Wahoo. The bank has been in a dangerous condition for some time past. The depositors are not numerous and the amounts generally small. The cause of the failure is not known at this time.

D. C. Gifford has guaranteed the payment of the money required for the location of the Sons of Veterans' encampment at West Point. The encampment takes place in June, and West Point will have in the neighborhood of 4,000 visitors on that occasion. It will take all of $1,000 to properly entertain the visitors.

Senator Gray has introduced an act reducing passenger fare on railroads from 3 cents to 2½ cents per mile. Two years ago years ago Representative Moan had a similar bill before the house. His bill made the fare 2 cents per mile, and a committee increased it to 2½ cents, but the house killed it after a free discussion.

With the impressive funeral services at the Pleasant Valley Catholic church the remains of the late Hon. John Ferrall of Dodge county were laid to rest in the Pleasant Valley cemetery. Notwithstanding the severity of the weather, a large number were present to take a last look at the familiar features of the dead representative.

S. F. [illegible], a Dunkard preacher, who formerly held forth in Pawnee county, and who mysteriously left his family [illegible] City about a year [illegible] was discovered [illegible] County [illegible] who promptly [illegible] and [illegible] him over to [illegible] Pawnee county.

[illegible]

A CABINET POSITION.

GOV. BOIES OF IOWA DOES NOT WANT ONE.

Alleged Reasons Assigned for Not Accepting the Offer of the President-Elect—No Hope of Settling the Muddle in the Kansas Legislature—Reasons Why President Harrison Nominated Jackson to the Supreme Bench—Will the Senate Confirm Him—Gold Balances.

Don't Want in the Cabinet.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 4.—It is definitely known among a select few here that Governor Boies has been tendered the position of secretary of agriculture by President-elect Cleveland, and it is also known that the governor has declined to accept.

This information comes from a source so near to the governor that it cannot be doubted. Mr. Cleveland does not know of the declination, but a letter from the governor to the president-elect was started from here today giving the governor's reasons for declining the tender of this high honor. The principal reason, it is said, is the ill health of the governor's only daughter, Jessica, to whom he is greatly attached, and on whose account he has seriously considered the question of resigning his present office and taking her abroad.

Another reason for the governor's declination is said to be his loyalty to the democracy of Iowa, from whom all his political honors have come, and he feels that it is his duty to remain in the state and assist in the attempt of the party next year to capture the legislature and subsequently the United States senatorship which, in the event of success, would without doubt place him in the upper house of congress. The governor himself declines to talk and the above facts became known by accident.

The Program in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 4.—All hope of settling the muddle in the house has been abandoned and the two organizations have settled down, quit quarreling and agreed to divide the time on the floor from now on to the close of the session. The republicans meet in the forenoon and the populists in the afternoon.

The populists will follow the regular forms of legislation hereafter and the bills will be passed without regard to the republicans. Only such bills as cannot immediately be attacked in the supreme court will be passed, and at the close of the session's appropriations for the expenses of the legislature and the state government and the state institutions will be adopted. Then they will adjourn and let the republicans do their worst. Should the supreme court declare the laws of the populists to be void and the governor call an extra session of the legislature, the populist house will come back just the same and go through the form of passing the same laws.

Of course, a tangle in the affairs of the state will result and it will continue until after the next general election in 1894, when a new house will be chosen. The populists profess to have no fears of the result of the election. They do not believe that the republicans will dare to attack the populist laws and thus tie up the state government. They believe, too, that public policy would compel the supreme court to recognize the populist house as a de facto house and sustain its laws.

Judge Jackson's Nomination.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 4.—There are many inquiries as to the reasons which led President Harrison to appoint a democrat to succeed the late Justice Lamar on the supreme bench. The statement comes very direct that he was led to do this because of republican opposition to his making any nomination, and the responsibility for the failure to nominate a republican is said to lie upon ten or twelve republicans in the senate, who were determined to oppose any confirmation proposed by the president. It was at first his intention to nominate either Judge Emory Speer or Judge Pardee. On making inquiries among the republican senators as to which would be most apt to secure a ready confirmation he discovered that there were about twelve republican senators who would oppose any confirmation partly on account of their personal antagonism to the president and partly on account of their desire to bring other matters to the front in the senate. At first, on discovering this, Mr. Harrison decided that he would not send in any nomination. He held to this purpose until yesterday, when he became convinced that a democrat might be confirmed with the aid of democratic senators. He then decided to send in the nomination of Judge Jackson, whom he believed could be confirmed, and whose confirmation would leave a very important circuit judgeship to be filled.

The republican senators who opposed his making the appointment will probably try to prevent confirmation, and there appears to be a strong probability that they may succeed unless advantage being taken of the custom of "senatorial courtesy," which discountenances delay in action on the nomination of an ex-senator, the matter be forced to the front with great promptness.

Gold in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The treasury department today holds less gold than at any time since the redemption act of January 1, 1879, and in the language of a treasury official the gold obligations are great, with less than $8,000,000 "free gold" to meet them. Two million five hundred thousand dollars in gold has been engaged for shipment from New York today for Europe. Treasury officials do not venture a prediction as to when the outflow will stop, but state that they see nothing serious in the situation.

Preacher Hanged in Arkansas.

CAMDEN, Ark., Feb. 2.—Luke Tatum, the negro wife-murderer, was hanged here yesterday. He declared his innocence to the last, even while the black cap was being drawn over his head. Tatum's crime was a most brutal one. Leaving the church in which he had just preached a sermon, he walked down the road to a point where he knew his wife would pass to visit a neighbor, and on her appearance he caught her and beat her brains out.

More Gold and Silver Sent Abroad.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The steamship Aller took out $1,500,000 in gold for Austria and 200,000 ounces of silver and 65,000 Mexican dollars for London. Foreign exchange houses claim that their compulsory orders to ship gold have now been filled and unless conditions change the consignments by next Saturday's steamer will be very light.

Nearly a Senator.

LINCOLN, Feb. 3.—The house on Saturday was packed almost to suffocation long before calling the joint convention to order. Such a jam has not been seen in Representative hall since the memorable scenes attendant on the organization two years ago. It was generally understood that a senator would be elected and the crowd wanted to see the operation. So densely packed were the galleries that one man who was unwilling to stand the crush longer clambered out over the heads and shoulders of the scores of people behind him.

The roll call showed the presence of all the members with the exception of Senator Clarke. Porter of Merrick moved that Clarke be excused, but Tefft amended with a motion to proceed to vote for a United States senator.

The chair said it was not necessary to vote on the motion and ordered the clerk to call the roll. But one ballot was taken and the result was as follows:

ALLEN—65
THURSTON—61
BOYD—2

This was but one short of the number necessary to elect the populist nominee, who received the solid support of the independents and democrats, with the exception of five—Babcock, North, Mattes, Sinclair and Withnell.

The scene during the calling of the roll was intensely exciting. At no time were the two leading candidates more than three votes apart and the greater part of the time they were alternating with first one and then the other in the lead. As the call progressed it was apparent that all depended on Withnell, in whose hands lay the power to elect or defeat the independent nominee. When he firmly recorded his vote for Boyd, republicans and democrats alike in all parts of the house burst out in applause.

Four Men Killed by Indians.

RUSHVILLE, Feb. 6.—News reached here this morning from Pine Ridge of the killing of four white men on the Sioux Reservation Thursday night by Indians. Rumors of a sensational character have been coming in all day. One report was that the Indians had indulged in a ghost dance, and that Two Strikes, the leading and most troublesome hostile chief in the disturbance of two years ago, and a number of his followers, had made an attack on some white men, who were watching the dance, and killed four of them, and that this was the beginning of an uprising. This rumor is, however, contradicted by other reports which are considered more trustworthy, and it is believed that the affair has no special significance as an indication of any intention on the part of the Indians to make trouble.

The correct account of the affair seems to be:

On Thursday a number of cowboys belonging at the beef camp of Isaac Humphreys, a government contractor located on White river, at the mouth of White Clay creek, about twenty-five miles northwest of Pine Ridge agency, returned from town in a drunken condition and brought a good supply of whisky with them. During the evening they became quarrelsome and mistreated and injured an Indian by the name of Two Sticks, driving him from their camp and firing their revolvers at him. Two Sticks returned later in the evening, reinforced by his sons and a number of other relatives and friends, and commenced a deadly fire on the cowboy camp, killing three and mortally wounding a fourth man, who has since died.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Feb. 6.—A telegram has been received by Captain Brown, Indian agent here, from the foreman of the government beef contractors that he was at the beef camp during the killing, but made his escape. He states positively that the four cow boys were killed at this agency. There is no reason given for the killing. Everything points to a willful and cruel murder.

A detachment of police was sent from here to bring the bodies of the white men to the agency, but the friends of the murdered men refused to let the police have the remains, claiming that they would attend to the burial themselves. It has since been learned that the four bodies were sent to Hermosa, S. D., yesterday.

Information has been received since the engagement between the Indian police and Two Sticks' band yesterday that it was owing to the firm and heroic stand that Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses took that prevented another outbreak. No Water, a chief at whose camp the fight occurred, is a prime mover among the ghost dancers and is one of the worst Indians on this reservation. After the police here wounded Two Sticks and his son and killed White-Face-Horse and another renegade Indian, No Water, flew in a frenzy and called on his followers to avenge the killing of Two Sticks and his son.

Opinion in congress is much divided as to the advisability of annexation of Hawaii.

The plant of the Portsmouth wheel works at Portsmouth, O., was destroyed by fire on Sunday.

Foster's Valuable Report.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Copies of Secretary of the Treasury Foster's report to the senate under the Sherman resolution of July last are in demand. The first part of the report will be delivered today. It is one of the most valuable statistical reports published by the government, and when complete will contain a summary or outline of the banking history of the government from its formation down to 1832, with a full and complete history of the state and national banking system from 1832 to June 30, 1832.

Sudden Demise of Mrs. William C. Whitney in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Mrs. William C. Whitney, wife of the ex-secretary of the navy, died at her home, No. 2 West Fifty-seventh street, at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, of heart disease.

Only Mr. Whitney and the nurses who attended her during her illness were present at the death bed. The end came unexpectedly.

All electoral returns have now reached Washington save those of Montana, and a special messenger has been sent for those.

Colonel H. E. Grever, representative of the British royal commission at the world's fair, was found dead in his bed Sunday morning.

The Blaine Club of Chicago has already started a movement for the erection of a monument to him in that city.

The civil service commissioners say that they are having some difficulty about securing the right kind of men to serve on local commissions.

C. H. Curtis, a Kansas farmer, has been lucky enough to recover money out of which he was swindled on the gold brick racket.

ELECTING A SENATOR.

THE STRUGGLE IN LINCOLN GROWING INTERESTING.

A New Caucus Nominating the Populist Whom they Hope to Elect With Aid From the Democrat—Indications that Paddock's Successor, Whomsoever He May Be, Will Soon be Named—Some Bills Introduced and Others That are Recommended for Passage.

Nebraska Legislature.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 30th the journal of Saturday and the journal of the joint session of that day were read and approved. Mr. Moore offered the following resolution: That the supreme court be requested to state whether the law of 1891 affecting treasurers conflicted with section 22, article 3, of the constitution. Adopted. Senator North moved that out of respect to the memory of James G. Blaine the senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. The motion prevailed. The vote for senator resulted:

Powers	41	Martin	1
Paddock	6	Andrews	2
Majors	7	Furnas	1
Morton	4	Dawes	1
Bryan	4	Reese	1
Thurston	6	Boyd	1
Hastings	1	Thompson	1
Webster			

HOUSE.—In the house on the 30th Beal introduced a resolution providing that no employes be paid for over time except at the regular rate per hour, instead of allowing an hour's over time to constitute an extra day, as has been the case in former years. The resolution was not adopted. Ellis introduced a petition from the people of Dixon county praying for a reduction of railroad rates which was referred. Merrick again brought up the employe matter by a resolution asking the clerk to post a list of employes in a conspicuous place. The resolution was adopted. Jensen introduced a resolution requesting the clerk to furnish each member with a list of all employes. An attempt to lay it on the table failed on roll call, but the resolution was killed a moment later on a count of noses. The pay question was sprung again by Beal with another resolution, which was followed by others, and another half hour was consumed in fruitless dissention, after which the whole matter was laid on the table. Adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 31st senate file No. 7, by Graham, authorizing J. E. Cobbey of Beatrice to complete and print the statutes of Nebraska was read the third time and passed. Senate file No. 3, by Eggleston, providing for the appointment of deputy county attorneys in counties having a population greater than 70,000 was passed. Senate file No. 5, providing for the submission of a proposition to call a constitutional convention, was then taken up and after discussion referred back to the committee on constitutional amendments. Bills were introduced: Relating to the education of feeble-minded children; providing for special verdicts by juries; to amend the ballot law; to provide for the employment of men and teams by road overseers; to provide for the improvement of public highways; to prohibit pool selling; to provide uniformity in marriage records; relating to free school books; to promote the independence of voters; also to amend the registration law; also relating to the authentication of acts of commissioner of deeds. The joint ballot for senator resulted:

Powers	43	Boyd	2
Paddock	7	Hasting	2
Majors	10	Furnas	2
Bryan	8	Bailey	1
Thurston	8	Crounse	1
Morton	6	Dawes	1
John L. Webster	2	Thomsen	1
Andrews	2	Saunders	1
Reese	2	Martin	1

HOUSE.—In the house on the 31st Dobson's usury bill was recommended for passage. Howe's bill, house roll No. 2, prohibiting the undervaluation of property by assessors and the state board of equalization was taken up and recommended for passage. Van Housen's bill providing for the Michiganizing of the state was recommended for passage, as was Cornish's bill enabling judgment debtors to dissolve the general lien of judgment pending proceedings of appeal or error. Bills were introduced: Regarding descendants' estate. Relating to county bridges and culverts. Providing for apprenticing minors in almshouses. Amending the liquor laws. To prevent the mortgaging of personal property without the consent of husband and wife. Providing for the registration of all marriages, births and deaths. Providing for the submission of special matters at general elections. Relating to public instruction. Relating to licenses. Relating to public finances. Providing for payment of officers and employes of the Columbian commission. Relating to tax sales. Providing for instruction of imbeciles. Conveying to Bishop Worthington, in trust, the state's right in certain Lincoln real estate. Relating to notaries public. The secretary of the senate entered to announce that the senate had passed senate files Nos. 3 and 7, and asking concurrence in the same.

SENATE.—The senate on the 1st was unable to transact any business on account of the low temperature of the senate chamber. Another page was appointed and after the joint convention an adjournment was taken until tomorrow. The joint ballot resulted:

Greene	13	Thompson	9
Paddock	25	Boyd	1
Thurston	12	Andrews	2
Majors	10	Dawes	1
Allen Root	7	Bailey	1
Ireland	3	J. S. Morton	1
Reese	2	Crounse	1
John L. Webster	2	Allen	1
Hastings	2	Powers	1
Harlan	1		

HOUSE.—In the house on the 1st the committee on miscellaneous subjects returned No. 212, Lingenfelter's woman suffrage bill, without recommendation. Keckley moved the postponement of the bill, but McCutcheon amended by moving that it go to the general file and thither it went. The report of the committee on public lands and buildings indefinitely postponing No. 194, Barry's bill providing for a state convention hall in Lincoln, was adopted. The committee on miscellaneous subjects recommended the passage of No. 100, Kessler's limited woman suffrage bill. The report was adopted and the bill went to the general file. The committee on corporations recommended the passage of No. 99, Oakley's bill defining terms used in section 587 of the statute regulating transportation. Adopted. The following bills were introduced: Providing that no person hold more than one lucrative public office at the same time; appropriating $1,650 for the relief of Benjamin F. Baugnn, whose horses and cattle of that value were killed by order of the state veterinary in 1889 because affected with glanders; appropriating $35,000 to provide for the building of a pathological laboratory at the state university; providing for the appointment of fish and game protectors; amending the criminal code relating to game and fish; appropriating $7,495.78 for the relief of Scott's Bluff county, for expense of the trial of George S. Arnold, for murder in July, 1889; amending the statutes on elections; amending the statutes relating to insurance; to protect employes and guarantee their right to belong to labor organizations.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 2d there was but little of general interest in the proceedings, the members of that body confining themselves strictly to routine work. From the committee on railroads Senator Mullen reported back senate file No. 59 with the recommendation that it be indefinitely postponed. The bill was introduced by Dysart and provides for the construction and maintenance of joint depots and transfer switches by competing lines of railroad. The bill is similar in its provisions to senate file No. 6, introduced by Packwood, except that the latter makes no reference to joint depots. The committee recommended that the latter be placed on the general file. The senate declined to discriminate between the bills and both were sent to the general file. From the committee on municipal affairs Senator North reported back Moore's bill, senate file No. 13, with the recommendation that it go to the general file. The bill is an amendment to chapter xiv of the compiled statutes of 1889 and is designed to enable cities and villages to contract with any person or company to erect and maintain water works. The joint vote for senator resulted:

Thurston	61	Edgerton	2
Greene	55	Morton	1
Thomson	8	Rasan	3
Boyd	3	Reagan	1
Jones	2	Allen	1

HOUSE.—In the house on the 2d the speaker appointed Felton, Casper and Riley a special committee to investigate the state institutions. The entire session was devoted to work in committee of the whole with Barry in the chair. The committee recommended the passage of Higgins' bill amending the law governing appropriations for agricultural societies by leaving it optional instead of compulsory with boards of supervisors to appropriate funds for the support of county fairs, and of a bill allowing pupils in one district to attend in another when more than a mile and a half from the school in their own district. House roll No. 74 was recommitted to be considered with house rolls 205 and 206. This is Suter's bill to compel railroads to build transfers for switches. House roll No. 34 was amended and recommended to pass. This is Schelp's bill to permit children in one district to attend school in another. House roll No. 62, by Goss of Douglas, a bill to abolish printing of advertisement of of lotteries, was recommended to pass.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 3d many bills were introduced. From the committee on railroads Senator Mullen reported senate file No. 82, by Dale, prohibiting members of the legislature from accepting passes or free transportation, and recommended for passage; Gray's bill, reducing passenger fares to 2½ cents a mile, went to the general file. The following were recommended for passage: Senate file No. 45, requiring registers of deeds to keep a mortgage indebtedness record. Senate file No. 52, by Lobeck, to amend the laws relating to gambling. Senate file No. [illegible], by Pope, to provide for the relief of the supreme court by requiring printed abstracts of the records of all cases brought before it. Senate file No. 77, also by Pope, for the relief of the supreme court, providing that the court may exercise its discretion in handing down written opinions in all cases where the findings of the lower court are affirmed. Senate file No. 101, by Eggleston, to prevent and punish cruelty to animals. Bills were introduced: To regulate saloons. To prohibit the sale of oleomargarine. To prohibit the sale of impure drugs and foods. To prohibit certain persons from climbing on a railroad train while in motion. Senate files 146 to 152, inclusive, were read the second time, after which the senate adjourned to go into joint convention on the election of a United States senator. After the joint convention the senate adjourned. In the joint ballot for senator Thurston received 61 votes. Greene received 51 votes. Casper, Eckhoff, Gerdes and Vanhousen, democrats, voted for Greene. All the independents voted for Greene except Fulton and Stewart, who voted for John H. Reagan, and Dysart and Stevens, who voted for Allan Root, and Kruse, who voted for W. H. Allen. Ames, Babcock, North, Thomsen and Withnell voted for Boyd. Hale, Leidigh, Mattes and Sinclair voted for J. Sterling Morton.

HOUSE.—In the house on the 3d attention was given to bills on third reading. The appropriation bill for state institutions was the special order taken up. A motion to postpone for a week was lost by an overwhelming vote, and the discussion of the bill was declared to be in order. The governor's office was the first to receive attention. Gerdes moved to strike out the $2,000 for house rent. The report of the committee was adopted, cutting down the amount asked for from $4,600 to $2,600. The adjutant's office was cut from $600, as asked, to $450 according to the bill. The commissioner of labor was cut by the bill to $1,000, whereas $4,100 was asked. The bill gave the secretary of state $2,850 instead of the $4,100 asked for. The treasurer was given $600 instead of the $1,400 asked for. The bill cut the auditor from $4,000 to $2,900. Traveling and incidental expenses were cut from all the bills. The bill also provides for cutting of the appropriation for the office of the superintendent of public instruction from $15,975, as recommended to $5,625. Attorney general from $2,700 to $900. A vigorous fight was made to increase the postage allowance of that office from $200 to $400, and later to $300, but without success. Commissioner of public lands and buildings from $4,100, as asked for, to $1,900. Board of Public Lands and Buildings, $19,750 instead of $40,200. Board of Educational Lands and Funds, from $10,900 to $6,000. Board of Purchase and Supplies from $350 to $200. Supreme court from $22,205 to $18,805. The provision of the bill was $400 less than this amount, but $2,000 being allowed for the two court bailiffs. The provisions of the bill so far as read were adopted and the committee rose to report progress and ask leave to sit again.

More Reductions at Carnegie's Works.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 3.—A new scale of wages at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works of the Carnegie Company at Braddock, Pa., has just been announced. The wages of laborers, tonnage men, and the employes of other departments are to be reduced. The men do not take it kindly and there may be a strike.

THE FRENCH TREATY.

IT IS RATIFIED BY THE UPPER HOUSE OF CONGRESS.

Consideration Also Given to the Russian Treaty—The Anti-Option Bill in the House—The Army Appropriation Bill Taken Up and Passed in the Senate—Petitions for Pensions to Militia Soldiers of Kansas—Miscellaneous Matters in Congress.

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the senate on the 30th Mr. Chandler offered the following resolution: By the senate, the house of representatives concurring, that the president be requested to enter into negotiations with the present provisional government of the late kingdom of Hawaii for the admission of the islands as a territory into the United States, and to lay any communication which he may make before congress for ratification by legislation. Under objection of Mr. White, democrat, from Louisiana, the resolution went over until tomorrow. The anti-option bill was then taken up, and Mr. White made another argument against it and against the George substitute for it. Mr. White spoke for nearly three hours, closing his speech with the assertion that the purpose of the bill was to separate the United States from the general commerce of the world, to strike down the American instrumentalities of defense and to leave all the weapons of offense ready for the destruction of American commerce. In the house the session was a brief, but interesting one. Senate bill was passed to refer to the court of claims, the claim of Jessie Benton Fremont to certain lands in San Francisco, Cal. Mr. McRae, democrat from Arkansas, from the committee on public lands, reported a bill to punish crimes in the Yellowstone National park. Calendar. The house then proceeded, in committee of the whole, to further consider the sundry civil appropriation bill. The bill was considered until 5:30 o'clock, when the committee arose.

In the senate on the 31st, the anti-option bill was taken up. Senator Wolcott opposed the anti-option bill as not sanctioned by the constitution, as vicious in principle, and as not calculated to work a benefit, but an injury, to the people in whose interest it professes to be framed. He believed that if the bill became a law the effect would be to lower the prices of agricultural products, and the clamors for its repeal would be far louder than were now the demands for its passage. The bill was a lie upon its face. It was far more immoral than the practices it aimed at. Amendments were offered and rejected to include silver bullion, petroleum and its products, certificates representing the same, high wines, spirits and whiskies among the articles to which the bill shall apply. The bill was then passed —yeas, 40; nays, 29. Among the petitions presented and referred was one by Senator Peffer, for pensions to militia soldiers of Kansas and other states. Senator Harris reported back from the committee on epidemic diseases the quarantine bill with a substitute, being the bill passed by the senate some time ago, omitting the eighth section. This section made an appropriation of $1,000,000; and Senator Harris' explanation of its omission was that under the house rules a bill or amendment containing an appropriation would have to go to a committee, and he wished to have that obstruction and delay avoided. The bill went over. In the house a resolution was adopted calling upon the secretary of the interior for information whether manufacturers and refiners of sugar have refused to answer questions propounded to them by census officials, and if so, whether steps have been taken to compel them to answer. The house then resumed in committee of the whole the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill.

In the senate on the 1st the fortification bill was the first of the general bills to come up, and it was passed after a rather interesting, though not novel, discussion on the subject of coast fortifications. The army appropriation bill was taken up and was passed with but a single amendment—increasing the monthly pay of sergeants of the army. The District of Columbia bill was next in order. All the committee amendments were agreed to except one; that was reserved for action tomorrow, looking to the erection of a $500,000 municipal building in Washington city, and the bill went over. The fortifications appropriation bill and the army appropriation bill were passed and the District of Columbia appropriation bill was taken up and went over without action. In the house attention was centered upon one item of the sundry civil appropriation bill. That item was the one appropriating $16,000,000 for carrying on the contracts already entered into for the improvement of rivers and harbors. The jurisdictional authority of the committee on appropriations was called into question. It was contended that the appropriations should have been reported to the committee on harbors, but although Mr. Holman was one of those who made this contention against the power of the committee of which he is chairman, the committee came out victorious and the item was decided to be a proper one. And further than that, the item withstood a fusilade and came out unscathed. Without finally acting on the bill the house adjourned.

The senate, on the 2d, was in executive session for upwards of three hours, and during that time ratified the French treaty, but the ratification was not made public. The committee on foreign relations recommended expunging from the treaty small crimes and misdemeanors. The embezzlement clause, it is understood, will be permitted to stand. The senate also devoted a part of its time to the Russian treaty, proposed amendments being read at length, but no action taken. Hawaiian affairs came in for discussion, Senator Morgan making a speech, being the only speaker on the subject; but his remarks were strongly in favor of American control of the islands and prompt action on the part of the government. In the house, in the morning, the anti-option bill was the center of interest, and before the opening of the session little knots of members congregated and discussed the probable course which should be pursued in disposing of the measure. The opponents of legislation were on the alert, and the instant that Mr. Hatch made his motion for a conference Mr. Bynum of Indiana was addressing the speaker with a point of order that the senate amendment must first be considered in committee of the whole. The discussion of Mr. Bynum's point was a brief one, but long enough to show that the fight over the measure was sharp and vigorous. John L. Davenport and the federal election laws then occupied the attention of the house. They were brought forward by an amendment offered by Mr. Fitch of New York to the sundry civil bill. The amendment was agreed to.

In the senate on the 3d the house bill to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Kickapoo Indians in Oklahoma territory and appropriating $64,650 for that purpose was taken from the calendar and passed, with amendments, and a conference was asked. The house bill to protect settlement of rights when two or more persons settle upon the same subdivision of agricultural lands before survey thereof, was taken from the calendar and passed with an amendment and a conference asked. Senator Teller, in presenting a couple of petitions on the silver question, addressed the senate on the subject. In his judgment there was a decided majority of senators opposed at this time to the repeal of the Sherman [illegible] and there was a majority against [illegible] repeal on both sides of the chamber. In conclusion Senator Teller re[illegible] his confident belief that it was among the possibilities that the [illegible] man act would be repealed at [illegible] session of congress. In the house [illegible] friends of the anti-option bill obtained a victory. Although the speaker decided against them and ruled that the house could not at present non-concur in the senate amendments and thus throw the bill into conference (when a report would become privileged), the house, notwithstanding the determined fight of the members of the ways and means committee and of other opponents of the bill referred to it the committee on agriculture, which is favorable to its passage. And it did so by a large majority, not quite two-thirds, but approximating it so closely that it is still a debatable question if a two-thirds vote is required it could not be obtained. The deficiency appropriation bill was passed.

"To Repeal the Sherman Silver Law Is the Necessity of the Hour."

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—"To repeal the Sherman silver law is the great necessity of the hour." So said President-elect Cleveland to a United Press representative. "While I am naturally averse to being interviewed," Mr. Cleveland continued, "my conviction on this subject is so deep and my feelings concerning it are so strong that I am willing you should quote what I say. Possibly this direct and authorized expression from me will encourage our republican friends in congress to stand out against repeal, but I hope not. This is not a party question and should be considered from the standpoint of common good and not from a party advantage. Continuance of silver purchasing operations made mandatory by the Sherman law is a menace to the business and financial interests of the country. I am not yet without hope that this law will be repealed by the present congress. Whatever influence I have is being exerted to that end. The date at which the repeal should become operative is immaterial, save that the sooner the better. I am not yet ready to express an opinion as to what should be done in case the present congress fails to repeal the Sherman law. I am unwilling to believe that motives arising from the fancied possibility of party advantage will be permitted to prevent repeal during the term of this congress."

"When you go to Washington next month, Mr. Cleveland," suggested the reporter, "you will find many questions of great public importance confronting you."

"It is not the large questions I am afraid of," replied Mr. Cleveland, "but the multitude of small questions which will be sandwiched in between them. With the assistance of the best men in public life it will not be so very difficult to determine the wisest course to be pursued concerning the important matters. The trouble is that many men who could give valuable assistance persist in devoting their energies to asking me to devote mine to matters which, in comparison, are trivial. There are, for instance, men who evince more interest in the filling of petty offices than in saving the country from the menace of the Sherman law."

Outlined Their Course.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb 3.—A dozen of the democratic congressmen from New York state held an informal meeting last evening to devise a plan of procedure when the silver question shall again come before the house. The subject was informally discussed for about two hours. It was practically the unanimous conclusion of those present that the Bacon bill which provides for repealing the Sherman act, should be urged for passage. Representative Bacon, who is chairman of the committee on banking and currency, will have charge of the bill upon the floor. It was decided that every means known to parliamentary practice should be employed to secure favorable action upon the bill, which is exactly the same as the Andrew bill.

Minnesota's World's Fair Appropriation.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 2.—The State Senate yesterday passed the bill to reimburse the various counties in the State for the money advanced by them on notes signed by prominent business men to increase the World's Fair appropriation. The Alliance Legislature of two years ago had cut the appropriation to $50,000, and by this sort of popular subscription $100,000 additional was obtained.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA.		
Butter—Creamery	21	@ 25
Butter—Country roll	18	@ 22
Butter—Packing stock	12	@ 14
Eggs—Fresh	25	@ 26
Honey—Per lb	8	@ 20
Chickens—Per lb	9	@ 10
Turkeys—Dressed	11	@ 12
Ducks—Dressed, per lb	8	@ 10
Lemons	3 75	@ 4 25
Oranges—Florida	3 25	@ 4 25
Sweet Potatoes—Per bbl	4 00	@ 4 50
Potatoes—Per bu	75	@ 85
Apples—Per barrel	3 50	@ 4 00
Beans—Navy	2 00	@ 2 25
Cranberries—Cape Cod	9 00	@ 9 5
Hay—Per ton	6 0	@ 6 5
Straw—Per ton	5 00	@ 5 50
Bran—Per ton	13 50	@ 14 00
Chop—Per ton	17 50	@ 18 5
Onions—Per bu	1 00	@ 1 25
Hogs—Mixed packing	7 80	@ 8 00
Hogs—Heavy weights	7 75	@ 8 12½
Beeves—Stockers and feeders	2 00	@ 3 25
Steers—Prime to good	4 50	@ 5 00
Sheep—Natives	3 75	@ 5 00
NEW YORK.		
Wheat—No. 2, red winter	79	@ 79½
Corn—No. 2	54	@ 55
Oats—Mixed western	37	@ 39½
Pork	18 50	@ 19 00
Lard	11 95	@ 11 95
CHICAGO.		
Wheat—No. 2, spring	73	@ 73½
Corn—Per bu	44	@ 44½
Oats—Per bu	31	@ 31½
Pork	18 37½	@ 18 50
Lard	11 75	@ 11 77½
Hogs—Packers and mixed	7 45	@ 7 75
Steers—Best grades	3 25	@ 6 10
Cattle—Stockers and Feeders	3 2	@ 3 75
Sheep—Westerns	3 00	@ 5 35
ST. LOUIS.		
Wheat—No. 2, red, cash	68	@ 68¾
Corn—Per bu	39¼	@ 40
Oats—Per bu	30	@ 31½
Hogs—Mixed Packing	7 50	@ 8 00
Cattle—Native steers	3 90	@ 4 60
KANSAS CITY.		
Wheat—No. 2	65¼	@ 65¾
Corn—No. 2	35	@ 35½
Oats—No. 2	29½	@ 30
Cattle—Stockers and feeders	3 25	@ 4 15
Hogs—Mixed	6 90	@ 8 00
Sheep—Muttons	3 85	@ 4 85

A LONG [illegible] of diseases start from a torpid liver and impure blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures every one of them, and the them, too. Take it, as you ought, when you feel the first symptoms (languor, loss of appetite, dullness, depression) and you'll save yourself from something serious.

In building up needed flesh and strength, and to purify and enrich the blood, nothing can equal the "Discovery." It invigorates the liver and kidneys, promotes all the bodily functions, and brings back health and vigor. For Dyspepsia, "Liver Complaint," Biliousness, and all Scrofulous, Skin, and Scalp Diseases, it is the only remedy that's guaranteed to benefit or cure, in every case, or the money is refunded.

About Catarrh. No matter what you've tried and found wanting, you can be cured with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. The proprietors of this medicine agree to cure you, or they'll pay you $500 in cash.

ST. LOUIS ENTERPRISE.

Wires to Go Under Ground—Hotel Building—Trade of Indian Territory—Library Features, Etc.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 3.—It seems now as if a million dollars or so will be spent by the electric companies in laying conduits in St. Louis this year. The Bell Telephone Company and one of the largest electric lighting companies have already applied to the city for permission to put down conduits, and another telephone company, which intends to compete with the Bell and lower rates is asking the Assembly to give it a franchise for the same purpose. The new telephone company has bought a conduit already laid in the streets, and the systems planned by the Bell and the lighting company will cost each over a half million dollars, even though the first conduits are intended to occupy only the business streets.

Most of the trade of the Indian Territory is directly tributary to St. Louis, and the city is consequently taking the lead in movements that have for their object, the opening of these lands for settlement. The merchants here, however, go further than any proposition for the opening of the Territory that has yet been advanced. They want the whole Territory opened, the Indians who own the lands to be given their pay at once by the United States, and a convention of Western business men is now proposed to take steps to carry out the plan. The convention will be held here, and probably about the time the new Congress assembles.

The public library of this city, which is one of the largest in the country, is at last to be made a free library. It now belongs to the school board, and that body will be glad to get rid of it if the city will undertake the cost of its maintenance, which is considerable. It is not intended to put it into the hands of the municipal officers, but to endow it by subscription, and at a meeting of the most wealthy and public-spirited men of the city the other day, it was decided that this should be done this year. The library has just moved into a new seven story building which cost nearly half a million dollars, and is most modernly appointed.

With the first thawing touch of spring on the frozen streets, hundreds of pickaxes will be sunk into the ground for the track-laying on three new cross-town lines of street railways. The city has now enough roads running along its breadth, from the river to the western suburbs. It only needs more lines to cut these at right angles, particularly over the rapidly growing western part of the town.

It is really becoming difficult to count the new hotels which are intended to be finished in St. Louis by next fall. If the builders carry out all their contracts, and from the number of men working at foundations down town, there seems to be reason to think they will, the city will be able to provide half a million people with rooms by next October, when the crowds begin to rush in to see the fall festivities. So far, all the buildings projected have been located near the centers of business down town, but this week the contracts were let for another one, an eight-story building directly opposite the new Union depot. This hotel will be intended principally for those who want to stay here only between trains, and its rates will probably be very cheap, while the other hotels going up are for the travelers who want the best of everything and are willing to pay for it.

Still Brightand Booming.

Many bright and useful publications are received to us annually and the sight of them is as refreshing and welcome as the faces of friends on New Year's day. One such publication, always foremost, is before us, brimful of sound advice and the raciest bits of fun, original and copyrighted, from the pens of such noted humorists as Bill Nye, Opie P. Read, Danbury News Man and others. It is a free gift of the season at the Druggist's counter, and will be sought for as the highly popular St. Jacob's Oil Family Almanac and Book of Health and Humor, 1893. One special feature is the "Offer of One Hundred Dollars," open to all contestants, the details of which are a perusal of the book will more fully give. The Almanac is sent forth by The Charles A. Vogeler Company, Baltimore, Md., proprietors of some of the best known and most reliable medicinal preparations. A copy will be mailed to any address on receipt of a 2-cent stamp by the above firm.

OMAHA BUSINESS HOUSES.

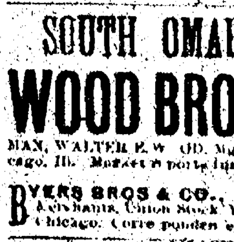
WALL PAPER Wholesale. Good Paper 3½ cts per roll. Gold Parlor Paper 1½ cts and up. Write for samples. Free. HENRY LEHMAN, Omaha, Neb. Agents's Sample Books over 400 different styles, $1.00.

WAGONS, CARRIAGES W. T. SEAMAN Omaha's Largest Variety.

FARRELL & CO., Maple Sugar and Syrups, Jellies, Preserves, Jams, Apple Butter, Etc. Trans. Omaha Can Manufacturing Co. Cans all Decorated Tinware.

AGENTS WANTED of either sex. New Patent Automatic Coffee Pots, sells on sight. Exclusive territory given. ARNOLD COOKER CO., Omaha.

SALOON Fixtures, Billiard Tables, Bar Glassware, Beer Pumps, etc. GATE CITY BILLIARD TABLE CO., 1119 Farnam.



KIMBALL PIANOS, EMERSON PIANOS, KIMBALL ORGANS, AT FACTORY PRICES. A. HOSPE, Jr., OMAHA, NEB. State Agent. Instruments sold on payments. Agents wanted. Catalogue Free.

SOUTH OMAHA HOUSES.

WOOD BROS. LIVE STOCK COMMISSION. JOHN D. DADIS, MAN. WALTER E. WOOD, Mgrs. So. Omaha, Neb., Chicago, Ill. Market reports by mail upon application.

BYERS BROS & CO., Live Stock Commission. Exchange, Union Stock Yards, South Omaha and Chicago. Correspondence and your trade solicited.

Pianos Put Into the Wall.

The latest craze to economize space is a particularly silly one. It is all very well to build wardrobes, cupboards, cozy corners and whatnots into a room. But when a piano is built into a room it is carrying a wise idea to an extreme. The merest tyro in musical matters knows that the more air which surrounds a piano the better, and that even if placed against the wall the sound is deadened. How much more, then, will not this be the case when the instrument is surrounded on all sides?

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

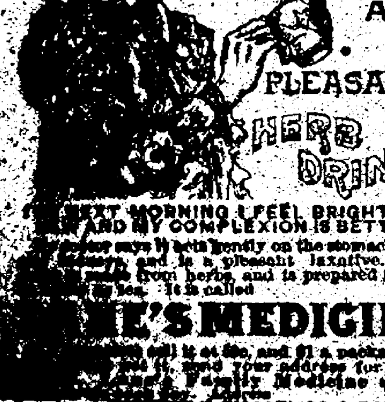
Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

"August Flower"

I had been troubled five months with Dyspepsia. I had a fullness after eating, and a heavy load in the pit of my stomach. Sometimes a deathly sickness would overtake me. I was working for Thomas McHenry, Druggist, Allegheny City, Pa., in whose employ I had been for seven years. I used August Flower for two weeks. I was relieved of all trouble. I can now eat things I dared not touch before. I have gained twenty pounds since my recovery. J. D. Cox, Allegheny, Pa.

AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. Address ORATOR F. WOODWARD, LEROY, N. Y.

MERCURIAL

Mr. J. C. Jones, of Fulton, Arkansas, says of S.S.S.

"About ten years ago I contracted a severe case of blood poison. Leading physicians prescribed medicine after medicine, which I took without any relief. I also tried mercurial and potash remedies, with unsuccessful results, but which brought on an attack of mercurial rheumatism that made my life one of agony. After suffering

RHEUMATISM

four years I gave up all remedies and began using S.S.S. After taking several bottles I was entirely cured and able to resume work. S.S.S. Is the greatest medicine for blood poisoning to-day on the market."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SHILOH'S CURE.

Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee. For a Lame Side, Back or Chest Shiloh's Porous Plaster will give great satisfaction.—25 cents.

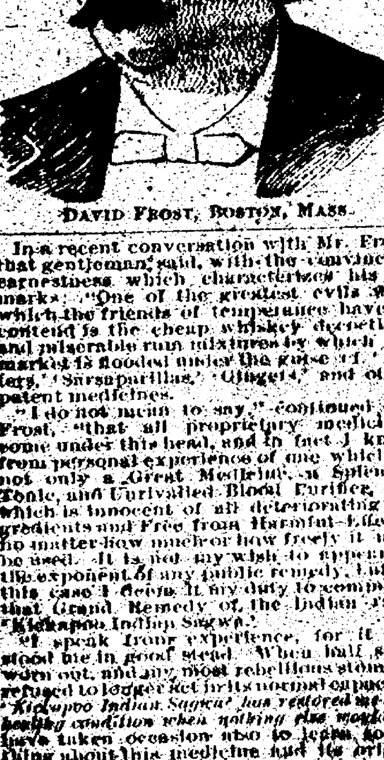
DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's Invisible Ear Cushions. Whispers heard. Successful when all remedies fail. Sold FREE by F. Hiscox, 853 B'way, N.Y. Write for book of proofs FREE

NOTED TEMPERANCE LEADER

The Forcible and Brilliant David Frost.

He Endorses Indian Sagwa.

The portrait of David Frost, the noted temperance lecturer, will be recognized far and wide.



DAVID FROST, BOSTON, MASS.

In a recent conversation with Mr. Frost, that gentleman said, with the convincing earnestness which characterizes his remarks: "One of the greatest evils with which the friends of temperance have to contend is the cheap whiskey decoctions and miserable rum mixtures by which the market is flooded under the guise of 'Bitters,' 'Sarsaparillas,' 'Gingers,' and other patent medicines.

"I do not mean to say," continued Mr. Frost, "that all proprietary medicines come under this head, and in fact I know from personal experience of one which is not only a Great Medicine, a Splendid Tonic, and Unrivalled Blood Purifier, but which is innocent of all deteriorating ingredients and Free from Harmful Effects, no matter how much or how freely it may be used. It is not my wish to appear as the exponent of any public remedy, but in this case I deem it my duty to commend that Grand Remedy of the Indian race, 'Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.'

"I speak from experience, for it has stood me in good stead. When half sick, worn out, and my most rebellious stomach refused to longer act in its normal capacity, 'Kickapoo Indian Sagwa' has restored me to a healthy condition when nothing else would. I have taken occasion also to learn something about this medicine and its origin, and know that 'Sagwa' is not only an old and tried remedy among the Indians, but that its Vegetable Purity and Harmless Curative Effects are still maintained, and that its manufacture is still carried on by Indians in methods exactly in accordance with the ways of the noble Red Man.

"Simple Roots, Barks, Leaves and Flowers from the Forest are all that enter into its composition, and the strength which is gained from its use is not the false strength of the rum bottle but the Noble Exhilaration of Bounding Health and the Purified Blood, cleansed of its poisons, coursing through every Vein and Artery of the [illegible]

[illegible] the correct force of [illegible] expressed to the writer [illegible]

TWO SIDES OF LIFE.

There is a shady side of life,
And a sunny side as well,
And 'tis for every one to say
On which he'd choose to dwell;
For every one unto himself
Commits a grievous sin,
Who bars the blessed sunshine out,
And shuts the shadows in.

The clouds may wear their saddest robes,
The sun refuse to smile,
And sorrow, with her troops of ills,
May threaten us the while;
But still the cheerful heart has power
A sunbeam to provide,
And only those whose souls are dark,
Dwell on life's shady side.

Then wear a happy heart, my friend,
And fix your faith above;
A heavenly father may afflict,
But does it all in love.
And they who strive to do his will,
And read his word aright,
With songs of triumph on their lips,
Walk always in the light.

—New York Ledger.

M. LE VICOMTE.

From his first appearance to his last he set the town agog with his doings. Late on the stormy November evening which was to usher in a new epoch in Tidewater society, the Mason's door-bell was rung so furiously that it brought the whole family to their feet. As Mr. Mason opened the door, a stranger bounced by him, completed several rapid gyrations about the hall, before his companion, the proprietor of the hotel, could enter and explain the intrusion.

"The new French professor—he's just come," was all the information the man could offer. "Nobody in the hotel could talk French, and as he seemed to be trying to say something, I brought him down here."

"Come in," said Mr. Mason, and led the way to the parlor.

The foreigner, inspired by the sympathetic presence of three women, began his story with volubility. He was, his hearers at last discovered, Maxime Beauchamp Anne Marie Montmorency, Vicomte de Precourt, and had come from the school of languages in Portsmouth to teach French in Tidewater. The evening train had been late after an uncomfortably cold and rough journey, and—his expression was pitiable as he told it—he had lost his trunks, his *quatre grosses malles*. At this point when he spoke of the loss of his trunks he paused and stood facing his hearers, his attitude and expression full of pathetic entreaty.

In the minute during which he retained this attitude, the Masons saw the viscount for the first time distinctly. He was a small, shabby viscount, provoking by his appearance amusement rather than respect. His figure was well knit and military in bearing, and his bullet shaped head as compact as a traveling case. A shock of stiff, black hair, evincing a disposition to bristle out and destroy the general snugness of contour, had been cropped close to his head. Two dents—not dimples—at the outward extremities of his eyes alternately emphasized and softened as he spoke, gave his countenance a strange, sinister expression; and spasmodic muscular contractions of St. Vitus dance distorted his face almost continually. A silver fleur-de-lis shone from his necktie, and the French tri-color stood out aggressively from the lapel of his coat for that uncertain thing a Frenchman calls his honor.

This story told, the landlord made to understand, and a promise of interpreter's assistance received from the Masons, the viscount bowed himself magnificently from the room. The Masons understood the new professor from that call.

By the next afternoon three-quarters of the girls in Tidewater had called on the other quarter and talked over the new professor. "And he's really a viscount, and his father's a marquis," exclaimed a believer breathlessly. "And he gives lessons only because he wants to," said another. "His father gives him an allowance big enough to live on, but he thinks he ought to work even if he is a nobleman. Isn't that splendid of him?" exclaimed a third. "It's all fol de rol!" retorted the unbelievers. "He needn't think he can pass off that vulgar, shabby little person of his on Americans for a viscount. The eighteenth Maxime of Precourt would wear clean linen and not be hunting about in country towns for a handful of pupils, if he had plenty of money. He's an adventurer." The mothers listened while pretending not to hear, and were able to exchange notes with their husbands at dinner and with other mothers while shopping. The women suspended judgment, but the men without hesitation pronounced him a "rascally Frenchman." The form of expression sometimes changed but the idea never.

In a few days the French classes were running smoothly. As the final advent of his luggage produced no visible effects in the professor's toilet it was decided that he brought only a lasting stock of his large and unwieldy cigars in his quatre grosses malles.

However, notwithstanding his shabbiness it did not take long for him to convince his pupils that he was a genuine viscount and many new classes were formed of studious women who could not let the opportunity pass of acquiring the accent of the French nobility. He established his title among them, but requested them modestly to call him simply M. de Precourt.

So the women flocked to his classes, and formed grandes soirees of the combined classes and petite soirees of chosen members, each to meet once a week. At these soirees the women discovered virtues and graces in their professor never to be suspected by a casual observer. He was infinitely well read and well bred, his resources at entertainment were boundless, and, dearest of all to the feminine heart, he wrote poetry, genuine poetry—not verses—one poem at least for each soiree.

So time wore on; soirees following soiree and poem poem, and two months had passed before the classes woke up to the fact that the viscount's poems were all on one theme, and he cared for the commendation of but one member of his classes, and that a fair demoiselle, and to her alone did he give copies of his poems. The demoiselle was Miss Mason, and thus did he repay the kindness her family had shown him.

A fresh interest was added to the Frenchman's presence in town. The newly discovered condition of things was discussed in all its phases, and everybody knew all about this affaire de cœur, excepting only the fair demoiselle herself.

Now, since his residence in Tidewater was assured until his ceremonious court should be paid in detail to the future viscountess (for he had but to ask to have), the viscount talked of moving into apartments and spent his leisure time in visiting the most attractive quarters of the town looking for rooms. Day after day was spent in fruitless search. [illegible] house in Tidewater, it seemed, [illegible] built with special reference [illegible] viscount's tastes, yet he kept up [illegible] for some days after this [illegible], as some choice must be made. In a few days more, however, the search was abandoned, the subject dropped and the viscount was riding a new hobby.

And now it was certainly true that the viscount of Precourt had something weighing on his mind and heart. He was very open in telling his unhappiness; now attributing it to one cause, now another. Not a few tenderhearted women in Tidewater spent days and nights of sympathetic wretchedness after this forlorn waif of French nobility had poured out his grief to them. Now love was the cause of it,—"Je le sais bien," he would exclaim in moments of despair when he forgot the allurements of his rank. "Je le sais bien—je ne suis pas beau garçon!" Now it was his inferior social position in America, the lack of sympathy of the strange country, and pure homesickness. The words alone would have been insufficient to carry conviction, but the whole bearing of the man in his unguarded moments, told of trouble.

Some believed the story of love, some of the cold incongeniality of American society, and some materially-minded people attributed the Frenchman's wretchedness to pecuniary difficulties. Rumors were spread from the better informed heads of the school in Portsmouth that M. de Precourt was not in happy relations with his family, and his father had cut off his allowance.

Easter Monday, at 11 o'clock, M. de Precourt called upon Mrs. Mason to read to her as usual for an hour in the morning. She noticed that he was agitated. When the greetings were over, M. de Precourt seated himself on the edge of a capacious arm-chair, and made some nervous remarks upon the season, and the happiness every one feels in the spring. Gaining confidence with the sound of his voice he explained to his pupil the customs of the season observed in his native land. "It is the custom," he said, "for gentlemen in France to express the regard they have cherished for some particular lady by presenting her with a bouquet of flowers on Easter Monday morning." In accordance with this custom"—here, after fumbling behind him on the chair-seat, he produced a bunch of flowers of many kinds and colors—"he had bought this bouquet to Miss Mason." Mrs. Mason, but dimly understanding from his incoherent and rapid utterances the significance of the gift, accepted the flowers for her daughter with cordial thanks. The little Frenchman was jubilant. He stopped again and again in his reading to make facetious remarks upon the book, and on taking his leave expressed extravagant thanks for the kindness of the family to him.

That evening, at the soiree, the women were electrified with astonishment. M. de Precourt, standing up behind the little table from which he read, announced that, since it was now permitted him, he had addressed a poem to Miss Mason. He then read his tenderest lines, and after the reading presented them, written in gold ink and framed in oak, to the amazed girl to whom they were addressed. The poet was radiant with smiles, and threw himself with more zest than ever into the amusements of the evening. As he escorted Mrs. Mason home after the soiree, she explained to him that there had been misunderstanding on both sides—on theirs, from their imperfect knowledge of French and French customs; on his, from his misinterpretation of their acceptance of his flowers, and kindness toward him, which was no more than common hospitality. All the new-found brightness and joy faded from the poor little man's life. He declared that life was too hard for him and he wished to die.

The next day it was known over town that the Frenchman was going to Chili to fight at the front and die, as M. Chiquet, the last professor, had died. He had been in battle before in Algiers, but this should be his last. Pale, haggard and wretched, he went about giving his lessons, a few days more, hoping to melt the hard heart of his beloved, when one morning word was spread abroad that the Frenchman had indeed gone to Portsmouth to resign his position for Chili.

For two days, Tidewater waited and wondered what would happen next. The third day M. de Precourt was back again, smiling, happy, all memory of the past apparently forgotten. Through the kind offices of M. Coutellier, the head of the school, it was learned the breach between the viscount and marquis of Precourt had been healed, the son's allowance was renewed, and his delight at this was great enough to occupy every crevice of the mercurial viscount's mind.

M. de Precourt remained in Tidewater until the end of the term in June, when the office at Portsmouth recalled him. His behavior was somewhat subdued during his last month in town, and occasioned little comment. A week before going, however, he wrought himself again into a state of pathetic weariness with the world. To leave Tidewater was to leave life. He was alone, unloved in the world; what booted life under these circumstances? He wanted to die. In this state of mind he left town. The inhabitants daily expected to see him return, and as the days went by without him they missed him more than they dreamed it possible.

In the summer one of the unfaithful wrote to the French consul, and learned that no family of Precourt could be found in the French peerage.—Harvard Advocate.

Captain Kidd's Treasures.

The only place where any of the treasures of the famous pirate, Captain Kidd, were ever found is Gardiner's island, at the east end of Long Island, a famous rendezvous for sea robbers. Here were found 783 ounces of gold, 633 ounces of silver, besides silk, satin, bullion and jewels. But the places where Kidd may have concealed such of his wealth as he and his mates did not drink up include Lion's Rock, at Lyme, Conn.; Monhegan Island, Me.; Appledore, in the Isles of Shoals; Cro' Nest, on the Hudson; Money Hill, on Shark river, N. J.; Sandy Hook; Kidd's tree on the Atlantic Highlands, of New Jersey; Damariscotta island, Me.; a place on the Piscataqua river; Oyster Point, Md.; Dighton Rock, Mass.; Medford, Mass.; Salem, Mass.; Liberty island, New York harbor, and the east side of Manhattan island in the neighborhood of One Hundredth street. Enough time and money have been fooled away in the search for money at these places to establish many men in business. Most of the spots were until recently regarded as uncanny, for it was alleged of Kidd that whenever he buried money he killed a sailor to bury with it, that his ghost might guard the treasure and scare away intruders.

An Original Girl.

Skidds—When you proposed I suppose she said: "This is so sudden."

Spatts—No. She only remarked: "You might have had me a year ago, George."

CITIES MADE BEAUTIFUL.

European Capitals Are Remodelling Themselves at Great Expense.

"During the last twenty years most of the great cities of Europe have been remodeled," says a traveler.

"Paris led the way at an earlier period under the Third Napoleon, and I believe the alterations made in that city by the emperor's direction amounted to $1,000,000,000. The great cities of Europe made the mistake we are making now. They were greedy of the available building space, and did not spread out enough, or leave enough hollow spaces for parks and grand public buildings.

"Consequently, when they came to make improvements to let light and air into their streets and to beautify them and make the avenues of traffic adequate they found they had to buy a great amount of private property covered with buildings and the cost to be faced is something which would stagger and deter American taxpayers. Rome, Brussels, Milan, Hamburg, Paris, Vienna, Cologne, Berlin and a number of others have made wonderful changes, tearing down great swaths through the heart of densely populated sections and putting in avenues lined with trees and flowers and magnificent public buildings.

"Vienna's expenditures on personal adornment came very near wrecking the Austrian empire, but she is the most beautiful city in Europe to-day. An old line of fortifications encircled the more ancient portion of the city. This was the center of population and business. In fact, beyond the fortifications the city ran to suburbs with all their ampleness of room and plentitude of grass and flowers and trees. The fortifications were useless. They were just an eyesore and a nuisance, ragged and untidy-looking and covered with slimy pools of water in some places.

"So they took the land occupied by the fortifications and added to it a strip 1,000 feet wide, bought from the private owners. This strip, 1,000 feet wide, stretched for miles through the city and cost a vast sum of money. After tearing down all the houses and leveling the fortifications the city made the great circle (a quarter of a mile broad) into an immense area of grass, flowers, trees and fountains. Down the middle a broad, white road was laid out as level and as smooth as a billiard table and on each side of this road magnificent buildings were erected.

"All this was done under the direction of one person or one board, with one principal adviser. The whole scheme, with its miles of details, was laid out in advance. Attention was paid, of course, not only to individual beauty of form, but to color, harmony and landscape effects. Each part and each building was planned with reference to the whole, vastly increasing the effectiveness of the buildings which comprise some of the finest buildings in Europe.

"What Vienna has done on the Ringstrasse is a fair example, on a large scale, of the work going on in other European capitals and which will ultimately be done here in America. Some of the younger Western cities have good ideas and are beautifying themselves systematically, but the cases are exceptional, and the efforts limited."

PHTHISIS AND THE NERVES.

A New Theory Demonstrating the Close Connection Between the Two.

Consumption plays so large a share in the civilized death-rate, and its restriction would do so much to prolong human life, that every step in its study is of deep public interest.

Dr. Thomas J. Mays, of Philadelphia, has published a paper in which he renews his past arguments that consumption of the lungs is closely connected, probably as a result, with any serious weakening of the nervous system. This is indicated by the greater relative frequency of consumption among the insane and feeble-minded, by the appearance of insanity and consumption with the greatest frequency at the same age, and by the circumstance that consumption comes in the lower animals on which experiments have been made, whenever the nerves reaching the lungs, the pneumogastric nerve in particular, are injured, or when in man injury to these nerves is produced by disease. This may, indeed, be due to the fact that these nervous injuries and this nervous weakness are all part of a general weakened state which ends in consumption. But the large number of facts grouped by Dr. Mays go far to indicate that the reason why consumption appears at the opening of active life is because this is a period of nervous overstrain. This strain affects the great nerve which reaches the lungs, the heart and the stomach. They all weaken; and the lungs, which receive the largest and endure the largest and most constant contact with the world of outer decay all about us, break down and pass into consumption.

Under this theory the bacillus of consumption is looked upon as the effect and consequence of a weakened condition due originally to diminished nerve power which makes the organ open to attack and decay. A large number of facts, like the ravages of consumption among savage tribes when first exposed to civilization, its frequency among the insane and feeble-minded, and its attack on "promising" young men and women who begin life with unusual ardor and industry, are all explicable by this theory. It is, by the way, closely similar to the one now held by an increasing number of physicians with reference to Bright's disease, whose primary cause is a nervous overstrain, which weakens an organ whose demands and duties increase with age.

For the layman the moral of all this is that the way to meet the special tendencies toward disease is to preserve the nervous system from overstress; and this in its turn can only be done by the closest attention to the general health. No medicine is worth a rap in dealing with the nerves compared with the mental and physical hygiene and care a man can apply himself under skilled medical direction.

Such Is Life.

A man in Maine has received many love letters from an unknown woman, and has just discovered that his wife wrote them. The lady is crazy, and the man's vanity has been squeezed from the size of a balloon to the dimensions of a small tin thimble.—Judge.

A Large Aluminum Company.

A French electro-metallurgical company asserts that it will be able to sell the aluminum at a price equivalent to less than 15 cents a pound, provided it is in a position to dispose of a yearly output of 2,000 tons of the metal.

Two Painful Pulls.

"What ails you, Fangle? You look as though you were suffering."

"I've just had two teeth pulled."

"That's nothing! I had my leg pulled this morning, and for $100, too."

The Value of Horses.

Horses are not valued at higher rates now than in the earlier ages of the world, if we estimate prices paid for them according to the price of food, which seems to be a fair standard of comparison. In King Solomon's time an Egyptian horse—the best horses were then procured from Egypt—cost 150 shekels, about $85. Six hundred years after Solomon, in the time of Xenophon Seuthis, the great Thracian, paid 50 drachmæ, or about $135, for the steed on which he rode during the retreat of the Ten Thousand.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Things are ripe for a revolution in Hayti and the enemies of Hippolyte are plotting artfully.

FOR THROAT DISEASES AND COUGHS use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Like all really good things, they are imitated. The genuine are sold only in boxes.

A bald-headed man may yet be a hare-brained fellow.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."
Warranted to cure, or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

The first complete Bible printed in England was issued in 1535.

California Homes.
To any party or parties intending to move to California: Should correspond at once with the undersigned, sole agents for the Peyto Colony Lands. P. FRY & SON, Pleyto, Monterey County, California.

The man who has confidence in himself is often taken in by just that kind of a game.

Baker's Norwegian Cod Liver Oil
Quickly relieves throat and lung diseases and imparts vigor and new life. Sold by druggists.

Poker players go through life hand in hand.

The fixed stars are of all colors, violet, blue, green and red predominating.

Chas. J. Bell of Maine, representing the old reliable State Mutual Life Assurance company, of Worcester, Mass., wants good agents in every county. Write him.

Pennsylvania produces more cigars than any other state in the Union.

Lane's Medicine Moves the Bowels Each Day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Cures constipation, headache, kidney and liver troubles and regulates the stomach and bowels. Price 50c and $1.00, at all dealers.

Five million pounds sterling is spent annually on whisky in Ireland.

FITS.—All fits stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fit after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

France has 69,359 public schools and 14,500 private ones.

Brummell's Cough Drops.
Use Brummell's Celebrated Cough Drops. The genuine have A. H. B. on each drop. Sold everywhere.

In Shakespeare's time wits, critics and noblemen were given seats on the stage.

We eat too much and take too little outdoor exercise. This is the fault of our modern civilization. It is claimed that Garfield Tea, a simple herb remedy, helps Nature to overcome these abuses.

The strongest telescope brings the moon to an apparent distance of 100 miles.

J. G. Peppard, Kansas City, Mo., is the only exclusive dealer in Grass Seeds in the west. He makes a specialty of Millet, Cane, Clover and Timothy Seeds.

Speaking of Investments.

Have you heard of the phenomenal growth of Velasco, North Galveston, Houston Heights, LaPorte and other points along the Texas coast, where cities have sprung up as mushrooms in a night, without the elements of mushroom growth; and do you know that the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway is the direct line from Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City to Denison, Sherman, Gainesville, Henrietta, Fort Worth, Dallas, Waxahachie, Temple, Belton, Taylor, Hillsboro, Houston and Galveston; that it reaches from St. Louis and Hannibal, and Kansas City, through a beautiful and rich country to Houston, Texas, over its own rails; that it is the only line in the Southwest running the incomparable Wagner Palace Buffet Sleeping cars?

These are facts which all who are seeking investments, or are thinking of traveling to the Southwest, or through Texas, should consider.

For further information concerning these points, routes, rates, maps, time tables, etc., call on or address,

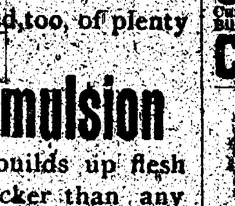
A. FAULKNER,
G. P. & T. A., Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway System, St. Louis, Mo.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

Fresh Air and Exercise.

Get all that's possible of both, if in need of flesh strength and nerve force. There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.



Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh and strength quicker than any other preparation known to science.

Scott's Emulsion is constantly effecting Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods FAIL.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

HIGH FIVE OR EUCHRE PARTIES should send at once to JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. T. A., C. R. I. & P. R. R., Chicago, TEN CENTS, in stamps, per pack for the slickest cards you ever shuffled. For $1.00 you will receive free by express ten packs.

POULTRY BREEDERS [illegible] KINSEL, Council Bluffs, Kansas, for his [illegible] Illustrated Catalogue.

SEND for our list of 19 Catalogs of Music and Musical Instruments. W. STORY, 26 Central St., Boston, Mass.

INSURE in the Farmers and Merchants Insurance Company of Lincoln. Capital and Surplus over $[illegible]. [illegible] losses paid to Nebraska people since 1885.

Every one gives it the highest praise. B. Gradel, druggist, Walnut and Allison Sts., Cincinnati, O., says this of his trade: "I sell my share of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and my customers that have used this preparation speak of it in the highest terms."

At the Mercy of the Winds.

Captain Perkins, of the steamship Loosok, voyaging between Hongkong and Shanghai, witnessed during the recent gales in that quarter the phenomenon (which has often been described) of thousands of birds and insects which had got in the vortex of the storm and were driven hither and thither, apparently stunned and senseless with the buffeting they had received. Many of the birds fell senseless on the deck and lay quite still, while the insects, though alive seemed to have lost the power to sting.

Can't be beat! Mr. J. G. Wittig, Blue Mound, Ill., writes: "I have used Salvation Oil with wonderful success for inflammatory rheumatism in my foot. It cannot be beat."

Long Distance Racing.

A recent issue of the Horse World says: There is to be another long distance race between Vienna and Berlin in the near future, but it will differ from the one held last fall in that it will be between trotters instead of cavalry horses. The contestants will be compelled by the conditions of the race to do their traveling in the day time only, a fact that will do away with the cruelty that characterized the race between the cavalry horses last fall. Under the conditions proposed this race may prove an interesting as well as an instructive event, and perhaps sharpen the already well developed interest shown in harness horses by the Austrians.

Straw for Sheep.

Galen Wilson tells in Home and Farm how he wintered fifty ewes and twenty-five lambs on straw. He fed this liberally in bunks, giving them more than they would eat up clean. In addition he gave the ewes 2 cents worth of barley each week, when the grain was worth 50 cents a bushel, and kept an accurate account. The lambs had only a cent's worth of barley. These flocks came through the winter in excellent condition, and the ewes dropped and raised a full complement of strong, vigorous lambs. Soon after the twenty-five lambs went to pasture in the spring a passing butcher noticed their good condition and wanted to purchase them for slaughter. Two of them had not eaten a particle of grain, as they never would go to the feed trough.

Cannibalism is still practiced in fourteen places in the world.

Music and the Phonograph.

The manner in which the music rendered by the phonograph is obtained is this: A large room is set apart, so arranged that no noise can be heard from the outside, and the floor is protected so that even the sound of your feet walking over it cannot be audible. In this room there are a dozen or more receiving funnels shaped very much the same as the big funnels you see in wholesale liquor stores. Supposing the number is instrumental, such as "Lover's Farewell," played by Gilmore's band, or the "Phonograph March," played by the United States Marine band (the President's own). The principal members of these bands stand in front of the funnel so that the full volume of sound is delivered into them. When it is a song by some favorite singer, he sings into the phonograph the same way. There is no reasonable limit to the number of times the air can be reproduced all over the world by playing and singing one time in the phonograph.

A suicidal mania has struck Louisville, five men killing themselves there on Tuesday.

Over 200 omnibuses in London are now fitted with electric lights.

Completely Uprooted.

How many remedies there are which relieve without uprooting disease. [illegible] treat with sterling medicines which [illegible] invariably not only enhances the [illegible] of the fortifies, but serves to emphasize the [illegible] of employing half way measures [illegible] enough ones are available. A marked instance of this is the effect, on the one hand, of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in cases of chills and fever and bilious remittent, and on the other of ordinary remedies in maladies of this type. By the Bitters, malarial complaint in every stage, and of the most malignant type, are completely conquered and lose their hold upon the system. They are rarely, if ever, dislodged by the ordinary resources of medicine, although their symptoms may unquestionably be mitigated through such means. The same holds good of indigestion, biliousness, kidney complaint, rheumatism, nervousness and debility. By the Bitters they are cured where many remedies fail.

An average of 20,000 letters are posted without addresses in England every day.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemps Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

In the Alaska mines potatoes sell for fifty cents each and tobacco for $16 a plug.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth,
Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething.

A live cottonwood tree with petrified roots growing near Atchison, Kan.

The earliest mining schools were established in Saxony about 1500.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER imparts that peculiar lightness, sweetness, and flavor noticed in the finest food, and which expert pastry cooks declare is not obtainable by the use of any other raising agent.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure — ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

Royal Baking Powder is shown a pure cream-of-tartar powder, the highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder is superior in purity, strength, and wholesomeness to any other powder which I have examined.—*New York State Analyst.*

THE TRUTH. For the Absolute Cure of Pains and Aches, Rheumatic, Neuralgic, or Sciatic, St. Jacobs Oil the Great Remedy is without Equal

A Bargain.

Do you want a bargain? Here it is. If you are afflicted with a cold or troubled with dyspepsia, we can cure you easily without any cost to you. Write your address plainly on a postal card and mention the name of this paper and we will send you by return mail a sample bottle of Reid's German Cough and Kidney Cure or a trial box of our Laxative Gum Drops. Both of these are standard remedies. Neither of them are injurious. There is not a particle of poison in either of them. [illegible] try them. Address THE SYLVAN REMEDY CO., Peoria, Ill.

And be sure to give the name of the paper.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

when applied into the nostrils, will be absorbed, effectually cleansing the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membrane from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores sense of taste and smell.

CATARRH — THE CURE FOR CATARRH, COLD IN HEAD, HAY FEVER, DEAFNESS, HEADACHE — ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

THE UNIVERSAL ADDING MACHINE

Accurate, Rapid, Convenient, Practical. Price Complete, $8.00.
W. J. C. PUTMAN CRAMER,
Sole Agent Nebraska and Kansas, 311 McCague Building, Omaha, Neb. Agents write for terms and county rights.

Spray your Fruit Trees and Vines

Wormy Fruit and Leaf Blight of Apples, Pears, Cherries and Plums prevented; also Grape and Potato Rot—by spraying with Stahl's Double Acting Excelsior Spraying Outfits. Best in the market. Thousands in use. Catalogue, describing all insects injurious to fruit, mailed Free. Address WM. STAHL, QUINCY, ILL.

PRETTIEST BOOK EVER PRINTED. FREE SEED Cheap as dirt by oz. and lb. One Cent a pkg. Up, if rare. Cheap, pure, best, 1,000,000 extras. Beautiful Illustrated Catalogue free. R. H. SHUMWAY, Rockford, Ill.

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N.Y. Cures Constipation

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest. CATARRH Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

Patents! Pensions Send for Inventor's Guide or How to Obtain a Patent. Send for Digest of PENSION and BOUNTY LAWS. PATRICK O'FARRELL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

SWEET POTATOES Sent out to be sprouted on the shares. No experience required. Directions for sprouting free. Address T. J. SKINNER, Columbus, Kansas.

EARLY RISERS De Witt's Little Early Risers, the Famous Little Pills for Constipation, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia. No Nausea, No Pain. Very Small.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED From 15 to 25 lbs a month. Harmless treatment (by practicing physician). No starving. Thousands cured. Send 6c in stamps. O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., Mail Dept. 13, McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.

$1000.00 Paid in prizes for Poems on Esterbrook's Pens. Send postal for circulars to Esterbrook & Co., 26 John St., New York.

Justice to All.

It is now apparent to the Directors of the World's Columbian Exposition that millions of people will be denied the pleasure of becoming the possessors of

World's Fair Souvenir Coins

The Official Souvenir of the Great Exposition—

The extraordinary and growing demand for these Coins, and the desire on the part of the Directors that equal opportunities may be afforded for their purchase, have made it necessary to enlarge the channels of distribution. To relieve themselves of some responsibility, the Directors have invited

THE MERCHANTS

Throughout the Nation to unite with the Banks in placing Columbian Half-Dollars on sale. This is done that the masses of the people, and those living at remote points, may be afforded the best possible opportunity to obtain the Coins.

THE FORTUNATE POSSESSORS

of SOUVENIR COINS will be those who are earliest in seizing upon these new advantages.

$10,000 Was Paid For The First Coin

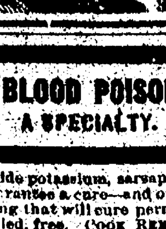
They are all alike, the issue is limited, and time *must* enhance their value. The price is One Dollar each.

HOW TO GET THE COINS:

Go to your nearest merchant or banker, as they are likely to have them. If you cannot procure them in this way, send direct to us, ordering *not less than Five Coins,* and remitting One Dollar for each Coin ordered.

Send instructions how to ship the Coins and they will be sent free of expense. Remit by registered letter, or send express or post-office money order, or bank draft to

Treasurer World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, Ill.



RUPTURE PERMANENTLY CURED or NO PAY. We refer you to 2,500 patients. Financial Reference: NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Omaha. Investigate our method. Written guarantee to absolutely cure all kinds of RUPTURE of both sexes, without the use of knife or syringe, no matter of how long standing. EXAMINATION FREE. Send for Circular. Address THE O. E. MILLER COMPANY, 307-308 New York Life Building, OMAHA, NEB.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY. If any one doubts that we can cure the most obstinate case in 20 to 60 days, let him write for particulars and investigate our reliability. Our financial backing is $500,000. When mercury, iodide potassium, sarsaparilla or Hot Springs fail, we guarantee a cure—and our Magic Cyphilene is the only thing that will cure permanently. Positive proof sent sealed, free. COOK REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

ALASKA STOVE LIFTERS, POKERS & KNOBS ALWAYS COLD. NICKEL PLATED AND DURABLE. For sale by all Stove and Hardware Dealers. Made only by TROY NICKEL WORKS, TROY, N. Y.

CROUP REMEDY! The only medicine known that will cure Membranous Croup. In a private practice of twenty years it has never failed to cure any kind of Croup. Trial package by mail, 10 cts. Box, 50c. Dr. Belden Proprietary Co., Jamaica, N. Y.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS WITH THOMSON'S SLOTTED CLINCH RIVETS. No tools required. Only a hammer needed to drive and clinch them easily and quickly, leaving the clinch absolutely smooth. Requiring no hole to be made in the leather nor burr for the Rivets. They are STRONG, TOUGH and DURABLE. Millions now in use. All lengths, uniform or assorted, put up in boxes. Ask your dealer for them, or send 40c. in stamps for a box of 100; assorted sizes. MANUFACTURED BY JUDSON L. THOMSON MFG. CO., Waltham, Mass.

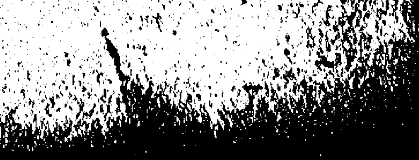


TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

F. M. TAYLOR, Editor.

Issued every Friday morning at Table Rock, Nebraska.

Terms, $1.00 per Year, in advance

THE THOUSAND DOLLARS in extra taxes paid by the people of Pawnee county because of extravagant contracts made by county commissioners.

HAS the county of Pawnee City so increased in pauper patients that it warrants the commissioners in raising the doctor's salary to more than twice what it was last year.

MRS. W. C. WHITNEY, wife of ex-secretary of the Navy Whitney, died at her home in New York City, of heart disease, on Monday morning at 3 o'clock. She was one of the most popular ladies in New York.

WILLIAM VINCENT ALLEN was elected United States Senator to succeed A. S. Paddock, on Tuesday. Mr. Thurston withdrew from the race on Monday and Paddock was given the caucus support but at the first trial of strenght Allen was elected—receiving seventy demo-pop votes.

THE first annual Convention of the Sabbath School Workers, of Pawnee county, will be held in the Presbyterian church at Pawnee City, Feb. 16 and 17. An interesting program has been arranged and it will undoubtedly be an instructive and entertaining meeting.

In the Grand Masters Letter for January to the lodges of I. O. O. F. in the state he says: Call attention of desirable citizens to our order and its work. We are not ashamed of it, and it will bear the closest scrutiny. We are now the largest sebret order in the world. Our growth has been phenomenal. We paid out for the relief of suffering and distress last year, in round numbers, $3,200,000, or about $270,000 per month, or about $90,000 per day or about $375.00 per hour for every hour of the 24. Other societies claim to pay large amounts also, but most of them pay in the way of Insurance, etc. while with us, there is nothing that can be called Insurance, unless it be an item of $30.00 to $50.00 for a funeral benefit. Aside from this every dollar of the enormous amount named goes directly for the relief of human suffering. No other organization on earth can compare with it. Don't hesitate to recomend our beloved order. It deserves your highest prrise."

Senator W. V Allen.

William Vincent Allen was born at Midway, Madison county, O., on the 29th day of January, 1847. This fact accounts in an indirect way for his success in the great battle, now a thing of the past, as it is a generally accepted theory that a man who takes the trouble to go to Ohio to be born is pretty sure to be given something by the grace of the people.

In 1856 he moved to Iowa where he split rails, at the age of fifteen years, with company G, Thirty-second Iowa regiment. He served his country three years in this capacity and then commenced the study of law at West Union, Ia. His residence in Nebraska only dates back about nine years, but in this short time he has won the confidence of Nebraskans as is evidenced by his past history and the result of yesterday. He is now a district judge in the Ninth judicial district and is a favorite on the bench and at home in his district. He was senior vice commander of the Grand Army of Nebraska during the year 1895 and consequently near to the hearts of the brave boys who wear the button.

Mr. Allen's conversion to the populist ranks is of recent date. He was a delegate to the republican state convention, held in Lincoln, that nominated L. D. Richards for governor.

Judge Allen is an attorney of well known ability in Nebraska, was one of the attorneys in the Boyd-Powers contest case and it is said that he drank the drink that made him a populist while thus engaged. In appearance the judge is a giant. He is large, well proportioned and has a full, round, smooth-shaven face that beams with intelligence. In conversation he is pleasant and talkative but generally very conservative in what he says.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepard, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speader, Catawba, O., had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co's drug store.

BUCKLENS' ARNICA SALVE.

THE best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale By [illegible]

EARLY HISTORY

Exciting Events Which Took Place in Table Rock in 1864.

An Effectual Breaking Up of a Gang of Horse Thieves.

The indications that led to the suspicion of Shuey's connection with the gang was the fact that the horses had been tracked to near Shuey's house (which was on South Fork, southeast of Table Rock, instead of the Muddy, northwest of town). A party of four had tracked the horses nearly to Shuey's house and they rode up to the house about 3 o'clock in the afternoon; they dismounted and went into the house through the front door and at the same time the two thieves quietly went out the back door of the same house. The house stood in the northwest corner of a large fenced field; the South Fork made a bend at Shuey's place, so that it ran along the north and east sides of this field; between the river and the fence was a thick growth of hazel brush; the lord was directly north of the house. When the thieves ran out of the house they went to the brush at the northeast corner of the field where the stolen horses were picketed, mounted them and rode down the east side of the fence; but to get across the river they must go down the south side up the west side, past the house and through the ford. The party started to head the thieves off at the southeast corner of the field, thinking their intention was to break off across the prairie to Seneca, Kas. Andrew Fellers, one of the party, was some distance in the lead of the rest, and had almost reached the southeast corner, when the thieves made a rush for him and ran him off to the south; the rest of the party also took to the prairie and the thieves had the road clear and they forded the river and were gone. The thieves were heavily armed and Catron in particular was an expert in the use of the revolver, and had the party of four made an attempt to fight, he undoubtedly could have killed all of them before they could use their uns.

After the thieves had disappeared across the river, the four men held a consultation and decided to question Shuey; they accused him of knowing the movements and intentions of the thieves and asked him to tell them, but Shuey flew mad, got his gun and threatened to shoot; he was easily pursuaded out of that notion, but would tell nothing. The men decided to separate and raise the neighbors to assist in overtaking the thieves. The next day a posse visited Shuey and used the methods before explained to make him confess.

Another thing of interest was the manner in which the confession of Jim Riley was secured. A man was laid out in the grass in front what is now the Van Fleet house, partly covered with leaves, who feigned death, and Jim and Ike Riley, brothers, were shown the body of the supposed dead man, and told that the man had been hanged and that a like fate would befall them unless they confessed all they knew concerning the thieves; Jim made the confession as before stated, but Ike's part in the horse-stealing business was never known. He was permitted to leave, but warned to leave the country, which he did.

The scene in the room while the shooting was going on was intensely exciting. Few, if any, of the people in the room knew the purposes of the attacking party—did not know but that it was a rescuing party come to save the prisoners. The shrieks of the women rang with the cries of the men; wives were fearful for the lives of husbands, and no hour in Table Rock history has been fraught with greater terror than the one immediately following the time when the mob made its first appearance at the door of the White House.

Although the prisoners knew they were in close quarters, they had no apprehensions of being lynched; they gave themselves up because they believed that before punishment could be meted out to them, they would escape from their captors; and while an undercurrent of dread—an undefinable feeling that something unusual would happen—it did not, apparently, affect the prisoners, for until the appearance of the mob, Clifton especially had been in high spirits, and he played his violin with gratification to himself and pleasure to the crowd.

But the hand that reached in and grasped Clifton put a sudden end to his violin playing forever, while his prospects for playing a golden harp in the other world were not the most flattering.

Out into the street he was dragged, while the commotion on the inside was at a fearful height, out into the darkness of night—that eternal night which comes to the doomed, sinful soul for a life of crime. Over to what is now Sutton grove he was taken; this grove had been used as a camp-meeting ground, and where the creek makes a bend, not far from where the creamery bridge now stands, the camp-meeting people had left a pole standing, and to this pole Paul Clifton was hanged by the neck until he was dead.

After the hanging of Clifton the mob dispersed for the night. But there was little sleep for the people of the village that night, and while a majority of the people did not know what had taken place, yet that feeling of uneasiness and dread was enough to keep sleep from nearly every eye.

Uncle Benny Ball lived in a house near the north end of the lake, northeast of town, and while the exciting events were transpiring in other parts of town Mr. and Mrs. Ball were quietly spending the evening at home. A few minutes after 11 o'clock a rap sounded at their door, and in response to the question "Who's there?" the answer came, "Catron!"

He stated that he had been shot, was very sick, feared he was dying and wanted to come in. Mr. Ball and his wife were too much frightened to admit him and he finally turned away from the door and went to the back yard. Mr. and Mrs Ball slipped out the front door and started for the house of C. H. Lane, which stood near where E. T. Boone's stables now stand.

When "Uncle Benny" and his wife reached Mr. Lane's house they found a few of the neighbors gathered there, among whom were W. H. Curtis, J. L. Edwards, C.H. Peevy, O. Hurlburt and a man named Allen. When Mr. Ball made the announcement that Catron had appeared at his house a few minutes before, these men returned with Mr. Ball to his house. He was tracked by blood drops to the back yard, and when his name was called, he answered, and they found him in a haystack, whither he had crawled, as he thought to die.

Catron was taken into the house when it was discovered that two pistol balls had entered his body, one entering his shoulder, the other entering his side, coursing about half way across his breast; he was very sick; his wounds were painful; loss of blood weakened him and he thought he would die; he requested that some one pray for him, and Rev. C. W. Giddings was sent for, and came, Mr. Giddings prayed earnestly for the sinful man, and impressed upon him the neccessity of praying for himself. The Mr. Hulburt spoken of, was an impetuous sort of a fellow, and he seconded Elder Gidding's efforts to have the wounded man pray for himself, and used this language: "Yes, Catron, you want to pray—pray like h—l, if I was a praying man, I'd pray for you myself, I'll be d—d if I wouldn't."

During the remainder of the night this work was kept up for Catron's spiritual benefit, and he finally professed a belief that he would be saved; that he had no fears for the future, and that he was prepared to meet death's messenger whenever he should come. The news of his re-capture had spread throughout the village and people thronged to the house, the wounds of the prisoner adding uncanny interest to the scene. It was a changing crowd, people coming and going at all times.

The hours of Christmas Eve passed away; hours usually so full of joyous anticipations and filled with loving remembrances of dear ones, and Christmas morning dawned. Christmas morning! how the mind involuntarily turns to thoughts of joy and gladness, and how the message of the angels "Peace on Earth, Good Will to Men," rings in our ears, at the mere mention of the words! But what different thoughts occupied the minds of our citizens that Christmas Eve twenty-nine years ago. Two dead bodies swinging from the branches of trees in different parts of the village told a story of the occupation of the mob during the night-time.

With the coming of daylight the village began filling with people and it was not long until the streets were filled. Mingled with the people were many members of the mob which the night before had accomplished the death of at least one horsethief and an accomplice. Threats of lynching the remaining prisoner were heard now and then. Liquor was being drank freely and began to work on the crowd.

[Continued Next Week.]

Universal Satisfaction, Everywhere.

Johnston's Royal English Rushta gives universal satisfaction in every case where tried, for all diseases of the kidneys, bladder and the urinary organs.

W. C. T. U.

Feb. 5th.—The union met at Mrs. Freeman's according to adjournment but in the multiplicity of meetings and societies some had forgotten it, others were caring for the sick and only four members were present. Mrs. Pool led the meeting and after usual opening the Secretary called attention to the fact that our World's and National organized more active and simultaneous temperance work in the churches the world over and had appointed March 19 as the day when temperance teaching and temperance preaching should be given in churches of all denominations. The unions of course to appoint committees to confer with the pastors and make arrangements. The suggestion was made that we invite all the pastors in Table Rock to preach on temperance Sunday and then unite in a mass meeting at the Methodist church Sunday night where a mixed program prepared by the union should be carried out. This was finally decided upon and Mrs. Skinner, Mrs. Robertson and Mrs. Linn appointed a committee to confer with the pastors and with the young people so as to have some original essays and a few recitations as well as good music. Mrs. Freeman, who was for some time confined to her bed and kept at home by illness, gave us a very interesting talk, some of the thoughts that occupied her mind when her hands must be idle. Among other things she said as a union and as christian women we were not doing our whole duty or we would refuse to have any fellowship, to be led in prayer or taught or preached to by men who would carry a torch light in a procession and vote the same ticket with the saloon keeper and the beer brewer. While we could all heartily endorse the sentiment in one sense, the most radical suggested that we could not reform the world by a few standing aloof from the church and holding up our hands in holy horror, but should go anywhere and everywhere that opportunity offered or duty called, in the spirit of the Master sowing good seed at all times trusting him for the harvest. No other business came before the meeting and we adjourned to meet in two weeks at Mrs. Griffing's. E. E. LINN, Sec.

GOOD NEWS.

Two educated colored women are said to be editing the first newspaper in the Congo Free State.

When you've listened to some dyspeptic christian till you feel blue and think the world is going to the devil double quick go home and take up your church paper or if you haven't got any borrow your neighbor's and read that or read the Union Signal (the World's paper for the W. C. T. U.) or the Kindergarten News and see what is being done for the children, you can find these and other good papers in the rack at Farrell's barber shop most of the time.

WHAT ONE WOMAN IS DOING.

Miss Jessie Ackerman, president of Australia W. C. T. U., is spending six months in India and later will go to South Africa. She has formed one hundred and eighteen local unions in Australia, four colonial unions and one national union. Seven thousand women have joined other meetings.

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a cough, cold or any trouble with throat, lungs or chest. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds is guaranteed to give relief or money will be refunded. Sufferers from la grippe find it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at S. G. Wright & Co's drug store. Large size 50c and $1.00.

Program.

Of the Pawnee County Farmers' Institute to be held in the Presbyterian church at Table Rock, February 13, 14, 15 and 16, 1893:

MONDAY, FEB. 13.

10:00 a. m.—Opening exercises. Music
Prayer ..... Chaplain
President's address.
11:30 Election of Officers.
1:30 p. m.—Leaks on the Farm ..... M. R. Pool
2:30—County Roads and How to Improve Them ..... T. W. Pepoon
3:30—The Great American Desert ..... M. H. Marble
7:30—Recitation. Olive M. Barnard
Prof. James H. Canfield, of the State University, will speak upon an educational topic, provided other duties will permit; in case of his inability to appear, Prof. H. W. Caldwell will deliver an address: "Comparison of the English and American Constitution."

TUESDAY, FEB. 14.

10:00 a. m.—Agriculture, Ancient and Modern ..... Charles L. Ingersoll
A dairy subject ..... S. C. Bassett
11:00—Silos and Ensilage ..... Peter Dillings
1:30 p. m.—Prunning Apple Trees ..... Benton Aldrich
2:30—Fruit Growing as a Business ..... W. R. Harris
3:30—Farming for the Future ..... J. L. Clarke
7:30—Education of Farmers' Boys ..... Prof. W. V. Wymer
8:00 An Address ..... J. H. Presson

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15.

10:00 a. m.—How to Be a Successful Housekeeper and Have Time to Go Into Society ..... Mrs. A. E. Lane
Poultry for Profit, Thoroughbred or Mixed ..... Mrs. Peter Gold
The Wife's Pin Money; How to Get It ..... Mrs. D. K. Miller
The Education of the Farmer's Daughter ..... Miss Mary Allen
Dress Reform ..... Mrs. E. T. Boone
Successful Floriculture in the Open Ground ..... Mrs. Charlotte Wood
The Father's Part in Making an Ideal Home ..... J. B. Pepoon
Careful Scientific Farming Only Will Pay ..... Hon. R. W. Furnas
7:30—Address ..... J. Sterling Morton
Address ..... Prof. C. E. Bessey

THURSDAY, FEB. 16.

10:00 a. m.—The Breeding of Draft Horses ..... Norman Judd
Raising and Marketing Cattle for Profit ..... C. S. Wood
The Best Method of Raising, Feeding and Caring for Swine From a Pork Standpoint ..... O. S. Colthar
The Coming Cow for the Western Farmer ..... H. A. Gabby
Bee Culture ..... C. H. Hare and Others

Program will be interspersed with vocal and instrumental music

COMMITTEES.

MUSIC.

Mrs. Allinson, Mrs. J. H. Presson, E. C. Phillips.

DECORATION.

Mrs. A. E. Lane, Chas. Linn, A. C. Boyd, Rev. W. H. Niles, Chas. J. Wood, Mamie Sutton, Mrs. A. Fellers, Mrs. D. K. Miller, Nellie Griffing, Miss Gertie Boone.

RECEPTION.

A. E. Lane, C. H. Barnard, Wm. Sutton, D. F. Jones, A. Fellers.

DINNER.

At noon of each day a basket dinner will be the program—all to bring dinner and enjoy the noon recess in a good, social time. Some suitable place will be provided, and tea and coffee will be furnished free, so that all may enjoy the social part of the institute.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

Headache is the direct result of indigestion, and stomach disorders. Remedy these by using De Witt's Little Early Risers, and your headache disappears. The favorite little pills everywhere. S. G. Wright & Co.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful cough medicine we have ever handled, a few doses invariably cures the worst cases of cough, croup and bronchitis, while it's wonderful success in the cure of consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since it's first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1.00. If your lungs are sore, chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, constipation dizziness, loss of appetite, coming up of food, yellow skin when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's System Vitalizer guaranteed to cure them. Sold by S. G. Wright & Co.

WANTED.—Agents to sell our choice and hardy nursery stock. We have many new special varieties, both in fruits and ornamentals to offer, which are controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary. Write to us for terms and secure choice of territory.

MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen,
Rochester, N. Y.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician retired from practice having placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using, sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR DISEASES OF THE

KIDNEYS

JOHNSTON'S ROYAL ENGLISH RUSHTA

Will cure all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Burning Urine, Gleet, Gonorrhœa in all its stages, Mucous Discharges, Retention of the Kidneys, Brick Dust Deposit, Diabetes, Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder, Dropsy of Kidneys and Acid Urine, Bloody Urine, Pain in the Back, Retention of Urine, Frequent Urination, Gravel in all its forms, Inability to Retain the Water, particularly in persons advanced in life. It is a Kidney Investigator which restores the Urine to its natural color, removes the acid and burning, and the effect of the excessive use of intoxicating drink.

PRICE $1. THREE BOTTLES FOR $2.50
Sent express charges prepaid.
Send for Circular. Sold by all Druggists.
WM. JOHNSTON, Detroit, Mich.

WOODS PHOSPHODINE,

The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Sexual Weakness, Impotency, Sperma-torrhœa, Impotence, and all the evil effects of Abuse or Excesses and Indiscretion. Have prescribed over 20 years in thousands of cases and it has never failed in a single instance. Is the only known remedy that will restore the lost manhood in 30 days. Don't be deceived by worthless imitations. Phosphodine is the only known antidote to Wood's Phosphodine. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 5 stamps. Address The Wood Chemical Co. 181 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Table Rock by S. G. Wright & Co., and druggists everywhere.

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AND INSURANCE AGENT

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Feeder in
Flour and Feed Stuff

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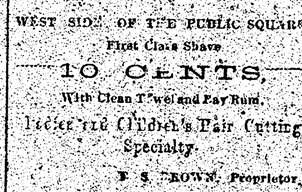
THE FASHION
BARBER SHOP
WEST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE
First Class Shave
10 CENTS,
With Clean Towel and Fair Room.
Leave the Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty.
F. S. BROWN, Proprietor.



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is easily earned by any one of either sex in any part of the country, who is willing to work industriously at the employment which we furnish. The labor is light and pleasant, and you run no risk whatever. We fit you out complete, so that you can give the business a trial without expense to yourself. For those willing to do a little work, this is the grandest offer made. You can work all day, or in the evening only. If you are employed, and have a few spare hours at your disposal, utilize them, and add to your income.—our business will not interfere at all. You will be amazed on the start at the rapidity and ease by which you make dollar upon dollar, day in and day out. Even beginners are successful from the first hour. Any one can run the business—none fail. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business which we offer. No capital risked. Women are grand workers; nowadays they make as much as men. They should try this business, as it is so well adapted to them. Write at once and see for yourself. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, Portland, Me.

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A FARM!

In the Garden Spot of the World?

If You Do, it will Pay you to see

J. H. Talbot

About some of the Great Bargains he has in Colorado lands, which includes the following:

BARGAIN NO. 12.

160 acres, very fine, level, rich land, 2 1-4 miles from Yuma; in Yuma school district. Price, $750. Terms, $600 cash, balance in one year; interest 7 per cent.

NO. 13.

S. W. qr. sec. 23, twp. 8 n., r. 6 w. 160 acres, very fine, desirable, rich land, in good and well settled neighborhood, near public school, 45 acres under cultivation. Price $750. Terms $400 cash, balance in one year, interest 7 per cent.

NO. 14.

N. W. qr. 13-3n-4w. 160 acres, 70 acres under cultivation (large crop of wheat and barley raised on it this season) adjoined on three sides by well improved farms. a well 180 feet deep, with plenty of good, never failing, soft water for 100 head of cattle. Price $900. Terms $600 cash, $200 in one year and $200 in two years, interest 7 per cent.

NO. 15.

S. W. qr. 20-8 n-4w. 160 acres, 7 miles from Hyde, a U. P. station, 5 miles west of Yuma on the B. & M. R. R. Price $800. Terms $400 cash, $200 in one year, interest 7 per cent.

NO. 5.

S. W. qr. 10-2 n-4w. 160 acres. Extra fine in every way. $1,100 cash.

NO. 17.

160 acres. A fine relinquishment only 3 1-2 miles from Yuma. Price $320 cash. Will have to be lived upon to acquire title. Worth $1500 as soon as title is acquired, which can be done in fourteen months.

NO. 10.

S. E. qr. 20-1 n-4w. 160 acres. 65 acres under cultivation. A large crop of corn and potatoes raised on it this season, a good shingle roofed, 9 feet story, 4 room frame house, 24x24 feet, all the rooms nicely lathed and plastered. House nicely painted on the out side. A shingle roofed frame barn and stable, 16x32 feet, also a good well 182 feet deep with pump and never-failing supply of pure, soft water. There are numerous other minor improvements. Price $1300. Terms, $900 cash, $500 in July, 1894 and $300 in two years, interest 7 per cent.

There is a fine 160 acre relinquishment adjoining this place which can be had for $320 meaning 320 acres for $1520.

NO.

N. W. qr. 18-2 n-4w. 160 acres, all under two wire and oak post fence, 4 acres fenced off for pasture, 70 acres under cultivation, large crop of corn raised on it this season. Good frame house 14x16 with L 12x14. Good well, windmill and pump, well is 134 feet deep, tubed all the way down with galvanized tubing, plenty of soft water, situated in the Yuma school district. Price $1800. Terms $400 cash, $700 in one year at 12 per cent interest, $200 in two years at 7 per cent interest. This is a great snap.

NO. 11.

N. W. qr. 4-2 n-4w. 160 acres. Cash price, $650.

NO 18.

N. E. qr. 3-2n-4w. 160 acres. Beautiful tract adjoins one of the best improved farms in Yuma county. Price $700. Terms cash.

NO. 29.

N. E. qr. 4-1 n-4w. 160 acres. 40 acres under cultivation. Splendid neighborhood. Price $750. Terms $350 cash, $200 in one year and $200 in two years, interest at 6 per cent.

NO. 22.

160 acres, very beautiful. Price $1800. Can make any term purchaser wants on all over $500 which must be cash.

We have numerous other bargains any of which will be quoted on application.

We have also a number of great snaps in town property in the city of Yuma.

We will also trade for anything unincumbered or very lightly encumbered. In making inquiry about any of the above land always mention the number of the bargain, or better still give the numbers of the land also.

J. H. Talbot, Table Rock.

MUNTZING & BARNES,
Lock Box 52. Yuma, Colo.

A CAR LOAD OF BUGGIES AND WAGONS,

CONSISTING OF

TOP BUGGIES, AND SPRING WAGONS,

The Finest Line ever brought to this county.

Parties wanting anything in my line will find it to their interest to give me a call.

I. A. FISHER.

MEAT MARKET

Having purchased the Decker Meat Market, I desire to say to the people of Table Rock and vicinity that I will keep constantly on hand a supply of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

and respectfully solicit your patronage.

D. F. WHEELER,
South Side, Public Square, Table Rock, Neb

TONSORIAL
PARLORS
SHAVING,
HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING

Done to order in neatest style.

L. E. FERRELL, - - - Proprietor

WELL DRILLING.

NESBITT & FELLERS BROTHERS,

Desire to say that they are prepared to do well drilling at reasonable figures and guarantee good work. Parties desiring well work done may leave orders at Fellers Brothers' store and her will be given prompt attention.

E. G. DEY & C

TABLE ROCK - -

Business continued at the Old Stand, where a full stock of

LUMBER, BUILDING MATERIA

COAL,

LIME AND CEMENT WILL BE KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Parties desiring to build are requested to call and examine before purchasing

LUMBER AND COAL IN CAR LOTS A SPECIALTY.

Politics Not in it This Time.

W. N. KERNS,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER,

is prepared to

FURNISH AND DO ALL KINDS OF MASON WORK

and defy competition in the same. Also am prepared to do all kinds of

RAISING AND HOUSE MOVING.

Best of care taken to protect building. Parties desiring work in the lines are invitted to call and get my prices.

W. N. KERNS.

THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL

WM. TITON, PROPRIETOR,

TABLE ROCK, - - - - - - NEB.

Has been newly furnished and fitted up in

A FIRST CLASS MANNER

And the tables are supplied with everything the market affords, the motto of house being

GOOD GRUB AND A GOOD BED

A complete line of the best

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS, CONFECTIONARIES

FRESH BREAD, ETC.

Always on hand. Come in and see us when you want a square meal or anything else in our line.

CARRIAGE AND REPAIR SHOP

A. F. HANSEN, PROPRIETOR

Blacksmith, Wagon, Carriage and General Repair work Promptly Done. Satisfaction guaranteed, both in prices and work. A large stock of new Carriages and Buggies kept constantly on hand.

MAKES A SPECIALTY OF HORSESHOEING; BUGGY PAINTING AND UPHOLSTER WORK. GIVE ME A CALL.

A. F. HANSEN

44 IN A ROW!

HUMBERS AND ROVERS

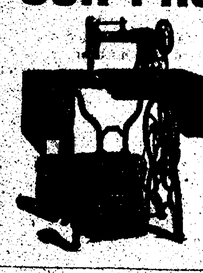
Have taken 44 First Awards at International Exhibits, including Grand Prize at Paris Exposition. 24 years on the market, and by far the largest cycle makers in the world.

Buy bicycles with a reputation to lose.

Send for latest art catalogue. Agencies in all the principal cities of the world, and in 400 American towns. 400 more agents wanted. Write for proposition.

THE HUMBER-ROVER CYCLE CO.,
285 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO.
WE SELL DIRECT WHERE THERE IS NO AGENT, FOR CASH OR ON TIME.

OUR PROPOSITION IS THIS



On receipt of $20.50, we will deliver at your R. R. Station, free, this Sewing Machine—guaranteed equal in every respect to the Domestic, New Home, White or any other, and One Year's subscription to the weekly GLOBE DEMOCRAT, St. Louis, REPUBLIC, or any other Weekly of like value. This machine is thoroughly equipped, with the latest and best set of steel attachments, automatic bobbin-winder, self-setting needle, self-threading cylinder shuttle. Beautifully ornamented, and has "front wood-work"—the popular style, either Oak or Walnut. Upon arrival, if it is found defective or misrepresented, it can be returned to us, C. O. D., for full amount paid. We refer you to any bank in the U. S. as to our responsibility.

TRUESDAIL MACHINE AND ARMS CO.
Sold by Agents for $55. ST. LOUIS, MO.
☞ Needles, Shuttles and Repairs for all kinds of Machines.

ATLAMOSA, COL., Jan., '89. XII

My wife was troubled with nervousness about one year before she took Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, and at that time had very severe attacks of spasm, convulsion, and pains in different parts of the body; when in this state her lower jaws would set violently and set sometimes, bite her tongue, breathe heavily, then short, then seemed to stop entirely, get a wild look in her eyes and rolling around, then stop sometimes; it would take two men to hold her in bed otherwise her body would cramp and beat for two hours. She took but two bottles of the Nerve Tonic, which cured her entirely of all those torments, which myself and wife gladly testify it truly had the desired effect. D. S. M'GILLIS.

Mrs. Peter Devilbiss, 354 S. Tenth street, San Jose, Cal., writes, October 1889: Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic has indeed done wonders in my part of the country. There has been bought in my neighborhood over $75 worth.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at [illegible]

MARYLAND ROASTER AND BAKER

FOR MEATS, FOWL, FISH, ETC., and the BAKING BREAD, CAKES AND PUDDINGS

BEST
SIMPLEST
AND CHEAPEST

THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, it is absorbed by the articles in the roaster, and acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutriment quantities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and every dish roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven, the roaster will do the cooking. If roasters are all alike supplied by:

MATTHAI, INGRAM & CO.,
120 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
63 READE ST., NEW YORK.

BERT ALLEN,
Painter & Paper Hanger
TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Will attend promptly to all work in his line, and respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the locality.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

VOL. [illegible] TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1893. WHOLE

—Mrs. Goodale is quite sick.

—Last Table Rock 6,000 inhabitants.

—Mrs. E. H. Norris is visiting friends in Lincoln.

—Gus Fellers, of Humboldt, is in town to-day.

—Dr. Messler, dentist, at Table Rock every Wednesday.

—NOTICE.—Charlie Llan does paper hanging and painting.

—P. H. Broyles, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Table Rock, Neb.

—Five of people have piles, but De Witts Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. S. G. Wright & Co.

—Wm. A. Conklin contemplates putting a burglar proof vault in the rear of his store building.

—Many a broadcloth husband owes his position to the fact of his marrying a gingham girl.

—Machinery, it is said, produces 90 per cent of the manufacturing labor of the United States.

—The first lighthouse in the United States was built on Little Brewster island, Boston, in 1716.

—Nature has wisely arranged matters so that a man can neither pat his own back nor kick himself.

—Will make your hens lay—Standard Horse and Cattle Food. For sale by FULLERS BROTHERS.

—Miss Antonette Wortham was over from Pawnee City, Wednesday in the interest of the world's fair exhibit.

—Eighteen or twenty members of Table Rock Lodge I. O. O. F. go to Tecumseh to visit the lodge there to-night.

—Sweet breath, sweet stomach sweet temper, all result from the use of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills—S. G. Wrigh. & Co.

—The ARGUS and his numerous other friends are pleased to see that Uncle Eph Wheeler is able to be on the streets again.

—Thomas Kubick has purchased J.E. Darby's farm south of town, for $2,400. Mr. Darby contemplates moving to Furnas county.

—200 cords of four foot wood, 200 cords of stove wood, 40,000 feet of native lumber for sale by

R. P. JENNINGS.

—Small in size, great in results: DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Best pills for constipation, best for sick headache, best for sour stomach. They never gripe. S. G. Wright & Co.

—Remember the sale by the executors of the estate of Andrew Fellers, deceased, on Tuesday, February, 21. Ten o'clock is the hour set for beginning.

—If you are in need of a sewing machine, remember you can buy one of those celebrated New Americans at Tillotson, Andrew & Co's for a very little money.

—The wind from the North blows sharpe and keen, and bad effects of colds are seen. One Minute Cough Cure so safe and sure, will quickly perform a wondrous cure. S. G. Wright & Co.

—Frank Wheeler was very sick the fore part of the week with inflammatory rheumatism, with which he has been a sufferer for some time. He is much better at present.

—$100,000 TO LEND ON FARMS BY THE STATE BANK OF TABLE ROCK AT SEVEN PERCENT. BORROWER HAVING THE OPTION OF REPAYING WHOLE OR PART AT ANY TIME. NO COMMISSIONS.

—Life and work of Jas. G. Blaine, by John Clark Ridpath and Gen. Seldon Connor, ex Governor of Maine. For sale by subscription only.

J. A. CARLOCK, Agent.

—The costliest cigars ever exported from Havana were a quantity made expressly for the Prince of Wales and valued at $1 87 apiece at the factory or about $3.50 each in New York with the duty.

—Capt. R. P. Jennings says the ARGUS set its mark just one thousand too low when it predicted 5,000 population for Table Rock in 1896, and predicts that we will have 6,000 and indications are that the Captain is a better guesser than the ARGUS.

—Democratic newspapers kindly omit all the old criticism about "the billion-dollar Congress." The present Congress, in its appropriations, has gone far beyond it. The total appropriations of the present Congress will reach $1,038,000,000. But it is a big country, and its demands every year are increasing.

—H. D. Cameron has sold the Brigham farm, west of town, to a gentleman named William Binder, from near Schuyler, who expects to move here about March first. Mr. Hollenback, who has occupied the place for a number of years, will go to his son, Walter, until he finds a location to suit him when he will buy a farm.

—The town board at its meeting Monday evening listened to the first reading of an ordinance relative to billiard halls, and instructed the clerk to secure copies of ordinances from other cities. The clerk was also ordered to tender $24 to Cherley Morton—a return of the license money paid by him for running a billiard table.

—J. F. Boggs sold his interest in the hardware and furniture firm of Tillotson, Andrew & Co. to his partners last week and the name of the firm is changed to Tillotson & Andrew. Mr. Boggs made many friends during his residence here, who greatly regret his determination to leave us. He went to Beatrice this week and thinks he will probably locate there. Success to you Jim, wherever you go.

—Mrs. S. J. Allinson left on Thursday for Norfolk, where she will visit the family of her son, A. H. Allinson, for a couple of weeks, when she and Miss Effie will go to their new home at Bloomington, Ill. For five years Mrs. Allinson and her daughters were associated with the musical interests of Table Rock, and their removal from us will cause a vacancy hard to fill. However the ARGUS and numerous friends wish them prosperity and happiness in their new home. Mrs. Allinson was accompanied to Norfolk by Miss Nora Lewis, who will remain during the winter with the family of A. H. Allinson.

—Tillotson, Andrew & Co. have a No. 1 horse for sale cheap.

—If you want a good auctioneer see Kirkpatrick, of Pawnee City.

—If you have the toothache, see Dr. Messler; here every Wednesday.

—Get one of those soap stone foot warmers at Tillotson, Andrew & Co's.

—Lizzie Stevens, daughter of Peter Stevens, is very sick with typhoid pneumonia.

—Grandma Kerns, who has been a sufferer from pneumonia for the past ten days, is convalescing.

—If you want a wood shot gun for a little money go to Tillotson, Andrew & Co's. They have some fine ones.

—J. W. Jackson, a druggist of Quitman, Mo., arrived Tuesday for a few days' visit with his friend, Frank Stover.

—R. Bell, of Tecumseh, was in town today. He has sold his fine farm consisting of town to a Mr. Rhodes, of Pawnee City.

—A 25 cent bottle of Gilt Edge dressing with every pair of ladies fine shoes sold for cash at Tibbets'.

—Wagner Bros. have just laid in another fine stock of the celebrated Electric pocket knives, guaranteed the best in the world.

—Success in everything depends entirely upon good health. De Witt's Little Early Risers are little health producing pills. See the point? They take an Early Riser. S. G. Wright & Co.

—Nothing so distressing as a hacking cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Nothing so dangerous if allowed to continue. One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief. S. G. Wright & Co.

—O. Bentley has purchased from Mrs. Smith, of Kansas, the property in lower town known as the Huntly property. Consideration $700.

—Earl Hassler, editor of the Pawnee City Rustler, and Hal Derry, were Table Rock visitors yesterday and made the ARGUS a fraternal call.

—Walt Mason, the brainy newspaper writer, and Miss Ella Foss, of Wooster, O., were married at the home of the bride's parents on Wednesday.

—Remember that Tibbets is making a big slaughter on prices of dress goods; also some $9.00 suits to go at $6.00. Other suits at reduced prices.

—The Buckstaff brick works at Lincoln were destroyed by fire yesterday morning, entailing a loss of $150,000 with insurance to the amount of $49,500.

—Headache is the direct result of indigestion and stomach disorders. Remedy these by using De Witt's Little Early Risers, and your headache disappears. The favorite little pills everywhere. S. G. Wright & Co.

—J. A. Combs' school in Clear Creek closes to-day. After a week's vacation Miss Olive Barnard will be installed as teacher, and Mr. Combs will go to Rushville to engage in the agricultural implement business.

—Frank Odell, the prohibition orator and singer will speak in the Presbyterian church to-morrow evening and on Sabbath evening there will be a union temperance meeting at the M. E. church conducted by Mr. Odell. To both these meetings the public are cordially invited.

—Intending to move to Colorado about the first of March Frank Stover will sell at public auction at the Central Hotel in Table Rock, on Saturday, February 25th, a span of mules, horses, some hay, 8 stands of bees, some farming implements, a lot of household goods and numerous other articles.

—Judge Edwards, one of the early settlers of Pawnee county, and a prominent lawyer of the Pawnee county bar, contemplates moving to Table Rock, for the practice of his profession. There is no doubt that there is a remunerative business for a lawyer here and the ARGUS would be pleased to have such a man as Judge Edwards, become a citizen of our growing city.

—George Cotton, president of the Superior Clay company, was in town the fore part of the week, accompanied by A. R. Bailey, representing the firm of whom the company purchased its machinery. While here Mr. Cotton purchased 100,000 brick from the Table Rock Clay company with which to erect kilns. He also purchased the necessary lumber for his yards from E. G. Dey & Co. and by the 10th of May the yard will be in operation.

—The fine two-story dwelling house on the Andrew Fellers farm, was burned to the ground this morning together with all its contents. The house was occupied by A. J. Barrett and his brother and their families. How the fire originated, is not known. The men were in town and when Mrs. Barrett discovered the fire the roof was ready to fall in. The house was one of the best farm houses in the county and cost about $5,000, and was uninsured. The fire was discovered between 11 and 12 o'clock.

—I have some town property which I will lease for one year only; first, a number one boarding house, within half block of depot; second, four room house on Grand street; house nearly new, nicely finished inside and out, good well and cistern, summer kitchen, grapes and other small fruits; third, two room house, on Grand street, two lots, well, house nearly new; well finished outside and in; fourth, I also have a four room house under contract on the Main street of Table Rock, which I will lease. These will be for rent at once and must be rented for one year. These are all in the railroad addition to Table Rock. If you see any of these you want, call at once.

N. A. CRAIG.

Married.

On Tuesday evening, February 14, 1893, at the residence of A. E. Heywood, two miles east of Table Rock, by Rev. J. F. Kemper, of Tecumseh, Mr. Thomas J. Harrison and Miss Katie Heywood.

The ceremony united in holy wedlock two young people who were born in Pawnee county and have a large circle of friends here. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Harrison, and the bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Heywood, both families being among the earliest settlers here. We understand that Mr. and Mrs. Harrison will soon remove to Custer county and begin life together on a farm. The ARGUS extends congratulations.

A large number of our citizens have had their taxes made straight within the past three weeks.

C. A. Walker's school near Burchard closed last Friday and he is home for a vacation.

It is reported to the ARGUS that gambling goes on in a certain business place in Table Rock.

The next meeting of the W. S. A. will be held at Mrs. Martin's, Tuesday February 21st, at 3 o'clock.

Myron Moe, who has been engaged in newspaper work at Topeka for some months, came home last Saturday.

Our Brother, W. S. Taylor, formerly editor of the Millersburg (Ind) Gitt, arrived here last Saturday and will remain for some time.

A. R. Bailey told B. P. Jennings, Mr. John Ellis of Beatrice, one of the Beatrice Clay company, told him if the Superior parties put in a plant here they would also put in a plant here on their land.

Frank Purcell was brought home from Humboldt last Friday, and is getting along very well. He was injured on January 1st and remained at the hotel in Humboldt until Friday.

Realizing that there is a demand for good building rock in Table Rock I desire to inform the public that I have a large supply of the best building rock ever sold here, and persons contemplating building, should call and see me while the stock is large, and get my terms and prices. I am yours for business. Respectfully,

N. A. CRAIG.

The legislature having adjourned last Friday until Thursday to give its members a chance to attend the G. A. R. annual encampment which was held at Fremont the 15th, Roy Martin, who serves the house in the capacity of page, came home to visit his parents and numerous young friends here.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction at the residence of John Hollenback, 11 miles west of Table Rock, on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1893,

Commencing promptly at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following property to-wit: 1 Grey mare 7 years old; 1 Brown horse 12 years old; 1 Large brown horse 6 years old; 1 Sorrel horse 7 years old; 1 Bay mare 4 years old. All the above are work horses; 1 Grey horse 4 years old, has been worked; 1 Bay horse (a Bashaw) 4 years old, has been bitted, acts kindly; 1 Colt, will be a year old July first. 4 fresh milch cows; 1 stripper will be fresh in June; 1 cow will be fresh in June; 1 Bull; 1 Heifer eighteen months old; 28 thrifty Shoats; Corn in crib, about 1800 bushels; about 180 bushels of Oats; about 10 ton of hay; 33 shocks of fodder with corn on; 1 stack of millet hay, about four ton; 3 lumber wagons; 1 mowing machine; two horse hay rake; 1 Brown corn planter with Barnes check rower and wire; 1 Lister; Bradley's; 1 Indiana drill; 1 stalk cutter; 2, 14 in. stirring plows; 1 Avery tongueless cultivator; 1 Weir tongueless cultivator; 1 forty toothed harrow; 1, No. 2 feed cooker with tank and fixtures all complete; 1 coal heating stove—small size; 1, 24 in. small box heating wood stove; 1 safe; 1 extention table; 2 rocking chairs; 5 common chairs; 1 sewing machine, (Bluse); 2 bedsteads; Chickens and ducks; 1 washer and ringer, table ware; and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE: A credit of nine months will be given on all sums over $5, purchaser giving note with approved security with interest at the rate of 10 per cent; sums of $5 and under cash. No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

JOHN HOLLENBACK.

WM. PANGBURN, Auctioneer.
D. K. MILLER, Clerk.

TOPEKA, Feb. 15.—Bleeding Kansas nearly bled again today. Nothing but the wisest counsel of the calmer leaders of the opposing parties to the struggle for control of the lower house of the legislature prevented a serious conflict and the shedding of blood.

Not since the anti-slavery and pro-slavery forces were arrayed in hostile attitude against one another has political excitement run so high as today, and not since those perilous times has the political situation come so near developing into a battle with arms.

Members of the republican house, each carrying a revolver in a convenient pocket, forced their way through a populist guard stationed in the corridor and stairway leading to representative hall, fought their way inch by inch up the stairs in a hand-to-hand conflict with the populists, battered down the door of the hall with a sledge hammer, took possession of the hall, barricaded themselves within and are withstanding a siege by the populist government, supported by the entire military force of the state, who hope to starve the republicans into an unconditional surrender.

TOPEKA, Kas., Feb. 16.—The crisis in the warlike situation about the state capitol reached its climax at noon today, when 500 deputy sheriffs under command of Sheriff Wilkerson marched up the east side of Kansas avenue, all armed, and gathered in front of the Copeland hotel a block from the capitol, and Sheriff J. M. Wilkerson then announced that he would forcibly take possession of the capitol building at 1 o'clock.

At 10:30 o'clock Sheriff Wilkerson appeared in the lobby of the Copeland house and read a proclimation stating that he believed that the peace of Shawnee county was about to be broken and as peace officer of the county he commanded that all citizens come to his aid in preserving the peace. He opened an office in the reading room of the hotel and within half an hour 200 men had signed a document pledging themselve to support him. Two other recruiting stations were opened, at 11 o'clock and a thousand men had been sworn in before noon. Each was given the badge of office and ordered to remain within calling distance. A. B. Campbell, adjutant general under Governor Humphrey, was chosen chief deputy.

POPULISTS GIVE IT ALL UP.

The crisis raised by Sheriff Wilkerson's action was so critical a one and so filled with embarrassment that the populists decided not to meet it.

At noon the governor held a conference with the populist house members and various leaders of the party. The governor said that the militia could not be depended upon to carry out his orders, that the resistance of 125 men composing the force of deputy sergeants and a hundred provisional troops (all that could be depended upon) would be useless before the sheriff's posse of 1,000 men. It was decided to hire a hall down town for the populist house and there the meetings of the populist house will be held until the difficulties are settled.

FIFTH MEETING

Of the Pawnee County Farmers' Institute.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, a fair audience greeted the opening of the Fifth annual winter meeting of the Pawnee county Farmers' Institute, at the Presbyterian church on Monday forenoon. After the opening exercises, the president delivered his address, and the institute proceeded to the election of officers, with the following result:

President—T. W. Pepoon.
Vice President—M. R. Pool.
Secretary—Mrs. A. E. Lane.
Treasurer—E. T. Boone.
Chaplain—Rev. W. H. Niles.

The afternoon session opened with singing after which "Leaks on the Farm," was the subject introduced and discussed by M. R. Pool, whose paper brought out a lively discussion between Messrs. Howe, Phillips, Griffing, Martin and others, and the choir rendered a selection; followed by "Country Roads and How to Improve Them" by T. W. Pepoon, in which the speaker gave some very interesting and timely suggestions; a short discussion followed and E. D. Howe read a poem on the subject that elicited applause from the audience. At this point A. E. Lane arose and stated as Mr. Bassett was present he moved that the program be changed and that Mr. Bassett be asked to address the institute at this time, and the regular program be proceeded with afterwards, the motion was seconded and carried. M. H. Marble also moved that the county papers be requested to publish Mr. Pepoon's paper on County Roads, and the motion was carried, after which Mr. Basset came forward and gave an interesting talk on dairying, which was full of good, practical suggestions to buttermakers. Mr. Bassett is no stranger to the Pawnee county Farmers' Institute, as he has attended all its winter meetings for five years. It began to rain quite hard when Mr. Bassett began speaking, but the speaker held the attention of the audience throughout.

In the evening a large audience gathered at the church, although the streets and roads were in a horrible condition, and a misty rain was falling. Neither the president or vice president were present and A. E. Lane was called to preside over this session. A recitation—"Archie Dean"—was rendered by Miss Olive Barnard in a manner which won the entire approbation of the audience and showed that Miss Barnard was an elocutionist of much power. Chancellor Canfield did not arrive and his place on the program was taken by Prof. H. W. Caldwell of the State University, who read a paper on "American History." This paper was one of the gems of the institute, although its effect was slightly injured by being read instead of delivered "off-hand."

Wednesday morning's session opened with music, after which Chaplain Longwell led in prayer Prof. Ingersoll was not present and M. H. Marble read a paper on "The Great American Desert," filled with many good things, well said. "Preservation and Utility of Our Soil," was the subject ably handled by Benton Aldrich, and the discussion which ensued drew many practical suggestions from him. Peter Billings then interestingly talked on "Silo and Ensilage" and a discussion followed, engaged in by Mr. Sutton and others.

In the afternoon session Prof. Caldwell gave an interesting and instructive address on "Taxation." "Pruning Apple Trees," by Benton Aldrich, contained much valuable information to fruit growers, then Mr. Harris talked on Fruit Growing Business, which engendered a lively discussion.

The evening session was one of the most enjoyable of the meeting. "Education of the Farmers' Boy," was the subject of Prof. W. V. Wymer's paper, and was handled in a scholarly and interesting manner by the professor. It stirred up a lively debate, participated in by Messrs. Sutton, Martin, Jennings and Lane. Capt. Jennings told a story about some town girls visiting in the country, who when milking time came, desired to assist in doing the milking, and tried to milk the gentle animal of the wrong sex.

"How to be a Successful Housekeeper and Have Time to go into Society," by Mrs. A. E. Lane, was the opening paper for Wednesday morning. Mrs. Lane's paper brought out a discussion in which Mrs. Pool, Mr. Griffing and others participated. "The Wife's Pin Money, How to Get it," by Mrs. D. K. Miller, was the next paper and held the attention and interest of the hearers. Mesdames Marble, Howe, Jennings and Rev. Presson took part in a discussion of the paper. Mrs. E. T. Boone read an excellent paper on "Dress Reform." Mrs. Howe's paper on "Floriculture in the Open Ground," was another one of the good things of the institute and brought out flower garden talks by Rev. Presson, Gov. Furnas and Mr. Harris, which were very instructive.

Ex-Gov. Furnas was the first speaker in the afternoon and gave an instructive address on "Careful Scientific Farming Only Will Pay." This was one of the great events of the meeting. The president introduced the governor as the original founder of Table Rock, and the church was filled with an admiring audience. The governor's claim to being the original founder of Table Rock does not apply to the present site of Table Rock, but in early days a town was plotted somewhere near the rock, and Gov. Furnas was connected with this effort. The interest of the audience in the governor's address was manifested by the numerous questions asked and the answers proved of value to all who heard.

J. B. Pepoon on the "Fathers' Part in Making the Ideal Home," was excellent and an animated discussion followed, participated in by Messrs. Martin, Phillips, Harris and others. In the absence of Miss Allen, Mrs. O. D. Howe was asked to open the discussion on Education of the Farmers' Daughters; and Mrs. Pool, Linn, Marble and Griffing took up the discussion. The subject of wearing real birds on their hats was discussed and on motion of J. E. Pepoon a vote was taken to see how many ladies opposed the wearing of birds and all the ladies except two voted against the practice. Miss Wortham talked on ladies' work in the World's fair and wanted the ladies of the institute to assist in the work.

In the evening a large crowd gathered to hear J. Sterling Morton but the brilliant democratic politician did not make his appearance and Rev. J. H. Presson delivered an address full of practical hints to the farmers.

Thursday morning Mr. Harris gave an interesting talk on "Raising Poultry," followed by an interesting discussion. A motion was then made by C. H. Barnard that the chair appoint a committee to arrange for a summer meeting; the motion prevailed, and it was also decided to leave the naming of the time for the picnic in hands of committee, and a motion also prevailed that arrangements for the winter meeting be left in the hands of the same committee.

After dinner the following persons were appointed as such committee: C. H. Barnard, W. A. Griffing, Mrs. A. E. Lane, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Chapman. The following resolutions were unanimously passed:

Realizing that the adulterated condition of foods, drinks and drugs sold in the state of Nebraska, as published by the department of agriculture of the United States of America, is a gross imposition on the honest industries of our state, taking from the consumer the price of honest food products and giving in return adulterations of but little value and often injurious to health, thus creating a prejudice against the wholesome products of the farm and injuring the business of honest merchants therefore be it

RESOLVED, By the Pawnee county Farmers Institute that our senator and representatives in the Nebraska legislature are requested to use their best efforts to secure the passage of laws to regulate the sale of such goods accordingly to pure food bills now pending before the Nebraska legislature and that a copy of these resolutions be signed by our president and secretary and furnished to Senator Scott and Representatives Reinspel and Gilford.

MRS. A. E. LANE, Secretary. T. W. PEPOON, President.

The following resolutions were introduced by M. H. Marble, and passed by a rising vote:

RESOLVED, That the thanks of the institute are hereby returned to the officials of the Presbyterian church for the use of their house during this session.

Resolved, That our thanks are also returned to the citizens of Table Rock for their generosity and hospitality on this occasion.

Resolved, That we return our thanks to the president and secretary for the strict attention of matters pertaining to their offices.

Resolved, That we return our thanks to those who have furnished papers for this meeting—notably Hon. R. W. Furnas, Prof. H. W. Caldwell, Hon. S. C. Bassett, Rev. Presson, Prof. Wymer and others.

Resolved, That the thanks of the institute are due to the executors of the estate of A. Fellers for their liberality in giving free the use of the building for holding the dinner in.

Resolved, That a vote of thanks is tendered to Messrs. Wheeler Brothers for use of stoves, etc., at the hall.

Mr. Colthar's paper on the best method of raising swine from a pork standpoint brought out a general discussion between Chapman, Phillips, Deck, Sutton and others. Bee Culture by Rev. Brooks and C. H. Hare was another interesting feature of the institute, and contained much valuable information. A paper circulated for purpose of organizing a county bee association received about thirty signatures. C. S. Wood was not present and C. J. Wood was asked to make some remarks on the cattle question; he responded by telling how cattle were sold in Europe and the net profit of selling in a foreign market and one of the most interesting discussions of the meeting followed, engaged in by messrs. Chapman, Griffing, Lane, Deck and others. A motion was made to raise finances for the institute by a small membership fee; the motion was laid on the table and the institute adjourned.

One of the pleasantest features of the institute was the manner in which dinner was served. The Fellers building was secured, tea and coffee furnished free, while the people took their dinners to the hall and all ate together in regular banquet style. Everybody enjoyed the noon hours for their social influence.

House For Sale.

I offer for sale my residence with eight rooms and cellar, good well, cistern and barn, all in good repair.

W. W. CORNELL.

For Sale or Trade.

I have a double seated carriage, new last summer, which I will sell cheap or will trade for cows or heifers. Enquire of

O. W. GRIFFING.

For instance Mrs. Geo. Roger, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. It's a wonderfully good salve for burns, bruises, sores and a sure cure for piles. S. G. Wright & Co.

Dissolution Notice.

The hardware firm of Tillotson Andrew & Co has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Boggs retiring. The business will be continued at the old stand under the firm name of Tillotson & Andrew who will pay all bills and collect all accounts due the firm of Tillotson, Andrew & Co.

JAS. TILLOTSON,
W. H. ANDREW,
J. F. BOGGS.

[N. COUNTY COURT, PAWNEE COUNTY, NEBRASKA.
In the matter of the estate of }
Andrew Fellers, deceased. }

The creditors of said deceased, and all other persons interested, take notice: That letters testamentary having been granted to John Fellers and Llewellyn Fellers for the estate of Andrew Fellers, deceased; it is ordered that the executors be allowed the term of one year in which to dispose of the estate and pay the debts and legacies of said deceased; that claims against the estate of said deceased be examined and adjusted before this court at the office of the county judge in Pawnee City, Neb., on the first Tuesdays in May and August, 1893, and all claims not filed on or before the date last named will be forever barred from being considered in the settlement of said estate.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be published four successive weeks prior to said first day for hearing in the Table Rock ARGUS, a newspaper published weekly in Pawnee county Nebraska.

Witness my hand and the seal of the County Court this 18th day of January, 1893.

SEAL. G. R. REDDING,
5w5 County Judge.

BERT ALLINSON,
Painter & Paper Hanger

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Has a large supply of stencil and will do stencil decorations in all the latest designs. All work in my line will be given prompt and careful attention.

Anti-Rust Tinware

Guaranteed for three years by

Wheeler Brothers

B. & M. TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Table Rock as follows:

GOING WEST.	
No. 13 pass.	2:30 a m
No. 15 pass.	12:48 p m
No. 73 through freight	1:06 a m
No. 79, fast freight	12:05 a m
No 75 local freight	2:30 p m
GOING EAST.	
No 14 pass.	1:06 a m
No 74, through freight	7:40 p m
No 80 fast freight	12:10 a m
76 local freight	10:15 a m
GOING SOUTH	
No 72 pass.	40:5 pm
No 110 accom, arrive	11:55 am
No 118 freight, arrive	6.00 pm
GOING NORTH	
No 71 pass.	3:38 pm
No 109 accom	5 00 am
No 117 freight	2:10 pm

Tickets on sale to all points in United States and Canada. J. MURPHY, Agt.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH SERVICES—Preaching every alternate Lords Day at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening. Sunday School at 10 a. m. every Sunday. Y. P. S. C. E. meets every Sunday at 7 p. m. Ladies Aid Society meets every Thursday afternoon. All are cordially invited to these services.

O. R. SKINNER, Pastor.

WALL PAPER AND SHADE GOODS

In great variety and very low at

THE GILT EDGE DRUG STORE

ALSO

Is the place to buy

Prue Medicines,

Patent Medicines,

Non-secret Medicines

Bohemian Medicines,

Toilet Articles,

All Kinds of Brushes,

All Kinds of Oils,

All Kinds of Paints,

All Kinds of Stationery,

wall paper at wholesale and retail,

school supplies,

Lamp & lamp fixtures

musical merchandise and fixtures,

Perfumery, Toys and fancy goods.

Patrons are assured of courteous and fair treatment and goods at Reasonable Prices at

WRIGHT'S GILT EDGE DRUG STORE.

Sole Agents in Table Rock for the Bankers' Daughter Cigar.

Having moved our stock of goods into the Richardson B[lock] and having largely added to our stock in all lines, we invite the p[ublic] to call and see us in our new quarters. We have some

Special Bargains

In Cook Stoves to offer you, and carry a full and complete line o[f] Stoves of all kinds. In the

FURNITURE

line we have the finest and best stock in the county and invite your special attention to our

HANDSOME BEDROOM SETS

And Eegant Line of Easy Chairs.

In fact we have everything in the household furniture and general hardware lines and cordially invite you to come and see us.

WHEELER BROTHERS.

CITY - BAKERY,

J. N. KAMOLZ, Proprietor

FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES EVERY DAY.

OYSTERS - AND - ICE - CREAM IN THEIR SEASON

A Full Line of Confectionaries; Summer Drinks of all Kinds. Give Us a Call.

State Bank Of Table Rock,

TABLE ROCK, - - - NEBRASKA

DAVID REMICK, President.
JOHN C. DAVID, Vice President.
DAVID K. MILLER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
DAVID REMICK.
A. B. CLARK.
J. N. ECKMAN.
JOHN C. DAVID.
DAVID K. MILLER.

Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate banking business. Accounts of farmers and merchants solicited. Careful attention given to collections. Loans negotiated on real estate security.

THE CITY RESTAURANT,

Thomson Brothers, Proprietors,

Will Serve

Oysters In All Styles,

AND RUN THE

ONLY LUNCH COUNTER IN THE TOWN

Where You Can Get A Lunch At All Hours

We keep a full line of choice fresh confectionaries, temperance drinks, cigars and tobaccos. Prompt and polite attention given all customers.

We have also added a Library and News stand

TAYLOR & BECK

PROPRIETORS OF

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

EAST OF PUBLC SQUARE.

Good Rigs at Reasonable Rates. Best of Care Guaranteed. Run 'Bus to and from Depot. Connecting with All Trains

G. R. MARTIN,

PROPRIETOR OF

THE CITY MEAT MARKET

Fresh and salt meats kept constantly on hand

Flour, meal, graham and all kinds of produce

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR FAT CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP AND HIDES, PELTS AND SKINS.

When you want anything in my line give me a call. The best place to sell our Fat Stock, Poultry, Etc. is where you can get the most for it.

G. R. MARTIN

O. D. TIBBETS,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Special attention given to my

SHOE DEPARTMENT

Having built on a Grocery Department, I am better prepared to give you satisfaction in that line than any place in town.

TEA A SPECIALTY.

IT IS TO THE INTEREST OF CASH BUYERS TO TRADE WITH ME. PRODUCE TAKEN EXCHANGE. SOUTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.

WM. PANGBURN.

AUCTIONEER

Having had a number of years experience as a practical auctioneer, I will offer my services to the people of Pawnee county in that capacity and respectfully solicit your patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed and prices reasonable. Orders may be left at the ARGUS office.

No matter what daily paper you read at other times, the Daily State Journal published at the capital is the paper for Nebraskans during the legislature. Eighty five cents a month. Try it.

O. D. TIBBETS

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

F. M. TAYLOR, Publisher.

TABLE ROCK, NEB.

NEBRASKA.

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES.

Eight new school buildings were erected in Sheridan county last year.

Wanted: Poems by Nebraska writers. Carl Smith, 1516 N. 22d St., Omaha.

The Wilcox Post reports an influx of "earlybird" land buyers in Kearney county.

Charles Hurd, of Lincoln, was fined $15 for keeping open his barber shop on Sunday.

Madison and Norfolk are again connected by telephone, and the county foots the expense.

The Lincoln packing houses expect to do twice as much business this year as they did last season.

The next convention of the international bricklayers' association will be held in Omaha in January, 1894.

There were forty converts during the revival meetings at Superior, and twenty-nine united with the church.

Mike McCann of Lincoln has been bound over to the district court for shooting with intent to kill Daniel Haney.

The wife of a Custer county farmer made $284 last year from butter, eggs and poultry, besides doing her household work.

Several hundred bushels of wheat have been stolen within the last few days from different people in the vicinity of Hayes Center.

Emma Hollingsworth of Nelson has been chosen to represent the high school of that city in the oratorical cotest at Grand Island March 31.

John A. Andrews of Milford, while skating on the Blue at Crete, broke through the ice and only succeeded after a mighty struggle in climbing out.

The Mercer is Omaha's newest and best hotel, cor. Twelfth and Howard streets. Rates $2 to $4.50 per day. 150 rooms and 60 connected with bath.

The Kearney opera house company has decided to put in an electric light plant of its own. It claims to have been paying too much for its illumination.

Hugh Aird, an aged and respected citizen of Nebraska City, slipped on the icy pavement and shattered his knee cap so badly that the doctor fears that he will be hopelessly crippled.

G. W. E. Dorsey sued Col. Ainsworth for $23, and the colonel came back at him with a counter-claim for $105. Judgment was rendered against Dorsey for $9.75 and costs.

The following is the mortgage record of Cass county for the month of January: Farm property filed, $39,960; released $31,331; city property filed, $11,856.85; released, $5,252.21.

The city of Lincoln was made defendant today in a suit for $10,000 filed in district court by Nancy M. Blaster. She wants this for reparation of injuries received by defective sidewalks.

Grand Chancellor Dale, assisted by Adelphi Lodge No. 51, of Albion, instituted a Pythian lodge at St. Edward last week, with twenty-eight charter members, the very best people in the town.

Hayes Center is to have a church. The [illegible] for the new Methodist Episcopal church has arrived and contractor W. K. Graves has commenced work on the building, which is to cost $2,000 when completed.

A newsboy on the B. & M. flyer amused a crowd at Kulo by talking to an alleged tramp who seemed to be stowed away on the trucks of a sleeper. It developed that the peanut was a ventriloquist and was conversing with himself.

John and Jacob Domingo, two prosperous young farmers of Cass county, went to South Omaha with a bunch of hogs, and returned home with $1,393 dangling from their belts. They are both ready to make affidavit that farming in Nebraska is a howling success.

The directors of the Cass County Agricultural society held their annual meeting last week and elected R. B. Windham president and David Miller secretary. The directors will hold another meeting in the near future to decide whether the county fair will be held in Plattsmouth or in Elmwood.

The special term of the district court of Boyd county, which convened January 31 to try the county seat contest between Butte and Spencer, adjourned after three days session until April 18. The three days were occupied in hearing motions and taking evidence as to the jurisdiction of the court in the case.

Last week some unknown person set fire to the barns and outbuildings of Mr. Callen, living twelve miles north of Madison. The farmer lost all his horses and grain and farm machinery, as the fire was not discovered until too late to save anything. A reward has been offered for the arrest of the person who committed the act.

Lester, the 19-year old son of William R. Bright, a farmer living twelve miles west of Ord, committed suicide last week. He arose and started the kitchen fire as usual, and then went into a shed and hung himself. When the body was discovered life was extinct. He was a quiet and rather simple minded young man. No cause is assigned for the act.

A Washington dispatch says: W. E. Peebles and D. N. Wheeler, from Pender, Neb., arrived in this city yesterday. They are accompanied by a delegation of Omaha Indians who want an allotment made of their tribal lands this spring. Judging by the success attending Mr. Peebles' past efforts in behalf of this tribe they will be able to accomplish their mission in the present instance.

John McIntyre, the Beatrice mail agent, whose attorneys secured a postponement of his case in federal court for robbing the mails, will probably be sent to some government insane asylum. Testimony was introduced showing his mental unsoundness and a request was forwarded to the attorney of the United States asking that he be incarcerated in some government asylum.

For the past two weeks W. R. Vanderveer, owner of a large sheep ranch near McCool Junction, has been losing sheep, and thereupon he organized a wolf hunt. Owing to the late fall of snow the hunters tracked the wolves over twenty miles, and in the final round-up George Watts shot and captured one of the finest specimens of grey wolves ever seen in that section. It weighed sixty pounds.

Cleveland's Inauguration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The work of the committees having charge of the ceremonies incident to the inauguration of President-Elect Cleveland is progressing satisfactorily.

General McMahon and Colonel Corbin, who have supervision of the arrangement of the particulars, are daily receiving letters from military organizations all over the United States for positions. More than a hundred organizations (including Tammany) have thus far reported a probable strength of 17,000 men to form in line on March 4. The governors of the following named states have notified the committee that they will be in late, accompanied by members of their respective staffs and in many instances by independent military companies: Delaware, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, Illinois, Louisiana and Wisconsin.

It is almost certain that a majority of the governors of the remaining states will be present, but as yet they have not notified the committee. Pennsylvania, as usual, will send the largest representation of any state. Its full national guard of 8,600 men will be in line. New York will send its crack organizations—the Seventh and Sixty-ninth regiments—and probably company A of the Thirteenth regiment (Brooklyn).

There is every probability that the inauguration of March 4, 1893, will surpass all its predecessors.

Congressional Forecast.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—But sixteen working days remain of the Fifty-second congress. Only one of the annual appropriation bills (the army bill) has become a law, and from this time on until the 4th of March both houses of congress will bend every energy to the completion of the remainder of the important measures. For this reason it is uncertain whether the senate will be able to carry out the program of legislation, short as it is, arranged by the republican caucus. The Nicaragua canal bill is the unfinished business, but as it promises to provoke long debate it must from time to time give way to the appropriation bills and conference reports.

Next to the Nicaragua bill on the caucus programme is the omnibus statehood bill. Senator Carey, who is in charge of the bill, does not propose to lose any opportunity to advance it, and whenever recourse is had to the calendar, on which the bill occupies a favorable position, he will endeavor to reach the measure without waiting for action on the Nicaragua bill. It is possible that the senate may be plunged into a financial discussion any day in the week should Mr. Sherman call up the amendment to one of the appropriation bills, of which he has given notice, authorizing the secretary of the treasury to sell bonds to maintain specie payment under the resumption clause of the act. The silver question is definitely solved, for this congress. The leaders in the house do not see anything ahead between now and the 4th of March to cause trouble, except the appropriation bills and the anti-options bill. It is proposed to keep the house pounding away on the appropriation bills with but little intermission until the last one of them goes over to the senate. Those remaining before the house are the pension (which is under consideration), the post-office, the Indian, the agricultural and the naval bills.

Monday is District of Columbus day, and as the District lost its day two weeks ago it will doubtless be conceded the floor. The remainder of the week will be occupied mostly with the several appropriation bills though there is some prospect that a special order may be brought in in behalf of the New York and New Jersey bridge bill, for which measure a cloture petition has been presented to the rules committee, or the agricultural committee, which has the anti-option pure food and other bills in charge.

Thinks Silver Coinage Must Go.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Henry Villard returned yesterday from Washington, where he has been working for the repeal of the Sherman silver purchase act.

"If all the republicans had co-operated with the anti-silver democrats," said he, "as they did last year in preventing the passage of the Sewart free coinage bill, the repeal bill would have been carried by a considerable majority. The principal cause is the lamentable and incomprehensible obstacle raised by the business community throughout the country, in the face of the momentous issue before congress. This seems to be a fact that public sentiment in the eastern and middle states is now almost a unit as to the necessity of the immediate absolute stoppage of the purchase silver bullion and the issue of more currency against it. It is also a fact that a strong expression of this sentiment was wanting, and that on the contrary, active representatives on the ground in Washington could literally be counted on the fingers of one hand."

"What do you think of the prospect of the repeal of the Sherman law?"

"I am satisfied that notwithstanding the failures in the senate and house, the country will be relieved of this fatal incubus before long. I pin my faith in absolute certainty that as the silver disease has reached the acute stage. It is already causing serious complications and is bound to produce great difficulties in the near future, and the law of self-preservation will compel the conservative classes in all parties of the country to insist upon the repeal of this law."

NEWS BRIEFS.

Miss Anna Dickinson has brought suit for heavy damages against all who were concerned in getting her confined in an asylum.

It is reported that the betrothal of Princess Louise of Denmark to the czarewitch will be announced next summer.

Among the pallbearers selected for the funeral of Mrs. Whitney were Grover Cleveland and Cornelius Vanderbilt.

The business portion of Afton, Ia., was destroyed by fire. Loss $30,000.

A serious charge made against Senator Hunton of Virginia, is that he lobbies for a concern in which he is financially interested.

The nomination of Judge Jackson to the supreme bench will doubtless be confirmed despite the opposition that has developed.

The lower house of the Indiana legislature passed a bill aimed at the Roby race track.

M. Herbert de Benoit and Mr. Emile Maire Coussot, two French deputies, have fought a duel. Benoit was wounded.

SENATORIAL BOODLE.

A SENSATION IN NEBRASKA'S LOWER HOUSE.

The Sergeant-at-Arms Tells of Two Whom He Thought Could be Influenced for a Consideration—The House Passes the General Appropriations Bill—The Name of A. D. Beemer Sent to the Senate for Warden of the Penitentiary—Miscellaneous Matter in Both Branches.

Nebraska Legislature.

SENATE.—The senate on the 6th made no attempt to transact business and immediately after roll call and prayer took a recess until 11:45. Immediately after joint convention senate adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow. The joint vote for senator was without change from that of Saturday.

HOUSE.—In the house on the 6th bills were introduced: To create a county loan and abstract office; providing that counties may repeal township organization; amending the law relating to summons; authorizing the state treasurer to pay a reward of $10,000 for the discovery of coal within the state of Nebraska; to regulate guarantee and indemnity companies; to promote the supply of gas in the cities; to purchase lands for the Hospital for the Insane at Hastings; to submit an amendment to the constitution providing that the legislature shall provide for the free instruction in common schools of all persons between the ages of 6 and 21. Mr. Howe introduced a bill to provide for a commission to revise the constitution. The appropriation bill was then considered. The first division taken up was the appropriation for the Insitute for the Deaf at Omaha. Nason offered amendments to increase the amount appropriated for care of the inmates. He spoke vigorously as to the needs of the institution, but his arguments fell into ears as deaf as those of the inmates of the institution whose cause he was championing, and the bill stood as it came from the hands of the committee. The appropriations for the soldiers and sailors' home, the state board of transportation, the fish commission and the state university, passed without objection, except that in the case of the soldiers' home the sum of $1,400 was added for repairs and improvements. The appropriation for the state university was lumped instead of itemized. Under the head of miscellaneous the sum of $2,000 was added for the support of the State Historical society. Elder wanted to raise the appropriation of the fish commission. He thought the legislature needed all the fish it could get. It needed them for brain food, he said, and the members laughed. An unsuccessful attempt was made by Lingenfelter to tack on the inevitable appropriation of $15,000 for the payment of bounties for the destruction of wild animals, but it did not go. The committee rose and the house ordered the bill engrossed.

SENATE.—In the Senate on the 7th a number of new bills were introduced and read the first time. After reading of bills the senate joined the house in joint session to ballot for U. S. senator, the vote resulting in the election of Judge W. V. Allen, of Madison county, who received 70 votes, four more than was necessary. On reconvening counting of the votes of Douglas county was in order. Senator Lobeck moved that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to count and tally the votes. The motion prevailed. The chair appointed Senators Lowley, Hale and Young to count the ballots in the Douglas county contest cases as per resolution. The time agreed upon for counting the ballots to be from 9 to 12 o'clock a. m., 1 to 6 p. m., and from 7 o'clock to 9:30 o'clock p. m. Senator Dysart arose and asked the privilege of introducing a resolution, and having obtained that privilege, he moved that the contest of the seats of the senators from Douglas county be indefinitely postponed. The motion was subsequently withdrawn and Senator Stuart moved that the committee on privileges and elections furnish the senate whatever evidence it may have. Senator Mullen offered a resolution inviting the members of the senate to attend a reception in honor of United States Senator-elect W. V. Allen, in representative hall. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—In the house on the 7th the morning hour was spent in reports of committees. After the joint convention the house took a recess until 3 o'clock. On reassembling bills were introduced: To provide for an exhibit of Nebraska swine at the World's Columbian exposition. To provide for the encouragement of the sugar beet industry and the payment of a bounty to the grower and producer of sugar beets. To establish a state board of undertakers and to provide for the better protection of life and health, and to prevent the spread of infective and contagious diseases, and to provide for a system of examination, registration and licensing of undertakers. An act to provide for the incorporation and the regulation of trust companies, and to define their powers, duties and responsibilities. To provide for the erection and equipment of a building upon the grounds of the state experimental farm, to be known as the state laboratory for the investigation of animal diseases. To submit to the electors of the state of Nebraska for their approval or rejection, an amendment to the constitution of the state providing for the graduated taxation of land. Bills read a third time were: To allow children of school age of their home district to attend school at a nearer district. An act to amend section 6822 of the compiled statutes of the state of Nebraska of 1891, being a part of chapter 21, entitled "Gambling, betting and lotteries," and for the repeal of said original section.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 8th a resolution that a committee of three be appointed by the president of the senate to count and inspect state school bonds and to report at an early day, was adopted. Bills were introduced: To amend the elections law. Relating to county attorneys and fixing their salaries. To authorize the county board of any county to employ assistance for the county attorney in certain civil cases. To establish a state board of undertakers, to provide for the better protection of life and health, to prevent the spread of infectious diseases and to provide for a system of examinations. To authorize county treasurers to invest the county sinking fund in registered county warrants when said warrants will be paid before the sinking fund therein invested will be needed to satisfy the obligations for which it is created. Senator Stewart offered a memorial and joint resolution, instructing the Nebraska senators and representatives in congress to vote in favor of submission of an amendment to the constitution of the United States provividing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people. A message was received in the house conveying the news that that body had concurred in the joint resolution providing for an adjournment from Friday, February 10, until Thursday, January 16.

HOUSE.—In the house on the 8th the following bills were introduced: Providing for the honorable discharge of A. J. Arnold as a first lieutenant of militia, he never having been discharged from three month's service in 1864, and appropriating $375 in payment of his services and use of horses; amending the statutes as to revenue; amending the statutes as to incorporated charitable societies; amending the statutes as to taxes and lands. A resolution that a committee of three, no two of whom shall be of the same political party, be appointed to investigate and report to this house any bribery and criminal action on the part of any person or persons in the election of United States senator, was adopted. The house then went into committee of the whole for the consideration of bills on general file. The committee decided to recommend the bill for the payment of the bounties on wild animals after the members from the western part of the state had exhausted their eloquence in its behalf. Davies insisted that under a bounty law there were more rewards claimed in Cass county now than thirty years ago, and he said that it had become such a means of imposition that his people would not stand it any longer. Watson's bill providing for a supreme court commission was recommended for passage after it had been so amended that the members would be appointed by the court, and the three would be adherents of different parties.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 9th Gov. Crounse sent in the nomination of A. D. Beemer for warden of the Nebraska penitentiary. The matter of confirmation was put over one day. Consideration was given to the Douglas county contests. The following bills were introduced and read for the first time: To amend the consolidated statutes relating to public finance. To make the possession of a United States internal revenue license for the sale of liquors by any person charged with the violation of the state laws presumptive evidence of such violation. Two bills to amend the code of civil procedure. A number of bills were read the second time and referred.

HOUSE.—In the house on the 9th the general appropriation bill was passed. Howe introduced a resolution calling for the discharge of committee clerks in view of the fact that nearly all bills had been reported on and there was little left for them to do. Sheridan, Porter and Elder at once entered a violent protest, but Sherman and Suter endorsed the resolution and it passed overwhelmingly. The following new bills were introduced: To exempt from taxation the property of old soldiers, to the amount of $1,000; appropriating money for the sinking fund of experimental artesian wells in certain counties of the state; limiting the salary of clerks of district court in counties containing metropolitan cities to $3,000 and those containing cities of the first class to $2,500, with necessary clerks to be provided by the county commissioners at not to exceed $75 per month each; to redistrict the state into senatorial and representative districts; repealing certain sections of the law regarding building and loan associations; to amend the statutes relating to roads; to amend the statutes relating to tax sales; providing for the investment of sinking funds in county warrants; amending the statutes relating to corporations; relating to cities of the first class; to regulate the manner of voting for electors at corporate elections; appropriating $15,000 for the national guard; to incorporate accident insurance companies on the assessment plan.

SENATE.—In the senate on the 10th reports were received from the standing committee as follows: Senate file No. 122, providing that a majority of the directors of any state bank doing business in this state shall be residents of Nebraska and that any failure to comply with the requirements of the act shall invalidate the articles of incorporation and render the stockholders liable as partners, was recommended for passage and placed on the general file. On motion of Senator North the senate agreed to proceed with the contest, and the county clerk of Douglas county was requested to produce the ballots cast in Jefferson precinct. Further proceedings were, however, interrupted by Senator Everett, who offered a motion that the case be dismissed. The motion was put and thirteen senators voted for it and an equal number against it. Senator Lobeck, the only senator from Douglas county present who was affected by the motion, refrained from voting, although it lay in his power to dismiss the contest against himself. The lieutenant governor cast the deciding vote in the negative, and the fourth attempt to dismiss the contest failed. A communication from the governor was read, placing in nomination as members of the state board of education and normal schools: B. E. B. Kennedy, Church Howe and W. E. Majors. The nominations were referred to committee. The nomination of Allen D. Beemer to be warden of the state penitentiary was confirmed without a dissenting vote.

HOUSE.—In the house on the 10th Sergeant-at-arms Dungan made a statement in regard to attempted bribery. He said that two men offered him big prices for Thurston votes. Krick and Soderman are the gentlemen named. The statement of Dungan and the revelations that are likely to result from it were the chief subjects of conversation around the hotel corridors. Dungan, when he left the bar after giving the names of the representatives who accompanied him to room 1 in the Lindell hotel that night, said he had not refused at first to give their names because these gentlemen objected. On the contrary, both Soderman and Krick had insisted on his giving their names, and in compliance with their requests he had finally done so. Mr. Dungan said that he understood that the investigating committee desired him to give the names to the committee first and that they had also influenced him in at first withholding them. Soderman and the independents generally say that testimony will be forthcoming that will not only sustain Dungan in his statements, but reveal more than has been brought out.

Foraker Says He Is Too Busy.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 9.—Ex-Gov. Foraker will not accept the appointment offered him by Gov. McKinley as trustee of the Ohio State University to succeed ex-President Hayes. Mr. Foraker sent a letter to Gov. McKinley the text of which he refuses to make public, but which, it is understood, says in substance that Mr. Foraker does not wish to give up his large law practice here and cannot find time to attend to the duties of a trustee.

THE PENSION POLICY.

A LIVELY PERSONAL FIGHT IN THE HOUSE.

Changes that Propose a Considerable Reduction in the Pension Rolls—Republicans Ask that Matters be Left as They Are—What a Leading Democrat Has to Say in Reference to the Annexation of Hawaii—Some Amusing Incidents Attending the Electoral Count.

Pension Law Changes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—A lively pension fight is on in the house. Unless all indications fail, there will be some very interesting debates and sharp maneuvering on the floor of the house when the pension appropriation bill is taken up for consideration. A radical change in the pension policy is proposed. The change will be backed up by a majority of the committee on appropriations and will be fought tooth and nail by the republican minority, assisted by representative Holman, chairman of the committee, who is ordinarily the most strenuous advocate on the committee of a reduction of expenditures.

The proposed change in the pension policy has in view a considerable reduction of the pension rolls and the enormous amount now paid out for pensions by purging the lists of the names of some of those now on them and by making more difficult the procurement, in some cases, of a pension under the laws.

It is proposed to change the laws in some respects and a new policy is to be inaugurated, as far as the administration of the law is concerned, by turning over the whole pension bureau to the war department. These changes, with some modifications, are the same as originally proposed by the subcommittee which framed the pension appropriation bill, but which in full committee were stricken out by a majority of one vote. The committee has now by a narrow majority reconsidered that action.

There was a meeting of the committee this morning and a fight for a new pension policy was renewed by Mr. O'Neil of Massachusetts and others. By a yea and nay vote the committee decided to report the necessary amendments to be offered to the pension bill when it comes up.

Morgan on Annexation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Mr. Morgan, the leading democratic member of the senate committee on foreign relations, held a short conference with Secretary of State Foster, and the bill introduced by Morgan today is the probable outcome of the conference. Mr. Morgan is an enthusiastic nationalist, and it would seem that his measure provides not only for Hawaii, but for any similar condition that may arise in the future. The full text of the bill, which is a very short one, is as follows:

"That whenever the United States shall acquire dominion over any foreign country, or place, by treaty of annexation, or otherwise, the president of the United States, with the advice and consent of the senate, may appoint a governor for the same and a legislative council to consist of any number of persons, not less than five, nor more than twenty-five, whose acts shall be subject to revision or repeal by congress; and unless the treaty of annexation or cession shall otherwise provide, said governor and a council shall constitute and conduct all provisional governments for such country or place, until congress shall otherwise provide by law."

Mr. Wilder, one of the Hawaiian commissioners, was seen by a reporter, while engaged in reading a copy of the bill. He said that, of course, he knew nothing of the intention of Mr. Morgan to propose such a measure, nor of the views of the administration upon the subject, but it was exactly what the commissioners desired for the islands if annexation were decided upon.

"We must have something of the kind," he continued. "For the present, at least, there must be some provision made by which the native population will be prevented from taking hold of affairs and returning to the condition which obtained before the revolution."

Not on the Bills.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 9.—There were some interesting and amusing incidents in the electoral count not recorded in the official proceedings. The strict rules of the house which govern admission to the floor were suspended, and one member, evidently not a friend of female suffrage, remarked: "The floor of the house looks as the senate would look if the populists of the western states eventually succeed in electing women senators."

The first break in the decorum of the proceedings (not counting the merely incidental applause which greeted the announcement of the vote of Illinois) occurred when Judge Chipman of Michigan, evidently more familiar with the names of the democratic candidates than with those of the republican ticket, proclaimed that California had cast "one vote for Wittylaw Reid for vice president." The ripple of laughter which greeted this announcement was increased to a roar when the vice president subsequently gave Judge Chipman another republican state to handle and he succeeded in giving "Whitelaw" in two syllables instead of three. The curious vote of North Dakota distributing one to each of the candidates was greeted with derisive laughter. When the count was closed the great audience dispersed quietly. One enthusiastic individual in the gallery caused some slight merriment by waving a large sombrero and shouting: "Hurrah for Grover Cleveland."

Cleveland's Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Mr. Cleveland has at last named the premier of the next administration. It is to be none other than Judge Walter Q. Gresham of Indiana. Judge Gresham has been offered the post and accepted. This statement is true absolutely if the information of a score of democratic leaders at the capital is to be credited. Among those who confirmed the story of Judge Gresham's selection this evening was Representatives Springer and Cable of Illinois, and Representative Holman of Indiana. From other sources equally good the information is substantiated. Judge Gresham's selection is understood to have been made in recognition of the independent element which supported Mr. Cleveland, of those who renounced the republican party last fall and openly avowed their allegiance to the democracy and Mr. Cleveland.

Gresham had been wavering in his allegiance to the party of monopoly, and high tariff for several years. He had on frequent occasions announced his hostility to the McKinley brand of protection, and as a jurist was always to be found in his decisions the unrelenting foe of corporations and monopolies in their controversies with labor. Nevertheless his declaration in support of Mr. Cleveland was looked upon by the republicans as a result of his bitter personal hostility to President Harrison. Both Harrison and Gresham were candidates before the Chicago convention of 1888. That was the second time that Harrison and Gresham had clashed. In 1880 they were rival candidates for the senate. Gresham's distaste for the practical work of politics always counted against him in his political struggles. His integrity and high-mindedness would not permit him to stoop to some of the tricks that play such a prominent part in the success of politicians. Gresham's selection for the most responsible position in the cabinet will doubtless prove a great gratification to the independents.

The news was, however, a great surprise to the democrats at the capital. Some of them could hardly credit it. Despite the high esteem in which Judge Gresham's ability, talent and sterling integrity are held, some of the democrats were inclined to criticise the selection of so recent a convert for the most important position in the cabinet. It is said that Senator Gorman was one of Gresham's strongest supporters for the place, the explanation being that it was not because he loved Gresham more, but because he loved some one else less.

South Dakota Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Senator Pettigrew was before the senate committee on appropriations looking after items in the bill which particularly pertain to South Dakota and the west. He secured the promise that his several requests will be granted. The most important was in striking out a provision which practically repealed the land law of 1891, by which so many land titles were settled. The provision was put in at the request of one Buttes, formerly of North Carolina, now of North Dakota, and the express intention was to upset the title of the site of Great Falls, wherein Buttes was an attorney. He has been trying to smirch everybody who assisted in passing the law of 1791, saying it was put through at the request of President Hill of the Great Northern road for the express purpose of getting possession of the Great Falls town site. The provision in the bill has been stricken out. Mr. Pettigrew was also promised an increase for surveys and an appropriation for the Sioux Falls building, with a provision that it should be made fireproof, that the number of land offices should not be diminished and the adoption of the Fort Randall military bill as a part of the appropriation bill. Senator Pettigrew today introduced a bill to ratify the agreement between the Rosebud and Lower Brule Indians in South Dakota, which, if passed, will have the effect of making the Brules a part of the Rosebud agency.

Tiring the Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The members of the committee investigating the whisky trust are becoming visibly weary of their task and it would be no surprise if they summarily dropped the subject. Revenue Agent Dewar gave some additional testimony today as to the indictment of Secretary Gibson of the trust and the discovery in his apartments of quantities of the explosive liquid which was to be used in destroying rival distilleries. When the meeting ended Chairman Bynum said: "I am beginning to think that this investigation is a mistake. We are getting little new evidence, and I do not intend to let the investigation drag along. I will probably wind it up by next Wednesday, certainly by the end of next week."

Heavy Cattle Losses in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 10.—Leading cattlemen of the State estimate that the losses of cattle in open ranges will average about 25 per cent from the storms and frightfully cold weather prevailing since Jan. 24. Losses will be heaviest in Choteau, Fergus and Dawson Counties, as the weather in that section in the early part of the winter was less favorable than in the Southeastern portion of the State. Old cows, young calves and Texas cattle brought North last week have stood the storm poorly. From all sections of the country come reports of the depredations of wolves.

More Trichinosis.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Feb. 10.—A family named Teichtenborg, the husband, wife and two children, living near this city, are victims of trichinosis poisoning. The father is expected to die, and the two children cannot recover. The woman will probably recover. They ate pork sausage improperly cooked.

Forty-four Cholera Deaths.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—Forty-four persons died in Marseilles yesterday of a choleraic disease. Nine of the cases were suspiciously like Asiatic cholera. Microscopic examination has failed to reveal the presence of comma bacilli. Some of the physicians are inclined to the belief that the disease is intestinal influenza. The disease has been confined to the filthiest districts.

Bank Failure at Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 10.—The individual Banking House of F. V. Rockfellow & Co. closed yesterday. People had the utmost confidence in its soundness. No official statement has been made.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA.

Butter—Creamery	27	@	25
Butter—Country roll	18	@	22
Butter—Packing stock	12	@	14
Eggs—Fresh	125	@	26
Honey—Per lb	8	@	20
Chickens—Per lb	19	@	10
Turkeys—Dressed	1	@	12
Ducks—Dressed, per lb	8	@	10
Lemons	3 75	@	4 25
Oranges ½ Floridy	3 25	@	4 25
Sweet Potatoes—Per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Potatoes—Per bu	75	@	85
Apples—Per barrel	3 50	@	4 00
Beans—Navy	2 00	@	2 25
Cranberries—Cape Cod	9 00	@	9 5
Hay—Per ton	6 0	@	6 5
Straw—Per ton	4 50	@	5 0
Bran—Per ton	13 50	@	14 0
Chop—Per ton	17 50	@	18 50
Onions—Per bu	1 00	@	1 25
Hogs—Mixed packing	6 80	@	7 05
Hogs—Heavy weights	95	@	8 10
Beeves—Stockers and feeders	2 25	@	3 60
Steers—Prime to good	3 75	@	4 50
Sheep—Natives	3 75	@	5 50

NEW YORK.

Wheat—No. 2, red winter	79¾	@	80
Corn—No. 2	52¾	@	53
Oats—Mixed western	38	@	39½
Pork	18 50	@	19 00
Lard	1 95	@	11 60

CHICAGO.

Wheat—No. 2, spring	71	@	71¼
Corn—Per bu	43	@	43¼
Oats—Per bu	31	@	31¼
Pork	18 37½	@	18 50
Lard	11 95	@	11 97½
Hogs—Packers and mixed	7 50	@	8 30
Steers—Best grades	5 00	@	6 15
Cattle—Stockers and Feeders	3 0	@	4 00
Sheep—Westerns	5 00	@	5 60

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—No. 2, red, cash	69	@	69½
Corn—Per bu	40	@	40¼
Oats—Per bu	34	@	31½
Hogs—Mixed Packing	7 70	@	7 85
Cattle—Native steers	3 50	@	4 75

KANSAS CITY.

Wheat—No. 2	71½	@	72
Corn—No. 2	35	@	30
Oats—No. 2	29½	@	30
Cattle—Stockers and feeders	3 42½	@	4 15
Hogs—Mixed	8 00	@	8 05
Sheep—Muttons	4 50	@	4 55

Nebraska

CAN DO MANUFACTURING AS CHEAPLY AS ANY STATE IN THE UNION.

In the Norse Settlement of Gothenburg the Problem is Forever Solved.

While walking down Broadway in New York city about noon one day I saw a crowd of people that almost blocked the sidewalks on both sides of the street. They were watching a very large safe which was being hoisted by pulleys and ropes in front of a high building, evidently intended to be taken into the fifth story through one of the windows. It was at the fourth story and I stopped with the crowd and watched its hardly perceptible movement.

Suddenly, without warning, the ropes broke with pistol like report and the safe shot down through the air faster than my eyes could follow it. There was a great noise, the ground under my feet shook, the crowd surged backward, some falling under foot. Men and women screamed, and frightened horses plunged through the crowd. Every one was either awed or panic stricken by the presence of great danger.

The safe had crashed through the pavement into a sub-sidewalk basement out of sight. The force of the fall had broken the great flag stones of the pavement for many feet on both sides. The plate glass windows were shattered and even the show cases on the inside of the basement store were ruined.

The fall had been about forty feet. It was a striking exhibition of the power of the falling of a great weight.

At Gothenburg, Neb., they have a direct fall fifty-three and a half feet of a body of water heavier than that enormous safe. It falls on a turbine water wheel of the latest and best make. This wheel supplies power enough to run dozens of the largest factories in the State of Nebraska, and furnishes it at less expense than the coal costs to run one factory in Omaha.

The Commercial Club at Gothenburg will promptly give information either about the town, the surrounding country, or the water power.

By electricity the power to drive the largest mill in the State can be transmitted or taken from this wheel on a wire not larger than a clothes line, one, two, three, six or a dozen miles away.

A few years ago this was not possible. Power had then to be taken from a shaft. Later a wire cable was successfully used for short distances, but now by electricity power can be transmitted under ground, under water, elevated in the air, in any direction, not only yards but miles.

We are passing from the time of steam to the time of electricity.

Plans and estimates are now being made to use electricity instead of horses to draw the boats on the Erie Canal from Buffalo to Albany.

Every reliable water power in the country has been suddenly given a value almost inestimable. Either wood or coal is indispensable in making steam. Nebraska has no coal mines, no forests. Cost of freight makes wood not possible as a fuel and coal very expensive. The place that has a water power needs neither one.

The water power places will in the future do the manufacturing, will be the best markets and rapidly make the largest cities. The rush to Gothenburg, which has had its power plant completed but little more than a month, shows how keenly alive the Western people are to business advantages and commercial developments.

CHAS. I. WORTHAM.

Recording High Heat.

A method has recently been introduced at the great Dowlais iron works of automatically recording the temperature of the air blown into the furnaces. There are six new blast furnaces at Dowlais. In the hot-blast main of each a pyrometer has been placed, consisting of a thermojunction of platinum and platinum-rhodium.

The wires from these six thermojunctions are brought to a switch in the laboratory, where they can be connected one after another with a galvonometer. The spot of light is thrown upon a cylinder, which is covered with sensitive photographic paper, and which revolves once in twenty-four hours. A line representing the required temperature is first drawn, so that the distance of the line traced by the spot of light from the datum line indicates the variation of temperature of the blast.

A Statesman Lacking Opportunity.

A New York woman who has bidden good-by to the first bloom of her youth, but is making out extremely well on the aftermath, has succeeded in fully solving the problem of quenching other women's inquiries with regard to her age. "Whenever a woman has the cheek to ask me what my age is," she explained, "I always beem upon her suddenly and exclaim: 'Oh, my dear girl, I am a great deal older than you are—a whole year at least.' And then, before she can find time or breath for another question I add: 'And, by the way, what is your exact age, dear?'" The woman, taken by surprise, lies heroically, of course, and consequently makes me out at least five years younger than I would have dared to make myself."

Queen Victoria's Gloves.

The queen has a large hand. She takes 7½ gloves. Her fingers are extremely short and out of proportion to the size of her hand, says the Edinburg Scotsman. The queen will wear nothing but black gloves. She commenced to wear one button gloves at the beginning of her reign. Today, when no shop girl thinks anybody a real lady without six button gloves, the queen has only got to four. She refuses altogether to conform to fashion.

She wears only about two dozen pairs of gloves a year. Each pair costs 8s 6d; in fact, the queen of Great Britain and Ireland and the empress of India is decidedly economical in her glove bill. There are a great many fashionable women who think nothing of a glove bill if it only comes to $100 a year. Many women will spend $20 on gloves during the six weeks of the season by wearing two or three pairs a day.

Economical.

He—My dear, why don't you try to be economical? I don't believe that Mrs. Lakeside is as extravagant as you are.

She—Perhaps not in some things. I understand she wore the same mourning dress for three husbands.

Toolhouses in Distant Fields.

Where a farm is a large one a toolhouse at the corner where four fields meet in the part most distant from the house is a paying investment. It need not be large enough to hold a reaper or mowing machine, but of sufficient size to give shelter during a sudden shower to men working in the fields, and to save from loss their tools when they leave work at night. The first of this kind we saw was built for use in maple sugar making times, but was kept, or rather rebuilt, after the maple orchard had been cut away.

A CITY'S GOO[illegible]

St. Louis About to R[illegible] [illegible]ollars from Unusu[illegible] Educational Adv[illegible]

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 10.—Bef[illegible] of the year St. Louis w[illegible] million dollars which it will [illegible] how to spend. The sale [illegible] old city hall, and its [illegible] which will be abandoned by all city offices this summer for the [illegible] building in Washington Park, has been decided on, and the Union Market, ugly but valuable, will follow. The two are worth together considerably over a million dollars, but part of the money obtained by their sale will have to be spent in buying another market place for the hucksters. City officials generally believe that this money should be spent in a lump, but there have been a dozen ways proposed of spending it. The city may build a conduit system; it may run another great sewer along the bed of the River des Peres, or it may establish free baths. The money will be enough for one of these objects but not all.

St. Louis was the first city in the United States that took from Germany the plan of teaching children in kindergartens and from here the idea spread all over the country. This whole week has been devoted by the teachers of the city to the celebration of the twentieth anniversary of the opening of the kindergarten here. Exhibitions of kindergarten work were given in some of the schools each day, and there were several lectures and essays on the system, among them one by Prof. William T. Harris, the first superintendent of public schools here, and after that one of the teachers in the famous Concord School of Philosophy.

Visitors to the St. Louis Exposition this year, as well as the tourists at the World's Fair, will be surprised by the exhibit this city will make at both places of the excellent work its manual training schools are doing. Educators generally so well understand the superiority of the St. Louis schools of this kind that one-fifth of the entire space reserved at the World's Fair for this sort of exhibits has been given to our manual training men, and they will make a much more complete show of their work at the local Exposition. The manual training classes here are attended by the sons of the very wealthiest parents, and many a young heir to a fortune, coming out of the University with his degree, is as well able to build his own house as his father is to pay for it.

Signal Officer Hamma[illegible] is a man of very original ideas, and all which he has put into operation in the weather office here have proved to be of great advantage to the people living in the country. It is the farmers whom the Observer wants to benefit. He was the first to send out through the country the weather signals by whistles of the mills in the country that warned the farmer of approaching changes. He has just begun to collect weekly reports from all the great wheat-growing sections of the West, showing how the weather is affecting the wheat in those parts. These reports he sends out free to the small country towns and the farmers are thus kept advised of the crop prospects quickly and satisfactorily. If snow is hurting the wheat in the Northwest, and is coming this way, the farmer learns of it two or three days before it gets to his fields.

CAME BACK TO BE SHOT.

A Touching Story of a Gavroche of the French Commune.

The order had been issued to Paris in 1871 by the new republican authorities that communist insurgents who were taken with arms in their hands should be put to death immediately. The order was being relentlessly executed, when in the garden of the Elysee Palace, a detachment of republican troops came upon a small band of insurgents. Among them was a boy of 15 years, still in short trousers.

The band was conducted to a larger party of communists destined for execution. On the way the 15-year-old broke out from among his companions and placed himself in front of the colonel who commanded the escort. Making the military salute with a good deal of grace, he said:

"Mister, you're going to shoot me, I suppose?"

"Certainly, my lad," said the colonel. "Taken with arms in your hands, it's all up with you. That is the order."

"All right!" said the boy, "but see here; I live in Miromesnil street, where my mother is concierge in a house. She'll wait for me if I don't come home and she'll worry a great deal. I just want to go home and quiet her a bit, you know, and then again, I've got my watch here; I'd like to give it to my mother, so she'll have as much as that, anyway. Come colonel, let me run home a little while. I give you my word of honor I'll come back to be shot!"

The colonel was struck with astonishment at the boy's demand. It also began to amuse him a good deal.

"You give your word of honor, eh, that you'll return in time to be executed?"

"My word of honor, mister!"

"Well, well," said the colonel, "this young scamp has wit as well as assurance. A rather young rebel to shoot, too." "Well, his assurance has saved him. Go home, boy!"

The youth bowed and scampered off. "The last we shall see of him," said the colonel.

Half an hour passed by; the colonel, who was now indoors in his headquarters, had forgotten in the press of his terrible business all about the boy, whom he regarded as having been definitely set free. But all at once the door opened and the boy communist popped in.

"Here I am, mister," he exclaimed. "I saw mamma, told her, gave her the watch and kissed her. Now I'm ready."

Then the colonel did what perhaps none but a rough soldier would have done. He rose, came over to the boy, seized him by both ears, led him thus to the door and kicked him out of it, exclaiming:

"Get out, you young brigand! Get back to your mother as quick as you can!"

With a red face the officer returned to his chair, muttering to his companions as he waved his hand toward a party of the condemned insurgents: "So they have their heroes, those scoundrels!"

The Months of the Year.

Sheridan's little skit giving the characteristic of each month is as applicable now and in this latitude as it was when he wrote it for England:

January, snowy; February, flowy; March, blowy;
April, showery; May, flowery; June, bowery;
July, moppy; August, croppy; September, poppy;
October, breezy; November, wheezy; December, freezy.

John Marks, his daughter and mother were burned to death at Lindsay, Ont.

"German Syrup"

Boschee's German Syrup is more successful in the treatment of Consumption than any other remedy prescribed. It has been tried under every variety of climate. In the bleak, bitter North, in damp New England, in the fickle Middle States, in the hot, moist South—everywhere. It has been in demand by every nationality. It has been employed in every stage of Consumption. In brief it has been used by millions and its the only true and reliable Consumption Remedy.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. Address ORATOR F. WOODWARD, LeRoy, N. Y.

Every Month

many women suffer from Excessive or Scant Menstruation; they don't know who to confide in to get proper advice. Don't confide in anybody but try

Bradfield's Female Regulator

a Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION.

Book to "WOMAN" mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all Druggists.

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PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

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WALL PAPER Wholesale. Good ... Gold Paper ... Samples ... over 400 ... Agents ...

WAGONS, CARRIAGES H. C. SEAMAN ... Variety.

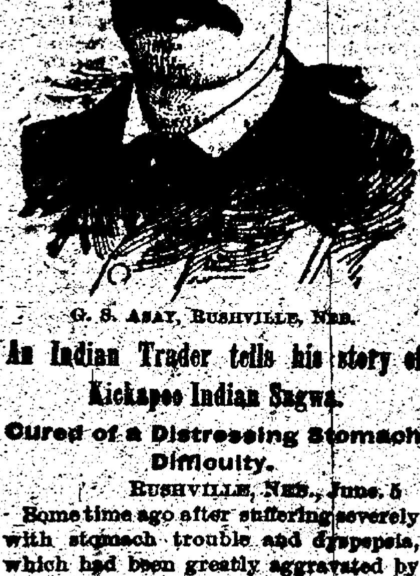
MASKS, Wigs, Tops, Balls and all goods belonging to our line at wholesale. GATE CITY B. T. CO., 1119 Farnam St., Omaha.

FARRELL & CO., Maple Sugar and Syrups, Jellies, Preserves, Jams, Apple Butter, Etc. Props. Omaha Can Manufac'ing. Co. Cans and Decorated Tinware.

SOUTH OMAHA HOUSES.

WOOD BROS. LIVE STOCK COMMISSION. MAN, WALTER E. WOOD, Mgrs. ... Chicago, Ill. Market reports furnished upon application.

BYERS BROS & CO., Live Stock Commission Merchants, Union Stock Yards, South Omaha and Chicago. Correspondence and your trade solicited.



G. S. ASAY, BUSHVILLE, NEB.

An Indian Trader tells his story of Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

Cured of a Distressing Stomach Difficulty.

BUSHVILLE, NEB., June 5

Some time ago after suffering severely with stomach trouble and dyspepsia, which had been greatly aggravated by the alkali water of the western country, and when I had reached that stage where I could frequently hold nothing on my stomach, and would even throw up water as soon as drank, I learned from a Sioux Indian, who had been on a visit to the Kickapoo tribe, of a wonderful remedy called "Sagwa." I got him to procure some for me. The effect was remarkable. I tried to get more from the Indian, but he would not let me have more of his. He prized it so much he would not give it up. I then learned that Healy & Bigelow, of New Haven, Conn., had an arrangement with the Kickapoo tribe, and was putting their remedies on the market. I sent and got a bottle of the Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, and found it to be the same as that I had procured from the Sioux Indian. I got more, and after the use of a few bottles, I was not only relieved but entirely cured, and have stayed cured ever since.

I can eat anything set before me. Salt bacon, which used to have a most distressing effect, I can now eat and relish like an Indian.

I cannot speak too highly of the Kickapoo remedies, and cheerfully recommend them to anyone.

G. S. ASAY,
Indian Trader and Interpreter.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA.
The Incomparable Liver, Stomach, and Blood Medicine. One Dollar per Bottle, Six Bottles for Five Dollars.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers ONLY.

YOUTH AND AGE.

When all the world is young, lad,
And all the trees are green,
And every goose a swan, lad,
And every lass a queen.
Then hey for boot and horse, lad,
And around the world away.
Young blood must have its course, lad,
And every dog his day.

When all the world is old, lad,
And all the trees are brown,
And all the sport is stale, lad,
And all the wheels run down,
Creep home and take your place there,
The spent and maimed among,
God grant you find one face there
You loved when all was young.

—Charles Kingsley.

A FORTUNATE MISTAKE.

"Its all no use, I can see," said Bob Morgan, stepping back from the sketch he had just made of a pretty bit of scenery. "If I finish it, and take it to Staunton, he'll only laugh. I am not cut out for an artist; neither can I get even bread and cheese, let alone an income to marry on, out of literature. I'm sure that was a capital tale I sent to the editor of The Snowflake last week, and he just sent it back with the did insult, that I've got so used to 'declined with thanks.' I really don't know what I can turn to. Brought up to nothing, and expecting a fortune; it's hard enough for fellows to make a position, who have studied from boyhood, with everything in their favor. I must ... or emigrate; but there, ... talk to my pretty Mabel. ... I can still see her ... occasionally."

... minutes later, Bob Morgan was sitting on the trunk of an old ... on the outskirts of the wood, with his arm round the waist of a pretty girl, his betrothed wife, whom he was now obliged to meet secretly, in consequence of his loss of fortune.

She did not look mirthful herself to-night; her eyes were heavy with tears recently shed, and her pretty mouth was even now quivering with partially suppressed grief.

"Why, my darling little May," Bob was saying. "What is the matter? The sight of your bright face clouded makes me feel as if the world were wrapped in gloom, this fair summer evening."

"Oh, dear, Bob, I am so unhappy. You remember me telling you that Mr. Falkland, an old friend of papa's, had come to stay with us on a visit? Well, it is too dreadful, Bob; mamma says he wants to marry me, and that if I do not say yes, when he asks me, we shall be ruined."

"To marry you, Mabel!" exclaimed Bob indignantly. "The old fright, how dare he? Why, didn't you tell me that he was eighty?"

"Oh no, Bob, but he is over sixty, and that's quite as old, I think," said Mabel illogically.

"And what does your mother mean about being ruined?" asked Bob.

"Oh, I don't quite understand it," answered Mabel thoughtfully. "Something about a mortgage, which papa let him have."

"Well, mortgage, or ruin, or whatever else happens, Mabel, don't let them frighten you into marrying your grandfather. We can run away together, and live on fifty pounds a year, first," said Bob, stoutly; and then followed much loving talk and many castles in the air, for Bob's presence seemed to bring back all Mabel's light-heartedness.

But when she had left him, and he returned to his home alone, all the fears and anxieties he had shaken off, returned with ten-fold force.

"I know what you are capable of, my good Mrs. Walton," he soliloquized, apostrophizing his mother-in-law elect. "It's quite possible that the mortgage story is all made up, to try and frighten my poor little girl into the idea that she is making a noble sacrifice of herself for the benefit of the others. And I suppose that horrible old fellow follows her about, and grins at her and forces his odious presence on her, when he ought to be thinking of his grave, the old villain. He's sure to be a coarse old brute for all the money was made in trade."

Bob felt all the contempt for such a sordid manner of amassing wealth that the son of an over-worked ... with a large family and small stipend, would naturally feel.

Next day, he went off and had an interview with Jemmy, the odd man at Walton Lodge, with which pretentious name Mrs. Walton had dignified her small house. Bob used to be a favorite of old Jemmy's, on account of the numerous packets of tobacco, etc., which found their way from his pockets to the old man's, before Mrs. Walton had forbidden him the house, on account of his altered prospects.

From Jemmy, Bob learnt that the old gent, as the odd man designated the rich man, would probably go down to fish in the mill stream, between breakfast and luncheon.

"Thanks, Jemmy, and now tell me exactly what he is like," said Bob.

But this information Jemmy was not able to impart with much success, so Bob felt he would have to trust to chance to ... the right man, if more than one ... gentleman should select the same time and place for his fishing.

"Ah, there he is!" said Bob to himself, as he descried a solitary figure on the bank.

But when he ... was not at all sure ... his man. This gentleman was a jolly sprightly-looking man of fifty-five, with an air of refinement about him which could hardly have belonged to a trader.

Bob drew out his easel and set up all his paraphernalia ready to sketch, feeling all the courage of last night deserting him.

"Good-morning. Hope you will be very lucky," he said when the angler had just landed a fine trout.

"Thanks I've had one or two very fair takes this week," responded the old gentleman, and he then became quite talkative, so that Bob soon had his doubts set at rest. He was Mr. Falkland, the man who had come to marry Mabel, and rob him of his love, who had been his since they both wore pinafores.

But though he made many attempts to broach the subject, and though he had never disgraced a piece of canvass with a worse daub than he put on that morning, the hours slipped by, and the old gentleman rose to return, without his having said one word to let him know that Mabel was not free to be wooed by him.

Now, desperation made him "screw his courage to the sticking point," and with a very red face and faltering voice, he said:

"Sir, I have a most—that is, I want to say—I would speak to you in private, if you please."

"Yes," answered Mr. Falkland, looking surprised but quite unconscious. "I shall be most happy to hear any communication you please to make; and, as I cannot invite you to Walton Lodge, being only a visitor there, and as there is no one to hear except the birds and squirrels to overhear our conversation, perhaps we can talk now?"

"Yes, certainly; I came on pur pose," stammered Bob, growing more and more nervous; "I want to tell—that is, you must please understand that I—you—you—in fact, you can't marry Mabel Walton, and what's more, you shan't!"

Bob's sudden and defiant conclusion arose more from rage at his unfortunate loss of words, than from any other cause.

"Sir!" said Mr. Falkland, looking at him with displeasure mixed with the slight alarm as if he had been an escaped lunatic. "Will you kindly explain yourself?"

"There is nothing to explain, sir; I only wish to accept the fact," said Bob, now thoroughly exasperated by the other's coolness. "I was engaged to Mabel Walton, with the full consent of both our parents, when I was heir to my uncle's fortune. But he, enraged because I would not marry his adopted daughter, left her his fortune and me only fifty pounds per annum. Then Mrs. Walton told me Mabel should not marry a pauper, and so broke off our engagement though it was for Mabel's sake I lost my fortune."

"But really, young man, I think you have acted very meanly; you have persuaded a girl to wait for you when you have no prospect of marrying her; and you encourage her to disobey her parents, who very properly, wish her to accept the richest suitor. This is very sad."

"You wicked old hypocrite! If you were my own age, you would soon have my fist in your face! However, as you have no honor, I can't appeal to it; only, if you dare worry my poor girl, I'll make you repent it."

And in fearful wrath, Bob picked up his easel, and strode away.

"Stop, stop, young man! One moment; I cannot let you go like that," cried Mr. Falkland; and Bob did stop, and as he glared at the old gentleman with savage eyes, the latter suddenly burst into a loud peal of hearty laughter.

"It's very amusing, no doubt," sneered Bob, longing to hit him on the head with his own fishing can.

"It is amusing, sir. It is the best joke I have heard for many a long day. So Mrs. Walton had matchmaking on her mind, when she invited me down here for a quiet fish. She really thought I was likely to marry that pretty little blue-eyed girl, did she? A girl several years younger than my own daughter. Ha, ha, ha! Excuse me, young man. Ha, ha!"

"Really, sir, if I have been mistaken——" began Bob, feeling foolish, yet delighted.

"My dear young fellow, you never were more mistaken, I do assure you. Now you mention this, I can see it may possibly be the old lady's idea, but believe me, nothing is farther from my thoughts than marrying any one, still less that sweet child. But, come, accept my apologies for not undeceiving you at your expense. Will you walk back with me, to prove your forgiveness?"

Bob readily assented, only too glad of any excuse to go near Mabel's home.

Then the old gentleman drew from him an account of his unsuccessful attempts to get a livelihood, and, in return for his confidence, made a proposal which gladdened his heart, and caused his hopes of marrying Mabel to rise again.

"I have a great business as a merchant; my ships are on every sea, and I have no son to help me. My only daughter's husband is an independent gentleman, with an ample fortune of his own. There is absolutely no one to take to my business when I am gone. If you find all the fine arts positively closed to you in getting a living, what say you to making a trial of merchandise? Will you come into my office for a month, and if you like it, and show the aptitude necessary, I would do a great deal for the daughter of my old friend, who is as sweet an English rose herself as ever gladdened the eyes of a lonely old man."

Six months after Bob was plunging heart and soul into the mysteries of the craft he had once despised, and Mrs. Walton smiled as sweetly as ever on the protege of the great merchant.

Bob soon became the happy husband of pretty Mabel, and was wont to think with a shudder of his past hopeless days and nights of unsuccessful toil at arts for which he had no capacity, while now he is continually adding large amounts to the balance at his banker's.

Mr. Falkland often visits them and always enjoys a hearty laugh at the recollection of Bob's attack on him at the mill stream.

"You may enjoy your joke as much as you please, my dear sir," says Bob. "I only know that for me it proved a lucky mistake!"—Saturday Evening Post.

A Famous Letter.

The Philadelphia Record says that the original draft of Rev. Jacob Duche's famous letter to General Washington, dated October 8, 1777, has come to light in a local collection of valuable documents. Dr. Duche was an old time rector of Christ church, Philadelphia. At the beginning of the revolutionary war he figured as an ardent patriot, but when the British redcoats marched into Philadelphia and took possession of the city the alarmed rector suddenly found himself to be a most devoted Royalist. General Washington was then encamped in headquarters in Worcester township, Philadelphia, now Montgomery county, and to him Dr. Duche dispatched a letter, which now in printing takes up nearly eight quarto pages, urging him to return to the bosom of good King George. Washington immediately directed the epistle to congress as "a letter of a very curious and extraordinary nature."

A Trifle Inconsistent.

"You know that young Mr. Beausome who was at the seashore?"

"Yes, dear."

"You remember he proposed to all us girls in the politest way imaginable?"

"Twice to me; you remember."

"Yes, and three times to me. Well, here's a poem of his in this magazine on 'Unchanging Love.'"—Chicago News-Record.

His Reproof.

Minister—Those wicked boys were playing ball again in Jones' lot as I came from church.

Minister's Wife—Didn't you stop to reprove them?

Minister—Yes, but it didn't have any effect. Young Cowles made a daisy three-bag hit and let in three runs, and the crowd didn't have any use for me.—Judge.

Three hundred and twenty-eight thousand divorces have been granted by the courts of this country during the past 20 years, 50 per cent of them to women.

THE GUESTS TURNED COOKS.

Had All the Help He Needed on That Yachting Trip.

There is a certain yachtsman who loves a joke, especially one of the practical kind. He is rich and can therefore indulge this weakness with less fear of the consequences than most people would have. Last summer he made his headquarters at a hotel on the Jersey coast, taking frequent cruises on his schooner yacht. Being liberal with his money, he was the "star boarder" at the place, and the proprietor put up with his eccentricities rather than lose his valuable patronage.

One day in August the yachtsman said to the hotel-keeper:

"Your servants have to work pretty hard don't, they?"

"Well, yes," was the hesitating reply.

"They seem very faithful and I think they deserve a little treat."

"Yes," said the hotel man, wondering what was up.

"I have been thinking that it would do them lots of good to take them a sail on my yacht."

"Oh, that would be too great a favor," replied the other. "Besides they haven't time to go on such a trip."

"Yes, they have. They can go directly after luncheon and get back in time to cook dinner."

"You would be sure and bring them back in two or three hours?"

"Certainly; you needn't worry about that."

Consent was given, and the guest invited all the servants for an afternoon's cruise. They accepted the offer eagerly. The next day was named for the time. Luncheon was hurried through with, and the start was made without washing the dishes. The yacht was of good size, so that there was room for every one. All the employes of the hotel went, except the clerks. The cooks and their helpers, the waiters, hall boys, baggage-handlers, dish-washers, and all the rest put on their best bibs and tuckers for an afternoon "off."

The day was a fine one, and the sail was immensely enjoyed. The owner of the vessel was even more delighted than his guests. Four o'clock came and the vessel was miles from the hotel. The cooks began to get anxious. They were assured it was all right. After an hour or two a capital supper was served, and Mary Ann and James forgot all about their duties on shore. When their host said: "I wonder what the people at the hotel are eating?" there was a great shout of laughter. All consented to the mutiny against their employer, and didn't mind sailing until 10 or 11 o'clock, when the schooner finally landed.

In the meantime the guests were in a fine state of mind and the proprietor was beside himself. At 6 o'clock some of the people went into the kitchen, washed a few dishes, cooked coffee and got together some cold food. A few thought it a great joke. When the yacht party returned the hotel-keeper couldn't scold his employes and didn't dare offend the rich guest. He therefore smiled in a forced fashion it is true, when the yachtsman asked him cheerily: "How did you enjoy your dinner?"

DANGEROUS CURIOSITY.

A Perilous Visit to a Monstrous Iceberg at Halifax, Nova Scotia.

"My curiosity once came near being the death of me," said F. C. Martin, chairman of the Reminiscence Club. "I was at Halifax, N. S., in the spring of 1878, and one day a gigantic iceberg was sighted. It was only about nine miles out, but I determined to have a closer view. A dare-devil young Irish doctor and myself hired a schooner and set out. There was little wind and the sea was exceptionally calm for that latitude.

"We approached within half a mile of the monster, the captain wisely declining to go closer. Then I was seized with an insane desire to get on the iceberg and examine it. Of course the Irishman wanted to go, too. Trust an Irishman to run his head into danger! The berg slanted down on one side at an easy angle, and we bribed a couple of the crew to row us to it. We climbed all over it with the exception of a monstrous ice hill in the center that was like a perpendicular wall of glass and gleamed in the sun like a floating Aladdin's palace. While we were prowling about the wind increased, our boatmen became frightened and put back to the ship.

"The great mass of ice was surrounded by an atmosphere of intense cold, and we were already chilled to the bone. We tried to persuade the boatmen to come back, but they positively refused to do so. The schooner put back to port, and we were apparently left to our fate. We looked at each other. 'This is Hades,' I exclaimed. 'No, I'll be hanged if it is,' said Pat, trying to crawl into his fur collar. 'And it wasn't—at least not that of the orthodox variety. On the way in the schooner met a steam launch bringing a party of sightseers out, and informed them of our situation. After much difficulty the captain of the launch succeeded in getting us off. Another hour on that floating Siberia and we would have been frozen to death."

The Perfect Book.

It is said that a Spanish firm of publishers once produced a work in which one letter only got misplaced through accident, and this is believed to be the nearest approach to perfection that has ever been attained in a book. It is further stated that an English house had made a great effort to the same end, and issued proof sheets to the universities with an offer of £50 if any error was discovered in them, but in spite of this precaution several blunders remained undetected until the work issued from the press.—Notes and Queries.

A Good Soul.

Wool—Bronson's dead wife was a good soul. Did he show you that memorandum she wrote when she could not speak?

Van Pelt—No; what was it?

Wool—It ran this way: "Dear Jack, your collar button is in the bureau drawer, back left-hand corner. Don't look for that horrid red and green neck tie; I burned it up."—Truth.

A Valid Argument.

"I approve, sir, of physical education in our schools, for I know that there is nothing better for boys and men than good, healthy excercise."

"There may be, and yet our fathers never spent any time at gymnastic exercises."

"I know it. And what's the consequence? Aren't they all dead-de-day?"

Rapid Writing.

A rapid penman will write at the rate of thirty words a minute, which means that in an hour's steady writing he has drawn his pen along a space of 300 yards.

Stranger Than Fiction.

The Indianapolis News says that a certain farm editor received the following story and sent it to the curio column collector, who returned it because he knew it stated facts and not fiction. A horticulturist had missed many apples every night. Finally he set a watch, expecting to trap his neighbor's boys. In the dim night light he saw limbs of apple trees shaking, and then he heard fruit falling. He had seen no one enter the orchard. Non-plussed he crept up close to the shaking tree. He saw a hedgehog descend from the tree, roll over on the apples until its back was laden with the fruit attached by the quills, and wabble off. The farm editor didn't doubt the story, but wondered what an insect-eating animal wanted with apples. "For the worms," triumphantly explained the curio man.

What Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has done for others for nearly two generations it will do for you. If you will try it once you will be convinced that it is the best family medicine, and you will never be without it.

New York city is to have one of the largest public schools ever erected.

The attention of baseball players who receive wounds of one kind or another every day, from bat or ball, is directed to the fact that Salvation Oil is the best application in use for cure of cuts, bruises, and sprains. 25 cents.

A Watch that Speaks.

It is said a watchmaker of Geneva, Switzerland, named Casimir Livan, has just completed a watch which, instead of striking the hours and quarters, announces them by speaking like the phonograph. The mechanism of the watch is based on phonographic conditions, the bottom of the case containing a phonographic sensitive plate which have received the impression of the human voice before being inserted in the watch.

The disk has forty-eight concentric grooves, of which twelve repeat the hours, twelve those of the hours and quarters, and twelve more those of the hours and second and third quarters. If the hand on the dial shows the time to be 12:15 o'clock one of the fine needle-points of the mechanism crosses the corresponding groove, and the disk, which turns simultaneously, calls out the time, just as the phonographic cylinder. The lower lid of the case is provided with a tiny mouth-piece, and when the watch is held to the ear the sound is all the more plain.—Jewelers' Circular.

How to Care for a Lamp.

To prevent a lamp from smelling offensively and from leaking over, trim the wick and clean the burner thoroughly each day. Always turn the wick well down into the wick tube before blowing out. After the lamp is trimmed in the morning, turn the wick well down into the tube. Wash the burner in soap and water once a week. The offensive odor comes from particles of charred wick which remain in the burners, and the leakage comes from having the lamp too full or having the wick come to the top of the tube. If these directions are followed with all kinds of lamps, there need be no trouble as to odor or leakage. In duplex lamps with extinguishers open the extinguishers after putting out the lamp.

The proprietors of Ely's Cream Balm do not claim it to be a cure-all, but a sure remedy for Catarrh and Cold in the head.

I have been afflicted with catarrh for 20 years. It became chronic and extended to my throat, causing hoarseness and great difficulty in speaking, indeed for years I was not able to speak more than thirty minutes, and often this with great difficulty. I also, to a great extent, lost the sense of hearing. By the use of Ely's Cream Balm all dropping of mucous has ceased and my voice and hearing has greatly improved.—Jas. W. Davidson, Attorney at Law, Monmouth, Ill.

Apply Balm into each nostril. It is Quickly Absorbed. Gives Relief at once. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Value of a Fiance.

A young woman of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., has begun a novel suit for damages against the Hudson River and New York Central railroad company. She alleges that in an accident on its road, the result of carelessness, a certain young man to whom she was engaged to be married was killed; that by his death she has lost a husband, and therefore she has been deprived of support and maintenance during her life. She demands between $30,000 and $40,000 as an equivalent for this loss.

The Modern Invalid

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physician; if constipated he uses the gentle family laxative Syrup of Figs.

The kind of religion that warms and cheers is the kind that is full of sunshine.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."
Warranted to cure, or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 25 cents.

Over 2,000 obelisks, in posit on or fallen, are known to exist in various parts of Egypt.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.
Kemps Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

The world is full of heroes whose names will never be known in this life.

We eat too much and take too little outdoor exercise. This is the fault of our modern civilization. It is claimed that Garfield Tea, a simple herb remedy, helps Nature to overcome these abuses.

American lard sells for 25 cents a pound in Mexico.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are excellent for the relief of Hoarseness or Sore Throat. They are exceedingly effective."—Christian World, London, Eng.

The first complete Bible printed in England was issued in 1535.

California Homes.
To any party or parties intending to move to California. Should correspond at once with the undersigned, sole agents for the Pleyto Colony Lands. P. FRY & SON, Pleyto, Monterey County, California.

Lane's Medicine Moves the Bowels Each Day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Cures constipation, headache, kidney and liver troubles and regulates the stomach and bowels. Price 50c and $1.00, at all dealers.

The fiches that run to us soon fly away

New Yorkers Must Have Lobsters.

A Maine lobster dealer has orders from one New York firm for 150 barrels of lobsters a week, and he says it is the great appetite of the Gothamites for these shell-fish which makes the price so high. New Yorkers will have lobsters, no matter what the price may be, and they are now paying 15 cents a pound at wholesale. Fifteen cents a pound for lobsters means about 40 cents a pound for lobster meat. The traffic between Maine and New York has reached such proportions that a Friendship man has constructed a new and improved method of transportation—a car which preserves each lobster fresh and firm, and in which they can be kept for a long time or transported a long distance in the very best of condition, alive and kicking.

To Wash Woolen Shawls.

Scrape one pound of soap, boil it down in sufficient water; when cooling beat it with the hand—it will be a sort of jelly; add three tablespoonfuls of spirits of turpentine and one of spirits of hartshorn. Wash the articles well in it, then rinse in cold water until all soap is taken off, then in salt and water. Fold between two sheets, taking care not to allow two folds of the article washed to come together. Iron with a slightly warmed iron. Shawls done in this way look like new. Salt is to be used only where there are delicate colors that may run.

Decidedly Shaky.

A trembling hand, an uncertain step, fidgetiness, indicated by restless shifting from one place or posture to another, usually mental annoyance at unexpected noises, are among the indications of extreme nervousness. These seem trifling, but the health of men and women in this condition is "decidedly shaky," liable to be overthrown disastrously by causes which the vigorous might defy. To fortify the nervous system, general vigor must, through the medium of reinforced digestion, and a renewal of an impaired power of sleeping at night, be raised to a healthful standard. A guarantee of this is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which re-establishes digestion, bile secretion and the habit of body on a permanently regular basis, thus renewing that bodily equilibrium, which is followed by a gain of strength and nerve tranquility. For kidney complaint, rheumatism, neuralgia, and as a preventive of the first attack or subsequent return of malarial disorders, this medicine is without a peer. Thrice daily take a wineglassful.

If you stop to debate any questionable matter with the devil he will outwit you.

Baker's Cod Liver Oil.
The best in the world. Cures consumption. Makes new blood and flesh. Sold by druggists.

Beware of the man whose wife is always saying he has no faults.

FITS—All fits stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fit after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

No wound can hurt so badly as the one inflicted by a friend.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth,
Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething.

When we try to please everybody we shall please nobody.

Brummell's Cough Drops.
Use Brummell's Celebrated Cough Drops. The genuine have A. H. B. on each drop. Sold everywhere.

Two hundred and seventy-two textile mills were erected in this country in 1892.

"Each Spoonful has done its Perfect Work,"

Is the verdict of every woman who has used **Royal Baking Powder.** Other baking powders soon deteriorate and lose their strength, owing to the use of inferior ingredients, but **Royal Baking Powder** is so carefully and accurately compounded from the purest materials that it retains its strength for any length of time, and the last spoonful in the can is as good as the first, which is not true of any other baking powder.

WORTH READING.

MT. STERLING, KY., Feb. 13, 1889.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Gentlemen:—I desire to make a brief statement for the benefit of the suffering. I had been afflicted with catarrh of the head, throat and nose, and perhaps the bladder for fully twenty-five years. Having tried other remedies without success, I was led by an advertisement in the Sentinel-Democrat to try Hall's Catarrh Cure. I have just finished my fourth bottle, and I believe I am right when I say I am thoroughly restored. I don't believe there is a trace of the disease left. Respectfully,

WM. BRIDGES, Merchant Tailor.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. 75 cents.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

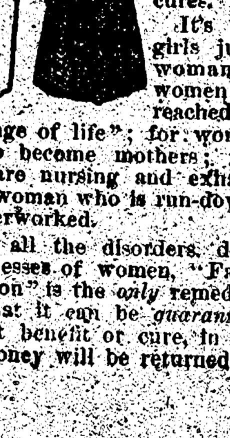
SHILOH'S CURE.
Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee. For a Lame Side, Back or Chest Shiloh's Porous Plaster will give great satisfaction.—25 cents.

ROOT, BARK AND BLOSSOM
The Best Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Blood Remedy. Pains in Back and Limbs, Tired, Dragged Out, Nervous Feeling, Debility and Low Vitality Quickly Cured as well as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Rheumatism or Catarrh. Sample Free for stamp. AGENTS PAID WEEKLY SALARY. $1 box (two months' supply) ... 50c. one month's supply ... Try It and Be Well. ROOT, BARK & BLOSSOM, Newark, N. J.

MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS WITH THOMSON'S SLOTTED CLINCH RIVETS.
No tools required. Only a hammer needed to drive and clinch them easily and quickly; leaving the clinch absolutely smooth. Requiring no hole to be made in the leather nor burr for the Rivets. They are STRONG, TOUGH and DURABLE. Millions now in use. All lengths, uniform or assorted, put up in boxes.
Ask your dealer for them, or send 40c. in stamps for a box of 100; assorted sizes.
MANUFACTURED BY JUDSON L. THOMSON MFG. CO., Waltham, Mass.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED From 15 to 25 lbs a month. Harmless treatment (by practicing physician). No starving. Thousands cured. Send 6c in stamps. O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., Mail Dept. 12, McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED FARMERS to sell our $25 Feed Grinders at home and to canvass small territory. Big pay for winter's work. L. LITCHFIELD & SONS, Webster City, Iowa.



TWO KINDS OF WOMEN need Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—those who want to be made strong, and those who want to be made well. It builds up, invigorates, regulates, and cures.

It's for young girls just entering womanhood; for women who have reached the critical "change of life"; for women expecting to become mothers; for mothers who are nursing and exhausted; for *every* woman who is run-down, delicate, or overworked.

For all the disorders, diseases, and weaknesses of women, "Favorite Prescription" is the *only* remedy so unfailing that it can be *guaranteed*. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, the money will be returned.

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 45th St., N. Y.
Cures Sick Headache

TWIN CITY STEAM DYE WORKS
DYEING and CLEANING of Every Description. 1521 Farnam St., Omaha. Cor. Ave. A & 26th St., Council Bluffs. Send for circular and price list.

SEND for our list of 10 Catalogs of Music and Musical Instruments. W. STORY, 26 Central St., Boston, Mass.

SALZER'S LIGHTNING—The 60 Day Cabbage. This is absolutely the earliest cabbage in the world. Seed very scarce. Pkg., 15c.; ½ oz., 35c.; ¼ lb., $2, postpaid.
THE EARLIEST VEGETABLES will be in great demand this spring and will fetch big prices. To have the earliest, plant Salzer's seeds. 35 pkgs. Earliest Vegetable Novelties, $1, postpaid.
FOR 14c. (WITH CATALOGUE, 19c.) To introduce our seeds everywhere, we send, postpaid, upon receipt of 14c.
1 package Six Weeks' Radish, 10c. | Silver State Lettuce, 15c. | Giant Prolific Tomato, 20c. | Long Giant Cucumber, 10c. | Brilliant Flower Seeds, 35c. ALL FOR 14c.
SALZER'S SEED CATALOGUE Is the finest published. Costs us over $30,000! It is gladly mailed upon receipt of 5c. postage.
THE 60 DAY CABBAGE. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

FORTUNES FOR OLD COINS
I BUY 500 DATES AND VARIETIES OF COINS. If you find any ... dated before 1800; all 20 cent pieces; 3 cent pieces before 1865; any 5 cent pieces before 1880; all large copper cents; also small cents with eagle on; also cents of 1873 and 1877; all half cents ... coins in condition wanted. Send for particulars ... W. E. SKINNER, Coin Broker, ... Boston, Mass.

BEWARE OF FRAUD. Ask for, and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.
The following are of the same high standard of merit:
$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
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$3.00 Hand-Sewed, FOR LADIES.
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IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?

Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

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They are warranted and made by Skilled Workmen, of the best Selected Stock.
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR goods manufactured by us and take no others. It will pay you to investigate by a trial.
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Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies —OR— Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO.'S BreakfastCocoa which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
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Wormy Fruit and Leaf Blight of Apples, Pears, Cherries, and Plums prevented; also Grape and Potato Rot—by spraying with Stahl's Double Acting Excelsior Spraying Outfits. Best in the market. Thousands in use. Catalogue, describing all insects injurious to fruit, mailed Free. Address WM. STAHL, Quincy, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c. CONSUMPTION

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WELL MACHINERY. Illustrated catalogue showing Well Augers, Rock Drills, Hydraulic and Jetting Machinery, Wind Mills, etc., SENT FREE. Have been tested and all warranted. THE PECH MFG. CO. Sioux City, Iowa. 54 S. Canal St., Chicago.

GRIND YOUR OWN Bone, Meal, Oyster Shells, Graham Flour & Corn in the $5 HAND MILL (F. Wilson's Patent). 100 per cent. more made in keeping Poultry. Also POWER MILLS and FARM FEED MILLS. Circulars and testimonials sent on application. WILSON BROS., Easton, Pa.

MY WIFE SAYS SHE CANNOT SEE HOW YOU DO IT FOR THE MONEY. $12 Buys a $65.00 Improved Oxford Singer Sewing Machine; perfect working, reliable, finely finished, adapted to light and heavy work, with a complete set of the latest improved attachments FREE. Each machine is guaranteed for 5 years. Buy direct from our factory, and save dealers and agents profit. Send for FREE CATALOGUE. OXFORD MFG. CO., Dept. A 9, CHICAGO, ILL.

EARLY RISERS De Witt's Little Early Risers. The Famous Little Pills for Constipation, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia. No Nausea, No Pain. Very Small.

SWEET POTATOES Sent out to be sprouted on the shares. No experience required. Directions for sprouting free. Address T. J. SKINNER, Columbus, Kansas.

HIGH FIVE OR EUCHRE PARTIES should send at once to JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. T. A., C., R. I. & P. R. R., Chicago, TEN CENTS, in stamps, per pack for the slickest cards you ever shuffled. For $1.00 you will receive free by express ten packs.

YOUNG MEN Learn Telegraphy and Railroad Agents' Business here and secure good situations. Write J. D. BROWN, Sedalia, Mo.

Imported Percheron and Shire Stallions, $600, 1, 2 and 3 years time. Imported mares cheap. Hiram C. Wheeler, Odebolt, Sac Co., Ia.

POULTRY BREEDERS Write to O. E. SKINNER, Columbus, Kansas, for his fine Illustrated Catalogue.

JAMES G. BLAINE. Authorized Life by Ridpath. Bonanza for Agents. Outfit only 25 cents. B. F. Johnson, No. 3 So. 11th St., Richmond, Va.

INSURE in the Farmers and Merchants Insurance Company of Lincoln. Capital and Surplus over $700,000. 1,652 losses paid to Nebraska people since 1885.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

F. H. TAYLOR, EDITOR.

Issued every Friday morning at Table Rock, Nebraska.

Terms. $1.50 per Year, in advance

A NEW YORK woman was arrested and fined one day last week charged with being a common scold.

THE Tecumseh Journal says there are quite a number of counterfeit silver dollars in circulation in that town.

DR. MARVIN GREEN, president of the Western Union Telegraph company, died at his home in Louisville, Ky., at 7:30 o'clock Sunday morning.

IT would undoubtedly prove economical to many states if United States senators were elected by a direct vote of the people and Nebraska is one of them.

THERE will be a Manufacturers' winter Carnival held in Lincoln on February 20th to 25th inclusive, under the auspices of the Manufacturers' and Consumers' Association of Nebraska. Factories will be in full operation in the building, and the exhibits will consist of the products of Nebraska manufacturers.

THE boss blacksmith of the Pawnee Republican is hammering out and stealing a column each week under the caption "The Scape-Goat." Before the business of the fool-killer is accomplished satisfactorily to the readers of that antiquated end of the Pawnee Press, he will have to pay a business visit to the Republican.

FIVE of the most prominent men in France were sentenced to terms in prison for fraud in connection with the Panama canal. The men are Ferdinand de Lesseps, five years; Charles de Lesseps, five years; Marius Fontaine, two years; Henry Cotta, two years; Gustave Eiffel, two years. Ferdinand de Lesseps is very old and sick and thousands of his friends hope death may come to him before the knowledge that he is a convicted felon reaches him.

JUDGE GRESHAM is to be Cleveland's secretary of state. Men and politics have undergone much change since the Chicago convention of four years ago which nominated Ben Harrison for president. Then Gresham was a republican, ardent in his support of the principles which won success for the republican party at the polls; more than this, he had many warm supporters in that convention, making him the strongest competitor of Harrison for the honor of the nomination. Now Judge Gresham is to hold the most important office in the gift of a democratic president. To be sure, he supported Mr. Cleveland during the late campaign, but it will seem strange to many of his former friends to see him in Grover Cleveland's cabinet.

ON the 10th inst Judge Tibbetts, of Lincoln, handed down an opinion in one of the numerous cases instituted by Mrs. Lyda Butler, widow of ex-Gov. Butler, to recover her dower interest in certain parcels of property in Lincoln which had been conveyed to various parties by her husband without the formality of securing her signature relinquishing her dower interest therein. The court held that she was entitled to what she asked, and ordered John Fitzgerald, the defendant in this suit to pay $1,020 into court, or an order would be issued, selling the same to satisfy the judgement. Fitzgerald filed notice of appeal to the supreme court. This is a test case and involves property in which Mrs. Butler's dower interest is valued at over $100,000. Several parties in this county are interested in the result of the above suit.—Pawnee Republican.

THE following tribute to James G. Blaine, was paid by Ignatius Donnely in the Minnesota legislature:

Nature, ever found, vigorous and original, and more generous than our cowardly provincialism would ask, seems resolved that this mighty nation shall produce no barren copies of the great men of other lands; but she sends forth new creations with the flavor of the fresh soil in their aquls and the free life of new conditions upon their lips. She gave us Lincoln, the backwoodsman, the quaint, modest, towering, tremendous figure, fit to stand beside Æsop and Socrates, Henry of Navarre and William the silent in the gallery of the worlds immortals. And even as she expels the lava flood from her bosom, so she sent forth this strikingly picturesque, combative, daring, scoring and immensely energetic figure whose loss we deplore to day and for whom there is no precise parallel in the history of mankind. He was pre-eminently an American of the Americans. He had our weaknesses; he had our greatness. We loved him because he was like ourselves. He was the happy accident of many commingling strains of blood. He united the strength of the Goth with the fire of the south. The Mediterranean and the Baltic were wedded in his mental constitution. From the former he derived passion, vehemence, intuition—the genius of emotion. From the latter he inherited hardihood, persistence, power—the genius of action. In him the blood of one poor, oppressed, handicapped, persecuted, subjugated people, released from its chains and given a continent for its arena and liberty for its inspiration, ascended on luminous wings to transcendent heights and fixed the admiration of mankind. * * * Happy is the man who can assist mankind. This a crown of greatness, greater than the presidency; and this will hang suspended for centuries like a circlet of stars over the grave of James G. Blaine.

EARLY HISTORY

Exciting Events Which Took Place in Table Rock in 1864.

An Effectua Breaking Up of a Gang of Horse Thieves.

Throughout the forenoon of that Christmas day these threats against Catrin were kept up, intensely augment when the hanging of Riley and Clifton became generally known. Earnest efforts on behalf of the prisoner were made by Rev. Giddings and George L. Griffing, who argued in favor of turning the prisoner over to the officers of the law and letting his punishment come through legal channels.

Through the morning hours many people visited the scenes of Riley and Clifton's hanging; the dead bodies telling in awful language the story of the people's punishment of horse-thieving. At 9 o'clock the crowd which viewed the body of Riley were horrified to see that his mouth was open and that some one had placed a huge quid of plug tobacco between the lips. About noon, however, the bodies were taken down and brought to town, where they were layed out to await burial.

Catrin, the man still held a prisoner, was the brainest man of the outfit, was a splendid specimen of physical manhood, a trained athlete, and a man who in almost any honorable calling could have won success, but he had started on a downward course, which had encompassed the destruction of his nobler aspirations, brutalized his nature and deaden the finer possibilities of his character.

While he was being cared for at the house of Benjamin Ball, after his recapture, Catrin gave a complete history of his life; telling of many daring robberies he had been connected with and admitted that he had killed several men, whilee on horse stealing expeditions. The following confession was made by him to a committee. which we copy from the original through the courtesy of Judge L. P. Lore, who has had the paper in his possession during the intervening twenty-nine years. The confession is written on the four pages of an ordinary sheet of note paper and bears the date of December 26, 1864, and is headed as follows:

CONFESSION OF JOSEPH CATRIN.

A. M. Smith is engaged in horse-stealing or in buying and selling stolen horses; has furnished, etc. I have taken stolen horses to him. McChesney is engaged in "trading" horses—that is stolen horses; he told me if I had a good horse to dispose of quick to bring it to him. I know nothing of Bolton, except what A. M. Smith told me; he said that he was engaged in horse stealing—that he knew enough against him to hang him; George Fisher—they told me he was engaged in it. A. M. Smith told me that about half the town was engaged in it—about twenty-seven. Milt Winters drove the team knowing they were in the horse stealing business; there are a good many in Marysville—I do not know them. Cooper (of Rush Bottom) is a thief. I was referred to Capt. Bayne as a jayhawker; I am satisfied he is a jayhawker, Shuey told me of some one in Salem. Bob David and his mother—she knows all about it, (here follows a sentence which we cannot translate.) I could show a great deal of dog hair about Nebraska City; I think Mason is the leader; French Lou Laboo—they are all friends of the marshal, you can't do anything with them. Henry Shuey led me out; he told me where to find horses and pointed them out to me; he is the worst among them; John Riley is a new beginner, Old Man Shuey don't know much about them. Isaac Riley knew that we were going to steal Lane's horses; he approved of it: said it was all right. This is all I can think of.

M. J. MUMFORD,
J. C. PEAVY,
P. P. LORE, } Com.

As will be seen from this confession the gang of horse thieves was a big one, its membership covering a large territory, and entrenched behind sources it was difficult to reach.

Among other things that Catrin told, but which is not included in the written confession, was that the gang had made arrangements to rob J. C. Peavy on one of his trips from the sale of goods, as it was known he always carried large sums of money with him on these trips; he told how the gang had secured masks and intended to way lay and rob him; the plan to be put into execution at his next trip.

One of the members of the party which captured the thieves at Sidney, Iowa, says that on their way back to Table Rock, they passed through Nebraska City, and while there O. P. Mason, then a marshal, intercepted them, took them to his office, and, after repeatedly warning them against harsh treatment of their prisoners, disarmed all but two of the party, and finally permitted them to go on their way.

The threatenings of the morning grew louder and louder as the minutes lengthened into hours. A strong effort was made by the conservative portion of our citizens to stop the drinking of liquor, but the determination to hang Catrin continued to grow, notwithstanding the efforts of Elder Giddings to head it off. Those who had heard the Elder in the pulpit, always regarded him as an eloquent man, but those who heard him plead for the life of Catrin, say he made the greatest effort of his life; earnestly and eloquently he pleaded with the crowd to permit the law to take its course.

But courts were held at long intervals and the people did not have the fullest confidence that justice would be given the prisoner; they were fearful that through some technecality a deserved punishment would not be meted out to Catrin. After dinner the agitation was kept up, those in favor of hanging Catrin apparently being in a majority, and finally it was decideded to submit the question to a vote, and abide by the decision The plan agreed upon was to form line, those in favor of hanging to take one side, and those in favor of letting the law have its course, taking the other side. This was done, the result showing that one hundred and fifteen persons exercised the prerogative of casting a vote; of this number eighty voted for death and thirty-five in favor of turning the prisoner over to the authorities.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Try It, It Will Cure You.

If you are troubled with a leme back, gravel, leucorrhœa non-retention or incontinence of urine, inflammation of the bladder and kidneys, try Johnston's Royal English Rushta, it will cure you.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look, if your stomach be disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your stomach be disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your kidneys be affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at S. G. Wright & Co's drugstore, 50c. per bottle.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles, it has cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at S. G. Wright & Co's drugstore, regular sizes 50c. and $1.00.

Nothing Else Like it.

When the publishers decided to issue Journal twice a week at the same price the old weeklies, $1.00 per year, they struck just what the public wanted—something between the old-fashioned weekly and the high priced daily. The success of Semi-Weekly Journal has been immediate and continued. It has distanced every one of its once-a-week rivals. It doesn't take long to convince people that a good live paper every Tuesday and Friday is better than only one a week, especially when you appeal to their pocket books and give it to them at the same price. Readers will testify that it is almost as good as a daily. Its markets twice a week are worth the money. Four complete novels each year by "The Duchess," Miss Braddon and other widely known authors, alone worth the dollar. Its legislative news is its strong point just now. It is wide awake, spends money for news, and is always in the lead.

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Address
NEBRASKA STATE JOURNAL
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PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction at the residence of John Hollenback, 11 miles west of Table Rock, on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1893,

Commencing promptly at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property to-wit: 1 Grey mare 7 years old; 1 Brown mare 12 years old; 1 Large brown horse 6 years old; 1 sorrel horse 7 years old; 1 Bay mare 4 years old All the above are work horses. 1 Grey horse 4 years old, has been worked; 1 Bay horse (a Bashaw) 4 years old, has been bitted, acts kindly; 1 Colt, will be a year old July first. 4 fresh milch cows; 1 stripper will be fresh in June; 1 cow will be fresh in June; 1 Bull; 1 Heifer eighteen months old; 28 thrifty Shoats; Corn in crib, about 1800 bushels; about 180 bushels of Oats; about 10 ton of hay; 33 shocks of fodder with corn on; 1 stack of millet hay, about four ton; 3 lumber wagons; 1 mowing machine; two horse hay rake; 1 Brown corn planter with Barnes check rower and wire; 1 lister; Bradley's;—1 Indiana drill; 1 stalk cutter; 2, 14 in. stirring plows; 1 Avery tongueless cultivator; 1 Weir tongueless cultivator; 1 forty toothed harrow; 1, No. 2 feed cooker with tank and fixtures all complete; 1 coal heating stove—small size—1, 24 in. small box heating wood stove; 1 safe; 1 extention table; 2 rocking chairs; 5 common chairs; 1 sewing machine, (Bluse); 2 bedsteads; Chickens and ducks; 1 washer and ringer, table ware; and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE: A credit of nine months will be given on all sums over $5; purchaser giving note with approved security with interest at the rate of 10 per cent; sums of $5 and under cash No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

JOHN HOLLENBACK.
WM. PANGBURN, Auctioneer.
D. K. MILLER, Clerk.

ADVERTISERS of others who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St., the Advertising Agency of LORD & THOMAS.

Union meeting at Mrs. Lydia Griffings, Saturday, February 18, at 3 p. m.

It is claimed by the Salvation Army that their's is the only organization of its size in the world that requires total abstinance as a pre-requisite to admission; members are also forbidden to use tobacco.

WOMEN WERE THERE.

At the last general conference of the Free Baptist church, thirteen women delegates were present. They took part in the discussions, voted according to their convictions and several of them read papers that were listened to with marked attention, so says Zions Herald. There's no mention made of the aggreived brethren who, according to Dr. Buckley, must have been ousted to make room for these women.

STARVING TO DEATH. WHO?

Not the proprietor of the billiard hall, notwithstanding the fact that some of our business men assured us the thing could'nt possibly live here; would starve out for lack of patronage etc. Possibly we have men in our town so closely confined that they need the exercise and pastime of a game of billiards occasionally but they are not the ones who frequent the place. A brisk walk of three or four blocks three times a day and caring for a few pigs and chickens seems to answer their purpose very well, but we have a few men of moderate means and more leisure who will not suffer things to get lonesome there. One of these was heard to remark that he had spent but 25 cents for groceries in thirty days and only ten dollars in three months for clothing for his family, a wife and children, and others are there whose families are about as sumptuously cared for. Will the business men who think billiard halls and saloons help to build up the town and make trade lively, give these men credit to keep their families from freezing or starving? Not by any means. Yet in some way the tax payers and community at large will have to foot an enormous bill for every week this needless and expensive institution is allowed in our midst. Aside from the present financial loss in waste of time and money, no earthly being can estimate the loss of health and happiness or the amount of misery, despair, suffering, or even crime that is engendered in the homes as a direct result of this. We have been informed that the heaviest tax payers in this town are women, that they own the greater portion of the real estate. Possibly this accounts for the apathy of our men in this matter. If so, we think its about time for the women to strike and utterly refuse to pay taxes unless they can have some representation in our village government, some better protection for the homes and children. In less than four months the billiard hall will be considered one of the finest places in town and a necessity to the happiness of a number of our voters and no matter what the present board may do, the most strenuous efforts will be made to elect a new board who will not interfere with the liberties of those who choose to spend their money in this way. While it is true that we cannot make people good by legislation, we can and ought to remove every needless form of temptation. It is high treason against our government to shut our eyes and our mouths when we see flagrant violations or evasions of the law, or say we cant hinder such things better license them and get a little money out of it than have things go this way "Lead us not into temptation," oh men! for when you trample on the mother heart you are crushing out your own life, and breeding a new generation of criminals, who will not rise up to call you blessed. E E L.

Shall Table Rock Have a Saloon?

Citizens of our village what is to be your answer to this question, for judging from present indications the day is not far distant when an effort will be made to establish one in our midst. The business seems to be so remunerative and is such an easy way of accumulating wealth that manufacturers of saloon goods will not over look a thriving town like this without an effort to gain a foot hold among us.

The billiard hall, (the twin brother to the saloon) is already here and a certain attorney for the liquor dealers is reported to have said, that he would spend five hundred dollars if necessary to establish a saloon in Table Rock within the next year.

Now it may be true that the money we would get as a license fee would help us out on our school fund and other village expenses and so make our taxes lighter. And then too perhaps a few people would come to our town to trade who would go elsewhere but for the presence of the saloon.

Granting this to be true let us see if it will pay to take the risk.

In the first place the parties who put up the license fee and go to the expense of fitting up for the business will not do it without expecting to get it back with a good profit on their investment.

This amount then must be paid not by the man who owns the saloon but by the nickels and dimes that are passed across his counter.

This being true, how is it going to be a benefit to other lines of business in our midst, for the man who regularly passes a part of his earnings into the hands of the saloon keeper has none too much for other purposes, and too often fails to pay for goods or work on which he has asked credit.

To the merchant the only safe way is to run a strictly cash business, and then he must divide with the saloon keeper, for if he is in our midst many will spend money with him who would use their money in other and better ways if the open saloon were not so handy.

Now fellow citizens, you who own property in Table Rock, or you who have business interests here, is any one of you so heavily burdened with taxes or does your line of business so badly need more customers that you will favor the establishment in our town of a business that only makes men worse the more they patronize it.

History and observation teach us that the men who engage in this business are unscrupulus and do not abide by the law as laid down in the license system, but in their greed for gain they want to have their doors open not only all of the week days and at least half of the night but also on Sunday, making Sunday the worst day of the week where they are allowed to have their way.

Then too, not one in a hundred but will sell to a man as long as he has money; no matter how drunk he may be, because every dime helps to swell the profits, and the fellow who is made crazy by the liquor he has drank must himself answer for whatever mischief he may do.

For my part I am proud to know that no licensed saloon has as yet found a place among us.

Just supposs that this spring we elect a village board who will favor license and then the necessary number of freeholders sign a petition for license, then the thing is done, and that an effort will be made to that end there seems to little doubt.

Then if in the next ten years a half dozen of our citizens are killed in drunken rows, a dozen or two of our now good citizens become worthless drunkards, besides many homes are made sad and miserable that otherwise would be pleasant homes, and the picture is not overdrawn, where will the responsibility rest? Surely it can only rest upon those who, knowing befor hand the inevitable result of such a course, said because it will lighten our taxes and will increase the business of our town and perhaps increase our capital a little therefore we favor it and say that if individuals don't know better than to make fools of themselves by drinking too much it is their lookout and not ours.

Brothers, neighbors, think before you act. O. W. GRIFFING.

H. C. Lindsay,
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Having purchased the Decker Meat Market, I desire to say to the people of Table Rock and vicinity that I will keep constantly on hand a supply of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
and respectfully solicit your patronage.
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South Side Public Square, Table Rock, Neb

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The Finest Line ever brought to this county.
Parties wanting anything in my line will find it to their interest to give me a call.
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The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded Price 25 cents per box. For Sale By all druggists.

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We have the different makes of the Humboldt and Stelnauer mills and expect to have others soon. Call in and see us

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Oh! My Back!
JOHNSTON'S
ROYAL ENGLISH
RUSHTA
Will cure all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder, Inflammation, Urine, Gleet, Gonorrhœa in all its stages, Mucous Discharges, Congestion of the Kidneys, Brick Dust Deposit, Diabetes, Impotency and Sexual Weakness, Dropsy of Kidneys and Loss of Urine, Bloody Urine, Pain in the Back, Retention of Urine, Frequent Urination, Gravel in all its forms, Inability to Retain Your Water, particularly in persons advanced in life. It is a Kidney Invigorator which restores the Urine to its natural color, removes the acid and burning, and the effect of the excessive use of intoxicating drink.
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THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed by the article in the roaster, and aids as a heating. There is no evaporation, as drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven, the fastest will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by
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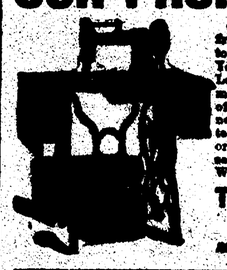
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THE WORLD'S FAIR for the NEXT TWELVE MONTHS will be of absorbing interest to everybody, and THE INTER OCEAN intends making A SPECIAL FEATURE OF IT. A corps of STAFF REPORTERS will devote their attention to the Exposition, and the readers of The Weekly Inter Ocean will in each issue have a synopsis of all happenings and features of interest on the grounds and elsewhere, with illustrations.
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Owing to the fact of the change in the political character of the National Administration, NEWS FROM THE POLITICAL WORLD will be of unusual interest. THIS WILL BE FOUND COMPLETE IN THE INTER OCEAN. In fact, it is the intention to keep
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And make it such a visitor as will be enjoyed by EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, young and old. To make THIS PAPER BETTER THAN EVER shall be our endeavor.
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1894

The Table Rock Argus.

VOL. 13, NO. 5 TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894. WHOLE NO. 629.

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Having moved into my New and commodious Building, I am better prepared than ever to serve my Customres.

Thanking my friends for their past patronage, solicit ing a share of your future trade

I remain, yours to Command,

W. L. TAYLOR.

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Has again opened his Old Reliable

MEAT MARKET

and will always keep a good stock of

FRESH AND SALT MEATS ON HAND

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A cordial invitation is extended to all who may need anything in his line to call and see him.

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Flour and Feed Stuff

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Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty.

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P. C. JOHNSON, D. D., PASTOR.

Church located on corner of Houston street and Pennsylvania avenue, parsonage on West Pennsylvania avenue, two blocks west of church.

This column has been secured for the use of the M. E. church of this city. All interested will find what they desire to know concerning the church and its work in it. Please note the time table of the church.

Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m. class meeting immediately after morning service.

Epworth League every Sabbath at 3:30 p. m. All you people invited especially.

Adult Bible class every Sabbath at 3:30 p. m. This Bible class is undenominational, non-controversial and wholly voluntary. Everybody invited. Junior League, 4:30. Send the little men and women.

Thursday evening, prayer meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Do not fail to attend.

Teachers meeting for review of lesson and normal work will be held every Saturday evening, beginning at 7:30 o'clock. See weekly notice for the place of meeting.

A business meeting of the official board will be held on the Monday evening preceding the session of the Quarterly Conference.

Tuesday evenings will be used by the Epworth League. (See Notes and Notions.)

NOTES AND NOTIONS.

The officers for the Epworth League, for term beginning July 18 and ending December 31, 1894.

President, John Sutton.

1st vice, Spiritual Department, B. W. Ballou.

2nd vice, Mercy and Help Department, Miss Helen Allinson.

3rd vice, Literary Department, Miss Fannie Jennings.

4th vice, Social Department, Lewis Johnson.

Secretary A. C. Boyd.

Treasurer, Lett Allinson.

Last Sunday was a beautiful day, one of those well nigh perfect Sabbaths for which this state is noted. Services of the day pleasant and profitable, generally well attended. Sunday school especially so. Was at Clear Creek, had a splendid time.

What a change would come over this life of ours if all men would let the principles of a genuine christianity govern them. And one wonders why they do not. There isn't a labor trouble in the world that the application of the principal of the second great commandment of Christ would not settle to the complete satisfaction of all. And yet men of capital and of labor appeal to force and not to right, and not to prejudice, and not to reason, ever forgetful of the truth. "They that use the sword shall perish by the sword."

And yet out of all this God will evolve good. The "anarchists" of the times, be they the "Pullmans" of money power, the sugar trusts, of the oil combine, or be they the "Altgelds" of politics, and the leaders of mobs of whiskey maddened men, or be they the "Debs" of organizations of labor, that imagine that the best way to settle disputes is to plunge a nation into excitement and revolution (their term.) These all seekers of their own welfare, and not the general good, will work out, in the end, undersigned by it, may be, the "greatest good to the greatest number."

In Garfield's language, "God is on the throne and the government still lives."

In a great conflict of interests, a measure of truth will be on both sides of the argument, and it is hard, sometimes, to discriminate clearly, and we often let the feelings decide where conscience ought to dictate.

There is too much of right on both sides of this question. Capital vs. Labor, for one to determine the relative value of either at a glance. No greater heresy was ever preached than the doctrine of a natural antagonism between the two. One without, the other is dead.

BUNKER HILL.

June 9.

We are sorry to hear that Anthony Kovanda's baby is suffering from illness.

A nine months school was voted in the Foale district, and Miss Lucy Pepgon engaged as teacher.

Most of the people in this vicinity spent their Fourth in Table Rock and were much pleased with the exercises.

J. C. Merles and Charlie Allen went to Omaha for their celebration, and seem to have enjoyed themselves.

O. D. Howe was requested to lecture on astronomy at the Foale school house and had a large and appreciative audience.

What a Prominent Insurance Man Says.

H. M. Blossom, senior member of H. M. Blossom & Co., 217 N. 3d St., St. Louis, writes: I had been left with a very distressing cough, the result of influenza, which nothing seemed to relieve. I took Ballard's Horehound Syrup. One Bottle completely cured me. I sent one bottle to my sister, who had a severe cough, and she experienced immediate relief. I always recommend this syrup to my friends.

John Cranston, 608 Hampshire street, Quincy, Ill., writes: I have found Ballard's Horehound Syrup superior to any other cough medicine I have ever known. It never disappoints. Price 50c. Sold by S. G. Wright.

Maximum Rate Law Held Illegal

OMAHA, Neb., July 9.—The report has reached railroad headquarters through sources well informed that Justice Brewer has reached a decision by which the maximum rate bill passed by the last Legislature will be declared unconstitutional on the ground that it had not been read in full on each of the three stages of its passage through both Houses, and furthermore because the bill does not define the manner in which the state courts shall determine whether the rates are confiscatory. Inasmuch as the railroads have disregarded the law up to this time, no serious effect will be felt by the shippers if it is declared invalid. The probabilities are that an appeal will be taken to the United States Supreme Court.

LOW RATES TO THE EAST.

Readers in territory reached by Burlington Route lines will do well to note the following:

On July 5, 6 and 7, round trip tickets to Asbury Park, N. J., will be on sale at the one fare rate, plus two dollars.

On July 8, 9 and 10, round trip tickets to Cleveland, O., will be on sale at the one way rate.

On July 16th and 17th, round trip tickets to Toronto, Canada, will be on sale at the one way rate.

These substantial reductions from regular tariff, are made on account of the National Educational Association's Convention, and the annual meeting of the Christian Endeavor Societies, and the Baptist Young Peoples' Union, respectively, for all of which the Burlington Route has been made the official line.

Special trains, arranged with a view to the comfort and convenience of delegates and their friends will be run. No one who is planning an eastern trip this summer can afford to let these opportunities slip by.

Tickets and full information upon application to local B. & M. R. R. R. Agent, or to J. Francis, G. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb.

During the session of the county institute we often heard the remark made that the personelle of the teachers was not up to the standard of former institutes. This is partly accounted for from the fact that the experienced teacher has either secured a more lucrative position or gone out of the business. The disposition on the part of some school boards to secure the cheapest teachers must necessarily expect cheap work. We know of one district in this county where the average attendance is about 60, the district out of debt and money in the treasury, and they have been paying only about $35 per month, with nine months school. A first class teacher would be cheap at $50 per month for such a school. In the instruction of our youth, cheapness should never be considered. There must be a change for the better or our schools will lose the prestige they now sustain and a retrograde movement will surely follow. The best is the cheapest—in teachers as well as in everything else.—Daily Republican.

Odd Effects of a Strike.

Among the greatest sufferers by the cab strike are the parliamentary pigeons in New Palace yard, which always found an abundant supply of corn from the nose bags of the horses on the cab rank at the entrance of the House of Commons. For years the spot has been during the parliamentary season a happy hunting ground for hundreds of these birds. They never hang around the doors of the House of Lords. Peers generally walk to Parliament, or if they drive it is invariably in their own carriages, the horses of which would disdain to eat in public.

No corn is ever to be found at the Peers' entrance; therefore it is that the pigeons all flock to the House of Commons. But since the commencement of the strike the birds have become quite demoralized. They know it is not the recess because the light on the clock tower is there at night, and they cannot make out what has become of their friends the cabmen, the horses and the corn.

For some days their lamentable "cooing" from the pangs of hunger was distressing to hear, until the happy idea came to Superintendent Horsley to institute a kind of pigeons' soup kitchen, or free breakfast table, every morning. A plentiful supply of crumbs and corn is scattered on the ground, and the pigeons show their gratitude by flapping their wings and cooing in the major key. The superintendent's charitable exertions are admirably supported by members of the police force on duty at the House of Commons.—London Telegraph.

If there are any strikers in Chicago who think that President Cleveland cannot send an armed force here sufficient to deal with any body of sympathizers that they might call together, they have but to glance over the statistics of the National Guard. There are twenty-five thousand Federal troops in the country under arms. In addition to these forces the different States, 112,190 men enlisted in the National Guard and well armed and drilled. In times of such disturbance as this the President is the Commander-in-Chief of this force as well as that of the Federal army. He has but to call upon the governor of any State, to order the guard into the field. There are 15,000 members of the National Guard in the five states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, and Michigan. And if the army of 100,000 drilled and armed men is not enough to put down anarchy in the United States, there are 13,230,168 men of military age in the country, and nine tenths of them are in favor of good government.—Inter Ocean.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated, or troubled with Jaundice, sick Headache, Bad taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and Between the shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisioned, because your Liver does not act properly. Herbine will cure any disorder of the Liver Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Wright's Gilt Edge Drug Store.

Editor of the ARGUS:—

As I have been informed that you had nothing to do with the attempted "Boycott," I hope you will publish the following which is the exact text of the badge worn by the Herald editor, and then your readers can form their own opinion of men who would ostracise a pupullet for wearing it. I have always been a strong republican, but hope I shall never be a bull-dozer or falsefier:

"Keep off the Grass."

"Coxey still asks Congress to emancipate labor, give work to the unemployed, improve the highway, reduce hours of toil, put children in school, not in factories, issue legal tender money not interest bearing bonds. The Peoples' Party will elect a Congress to represent the people and not Wall street."

You see there is nothing in that about "Coxey's Congressional badge

YOURS FOR JUSTICE.

Gold Reserve Increased.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9.—The net cash balance in the treasury at the close of the business to-day was $121,503,222, of which $64,241,406 was gold reserve. This is an increase in the cash balance since June 27 of nearly $7,500,000, and an increase in the gold reserve since June 23 of nearly $2,250,000. The treasury officials are greatly encouraged at the seeming cessation of the gold export movement and the great increase in internal revenue receipts, and are very confident that these conditions, added to the probable early passage of the new tariff bill, will result in a large increase of the cash balance and the gold reserve.

HEROIC DEFENSE.

THE history of the dark and bloody ground—that great tract of "Cantucky" which was sold by the Cherokees to the whites in 1775—is full of adventure and heroic deeds in which the women bore their part as bravely as the men. Coming from the older and peaceful settlements of North Carolina and Virginia most of them were at first timid and anxious in time of danger, but by degrees they became inured to it and grew accustomed to sleeping soundly, notwithstanding the fact that they lay down each night with no certainty that the morning would find them alive. All the horrors of border warfare, with its frightful harvest of bleeding and mutilated bodies, became so familiar that when, in one instance a man died from natural causes the women of the settlement watched by the body all night, because it seemed "so beautiful" after the hacked corpses to which they were accustomed.

In the year 1788 among the pioneers in this new territory was a hardy frontiersman named John Merrill; he had staked off a claim on Sandy creek, in Nelson county, near what was then known as "New Hairdstown," and had built a log cabin after the approved frontier fashion. He had a wife and several small children. Merrill himself was a tall, powerfully built man, and his wife was in every respect a suitable helpmate, being almost his equal in size and strength, and quite so in courage.

On the night of April 1 the family had retired to rest early, as was usual in those days when books were few and lightwood knots and tallow dips furnished the only illumination. The daughter of a neighbor, a girl of 14, who lived a few miles off, had ridden over that afternoon with her father and brother and had been induced to remain for the night and share one of the "truckle beds" with the children.

The bright blaze of the fire, which the rawness of the early spring night made comfortable, had sunk down to a few smouldering embers, and it was nearing midnight when the growls of the great watch-dog outside the door changed into a furious barking, which wakened Merrill from his sleep. Jumping up he walked over to the door, and, pulling down the bar which rested across it, looked out, heedless of the danger to which he might be exposed in doing so. Several shots were fired at him as he stood in the open doorway, and he could see a number of Indians rushing towards him; he fell, shot in the leg and arm, but before the savages could reach the door Mrs. Merrill and the young girl had rushed to it and swung it together, getting the bar into place as the Indians dashed against it.

They helped the wounded man back to his bed, where he lay unable to defend himself or them in any way. The Indians meantime had lost no time in rallying, but at once assaulted the door with their tomahawks. After a short interval the stout oaken planks

DETERMINED TO DO BATTLE.

showed signs of giving way, and Mrs. Merrill left her groaning husband to seize the axe which stood in one corner of the chimney. Stationing herself at one side of the door she stood determined to do battle for her own life and those of her husband and children.

The break in the door grew perceptibly larger, until it was of sufficient size to admit the head and upper part of the body of an Indian, who was forced, from the height of the opening, to stoop as he endeavored to enter; as he did so the powerful arm of Mrs. Merrill, whom he could not see, brought the keen edge of the axe down upon the back of his neck and he rolled dead upon the floor.

Another head and shoulders came through the opening, again the axe came down, and another Indian fell upon the body of his comrade. Ignorant of the fate of the others, two more savages attempted to enter, and four dead bodies, the victims of Mrs. Merrill's axe, lay piled upon each other at one side of the partially splintered door.

The attack then ceased for a while, and the Merrills heard the remaining Indians parleying on the outside. Finding that none who went in by the broken door gave any token of life, the savages concluded that the way was too dangerous to be given further trial, and they commenced exploring around the house in search of some safer place of attack. The single, small window, with its one close shutter of boards, was too firmly secured to prove available, but the yawning top of the great chimney, built of rough stones and daubed with clay, was more than wide enough to admit the passage of a man's body.

With heavy hearts the Merrills became aware that some of the savages had climbed upon the roof and were commencing a descent down the chimney. Merrill rolled himself with difficulty from the feather bed on which he lay, heedless of the agony which this caused him to feel in his wounded arm and leg, and with the help of his oldest boy, who was only 7, he dragged it to the fireplace, slit it open with a knife which the boy brought him and emptied its contents on the smouldering coals. A stifling smell and smoke went up the chimney and partially pervaded the cabin; it proved so overpowering to the two Indians who were climbing down the inside of the chimney that they lost their hold and tumbled down half suffocated upon the hearth. Leaving the girl to guard the broken door Mrs. Merrill ran to the fire-place. The two ill-starred intruders had fallen face downward into the stifling smoke and feathers and the brave woman had no difficulty in dispatching them also by blows from her dripping weapon.

At this juncture the seventh and last Indian stuck his head in through the hole in the doorway to see how matters were progressing, and the cries of the girl who stood guard warned Mrs. Merrill of this new danger, and called her back to her former post. Powerful woman though she was, the unusual exertion and the death of six men, all of them killed with her own hand, now began to tell upon her strength and nervous system. The great excitement under which she labored, and the imminent danger had kept her up so far, but she was now so much exhausted that it was but an uncertain blow which she dealt upon the cheek of the last foeman. It was owing to this that he was able to extricate himself from the door, and retire from the contest. His wound proved to be not very severe, and he succeeded in making his way back to his tribe at Chillicothe. In a letter written shortly afterwards by Colonel James Perry to Rev. Jordan Dodge, dated Nelson county, Ky., April 20, 1788, it is related that this Indian upon his return was questioned by some white men as to what was the news. His reply was:

"Plaguey bad news; squaw fight worse than long knives."

Merrill lived to get well and obtain a small indemnity for all he had undergone by disposing of the ornaments worn by his would-be murderers. The bodies of the dead savages had been adorned with fine head-dresses and many silver ornaments, which were stripped from them by the neighbors before they were tossed into one common grave for burial. This "silver furniture," as it was styled in Colonel Perry's letter, was carried to one of the larger towns and sold for what in those days was thought a considerable sum.

No Motion, But Much Matter.

Henry W. Paine, the eminent Boston lawyer, once went to one of the interior towns of Maine, where a boy was on trial for arson. He had no counsel, and Mr. Paine was assigned by the court to take charge of his case. He discovered, after a brief interview with the boy, that he was half-witted. The jury, however, was composed of farmers who owned barns such as the defendant was alleged to have set on fire, and, in spite of the boys' evident weakness of intellect, they brought in a verdict of guilty. The presiding justice turned to Mr. Paine and remarked: "Have you any motion to make?" Mr. Paine arose and, in his dry and weighty manner answered: "No, your honor; I believe I have secured for this idiot boy all that the laws of Maine and the constitution of the United States allow—a trial by his peers."—Argonaut.

What Made Her Sad.

The world was moved to pity at the sight of her woeful face. Thus it happened that the world halted in its headlong flight and gazed upon her. "Little girl—" The world spoke in a soft, gentle way, which seemed to fit it strangely. "what makes you sad?" Her curving lashes dropped upon her cheek. Her lips quivered. "I'll admit," she rejoined, "the boys fielded rotten, but I do believe it was mostly the umpire's rankness that lost us the game." The world lingered just long enough to fill its lungs with good fresh air, when it proceeded on its way as if nothing had happened. —Detroit Tribune.

Basis of Judgment.

Mr Forkingham, of Kansas City—Now, here's a question: Who shall go first in to dinner, Mr. and Mrs. Packer or Mr. and Mrs. McCanna? Mrs. Forkingham, with a sneer at his ignorance—Why, there is no question as to who takes precedence! The McCanns kill 200 more hogs a day than the Packers.—Puck.

It Wasn't an Exception.

Haverly—Do you ever give your seat to a lady in a crowded car? Austen—Never. Haverly—Why, now I think of it, I saw you do so last night. Austen—She wasn't a lady. She never even thanked me.—New York World.

At the Powdering.

Calling, looking at picture—Does your mamma paint?

"Yes, but she's through with that an' is puttin' on the powder now. She'll be down in a minute."

CENSURE AND PRAISE.

A Kindergartner Tells When and How They Should be Used.

"When to Censure and When to Praise" was the subject of the lecture given by Miss Harrison, of the Chicago Kindergarten college at the high school lately, says the St. Paul Pioneer Press. The lecture was preceded by the answering of several written questions which had been handed in to Miss Harrison. The first, "What Is the Value of the Study of Infant Pschycology?" Miss Harrison replied to this that she did not perceive any distinction between infant pschycology, and general pschicology, excepting that the former was a stage of the latter. The value of such study is in enabling the person in charge of a child to avoid overcrowding and overstimulating its mind. Another query was as to the value of fairy tales in education of children. Miss Harrison believes that there are fairy tales and fairy tales, but that the value of the best of these is great in developing the imagination and counteracting the natural tendencies of the age. The remaining questions were similar to these.

Proceeding to the subject of the morning Miss Harrison said that praise and censure embody much of the clouds and sunshine of life, and that injustice is one of the cruelest of mistakes. The first thing to inquire is, "why do we praise or condemn?" Is it not because the child does or does not live up to our own ideals?" Then it should be asked "How can we lead others to accept our ideals?" How is the command "Thou shalt," to be transformed into "I must?" Here begins the development into the dependent or the independent man or woman. The first thing to do is to be the thing you would have your child be. The child is quick to see it when the parent or teacher falls short. Conscience has been defined as the power of seeing what you are in the light of what you ought to be. Praise and censure are the two great instruments by which conscience is to be stimulated.

To what instinct should praise and censure appeal? The love of recognition and approbation is inborn in every being. The natural effort is to try to please and live in harmony with those about us. Rightly developed this instinct becomes that proper regard for public opinion by which all but the lowest or the highest natures are affected. There are wrong ways of praising, such as appealing to vanity and laughing at clever naughtiness. Praise which emphasizes the external and temporary alone is always wrong. Praise which is partly insincere, such as mother's sometimes give their children before guests, is always wrong. The right kind of praise is given quietly, but seriously, for any actual conquest that the mother knows the child to have achieved. One mother, knowing that her little daughter had won a victory over a bad temper, pinned a little note to the child's pillow at night, telling of the happiness it had given her. Another, whose son had taken the first steps towards mastering a grave fault, gave him a picture of Michael Angelo's "David" to hang in his bedroom, telling him it was a mile stone in his life. It is best to particularize in the requirement that is to be made of a child. Do not say "Be a good boy this morning," but mention some special thing to be remembered, and follow it up. Inquire whether or not that demand has been met, and praise or censure accordingly.

A Happy Adaptation.

Talking of Mrs. Carlyle, the late Lord Bowen thus described her: "An admirable woman, with perhaps too great a passion for insecticide." It was thought a very happy adaptation of the legal maxim, "Qui facit per alium facit per se," when he argued a client's right to a piece of land as having been proved by the pasturing of his donkey there for many years. The judge inquired whether he claimed the land through his accredited representative, the donkey. "My contention is, my lord," said Bowen, "qui facit per asinum, facit per se."—Argonaut.

He Was Modest.

Yes, he might come and sit at the kitchen table and partake of such as she had to offer.

"But," she added, "you must wash that dirt off your face first."

The tramp looked puzzled.

"Then," he observed, incredulously, "you do not want the earth."

The flat-iron knocked three pickets off the front yard fence, but was otherwise innocuous.—Detroit Tribune.

Caught It on Both Sides.

James Payn tells, in the Illustrated London News, of a whist-player being told by an opponent that he could always tell by his face when he had a good hand. This he resented exceedingly, and applied to his partner for a refutation of it; but he was only still more irritated by his form of corroboration, "that he had never noticed any expression in his countenance whatever."

Bound to Agree.

Doctor—You have a decidedly dyspeptic look. I don't believe there is anything that agrees with you.

Mrs. Strongmynd—Oh, yes, there is.

Doctor—What?

Mrs. Strongmynd—Why, Strongmynd, to be sure. He daren't do otherwise.—Buffalo Courier.

Where Experience Does Not Teach.

Calloe—Women have quite queer ways, don't you think, Uncle Si? Uncle Si—I kin't say thet I know much about women. I only been married four times.—Indianapolis Journal.

HE HATED INDIANS.

A PIONEER TELLS OF A BACKWOODS TRAGEDY.

His Boy Was Taken Prisoner by the Redskins—The Father Strikes the Trail and Escapes With His Son—A Rattlesnake's Fatal Bite.

"In 1870," said the pioneer, "I went to Wyoming to follow the line of trading, and for a year or two did pretty well. My beat lay between Forts Laramie and Bridger, and I came and went in a little gig I had. One day I got a letter from home saying that my wife had died, and that my half brother, as mean a man as ever lived, had sent my Chris on on to me.

"Wyoming in those days was no place for children, scarcely for white men at all, and I was naturally annoyed at the boy's being sent off without consulting me as to what disposition I wished made of him. I made a calculation based on what Henry had written as to when they would arrive, and, knowing the route they must travel, I went down a hundred miles to meet them.

"But I waited and waited for that emigrant train and it did not come. After a while there came news that the train had been attacked by the Indians and everybody killed. I was pretty wild, I can tell you, and made up my mind to go back to Ohio and murder my half-brother. But in a day or two there rode into the fort a half-breed that said he had seen a white boy with a band of Cheyennes traveling toward Dakota, and by questioning him closely I gathered that this boy must be Chris, my son.

"I presently fell in with another trader named Burns, a brave and good fellow who had some friends among the Cheyennes, and offered to go on with me, as he was on his way to Dakota anyhow. We got on then very well for a while, meeting plenty of Indians who gave us such information as they possessed, and we learned that the band with whom the boy was lay in camp in what is called the 'Plateau du Couteau,' near the northern part of the territory.

"We had gotten within twenty miles of the plateau and were eating dinner about noon one day on the banks of the Missouri, when all at once there was a war-whoop ringing in our ears, and about twenty Indians rushed out from a heap of rocks behind which they had crept upon us. Burns held up his hand and called 'How?' to show that we were friendly, but even as he did so, a ball struck him in the breast. He leaped four or five feet into the air, the blood fairly spurting from the hole over his heart. At the same time I fell with a broken leg, and Burns' dead body struck me as he rolled down. The Indians, thinking they had killed us both, came running and seized our horses, but the chief bent over me to scalp me, when he perceived that I was still alive. He drew his knife almost across my throat, then looked more closely at me and recognized me. He had been in Fort Laramie the year before and had been quite friendly with me. He ordered me bound, though, and tied to a horse beside which he rode as we went back to their camp.

"We got there early the following morning and my first look about the camp showed me nothing of the white prisoner. But toward evening another portion of the band came in from a hunting expedition and with them was Chris, whom I had left a child of 8, but who was now about 12. I dared not approach him then, but eyed him as indifferently as he had me.

"When dark came the chief called me to his side for a 'pow-wow,' which, after lasting an hour or so, was ended by my being dismissed to my tent without a guard, and I strolled over to where the boy sat pounding corn for a squaw. 'How,' I said to him, but he did not raise his head until I laid my hand on his. Then he glanced up at me with that same terrible lack-lustre look and I saw that the poor child's mind had given way under his sufferings.

"I had to wait some weeks for the sought-for opportunity to escape, but all the time I was busy secreting provisions and such articles as we would need on our long and hard journey that we had before us. At last the night came. I had pretended to sprain my ankle, as an excuse not to join a party that went out on an elk hunt of several days, and only squaws were left to guard us and the camp. There was no moon and the stars even were obscured by the clouds when we started. We had gone nearly forty miles when, one evening a few black specks appeared on the horizon, and I knew that our foes were on our trail.

I descended and we left in a hurry, making for a little shallow stream flowing toward the Big Muddy, and down this we waded for several hundred yards, to throw these human blood hounds off the track. Then we went toward the timber, and selecting a tall hollow tree I motioned Chris to climb in and up, while I took my position near the hole near-er down, where, if the worst came to the worst, I could at least sell my life as dearly as possible. On came the Indians, and I soon made out from their actions that they were not in pursuit of us, but were merely seeking a place to camp for the night.

"The night seemed endless to me, for the Indians kept awake most of the night, telling their interminable yarns concerning the number of scalps they had taken, the deer they had killed and of the cowardice of white men. But at last dawn came and they went away, and I put up my hand to awake, as I thought, the poor boy above. He had not spoken or moved, as far as I could tell, for hours and I had been glad that he slept. But as I touched him his hand felt so icy cold that I grew alarmed and dragged him without more ado out of that tree to find him stiff and dead with a giant rattlesnake coiled about his neck. He had caught the reptile about the throat and choked it to death, but it had fixed its fangs in his wrist and he had not dared, because of those devils outside, to tell me that I might administer such simple remedies as were possible in our destitute condition.

"I gouged out a grave for him by and by, and went on my way to the fort, where I had a long illness, and when I recovered sold out my shares in the mines I spoke of and came East. From that day to this, I have never been able to see an Indian without the horror of that thing coming back on me. And I don't mind telling you, sir, that I went back to Ohio for the purpose of killing Henry, but here I found death had cheated me, for the villain was dead three days after poor little Chris had died in silence with that twined horror about his neck, and with his father who could not save him within touch of his hand."

Partridge and Blacksnake.

While a Pennsylvania farmer was passing through a wood early in the summer, a hen partridge fell fluttering at his feet. Thinking the bird might be blind, he stooped to pick her up, but she could see well enough, for when he was about to grasp her, she flew towards the bushes she had just left. Arrived there she looked back again, and presently ran up to the farmer once, more, clucking constantly and with her wings down. As the man walked on a little she flew ahead as if to guide him always returning when she found he was not moving in the desired direction. By little and little she drew him to a tree, near the root of which he saw a nest full of eggs, and a black snake in the act of swallowing one of them. The cause of the partridge's distress was now clear, and the farmer took up a stick and slew the snake. When she perceived the snake was dead she stopped her noise and hid in the bushes. The farmer then went away, but half an hour later came quietly near enough to the tree to see the partridge contentedly sitting on her nest.

Another Kind.

It was about 10:30 p. m. and the young woman was talking to the man in the case. "What I like in a man," she was saying, "is energy—one that has some go in him." The young man glanced hastily at the clock, then at the door, then at the girl, and got up. "I beg your pardon," she said, blushing; "you may stay as long as you please. You are the first man that ever understood that statement properly."—Detroit Free Press.

THE GODS OF MYTHOLOGY.

Fama was the goddess of gossip.

Ate was the Greek god of mischief.

The Naiads were spirits of the ocean.

The Lemnads watched over the lakes and ponds of Greece.

Greek and Roman virgins prayed to Fortuna for a good husband.

Actors and public readers offered sacrifice to Momus, the god of laughter.

Hebe was adored among the Greek women, that their beauty might be preserved.

The Penates were gods of the pantry from a Latin word signifying where food is kept.

The Dryads took care of trees and prevented their being cut down until their time had come.

Cupid was recognized as a deity, but his worship was always merged in that of his mother, Venus.

Roman capitalists and persons desiring to become such, sacrificed to Plutus, the god of wealth.

The Furies were old maids whose countenances were so terrible as to transfix with horror every beholder.

Janus was the god of all gates and doors. He is always represented with two faces because a door looks both ways.

The Romans had a god of boundaries, Terminus. His statue was a post set in the ground to mark the limits of fields.

The principal wind deities were Boreas, the north wind; Zephrus the west, Austur the south, and Eurus, the east wind.

Vesta was the goddess of life and of home; her altar stood on every hearthstone, her fire burned on the floor of every public building.

Young girls in Greece and Italy worshiped Diana until they were of age, when they dedicated their girdles to her by hanging them up in her temple or grove, and turned to Aphrodite.

When a Greek was in a tight place, where bodily strength and vigor would help him, he prayed to Hercules; when he needed shrewdness, not to say roguery, he betook himself to Mercury.

After Venus had answered the prayers of the young girl and had sent her a husband she next worshiped Hymen. This god was adored only on the day of the marriage ceremony, never before nor after.

Vulcan, the god of ancient blacksmiths and metal workers, was lame in consequence of a pretty hard fall he had in his early days. Jupiter and Juno had a row and Vulcan sided with his mother against the old gentleman, who promptly kicked him out of heaven. He fell for a whole day and, lighting on the island of Lemnos brokehis leg.

The Real Demon of the Marsh

Is not a spook, but a reality. It is neither a "bogie" nor a "kelpie," nor any other of those spirits which the credulous have supposed to haunt the banks of rivers and streams after dusk. Its name is malaria, and though invisible, it is very terrible and tenacious when it seizes you. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters drives it away, nor will it attack those whose systems are fortified with the great medicinal defensive agent. The miasmatic mists of early morning, the vapors exhaled at eventide may be safely breathed by those protected by the Bitters. In the tropics where every form of malarial disease threatens the sojourner, and is particularly virulent when developed, the Bitters is the best reliance of the inhabitant. For dyspepsia, liver complaint, lack of vigor, appetite and sleep; for rheumatism and nervousness the Bitters are a sure and safe remedy.

Their Kind of Dog.

Boston Transcript.

"Now, boys," said the teacher, "I need not tell you any further of the duty of cultivating a kindly disposition; but I will tell you a little story about two dogs. George had a nice little dog, that was as gentle as a lamb. He would sit by George's side quietly for an hour at a time. He would not bark at the passers-by nor at strange dogs, and would never bite anybody or anything. Thomas' dog, on the contrary, was always fighting other dogs, and would sometimes tear them quite cruelly. He would also fly at the hens and cats in the neighborhood, and on several occasions he had been known to seize a cow by the nostrils and throw her. He barked at all the strange men who came along, and would bite them unless somebody interfered. Now, boys, which was the dog you would like to own, George's or Thomas'?" Instantly came the answer in one eager shout, "Thomas'!"

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THE REAL JEST

ANOTHER applicant, eh? queried Mr. Hosmer Deering.

He swung around in his swivel chair and looked at the bit of pasteboard the clerk handed to him.

"The fourth, this morning," he commented. Show her in, Bob."

Bob showed her into the roomy, comfortable office of the firm of Deering & Deering, lawyers. She looked timidly at Mr. Deering. Mr. Deering looked critically at her. She saw a portly old gentleman, with fresh complexion, snow-white hair, black clothes, and exquisitely manicured hands. He saw a fair, girlish face, a youthful form, demurely gowned in smoke-blue cloth, and gloved hands which tightly held the morning paper, in which his advertisement for a stenographer and typewriter had appeared.

"Good morning, Mrs.—ah," consulting the card he held, "Glover. Will you take a seat?"

"I came in answer to your advertisement," she began.

"Yes—yes. Precisely!" It was a pet word of his—precisely. "What experience have you had, Mrs. Glover?"

"I worked three years for the firm of Lowndes & Winthrop. I left them a year ago to be married."

"You have a letter from them, I presume," regarding her with increased attention.

"Yes; they offered me one at the time I left. I hardly know why I kept it, for until a week ago I did not think I should ever present it. I have personal references, also."

She drew several papers from a little leather hand-bag, and passed them over to him. He took them from her and glanced through them. The letter from Lowndes & Winthrop was flatteringly eulogistic. The names she offered of persons who could indorse her personally, were ones well and honorably known.

"These are satisfactory," announced Mr. Deering. "Now, please give me a practical illustration of your skill. Permit me to dictate a letter."

Mrs. Glover took the paper and pencil he extended, removed her gloves, and rapidly filled the page with hieroglyphics. This page she carried over to a convenient typewriter, and a minute or two later brought him back his letter neatly printed. He glanced over it.

"Precisely. Consider yourself engaged, Mrs. Glover. The salary is fifteen dollars a week. You are a widow, I infer?"

Her sensitive face flamed scarlet.

"No," she answered in a low voice, "I am not."

Hosmer Deering was nonplused for an instant. Then, "Divorced?" he ventured.

"No, sir."

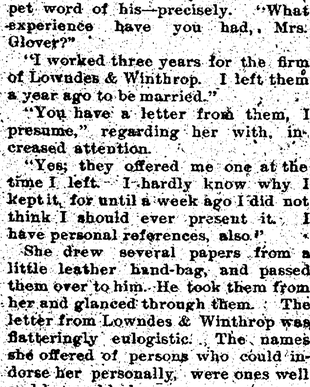
She vouchsafed no further information. A brief, embarrassing silence followed.

He rose and opened the door for her. "Shall we," he asked, "expect you to-morrow?"

"At any time you desire, sir."

"Precisely. To-morrow, then, at half-past eight."

Promptly at half-past eight, on the following morning, Mrs. Glover appeared. Day after day she came, never late; always kind, ready, polite,



"IT WAS NOT A DREAM, DARLING."

capable and retiring. Summer merged in fall, fall in winter, winter melted into spring, and still she came, and was gentle and uncomplaining, under any pressure of work, and in every kind of weather. The members and subordinates of the firm of Deering & Deering fully appreciated her admirable qualities, but none of them knew more of her real life and history when she had been there almost a year than they had known when she came. Indeed, so much confidence had the firm in her discretion that they spoke quite freely in her presence of cases they would have concealed from an ordinary employee. And so it happened that one day, the boy brought into the private room of Deering & Deering the name of a man who waited without.

"Admit him!" commanded Benjamin Deering, who was the extreme physical opposite of his cousin Hosmer, being small, slender, pale, and emaciated.

Mrs. Glover, heard the name of the visitor, and, visibly agitated, arose.

"You will pardon, me, Mr. Deering, if I take my work into the next room?"

"No, no!" he replied kindly, but obtusely; "Not at all. You shall be no hindrance to our conversation, I assure you."

He had quite failed to suspect that it was on her own account she wished to retire. She was about to speak again, when the door opened.

Too late! Well, he had met her so seldom he might not recognize her. She turned hurriedly to her work. She bent over it, resolutely keeping her back to the two men.

"Awfully glad to see you, Brandt!" exclaimed Benjamin Deering.

"You look well!" laughed the other, cordially.

The men shook hands heartily, and launched into a conversation so purely personal that it evidenced warm intimacy. Neither paid any attention to the stooped, busy little creature in the corner.

Suddenly a thrill ran through her, and the fingers holding the pencil tightened fiercely. The new comer had spoken a name familiar to her.

"Dudley Parkham — yes, I don't think you knew him. Queer, too, seeing you both were such close friends of mine. A capital fellow, Dudley. One of those keen, quiet, cultured, delightful men who have ideas a little loftier than the rest of us. He did not fall in love with every pretty face he came across, as I always did. He used to say the woman he married should be better, and nobler, and sweeter than all other women. Finally he met her. He married her. It was after that—a year after that, that there came the tragedy."

"The tragedy?"

Well, that may be too intense a word to use. At all events, the delicious domestic life of which he had dreamed, and which was just then being fully realized, was all at once broken up. His wife had left him. He would not sell out his pretty home, built and furnished for the woman he loved. So he put a care-taker in charge of the house. He had some reason to suppose that his wife had gone out to Iowa, where she had relatives. He began a search for her. She had friends in San Francisco and New York. He has searched both cities, but has done it all as quietly as possible, so strongly did he dread notoriety. His search was all in vain."

"Why did his wife leave him?"

"Oh, they had a quarrel—the most absurd and childish thing imaginable. She went to the 'matinee' with a woman of whom he disapproved. She resented his advice in the matter, and declared she would choose her own friends, and that, perhaps, as they could not agree on such a simple matter, they could not agree at all, and had better part. One word led to another and——"

"It ended as you have told me."

"It isn't ended yet, Deering. That is why I'm here, telling you all this rigamarole about my friend. His long endeavor, anxiety, failure, mental distress, have brought on a heavy and probably fatal sickness. He lies at his own home—such a desolate home, Deering!—sick unto death. There is no one to wait on him save that stupid old care-taker. Where can I find the nurse you had when you were so ill a year and a half ago? You said she was efficient. I would like to engage her for poor Dudley."

Benjamin Deering looked troubled.

"I cannot tell you just where to find her. I'm going home in half an hour, however, and I'll have my wife send her word. She will be sure to know. Leave me the address, will you?"

Hardly had the door closed behind Brandt Andrews when Mrs. Glover sprang to her feet, darted across the room, and confronted astonished Mr. Deering, white-faced and tearful-eyed.

"You must get some one to take my place—soon, now! Never mind that other nurse! I must go to tend Dudley Parkham. Please—please, let me go as soon as you can!"

Hosmer Deering had just entered. The cousins regarded her in amazement.

"Oh, you don't understand!" she cried. "I am his wife. I must go to him!"

Hosmer Deering had not heard a word of the story that was told to Benjamin Deering, but her sorrow, her tears, her piteous entreaty were quite enough for him.

"Go, of course, my dear," he said. "We're not rushed with work at present. We'll hold your place two weeks for you. Let us hear from you."

"Oh, how good you are," the sweet, quivering lips managed to say. The next minute she donned her hat and coat, ran down the stairs, not being willing to wait for the elevator, and took a car which would bring her near her forsaken home. Everything therein was exactly as she had left it. Cleanliness and order there were throughout the room, but nowhere warmth, or fragrance, or the indescribable coziness which pervades an ideal home. Its loneliness was unutterably pathetic.

When Dudley Parkman's familiar friend, Brandt Andrews, let himself in with a latch key, an hour later, he paused in the hall, feeling oddly puzzled.

"I smell lilacs," he said. "Who's been bringing lilacs here? And a fire in the grate—cheerful that, to be sure! And that voice like velvet—it never is old Mrs. Collumden's!"

When he went into the sick room a slim little figure rose from beside the bed, and came forward to meet him.

"He is delirious. He does not know me. Of course you remember me, Mr. Andrews?"

"You are Dudley's wife, I believe?"

"Yes."

The following day she sent a note of resignation to the firm of Deering & Deering. But she did not go down town until after the fever had broken up on the twenty-first day.

That night she was sitting, beside her husband, as she had sat, taking but brief time for rest, through many weary nights and days. Suddenly he glanced around with an expression of intelligence. She drew back. The invalid fixed his eyes on his friend, who looked eagerly down upon him.

"Do you know, Brandt, I've been having the queerest hallucinations. I thought that Vera was here, waiting on me, nursing me. I," very weakly, "have been so happy that I hardly care to face the wretched reality of my life again."

Andrews signaled the nervous little wife to be silent. Their patient could bear no shock just yet, not even one of joy.

But, a few days later, Vera smiled down on him when he awoke.

"It was not a dream, darling," she whispered, "I have been here all the time."

"Love," he murmured, "can you forgive my tyranny?"

"Hush!" she said, and kissed him, "I was so unreasonable!"

* * * * * * *

When one day Mrs. Parkman, rosy, prettier than ever, stylishly attired, and most childishly happy, ran in to pay her former employers a brief, explanatory visit, the senior member of the firm nodded repeatedly and beamed at her over his glasses.

"We miss you—oh, no doubt of that! But if you and your husband are back in Arcadia—well, well—it is for the best—precisely!"

TELLTALE HEELS.

The Characteristics of a Man as Shown by His Footwear.

There is a new word to be added to the language, a new topic to general conversation, and a new science to the accomplishment of the empiric professor. The word is scarpology. The scarpologist is not exactly a cheiromancist. He deals with your other extremity and tells of your character, not by the hand, but your foot, or rather your boot. Give him a boot or shoe you have worn for three months or more, and you are opening up to him all your secret springs of action, your motives, your conduct, your life. It is a doctor in Bale who has founded the new philosophy and announces himself as the original scarpologist. He has, of course, to give a few indications to support his claim to his proud position. A man does not become a professor by merely inventing a word.

So here are the indications, says the Westminster Review. If you wear heel and sole even, you are an energetic man, full of action and resource; and if that boot belongs to a woman, the owner is faithful, affectionate, and possessed of the domestic virtues. If you wear the sole of your boot on the outside—which most people do—you are an enthusiast, and very likely to become an adventurer. This is not pleasant philosophy, and what makes it worse is that the boot tells the same story for both sexes. But it is when the wear is on the inside that the results are the strangest. If you are a man, you are a feeble, irresolute, vacillating creature; if you are a woman, you are attractive, gentle and modest. Now, this too, is odd philosophy. For knock-kneed people generally wear their boots on the inside. A knock-kneed man may be feeble and irresolute; but why should a knock-kneed old maid be attractive, gentle and modest?

Not the Old Racket.

The susceptible young man had asked the girl to be his wife.

"I am very sorry," she said, "very, very sorry; but it can never be. I can be a sis—"

His face grew hard.

"Let up on that, will you, please?" he growled. "It's bad enough for a fellow to be rejected, without having that sister racket fired at him."

"I beg pardon," she smiled coldly. "I had not intended anything of the sort. What I was about to say was that I would be a sister-in-law to you. For further particulars consult your good-looking brother. Good morning."

Diplomatic Reticence.

The social reformer was paying a visit to the convicts in the penitentiary and asking them various questions.

"And what are you doing here my friend?" he said to a good looking man in the shoe shop.

"Making shoes," was the reply that discouraged any further inquisition in that direction.

A Newfoundland Dog Nurse.

Mrs. Jennie P. Lane, of Smethport, Pa., has a big Newfoundland dog which is a first-class substitute for a nurse. It takes the baby riding in the carriage every day. The dog holds the handle with its teeth and wheels the coach as carefully as the infant's mother could.

Capital and Labor.

"Yes, sir," said a pompous New York manufacturer, "I consider myself a benefactor of the human race. I feed 200 people in my factory."

"You do?" replied a bystander. "Goodness!" and all the time I was under the impression that they fed you."—Texas Siftings.

Both Boys.

Teacher — Now, Willie, suppose you were to hand a playmate your last apple to take a portion of—wouldn't you tell him to take the larger piece? Willie—No, mum! "You wouldn't? Why?" "Cos, 'twouldn't be necessary.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Consolation.

Mr. Slimmy—I don't like that Miss Biter; she said I was a perfect idiot, don't you know.

Mr. Bumme—She didn't mean it, of course, Slimmy; anybody knows that nothing human is perfect.

A QUEER SUIT.

With Enoch Arden and Other Peculiar Features.

"I have had something to do with a good many queer lawsuits," said ex-United States Marshal Archie Baxter of Elmira to a New York Sun reporter, "but I think the one of Evans against Tifft was the queerest one of all. Howlan Evans was a farm laborer, and Reuben Tifft a well-to-do and prominent farmer for whom Evans frequently worked. They lived in the town of Veteran, in Chemung county. Evans lived with his wife and three young children not far from the Tifft farm. In 1864 Evans enlisted in the army and received a bounty of $700. This money he placed in the hands of Farmer Tifft for safe keeping, with the injunction that the latter should look after the interests of Evans' family while he was at the front with his regiment.

"About the time Evans went to the war Farmer Tifft's wife died. Then Tifft began to pay very marked attentions to Soldier Evans' wife. Evans at times forwarded money to Tifft—in all, as he claimed, nearly $200. In the spring of 1865 Tifft deeded to Mrs. Evans a house and twelve acres of land, and soon after that the woman took her children and all her household goods and the personal belongings of herself and absent husband and went to live with Tifft on his farm. When Evans came home from the war, soon after that, he found that he had no wife, children or home, and all his efforts to recover his money and property and custody of his children were unavailing. His children grew up under Tifft and married. Mrs. Evans had applied for a divorce from her husband while he was in the army, and it was granted to her not long after he came back. Then she married Tifft.

"Evans was advised to bring suit against his wife's second husband to recover his $700 bounty money and other moneys that he had sent to Tifft while in the army. The case came up in the Chemung county court, and I was appointed referee to hear and report on it. Tifft defended the suit, and his defense was courageous, to say the least. He admitted having received Evan's bounty money and the remittances, but he put in a claim for boarding the plaintiff's children, although it was in evidence that he had kept them against the father's wishes and, in spite of his efforts to recover the custody of them.

Tifft also alleged that Evans was to pay him out of the money for the house and land the former had deeded to Mrs. Evans, as he had made the transfer to her at Evans' request, so that she might have a home. Evans proved, though, that his wife had never occupied the house, but had gone to live with Tifft immediately after the transfer was made, and subsequently sold the place for $600 and gave the money to Tifft. The defendant also put in as an offset a charge of $150, which he had given one of Evans' daughters when she was married.

"It was, in short, a case of one man having taken possession of another man's family and property, and then insisting that the other man should pay him for doing it. I thought Evans had the best end of the suit and so reported. I suppose he got his money."

They Both Wept.

When Lawrence Barrett's daughter was married Stuart Robson sent a check for $5,000 to the bridegroom. Miss Felicia Robson, who attended the wedding, conveyed the gift.

"Felicia," said her father, upon her return, "did you give him the check?"

"Yes, father," answered the dutiful daughter.

"What did he say?" asked Robson.

"He didn't say anything," replied Miss Felicia, "but he shed tears."

"How long did he cry?"

"Why, father, I didn't time him. I should say, however, that he wept fully a minute."

"Fully a minute!" roared Robson; "why, I cried an hour after I'd signed it!"—Chicago Record.

Brandy Drops to School Children.

The board of health has determined to stop the sale to minors of candy containing brandy. A chemical report made to the board showed that six "brandy drops" contain as much alcohol as an ordinary cocktail. There has been a large sale of these drops near public schools.—Philadelphia Ledger.

He Was Cruel.

"Your quiet, easy indifference," said Mrs. Walkingbeam to her spouse, "aggravates me to such a degree that I am half dead with anger." "Ah, my dear," replied Mr. W., "let me give you a pointer about that." "What is it?" snapped Mrs. W. "No one should ever do things by halves."—Texas Siftings.

The Eastern Wild West.

Miss Arizona, at Wild West show—Oh, isn't it just wonderful? Miss New York—It is to me, but I presumed it would be very tame to you, Miss Arizona.—Oh, no, indeed! I never saw anything like it before; but then, you know, this is my first trip East, and I've always lived on a ranch.—Puck.

To Encourage Literature.

Miss Bleeker—I'm so interested in our reading club. I wasn't at first; but I never miss a meeting now.

Miss Beacon—What are you reading?

Miss Bleeker—Well we are not reading anything at present. We are making preparations to give a dance.—Puck.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Unshod Horses.

In Mexico, Peru, Brazil and elsewhere, unshod horses are daily worked over roads of all kinds, carrying heavy packs from the interior down to the coast, the journey to and fro being often extended to several hundred miles, and they never wear out their hoofs. The roads are neither softer nor smoother than those of England and Ireland. On the wilds of Exmoor and Dartmoor, as also in the Orkneys and on the Welsh hills, and in many parts of Continental Europe, horses run unshod over rocks, through ravines, and up and down precipitous ridges, yet they never suffer from contracted feet, or from corns or cracks, until they become civilized and have been shod. Differences in the quality of the soil, be it hard or soft, stony or sandy, smooth and slippery, are of comparatively little importance to the horse whose feet are as nature made them. The unshod horse can deal successfully with all roads. In the retreat of the French army from Moscow, the horses lost all their shoes before they reached Vistula; yet they found their way to France over hard, rough and frozen ground. The natural sole of the horse's foot is almost impenetrable. It is so hard and strong as to protect the sensible sole from all harm. And all horses' feet exposed to hard objects are made harder by the contact, provided only that the sole is not pared.—*Sir Geo. W. Fox.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional cure. Price, 75.

An Echo from the World's Fair.

The Lake Shore Route has recently gotten out a very handsome litho-water color of the "Exposition Flyer," the famous twenty hour train in service between New York and Chicago during the fair. Among the many wonderful achievements of the Columbian year this train—which was the fastest long distance train ever run—holds a prominent place, and to anyone interested in the subject the picture is well worth framing. Ten cents in stamps or silver sent to C. K. Wilber, West. Pass. Agt., Chicago, will secure one.

CERVANTES has said, "Every one is son of his own works." This makes the great Krupp a son of a gun.

The devil runs when he can't find anything to hide behind.

Irrigated Fruit Lands.

Did you see the fruit in the Idaho Exhibit at the World's Fair? Nothing finer, first premiums and all raised on irrigated land. It's sure, it's abundant, it's profitable, it's your opportunity.

The country is new, the lands are cheap, and the eastern market is from 500 to 1,500 miles nearer than to similar lands in Oregon, Washington and California.

Advertising matter sent on application. Address E. L. Lomax, G. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb.

A BLIZZARD is the Northwestern name for a gale of wind filled with snow and icy particles as fine as rice powder, with a temperature 10 to 20 degrees below zero. A genuine blizzard is so fierce that you can neither face it nor distinguish objects ten feet away from you. In Dakota and Minnesota during the prevalence of a blizzard farmers only venture out of their houses with girdle ropes around their bodies to enable them to find their way back.

"JOHN BULL" is a collective name applied to the English nation. The term was first used in Arbuthnot's satire, "History of John Bull." In this satire the French are designated as "Lewis Baboon," the Dutch as "Nicholas Frog," etc. The "History of John Bull" was designed to ridicule the Duke of Marlborough.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

A Fable.

A Venetian merchant who was lolling in the lap of luxury was accosted on the Rialto by a friend who had not seen him for many months. "How is this?" cried the latter; "when I last saw you your gaberdine was out at elbows, and now you sail in your own gondola." "True," replied the merchant; "but since then I have met with serious losses, and been obliged to compound with my creditors for 10 cents on the dollar."

Moral: Composition is the Life of Trade.—*New York World.*

Karl's Clover Root Tea.

The great Blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation. 25c., 50c., $1.

THE largest meteoric stone in the world is in Brazil, and exceeds thirty tons. There is in the Museum of Carlton (Melbourne) a meteoric stone twenty-five tons in weight. It fell on a large plain between Melbourne and Kilmore, in 1860, with such force that it sank six feet in the ground.

Coe's Cough Balsam

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a Cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

AT a trial of a criminal case, the prisoner entered a plea of "not guilty," when one of the jurymen put on his hat and started for the door. The Judge called him back and informed him that he could not leave until the case was tried. "Tried?" queried the juror. "Why, he acknowledges that he is not guilty!"

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

"I AM the oak; you are the vine," remarked an ardent though silly lover to his Marianne. "Let the vine, therefore, creep around the oak until it reaches the topmost leaves—" "And finds nothing there," exclaimed the heartless beauty.

Billiard Table, second-hand. For sale cheap. Apply to or address, H. C. AKIN, 511 S. 12th St., Omaha, Neb.

The man who is willing to learn one thing at a time will soon know much.

MICHIGAN LANDS.

Fertile, Cheap, Healthy.

And not too far from good markets. The Michigan Central will run special Home-Seekers' Excursions on July 10, Aug. 14, Sept. 18, to points north of Lansing, Saginaw and Bay City at one fare for the round trip. Tickets good twenty days and to stop over. For folder giving particulars and describing lands, address O. W. Ruggles, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Ag't, Chicago.

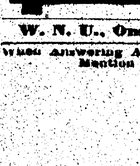
hours. Then skim off the yeast and pour the liquor off into another vessel, taking care not to shake it, so as to leave the sediment; bottle it immediately, cork it tightly; in three or four days it will be fit for use.

HELP IS OFFERED

every nervous, exhausted, woman suffering from "female complaint" or weakness. All pains, bearing-down sensations, and inflammations are relieved and CURED by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Haydentown, Pa.

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.:



Gentlemen—We cannot sufficiently thank you for the great amount of benefit my wife received from the use of your medicine. My wife had a bad case of leucorrhea, and she used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for it. I cannot praise it above its value. I have a daughter who has been poorly over a year; she is taking the "Favorite Prescription," and is already feeling better, after taking two bottles. Yours, GEO. W. SWEENEY.

MRS. SWEENEY.

PIERCE Guarantees a **CURE**

OR MONEY RETURNED.

TOURIST TRAVEL

To COLORADO RESORTS

Will set in early this year, and the Great Rock Island Route has already ample and perfect arrangements to transport the many who will take in the lovely cool of Colorado's

HIGH ALTITUDES.

The track is perfect, and double over important Divisions. Train Equipment is the very best, and a solid Vestibule Train called the **SIG FIVE** leaves Chicago daily at 10 p. m. and arrives second morning at Denver or Colorado Springs for breakfast.

Any Coupon Ticket Agent can give you rates, and further information will be cheerfully and quickly responded to by addressing JNO. SEBASTIAN, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

TAKE A REST —GO EAST GO VIA THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

AMERICA'S BEST RAILWAY.

VISIT SOME of the DELIGHTFUL MOUNTAIN, LAKE or SEA SHORE RESORTS of the EAST, A FULL LIST of WHICH WITH ROUTES AND RATES WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

SEND 10c. IN STAMPS or silver for Beautiful Litho-Water Color View of the "FAMOUS EXPOSITION FLYER," the fastest long distance train ever run.

C. K. WILBER, West. P. A., CHICAGO.

EDUCATIONAL.

Omaha Medical College. 14th session begins Oct. 1. For Catalogue send to W. O. Bridges, Secy

Patents, Trade-Marks.

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for "Inventors' Guide, or How to Get a Patent." PATRICK O'FARRELL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

W. N. U., Omaha—16, 1894.

When Answering Advertisements kindly Mention this Paper.

The Table Rock Argus.

F. H. TAYLOR, PROPRIETOR.

Issued every Friday Morning at TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Terms $1.50 Per Year, In Advance.

Conventions.

Republican congressional convention, First district, August 14th.

Republican state convention at Omaha, August 22nd.

Independent state convention at Grand Island, August 24th

CORN is growing rapidly, although a little rain just now would help it along, and insure the biggest crop raised for years.

THE Table Rock Herald has once more changed proprietors, E. D. Howe having sold the office to R. H. Wessel, a Table Rock boy.

PAWNEE county will have but twelve votes in the congressional convention, owing to the decreased vote Fields received. Lancaster county was cut nine votes because of her slaughter of Fields.

THE RUSTLER has established a daily messenger route between this city and Pawnee City, and subscribers to that bristling news desiminator get their papers now about six in the evening of each day.

THE forces of Jack McCall are busy these days and McCall stock is at a premium. While this part of the state will stay loyally by Tom Majors, it will not sulk and take to the woods, if McCall is nominated.

THE man who seeks to array one portion of the people against another portion because they have a little more money should consider himself a teacher in the primary grade of the school of anarchy.—Indianapolis Journal.

"WHEN I was a boy," says Governor Flower, "ten mills used to make a cent; but for the past year a hundred mills haven't made a cent." Governor Flower is considerable of a partisan, but he will give his party a big kick now and then.-Kansas City Journal.

A REPORT was current in the newspapers to the effect that ex-President Harrison had harshly criticized President Cleveland's action in sending federal troops into Illinois to quell the disturbance, and Mr. Harrison is out in a card denying the alleged criticism.

THE Nebraska Editor, a neatly printed magazine, comes to us from Beaver City. It is edited by Walt Mason and F. N. Merwin, and is of peculiar interest to the craft, while the general public will find much in it to please and interest them. May the Editor long live and build up a bona fide subscription list so large that the circulation liar will be frightened.

A MEMORIAL asking for the impeachment of Attorney General Olney has been prepared by the Knights of Labor for presentation to congress, and will be circulated all over the country for signatures. His alleged crimes consist in his advice to the president to introduce Federal troops into Illinois and other states when they have not been asked for by the state authorities.

THE Knights of Labor of Cleveland, O., want President Cleveland impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors described as follows In refusing during the months of July, August, September and October, 1893, to purchase the amount of silver bullion required by law; in refusing to coin silver bullion as the law directed where silver certificates were presented for redemption, and more recently for sending United States troops into a state to quell a riot without the request of the state authorities, and without first issuing the proclamation required by law.

THERE has been much talk of a rebellion of great magnitude by reasons of the great strike, but the ARGUS has more faith in the loyalty and patriotism of the great mass of American laboring men than to think it would arry itself in armed hostility to the stars and stripes. True, there may be clashes here and there, where a hot headed, irresponsible element is in control and there may be great loss of life at some given point, but as for a rebellion which shall annihilate law, and sink the government—never. The American laboring man is too patriotic for that.

YORK county will present the name of Prof. G. R. Corbett to the republican state convention for nomination for state superintendent of schools. Prof. Corbett has been engaged in school work in Nebraska for fourteen years and has risen through every class from the common district schools to the superintendency of some of the best schools in the state. For four years past he has been superintendent of the York schools and has made them among the best in the state. He is well qualified in every way for the position to which he aspires, and the educational interests of the state would not suffer if placed in his hands.

JUDGE STRODE, of Lincoln, was in Table Rock yesterday seeking an acquaintance with our people. The Judge is a candidate for the nomination for congress from this district and has received the cordial, earnest support of his own county, the convention asking him to name the delegates, fill all vacancies and allow no proxies. This will give him the largest following on first ballot of any of the candidates, and outside of his own county he will need but 21 votes to nominate him. This part of the country has an emphatic preference for Church Howe, but if Howe can't make it, Strode will be the next choice.

THE STRIKE.

To-Day's Dispatches Indicate that Trains are Moving on Time.

The Knights of Labor Did Not Obey Their Chief's Order to Strike.

The great theme of discussion all over the country is the strike now on in sympathy with the strike of the Pullman employes for higher wages and the consequent boycott of Pullman cars on all roads with Chicago as the center of the strife. Mobs have distroyed millions of dollars worth of property, lives have been lost, and the entire country is feeling the result of the strike, in a thousand and one ways. The various labor organizations have taken a hand in the fight and the Knights of Labor were ordered out Wednesday by Grand Master Workman Sovereign Tuesday Debs and four associates were arrested at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway Union; George W. Howard, vice president, Sylvester Kelcher secretary, and L. W. Rogers, one of its directors, were arrested yesterday afternoon under an indictment found against them by the Federal grand jury. They are charged with conspiracy to commit an unlawful act, that is, to block the progress of the United States mails.

Joined in the indictment with the four leaders of the Railway Union was James Marwin, the Rock Island striker, who threw the switch which derailed a mail train at Blue Island on the night of June 30.

Debs, Howard, Kaleher and Rogers were taken into the office of District Attorney Milchrist immediately after their arrested, and after a few hours' detention they were released on bail by Judge Grosscup, their bonds being $10,000 each.

The Federal grand jury spent but a short time in the case of Debs and the other leaders of the strike. The case against them for conspiracy had been prepared some days ago by Attorneys Milchrist and Walker, and the grand jurors had not been at work two hours when the indictment was ready to be presented in court.

It is based on some of the public utterances of Debs and the other leaders, this evidence being clinched by the original orders in writing sent out by Debs directing men on the different railways to quit their work and thus stop the running of mail trains.

CHICAGO, July 11.—The ultimate effect of the appeal issued last night by Grand Master Workman Sovereign of the Knights of Labor, calling on all Knights throughout the country and those in sympathy with them to quit work, and the order issued at about the same time by the representatives of allied labor in Chicago to do likewise, cannot yet be certainly foreseen. All that is now definitely known is that the Knights of Labor at all points heard from, including nearly all of the large centers of population in the United States, remained at work to-day with practical unanimity, and that in this city the number of members of the allied trades which remained at work so far out numbered those who quit as to make no appreciable change in the industrial appearance of the city.

The leaders, however, say there is nothing in the situation to cause any discouragement, that the public through lack of knowledge of the machinery of industrial organization has been made to expect results which were not in contemplation when the strike orders were issued. Mr. Sovereign for instance points out that his appeal was not an order to strike; that, in fact he has no power to order a walkout, but persons acquainted with the workings of the organization will know that in effect it will be the same as an order. In short he was perfectly confident that by Saturday next after the various local and district assemblies had time to meet and take formal action on the appeal and to rally their friends outside the order the result would show one million of men idle as a consequence.

General Master Workman Sovereign's call to the Knights of Labor to quit work at 7 o'clock yesterday morning was generally ignored by the Knights. Very few left their work, and nowhere was there a general demonstration. At Chicago the strike seems to be broken. California presents the spectacle of an armed rebellion against the federal government. United States troops were fired on twice yesterday, and a train carrying a detachment of artillery from Sacramento to San Francisco was wrecked, two of the employes and three soldiers being killed.

CHICAGO, July 11.—The great railway strike is practically at an end in Chicago. Trains on all roads are moving, passenger trains are almost without exception on time and freight traffic is rapidly becoming regular. "The backbone is not only broken," said Manager Egan of the General Managers association this afternoon, "but the backbone has entirely disappeared. The blockade is raised and it will require but a short time to get the business back into its usual routine."

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 11.—The passenger train that left this city at noon for San Francisco under protection of regulars was wrecked at a trestle a few miles west of here. The strikers had sawed away the supports of the trestle, but left the superstructure intact. As soon as the train struck the bridge it was ditched. Three soldiers, members of Battery D, Fifth United States Artillery, and the fireman of the train were killed.

CHICAGO, July 12.—The strike situation throughout the county today was in general one of quietness. The points of interest have been the meeting of labor leaders with President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, at their head in this city. It is admitted that the action of that body, if taken unanimously, will have a marked effect on the situation, and persons well informed as to the predictions of the persons composing it, express the opinion that unanimous action by it, except in the reaction of quieting the present agitation or turning it into other channels is unlikely.

San Francisco, July 12.—Since yesterdas's horrible work at the trestle west of Sacramento, the strike situation in California has been less alarming. In Oakland there has been rioting of more or less serious nature since early this morning. The trouble began at daybreak, when a mob of several hundred strikers rushed into the yards on the mole. They killed all the locomotives that had been fired up, and in order to further block the tracks derailed one locomotive and a long line of coaches. Later in the morning another crowd of strikers ran to the yards and wrecked a turntable by shoving a heavy freight car into the pit. Damage was also done at the round house.

The railroad company, deputy sheriff and marshals offered very little resistance to the riotous strikers. Troubles on the mole came to an end this evening, however, when a force of 350 United States marines from Mare Island were landed there by the ferry steamer, Alameda, which transported them from the navy yard. Tomorrow under the protection of these fighting blue jackets the railroads hope to resume traffic into and out of Oakland.

Four Catalogues.

A prosperous school, a popular school, a thorough school, a school with better accommodations than any other in the west, a school with a large faculty of experienced teachers, a school second to none of its kind in the state, a school where students obtain good board for $1.75 to $2.00 per week and rooms furnished for 50c., has published four catalogues which are as follows: A general catalogue, and special catalogues of the college of music and art, College of Commerce and the Normal college. Thirteenth year opens September 4. Write for catalogue desired.

CAMPBELL UNIVERSITY,
Holton, Kas.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated, or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and Between the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. Herbine will cure any disorder of the Liver Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Wright's Gilt Edge Drug Store

The American Normal Musical Institute.

We are in receipt of the circular announcing the eighteenth annual session of the A. N. M. I. It will be held at Holton, Kas, commencing August 13, continuing three weeks.

This institute has a national reputation, as student from a number of states attend each year. It gives a very thorough course in methods of teaching, voice culture, pianoforte, harmony, conducting, etc. The music of the best masters is studied, and piano and song recitals, and a number of grand concerts are given, making the session full of profit and pleasure to all earnest students of music. "Creation," "Messiah" and "Elijah" will be studied this session and gems from them given in concerts. Teachers and those preparing to teach, find this school especially useful to them. The faculty consists of four eminent teachers and concert artists of Chicago, each being especially competent in his department. The full course is only $8.00. For circulars containing full information address,

S. W. STRAUB, Principal.
245 State St., Chicago, Ill.

Mary Novak, You are hereby notified that on the 7th day of November, 1892, C. C. Knapp purchased the S 21 ft 8 in of said ft 8 in of lot 12 block 2, situated in Pawnee City, Pawnee county, Nebraska, for the taxes of the year 1891, at the regular public tax sale, held at the treasurer's office in Pawnee county, Nebraska.

Said land was taxed and assessed in the name of Mary Novak and the time of redemption of said land from said tax sale will expire on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1894, and unless you redeem said land from said sale on or before said date, said Knapp will be entitled to a tax deed to said land.

C. C. KNAPP, Purchaser.

John B. Mowry, You are hereby notified that on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1892, C. C. Knapp purchased the nw quarter of section 18, township 2 north of range 9 situated in Pawnee county, Nebraska, for the taxes of the year 1891, at the regular public tax sale, held at the treasurer's office, in Pawnee county, Nebraska.

Said land was taxed and assessed in the name of John B. Mowry and the time of redemption of said land from said tax sale will expire on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1894, and unless you redeem said land from said sale on or before said date, said Knapp will be entitled to a tax deed to said land.

C. C. KNAPP, Purchaser.

J. L. Kaley, You are hereby notified that on the seventh day of November, A. D. 1892, C. C. Knapp purchased the s 26 feet of n 46 feet of lots 7, 8, and 9, block 1, Pawnee City, situated in Pawnee county, Nebraska, for the taxes of the year 1891, at the regular public tax sale, held at the treasurer's office in Pawnee county, Nebraska.

Said land was taxed and assessed in the name of J. L. Kaley, and the time of redemption of said land from said tax sale will expire on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1894, and unless you redeem said land from said sale on, or before said date, said Knapp will be entitled to a tax deed to said land.

C. C. KNAPP, Purchaser.

Jonathan French, You are hereby notified that on the 7th day of November, 1892, C. C. Knapp purchased the s hf sw quarter of section 36 township 2 north of range 10, situated in Pawnee county, Nebraska, for the taxes of the year 1891, at the regular public tax sale, held at the treasurer's office in Pawnee county, Nebraska.

Said land was taxed and assessed in the name of Jonathan French and the time of redemption of said land from said tax sale will expire on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1894, and unless you redeem said land from said sale on or before said date, said Knapp will be entitled to a tax deed to said land.

C. C. KNAPP, Purchaser.

S. L. Davis, You are hereby notified that on the seventh day of November, A. D. 1892, C. C. Knapp purchased the s hf sw ¼ of section 31, township 1 north of range 10 situated in Pawnee county, Nebraska for the taxes of the year 1891 at the regular public tax sale, held at the treasurer's office in Pawnee county, Nebraska.

Said land was taxed and assessed in the name of S. L. Davis and the time of redemption of said land from said tax sale will expire on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1894, and unless you redeem said land from said sale on or before said date, said Knapp will be entitled to a tax deed to said land.

C. C. KNAPP, Purchaser.

H. M. & J. W. Dundas, You are hereby notified that on the 7th day of November A. D. 1892, C. C. Knapp purchased the n two-thirds lots 7, 8 and 9, block 17, Pawnee City, situated in Pawnee county, Nebraska, for the taxes of the year 1891 at the regular public tax sale held at the treasurer's office in Pawnee county Nebraska.

Said land was taxed and assessed in the name of H. M. & J. W. Dundas, and the time of redemption of said land from said tax sale will expire on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1894, and unless you redeem said land from said sale on, or before said date, said Knapp will be entitled to a tax deed to said land.

C. C. KNAPP, Purchaser.

Sarah E. Dobler, You are hereby notified that on the 7th day of November A. D. 1892, C. C. Knapp purchased the lot 1, block 6, Pawnee City, situated in Pawnee county, Nebraska, for the taxes of the year 1891 at the regular public tax sale, held at the treasurer's office, in Pawnee county, Nebraska.

Said land was taxed and assessed in the name of Sarah E. Dobler, wfd, the time of redemption of said land from said tax sale will expire on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1894, and unless you redeem said land from said sale on or before said date, said Knapp will be entitled to a tax deed of said land.

C. C. KNAPP, Purchaser.

Jonathan French, You are hereby notified that on the 7th day of November A. D. 1892, C. C. Knapp purchased the E½ S E quarter of section 35, township 2 north of range 10, situated in Pawnee county, Nebraska, for the taxes of the year 1891 at the regular public tax sale, held at the treasurer's office, in Pawnee county, Nebraska.

Said land was taxed and assessed in the name of Jonathan French and the time of redemption of said land from tax sale will expire on the 7th day of November A. D. 1894, and unless you redeem said land from said sale on or before said date, said Knapp will be entitled to a tax deed to said land.

C. C. KNAPP, Purchaser.

Where Healing Waters Flow.

Hot Springs, South Dakota, is a place everyone should visit.

It's a health resort; the best in the west.

It's a charming spot where pure air and healing waters put sickness to flight and make anything but perfect health well-nigh an impossibility.

Invalids, no matter what their ailment, should give Hot Springs a trial. It's sure to benefit them more than likely to cure.

How to get there? Why, by the Burlington Route, of course. It's the line. Ask the local agent for full information, or write to the undersigned for a beautifully illustrated pamphlet.

J. Francis, Gen'l Pass'r & Tkt. Agent, Omaha, Neb.

DO YOU WANT

FARM MACHINERY?

If so, call and see me, for I have just recieved a large invoice of all kinds of

Farm Implements.

BAIN AND OLDS WAGONS.
The Best Makes of
Carriages, Buggies and Spring Wagons.
A Fine Line of
LISTERS, PLOWS, and also a Lot of MILLET SEED.

In Prices I can Save You Money.

C. NEADER.

Brick Building West of State Bank, Table Rock, Nebraska.

Wheeler Brothres,

DEALERS IN

COFFINS,
CASKETS,
UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES,
FURNITURE,
Bed-Room Sets,
MOULDINGS,
PICTURE FRAMES,
WALL POCKETS,
Looking Glasses,

HARDWARE
FURNITURE

COOK STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GASOLINE STOVE
TINWARE,
TABLE CUTLERY,
POCKET CUTLY.
BARB WIRE
PUMPS,
SCREEN DOORS,
BUILDING
HARDARE.

Respectfully Invite you to Call and See Their Stock and learn their Prices.

O. D TIBBETS,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Special attention given to my
SHOE DEPARTMENT
Having built on a Grocery department, I am better prepared to give you satisfaction in that line than any place in town.
TEA A SPECIALTY
IT IS TO THE INTEREST OF CASH BUYERS TO TRADE WITH ME. PRODUCE TAKEN EXCHANGE. SOUTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE

AND

TABLE ROCK ARGUS,

One Year

$1.50.

Address all orders to The ARGUS

Miss Katie Ferrell is very ill.

101° in the shade yesterday.

Go to Andrew Brothers for Furniture.

T. C. Davis was a business visitor here Wednesday.

Dr. Broyles, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Table Rock, Neb.

Miss Anna Cruse, of Pawnee City, is a guest of Mrs. A. C. Boyd.

I have thoroughbred Light Brahma eggs for sale. F. O. PIERCE.

Prices for standing cabinets for the next twenty days, $1.50 per dozen.

Those wanting Rye Flour will find it always on hand at the Feed Store.

I. W. Kovanda called on us to-day and left us a liberal amount on subscription.

See N. A. Craig for sand for building or plastering. Can furnish either.

James Tillotson and son Ralph, visited friends in Saline county the first of this week.

Get your light summer coats at the Wood Clothing Co. they have the best line in town.

Grandma Decker, a lady 87 years of age, is lying very ill at her home in the east part of the city.

Misses Sibyl Sawtell and Edith Shepard, of Pawnee City, accompanied by S. E. Roberts, made this office a call yesterday.

The hum of the steam thresher is heard about as it merrily turns out the biggest acreage of wheat ever raised in Pawnee county.

The G. A. R. post of Pawnee City, will hold a picnic in the court house square tomorrow. Church Howe and Tom Majors will both be present and make addresses.

Some weeks ago I loaned my mackintosh and grip to some one and have forgotten who it was. Will the borrower please return it.

C. R. JUDKINS.

The family of J. H. Irions moved to DuBois this week where J. H. is running blacksmith shop. They have the best wishes of a host of friends here for success in their new home.

$100,000 TO LEND ON FARMS BY THE STATE BANK OF TABLE ROCK AT SEVEN PER CENT. BORROWER HAVING THE OPTION OF REPAYING WHOLE OR PART AT ANY TIME. NO COMMISSIONS.

The Table Rock base ball team was reorganized last Saturday, Manager C. R. Judkins and Captain Jim Faulkner resigned their positions and W. N. Fellers was elected manager and Joe Anderson captain.

For sewing machines go to Andrew Brothers.

Wednesday afternoon a picnic party went to the rock where the afternoon was passed pleasantly and the lunch hour was greatly enjoyed. The party was in honor of Miss Ada Combs, who returned to Pawnee City in the evening, after a week's visit with Miss Helen Allinson.

Mrs. Wm. Fellers and daughter, Flossie, returned home Tuesday from Smithville, Mo., where they were called by the serious illness of Mrs. Fellers' father, Allan Groves. He was still very ill when she left his bedside, and Mrs. W. C. Fellers, who went with them when they went away, remained with him.

It will be remembered by Independent readers how, last spring, Mr and Mrs. C. H. Murphy were sufficiently patriotic to hang American flags out of the window even when house cleaning. The birth of their grand daughter at their home on the Fourth, mention of which was made yesterday, demonstrates that love of country has not waned an iota.—Grand Island Independent.

If you have a pump to repair call on Andrew Brothers.

During the ball game Monday afternoon, George Sutton met with an accident which will cause him much suffering and lay him up for a long time. George was playing shortstop and went to guard second, which Ilgenfritz was stealing. The ball was thrown nigh from the home plate, and he jumped for it, but his foot had caught in the sack straps and he fell just as Ilgenfritz collided with him. His leg was broken just below the knee. He was carried to a carriage and taken home, where Drs. Wilson and Broyles reset the broken bone.

Yesterday forenoon Lewis Fellers was driving four horses to a binder, and cutting oats for Fellers Brothers when something became wrong with the chain to which the leaders were hitched, and Lewis stopped to re-adjust it, when the horses became frightened and started to run away; Lewis was thrown down, the machine passing over his body and inflicting a number of painful bruises and scratches. He was taken home, and Dr. Wilson summoned, who dressed his wounds, and it was learned that no bones were broken and that he will probably be all right in a few days. The team did not run far before it was caught by Art Barrett, who was binding oats a short distance in front of where the team started.

Are you going to build? Let Andrew Brothers figure on your Hardware Bill.

Engineer Dickinson, who has been quite sick for some time, was able to "take in" the ball game Wednesday.

Anyone desiring a fresh milch cow either Durham or Jersey inquire of

J. C. WOOD.

Mrs. E. V. Lindsly started from her home in Washington to celebrate the Fourth at Table Rock, but is tied up by the strike at Livingston, Montana.

L. A. Fisher's books will be left in the hands of C. R. Judkins, at the lumber office, where parties knowing themselves indebted to him, can call and settle.

Andrew Brothers are agents for that woman's friend, the Household Sewing Machine, which they will sell at prices so low that no family need be without a machine.

Mrs. Alice Viggers, accompanied by her mother in law, Mrs. Viggers, came in from Omaha, yesterday afternoon for a visit with relatives here.

Dr. Broyles was called in consultation with Dr. Ramsey, on the case of Roger Knowles, the young man injured on the Fourth near Elk Creek. He is in a critical condition, but there is a possibility of his recovery.

Monday a game of base ball was was played on the home ground, between the Pawnee City Fats and the Clay Cities. It was good natured crowd, but the accident whereby George Sutton broke one of his legs, marred much of the fun. The crowd from Pawnee batted Martin's curves all over the field and in the seventh inning ran in fifteen tallies on him and three on Boyd's left handed twisters. The rest of the game was thrown by Alla White, and the little fellow's curves were too many for the big fellows. A big lot of tallies were piled up, the score being 36 to 20 in favor of the Fats.

BURLINGTON BEACH.—This popular resort has been greatly enlarged and beautified, and is today without an equal in the state of Nebraska. Every facility for boating, bathing and sailing is provided. The steamer, City, of Lincoln, is once more in commission and is patronized daily by delighted hundreds. The outlook from the cool, shady, breeze swept floor of the big dancing pavalion is as pleasant as can be found anywhere. A first class brass band is in constant attendance There are half a dozen refreshment booths, in fact, everything that contributes to the entertainment and amusement of visitors is at hand.

The board of trustees of school district No. 33 met at M. H. Marble's office on Tuesday evening, for the purpose of organizing and transacting any other business that might come before it. Full board present. Board organized with the following officers:

O. H. Barnard, moderator.
J. Tillotson, secretary.
Wm. Sutton, treasurer.

After organizing, the board proceeded to the election of teachers for the ensuing school year with the following result;

Principal, Prof. V. Utterbeck.
Assistant principal, Miss Ward.
Grammar room, Mary E. Miller.
Second Primary, Anna Pangburn.
First Primary, Olive Barnard.

A motion was carried that the board inspect the school house for the purpose of ascertaining what repairs would be neccessary and the board adjourned. J. TILLOTSON, Sec'y.

The game of base ball Wednesday between the Table Rock Blues and the Beatrice Giants, resulted in a draw. In the first and second innings Jim Faulkner was in the box with Buffum behind the bat. The Giants pounded Jim all over the field, and in the second inning made eight runs. This demoralized our boys so that they played the rockiest ball they ever played. Fusty Bowen was put in the box in the third inning, and considering that he was in such trim as hard work upon the farm will put a ball player in, did excellent work. When the visitors went to the field in the ninth inning, they had fifteen scores to their credit while the home team had but seven. When our boys went to bat they played the only good ball they had played during the game, and by hard work succeeded in tying the score. The tenth the visitors ran in two and our fellows equalled the effort; the eleventh both sides were goose-egged, and as it was too dark to play it was decided to play it off the next day, but because of the disruption of the home team was not played. Ed F. Gettle umpired the game and rendered satisfactory work. Fusty worked one on the visitors in the tenth inning which surprised them and the crowd as well. A runner was on third base and had led off about ten feet, when the man at bat hit a foul but the runner did not go back to third base. Fusty then pitched the ball away over catcher's head, runner went in home. Fusty then went to third, the ball was thrown to him and the runner was put out. Covert did some excellent playing in left field, but there was less interest manifested in this game than any other ever played by the Blues.

If you want your house spouted go to Andrew Brothers.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Cotton, and the latter's sister, Mrs. Nellie Figley, of Long Island, Kan., visited at Lincoln this week.

Persons desiring any of the Franklin Hart Remedies will find a supply at the residence of Charles Linn. Those who once give them a trial will not want to be without them.

E. E. LINN.

Warren Mitchell discovered a horse hitched to a carriage quietly trotting westward without a driver. He caught the horse and brought it to town and an owner finally appeared for the animal in the person of Frank Vickery of Pawnee City. The horse had come all the way from C. J. Wood's place, four miles from town.

Popular excursion to Burlington Beach, Lincoln, Sunday, July 22. The excursion of the season. Special train will leave Table Rock at 8:50 A. M. Rate, $1.00 for round trip. Burlington Beach is the pleasantest resort in Nebraska. Splendid boating, sailing, and salt water bathing that's as exhilarating as a dip in old ocean itself. You'll miss a treat if you are not at Burlington Beach on the 22nd. Ask the local agent of the B. & M. R. R. R. for further information.

The Daily News of Tecumseh is suffering from nightmare, and the hallucinations which rise before its mental vision are amusing. For instance, it tells a story about Marshal Norris, stopping the drummer from shooting a revolver while the band was playing a military piece at the open air concert on the evening of the Fourth, which has no reality in fact, as the Marshal never spoke to the drummer at all on the occasion spoken of. Take a little something for the stomach's sake Mies News, and you will not be haunted by those fantastic dreams.

In the races at Table Rock 4 of our horses took part. In the 3:00 class J. L. C. owned by J. Lee Chamberlain, of this city, secured third money in the half mile and repeat running race Bob Lee, owen by R. J. Tucker, won second money; in the 2:40 class Beauty, owned by C. W. Pool secured first place, while May, owned by W. A. Irwin secured second place in the same class. About 150 people from this city took part in the celebration at Table Rock and all report themselves as highly pleased with the treatment extended. They have an excellent half mile track; good new stalls; splendid water, and the managers of the track, Fellers Bros., are gentlemen with whom it is a pleasure to do business. —Tecumseh Journal.

Quickmeal Gasoline Stoves at Andrew Brothers.

See N. A. Craig for way down prices on building rock.

E. G. Dey was looking over business interests here on Wednesday.

Irene Lane, who visited relatives at Auburn for two weeks, returned home Tuesday.

Monuments are being placed over the graves of Mr. Horton and Mr. Jones in our cemetery.

Misses Hattie and Ada Dew, of Tecumseh, were guests of the family of their uncle, I. Bain, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Kinsey, Mrs. Standiford and daughter Lizzie, spent the Fourth with friends at Falls City.

I have 160 acres of land in Thomas county, Kansas, close to railroad which I will sell cheap or will trade for Table Rock property. Can give clear title. N. A. CRAIG.

The W. S. A. will meet with Mrs. Marble next Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All the officers are requested to be present.

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, of Chattanoga Tenn., says: "Shiloh's Vitalizer saved my life. I consider it the best remedy for a debilitated system I ever used." For dyspepsia liver or kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cts.

The Ladies Aid Society will hold an ice-cream social in the park on next Wednesday evening, July 18. All are cordially invited to attend.

O. DALTON, Sec'y.

DIED.

On Wednesday evening, July 11, 1894, the Table Rock Base Ball Team of an internal disorder. For a couple of weeks it had been ailing, but no dangerous symptoms had been manifested and it was thought it would speedily recover, with the aid of the new doctors, but the ailment was deeper rooted than supposed and the end came as above stated. Its demise will be greatly regretted by a large circle of friends as during its short life it had manifested elements of true greatness, and had won a distinction for great work more than state wide, and its admirers predicted still greater things for it. But discord grew with its growth, and finally sapped its life blood, and no more will it respond to the cheers of the multitude, and never again will it trail in the cold, clammy earth the colors of Pawnee City's big team, for it is gone, no more to return and the hearts of its friends are in mourning. Let us forget its failures and remember its successes, and who know what may arise from its ashes.

Special Excursion to Burlington Beach

Sunday, July 22 and August 29.

KEEP YOUR EYE ON THE DATES.

A special train will leave Table Rock on the dates at 8:50 a. m., returning, leave Burlington Beach at 7:30 p. m.

Fare for the Round Trip, only 1.00! Yes, only $1.00!!

Here's your chance for a day's recreation and sight seeing at Nebraska's greatest summer resort cheap.

Our Pawnee, Humboldt, Elk Creek and Tecumseh friends will be going on the same train. Parties who intend going should see agent Murphy.

Crete Chautauqua Assembly.

July 6th to 14th, Burlington Route agents at stations witein 150 miles of Crete will tickets to that city at one fare for the round trip.

Tickets and full information upon application to the local B. & M. agent.

We are prepared to do well work of all kinds in the best manner known to the trade, and if you want a well dug, bored, drilled, or any other kind of a well, see us. We guarantee all our work, and when it comes to prices, we can save you money.

VANTASSEL & BILLINGS.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH Sunday services. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m Sunday school at 10 a m. Class after morning service. Epworth League at 2:30 and Bible class at 3 p. m. Teachers meeting Wednesday evening at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 p. m.

J. D. LOCKWELL, Superintendent. P. C. JOHNSON, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Services every Sabbath at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Sunday School at 10 A M. W. H. NILES, pastor. S H DOPP, Superintendent.

Y P S C E prayermeeting at 6:30 P M on Sabbath. P. G. HALLS, President.

Church prayer meeting on Thursday evening at seven o'clock. Strangers as well as friends are cordially invited to any of these services, and will be made welcome.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This Liniment is different in composition from any other liniment on the market. It is a scientific discovery which results in it being the most penetrating Liniment ever known. There are numerous white imitations, which may be recommended because they pay the seller a greater profit. Beware of these and demand Ballard's Snow Liniment. It positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Cuts, Sciatic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Pain in the Back, Barb Wire Cuts, Sore Chest or Throat, and is especially beneficial in paralysis. Sold by S. G. WRIGHT.

OZMANLIS ORIENTAL SEXUAL PILLS

Sure, Prompt, Positive Cure for Impotence, Loss of Manhood, Seminal Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Nervousness, Self Distrust, Loss of Memory, &c. Will make you a STRONG, Vigorous Man. Price $1.00, 6 Boxes, $5.00. Special Directions Mailed with each Box. Address Ballard Snow Liniment Co., 2918 LUCAS AVE. ST. LOUIS, - MO.

DON'T YOU KNOW?

THAT

DR. W. H. WILSON

Has a large and complete stock of drugs, And is headquarters for Wall Paper, Paints, Oils, Books, Etc., also an elegant line of fancy goods.

Prescriptions Promptly Filled.

FULTON & COMBS,

DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements.

We desire to call the attention of the Public to our NEW LINE of

AGRICULTRAL IMPLEMENTS, WAGONS, BUGGIES, ETC.

Our Stock is New and Clean; Our Prices are as low as any in the State. We are here to STAY. If you need anything in our line, it will pay you to call and examine our goods and prices before buying

Remember the place, in the new brick south-east corner of squars,

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Another Division of

COXEY'S ARMY

In Table Rock!

All going to Wright's to buy Wall Paper and Paints.

NOT COXEY'S ARMY

But an army of Customers going and coming in and out of Wright's Drug Store, where they go to buy Paints and Wall Paper. All on account of prices being cut so low

KELLY NOT IN IT

But S. G. Wright is strictly in the Drug, Paint and Wall Paper business.

Fine Stationery, Etc.

S. G. WRIGHT.

O. W. GRIFFING,

PLASTERER AND BRICKLAYER,

WALL and CEMENT CISTERNS and CELLARS, ARCH CAVES, and BUILD FLUES

Having had 15 years experience in the business, I am prepared to do good work at reasonable prices. May be found by inquiring at the ARGUS Office.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

E. M. TAYLOR, Publisher.

TABLE ROCK, -:- NEBRASKA.

OVER THE STATE.

TECUMSEH is going to have a public library.

A commercial club has been organized in Lincoln.

AUBURN is considering the matter of enlarged school facilities.

THE Johnson county Teachers institute will convene July 9th.

SCHOOL census of Fremont, just completed, shows a total of 2,571.

HAIL at Holdrege broke fifty panes of glass in one greenhouse the other day.

NEBRASKA CITY will spend considerable money this year in public improvements.

THE Saline County Teachers' institute will be held at DeWitt beginning August 20.

TWO hundred and seventy-six arrests were made during the month of June in Lincoln.

THREE horses belonging to A. D. Cole of Valentine were killed by lightning the other night.

A BRANCH of the Ancient Order of Hibernians has been organized at Alliance with thirty-five charter members.

NEBRASKA CITY is taking steps for enforcement of the Sunday law. To this end a law and order league will be organized.

THERE will be a base ball tournament in Burwell July 10, 11 and 12. Eight teams will contest for four prizes, from $200 down to $40.

AT an election in Harvard, by a vote of 2 to 1, bonds to the amount of $7,000 carried for a system of water works for fire protection.

LINCOLN will have the Ancient Order of Hibernians parade next March. Ex-State president J. A. Kilroy has withdrawn from the order.

THE residence and barn of N. N. Baxter, three miles northeast of Wallace, burned with all its contents. Loss $1,600, insurance $800. Origin of fire unknown.

THE Columbus board of education has ordered the payment and retirement of $10,000 bonded indebtedness. There is yet an indebtedness of $2,000 to be liquidated.

FOURTEEN head of horses were killed by a stroke of lightning in Cheyenne county last week. They were standing together near a barb wire fence when the bolt came.

MR. AND MRS. CUNNINGHAM, for twenty-five years residents of the vicinity of Milford, celebrated their golden wedding last week, receiving many presents from abroad.

THE following is the mortgage statement of Otoe county for the month of June: Farm mortgages filed, $55,882; released, $35,175; filed on city property, $1,797; released, $3,200.

HAYES CENTER Congregationalists will only hear preaching twice a month this summer, for their pastor, Rev. George E. Taylor, has become field secretary for Doane college.

THE speed contests at the Colfax county fair bid fair to be among the most attractive features of the exhibition, which will be held at Schuyler September 19 to 22.

BECAUSE of lack of proper medical attendance Mrs. Anna Cocharek of Dwight has been declared insane and will be taken to an asylum. She is the mother of five small children.

MRS. MARY CONLEY, a well known resident of Seward, and mother of Hon. Hugh T. Conley, county attorney of Sioux county, fell out of her chair dead. She leaves considerable property.

C. W. JACKSON, who has been mail carrier at Valparaiso for the past year, was arrested by officers from Lincoln and taken to that city to answer to the charge of using canceled postage stamps.

THE 2-year-old daughter of Peter Newman, five miles west of Tecumseh, got her fingers in a mowing machine sickle one day last week, and one finger was so badly mangled that it had to be amputated.

LIGHTNING struck the barn of John Gunderson of Wayne, killed one horse, paralyzed another and bored a lot of holes in the side of a cow. Strange to relate, the hog was apparently not much injured.

FRANK HOFFMANN, a cigar manufacturer of this city, attempted to commit suicide this morning by shooting himself through the head. The ball entered near the right temple. Hopes of his recovery are entertained.

A BARB wire fence in Thayer county got in its work the other day on two horses belonging to William T. Mosier. One of the animals had his jugular vein severed and the other was so terribly cut on the legs that death resulted.

JOHN HEARNE and his 9-year-old son Lewis, while out driving at Hubbell, were thrown from the cart, dislocating the former's collar bone and otherwise injuring him. The boy escaped uninjured by falling on his father.

F. C. COOVER, retail grocer, Hastings, confessed judgment in favor of his wife for $940 and in favor of his son-in-law, Sam McAtee, for $325. Total liabilities, $1,650; assets, $1,000. The failure is attributed to the pressure of creditors.

Money will never be very plenty in Nebraska as long as people send all their money outside the state for their supplies. Factories are employing labor and put money in circulation. Farrell & Co's brand of syrups, jellies, preserves and mince meat; Morse-Coe Candy and shoes for man, women and children; American Biscuit & Manufacturing Co., Omaha, crackers.

AT Falls City John Shurtleff and John Casey went through the clothes of William Tarley at the Missouri Pacific depot and got $15. They were arrested and taken before County Judge Wilhite and bound over to the district court in the sum of $500, in default of which they were taken to jail.

CLIFF, a young son of Dr. I. Bedell, of Nebraska City, met with a painful accident. In company with several other boys he was diving from the end of a raft. In some manner he slipped and fell on the edge of the boat, cutting a terrible gash in his stomach. It required several stitches to close the wound.

A NEW firm has purchased the planing mill at Columbus and will carry on the business of manufacturing building material on an extensive scale.

THE state board of transportation, having been refused the filing of petitions in the supreme court against the railroads for not obeying the board in building connecting switches, will institute proceedings in the Holt county court.

THE "probable program" of the State Teachers' association, which meets at Lincoln December 26, 27 and 28, has already been issued. Already a large number of prominent educators have agreed to be present and deliver addresses.

THE report of State Examiner C. A. McCloud, whose figures are generally conceded to be accurate, shows that ex-County Treasurer Peter Farney of Hamilton county is about $15,000 behind in his accounts. Mr. Farney was elected in 1889.

WHILE bathing in the mill race, at Superior, George Phillips lost consciousness and sank and John Hopper, who was standing by, noticed a few bubbles, and divining the cause, he dived for the drowning man and saved him by prompt work.

THE report made public that J. R. Sutherland, of Tekamah, had been appointed receiver of the Bank of Brainard, is a mistake. No receiver has been needed for the Brainard bank, it being all right and one of the best managed financial institutions in the state.

FIRE broke out in a barn in the rear of the National hotel in Kearney and adjoining C. H. Dogue & Co's lumber yard and warehouse. The fire spread with wonderful rapidity and in an instant the hotel and warehouse were all in flames. Both were partially burned.

HOWARD PERRY, inspector of United States prisons, arrived in Sidney last week and completed arrangements for guarding the commonwealers. He was struck with the appearance of Fort Sidney, and believed it would be an admirable site on which to locate a government prison. Excellent limestone for the purpose can be obtained on the reservation.

THE second annual picnic of the McDonough county, Illinois, association, took place at Seward last week in Fletcher's grove. The association is composed of former residents of McDonough county, Illinois, now residents of Saline and Seward counties. Former residents of Hancock, Henderson, Warren, Knox, Fulton and Schuyler counties were invited to meet with them. There was a large attendance.

A COMMITTEE, consisting of Colonel Will B. Bale of Columbus, Colonel Frank W. Barclay of Beatrice, Captain Z. P. Hedges of South Omaha, Colonel W. H. Cowgill of South Omaha, Colonel J. N. Killan of Columbus, and Major George E. Wetherby of Oakdale, has been appointed by Brigadier General Hotchkiss to make arrangements for the transportation of the Nebraska brigade to encampment at Washington.

C. W. LINDMARK, a Swede, about 30 years of age and a farmer of Polk County, met a horrible death at Clarks. When crossing the Platte bridge in a wagon his team became unmanageable and threw him out over the front endgate, and his body caught in the doubletree in such a way that he could not get loose. He was dragged about three miles before the team was stopped. He was horribly mangled and died long before help came.

Henry A. Salzer, manager of the John A. Salzer Seed company, La Crosse, Wis., is in Europe looking up rare novelties in vegetables and new things in the farm seed line. He will visit the celebrated farming districts of France, Germany, England, Belgium, Russia and Bohemia, and the customers of this wide-awake firm can congratulate themselves upon his bringing along the cream of farm and vegetable seeds that these foreign countries offer.

THE Ancient Order of Hibernians held their state convention in Tecumseh, and, as there was so much work that demanded attention an evening session was held, which lasted until midnight. The attendance was good, nearly every lodge in the state being represented. Prominent among the workers were: T. J. Mahoney, treasurer; John Mangle, secretary; T. J. Floyd and John Rush of Omaha; Dr. McCrann, medical examiner, of South Omaha; James Kelley of Lincoln, and J. G. Kearns of Auburn.

THERE will be a boom in the building trade this season at Nebraska City. The congregations of the Baptist and Presbyterian churches are to erect new houses of worship, bonds are to be voted for a new high school and either a new opera house will be built or the old one remodeled. The Argo Starch company, which was recently organized from the Nebraska City Starch company, will erect new buildings, larger than at present occupied by the company, more than doubling the capacity.

THE residence of Charles J. Hagel, jinner for Harlen & Myers, located at Twenty-fifth and Lincoln streets, was destroyed by fire. The fire was caused from a defective flue, and as the place is beyond the limits of the water mains, no alarm was sounded, though the hooks went out and rendered all assistance possible. A small part of the furniture on the lower floor only was saved. The house was a two story building and valued at about $2,600. The total loss is $3,500, with only partial insurance.

JOHN KROCHE and J. W. Bick and their wives drove to a point on Cub creek near the farm of Joseph Groff, about five miles west of Beatrice, intending to spend the day fishing and picnicking. The men began wading in the creek with small nets catching minnows for bait. They were walking down stream where the water was only a few inches deep. They both stepped over a pile of brushwood, when Kroeche disappeared from sight in sixteen feet of water. The body was recovered after much difficulty.

AL DIERKS, a Madison man, hung his vest on the limb of a tree, and when he came to look for it found it missing. A search resulted in finding the vest near by, but $20 in money and a gold watch were missing. He suspected two boys who had been with him, and swore out a warrant for their arrest. The arrest created some excitement, and as nothing was found in the pockets of the boys it was suggested that a search be made near where the vest was picked up. The search was made and the money and watch found on the ground. The verdict rendered was that a cow had caught her horn in the vest and scattered the contents promiscuously around.

WHITE CITY DESTROYED.

All but Five of the World's Fair Buildings Burned.

CHICAGO, July 7.—All the main buildings of the world's fair, except the Horticultural building, the Women's building, the Art palace, the Machinery hall and the United States government building, were almost entirely burned last night. They were the property of the Columbian Exposition Salvage company and had been purchased for about $90,000.

The fire was discovered by several boys in the southwestern corner of the first floor of the terminal station. When first seen it was but an incipient blaze and the boys tried to stamp it out for several minutes. They were unsuccessful, however, as the fierce gale which was then blowing from the southwest fanned the fire. Before an alarm could be turned in the fire had reached the second story of the building. Owing to the distance which separated most of the engine companies from the scene of the fire, there was considerable delay in getting a stream of water upon the blazing structure.

The first alarm was immediately followed by a 3-11 call, and this by a special call for ten engines. By the time the first detachment of engines was fully at work the terminal station was a mass of flames, and the fire had leaped across to the Administration building. In twenty minutes the dome of this beautiful structure fell with a terrible roar and sparks and blazing brands were carried by the wind north and northeast to the Mining, Electricity and Agricultural buildings. The Electricity was the first to take fire. In a few minutes it was enveloped in flames and at 7:10 o'clock the glass roof collapsed and the iron framework of the structure fell in.

At 7:15 o'clock the east end of the Mining building fell in and the flames became so fierce that engine companies stationed between the Electricity and Mining buildings had to fly for their lives. Engine company 18 was forced to abandon their engine and had scarcely time to cut the horses from the traces. One of the animals succeeded in getting away, but the other was suffocated. Several hundred feet of hose was also burned.

The fire was communicated almost simultaneously to the Transportation, the Manufactures and Agricultural buildings. By hard work, however, the firemen succeeded in saving the greater part of the Transportation building, but the other two buildings were soon enveloped in flames and by 9 o'clock the last of the frame-work of each had fallen in.

An unknown man was burned to death. He, with a companion, was standing upon one of the conduits through which power is transmitted from the Electrical building to MacMonnies fountain. The roof of the conduit, which was burning inside, caved in, letting both men into the flames. One of them was burned to death and the other so badly that he may die. Both were bookkeepers for Marshal Field, and were present as spectators.

WILL ENFORCE THE LAW.

Vigorous Proclamation Issued by the Mayor of Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Mayor Hopkins has issued the following proclamation:

The events of the last twenty-four hours render it necessary extraordinary measures be taken to preserve public peace and order.

The mayor of the city of Chicago has the legal right to demand the services of every able bodied man in the city, and call out the militia, if necessary, to suppress riots or other disorderly conduct, and he will certainly exercise every power vested in him by law for the protection of property and the preservation of the public peace.

He expects every citizen to do his duty in preserving the peace by avoiding all places where crowds are congregated, to attend strictly to his own particular affairs and to see that all women and children are kept away from the public streets and railway tracks.

The mayor intends to enforce every law of the state and ordinance of the city, and he confidently relies upon the people of Chicago to aid him in his efforts in that behalf.

If the well disposed comply with his request, as herein indicated, he will, no doubt, find a means of preventing the evil disposed from violating the laws.

The police force is hereby directed to disperse every assemblage of persons in the public streets and on our railway tracks, and to promptly arrest all persons who refuse to disperse on demand.

JOHN P. HOPKINS, Mayor.

Blockade in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—The seventh day of the great railroad strike closes with the blockade more complete in Northern California than it has been at any time since Debs ordered the A. R. U. men to tie up the Southern Pacific.

A Pittsburg Road Tied Up.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 7.—The strike on the Cleveland and Pittsburg road has reached Conway, twenty-three miles west of this city, where the yards of the company are located. All freight trains are tied up at that point and nothing has come through to-day. All passenger trains from the West were delayed this morning, the only trains arriving being those made up at Fort Wayne and Columbus.

Buffalo May Next Be Affected.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 7.—A telegram has been received from President Debs by a sympathizer in the cause stating that the Buffalo members of the American Railway union will be called out inside of twenty-four hours. The railroad managers are growing a little nervous, though they profess ability to cope with the strikers.

Troops on Guard at Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 7.—The presence of four companies of state troops here has effectually awed the strikers. The Wabash railroad company to-day got out one passenger train east and one west, both guarded by troops. The troops were compelled to charge the strikers at various points.

Armour's Firemen Quit Work.

CHICAGO, July 7.—The firemen employed at the Armour establishment went out last night and the big plant was left in total darkness, as the electric light machinery was obliged to shut down.

Mrs. Burton Harrison's story, "A Bachelor Maid," which begins publication in the July number of the Century, takes up a new phase of the woman's rights question, the revolt against matrimony and the more or less exacting ties of family life, which are supposed by those who have aspirations to hamper the fullest development of ideal womanhood.

ANARCHY IS RAMPANT

SEVEN STRIKERS KILLED BY DEPUTY MARSHALS.

All the Illinois State Troops Called Out—Trains Wrecked and Fired—Two Battles Between Strikers and Deputy Marshals—Armour's Warehouses Set on Fire—Destruction Everywhere in the Railroad District.

Death and Destruction by Strikers.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Anarchy prevailed in all the railroad districts of Chicago to-day. Hundreds of cars have been wrecked on the various lines, fires have been set in many sections, an engineer on a Fort Wayne passenger train is reported to have been stoned to death at Fortieth street and the train left in the possession of the mob; a Wabash passenger train has been seized by a mob, electric light wires have been cut and fire alarm boxes plugged, a policeman has been shot at, United States deputy marshals have collided and two strikers have been killed, and a Wabash, provision train has been looted. These are but a part of the lawless acts of the mobs of to-day.

At 9 o'clock the situation became so threatening that Mayor Hopkins telegraphed hastily to the governor asking for the ordering out of the five regiments of militia, the United States troops of whom there are only 800, and the 1,300 police of the city being powerless to quell the disturbances so wide a territory do the rioters cover.

Soon afterwards a message was received from the governor ordering out the First and Third brigades of the state militia, commanded by Brigadier Generals Wheeler and Welch.

TWO RIOTERS MEET DEATH.

At Kensington, strikers began collecting on the Illinois Central tracks early and at 10 o'clock 500 men were rushing up and down the yards overturning freight cars and blocking the tracks in every manner possible. A force of about 150 deputy United States marshals and Cook county deputies were in the vicinity and charged the mob at various places, driving small squads of men from the yards. The striker's forces were rapidly recruited and by 10:30 o'clock 1,000 frantic men were howling and throwing stones over a stretch of tracks a mile in length.

At that time the Illinois Central milk train came steaming slowly up from the South, attempting to reach the city. The mob immediately charged on it and in a trice the engine was detached and the cars overturned.

The strikers, mounting the engine, carried it back a quarter of a mile, and opening the trottle, jumped from the cab. The locomotive, rushing forward at full speed, dashed into the wreck and tore through the derailed cars until it was thrown upon its side.

The crowd mounted the wreck with exultant cheers and held high carnival until the force of deputies prepared to charge. As they came on the run they were met with a shower of stones and coupling pins and, halting, opened fire, killing two men and wounding others. For a moment the mob wavered as the bullets cut through their ranks and then with a howl they charged the little force of deputies, which retreated to a safe distance to await reinforcements. Police details were hurried to the scene and the rioters continued the derailing of cars.

FIVE MORE RIOTERS SHOT.

At 2:30 this afternoon a passenger train on the Baltimore and Ohio, which had been held in South Chicago all night, was started for the city under guard of several deputy marshals. At Forty-third and Ash streets it was met by a mob which fired on it and at the same time poured in volley after volley of stones. The trainmen and deputies at once returned the fire and for three minutes a lively howling and whistling was kept up. Four of the strikers were hit and were carried off by their friends. None of the men on the train were hurt and the train proceeded to the depot without further interruption. It was reported later that at least four strikers were killed in the lively fight and several others injured.

A mob attempted this afternoon to overturn some cars on the Panhandle road at Brighton park. They were resisted by deputy sheriffs and one of the strikers named Charles Foote was shot in the neck by a deputy. The wound is believed to be fatal.

A short time after this train had arrived at the depot a through train for New York pulled out and was compelled to stop at Thirty-ninth street by long lines of blazing cars which had been fired by the strikers. Several cars had also been thrown across the track and set on fire. The train was compelled to return to the depot.

FIRE SET TO ARMOUR'S WAREHOUSE.

An attempt was made by the strikers and their sympathizers to burn Armour's warehouse in the stock yards. Some one set fire to a car load of coal standing back of the fertilizing works and a blaze was soon started. An alarm was turned in and an engine and hose cart were soon on their way to Armour's. The department had no difficulty in subduing the flames after they got on the grounds. This act of incendiarism was denounced on all sides.

The firemen employed in the packing houses of Nelson Morris & Co. and Swift & Co. struck this morning and were soon followed by the steam fitters. About the same time Armour & Co.'s teamsters refused to work longer, saying they had been assaulted and threatened so much that they feared to take out their teams.

REGULARS SENT TO KENSINGTON.

Attorney F. S. Winston, representing the Michigan Central railroad, applied to United States Marshal Arnold for relief. Marshal Arnold sent a deputy to General Miles with a request that troops be sent there with a force of deputies. The reply came back from General Miles that a company of troops encamped on the lake front was at the disposal of the marshal. A force of deputies was sent to the lake front and with one company of regulars went to Kensington on a train furnished by the Illinois Central.

At West Pullman this afternoon a mob of 200 men came over from Pullman, ordered the telegraph operator to close his office, drove him out and turned over a lot of box cars and blocked the Panhandle road.

WABASH PROVISION CARS LOOTED.

Late last night a mob of 5,000 marauders marched to the Wabash tracks at Forty-fifth street where a train of eighteen cars of provisions and dressed beef lay sidetracked. The cars were torn open and much of the contents carried away. What was not confiscated was dumped out of the cars and thrown about the tracks before Lieutenant Kihler with a detachment of men dispersed the crowd. The stock was gathered up as much as possible and a guard stationed at the tracks for the night.

When the officers arrived they found the crowd carrying off sacks of potatoes, boxes of canned goods, flour and other freight. Women had their aprons full of stolen goods and children staggered under heavy loads of booty. Barrels of flour were being rolled down the streets leading from the yards, wagons were on hand and being loaded and a rich harvest was being secured.

On the arrival of the police the mob started on a run for the yards. Each officer singled out one of the men and soon had him under arrest. Eighteen were marched to the station and locked up.

On the way to the station the women attacked the officers and tried to rescue the prisoners. The mob hooted and yelled that they were starving and must have food, even if they had to steal it. Another detail of police was sent to the yards, but the mob had dispersed.

MORE PILLAGING AND DESTRUCTION.

The idle men resumed the work of destruction at the stock yards this morning. In the vicinity of Forty-third street and Ashland avenue cars were overturned, switch shanties burned and switches tampered with. The police and deputies effected little restraint upon the lawless throng. There were no federal troops in the neighborhood.

At Burnside, a station three miles nearer Chicago than Kensington, fifty empty freight cars, were standing upon the track. The mob set fire to these and they were all practically destroyed.

Rioting on the Rock Island road at Fifty-first street was reported at noon. A company of the Fifteenth regiment regulars was ordered to the scene.

An incoming milk train was attacked on the Fort Wayne tracks near Fortieth street, and the stock yards to-day and the crew driven off with stones. The police turned the tables on the rioters and the mob was dispersed after several shots had been fired by the police.

At Hammond the strikers captured a milk train and dumped the cars into the ditch. Further rioting followed.

The Western Indiana is open for traffic, but there are large mobs along the tracks stoning trains as they pass.

ALTGELD TO CLEVELAND.

Demands Withdrawal of Federal Troops —The President's Reply.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Governor Altgeld of Illinois, has called upon the president to remove the federal troops from Illinois. The following is Governor Altgeld's telegram:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, STATE OF ILLINOIS, July 5, 1894.—Hon. Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.: Dear Sir—I am advised that you have ordered federal troops to go into service in the state of Illinois. Surely the facts have not been correctly presented to you in this case or you would not have taken this step, for it is entirely unnecessary and, as it seems to me, unjustifiable. Waiving all questions of courtesy, I will say that the state of Illinois is not only able to take care of itself, but it stands ready to-day to furnish help to the federal government and is ready and able to enforce the law, and it is in harmony with this fundamental principal that the statute authorizing the president to send troops into states must be construed, especially is this so in matters relating to the exercise of police power and the preservation of law and order.

To absolutely ignore a local government in matters of this kind when the local government is ready to furnish assistance needed and is amply able to enforce the law, not only insults the people of this state by imputing to them an inability to govern themselves or an unwillingness to enforce the law, but is in violation of a basic principle of our institutions. The question of federal supremacy is in no way involved.

No one disputes it for a moment, but under our constitution federal supremacy and local self-government must go hand in hand, and to ignore the latter is to do violence to the constitution.

As governor of the state of Illinois I protest against this, and ask the immediate withdrawal of the federal troops from active duty in this state. Should the situation at any time get so serious that we cannot control it with state forces, we will promptly ask for federal assistance, but until such time, I protest, with all due deference, against this uncalled for reflection upon our people, and again ask the immediate withdrawal of these troops. I have the honor to be, yours respectfully,

JOHN P. ALTGELD, Governor of Illinois.

President Cleveland's Reply.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—President Cleveland has sent the following reply to Governor Altgeld's demand for the removal of federal troops from Illinois:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, July 8, 1894.

Hon. John P. Altgeld, governor of Illinois, Springfield, Ill.

Federal troops were sent to Chicago in strict accordance with the constitution and the laws of the United States, upon demand of the postoffice department that obstruction of the mails should be removed and upon the representations of the judicial officers of the United States that process of the federal courts could not be executed through the ordinary means, and upon abundant proof that conspiracies existed against commerce between the states.

To meet these conditions, which are clearly within the province of the federal authority, the presence of federal troops in the city of Chicago was deemed not only proper but necessary, and there has been no intention of thereby interfering with the plain duty of the local authorities to preserve the peace of the city.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

As befits the close of June and the entrance of July, Harper's Bazar this week furnishes its readers with charming designs for yachting gowns, well fitted to set off the beauty of young women who love the breezes and the waves. The literary feast opened by the Bazar includes a light sketch by Frances Bacon Paine, entitled "Summer Plans;" and a poem which mothers will enjoy, "My Mending Basket," by Bessie Chandler, Col. T. W. Higginson's delightful fortnightly essay, "Just In Time," discusses the best time for going to the country, and the way it talks of birds and flowers makes city people wild to go to their favorite summer resting place.

HIS FIRST MESSAGE.

President Cassimier-Perier Speaks Very Strongly.

PARIS, July 5.—In the chamber of deputies to-day Premier Dupuy read President Casimir-Perier's message. The document was also read by the premier in the senate. It is as follows:

"I have been summoned by the national assembly to be the first magistrate of France. I am no party man; I belong to France and to the republic.

"An odious crime, which the national conscience repels, has robbed the country of the upright citizen who has been the vigilant guardian of the constitution. May the memory of such devoted duty inspire and guide me.

"The act of the national assembly, which in a few hours assured the regular transmission of power, is fresh confirmation of the stability of republican institutions in the eyes of the world.

"I am resolved to foster the methods necessary to uphold the republican democracy, and it is my firm purpose to commit to other hands the destinies of France at the expiration of my seven years' term of office.

"Trustful in her own resources, France, which has received from the governments and the peoples touching proofs of sympathy, has, with uplifted head, affirmed her love for peace. She is worthy of her past and will remain the hearth and intellectual light of toleration and progress."

Mme. Carnot has refused a pension offered by the cabinet.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR NEXT.

The Chicago Members of the Order Read to Strike on the Word.

CHICAGO, July 5.—Master Workman Lindholm, chief of the Knights of Labor in Chicago and Cook county, was in conference with the leaders of the American Railway union to-day. He said after the conference: "We are all ready to go on a strike when asked and we shall obey an order for walk-out to a man. The Knights of Labor are heart and soul with the A. R. U., and Mr. Sovereign is doing all he can to assist in the fight."

No definite action was taken at the American Railway union directory meeting to-day towards calling on the trades unions for aid.

TROOPS IN CALIFORNIA.

Six United States Companies Sent to Los Angeles to Raise the Tie-Up.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—For the first time in the history of California the federal military has been called into the field to prevent trouble within the borders of the state. By order of general Rugor, six companies of soldiers, fully armed and ready for a service of thirty-five days, are now on the way to Los Angeles to assist the railroad companies.

A Deficit of Nearly $70,000,000.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The comparative statement of the receipts and expenditures of the government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894, issued at the treasury yesterday, shows the receipts to have been $296,060,336 and the expenditures $366,593,359, which leaves a deficit of $69,633,023.

Fire at Guttenburg, Iowa, burned a flour mill, agricultural warehouse, hotel and four dwelling houses. A change of wind saved the town from destruction. Loss, $30,000.

A freight train consisting of an engine, caboose and twenty-eight cars, fell through a high trestle on the St. Louis, Southwestern road near New Louisville, Ark. Two employes were killed.

It is officially announced that Sir Charles Russell, formerly attorney general, who lately succeeded the late Charles Bowen as lord justice of her majesty's court of appeals, has been appointed to succeed Lord Coleridge, who died on June 14 last, as lord chief justice of England.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA.			
Butter—Creamery print	16	@	18
Butter—Choice country	12	@	14
Eggs—Fresh	9	@	9½
Honey—Per lb	14	@	16
Poultry—Old hens per lb	5	@	6½
Chickens—Spring per lb	9	@	10
Lemons	3 75	@	4 00
Oranges—Florida	3 50	@	3 75
Pineapples—Per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Potatoes—New	80	@	85
Beans—Navy	2 10	@	2 15
Peas—Per bu	1 50	@	1 60
Beans—Wax, per bu	1 50	@	1 60
Onions—New southern per bu	1 40	@	1 60
Apples—Per ¼ bu. box	1 00	@	1 25
Hogs—Mixed packing	4 70	@	4 75
Hogs—Heavy weights	4 75	@	4 80
Beeves—Prime steers	4 25	@	4 70
Beeves—Stockers and Feeders	2 00	@	3 50
Steers—Fair to good	4 00	@	4 30
Steers—Westerns	2 80	@	3 90
Sheep—Lambs	2 50	@	3 75
Sheep—Choice natives	3 25	@	4 00
NEW YORK.			
Wheat—No. 2, red winter	61	@	62
Corn—No. 2	46¾	@	47
Oats—Mixed western	50	@	50¾
Pork	12 50	@	13 00
Lard	7 15	@	7 25
CHICAGO.			
Wheat—No. 2 spring	58	@	58¾
Corn—Per bu	41	@	41¾
Oats—Per bu	43	@	46
Pork	12 47	@	12 50
Lard	6 70	@	6 72½
Hogs—Packers and mixed	4 90	@	5 00
Cattle—Com. steers to extra	3 40	@	4 00
Sheep—Lambs	3 00	@	3 00
ST. LOUIS.			
Wheat—No. 2 red, cash	55	@	55¾
Corn—Per bu	41	@	42
Oats—Per bu	41½	@	42
Hogs—Mixed packing	4 75	@	5 05
Cattle—Native steers	4 70	@	4 80
KANSAS CITY.			
Wheat—No. 2 red, cash	49	@	49¾
Corn—No. 2	39½	@	39¾
Oats—No. 2	30	@	31¼
Cattle—Stockers and feeders	2 00	@	3 50
Hogs—Mixed packers	4 90	@	4 95

PRENDERGAST NOT INSANE.

The Chicago Assassin Must Be Hanged in Ten Days Unless Reprieved.

CHICAGO, July 5.—The jury in the Prendergast case found the prisoner not insane and he will be hanged July 13 unless reprieved.

Since Carnot's death all members of the royal family of England are protected by detectives. A very close watch is kept to prevent any attempt being made upon the life of the Czarewitch, who is at present in England, visiting his betrothed, the Princess of Hesse.

IN STRIKERS' HANDS.

CALIFORNIA MILITIA REFUSE TO OBEY ORDERS.

Declined to Move on the Strikers—One Company Gives Over Its Arms and Ammunition to Them—Intense Excitement Over the Strike Situation at Sacramento—Freight Cars Burned at Blue Island, Ill.

Progress of the Great Strike.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 6.—Throughout yesterday the most intense excitement has prevailed here. The celebration of the national holiday was completely overshadowed by the stirring events arising from the desperate struggle between the Southern Pacific and the A. R. U. At 10 o'clock two regiments of state militia from San Francisco and two companies from Stockton marched into the city.

Soon after the troops had breakfasted the city became wildly excited over a report that several men had been shot. Many of the strikers were wild with rage. It transpired, however, that the shooting was accidental.

At 1 o'clock the troops moved toward the depot, where a large force of police, deputy sheriffs and deputies under United States Marshal Baldwin were already on guard. The strikers and sympathizers to the number of several thousand had preceded the troops. When the soldiers arrived they were greeted with derisive yells and harsh comments. One body of troops passed into the railroad yards and took up position along the main line. The rest of the soldiers were massed outside the depot.

Finally three companies of militia were ordered to drive the strikers from the depot. The scene was at once tumultous and the situation threatening. For a few moments the soldiers hesitated, then they wavered, and then came a blunt refusal to move against the excited strikers. A few minutes later all the troops turned their backs upon the turbulent mob at the depot and quietly withdrew to the armory. A deafening shout announced the second victory of the strikers over the railroad company and their first victory over the state's militia.

Soon after this it became known why the military retreated. United States Marshal Baldwin and the railroad officials had insisted that the troops refrain from shooting and that they remove the strikers by physical strength. This plan the officers of the militia absolutely refused to sanction.

When the troops had withdrawn to their armory and the jubilant strikers and their sympathizers were loudly celebrating their victory, a new source of danger became apparent. A body of fifty strikers appeared on the streets armed with rifles and ammunition. It was learned that the Garibaldi guard had turned the contents of its arsenal over to the strikers. The authorities and railroad people became further alarmed when advised of the warlike preparations of the strikers at various points north of here on the Oregon branch. At Dunsmuir, a body of seventy-five strikers, fully armed and equipped for battle, marched to the Southern Pacific depot, where other A. R. U. men had a car and locomotive in waiting and soon this armed body of excited men was speeding toward Sacramento. A United States marshal's car was coupled behind the coach in which the warlike strikers are riding.

At Red Bluff a demonstration which also portends trouble was made by the strikers. The A. R. U. men there received orders early in the morning to come to Sacramento, and at once began rustling about the town for arms. Finally 150 rifles and plenty of amunition was secured and placed in a caboose at the depot.

MORE TROOPS FOR CHICAGO.

Six Companies Ordered From Fort Leavenworth and Two From Fort Brady.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Without abating their vigilance in the smallest degree, the war department officials today are much more confident that the difficulties at Chicago will be settled speedily without bloodshed or serious conflict. They are inclined to believe that the crisis has passed, and that there is no danger of any formidable resistance to the laws of the United States.

The most important action taken since the troops were ordered to Chicago was the sending of a telegram late last night by General Schofield to General Miles, commanding the department of the Missouri, authorizing him to draw upon the military posts at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., and Fort Brady, Mich., for reinforcements to strengthen the troops available for service at Chicago.

The troops ordered to Chicago were six companies of infantry from Fort Leavenworth, selected by the post commander from Company A of the Fifth infantry, Company H of the Seventh, Companies A and F of the Tenth, Companies E and G of the Twelfth, Company F of the Thirteenth and Company H of the Fourteenth, and from Fort Brady, Mich., two of the three companies. They will increase General Miles' available force to two full regiments of infantry, besides his cavalry and artillery.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., July 1.—On orders from General Nelson A. Miles at Chicago a special train was secured over the Burlington road and just before noon it left for Chicago with four companies on board. There are 237 enlisted men and 16 officers in command of Captain J. M. J. Sanno.

Engineers Loyal to the Company.

DENVER, Col., July 6.—The engineers of the Denver and Rio Grande have unanimously decided that their duty to both their order and the railway requires them to perform every service required of them as engineers by the road. A majority of the firemen are of the same opinion as regards themselves.

Russia as a Peacemaker.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 6.—Russia has urged both China and Japan to withdraw their troops from Corea and endeavor to amicably settle their dispute regarding that country.

REGULARS AGAINST MOBS.

One Band Flees Before Bayonets, But Others Gather—The Outlook Bad.

CHICAGO, July 6.—United States troops made their first charge on the strikers at the stock yards this morning, and ninety of the Fifteenth regiment, under Major Hartz, Captains Chapin of Company B and Mitchell of Company D, dispersed 3,000 men who were blocking the passage of a meat train near the main entrance to the yards.

Swift & Co.'s meat train for New York was ready to leave the yards, but the crowd prevented its departure and refused to move from the tracks. Troops were sent for and the detachment under Major Hartz was soon on the ground. Soon the order to move on the double quick with fixed bayonets was given. Through the crowd the soldiers moved without resistance and the strikers and their sympathizers fled without re-forming. The train then went on its way.

Foot soldiers guarded the tracks and the cavalry preceded the train. Hooting and yelling on all sides an increasing mob tagged along calling the trainmen harsh names, and trying to hinder the operation of the switches. Many women were in the crowd, and their voices joined those of the men in deriding the troops and peace officers. Forty-third street viaduct, under which the train passed, was crowded with angry spectators, but at this time the opposition confined itself to noise.

At Wallace street the train stopped while an attempt was made to replace a switch that had been thrown. Stone throwing for the first time interrupted the work. M. S. Wright, an officer of the packing company, was struck and knocked senseless by a rock. He had been trying to throw a switch. His fall was the signal for an order to the cavalry in advance of the train. At the first move of the horsemen the rioters turned back and the railway men threw the switch. Without further trouble the train proceeded to Dolez and Shepard's stoneyards. Again the crowd closed in on the engine, and the threat of a charge by the cavalry did not restore order. The order to clear the track was given and the horsemen rode into the crowd. The rioters scattered without being harmed.

From this point to the Fort Wayne crossing, the train made good headway. Closed gates at the crossing barred further progress and the train came to a standstill. No one would open the gates and the delay was prolonged.

Beyond the crossing several freight cars were dumped on their sides on the tracks and it was impossible to move them. Neither police nor the soldiers would touch the cars. At other points along the line the same blockade was made, and the afternoon was spent in an attempt to straighten up the roadway. About 10,000 people gathered around the stalled train, and any move by the railway officers it was expected would meet with violent opposition.

Strikers were scattered at several other points by the troops.

A train on the Lake Shore was stopped at Forty-fourth street at 11 o'clock this morning. The engineer and fireman refused to leave the engine and were forcibly pulled off by the strikers. The engine was then cut from the train, which was moved back into the yards by the strikers. General Miles, at United States military headquarters here, said at 11:30 o'clock that he considered the strike situation more favorable than was anticipated. He was hoping that serious trouble or bloodshed might be avoided. Soldiers from Fort Leavenworth, he said, would arrive during the afternoon and would be posted to good advantage.

General Miles had an interview with General Brooks of Omaha. It is understood that the subject of discussion was the disposition of troops along the Union Pacific.

INGALLS ON THE STRIKE.

The Kansas Ex-Senator Makes a Strong Speech at DeKalb, Ill.

DEKALB, Ill., July 6.—Ex-Senator Ingalls of Kansas was the orator of the day at the Independence Day celebration here. He announced a new declaration of independence, "a government of law, not a government of men." He denounced the riotous operations of strikers and termed their violent deeds as anarchy run mad. He admitted that labor had exactly the same right to combine as capital, but when they combined to prevent by violence and superior strength other men from working for wages that they had rejected, that was tyranny and usurpation. The men who recently shouted, "To hell with the government of the United States," were as much rebels as the men who fired upon Fort Sumter.

Michigan's Populist Candidates.

LANSING, Mich., July 6.—The Populist state convention finally completed its ticket early this morning as follows: Governor, Dr. A. W. Nichols of Montcalm; lieutenant governor, Perry Mayo of Calhoun; secretary of state, Elisha Dangborn of Grand Traverse; treasurer, Edward Brown of Clinton; auditor general, Robert McDougall of Hillsdall; attorney general, James E. McBride of Kent.

Yatching costumes and interesting designs for travelling dresses are prominent among the fashion features of Harper's Bazar this month; and it is announced that Julius Henri Browne will contribute to the literary features of the same paper a series of articles, entitled "The New Order of Women," which tell in detail about women wage-earners, giving the numbers employed in different professions.

FORTY DWELLINGS BURNED.

Hudson, Mass., Visited by a Conflagration Causing a Loss of $1,000,000.

HUDSON, Mass., July 5.—Shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the most disastrous fire this section has ever seen, broke out in Chamberlain's shoe factory, Wood's square. Forty dwelling houses were destroyed with their contents. The firemen worked with a will, but their efforts were in vain, and it was finally found necessary to blow up a number of houses to save the town from destruction. The loss is estimated between $750,000 and $1,000,000; mostly insured.

MOBS AGAINST REGULARS.

The Chicago Strikers Overturn Freight Cars.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Fifteen freight cars were overturned on the Lake Shore road near Thirty-ninth and Halstead streets just at the entrance to the Union stock yards at 1:30 p. m., just after a number of cars belonging to the Stock Yards Switching association had been overturned. The mob numbered far up in the thousands. No troops were at the scene of the trouble at the time, the soldiers from Blue Island being nearly half a mile distant.

Ten thousand strikers congregated at Fortieth street and Wentworth avenue and tried to wreck the tower house on the Lake Shore and Rock Island roads. Police Lieutenant Fitzpatrick was dispatched to the scene with a large force of police.

Still another overturned about fifty freight cars on the Fort Wayne road between Thirty-ninth and Root streets, a point not covered by the troops.

At the same time as the other mobs were at work, hundreds of a mob which had surrounded Swift & Co.'s meat train but had been held partly in check by regulars, started down the Fort Wayne railroad tracks bent on lawlessness. First they fired a switch over near Fortieth street and Stewart avenue. Then they attacked a Fort Wayne dummy train from East Chicago. The engineers and firemen were driven away and the windows of the cars smashed. The conductors and passengers abandoned the train and it was left to the mercy of the strikers. When it seemed permanently abandoned the strikers stopped their attack and continued their march along the tracks and many freight cars were dumped across the tracks. The regulars remained with the meat train.

A train belonging to Morris & Co., was stopped by force by strikers at Thirty-seventh street this afternoon. It was loaded with live cattle, which were said to be choking from thirst.

President Debs this afternoon declared that if it became necessary the chiefs of the various labor organizations in the city would call out every trade in Chicago so that the strikers would win.

The Illinois Central railroad renewed its suburban service to-day and a limited number of trains were running with the usual regularity. The suburban service of the Illinois Central road has been practically suspended since last Saturday and was seriously crippled for some days previous.

TARIFF BILL PASSED.

Hill Votes With the Republicans Against It—The Populists Divide.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—In the midst of intense excitement at 10:45 Tuesday night, after having been debated for three months and one day, the tariff bill, amended to take effect August 1, 1894, passed the senate by a vote of 34 to 30, a strict party vote except Mr. Hill, who voted with the Republicans against the measure. The Populists divided their strength, two, Messrs. Kyle and Allen voting in favor of the bill, and two, Messrs. Peffer and Stewart, against it.

A hard but hopeless fight was made by the Republicans under the leadership of Mr. Sherman to place wool on the dutiable list. Through the instrumentality of Mr. McLaurin, Democrat of Mississippi, the action of the committee of the whole in exempting the salaries of the United States judges and the president of the United States from the operation of the income tax was reserved in the senate. A very important piece of legislation in the shape of an anti-trust law was placed on the bill as a rider, without even so much as a division. It was designed, as Mr. Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, said, to insure "integrity in the execution of the law," it being admitted that any tariff system afforded abundant opportunity for the formation of trusts and combines.

The amendment to section 71, repealing the reciprocity clause of the McKinley law, declaring the repeal should not be construed to abrogate reciprocal arrangements now in existence, was agreed to.

Upon the announcement of the vote the galleries cheered. Democrats threw bills high in the air, and amid a scene of jubilation the senate adjourned until Friday.

RIOT IN BUTTE.

Two Men Killed Over A. P. A. Trouble—State Militia Called Out.

HELENA, Mont., July 6.—Ill feeling between A. P. A. and other elements in Butte yesterday resulted in a riot in which two men, one a policeman named Daly was killed. The militia was called out to preserve the peace.

As becomes a July number of any magazine, the Atlantic for this month has its share of out-of-door papers. They show more than one way of getting a change of scene and air, for besides Mr. Frank Bolles's Nova Scotia paper, "The Home of Glooscap," and Mr. Bradford Torrey's Florida sketch, "On the Beach at Daytona," an unsigned article, "The City on the Housetops," gives a vivid and sympathetic picture of the summer life on the roofs of houses in the most crowed quarters of New York. It is evidently the work of a man who has lived the life himself. Mr. W. R. Thayer has edited for the Atlantic the letters of Sidney Lanier to a Philadelphia friend. They are to appear in two installments, the first of which, in the current number, shows them to be of uncommon literary interest and biographical value. Houghton, Mifflin & Co., Boston.

Station Agent Richards of Nowata, Ind. Ter., Killed on the Depot Platform.

NOWATA, Ind. Ter., July 6.—A. L. Richards, station agent of the Missouri Pacific railway, was standing on the depot platform at 10 o'clock last night, waiting for the train from the south, when one of a number of men who had been around the depot suddenly confronted him, revolver in hand, and ordered him to throw up his hands. Richards, who had a revolver in his left hand, raised it. As he did so the robber shot. The ball cut off one of Richard's fingers and, entering his neck, killed him.

THE TIE-UP SPREADS.

MORE GREAT LINES BECOMING INVOLVED.

The Vanderbilt Interests Drawn Into the Struggle—The Four Roads of that Great System Entering Chicago Crippled—Federal Troops Ordered Out at Los Angeles and Raton, N. M.—Chicago Stock Yards at a Stand Still for the First Time.

The Great Strike Spreading.

CHICAGO, July 5.—The gigantic strike directed by President Eugene V. Debs of the American Railway union is still growing steadily, involving new railroad systems in its bonds. No one can now tell what will be the ultimate extent or what the result of the conflict. To-day the Wabash was tied up from end to end and all but one railroad entering Chicago was paralyzed.

At Chicago, the Northwestern, the Nickel Plate, the Michigan Southern and Michigan Central were added to the completely tied up roads and the Burlington is the only one now unaffected to any appreciable degree. Lake vessel men threaten to still further complicate the situation by refusing to handle freight from boycotted lines. The various companies will not make any determined effort to secure relief until Thursday.

The great Chicago stock yards were completely paralyzed to-day for the first time in their history. The total receipts were thirteen hogs. There were no shipments and the packing houses were completely shut down.

At Blue Island, Ill., the strikers jeered at the president and the United States and a riot was narrowly averted. This morning all was quiet there simply because nothing was being done. Urgent appeals have been made for United States troops, and until these arrive there can be no attempt to break the tie up.

The president of the United States and his advisers are fully aware of the dangers which now confront the West and are taking prompt measures to bring the power of the government to bear. Federal troops are now engaged in raising the blockades at Trinidad, Col., Raton, N. M., and Los Angeles, Cal., and are under orders at Chicago. State troops are being held in readiness for action at St. Louis, Lansing, Mich., and other points, and are on duty at Decatur, Ill.

The Wabash railroad was to-day added to the list of lines in trouble in Kansas City. It has abandoned its through freight business and has laid off seventy men on the Kansas City-St. Louis division. Some of its passenger trains are being moved in the face of great obstacles, and others have been abandoned. It is probable that it will follow the policy of the Rock Island lines east of the Missouri river and quit business entirely. The Rock Island trains west of Kansas City are running with no delay. The Alton recovered itself last night and sent out its Chicago and St. Louis trains on time and the trains came in from Chicago and St. Louis to-day. The Santa Fe is doing reasonably well with local and a couple of through trains daily under the circumstances, but has given up all efforts to move freight trains. Many more men struck at Argentine to-day, so that now the Santa Fe has practically no men left there. The Kansas City lines in trouble will probably pursue the policy adopted by the Rock Island and quit business if trouble increases. The Rock Island has discharged all of its clerks and station agents east of the Missouri river. The Milwaukee has laid off many men in Kansas City and elsewhere.

At Topeka leaders of the American Railway union are indulging in incendiary talk. Big meetings are being held and the railroad men are being exhorted to stand together. On the Santa Fe generally there has been little change.

The various orders on the Union Pacific are opposed to aiding the boycotters, but the strike is general on the western part of the system.

At St. Louis the Iron Mountain switchmen have returned to work, but the Wabash is completely tied up. All is quiet to-day.

Debs declares that he and his men are violating no laws and that injunctions are not necessary. He is taking especial precautions to insure quiet to-morrow.

Strike Director Phelan was arrested in Cincinnati for interfering with train service on a road in the hands of the federal court.

The Alton road is tied up at Bloomington, Ill.

The strike has spread to Detroit and Battle Creek, Mich., and the situation is very grave.

Reports from many points in the country are that the strike is steadily spreading.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Difficulty of Holding a Quorum in the House.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The house held a brief session yesterday, and on account of the difficulty of holding a quorum nothing of importance was done beyond the passage of the senate bill extending the time within which the Oregon and Washington bridge company may construct a bridge across the Columbia river; house bill to amend Section 3 of the act to regulate liens arising out of United States court decisions, and a resolution directing the commissioner of labor to investigate the question of the work and wages of women and children. Before 2 o'clock the house adjourned until Thursday.

President Cleveland and His Advisers Prepared for Decisive Action.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—President Cleveland, Secretaries Gresham and Lamont, Attorney General Olney and Generals Schofield and Miles held a long conference last night in regard to its strike trouble at Chicago and at the close General Miles started for Chicago. It is understood that it was decided to act firmly in preserving order and enforcing federal laws. General Schofield said: "We have made all the necessary preparations and will now carry out the order of the United States courts with decision, vigor and promptitude."

FIERY TALK AT TOPEKA.

Strikers Listen to Incendiary Speeches by Leaders—No General Change.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 5.—There were meetings of railroad men all over town yesterday afternoon and last night, but they amounted to little more than talk. The meeting of the Santa Fe firemen, switchmen and brakemen was perhaps the most interesting, as a resolution was adopted to strike. This, however, has not been carried out, all the members of those orders being at work to-day except those who belong to the American Railway Union.

The American Railway union meeting held late yesterday afternoon was very large. The principal subject of discussion was the question of wages now due. A committee was appointed to call upon Treasurer Wilder, and while waiting for it to report the meeting was worked into a pitch of excitement by inflammatory speeches. The committee, after considerable delay, reported that Mr. Wilder had said that he was not prepared to state when the company would be able to pay.

Conductor J. W. Lyons, who was discharged last week for not taking out a train said:

Over 400,000 men are now out in the country. The entire army of the United States amounts only to 25,000 men. Do you think they can run the Santa Fe? When the boiler makers were out alone they could do it. When the conductors were out they might do it, when the firemen, when the engineers, when the brakemen were out alone that army might do it. But now everybody is out. Can they run it?

Men, for God's sake, stand by your fellow laborers! Will you as men, as citizens of the United States, take the bread out of the mouths of the men who are now striking? Will you descend to the lowest level? [Cries of "No, no!"] The men have been very lenient to the Santa Fe company. Why, they have even gone so far as to loan the company two months' wages with which to do business.

After Lyon's speech an opportunity was given for men to sign the roll of the union, and, excited by Lyon's speech, many signed. R. J. Sloat, who looked on, said the membership in Topeka was at the close of this meeting fully 1,500.

General Manager Frey said that there was practically no change on the Santa Fe. Passenger trains were moving all over the system, except in New Mexico, and he was satisfied the soldiers would open that division to-day. Troops are now at Trinidad and three companies are on the way from Santa Fe to Raton. He admits that the engineers on the New Mexico division are a little timid and says they have reason to be. Seventeen freight trains were moved on the Eastern division yesterday.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

What is Revealed by Figures Put Forth.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The statement of the public debt shows the interest bearing debt on July 1 to have been $635,041,890, an increase for the fiscal year of $50,004,790 and for the month of $50. The debt on which interest had ceased since maturity was $1,351,240; debt bearing no interest, $380,004,686. Aggregate of interest and non-interest bearing debt $1,016,837,816, an increase for the year of $45,406,050 and a decrease for the month of June of $18,703.

The certificates and treasury notes, offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury, aggregate $615,355,820. The cash statement shows gold in the treasury $131,217,433; silver, $513,298,709; paper, $112,627,588; bonds, minor coins, etc., $17,305,263, aggregating $774,538,985, against which there are demand liabilities amounting to $656,954,592, leaving a cash balance of $117,584,436, of which $64,873,024 was gold reserve. The decrease in cash in the treasury for the month was $239,899.

NO CATTLE FOR CHICAGO.

The Great Stock Yards Completely Paralyzed for the First Time.

CHICAGO, July 5.—To-day, for the first time in the history of the live stock trade in Chicago, not a single car load of animals reached the yards by rail. The effect of the Pullman boycott on the railroads was so overwhelmingly complete that not one steer, not a sheep, not a solitary hog arrived by means of steam transportation. Absolutely the only live stock received was one little bunch of thirteen hogs that came in wagons from a farm half a dozen miles out from the city.

Shipments are almost equally at a standstill. The thousands of packing house employes and other workmen who go to make up the population of Packingtown were made idle as thoroughly and suddenly as though all had quit at a given signal from President Debs, though only a comparatively insignificant fraction are members of the American Railway union.

OWNERSHIP OF SLEEPING CARS

Representative Brickner Introduces a Bill Aimed at Pullman.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Representative Brickner of Wisconsin introduced a bill in the house aimed at sleeping car monopolies. It is as follows:

"That on and after January 1, 1895, all railroad companies engaged in inter-state commerce shall own or by lease control all sleeping cars on their roads or branches operated or controlled by them.

"All railway companies which fail to comply with this act and uses sleeping cars upon their roads not their own by lease or otherwise, shall be subject to a fine of $10 a day for each and every car so used."

NEWS NOTES.

In New York prices of dressed meats have advanced in consequence of the railway strike in the West 1½ and 4 cents a pound, according to grade.

In Paris, A. A. Zimmerman, the American bicyclist, was beaten in a race at the Velodrome, by Holodroun, a Belgian. The contest was an exciting one.

At Brookside, Col., four miles from Canon City, four coal miners who had been denounced as "blacklegs" by the union, were hanged in effigy and driven out of town.

Over 210,000 tons of buffalo bones, representing 7,800,000 of the animals now almost extinct, have been dug up in North Dakota and converted into fertilizer which has been sent all over the world.

HE HAD MONEY

But Nobody Would Take It in Payment.

"I had four twenty-dollar gold pieces of '94 in my pocket when I went home from the office the other day," said a government official, and I couldn't buy a thing in my neighborhood.

"You haven't a bad face, either," slyly suggested a friend.

"Everybody seemed to think they were counterfeit," he went on without noticing the tenor of the interruption. "You see, they were the first of the new coinage and were so awfully bright and new in appearance that people were afraid of them. They didn't exactly say they believed I was a counterfeiter, but they looked upon the coin suspiciously. When I went to the barber shop I hadn't any other change and the barber said he would trust me rather than get the twenty dollar piece changed. There was a man getting out of the next chair who wanted to see it. He turned it over and over in a critical way for a moment and said authoritatively:

"'It's a counterfeit.'

"'Where did you get it?' inquired the barber.

"'Oh, downtown,' said I.

"'Do you know who you got it of?'

"'Yes,' said I, 'I know him pretty well.'

"'Well, its no good, and the quicker you take it back to him the better,' said the other fellow as he pulled on his coat.

"'It's some of them Italian's work,' said the barber. 'They can make a coin look better than the real thing.'

"After I had listened to all this I finally told them that I had got the coin out of the subtreasury and guessed it was all right. The customer went out without a word, but the barber said the Italians had probably beaten the treasury.

"Now that sounded very funny to me of course," continued the official, "but the next day I went over to the subtreasury and got a lot of change, and among the change I got a quarter that my wife tried on everybody she could think of and couldn't pass. She knew all about the other thing, and laughed at me a good deal. I examined the coin and found it was a counterfeit. It was a very good one, but it was unquestionably crooked. Well, I took it back, as no one else would have it, and passed it on the subtreasury."

WAS MAKING PROGRESS.

But the Old Lady Nearly Spoiled All With Her Impatient Question.

The young fellow was extremely diffident and very much in love with the girl. He had made half a dozen attempts to offer her his heart and hand, but on each occasion he had fallen short. To add to the seriousness of the situation, the girl was ready to accept him as soon as the proposal was in definite shape.

Even the mother was willing, but latterly she had grown tired of the dilatory tactics and Fabian policy of the suitor, and had kicked on his coming so often and staying so late. One night, after three hours of struggle on his part, and much delicate encouragement on the part of the girl, he had seized her hand convulsively, dropped on his knees impetuously, and was about one-fifth through an impassioned appeal to her to be his'n, when the mother's voice sounded clear on the night from the head of the stairs. The youth stopped short, but held on.

"Mary," came the maternal voice, querulously, "is that young man there yet?"

"Not yet, mother," replied Mary, smiling sweetly down on the face of her Romeo, "but he's getting there."

And two weeks later the cards were out.

Masses of Birds.

"On the first trip I made along the shores of Greenland and Labrador," said an old sea captain, "I was interested a good deal in watching the countless number of birds which abounded in that locality. They actually covered the black rocks which rise three or four hundred feet out of the sea, just as a tree is covered with a swarm of bees which has just left the hive. The birds which gather in the largest congregations are comorants and guillemouts, and during every spring and summer they supply thousands of fishermen with the only fresh meat they get while at sea. These birds weigh nearly two pounds. They are white on the breast, black on the back and have long, sharp, black bills. They congregate in the bays in winter in hundreds of thousands, and in the spring, fly away south to the rocks and islands on some desolate coast. I have seen them perched in thousands on some iceberg making its southern march in the spring."

Where Terror May Be Seen.

"I've passed through frightful experiences," said Jagger, proudly, "and seen the most thrilling exhibitions of human terror. Once in Africa I saw a couple of tourists overtaken by two enormous and ferocious lions, and once"——

"That's nothing," interrupted Staggers. "Were you ever in an elevator with a couple of women when it stopped between floors?"—Chicago Record.

In the Dime Museum.

Visitor—So you've given your freaks a holiday?

Dime Museum Manager—Yes. The india rubber man has gone out to take a stretch over the road for exercise, the [illegible] skeleton is taking a spin on [illegible] in a skull, the ossified man [illegible] stairs practicing a bone solo, [illegible] dwarf has gone to bed feeling [illegible] high.

The Table Rock Argus.

F. H. TAYLOR, Editor.

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W. C. T. U.

FOR GOD, HOME A D HUMANITY

July 7. The union met with Mrs. Griffing, the meeting was opened by the President by singing "Nearer my God to Thee," and the reading of the ninth Psalm. We were then led in prayer by Mrs. Griffing and followed by others. A motion was then made to ask the Pastors of the different churches to preach a temperance sermon on next Sunday evening; July 15, each in his own church. After a discussion of different things, we adjourned to meet with Mrs. Griffing in two weeks. Sec'y Protem

Miss Willard Home Again.

Over 2,000 people assembled in Calvary Baptist church Thursday night to bid her welcome. Though she has been for a time out of active work, resting at her physician's orders, she has kept posted in the work, and nothing but encouragement and good cheer came to the workers from her lip and pen. She says: "At the Annual Council of the British Women Temperance Association, 13 fraternal delegates were present from the following countries: Tasmania, New Zealand, South Africa, India, Spain, France, Denmark, and United States, all of whom reported that the increase of interest and of intelligence within the last few years has been greater than in all the years that preceded." Think of it for a moment. People who were considered as cannibals and heathens when we were school girls have today W. C. T. U. societies and are publishing White Ribbon papers of their own.

This is true of New Zealand, South Africa, Melbourne, Australia, India and other parts of the world.

Signatures are still being secured for the great poly glot petition and it is now expected that the delegation conveying this petition to different governments of the world will be accompanied by a large party in special steamers, hence more time will be required in preparation and it will probably be one of the most powerful means in bringing all nations to a recognition of their common brotherhood.

To our sisters of the W. C. T. U. in Table Rock, we would say, keep up your organization at all hazzards. Never say our union is doing nothing as long as there are any who will be there, if you don't have but one meeting a month, hold the fort, and then when an emergency arises and your work needed especially you are there needed, and those whom you thought indifferent, will be eager to help and bid you God speed. Since the Fourth the temperance people here are bewailing the fact that they were not on hand in the trades parade. The business firms made so grand a showing, each so good in its line they were worthy of more space and mention than the Standard gave them, except the saloon, that was a perfect force without even the gilding. Only a load of moderate drinkers I suppose, surrounded a beer keg from which they imbibed freely and treated their friends at every halt. Not a word was said about their finer, costlier drinks, none of the finished products of their business. They should have had some prominent business man or professional so full of the "Obe joyful" that his eloquence could not be restrained and his best friends would not have known him, besides a number of those beer imbibers who have blossomed out to perfection, then the young boy in his teens taking his first lessons alternately crying and vomiting as some young friend tries to get him to "brace up." Everybody knows these would be but mild and true representations and wouldn't represent half the things their lively business is doing. If it is a legitimate honorable business, why not give it a fair showing. Strange to tell, its opponents are the only ones anxious to do that. Had there been an organized W. C. T. U. here, with very little work they could have made a showing in that parade that would have been worth a year of holding on, and presented an object lesson never to be forgotten by the crowd. As long as you have boys and girls that will some day get outside the home, hold up each others hands, strengthen your stakes, keep up the flower mission work, and if it chance to help some one of your own, you will think it worth the work of a life time. Don't forget that "one with God is a majority." E. E. L.

Mail closes as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Going north at ..... 12 noon
Going west at ..... 12 noon
Going east and south at ..... 3:15 p. m.

Mail closes Sunday at 12 p. m.

Office open from 7.30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Office open Sunday from 4 to 5 p. m.

A. E. LANE, P. M.

See N. A. Cress for pay down prices on building rock.

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With its Many Gloomy Symptoms Cured.

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Perfectly and Permanently Restored.

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Cured for Life Without Mercury.

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Quickly Relieved and Thoroughly Cured.

Why is Dr. H. J. Whittier invariably successful? Because he makes no promises that he cannot fulfill. Avoid cheap cure-alls and unskilled physicians, and consult Dr. Whittier in person or by letter (giving symptoms) and receive the candid opinion of a physician of long experience, unquestioned skill and sterling integrity.

MEDICINES from our own laboratory furnished at small cost and shipped anywhere secure from observation.

TREATMENT never sent C. O. D.

FREE CONSULTATION. FREE URINARY ANALYSIS.

Office hours—9 to 1 and 7 to 8. Sunday 10 to 12.

Guide To Health and Emergencies for 6 cts. stamps to prepay.

Call or address in strict confidence

DR. H. J. WHITTIER,
10 West Ninth Street, Kansas City, Mo.

WEAKNESS OF HUMAN NATURE.

Eagerness of People to Take Undue Advantage of a Practical Scheme.

"Do you remember me?" inquired the man as he quietly slipped up to the city editor's desk.

"I can't say that I do," replied the city editor, looking him over carefully.

"You remember I was in here some time ago giving policies of insurance on bunches of keys?"

"Oh, yes, I remember now. I took one."

"Of course. All wise men do. At the same time, if you recall it, I told you I had a great scheme for insuring umbrellas on the same plan?"

"I believe I do recall it. How did it come out?"

The man threw up his hands hopelessly.

"Well," he said, "before that week was out I had my umbrella insurance company at work, with agents all over town. The success was immediate and phenomenal. Everybody wanted to insure his umbrella. The premium was 10 cents a year. The amount to be paid to persons returning lost umbrellas was $3—about the average price of an umbrella a man doesn't like to lose, you know. Agents turned in policies by the pocketfuls the first week. I hadn't any idea there were as many half dollars in circulation as I received at my office. Second week they kept coming, and I began to think of plans for a great building on Woodward avenue for the accommodation of the business, to be known as the Umbrella Insurance building. Third week it was still going. Fourth week it rained. Fifth week umbrellas began coming in. I didn't know there were so many umbrellas in the world.

"Sixth week it was worse, and I began to investigate. Watched the people who brought them in, and got the $3. Mostly people above suspicion—to look at. Discovered they had been stealing them; always picked out one with our tag on it. Didn't know there were so many people who thought it no sin to steal an umbrella; never thought of that when I got up the company; wasn't an umbrella in the lot worth $3; didn't know so many people were cheap umbrellas; something rotten in Denmark. Just come up here from my office; string of people there reaching half way around the block waiting to get in. There isn't money enough left in the fund to buy a ferry ticket with. I've come here to see if you won't lend me that amount. I'm not going back, but I notice in the paper that Mr. Dingbat, the well known president of the Umbrella Insurance company, having been suddenly called to China, left this morning by way of Windsor and Quebec. Do I get the price of a ferry ticket? Thanks." And he went out, leaving the city editor in a condition of partial paralysis.—Detroit Free Press.

One on Joe Bailey.

Senator Perry J. Lewis tells a story on Congressman Joe Bailey, for which, however, he quotes Senator A. M. Carter of Fort Worth as authority.

"One day," said Lewis, "Carter and Joe Bailey were standing on the street when they saw approaching them a darky mounted on a frisky and spirited horse, whose fine appearance caught the fancy of Carter, who is a lover of fine horseflesh. Carter hailed the darky and remarked:

"'That's a pretty spirited animal you are riding, old man. Is he a good runner?'

"'Well, no, sah, he isn't much of a runnin hoss,' replied the rider.

"'Oh, then he is a good trotter, I suppose,' remarked Carter.

"'No, sah, he ain't no trotter neither,' said Scipio Africanus.

"'Oh, I see,' ejaculated Carter; 'he is a No. 1 pacer.

"'No, sah, dis hoss ain't no trotter, nor he ain't no pacer needer.'

"'Well, what is he fit for anyhow?' asked Carter.

"'Just ter prance aroun an look fine, boss,' replied the darky, an dat's why I has outen a compliment named him arter Marse Joe Bailey dar.'"—Galveston News.

AN ITALIAN CHURCH.

A HOUSE OF WORSHIP CALLED "CHURCH OF THE RAGPICKERS."

It Is the Quaintest Place of the Kind in New York and Probably in the Country—There Sons and Daughters of Italy Combine Religion and Business.

Not many New Yorkers have ever heard of the "Church of the Ragpickers." In the neighborhood of Roosevelt street, where it is located, this is the familiar name of the Roman Catholic church of St. Joachim, of which Father Vincini is the pastor. The members are Italians exclusively, inhabitants of the densely populated district roundabout, and as some of them are ragpickers and have rented the lower half of the church for the storage of their goods the nickname which designates the church as their peculiar place of worship of this class came into use.

Years ago, when Roosevelt street was not so squalid and as overflowing with human beings as it is today, this church belonged to a Methodist Episcopal congregation. There were merchants, solid men of down town New York, living there, and the neighborhood was eminently respectable.

Now the church stands with a cheap lodging house on one side and a typical slum grocery store on the other. A nest of tough saloons are near by, up and down the street. Organized in 1888, the Italian population thereabouts grew so rapidly within a radius of a mile that the church has now one of the largest congregations in the city.

The building is of brick and is dingy and dirty. It is only by standing across the street that you can see a small cross on the roof, the only thing about the edifice that suggests its religious character. Looking in on the first floor, you will witness a curious spectacle. The whole depth and breadth of the floor is filled with rags. Rags loose, rags in piles and rags in bales ready for shipping are all about. Big cranes and chains for hoisting purposes run here and there. Half buried in these piles of rags are men, women and children—the men and women busy assorting rags and the fat, brown youngsters rumbling about in play or sleeping, as the case may be.

It is the biggest ragshop in this city. It is wholesale and retail in the sense that here the individual ragpickers of the town dispose of their wares, which are assorted and baled and sold for manufacturing purposes. The pastor of St. Joachim's rents this lower floor to the company that conducts this rag business at a good rental, and indeed were it not for that the mission would suffer.

Italians are very practical about their religion, when they care for it at all, and they are very slow at contributing to the support of the church and expect a good deal of religion for a very little money.

The church proper is on the floor over the ragshop, and this in itself gives an odd character to the services at times. On weekdays the men are at work in the basement when services are going on up stairs, and one can plainly hear them joining in the responses and chants during the celebration of the mass. While a reporter was there the other day one of the ragpickers in the basement sang a hymn to the Virgin while the services were going on, and his voice was of rare sweetness and purity.

At certain hours of the day laborers will come in, set their picks and shovels in a corner, and then join in the devotions. The peanut venders and fruit stand keepers in the neighborhood always attend the services for at least a few minutes each day. Bootblacks wander in with boxes on their backs and say a few brief prayers, and the Italian population generally comes and goes.

Six masses are said in St. Joachim's church every Sunday, and from 1,200 to 1,500 persons attend every mass, so that some 9,000 or more people worship in the little church every week. Father Morelli, who established this mission, and who conducted it for years, has been sent to New England to organize Italian churches there. His place has been taken by a younger priest, Father Vincini. The position of parish priest of St. Joachim's is that of a patriarch. Not only does he marry his parishioners, baptize their children and bury their dead, but is their constant adviser in other matters. He settles their disputes of all sorts, from business differences to lovers' quarrels.

One trouble the priest has to contend with is the manner in which his charges get married. Coming from Italy where civil marriages are the proper thing, the Italians believe that the same laws obtain here. As a result the Italian quarter is filled with professional marriage brokers and matchmakers.

They bring couples together for a fee, then steer them to the city hall, where two men have for years done a steady business securing aldermen to marry couples, in getting certificates for them and arranging all the details of city hall weddings. Father Vincini tries to impress upon his people that he will marry them for nothing at all, but they still flock to the city hall. Some of them buy pictures of the building and send them to Italy so that their friends may see the palace in which they were married.—New York World.

A Mistaken Idea.

She was reading over the column of marriage notices.

"It can't be true," she said, "that marriage is a lottery."

"And why not?" asked the young man with her.

"Because there is a law against advertising lotteries, and look at this," she replied, handing the paper to him.—Detroit Free Press.

A Time Killer.

Ed—What do you do to pass away the time?

Ned—Easy enough. I just give my promissory note to some one for 30 days, and the time passes quickly enough, I assure you.—London Quiver.

If You Have Scrofula, Sores, Boils, or any other skin disease, take

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA

the Superior Blood-Purifier and Spring Medicine. Cures others, will cure you

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO

GOING WEST.

No. 15 pass	12:34 noon
No. 63 through freight	12:58 a m
No. 67, fast freight	11:55 pm
No 65 local freight	2:20 p m

GOING EAST.

18 pass	3:32 p m
No 64, through freight	9:05 pm
No 68 fast freight	11:55 am
6 local freight	10:15 am

GOING SOUTH

No 28 pass	3:57 pm
No 110 accom, arrive	9:35 pm
No 118 freight, arrive	6:30 pm

GOING NORTH

No 31 pass	12:40 pm
No 109 accom	4 00 am
No 117 freight	2:00 pm

All regular trains will carry passengers except Nos. 63, 64.

Tickets on sale to all points in United States and Canada. J. MURPHY, Agt.

Where Healing Waters Flow.

Hot Springs, South Dakota, is a place everyone should visit.

It's a health resort, the best in the west.

It's a sanitarium, spot where pure air and healing waters put sickness to flight and make anything but perfect health well-nigh an impossibility.

Invalids, no matter what their ailment, should give Hot Springs a trial. It's sure to benefit them more than likely to cure.

How to get there? Why, by the Burlington Route, of course. It's the Line. Ask the local agent for full information, or write to the undersigned for a beautifully illustrated pamphlet.

J. FRANCIS, Gen'l Pass'r & Tkt. Agent,
Omaha, Neb.

THE GRAND COMBINATION NEBRASKA EXPOSITION FOR 1894.

It is still as it has ever been, the aim of the Nebraska state board of agriculture through its board of managers, to make each succeeding annual state fair and exposition excel in all respects any of its predecessors. For the year 1894 unusual efforts for extraordinary results to this end are being made. The state fair manufacturers and consumers' association for Nebraska and the state horticultural society combine and will hold their annual exhibits on the same grounds and on the same days. By this plan there will be presented in the shape of a grand consolidated exposition, a complete aggregation of Nebraska's products and resources, such as cannot fail to command the attention and admiration of our own people as well as those from abroad. We are sure it will be a pleasure to every friend of the state to aid in this meritorious undertaking. The impress made by the world's fair in 1893 on the fair making and fair going people of the United States is such as to insure higher grades and in all respects superior character of exposition. It will be well to keep in mind the place and dates for this Nebraska exposition—Lincoln, September 7 to 14, 1894.

Something She Would Stop At.

"I don't believe that horrid Miss Bolton would stop at anything."

Bob—Did you ever try her with a soda fountain?—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Nearly all women have good hair, though many are gray, and few are bald. Hall's Hair Renewer restores the natural color and thickens the growth of the hair.

Your only chance for first class work as I expect to leave the first of August. HICKS.

TABLE ROCK HARNESS SHOP,

L. S. FELLERS. Proprietor.

Has a Large Stock of the Best Makes of

HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS,

Whips, Sweat Pads, Blankets

And Everything usually kept in a First Class Harness Shop.

In Prices I meet all competition for the same Quality of Goods and when you want anything in my line, I respectfully invite you to call and see my Goods.

L. S. FELLERS.

TAYLOR & BECK,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

LIVERY & FEED STABLE.

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE

GOOD RIGS AT REASONABL RATES. BEST OF CARE GUARANTEED. RUN BUS TO AND *FROM DEPOT CONNECTING WITH ALL TRAINS.*

State Bank of Table Rock,

TABLE ROCK, - - - - NEBRASKA

DAVID REMICK, President.
JOHN G. DAVID, Vice President.
DAVID K. MILLER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
DAVID REMICK.
A. B. CLARK.
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Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate banking business. Accounts of farmers and merchants solicited. Careful attention given to collections. Loans negotiated on real estate security.

YOU WANT A FENCE!

THEN SEE

Lewis Fellers,

Who Can Furnish You the

Best Fence on Earth!

At the Lowest Prees.

WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH OAK PICKETS

Strong and Durable, making a handsome appearance. I am also prepared to

SAW LUMBER FOR ALL WHO WANT IT DONE

At Reasonable Figures.

LEWIS FELLERS.

Frank Zelnka, jr.

AGENT FOR THE

New Huber Thrashing MACHINE.

ONE OF THE BEST MACHINES MADE.

Will steam with less fuel than any other Thresher made.

I will be pleased to give Prices and show Machine, and most cordially invite persons contemplating buying to call and see me.

FRANK ZELENKA.

$10 REWARD

Will be paid to the subscriber who will send us the first correct list of the three men who will be nominated for Governor in this state by the three parties this year in the regular state conventions. Each guess to be accompanied by a campaign subscription to the Weekly Bee with 25 cents. This subscription will entitle you to the Weekly Bee from July 1 to December 1. Any old subscriber can send in his guess and receive credit for it and have the paper sent to any address he may see fit. The award will be made immediately after the last of the three state conventions has adjourned. In case no correct guess be sent in, the money will be awarded to the first guess that is nearest correct. Awards will be made only on the choice of each convention and not on the result of any action taken after the adjournment of the convention.

Send in your guess in the following shape:

Guesser's Name.....
P. O.....
State.....

GUESS.

Republican Nominee.....
Democratic Nominee.....
Populist Nominee.....

Unless otherwise directed, the paper will be sent to the name and address of the guesser. Address orders and guesses to

THE OMAHA BEE,
OMAHA, NEB.

NOTICE—No guesses will be received after August 10th.

The Table Rock Argus.

VOL. 13, NO. 15. TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1894. WHOLE NO. 639.

J. C. BECK,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

LIVERY & FEED STABLE

EAST OF PUBLIC SQUARE.

GOOD RIGS AT REASONABL RATES. BEST OF CARE GUARANTEED. RUN BUS TO AND FROM DEPOT CONNECTING WITH ALL TRAINS.

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Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate banking business. Accounts of farmers and merchants solicited. Careful attention given to collections. Loans negotiated on real estate security.

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COAL,

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Kept constantly on Hand.

DEALERS IN

LUMBER

OF ALL DESCRIPTION.

Business continued at the OLD STAND.

Parties desiring to build are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

LUMBER & COAL

In ar Lots A Speciaty.

Cash Store!

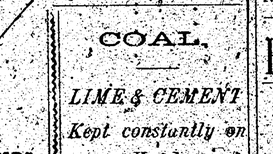
Having moved into my New and commodious Building, I am better prepared than ever to serve my Customres.

Thanking my friends for their past patronage, solicit ing a share of your future trade

I remain yours to Command,

W. L. TAYLOR.

G. R. MARTIN



Has again opened his Old Reliable

MEAT MARKET

and will always keep a good stock of

FRESH AND SALT MEATS ON HAND

and a so FLOUR AND FEED.

A cordial invitation is extended to all who may need anything in his line to call and see him.

CARRIAGE AND REPAIR SHOP

A. F. HANSEN, PROPRIETOR

Blacksmith, Wagon, Carriage and General Repair work Promptly Done. Satisfaction guaranteed, both in prices and work

A large stock of new Carriages and Buggies kept constantly on hand

MAKES A SPECIALTY OF HORSESHOEING, BUGGY PAINTING AND UPHOLSTER WORK. GIVE ME A ALL.

A. F HANSEN

Lindsay & Harrison,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

PAWNEE CITY, NEB.

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NOTARY PUBLIC

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Special attention given to collections.

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Office over S. G. Wrights, Drug Store

TABLE ROCK - - NEBR.

G. W. Baker,

Dealers in

Flour and Feed Stuff

We have the different makes of the Homolds and Steinauer mills and expect to have others soon. Call in and see us

JOHN N GERE POST NO. 165, DEPARTMENT OF NEBRASKA, G. A. R.

Meets Saturday evening on or before full moon

N. B. THOMSON, C. J. B. PEPOON, A. J. T.

B. Real Estate, L.

INSURANCE,

and LOAN.

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BARBER SHOP

WEST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE.

First Class Shave

10 CENTS.

With Clean Towel and Bay Rum.

Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty.

S. D SHRINER, Proprietor

TONSORIAL

PARLORS

SHAVING,

HAIR CUTTING

AND

SHAMPOOING

Done to order in neatest style.

L. E. FERREL, - - - Proprietor.

OZMANLIS ORIENTAL SEXUAL PILLS

Sure, Prompt, Positive Cure for Impotence, Loss of Manhood, Seminal Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Nervousness, Self Distrust, Loss of Memory, &c. Will make you a STRONG, Vigorous Man. Price $1.00, 6 Boxes, $5.00. Special Directions Mailed with each Box. Address Ballard Snow Liniment Co., 2919 Ludas Ave. ST. LOUIS, - MO.

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M. E. CHURCH.

P. C. JOHNSON, D. D., PASTOR.

Church located on corner of Houston street and Pennsylvania avenue, parsonage on West Pennsylvania avenue, wo blocks wes of church.

This column has been secured for the use of the M. E. church of this city. All interested will find what they desire o know concerning the church and its work in it. Please note the time table of the church.

Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7:30 m., Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m class meeting immediately after morning service.

Epworth League every Sabbath at 2:30 p. m. All young people invited especially.

Adult Bible class every Sabbath at 3:30 p. m. This Bible class is undenominational, non-controversial and wholly voluntary. Everybody invited. Junior League, 4:30 Send the little men and women.

Thursday evening, prayer meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Do not fail to attend.

Teachers meeting for review of lesson and normal work will be held every Saturday evening, beginning at 7:30 o'clock. See weekly notice for the place of meeting.

A business meeting of the official board will be held on the Monday evening preceding the session of the Quarterly Conference.

Tuesday evenings will be used by the Epworth League. (See Notes and Notions.)

NOTES AND NOTIONS.

A new year begins and with another list of officers and burden bearers. Preserve the following list for reference:

Trustees—C. H. Norris, C. V. Dimon, S. G. Wright, G. R. Martin, Wm White, W. A. Conklin, R. P. Jennings, A. E. Heywood and Benjamin Ball. This board organized by electing, G. R. Martin, chairman; S. G. Wright, secretary; C. H. Norris, treasurer. Stewarts, James Tilloteon, R. S. Secretary of Stewarts; C. H. Barnard, D. S.; C. I. Norris, treasurer; J. D. Longwell, J. R. Sutton, A. J. Wheeler, J. W. Shaw Mrs. Fannie C. Norris, Mrs. Lydia Griffing, Mrs. K. S. Jennings. Mrs. Mary Cotton and Joseph Griffing for Clear Creek appointment. Stewarts and others will, so far as they can, please pay all monies to the secretary of the board that they may get proper credit therefore. This will greatly aid him and the treasurer in keeping their books correct.

COMMITTEES.

Mission—R. W. Bullou and Sherman McFadden.

Church Extension—Henry Shaw John Sutton.

Freedman's Aid, etc—G. W. Wright

Sunday School—G. W. Wright, A. C. Boyd Wilson Turman.

Track—Mrs. E. E. Linn and Mrs. Lydia Griffing.

Temperance—R. P. Jenning, O. W. Griffing.

Education—F. H. Taylor and Wilson Turman.

Church Recorders—Class Leaders and Pastor.

Parsonage and Furniture—Mrs. F. C. Norris, Mrs. Abbie Tilloteon, Mrs. Viola Barnard, Mrs. Alice Shaw, Mrs C. S. Wood and Mrs. Melissa Richardson.

Church Music—C. I. Norris, C. H. Barnard, W. A. Conklin and Mrs. John Wood.

Estimating Salary—The Board of Stewarts.

Conference Claimants—Rev. A. C. Allinson, C. V. Dimon and Pastor.

Will these brethern and sisters please consult the discipline for the duties appertaining to their several offices.

The 34th session of the Nebraska annual conference will begin Wednesday, September 19, in the M. E. church, Falls City. Bishop E. G. Andrews, D. D., in the chair.

I have the minutes of the 10th session before me. In the list of the then present members, occur the names of but two who are likely to be present at this conference, A. J. Folden and H. T. Davis, making them the two oldest membert (elders) of the conference in the active work. Z. B. Turman and Hiram Burch, now members, were then superanuates. At that session L. F. Britt our present presiding elder was a deacon of the 2nd year, and J. H. Presson was admitted on trial in the conference, Blackburn and Taylor were anpointed to Table Rock and Britt to Pawnee City.

Twenty four years have changed almost the entire personel of the conference, leaving in it only brothers Davis, Folden, Britt and Preeson, and these must soon vacate for younger men; will the youngers men prove their equals—we shall see.

W. C. T. U.

FOR GOD, HOME AND HUMANITY.

Dont forget the social next week Tuesday night at Mrs. Andrew Fellers.

The county convention will be held the 16th and 17th of October, at Violet where a new union was organized in the spring, and is so flourishing and active that they sent an earnest request for the county convention to meet there.

In my travels through the country district I find much to encourage as well as some that is disheartening but the conviction is steadily growing that the hope of the future lies in teaching and training the children and youth in the principles of good government and right living. If parents, the men especially will have a fine opportunity this fall and winter, will encourage both teacher and children by visiting the schools, commending the good and kindly suggesting improvements where they can and ought to be made, it will do vastly more to benefit, the country than any amount of discussing tariff or politics at the post-office, corner grocery or on the street. If men would determine these hard times to give up their tobacco or dram and invest that amount in a good paper, magazine, or books and then spend the evenings or dull days at home reading to their families and discussing the important problems of life they might get a glimpse of heaven that ought to begin in every heart and home. E. E. L.

NOT WORK BUT WORRY KILLS.

Here is some excellent advice from the late eminent English physician, Sir Andrew Clarke. He says:

"Worry is killing. It is bad management that kills people. Nature will let no man overwork himself unless he plays her false, unless he takes stimulants at irregular times smoke much or take opium. If he is regular and obeys the laws of health and walks in the way of physiological righteousness nature will never allow him or any other person to work too hard. I have never yet seen a case of breaking down from overwork alone, but I admit that it is necessary above all things to cultivate tranquility of mind.

Try to exercise your wills in regard to this—for will counts for something in securing tranquility—to accept things as they are and not to bother about yesterday, which is gone forever; not to bother about to-morrow which is not ours, but to take the present day and make the best of it. Those women who will continually peer into what lies beyond never have any present life at all—they are always grizzling over the past and prying into the future, and this blessed today, which is all that we are sure of they never have."—Womans Tribune.

Destruction by Forest Fires

Forest fires are a far greater evil in this country than is generally known. To the last census year 2,986 fires of this kind were recorded, of which 1,369 were started by persons clearing land, 628 by hunters, 508 by locomotives, 101 by camp fires or pipes and 262 by incendiaries. That the loss of life and property by forest fires is largely unnecessary is proved by the comparative immunity from them in Canada and Maine, where the laws are stringent and the man who sets a forest fire is treated as a public enemy. Canada maintains a fire patrol and fire wardens who are authorized to call for assistance. States that suffer from these dreadful fires should make a study of the Canadian forest laws, the success of which has been demonstrated.—Globe Democrat.

It is easy to get rich down in Florida, if we take a Floridian's word for it. All that it is necessary to do is to buy Florida land, plant it with pineapples and live on $2.50 a month until the pineapple crop matures. One busted oil speculator from Pennsylvania is now living on the St. Lucia river on 123 acres of homestead land, in a shanty, luxuriating in two suits of jeans and a pair of shoes a year, and what vegetables he raises in his garden and the game and fish that he captures. He has 25 acres of pineapple plants, which will bear next year a crop worth $50,000. In five years this homesteading ex-speculator expects to be worth $50,000.—St. Joe Herald.

SHERIDAN.

Get into the republican wagon.

Grace Davidson is reported much better.

Wm. O'Hara took a load of hogs to Pawnee, Monday.

S. L. Smith, late of Custer county, is working for Robt Taylor.

M. M. Staples bought some nice cattle, Monday at a sale northwest of Table Rock.

Lawrence Carmichael attended a party at Dr. Collins in Pawnee, Tuesday evening.

The tax-payers of district No. 2 are preparing the roads for the balmy days of spring.

The party which was to have been at Billy Lewis', Friday evening, fizzled out by reasons of the fine rain in the afternoon.

Rosie Karas is very sick with typhoid fever, as is also John and Charles Lindsley. Frank Stinson is also on the sick list

DIED—At Sterling, Neb., of cholera morbus; John Allison, son of J. N. Allison. Deceased was 45 years old, a native of Pa. He emigrated to this state in 1866, and has lived most of the time at Sterling. He was a brickmason by trade. The services at the grove were conducted by the Odd Fellows of which he was an honored member. He was buried at Sterling, Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Leaves a wife and two children.

BUNKER HILL.

September 18.—

Mr. Morton's children are all better except Joe, who is still quite poorly.

Mrs. Albert Karas has been home on account of a sister sick with typhoid fever, and Albert said it was pretty lonesome.

Mrs. Alice Viggers and Mrs. M. S. Viggers returned to Omaha last Friday after a visit of several weeks at T. W. Popoon's.

At the concert given at the Foale school house last Wednesday evening a collection was taken up which more than completed the freight money and some was left for the purchase of books.

There was a social party at J. B. Popoon's last Saturday evening, which passed off very pleasantly. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Boone, Fred, Frank and May Boone, Arthur Cleveland and Ruby Allen of Table Rock were among the guests.

Church Howe's Barn Burned.

AUBURN, Sept. 18.—Special to the Bee.—The large barn of Church Howe & Son at Walnut Grove stock farm was totally consumed by fire with all its contents except the horses, which were saved. Between sixty and seventy tons of hay, 500 bushels of corn, some twenty buggies, sulkies and carts, twenty sets of harness, saddles and blankets, together with wagons and farm implements which were stored in the barn, were consumed. The fire extended to the large granary adjoining, which contained about 2,000 bushels of wheat, which was destroyed. The barn was a model in every respect, 60x130 feet, with twenty-foot studding, with all modern improvements, containing stabling for seventy-five head of horses. Three other barns and the dwelling near by were several times on fire, but by the sudden changing of the wind and the herculean efforts of the neighbors these were saved. The origin of the fire is a mystery. Fire was seen from the hay loft, but only one of the men had been in the loft that morning and he is not a smoker. The loss is about $14,000 with $8,000 insurance in the Phenix of Brooklyn, Home of New York, Liverpool, London and Globe and the Underwriters.

Constables Hold Up a Train.

COLUMBUS, O., Spet. 18.—Armed with a writ of attachment a constable of Mount Sterling, a town a few miles southeast of here, stopped a Baltimore and Ohio train this morning and chained one of the driving wheels to the track. The constable was determined that the train should not escape his legal process, and all the entreaties of the trainmen to be released were without avail. The conductor finally telegraphed the company's headquarter's and, after three hours' delay received the message: "If the chain is not too strong, go ahead." The engineer pulled open the throttle, the big driving wheels revolved, and away went the train with the constable chasing after it. The trouble was a suit against the Baltimore and Ohio company to secure the payment of $500 claimed for the accidental killing of two horses.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

HE IS A NOTABLE JEW

DR. HERMAN BENDELL SCHOLAR AND PHILANTHROPIST.

He Also Wears a Grand Army of the Republic Badge and Is a Member of the American Loyal Legion—His Career Sketched.

DR. HERMAN BENDELL, one of the notable Jews of America, was born in Albany, N. Y., Oct. 25, 1843, his grand parents having been among the first Jews to settle in that city. He received his education in the public and select schools of that city, and entered the army early in the civil war as an assistant surgeon, before completing his studies at the Albany Medical college. He returned from the front in 1862, in order to be graduated with his class, and immediately re-entered active service as surgeon of the Eighty-sixth regiment, New York volunteers. He served in the Army of the Potomac and in the Sheridan campaign in the Shenandoah Valley, and though one of the youngest surgeons in the army, filled the responsible position of surgeon in charge of the depot field hospital of the Army of the Potomac. For meritorious services rendered, he was brevetted a lieutenant-colonel after the close of the war. He was appointed superintendent of Indian affairs for Arizona by Gen. Grant, which position he held until the office was abolished in 1872. During his incumbency he, together with Gen. O. O. Howard, brought the first delegation of Apache Indians that ever came to Washington, to negotiate a treaty of peace. He was commissioned by President Grant consul to Denmark, and before his return to America continued his studies in ophthalmology

DR. HERMAN BENDELL.

at Heidelberg, where he became an assistant to the late Prof. Otto Becker.

Dr. Bendell returned to his native city in 1876, where he has resided since, and where he has filled many important positions. He served for six years as a member of the board of public instruction, two years of which time he was president, and when the new board was created, in 1892, he was again selected for a term of five years. He is ophthalmic and aural surgeon on the staff of the Albany City hospital, ophthalmic and aural surgeon to St. Vincent's Orphan asylum and St. Francis de Sales' Orphan asylum; medical adviser of the Jewish Home society, of which he was for a number of years secretary. He is a past president of the Albany County Medical society and of the Alumni association of the Albany Medical college, and now holds the chair of physiology in the medical college from which he was graduated. Dr. Bendell, while an industrious practitioner of his specialty, is active in all matters pertaining to his profession, devotes much time to educational affairs, and is prominent in military circles. He is an active member of the Grand Army of the Republic, of the military order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, and is surgeon of the Third Brigade of the New York state Nation guard. He was chosen last year as president of the Medical Society of the State of New York, having previously served with distinction on some of the most important committees. In 1873 Dr. Bendell married Wilhelmina Lewi, the oldest daughter of his preceptor, and has three children.

"YANKEE DOODLE."

It Was First Played in Derision of Continental Soldiers.

Louis C. Elson, the musical critic, in a lecture said that "Yankee Doodle" was suggested by the motley appearance of the colonial troops when they mustered for the Indian wars in 1755. An English wit composed it, and in the slang of the day, "doodle" meant a simpleton, and "macaroni," a dude. Mr. Elson said that "Yankee Doodle" was the beginning and end of the Revolutionary war, for at Lexington the British played it in derision, and at the surrender of Cornwallis the Americans paid it back with interest, making the British prisoners march by the same tune. At the present time Europe regards "Hail Columbia" as our national anthem, and the first edition of this song was shown by Mr. Elson in illustrating the crude harmonies with which it was born. The tune existed for some time as a march, but was first sung in Philadelphia by an actor named Fox at his benefit. The audience went wild over it, and it was encored eight times. Mr. Elson attributed the origin of the music of the "The Star Spangled Banner" to an English drinking song, written in 1770.

Lettuce and onions eaten just before retiring cause sleep.

POLLY'S REVEILLE.

Calling Coffee Cocoa Became a Nuisance.

Some years ago, when stationed on the coast of West Africa, I bought a gray parrot, which in appearance greatly surpassed the general run of these birds both in size and beauty of plumage, and which, though I paid little or no attention to his education, turned out to be a remarkably apt scholar.

The indication of his powers was a perfectly successful attempt to whistle the reveille, which, of course, he had heard every morning since his introduction to the barracks, and before long he had mastered nearly every bugle call known in the British army. One morning I was awakened by his calling in a loud tone, and in an exact immitation of my own voice: "Coffee, Coffee! you imp of darkness, where are you? Hurry up and bring my cocoa." Coffee being a little native, as black as your boot, whom I employed to work for me. The incident naturally tickled my risibilities, and I laughed immoderately, the bird joining in the cachination, and again imitating my tones exactly.

From that time on he was liable to pick up anything heard and repeat it at inopportune moments, which was all very well in its way, but was apt to grow monotonous. Regularly at 5 a. m. he would start a monologue, interspersed with bugle calls and diabolical peals of laughter, which awoke me. I never am very amiable under circumstances of that kind, and would heave my shoes or the first missle that came handy at him. If I happened to go anywhere near the mark he would ejaculate: "Poor Polly! Poor, poor Polly!" in such doleful accents that my wrath was invariably converted into laughter, in which the bird joined with great gusto. Sometimes I would yell to the boy and say: "Coffee, take this infernal bird away!" and all down the corridor, like the very echo of my voice, would come: "Take this infernal bird away, bird away!"

"Polly" after a while became quite a character, and I was offered considerable sums for him, but I decided to take him home and make him a present to the "governor." Of course, on shipboard he was among the sailors, and equally, of course, he earned quite a number of commands incidental to their calling, together with a less desirable accompaniment of bad language. When I got him home to an imaginary crew to "square away the main brace," and various other nautical feats was a caution to snakes, accompanying his commands with a string of profanity, that would make the toughest old salt hide his head with shame or envy, and invariably indulge in these tricks when we had lady callers.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

EMPEROR AS LEADER.

William I. of Germany Once Wielded the Leader's Baton.

Emperor William II. of Germany was reported in recent dispatches to have turned his hand to composing music. In doing this, he is imitating his grandfather, the late William I., who once assumed the duties of an orchestra conductor. He had gone to Coblentz one day to meet Empress Augusta, and was serenaded by the band of a regiment. The emperor thanked the orchestra leader, but said to him that the movement of a certain ballet had been played in too quick a time. The same piece was, by his order, to be executed during the evening banquet. William I. rose from the table a few moments before it was to be played and suddenly took the place of the conductor. Seizing the baton, he gave the signal to begin to play, saying to the musicians: "Well, gentlemen, very slow, please," and, as the music went on, often repeating, "Still slower!" When the piece was ended he said: "It is superb, in this way," thanked the musicians, and graciously returned to his seat at the table.

Mr. Barrie's Wife.

The author of the "Professor's Love Story," says the Sketch, has now one of his own. Mr. J. M. Barrie, happily recovering from his long illness, has married Miss Mary Ansell. "Gavin Ogilby" not long ago declared to an American interviewer that he quite intended to marry. If only to have

MISS ANSELL.

the convenience of using his wife's hairpins to clean his pipes; now there is the realization of this wish. Miss Ansell was the original Nancy O'Brien in her husband's play, "Walker, London," but latterly she has not been before the public.

Taxation of Bicycles.

The law taxing bicycles in France exempted those used for "administrative business emanating from a competent authority." A parish priest who visits on a bicycle claims that his bishop, under whose orders he acts, is a "competent authority," and that his bicycle need pay no tax under the law. In the first court the priest has been beaten, but he will appeal to the council of state in Paris.

WOMAN IN PORTUGAL

SHE IS NOT THE HAPPIEST OF HER SEX.

Though She Babbles Over With Literary Genius Her Husband Must Consent Before She Can Make Her Writing Public.

THE NEW WOMAN, she who looks upon man, new and old, with scorn scarcely tempered by pity, must feel a woeful sense that the world remains unconquered while France and Portugal keep certain laws unchanged. In those lands her married sisters languish in matrimonial shackles. Their husbands are their masters, exercising control over them in the particulars in which the new woman demands most freedom—the exercise of genius.

In France the stage-struck matron must humbly beseech her lord for permission to act. If he refuses to grant it then must she keep her histrionic talent hidden from the world. If genius refuses to be chained, if the wife revolts and goes upon the stage, her husband may divorce her.

But the baffled Frenchwoman would still have one redress. She could write a book exposing the hideous tyranny and brutality of man. She could become a Gallic Sarah Grand. But even this would be denied the Portugal lady. A married woman in that land of darkness may not publish her literary works without her husband's consent. The domestic tragedies resulting from this cruel law which robs modern woman of her dearest privilege—that of writing a book—can easily be imagined. One seer pictures the agonies of feminine authorship thus:

"In the intervals of her household duties, and in secret travail, the Portuguese wife responds to the instinctive call of genius. She writes her poems, romance, history, travels, (for by law it is her duty to accompany her husband everywhere except to a foreign land); volumes of manuscript grow under her busy and inspired hand in a fine, nervous autograph, for a typewriter might excite suspicion. One fatal night she has an irresistible impulse to rise and commit to paper a precious idea which may be a fugitive before morning. Arbitrary man awakes from his commonplace slumbers, and perceives her in the flagitious act of literary composition. What is this? A biography of Vasco da Gama—ha! A history of Portuguese civilization in Africa—it is too much! 'The Frozen Bride,' a romance—volume three! Saints and

KATE FIELD.

legislators forfend it! On her knees she begs for publication. He laughs the idea to scorn, yawns derisively, and turns to his pillow with a banal remark about the hour. One short blow with a hairpin, a horrid gurgle, and she is free."

Fortunately they don't mind blows with a hairpin so much in conservative Portugal as in lands where the New Woman holds fuller sway. So a mode of escape from martial tyranny is always open to genius there.

KATE FIELD.

Financial Standing of Our Railroads.

In a general way the facts pertaining to the financial standing of our railways are known. Accepting railway construction as an indication of the condition of the railway industry, the period through which we are now passing shows greater depression than any previous period. The increase in new mileage brought into operation during the fiscal year 1892 was less than during any year since 1830, while the percentage increase stood lower than for any previous year since the beginning of railways in this country. Thus the rate of increase from 1886 to 1887 was 9.08 per cent.; from 1887 to 1888, 6.07 per cent.; from 1888 to 1889, 3.22 per cent.; from 1889 to 1890, 4.78 per cent.; from 1890 to 1891, 2.94 per cent.; from 1891 to 1892, 1.88 per cent., and from 1892 to 1893, 2.80 per cent. These figures show a remarkable depression in the business of railway construction. Another fact emphasized by railway writers is the large amount of mileage placed in the hands of receivers during the past eighteen months. Thus 43,000 miles of line have been placed under the protection of the courts, an amount equal to 24 per cent of the total length of line.

Carpets made entirely of paper are a novelty in the house furnishing line. Pulps of various shades are artistically commingled to produce attractive patterns.

Boiling tar, applied to masonry, makes it impervious to water.

MISS EDITH HOWE WILL SING.

She Was One of the Prime Donne in the Carl Rosa Company Last Season.

Miss Edith Howe, the soprano, who was one of the prime donne of the Carl Rosa Royal English opera company last season, has decided to appear on the operatic stage in this country during the coming winter. This will be Miss Howe's first appearance in public in this country. At the close of last season she declined a re-engagement with the Carl Rosa opera company, and came to this country to visit her uncle, Lawyer William F. Howe. Miss Howe began her musical studies in the royal academy of music in London, and during her course there won two medals. She then went to Milan, where she studied for a year under Signor Giovanni Vanni. Refusing several offers to make her debut in Italy, she returned to England, and was at once engaged for the Carl Rosa company. She made her

MISS EDITH HOWE.

first appearance as Michaela, in "Carmen," at the Gayety theater, Dublin, and during the season she sang in all the principal cities of Great Britain, appearing in a number of leading soprano roles with phenomenal success.

SLEEP ALONE.

People Are Coming More and More to Use Only Single Beds.

"I have been looking at furnished houses," said a woman lately, "and I am surprised to find how much the use of single beds has increased, at least among New Yorkers.

"I was curious enough to inquire about the matter at a furniture store, and the dealer told me that in ordering suits, particularly the high priced ones, the choice was often given of two single and one double bedstead," which would seem to indicate that the wealthy class that is oftenest abroad is bringing home this practice.

It is beginning to be understood, however, by a growing number of persons that to sleep alone appreciably contributes to one's rest and health. The system undergoes electrical changes during the night's sleep, and where persons lodge together night after night under the same bedding these changes must naturally react with appreciable results.

The London Lancet called attention not long ago to the habit of dual sleeping, saying that there is nothing that will so derange the nervous system of a person who is eliminative in nervous force as to lie all night in bed with another who is absorbent of nervous force. The latter will sleep soundly, and rise refreshed, while the former will toss restlessly, and will wake in the morning weary, peevish and discouraged.

No two persons, no matter who they are, ought habitually to sleep together. The one will thrive, the other lose.

An aged person and a child should not be bedmates, great as is the pleasure to grandma to have her "little comfort" with her at night. It is one which the wise as well as fond relative will forego for the child's sake.

A case recently came to the writer's knowledge of two sisters, 15 and 17 years old.

The younger was a splendid specimen of young womanhood, robust, active and merry, while the older, though not ill in any definite way, was thin, tired out quickly and fretted over trifles like a nervous woman.

These conditions finally came to be accepted, and probably would have continued indefinitely if an English relative, a physician, had not made the family a visit. His sharp eyes noted the morning lassitude of the elder girl, and the corresponding freshness of her sister at breakfast, and he drew his conclusions.

An inquiry of the mother secured the knowledge that they not only slept in the same bed, "but," said she, "Elsie's (the elder) devotion to her sister is such that for years she has only gone to sleep when she could hold Mabel close in her arms."

The doctor fairly snorted at this sentiment, and in the end persuaded the sisters to sleep apart.

Two pretty brass bedsteads side by side offered propinquity and company, but prevented contact, with the result that in six months' time Elsie showed a marked improvement in her general health, and has become in eighteen months a happy, good-tempered young woman, with considerable increase of avoirdupois.

In this case, at least, the improvement dates from the moment of separate beds.

Money in Books.

"There's money in books," said a man who regards literature from the shopkeeper's point of view only, "but there's less than used to be. There was a time when you could pick up $100 in an afternoon sitting around at the best book auctions. Now I believe there's a good chance in specialties, Americana and that sort of thing, if you can keep down the rent. If you choose to make paper books a side issue, exchange one for two, and all that, they'll easily pay your rent."

OUR FLAG IN COREA.

THE FIRST TO TEACH THE COREANS MANNERS.

How the Massacre of the Crew of the American Schooner Gen. Sherman Was Avenged by Our Asiatic Squadron in 1871.

IN ORDER TO trace the history of America's relations with Corea and the general opening up of the country to the influences of western civilization, it is necessary to go back to the year 1866. At that time Corea was the "hermit kingdom" in more than name. The present king had ascended the throne a couple of years before, but being a mere boy the government was wholly in the hands of his regent father, who was a bitter hater both of foreigners and of change. Some French missionaries, who had braved the law of the country and boldly advanced into the native cities, were horribly massacred in 1866, and a French expedition sent to chastise the Coreans ascended the Seoul river and attacked several forts, but lost so heavily that the expedition sailed away without having accomplished the end aimed at, and having left the Corean soldiers with the impression that the foreigner could not fight, and that the Corean was invincible.

In the same year an American schooner, the General Sherman, chartered by a British trader, sailed for China on an experimental voyage of trade and discovery. The vessel entered the Taetong river and never returned. It was burned by natives, and those on board were slaughtered to the last man. On the news of this massacre being received Commander—now Rear Admiral—R. W. Schufeldt, visited the peninsula with the war steamer Wachusett on a mission of inquiry. No satisfaction, however, was obtained, and a similar mission, under Commander Febiger, of the Shenandoah, despatched a few months later, proved equally barren. Finally, in 1871, our Asiatic squadron, consisting of the flagship Colorado, the corvettes Alaska and Benicia, with the gunboats Monocacy and Palos, was despatched under Rear Admiral Rodgers, to Corean waters.

It was intended to secure a treaty for the protection of Americans shipwrecked on the coast of Corea, to inquire into the Gen. Sherman affair and to obtain if possible a treaty of commerce. Peaceful negotiations, however, proved to be impossible. The natives garrisoned the forts along the river and prepared to make things hot for the foreigners should they attempt to ascend the river toward the capital. A survey expedition, under Capt. Horner Blake, consisting of the Monocacy and Palos, with four steam launches, was sent up the river. When they were close to Kang-wa island the Corean batteries, containing some eighty guns, suddenly opened fire upon them. The redoubt was instantly wrapped in a sheet of flames, discharging in a few seconds about three hundred shots. One account says that these rasped the water like a hailstorm. The veterans of the civil war had never known such rapid firing. Yet only one American was wounded.

Fortunately the order to fire had been given a few seconds late; the American vessels were already out of the line of fire, and as the guns of the natives were fastened on logs, they could not be manipulated and were of no further use. The answering fire from the gunboats and launches soon cleared the fort of its defenders and a week later a punitive expedition was landed in order to teach the Coreans a necessary lesson. The force, composed of 650 men, was led by Commander L. A. Kimberly, the adjutant general being Lieutenant Commander W. Scott Schley, who was afterward to win fame as the rescuer of Lieut. Greely.

The first battery, which was attacked unexpectedly in the rear, was taken without difficulty; the works were completely demolished and the cannon rolled into the river. On the following day the next fort—"Fort Monocacy," as it was christened—was cleared by shells from the Monocacy's guns and was then dismantled by the landed troops. An advance was next made upon the citadel or principal fort, which was perched on the crest of a rocky hill. The Coreans were hovering beyond the reach of our guns in vastly superior numbers, and were evidently waiting for an opportunity to crush the little American army as soon as it had entered the ravine lying below the fort.

To defeat these tactics five howitzers and two companies of infantry were posted as a rear guard on rising ground, while the main body moved forward to storm the citadel. The Coreans attacked the howitzers in large numbers, but the excellent practice made by the American gunners under Master A. V. Wadhams scattered them effectually and prevented any large body of them from getting into close quarters with our men.

Presently, at a signal previously agreed upon, the firing from the Monocacy ceased, and amid a hail of bullets from the enemy our men sprang up the steep incline to attack the citadel. They swarmed over the ramparts or through the breaches, and in a twinkling were at close quarters with the defending garrison. The Coreans fought stubbornly to the last without asking for quarter, and were all of them slain. After that the remaining subsidiary forts were soon captured, and fifty flags and 481 pieces of artillery fell into the hands of the

LIEUT. M'KEE.

conquerors. The citadel was named Fort McKee, in honor of the gallant young officer who was the first over the parapet.

The defeat of 1871 probably rendered the Coreans more ready to treat peaceably with foreigners than they were before. In any case the hour for opening up the country was at hand. The process began in 1876, when a treaty was made with Japan. A party of Japanese sailors, while landing for water on Kang-wa island, were mistaken for Americans or Frenchmen and were fired upon by a neighboring fort. Japan saw her opportunity, and her fleet demanded as an indemnity that certain privileges in trade be granted her. This was the first step toward the opening of the country to foreign intercourse. The Corean-Japanese treaty of 1876—the first entered into by the Coreans—was concluded on the basis of free-trade, only a small amount of tonnage dues on shipping being payable. In a subsequent convention in 1877 Japan was granted the privilege of opening three coaling stations on the coast; in 1879 the harbor of Gensan, and later Chemulpo, were thrown open to Japanese commerce, all other nations being excluded from the benefits granted to Japan. In the meantime, China, which has always regarded Corea as a dependency of her empire, began to grow jealous of the increasing influence of Japan, and to counteract this hold of her inveterate enemy, encouraged, if not actually instigated, foreign powers to follow in the footsteps of Japan in concluding treaties with this "hermit kingdom," and it was with her help that Admiral Shufeldt led the way and successfully carried through a treaty between the United States and Corea in 1882. Later on commercial treaties were also negotiated by Great Britain, Germany, France, Russia and Italy.

INTERIOR OF FORT McKEE.

Becoming a Nation of Musicians.

Formerly all the mandolins used in this country were imported from Germany and Italy; now nearly all that are used here, and a great many are used, are made in this country. In the past year and a half or two years the mandolin has become very popular here, and its popularity shows no sign of diminishing. The demand for mandolins come from all parts of the country, and it is so great that wholesale dealers in musical instruments are not able to keep up with it promptly. It is said that we make in this country mandolins better than the imported, and the same is said of American guitars. Guitars made in this country are now used throughout the land, and they are also exported to all Spanish-American countries.

A fish "with a head and body resembling that of an alligator" was recently captured off Fort White, Fla. It weighed one and a half tons.

A COSTLY DEBT.

AN only daughter comprises the family of Mr. Peter Princeton, a retired merchant and a widower. He is a very important man; and now, as we behold him, in his dining-room, awaiting the arrival of his daughter Charlotte, to begin dinner, his importance and hunger have so overmastered him that he is holding his evening paper upside down, and probably thinks he is reading it.

"Here, Gertrude!" he snaps out at last, addressing his servant, "take away the soup and keep it warm. I cannot understand what has detained Charlotte at her music-lesson. Bring me my boots at once. I am going to meet her."

Gertrude, still trembling, removes the soup-tureen, and is returning with the boots, when the door-bell peals out joyously.

"That is Charlotte, at last!" exclaims the father, who has just taken off his slippers.

"It is the young lady," repeats Gertrude, who, in her haste to open the door, drops the boots on her master's plate.

Charlotte enters like a miniature whirlwind. She is small and graceful, with laughing eyes and fluffy hair; is 18 years old, has little feet, with arched insteps, and pretty hands perfectly gloved, besides a thousand other charming details; there are dimples in her cheeks, and she has a clean-cut little chin, and a softly-rounded form. In a word, she is an adorable little creature, a butterfly, all ribbons and lace; flowers and furbelows.

"You have come at last," announces the father, ironically, as he seats himself at the table, and unfolds his napkin.

"Oh, papa, I was just going to tell you!"

"Sit down, sit down first; you can explain while eating, and I will understand you better then. Great heavens! I have waited long enough, already. Gertrude—the soup."

"But, papa, you can't think! I've had a real adventure."

"An adventure?" cries, Mr. Princetown, starting up in alarm.

"Yes, papa, an adventure, in the omnibus, with a young man."

"In the omnibus, with a young man? Great heavens!"

At this juncture Gertrude discreetly retires, in obedience to an imperious gesture from her master.

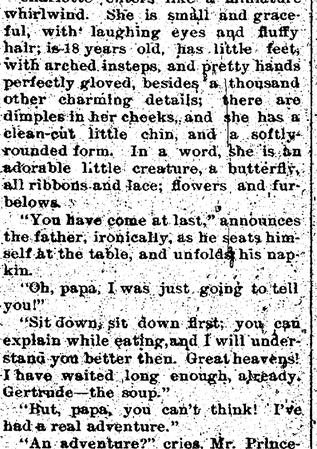
"Oh, papa, an adventure with a young man who was altogether too nice, I assure you."

"I would have you know, my dear, that a young man who is nice never has an adventure with a young lady—above all, in an omnibus. Explain yourself."

"Oh, it's a trifling matter, papa, and, really, it isn't of the least use to make such big eyes at me, and talk to me in such a voice. I had forgotten my pocket-book—a thing that is liable to happen any day——"

"Oh, yes, yes—especially to those who haven't one. Go on."

"I didn't discover it until the conductor demanded the fare. What was I to do? I turned red as a peony, then I felt my face pale. Happily, as



"IT IS VERY BAD MANNERS."

the conductor held out his hand, a young man at my side placed a quarter in it, and said, 'For two.' This gentleman had understood the cause of my embarrassment, and paid for me."

"So, young lady, you accept a dime from an unknown man! Better a thousand times to have explained the circumstances to the conductor—the driver—to anybody. One does not forget one's pocket-book when going in an omnibus, or, better still, one does not go in an omnibus after having forgotten one's pocket-book. How do you propose to return this dime to this young man? For I hope you do not intend keeping it?"

"But, papa, I have his card. See here: 'Mr. William Mason, No. 4 Willow street, Melrose.'"

The father, without waiting to hear more, snatches the bit of pasteboard from the girl's hand, and cries:

"What, not content with lending you money in violation of all the proprieties, this gentleman gives you his card besides! He is the pettiest intriguer, the lowest of the low—your young man who is altogether too nice!"

"Now, papa, be reasonable. To return the money, it was, of course, necessary to know his address."

The ex-merchant finds no suitable reply to this ingenious reasoning; but with a gesture, indicative of decided ill-humor, throws his napkin upon the table.

"I am fated not to dine to-day. Gertrude, go engage me a cab by the hour. I wish to return this young adventurer his money at once, and tell him a few plain truths besides."

"Oh, papa, papa, you won't do that? It would be base ingratitude. Only think of it. This young man has extricated me from a very unpleasant situation."

"Unpleasant situation! Let me alone! Shut up! I don't care to be lectured, especially by a rattle-brain, who loses her pocket-book."

The irate parent puts on his boots and takes his cape and hat, all the while growing more and more morose. Gertrude enters.

"The cabman is below, but he only promises to take you there, not to wait for you."

"Very well, I can get another cab to bring me back."

Mr. Peter departs, after slamming the door, while Charlotte, blushing and trembling, recounts to her old friend Gertrude, how she is much better acquainted with Mr. Mason than she dares to confess to her father. That for a month at least she and he have taken the omnibus at the same time each evening, and, that, without seeming to do so, she, Charlotte, has noticed his evident admiration of her, etc., etc.

"A fine affair, indeed," exclaims the astonished servant, all in a tremor of excitement.

William Mason is in his bachelor apartments, and, in a sentimental mood, is gazing at the hand that his charming neighbor in the omnibus has touched while taking the card he gave her.

Suddenly there comes a knock at the door, which opens abruptly. A large man, out of breath, his hat over his ears, his cane in his fist, enters unceremoniously.

"Sir," he exclaims, "to say the least of it, your conduct is unworthy of a gentleman. A gentleman does not take advantage of the innocence, the inexperience, the artlessness, the embarrassment of a young girl. To profit by the absence of a father, and a pocket-book, to brutally offer to a young person who is alone, not only a dime, but a visiting card, may be a good investment, but is very bad manners. But here is your dime, sir. My daughter and I wish nothing further to do with you."

And the large man, after perorating with much volubility, begins to search in his pockets; but before Mason, who is utterly dumbfounded, can utter a word, a new actor appears on the scene. It is the cabman, who comes in furiously, brandishing his whip.

"This is fine! I tell you I will bring you here, and not wait for you, and you accept the terms. You even order me to make haste; when we arrive you shoot off like a zebra, as slippery as an eel, without paying me, and calling out to me to wait. That won't go down, I tell you! I mean what I say. One trip means one trip and nothing else. Come, hurry up, if you please. I want my dollar, and be quick about it!"

Mason did not understand; but the large gentleman, who has precipitately dived into each pocket, then successively turned them all wrong side out, without appreciable result, grows pink and white, then crimson, then violet, and now shades off into green—a rainbow in a silk hat and overcoat.

"I have forgotten—my—pocket-book!"

"That's an old trick," roars the cabman; "but you can tell that to the police. It won't answer with me," and he prepared to seize the arm of the unfortunate man, who, in despair, on the verge of apoplexy, meekly submits. But Mason, a veritable providence to the family, gives the cabman the necessary amount and orders him away.

"Permit me," the young man says, with exquisite politeness, to the ex-merchant, who barely has strength to articulate.

"Certainly, my dear sir, with pleasure, but give him only one dollar—not a cent more."

The father of Miss Charlotte, who but recently could not understand that a person has not always in his pocket as much as a dime to pay in an omnibus, now admits that he is very happy to have some one to advance the sum of a dollar to stop the mouth of a pitiless cabman.

Thus, notwithstanding the diverse and unusual emotions he has just experienced, it is with an almost gracious smile that he says to Mason:

"Sir, that makes $1.10 that I owe you, I believe. If you will do me the pleasure of dining with me this evening, we will settle this little affair. A merchant does not like old debts—besides, short reckonings make good friends."

A quarter of an hour later Gertrude places an extra plate at the table. It is still placed there every day for the next month, the engagement of Miss Charlotte Princeton and Mr. William Mason is announced, and the ex-merchant still says to any one who cares to listen:

"Never borrow, oh, ye fathers of families! It costs too dear. I once owed a debt of $1.10, and in order to pay it, I had not only to give away my daughter, but $25,000 as her dowry."

She—What did you mean by saying that I looked like a chromo? He—Why—er—I meant to say that you did not look as if you were painted.

MISS WILLARD'S START.

STORY OF HER FIRST AND ONLY LOVE AFFAIR.

Mary A. Livermore's Influence in Setting Off the Temperance Worker on Her Famous Career—How Frances Moved Her Traps.

A pretty story is going the rounds about Frances Willard and Mary Livermore, says the Chicago Times. It seems that Mrs. Livermore is largely responsible for Miss Willard's present proud position as "the uncrowned queen of American democracy," as Mr. Stead calls her.

Miss Willard, according to the gossips, had been engaged to be married to a well-known educator. For reasons best known to herself she broke the engagement. They were both teachers in the same institute and he made things so disagreeable for her that she resigned. About that time the temperance crusade was beginning, and Miss Willard longed to throw herself into the fray. But she had her mother to support and other responsibilities which she could not ignore. She wrote to Mrs. Livermore for advice.

She told me all the circumstances of her life," said Mrs. Livermore, in telling the story a short time ago. "She explained all about her engagement, why it had been broken, and why she had given up her educational work; she told me she had her mother to support, and asked me if I thought she would be unwise to devote herself to the work to which she felt so strongly drawn. I had known something of her, and of her wonderful power as a speaker, shown in a marked degree by her influence over her pupils, and without any hesitation I sat down and wrote:

"'Burn your bridges, Frank, and go in. It comes upon me with a mighty rush at this moment that God has ordained you to take up this work, and that you will not only succeed, but that you are to be a leader of women in one of the greatest movements of the age.'

"She took my advice," continued Mrs. Livermore, "and she was successful from the very first. She is a much more powerful speaker to-day, of course, than when she began, but from the very beginning all who heard her felt that she had a winning power. She met with some difficulties—it was only natural that she should—but when she once obtained a hearing her victory was certain."

So intensely has Miss Willard devoted herself to her work as a speaker that other sides of her nature, if not neglected, have been allowed to develop in their own sweet way, and she often joins with her friends in laughing at her own unpractical lack of system. Anna Gordon, her private secretary, is her main support and pillar. Miss Willard, whose busy brain is always filled with thoughts of her temperance work, knows nothing of money matters, and only knows that it is time for her to meet her numerous appointments when her faithful secretary comes to her with the information that she has five—perhaps ten—minutes in which to take her train. So devoted has she been to her cause that when she first began the work she never thought of asking for remuneration for her efforts, fearing, in her lack of appreciation of her own work, that people would not care to hear her if she asked pay for her services. This generosity, together with her lack of knowledge of money matters, resulted in her being frequently found without money with which to pay her traveling expenses to places in which she was to lecture. On one of these occasions she called at the home of Mrs. Livermore in Melrose, and when the hostess herself opened the door Miss Willard said:

"Well, here I am, Mary, but I'm 'strapped,' as the men say."

"I should like to know what that is on your arm," exclaimed Mrs. Livermore, pointing to a shapeless something which was neither shawl nor carpet bag, but which much resembled a peddler's pack.

"Why, how do you get your traps around when you go lecturing, Mary?" said Frances, with a what-have-I-done-now dismay in her voice.

"Well, come in now, and I'll show you to-morrow how I get them about." And the hostess ushered her guest into the house, where the shapeless "something" was opened, revealing an old waterproof, minus the top, in which had been deposited the traveling outfit of the independent little owner, who had tied up the diagonal corners, thrust her arm under the knot with the belief that she had done quite the proper thing until Mrs. Livermore showed that a lecturer packs her "traps" in orderly fashion in a respectable gladstone, checks it to her destination and calls upon her audience to meet the expenses of such extravagance.

Pacifying Him.

"It is strange!" exclaimed the irritable man, "that I can't get what I order to eat."

"What's the matter?" asked his wife.

"I ordered blue fish and the waiter brought me black bass."

"Oh, well, I wouldn't get angry. Perhaps the poor fellow is color blind."

Just as Well.

"Yes," said Miss Giltby, "I took the trouble to study French before going abroad."

"Did you get on nicely in Paris?"

"Perfectly."

"So they understood your French?"

"N-no; but I managed to get along with their English beautifully."

AMONG THE FINEST PROSE.

Ruskin's Glowing Description of the Campanile of Giotto at Florence.

This passage from Ruskin is one of the two instances cited by Rev. Charles Kingsley, himself a writer of much power and beauty, as the finest examples known to him of modern prose. It is the ending of the "The Lamp of Beauty" in "The Seven Lamps of Architecture." Thus it reads:

I remember well how, when a boy, I used to despise the Campanile Giotto at Florence and think it meanly smooth and finished. But I have since lived beside it many a day and looked out upon it from my windows by sunlight and moonlight and I shall not soon forget how profound and gloomy appeared to me the savageness of the northern Gothic, when I afterward stood, for the first time, beneath the front of Salisbury. The contrast is indeed strange, if it could be quickly felt, between the rising of those gray walls out of their quiet swarded space, like dark and barren rocks out of a green lake with their rude, mouldering, rough-grained shafts, and triple lights, without tracery or other ornament than the martin's nests in the height of them, and that bright, smooth, sunny surface of glowing jasper, those spiral shafts and fairy traceries, so white, so faint, so crystalline, that their slight shapes are hardly traced in darkness on the pallor of the eastern sky, that serene height of mountain alabaster, colored like a morning cloud and chased like sea shell. And if this be, as I believe it, the model and mirror of perfect architecture, is there not something to be learned by looking back to the early life of him who raised it? I said that the power of the human mind had its growth in the wilderness; much more must the love and the conception of that qeauty, whose every line and hue we have seen to be, at the best, a faded image of God's daily work, and an arrested ray of some star of creation, be given chiefly in the places which he has gladdened by planting there the fir tree and the pine. Not within the walls of Florence, but among the far away fields of her lilies, was the child trained who was to raise that headstone of beauty above the towers of watch and war. Remember all that he became, count the sacred thoughts with which he filled the heart of Italy, ask those who followed him what they learned at his feet and when you have numbered his labors and received their testimony if it seems to you that God has verily poured out upon his servant no common nor restrained portion of his spirit and that he was indeed a king among the children of men, remember also that the legend upon his crown was that of David's: "I took thee from the sheepcote and from following the sheep."

Fishhook's Never Vary.

Fishhooks are precisely the same in shape to day as they were twenty centuries ago. The only difference is in the material, then they were made of bronze, now they are made of steel.

The Horses May Ride.

A French inventor has got up a street car omnibus driven with gearing from a treadmill attached to the rear of the vehicle and supported on wheels. The horse, therefore rides while he works.

Babylonian Bricks.

Excavations in Babylon have brought to light a number of bricks, the stamps on which prove them to be at least 4,000 years old. They appear to be as good now as when they were first baked.

APT REJOINDERS.

Tommy—Say, paw. Mr. Figg—Now, what do you want? Tommy—What is the difference between the sea horse and the navy plug?

Clara—We girls are getting up a secret society. George—What's the object? Clara—I don't know yet, but I'll tell you all after I am initiated.

"He always looked on the bright side of everything," was the consoling remark of one of the mourners. "Yes, and he'll feel it now," savagely put in the editor.

Claude—They say that Miss Justine is going into a convent for life. Jack—Yes, she has promised to be a sister to so many of us that she is going to adopt it as a profession.

"I had one of the most remarkable experiences of my life this morning," said the professor. "What was it?" inquired his wife. "I heard a United States senator reprove his son for wasting his time."

"See here, waiter! I've been waiting half an hour for a glass of beer, and now that you bring it, it is only half full!" "Excuse, me sir, but if it was entirely full you would have had to wait longer still!"

"What are the chances to gain admission to the bar in your town?" asked the law student of a native. "Well, stranger, thar ain't no trouble durin' the week, but you've got to be mighty slick on Sunday."

Great Physician, cheerfully—Yes, sir, I can reduce you at the rate of five pounds a week. Fat Man—How often shall I come around to see you, doctor? Great Physician—You needn't come at all. I'll just send you a bill at the end of each week.

"Young man," said the stern father, appearing suddenly at the door of the parlor and holding it open, "walk out!" "Yes, sir," responded the young man, rising to go. "You're the boss. You've got the right. But I want you to understand," he added, fiercely, "that I don't walk out on account of any grievance I've got against Miss Laura."

THE U. S. Government Chemists have reported, after an examination of the different brands, that the ROYAL Baking Powder is absolutely pure, greatest in strength, and superior to all others.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER COMPANY, 106 WALL ST. NEW-YORK.

The Planet Mars.

Professor Lockyer is of the opinion that human life on the planet Mars may be very much like human life on the earth; the light cannot be so bright, but the organs of sight may be so much more susceptible as to make the vision quite as good. The heat is probably less, as the polar snows certainly extend further, but by no means less in proportion to the lessened power of the soler rays. The professor agrees with others, that several remarkable seas—including inland seas, some of them connected and some not connected by straits with still larger seas—are now definable in the southern hemisphere, in which, as is the case also with the earth, water seems to be much more widely spread than in the northern hemisphere. There is, for example, a southern sea exceedingly like the Baltic in shape; and there is another and still more remarkable sea, now defined by the observations of many astronomers—one near the equator, a long straggling arm, twisting almost in the shape of an S laid on its back, from east to west, at least 1,000 miles in length and 400 in breadth.

Black as Ink

Are the prejudices which some people cherish against what is good for them. They reason, as our old friend Artemas Ward says, thusly, "So and so has been taking medicine for a long time and isn't any better." They only know of individual cases. Many could be cited, to their astonishment, in which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has brought about a complete change in the physical condition of persons suffering from general ill health. This thorough stomachic, besides having the decided recommendation of the medical profession, is voiced by the general public as the possessor of qualities as an invigorant and restorative of health not found anywhere else. In bodily troubles caused by the liver, stomach and bowels, in instances where rheumatic tendencies are experienced, and when the kidneys are weak, it is the true resort.

Billiards on Board the Ironsides.

The gunners on the Ironsides at Morris Island had a neat way of exploding their projectiles within the boat. It was impossible to drive them the sand and cotton of which the work was made, nor could the guns be so elevated as to toss them in as from a mortar. So the pieces were depressed, and the shot, striking the water about fifty yards from the beach jumped in. In nearly every instance this manner of making the missils effective was successful. "Those are what I call billiards," said the captain watching the firing, "they carom on the bay and pocket the tall in the fort every time!"

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional cure. Price, 75.

The Cradle of Liberty Unsafe.

Boston is uneasy because the superintendent of public buildings has pronounced Faneuil hall unsafe. The room used as a kitchen when public dinners are given is dangerously exposed to fire from the ranges, besides which the public market in the ground floor of the building has saturated that part of it with grease, making it particularly inflammable. The tower, too, leans twelve degrees from the perpendicular. The city council has been impelled to consider steps to make the historic "cradle of liberty" safe.

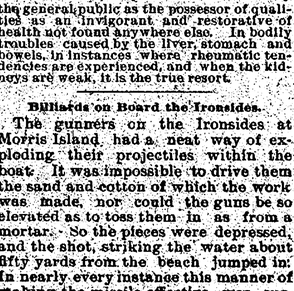
Coe's Cough Balsam

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a Cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

"FULLNESS under the eye denotes language," we are told. So it does, and, we fear, bad language, too, at times. In a recent instance a fullness under the eye denoted that the possessor had called a man a liar.

Billiard Table, second-hand. For sale cheap. Apply to or address, H. C. ARIN, 511 S. 12th St., Omaha, Neb.

Americans send $125,000 interest annually to England.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Anchors.

Some ascribe the invention of anchors to the Tyrrheninns; others to Midas, the son of Gordius. The most ancient are said to have been of stone, and sometimes of wood, to which a great quantity of lead was usually fixed. In some places baskets full of stones, and sacks filled with sand, were employed for the same use. All these were let down by cords into the sea, and by their weight stayed the course of the ship. Afterward, anchors were made of iron, at first with only one fluke, but in a short time a second was added by Eupalamus, or Anacharis, the Scythian philosopher.

Mothers, Save Your Children!

Steketee's Pin Worm Destroyer is the only sure cure known that effectually destroys the pin worm, the most troublesome worm known. It also destroys all other kinds of worms. There is no remedy that can expel the worms from the STOMACH or RECTUM as does Steketee's Pin Worm Destroyer. For sale by all druggists; sent by mail on receipt of 25c., U. S. postage. Address GEO. G. STEKETEE, Grand Rapids, Mich.

When to Take a Bath.

There is no practice more objectionable than to go to bed closely wrapped up in the dust and dirt that accumulate on the surface of the body during the day; nor is there anything so conducive to sound sleep as a tepid douche just before getting into bed. Many bad sleepers become the best of sleepers from the adoption of this simple rule.

Karl's Clover Root Tea.

The great Blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation. 25c., 50c., $1.

True practice is the object lesson to an inquiring world.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

It is a sign of rain when ants are unusually busy.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

Beeswax and turpentine make a good polish for floors.

3 Homeseekers Excursions South, via the Wabash Railroad.

On Sept. 11th, 25th and Oct. 9th the Wabash will sell tickets at half fare plus $2 to all points in Tennessee, (except Memphis) Mississippi, Alabama and Louisana, (except New Orleans) Arkansas and Texas. For rates, tickets or a homeseekers' guide giving full description of lands, climate, etc., or for steamship tickets to or from all parts of Europe, call at Wabash office, 1502 Farnam street, or write

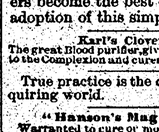
G. N. CLAYTON,
N. W. P. Agt, Omaha, Neb.

One-half of the wealth of England is held by 1,000.

IT'S A MILLSTONE

About a young man's neck to be a sufferer from nervous exhaustion, nervous debility, impaired memory, low spirits, irritable temper, and the thousand and one derangements of mind and body that result from, unnatural, pernicious habits, contracted through ignorance. Such habits result in loss of manly power, wreck the constitution and sometimes produce softening of the brain, epilepsy, paralysis, and even dread insanity.

To reach, re-claim and restore such unfortunates to health and happiness, is the aim of the publishers of a book written in plain but chaste language, on the nature, symptoms and curability, by home treatment, of such diseases. This book will be sent sealed, in plain envelope, on receipt of ten cents in stamps, for postage. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.



DEE Pt. Band, Iron Hoop

OAK BASKET.

A Basket You Can Water Your Horses With. Costs no More Than Any Other Kinds, but Will

STAND ANYTHING.

Burlington Route HARVEST EXCURSIONS

SEPT. 11th, SEPT. 25th, OCT. 9th

On these dates Round-Trip Tickets will be sold from Chicago, Peoria, St. Louis, and other stations on the C. B. & Q. R. R. to the principal cities and farming regions of the

Northwest, West and Southwest AT LOW RATES

Many connecting railways will also sell Harvest Excursion Tickets, on same terms, over this route. The undersigned or any agent of the Burlington Route, and most ticket agents of connecting railways east of the Mississippi River, will supply applicants with Harvest Excursion folders giving full particulars.

P. S. EUSTIS, Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.

Patents, Trade-Marks.

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for "Inventors' Guide, or How to Get a Patent." PATRICK O'FARRELL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

AGENTS WANTED. One earned $4000, many over $1000 in 1893. Handsomest outfit extant, free to livemen. P. O. 1871, N. Y.

FIRST & BEST For COUGHS, COLDS, WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

When answering Advertisements kindly mention this Paper.

The Table Rock Argus.

F. M. TAYLOR, PROPRIETOR.

Issued every Friday Morning at TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Terms $1.50 Per Year, In Advance.

Loyal to the Ticket

Jack McColl Not a Bolter This Year or Any Time.

OMAHA, Sept 11—(Special to the State Journal.)—Hon. J. H. MacColl was an early visitor at the headquarters of the republican state central committee at the Millard hotel this morning. Colonel MacColl was engaged for some time in shaking hands with enthusiastic friends and in paying his respects to the various executive officers of the committee engaged in the prosecution of the campaign work. He wore a pleasant smile and an aspect of contentment as he met the correspondent of the Journal.

"I notice, Colonel MacColl," said the Journal correspondent, "you are quoted as having stated that your calling and election would have been sure had you agreed to the terms proposed to you by the railroads, which no man of self-respect could have acquiesced in."

"I do not know who has quoted me as making such a statement," said MacColl, changing the stub of a cigar from one side of his mouth to the other and swinging one long limb over his knee as he tilted back in his chair.

NEVER MADE SUCH A STATEMENT.

"I have never made such a statement, because there has not been the slightest ground for making of such a statement. No proposition was ever made to me by any of the railroads through any of their managers looking toward the conduct of my canvass as it might affect railroad interests. I made my fight for the governorship fairly, openly and above board and there are no heartaches, so far as I and my friends are concerned, on account of the result. I believe that Nebraska is most vitally interested in the election of the entire republican ticket. You may quote me as being heart and soul for it from head to tail. You may also quote me as saying that my friends stand with me and will be found on deck working heartily for republican success in the election of Tom Majors as governor, and for the success of those associated with him on the ticket. As a citizen of Nebraska, as a tax-payer of the state, as a man who is in some degree identified with its interests and anxious for its progress I believe that the election of Judge Holcomb would be a catastrophe to the state which every republican should do his best to prevent. In my own town and in my own county I will pledge the vote and efforts of every republican for republican success.

WILL DO ALL HE CAN.

"I am not much of a speaker myself or I would at once take the stump, but whatever I can do or whatever I can say to stimulate republican interest and to draw out republican votes shall not be withheld. I have just written a telegram," said he as he reached down in his inside pocket and pulled out a Western Union blank, "to the republican ratification meeting to be held at Lexington, Neb., my own town, this evening. It ought to give the lie to any suggestion of lukewarmness on my part. It is as follows:

OMAHA, NEB., Sept 17, 1896.—Capt. C. W. McNamar, Lexington, Neb.: Please convey to the ratification meeting this evening my sincere regrets that imperative business calls me to Omaha to-day. The paramount interests of the state demand the election of the republican ticket from head to tail. I shall take an active interest in the election of the republican ticket.
[Signed] J. H. MACCOLL.

REPUBLICAN SUCCESS ESSENTIAL.

"I am especially interested," said Colonel MacColl, "in having laid before the people of western Nebraska that the success of the republican ticket must be a precedent to any prosecution of irrigation enterprises. In this subject the people west of the one hundredth meridian, irrespective of party, are most vitally interested. By conventions and in private meetings they have placed themselves on record as in favor of the irrigation of the semi-arid lands in that vicinity, in order that crop failures may be forever prevented and that the soil may surely give forth its full increase and in defiance of meteorological conditions, a large number of irrigation enterprises are now in process of completion. The water is there and the engineers state that they will be able at a small expenditure of money to assure the results desired, but for the funds we must look to the east and foreign capital must come to Nebraska to carry out the plans which have been projected.

POPULIST GOVERNOR A CALAMITY.

"I am confident that the selection of a populist governor would materially hinder, if it would not altogether prevent, the floating of irrigation bonds for the western part of the state. While the question of irrigation from a standpoint of national assistance to the state is pending in congress, we must look to ourselves to initiate this movement, and we cannot afford, in this great financial crisis, to throw any obstacles in the way of securing a market of the bonds, which will quadruple the value of our lands and assure a yearly crop to the people of the western part of our state. I shall be found working with all my energy for the success of the republican ticket, because I have been a lifelong republican, believe in its principles and am as good a republican after as before a convention. I know enough of my friends in this state to say that they will stand by me in using every effort to do what ought to be done to prevent Nebraska from being classed with Kansas, Colorado and Oregon as states wherein investments are insecure and from which cheap money flies, chiefly because of its dread that populistic principles will control and that the ordinary rules of good faith will not obtain between men engaged in business."

THE people of this senatorial district do not want Bryan, sent to the United States senate, therefore they will not elect George F. Cotton to the state senate.

REPUBLICAN CLUB

An Enthusiastic Success, and the Caucus Nominates a Good Precinct Ticket.

One of the greatest audiences ever assembled in the Table Rock opera house, greeted the first public opening of the Table Rock republican club on Tuesday evening. The club now has nearly two hundred names upon its rolls; the audience of Tuesday evening may be a good criterion by which to guage the place which the principles advocated by the club occupies in the minds and hearts of the people of our city.

The precinct caucus was called to meet at 7:30 and at this hour the vast room was filled with people. Committeeman White called the caucus to order, and Dr. W. H. Wilson was elected chairman and Wm. White secretary, when a motion was made and carried that the caucus adjourn until after the club program had been rendered, so Caucus Chairman Wilson gave place to Club President Wilson, and the program was proceeded with by singing "America," followed by an oration by S. E. Roberts. Then came a duet sung by E. C. Phillips and Dr. Covert, and composed by a citizen of Table Rock, and which is here reproduced:

JIM AND THE POPS.
(Air: Suhanna, Don't You Cry.)

I had a dream the other night,
When all around was still;
I thought Jim Murphy drove his cart
Like fury on the hill,
And that the "Pops" all gathered 'round
While Jim was stirring brew—
A Bryan smile was on his face,
A twinkle in his eye

Chorus: Oh, demo-popples,
Oh, don't you cry, for we
Will swallow up the "G. O. P."
Just wait and you will see.

There was Jeff. Johnson and Connor, too,
Cap Jennings with his smile;
And Carlock with his beaming face
Shone o'er them all the while,
And Sargent Trilleff listening, too,
And H. H. Wessell by,
The while Jim spoke with smothered tone,
"We'll get there, don't you cry

Chorus: Oh, demo-popples,
Oh, don't you cry, for we
Will get there, for the B. & M.
Is aiding, don't you see?

Methought it was a strange, queer sight,
And filled my soul with glee,
To hear Jim Murphy lay his plans
To skin the G. O. P.;
And see him aided by the Pops—
John Latman, Sam Purcell,
Clark Patchin, Peter Stevens and
The B. & M.—well—well?

Chorus: Oh, demo-popples,
Oh, don't you cry, for we
Will swallow up the G. O. P.
Just wait and you will see.

But hark, I heard a wild uproar;
I woke—'twas but a dream;
But I had wakened to the point
And tumble to the scheme:
The democrats and populists
No more are now to spar,
But ride along to victory with
The B. & M. R. R.

Chorus—Oh, Jimmie Murphy,
Your Bryan scheme we see;
The G. O. P. is wide awake
This fall for victory.

The applause which followed the singing of this song was so great that the singers responded with the following original song:

JIM MURPHY.

[Mr. Crafted into the Army.]

Our Jimmy has gone for to vote with the pops
He is joined to the "kicking industrials"
I vow it was one of the strangest of flops
That he joined hand to hand the "industrials"
I told them the "boy" was "too old," alas!
At the pop headquarters they said he would pass,
They would train him up well in the Sy. Holcomb class,
And he's awa'lowed clean down by the "industrials."

Chorus—
Oh Jimmy, farewell, a long farewell,
I knew you always was foxy.
That soft Bryan smile we can see half a mile
And now you will journey with Coxey.

And now in my visions I see him revealed,
At the head of the camp of "industrials,"
They flock to him out of the workshops and fields,
This army of "kicking industrials."
A cobar he holds for each neck in his hand,
Encircled i see by a B & M. brand,
And all with the dems he intends to land,
This crowd of befiddled "industrials."

Chorus—
Oh, Jimmy farewell, a long farewell—
I knew you always was foxy.
That soft Bryan smile we can see half a mile,
And now you can journey with Coxey.

After the applause had somewhat subsided, Bessie Sutton and Nellie Johnson sang "Grover's Rag Baby," and the way that audience laughed was was worse than wormwood to a democrat who came in the back way. The girls came back and repeated the last verse, and the president then introduced Dr. J. H. Presson, whose popularity with a Table Rock audience was evinced by a liberal welcoming applause. The Doctor delivered a half hour's address crowded with good republican logic and eloquence, enthusing the audience with a greater loyalty to the republican party. M. H. Marble read an original poem entitled the "Empty Tin Bucket," (which the ARGUS will publish next week) and brought for the author a big round of applause. Wilson Turman recited "Barbara Fritchie" to the gratification of the audience. At this point H. C. Lindsay, republican candidate for state senator, who was on the stage, was called for and responded in a short address and gave a plain exposition of republican principles and added to his number of friends in Table Rock. Bert Parish then sang "Queen Lill and Grover," in Bert's own way, and the club meeting was over.

The caucus work was again taken up, and nominations for assessor were made, two names being presented—J. B. Pepoon and Eli Porter. The first ballot resulted, Porter 53, Pepoon 40, and Porter was declared the nominee.

The following names were placed in nomination for justice of the peace, J. W. Shaw, S. E. Roberts and M. H. Marble; the ballot giving 55 votes to Shaw, 35 to Marble and 4 to Roberts.

Nominations for constables: C. B. Castleton, A. J. Wheeler, Ed. Porter, James Stockman, B. F. Norris, W. L. Tipton, George Munsinger. The caucus voted for two and the ballot resulted as follows: Castleton 27, Wheeler 45, Porter 11, Stockman 12, Norris 36, Tipton 23, Munsinger 4, the nominees being Wheeler and Norris.

Election board—second district—judges: J. D. Longwell, J. B. Pepoon, D. W. King; clerks: Wilson Turman, George Bedea.

First district—judges: M. H. Marble, N. B. Thomson, B. L. Wilcox; clerks: John R. Sutton, Henry Shaw. The nominees are all good, clean men, worthy of, and will get, the full vote of the party.

The next meeting of the club will be held on Wednesday evening, October 3rd, for which an interesting program will be prepared.

THE republicans of New York have nominated ex-vice president Morton for governor.

SUTTON, Bernard and Lindsay will represent the people of Pawnee county in the legislature next winter.

THE republican central committee of Nevada has asked for the resignation of Senator Jones, but that gentleman will hold on to the office as long as he can.

JESSE B. STRODE, the next congressman from this district, was in town yesterday, getting acquainted with our people. He is making a magnificent canvass and is everywhere being greeted by large and enthusiastic audiences. He is an earnest, forceful speaker, with a vast fund of information at his command and will make an efficient congressman.

IT is amusing to hear some of those "old democratic war-horses" who have been shouting "democratic principles" for years, now shout for the populist candidates for congress and the state senate. There are lots of democrats, however, who believe that democracy means more than simply "opposition to the republican party" and if you notice, these men are not very hoarse from populistic shouting.

It has been our aim since buying the Stock of HARDWARE AND FURNITURE *of Wheeler Bros., to fill the building with Good Goods, pertaining to a First Class Stock of*

HARDWARE, FURNITURE and Undertaking GOODS.

Our Stock is now complete.

We are now in position to sell you Good Goods as cheap as any firm in Pawnee county or any other County.

Our Hardware Stock is full. And we carry the largest stock of Furniture and Carpets in the city.

We do all kinds of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron work.

Also repairing of all kinds.

We cordially invite all our old customers and all new ones to call and see us whether you want to buy or not.

Very Truly Yours,
TILLOTSON & LINSLEY.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Services every Sabbath at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.
S. F. WILSON, pastor.
Sunday School at 10 A. M. S. H. DOFF, Superintendent.
Junior Endeavor at 3:30 p. m. MISS MYRTLE SHIER, Sup't.
Y. P. S. C. E. prayermeeting at 6:30 P. M. on Sabbath. P. G. HALES, President.
S. S. teachers meeting, Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock at private houses.
Church prayer meeting on Thursday evening at seven o'clock. Strangers as well as friends are cordially invited to any of these services, and will be made welcome.

THE OMAHA WEEKLY BEE.
12 pages each week
From Now to Nov. 15
covering the entire campaign
For 10 Cents
Send Stamps or Silver to
THE OMAHA BEE,
OMAHA, NEB.

TO OPPONENTS
—OF—
THE SINGLE-TAX

You judge of our reform without complete understanding of our principle or our position. There is only one national exponent of the single-tax, and that is

The Single-Tax Courier,
W. E. BROKAW, EDITOR.
Price $1 a Year,
Subscribe for it,
Read it, Then
Criticise us!
SHERIDAN WEBSTER, Manager.
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THE FASHION
BARBER SHOP
WEST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE.
First Class Shave
10 CENTS,
With Clean Towel and Bay Rum.
Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty.
S. D. SHRINER, Proprietor

TONSORIAL PARLORS
SHAVING.
HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING
Done to order in neatest style.
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and LOAN.
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DENTISTS.
Office over S. G. Wrights, Drug Store.
TABLE ROCK, - - NEBR.

JOHN N. GEEE POST NO. 185, DEPARTMENT OF NEBRASKA, G. A. R.
Meets Saturday evening on or before full moon
N. B. THOMSON, C. J. B. PEPOON, A'J't.

TABLE ROCK HARNESS SHOP,
L. S. FELLERS, Proprietor.
Has a Large Stock of the Best Makes of
HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS,
Whips, Sweat Pads, Blankets
And Everything usually kept in a First Class Harness Shop.
In Prices I meet all competition for the same Quality of Goods and when you want anything in my line, I respectfully invite you to call and see my Goods.
L. S. FELLERS.

O. D TIBBETS,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Special attention given to my
SHOE DEPARTMENT
Having built on a Grocery department, I am better prepared to give you satisfaction in that line than any place in town.
TEA A SPECIALTY
IT IS TO THE INTEREST OF CASH BUYERS TO TRADE WITH ME. PRODUCE TAKEN EXCHANGE. SOUTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.

DO YOU WANT FARM MACHINERY?
If so, call and see me, for I have just recieved a large invoice of all kinds of
FARM IMPLEMENTS.
Bain and Olds Wagons.
The Best Makes of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES AND SPRING WAGONS.
A Fine Line of LISTERS, PLOWS, *also a lot of* MILLET SEED.
In Price I can save you Money.
CHAS. NEADER,
Brick Building, West of State Bank, Table Rock, Nebraska.

YOU WANT A FENCE!
THEN SEE
Lewis Fellers,
Who Can Furnish You the
Best Fence on Earth!
At the Lowest Prices.
WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH OAK PICKETS
Strong and Durable, making a handsome appearance. I am also prepared to
SAW LUMBER FOR ALL WHO WANT IT DONE
At Reasonable Figures.
LEWIS FELLERS.

Frank Zelenka, jr.
AGENT FOR THE
New Huber Thrashing MACHINE.
ONE OF THE BEST MACHINES MADE.
Will steam with less fuel than any other Thresher made.
I will be pleased to give Prices and show Machine, and most cordially invite persons contemplating buying to call and see me.
FRANK ZELENKA.

Attend the
FIRE engine
Meeting on next
MONDAY Evening.

For sewing machines go to Andrew Brothers.

House to rent. Inquire of W. H. Freeman.

Attend the FIRE engine meeting Monday night.

See N.A. Craig for way down prices on building rock.

Ike Troyer and family left for Arkansas on Tuesday.

Moore's Air Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Humboldt has voted bonds for a water works system.

Everything nice and clean at S. D. Shriner's. Give him a call.

Mr. and Mrs. C E. Monte are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Deputy Sheriff Anderson was in town to-day on official business.

Do you know that Tillotson & Linsley always have gasoline for sale.

Tom [illegible] and Wright Woolsey were down from Elk yesterday.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Peter Stevens and wife returned from their Iowa trip on Wednesday.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Tillotson & Linsley has a large [illegible] inch well and drain tiling for sale cheap.

Rev. J. H. Allinson will preach at the M. E. church next Sabbath morning and evening.

See N. A. Craig for way down prices on building rock.

Tuesday is the day the demo-pops [illegible] do the reps. come out and see them do it.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

The [illegible] condition of our [illegible] the people of the [illegible] thinking.

[illegible] expect to go from here [illegible] City to-morrow to hear the [illegible] Sabbath morning.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

A [illegible] party was given Wednesday evening by Miss Lottie Tal[illegible] number of her young [illegible]

[illegible] Brown, the tonsorial [illegible] hotel. 35 3

The [illegible] senatorial convention [illegible] Humboldt, Wednesday [illegible] George F. Cotton for [illegible].

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

The demo-pops want revenge, and [illegible] they can have it, provided however, they can play [illegible] good enough.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

Strode and Lambertson will address the people of Table Rock and vicinity at the opera house on the evening of October 9th.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

George S. Miller and his daughter, came over from Axtell, Kan.. Wednesday to join Mrs. Miller in a visit with the family of Ed. Porter.

A. B. Edes, a prominent citizen of Pawnee, has thrown off his bachelor [illegible] and was married this week to Miss Minnie comfort of Omaha.

The Fashion Barber shop is the place to get your barber work done.

John B. Sutton left yesterday for Hanover; to-morrow he will go to Crete, where he will remain until Monday morning and will then go to [illegible] Orchard.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

The Pawnee base ball team has challenged any amature team in the state for a series of five games to be played at Pawnee and the town from which the accepting club comes.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

The royal reception given the republican club by the people of Table Rock on Tuesday evening, worried its enemies and the way they have since been "kicking" is amusing to those who like to see them squirm.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Orothers.

The congressional convention of the democrats was held at Tecumseh Thursday, and with true democratic [illegible] endorsed the candidacy of Populist Weir. Judge Broady's name was presented and Pawnee county's delegation voted solid for him, but the Judge is too much of a democrat and too little of a pop to [illegible] that convention and it turned him down.

F. H. Beavis, M. D. Physician and Surgeon, Table Rock, Neb.

If you want a baby buggy go to Tillotson & Linsley's.

W. S. Kinsey and wife were Lincoln visitors, Wednesday.

Brown, the barber at Luzerne hotel. 35-3

Come out next Tuesday and see the reps do the demo-pops again.

Organs cleaned and repaired; will guarantee my work. S. H. Dopp.

W. A. Howard, a campaign singer of Lincoln was in town yesterday.

Mrs. W. Copeland, of Filley, was the guest of Mrs. W. S. Kinsey last week.

O. W. Griffing and Joe. Calvin are plastering two school houses near Tait this week.

C. H. Norris went to Lincoln, Monday, to place his son, Clinton, in the State University.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Stewart are guests of their daughter, Mrs. A. J. Purcell this week.

If you want a shave or hair cut, S. D. Shriner will accommodate you.

J. L. clark has tendered his resignation as a candidate for the legislature to the populist central committee.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Lafe Cooper came down from Elk Creek, Wednesday and went with V. H. Cooper to Kansas City with cattle and hogs.

If you want a bed room suit Tillotson & Linsley's is the place to buy it

The M. E. conference is in session at Falls City this week, with Bishop Andrews presiding. Dr. Johnson is in attendance.

Mrs. G. R. Martin left yesterday for Stamford, where she will visit for a couple of months with her daughter, Mrs. Frank Linn.

Everything nice and clean at Brown's barber at the Luzerne hotel. 35-3

Breckinridge was defeated for the democratic nomination for congress, Owens winning, and now he threatens to bolt the ticket.

TAKEN UP—A brown mule of medium size with white spots on both sides and on both shoulders from harness galls. T. W. CONKLIN.

Moore's Air Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

J. F. Fulton went to Burchard, Wednesday and came back to Pawnee to attend the rally and was taken quite sick with one of his attacks of asthma.

I have 160 acres of land in Thomas county, Kansas, close to railroad which I will sell cheap or will trade for Table Rock property. Can give clear title. N. A. CRAIG.

A party of Clear Creekers consisting of J. W. Tibbets, Enos Jones, E. A. Horton and James Smith will leave next week on a hunting expedition.

Mrs. C. H. Norris went to Falls City, Wednesday afternoon, to attend the conference of the M. E. church in session there. Miss Gertie Norris will go to-day.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew, Brothers.

S. L. Hedrick, Summerfield, Kan., was visiting old time friends here this week. He says even Kansans are talking about what a good representative Wm. Sutton will make.

The baby of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Deck is very ill, and is considered to be in a dangerous condition by the physician, Dr. Collins was called from Pawnee City yesterday to see it.

J. H. Allison, son of Jonathan Allison of Sheridan, died at his home in Sterling on last Sunday. He was buried on Monday under the auspices of the Odd Fellows, of which lodge he had been a member for many years.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

The social given by the Junior League at the residence of George F. Cotton was a pleasant gathering and the little folks proved themselves agreeable entertainers. The storm interfered largely with the attendance, and only $1.57 was taken up in the collection. There were recitations, songs and refreshments.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

I am now prepared to furnish Apple Barrels at Prices that will astonish the natives. For particulars call at the Table Rock cooper shop, G. M. SHUTT.

A. E. Lane was called to Auburn Wednesday by a telegram announcing the severe illness of H. H. Cooper, a former resident of Table Rock and a brother in law to Mr. Lane. This morning Mrs. Lane received a telegram saying that Mr. Cooper had died during the night. He was afflicted with heart failure. He had many warm personal friends here, and his death will cause sadness among them.

Tuesday afternoon the Clay City base ball team fell an easy prey to the Clear Creek nine. The game was for a purse of $20; several times before these same teams had met on the diamond, and victory usually perched on the banner of the Creekers, but our fellows thought they could "do" the fellows from the country, so that when the game was entered upon the Clays anticipated that $20 would be easily added to their treasury, but like many others who enter upon life full of ambition and determination to win the laurel wreath of fame and fortune, and in the end meet only blasted hopes for their ambition and poverty and distress for their fortune, the Clays found the glory and the dollars going to the other fellows. The first inning on each side was a goosegg; and in the second and third the Clays met the same fate but the Creekers made three tallies in the second, and two more in the third; in the fourth they failed to score, while the town fellows crowded in 2 tallies; in the fifth the visitors pounded out 4 more tallies, while an 0 represented those earned by the home boys in fifth and sixth; in the seventh the visitors added 2 to their score, and home boys did their best and chased the score from 2 up to 6; adding 1 more in the eighth, but it was the eighth inning that those country boys showed their determination to win that money, for they made 12 tallies, and kept the outfield playing all over the grounds chasing the ball. At the end of the inning the score stood 23 for Clear Creek, 7 for the Clays; in the ninth the home team ran in 2 more tallies to their credit, but could not reach the total the country fellows made in their eight innings so the game ended in a score of 9 to 23; made as follows:

INNINGS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Clay C.	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	1	2	—9
Clear C.	0	3	2	0	4	0	2	12	*	—23

$100.000 TO LEND ON FARMS BY THE STATE BANK OF TABLE ROCK AT SEVEN PER CENT. BORROWER HAVING THE OPTION OF REPAYING WHOLE OR PART AT ANY TIME. NO COMMISSIONS.

"Long" Jim Fisher's many friends will regret to learn that he anticipates leaving Pawnee county, next week, he will start to drive on an investigating tour through Missouri, in search of a suitable farm, and if he finds what he wants he will probably buy it. He will be accompanied by his brother, Ralph, who goes on the same quest.

Don't forget the tonsorial artist, S. D. Shriner, two doors west of postoffice.

Help save Your Property.

Next Monday evening a meeting will be held for the purpose of taking steps toward perfecting arrangements for providing fire protection for our town. For several weeks the matter has been agitated, and W. A. Conklin circulated a paper asking subscriptions for erecting a tank at the town pump, and furnishing hose to reach all parts of the square; on this paper over $300 had been subscribed, and a meeting of those subscribing was held at which a committee was appointed to draft plans and furnish estimates for the work under consideration. It is now learned that a 32-man power pump with hose and other necessary appurtances can be purchased for about $700—about $150 in excess of the tank plan, and it is desired to have a large turn out at this meeting Monday night, to see if this sum cannot be raised. Every citizen of our city can readily see the importance of fire protection. True, we have been remarkably fortunate in escaping great destruction by fire during the past years, but should one break out under present conditions and get fairly started before discovered, all that could be done would be to stand and watch the destruction of property, which, with some such protection as that prepared, could easily be saved. There is no necessity for argument on this question, every citizen realizes its importance. So come to the meeting Monday evening and come prepared to held the movement along to the full extent of your ability.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

William Wygent a Valley county farmer, has fed a good deal of wheat to his horses and hogs, at one time and another, and has learned that it should be fed sparingly. It is a strong feed and if given to the stock in generous quantities they will not chew it properly, and loss of grain and injure to the stock are the consequences. Back in Michigan he had learned that hogs turned on to wheat stubble did well, ann when he came to Nebraska and found corn high-priced and wheat plenteous he fed it, and shovelled the grain out bountifully, just as he would corn. But his hogs did not do well. By and by the supply of wheat got low ann he began to be more sparing, and his hogs picked up amazingly. So now when he feeds wheat to hogs sows it around so they must work for it. Sometimes he makes them hunt for it among old stalks and litter in the yards. By getting only a little at a time they chew it well and the best of results follow. A little wheat goes a long way in feeding says Mr. Wygent.—St Joe Herald.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U will give a novelty lunch at their social Tuesday evening. Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Norris, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Bray and Mrs. Heywood are committee on lunch. Everybody invited. Ladies who are willing to help, see some member of the committee if they do not give you a call.

The next meeting of the Woman's Sufferage Association will be held at Mrs. Allen's, Tuesday, September 25 at 2:30 p.m. The following program will be rendered: Volunteer reading by all. Is the difference in the mentality of boys and girls educational? Led by Mrs. Griffing. The republican caucus by Mrs. F. O. Norris. All are welcome.

Dissolution Notice.

The parternship heretofore existing between Albert Karas and P. G. Hales under the firm name of Karas & Hales is this day dissolved by mutual consent, P. G. Hales retiring. The business will be conducted by Albert Karas who is authorized to collect all accounts and will pay all bills. Dated this 17th day of September 1894.

Signed { ALBERT KARAS
P. G. HALES.

It will be remembered by our readers that John Schultz, son of Chas. Schultz, (who was shot and killed south of town some time ago) was shot and seriously wounded at the same time his father was killed. The young man has not improved as it was hoped he might and by direction of his medical attendant he was taken to Kansas City last week for treatment. We are informed that his case is a serious one and unless improvement is made therein very soon there is but small chance for his recovery—Tecumseh Journal.

The second game of ball between the republicans and demo-pops-prohibs will take place on Tuesday, September 25, with the following list of players:

REPUBLICANS	POS	DEMO-POP-PRO
Wm. McKinley (Roy Norris)	C	Gov. Waite. (Geo Cotton, Jr.)
J Sherman (Roy Martin)	P	Gov. Altgelt (Ed Brock)
Robt Lincoln (W. S. Taylor)	SS	W J Bryan (S. H. Wessel)
B Harrison (Lafe Edwards)	1B	Sen Peffer (Frank Faulkner)
Tom Reed (A. C Boyd)	2B	Gen Weaver (Ed Mauck)
J M Thurston (E Edwards)	3B	G Cleveland (G Mauck)
Gov Crounse (Ed Jones)	RF	T. Jefferson (R. W. Hood.)
T J Majors (M. N. Fellers)	CF	S. Holcomb (Chas. Merton.)
J B Strode (C. J. Wood)	LF	Gen Bidwell (Chas Kerns.)

John P. St. John, Umpire. C. C. Covert.

Game will be called at 2 o'clock. Admission 10 cents, ladies free.

DON'T YOU KNOW?

THAT

DR W H. WILSON

Has a large and complete stock of drugs, And is headquarters for Wall Paper, Paints, oils, Books, Etc., also an elegant line of fancy goods.

Prescriptions Promptly Filled.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH Sunday Services. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Class after morning service, Epworth League at 2:30 and Bible class at 8 p. m. Teachers meeting Wednesday evening at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 p. m.
J. D. LONGWELL, Superintendent. P. C. JOHNSON, Pastor.

Social at Mrs. Andrew Fellers next Tuesday evening. The following program will be rendered:

Music,	Singing,	By all
Recitation		by Mary Goodrich
Duett		by Misses Bertie and Fannie Jennings
Recitation		by Emma Wood
Music		by the Misses Talcott
Guitar solo		C. C. Covert.

The democratic county convention was held at Pawnee City last Saturday afternoon. The gathering was called together by A. E. Lane and Frank Pepperl was elected chairman and Wm. Ballance secretary. After the appointment of a committee and naming delegates to the various conventions two candidates for representatives were chosen, the nominees being A. B. Woolford and Chris Gottula. Our own Jim Carlock was among the delegates and rock ribbed democrat that he is, he made a motion that the delegates to the senatorial convention be instructed to vote for the populist candidate, George F. Cotton; this motion was vigorously fought by Dave Meeker and other simon pure democrats, who wanted a straight democratic candidate, but the motion was carried. W. M. Hiller was elected chairman of the central committee. No candidate was named for county attorney.

Visit the tonsorial artist, S. D. Shriner, two doors west of postoffice.

FULTON & COMBS,

Dealers in

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

We desire to call the attention of the public to our new line

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, BUGGIES, WAGONS, ETC.

Our stock is new and clean; Our prices are as low as any in the state. We are here to stay! If you need anything in our line, it will pay you to call and examine our Goods and get prices before buying.

REMEMBER THE PLACE!

In the New Brick South-East Corner of the Public Square,

TABLE ROCK. - - - NEBRASKA.

LOOK!

Over this ist and you will See what S G. WRIGHT Keeps for Sale.

Acids, 100 kinds,
Acetanalid,
Aconite.
Arsnic &c,
Amyl,
Antepyrine, &c,
Balsam and Bark all Kinds,
Blue Mass,
Brazil Wood &c.,
Black Board Slating and Burgundy Pitch,
Calcium 20 kinds
Calomel and Camphor,
Carbon and Char Coal,
Copper,
Dragons Blood,
Elaterium,
Ergot,
Ether,
Extracts Flavoring &c.,
Flake White.
Gums—50 kinds,
Hoffmans Drops,
Iodine,
Iron,
Lead—1 Doz. kinds,
Leptandrin,
Lithia,
Madder,
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THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

F. H. TAYLOR, Publisher.

TABLE ROCK, :- NEBRASKA.

OVER THE STATE.

FORGERS have been quite active of late in South Omaha.

THERE are 207 pupils enrolled in the the Syracuse schools.

NEBRASKA CITY'S school enrollment exceeds any former year.

THE Johnson county fair has been declared off for this year.

LIGHTNING struck and burned the barn of John Hussae, near Verdon.

THE dwelling house of Sherman Cornett, of St. Paul, was destroyed by fire.

A HEAVY wind storm did considerable damage in the vicinity of Eldorado.

DODGE county spent $106,000 last year in support of her common schools.

BURGLARS got into the house of Wm. Peters, Fremont, stealing cash and goods.

CHARLES HURLBUT, one of Johnson county's wealthiest farmers has been adjudged insane.

OLD settlers of Dodge county had their annual picnic last week, there being about 500 in attendance.

FIRE totally destroyed the barn and sheds on Pat McCabe's farm, about five miles southwest of Newcastle.

THE jail at Blair is now provided with steel cells, and it is expected there will be fewer escapes therefrom.

J. M. C. JONES of Gage county did some irrigating on a small scale and had a wonderful growth of vegetables.

PROF. G. W. SAMPSON, of Tecumseh has gone to Arapahoe, where he will superintend the schools for the coming year.

THERE are 1,422 more pupils in the Omaha public schools at the beginning of this school year than there were last year.

THE democratic congressional convention of the First district will be held in Tecumseh Thursday, September 20.

IT is reported that there is a man living near Rising who is offering $1 per head for old horses, which he kills and feeds to his hogs.

THE directors of the Cass county fair have called off the horse versus bicycle races and will substitute straight wheel races in their stead.

THIS has been a discouraging year for rain makers. Now, after they have stopped operations, moisture is coming in all sections of the state.

THE Fremont Tribune suggests that a healthful and useful exercise in Nebraska at this time is to rise about 6 a. m., get a hoe and swipe Russian thistles.

WALTER HAND is under bonds to answer before the district court of Dodge county for running away with a team of mules. He was arrested in Crawford.

THOUGH this has been a severe year on creameries the Fremont institution, by good management, has made some money. It has a capacity of 3,000 pounds per day.

THE Catholics of Dawes, Sioux, Box Butte and Sheridan counties will hold a union picnic on the Crawford fair grounds September 20. There will be some politics in the gathering.

A PRAIRIE schooner which passed through Fremont bore this laconic inscription on one side of its canvas top: "Seven Years in Colorado, Going Back to Live with My Wife's Folks."

HENRY EAGLES, an old soldier, died at the soldiers' home at Grand Island at the advanced age of 73 years. He was a member of a Michigan company and had a record as a brave soldier.

WILLIAM BLOUYETT, the young man arrested for the assassination of Frank Breithaupt, at Oxford in July, had a preliminary hearing at Beaver City and was placed under heavy bonds to appear at the district court.

A DESPONDENT hog belonging to D. E. Johnson of Verdigre committed suicide by hanging itself in its pen. It made no parting squeal, but it is supposed that the shortage in the corn crop was the underlying cause of the rash act.

A QUARANTINE proclamation from Governor Waite, of Colorado, was received at the state house last week. It forbids the importation of sheep into that state from the territory of Oklahoma, afflicted with the disease known as "scab."

C. J. LANE, general freight agent of the Union Pacific, Nebraska division, returned last week from a month's trip through Utah, Idaho, Washington and Oregon. He says that the Union Pacific is on the boom there and that crops are the best ever seen.

A REQUISITION for the arrest and return of Charles Garrison, charged with the crime of grand larceny, by the Colorado authorities, was honored by the governor. He is under arrest at Brady Island, Lincoln county. He is accused of having stolen a horse and sulky.

THE question of Columbus voting bonds in the sum of $150,000 to aid in the construction of an irrigation canal has been ordered submitted to a vote of the people by the board of supervisors, and the election will be held at the town hall in the city of Columbus on October 8.

When the wife of a laboring man or farmer ups Nebraska goods she increases the demand for labor, makes it easier to obtain profitable employment, and makes a better market for the products of the farm. Nebraska made goods are the best in the market. Farrell & Co.'s brand of syrups, jellies, preserves and mince meat; Morse-Coe boots and shoes for men, women and children; American Biscuit & Manufacturing Co., Omaha, crackers.

SECRETARY CARLISLE has made a change in U. S. deposits at Omaha by which the Omaha National, which has long been a depositary for government funds, has been eliminated from the list. Secretary Carlisle says the matter has been finally adjudicated and will not be reopened.

POLK county held its fair last week, and it is said that if it was not the best fair ever held in the county it was not the fault of the management, for they did everything they could to make it a success, even trying their best to furnish attractions in the shape of speakers to represent the republican, democratic and populist parties.

IN a dispute over a pasture bill between two farmers who reside near Tecumseh, last week, named William Dyson and John Conway, the latter's temper got the best of him and he struck Dyson over the head with a club, inflicting a severe scalp wound. Conway was jailed.

ARTHUR HASSEL, secretary to the commissioner of immigration for Nebraska, with headquarters at Chicago, was in Omaha last week after a long trip over the state, especially the northwestern counties, to see how the farmers located last fall and spring are getting along, and reports them averaging well.

JOHN CAIN, a farmer living four miles north of Surprise, took French leave of his neighbors a few days ago, leaving several parties to mourn his departure to amounts which figure up about $2,000. John is also accused of taking with him a span of horses, wagon and harness, on which certain parties held a mortgage.

EIGHT thousand acres of government lands were entered under the homestead laws during the month of August at the Valentine office. Most of this land was hay lands of South Cherry county. A brother and sister from Mills county, Iowa, each entered 160 acres, from which they claim to have cut 1,000 tons of hay.

AL HISKEY was seriously, if not fatally, stabbed by Sam London at Stockton's horse trading barn in Beatrice. London was drunk and quarrelsome and wanted to fight. Hiskey knocked him down and London got up and stabbed him with a dirk knife, practically disemboweling him. Hiskey's injuries are thought to be fatal. London escaped.

THE depositors who have their money yet tied up in the defunct Nebraska Savings bank at Lincoln are feeling not a little anxious over the failure of receiving at least a small per cent of their savings. The bank closed its doors a year ago last July, and, although fifteen months have elapsed, no dividend has as yet been declared. The receiver of the bank is now the chairman of the republican state committee.

EMMET H. GILBERT, of Hastings, is suing his wife, Minnie A. Gilbert, for a divorce, and makes some very sensational allegations to substantiate his claim. He alleges that on September 1, 1893, while he was sick, his wife, under the pretext of administering medicine, gave him some drug that made him very ill, and at the same time used some very picturesque language toward him. He has refused to live with her since then.

RUSHVILLE had a serious fire last week. Following are estimated losses and amounts of insurance: Northwestern hotel, $8,000; insured in the Queen for $1,000, London & Lancashire $1,000; Pioneer Lumber company, $1,185; insured in the Phoenix of Brooklyn for $2,000, and the Royal Liverpool for $2,000; J. E. West, saloon, $900; insured in the Continental of New York for $650; Frank Bele, blacksmith, $1,100; insured in the Pennsylvania Fire for $400.

THE section about Nelson was visited by a good rainfall, accompanied by a severe hailstorm. Hailstones two or three inches in diameter fell. Some of them measured six to eight inches in circumference. All windows on the north and some on the west side of the high school and Columbia opera house and one in the First National bank were broken. Most of the dwelling houses suffered from broken window glass. The damage is estimated at $300 to $400.

CHANCELLOR CANFIELD made preparations to make every visitor at the university during fair week impressed with the greatness of Nebraska's seat of learning. Extra guides were employed to show them about the various buildings, and a 4x20 foot sign decorated the front fence. The university will open for examinations September 17, and the first class will convene September 24. It is expected that the enrollment will pass the 1,200 mark, which was reached last year.

THE board of supervisors of Holt county after being in session for many hours decided not to call a special election to vote upon the proposition of bonding the county for $150,000 in constructing the big irrigation ditch. The board has been called to meet again next Tuesday to consider the advisability of calling a special election for the purpose of voting $1,000 bonds to assist the irrigation company to make a survey of the proposed ditch. This proposition the board will submit.

THE following notice, signed by Charles G. Parmalee, receiver, was pasted on the door of the Citizens bank of Plattsmouth: "I have been appointed as receiver for this bank and am in charge. No apparent danger to depositors. Am making inventory and when completed will publish statement of its general condition. All payments to creditors will be made upon order of the court, as assets are collected." A statement shows: Liabilities—Certificates of deposit, $53,258.68; subject to check, $14,552.82; bills payable, $25,000; total, $92,811.50. Assets—Loans and discounts, $131,113.50; overdrafts, $6,635.87; real estate, furniture and fixtures and cash, $4,594.24; total, $147,341.61.

WITHIN the last three months three men have been mysteriously shot down in the sandhills in the southern part of this and Cherry counties, says a Hay Springs dispatch. But one man has been arrested—Dave Tate—for the killing of Morchfelt. Tate, soon after the killing went to Rushville, and while under the influence of liquor, made a confession of the killing, and intimated that some wealthy cattlemen hired him to do the deed. However, on the hearing he was acquitted. One of the ranchmen in this county within the last week was notified through the mail that, unless he quits the hills he will be dealt with summarily. People are aroused and are determined that life must be protected, and a close investigation will follow.

ACTIVE work has commenced upon the Farmers' & Merchants' Irrigation company's canal, in Dawson county. Three graders and 100 scrapers have been bought, and work will be given to 250 men upon the ditch. The ditch starts near Cozad and runs twenty-eight miles east, and will water 50,000 acres. Ten thousand dollars in bonds were voted in Lexington precinct and $7,000 in Grant precinct to aid the ditch. The capital stock is held entirely by local farmers and business men. While this is the largest ditch now being built, two smaller ditches are being constructed that will water 20,000 acres adjacent to Lexington.

CHINESE BADLY ROUTED.

THE JAPANESE VICTORIOUS AT SING CHUEN.

JAPS REPULSED AT PING YANG.

They Made an Attempt to Surprise the Chinese at Night but Were Driven Off With a Heavy Loss—Enlistment of Europeans by China Stopped — Two Hundred Chinese Drowned.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—A dispatch received here from Seoul, Corea, dated September 10, says that the Japanese force moving from Gensan has completely routed the Chinese at Sing Chuen. Both sides are reported to have lost heavily.

The vigorous press censorship which has been in force in Japan since the war with China was declared has been relaxed but local newspapers are still prohibited from publishing any news regarding the progress of the war or about the movements of the army or fleets. The mikado, accompanied by the members of the court, left Tokio September 13 for Hiroshima, the point of embarkation of the Japanese troops sent to Corea.

A Shanghai dispatch received here to-day announces that six survivors of the persons aboard the Chinese transport Chan, which stranded in the Che Tung pass recently with 1,400 troops on board while on her way to the island of Formosa, have arrived there. It was at first announced that, in spite of the panic which prevailed on board the transport after she went ashore, all the troops and crew were saved in the ship's boats, but the six estimate that about 200 soldiers were drowned.

News has reached the Tien-Tsin from Ping-Yang that the Japanese on the night of September 12 made an attempt to surprise the Chinese camp, but were repulsed with heavy loss. The movements of the Japanese troops were impeded by the standing crops, which also hid the enemy from them.

A dispatch from Hong Kong says that the enlistment of Europeans for the Chinese service has been stopped. Seven men belonging to the Southern department of the customs service have returned to their former duties. The whole Southern squadron has been ordered to the South.

PLUNGED ON WHEAT.

An Unknown California Magnate Stands to Lose a Full Million Dollars.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—Somebody stands to lose a million dollars on wheat, and San Francisco grain men are wondering who it is. For months L. F. McGlaughlin bought wheat for some unknown speculator until he had accumulated between 175,000 and 200,000 tons for which he paid an average price of $1.20 per cental. At present prices he cannot realize within thirty-five cents of as much as he paid per cental for this immense quantity of wheat. It is said by grain dealers here that ex-Senator James G. Fair is the only man on the coast who has enough ready money to back McGlaughlin in such a big deal and it now looks as if he had made an error in his calculations that will involve the loss of $1,000,000. When McGlaughlin began to buy last winter wheat was never before so low. Under the stimulus of big purchases the price went up but it soon fell and wheat is now lower than ever. It is calculated that there are at present between 800,000 and 900,000 tons of wheat in the state that a market must be found for. All this wheat must be shipped out of the country and ship owners are holding back for high charters.

ACCIDENT AT A FUNERAL.

Fifteen Persons Injured, Four Probably Fatally, By Runaway Horses.

ALLIANCE, Ohio, Sept. 17.—While a funeral party from Irondale was returning from the cemetery yesterday afternoon the horses attached to a carriage became frightened. The driver lost control of them and they dashed into another carriage, wrecking it and causing the second team to run away. Both teams dashed into carriages in front, causing other horses to run away, and all four teams plunged down a steep hill, completely wrecking the conveyances and throwing the inmates under the horses' feet.

Miss Anna Burnside and a younger sister, Burt Holder and Eli Cope were probably fatally injured and Alexander McBane and wife seriously hurt. Nine other persons were more or less injured.

EDITORS SHOOT TO KILL.

Texas Newspaper Men Engage in a Duel in Which Both Are Killed.

WACO, Texas, Sept. 17.—At Gatesville, the terminus of the Cotton Belt railroad, J. L. Goodman, editor of the People's Voice, and B. Y. Armstrong, editor of the Star, both weekly papers, who had long been engaged in a personal controversy over the lynching of Ed Cash of that place a few months ago by a party of fifteen citizens, whose arrest greatly excited the community, met this morning in front of the former's office and opened fire on each other at once. Goodman was shot through the heart and Armstrong through the abdomen and death was instantaneous in each case. J. J. Beeman, an innocent bystander, was fatally shot in the neck.

A Flax Factory for Kansas.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Sept. 16.—W. H. Payne of Findley, Ohio, proposes to manufacture in this state tow out of flax straw. He has a large flax tow factory in Ohio, but thinks the Kansas straw of a superior quality. He was given a large block of land, centrally located in this city, and let the contract for the erection of the buildings. It will be the first of the kind in Kansas.

UNCLE SAM'S FINANCES.

Internal Revenue Receipts Very Small and Customs Returns Only Moderate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The revenues of the government have fallen almost $13,000,000 during the first fourteen days of this month as compared with the last half of August. The receipts from customs for the first fourteen days of this month amounted to $8,227,000 (in round numbers) against $9,730,000 for the last half of August, while the receipts from internal revenue were but $2,292,000, compared with $20,634,000 for the latter half of August. The loss is due to the enormous sums paid on whisky withdrawn for consumption just before the new tariff act increasing the tax from ninety cents to $1.10 per gallon went into effect. The receipts from internal revenue for the first fourteen days of the month dwindled to $2,927,000—about $450,000 below the normal and were not counterbalanced by an increase in the receipts from customs due to heavy importations under the reduced rates, immediately following the enactment of the new law, the custom receipts increasing only about $3,000,000. The receipts from internal revenue are now confined almost entirely to the tax paid on beer, cigars, cigarettes and tobacco, and average about $250,000 per day, while for July and August, when so much whisky was being withdrawn, they averaged over $1,000,000 daily.

It is not expected the receipts from the tax on alcoholic spirits will reach normal again before January 1, 1895. This will have the effect, it is believed, of keeping the receipts of the treasury down to about two-thirds of the normal, or in other words to about $22,000,000 per month until January 1. This estimate leaves out of account any large increase in the importations arising from the operations of the new tariff law. The expenditures have averaged about $34,000,000, but without the sugar bounty, which is now a thing of the past, they will be reduced to about $31,000,000. For the next four months it is estimated that the receipts will be about $88,000,000, and the expenditures about $124,000,000.

CHOLERA AT TACOMA, WASH.

Captain Bridgman of the Baltimore Dies From the Scourge.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 17.—Captain W. P. Bridgman of the United States man-of-war Baltimore, died here of Asiatic cholera. He contracted the disease recently in China.

Interior Department Employes.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The register of the interior department, complete to July 1, shows that the total number of employes then was 14,043. Of these 4,042 were in the department proper at Washington, 719 outside the department proper but in Washington, and 9,282 outside the department proper and not at Washington. Of the latter class there were 736 in the land service, 3,676 in the Indian service, 4,762 in the pension service and 108 miscellaneous. Of the total number 452 were appointed by the president, 4,367 by the secretary and 9,224 by subordinates.

A Kansas Editor Dead.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 17.—Charles E. Harbaugh, editor of the Erie, Kan., Republican Record, died at the All Saints hospital at 11 o'clock this morning. Mr. Harbaugh had been sick for the past eight months and a complication of diseases necessitated a difficult surgical operation, for which he was brought to Kansas City about two weeks ago, the operation being successfully performed September 7. Since that time he had apparently gradually gained, and his death was unexpected.

Admiral McCauley Dead.

JAMESTOWN, R. I., Sept. 17.—Rear Admiral Edward Y. McCauley died at his summer home here yesterday. Interment will take place in Philadelphia. He was born November 2, 1826, and became a midshipman in 1841. He participated in the historical attack of the Powhatan on the Chinese pirates in 1855 and assisted in laying the Atlantic cable in 1857-8. He served all through the war as lieutenant commander. In 1885 he was made a rear-admiral and retired in 1887.

Bank Officers Accused of Theft.

OGDEN, Utah, Sept. 17.—Articles were filed yesterday in the United States district court charging gross fraud and mismanagement on the part of the officers of the Citizens' bank, which assigned December 26 last. Cashier C. M. Brough and President Theodore Robinson are charged with lending money to themselves and to corporations in which stockholders of the bank were interested to the extent of $68,000. Mr. Brough is mayor of Ogden.

Forced to Abandon His Talks.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 17.—A. Q. Wilson, the Prohibition street lecturer who was egged in Topeka recently and whose meetings had otherwise been disturbed by an unruly mob, announces that for the present he will hold no more meetings. Wilson's offending was that he censured the city and county officials for their failure to enforce the prohibitory law in Topeka and the probate judge for granting liquor permits to thirty-two drug stores in the city.

Isaac Reed Again Convicted.

WINFIELD, Kan., Sept. 17.—The second trial of Isaac Reed for the murder of Isaac Hopper on a street of Wellington, May 21, 1892, ended last night in a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. The trials have cost Sumner county nearly $50,000. The prisoner was removed to jail to await sentence. Reed was once a leading attorney and killed Hopper for charging him with having misled Mrs. Hopper.

Fatal Mishap at a Rally.

GARDEN CITY, Mo., Sept. 17.—During a Republican rally in this city to-day as a passenger train pulled into the depot Henry Stickler of this city was loading and firing a cannon for the salute when it went off accidentally, tearing out his left eye and bursting his skull across the forehead. He arose and walked the distance of twenty feet before he fell dead.

SENATOR HILL TALKS

HE MAKES AN ADDRESS AT A COUNTY FAIR.

Ten Thousand People Listen to His Utterances—He Tells Them That the New Fangled Political Heresies Are Bad—Declares That the Income Tax Is the Greatest Danger in Our Government—Impartial Tariff Laws Must Be Passed.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Sept. 15.—Ten thousand people from all parts of the state attended the Somerville fair yesterday—the great majority drawn to see and hear Senator David B. Hill and other notables. Mr. Hill made an address in which he said:

"To-day I plead for general legislation, which, rejecting the claims of the classes, recognizes no distinction of class, which embraces all occupations, harmonizes conflicting demands, condemns political and business selfishness, and exalts the use of pure, genuine and unadulterated patriotism. It is true good laws may aid us and bad laws retard us in the great struggle of life. Still the fact should be impressed on every one that good, bad or indifferent laws do not of themselves alone ordinarily make men rich or poor, good or bad, vicious or virtuous, but that much, if not almost everything essential, depends on individual efforts and tendencies, tastes and inclinations.

"New fangled political heresies teach the government should own and control everything used by man. The railroads, the banks, the telegraphs and many other of the manifold industries and enterprises now conducted by individual effort and capital should all come under this plan. I shall concede that it is wise and best the government should regulate all semi-public enterprises and institutions, but it should not own nor control them in the sense in which the teachers of these fallacies claim. Such a condition would be fatal to our government. To bring about these things would be the most fatal of mistakes. It would be unwise to add to the official patronage of a national administration, especially as that patronage is not always wisely dispensed, nor would it be wise to increase the channels of expense.

"If real estate is to be taxed all such property should be taxed alike. If incomes were to be taxed there should be no distinctions as to the amount. Small incomes should pay in proportion as well as the large ones. There should be no discrimination. Such things are dangerous. They engender classes. This is the greatest danger of the government. If the rich had to pay the taxes you may rest assured it would not be long before they would want to control the government. When that time comes, as I hope it never will, the mistakes of the past will be seen. Tariff laws must be passed which will show no favoritism to any one. There must be no favored few. The laws should be made for all."

CENSUS WORK ABOUT DONE.

Only One Division Not Yet Up—Years of Printing to Come.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The work of the eleventh census is about completed, the work on population and vital statistics being all that remains to be done. The portion of the work on population remaining uncompleted is that on occupations. The vital statistics are made up largely from the figures on population and have been held back largely on account of the work in the population division.

Chief Clerk Down thinks that in less than five months the work of the census will be completely closed and the present force of 400 employes reduced to forty or fifty at the outside. These will be experts who will have charge of the proofs from the printing office. An additional supplement to the compendium of the census is yet to be issued.

But while the census work proper will thus be finished in a few months, it may be several years before the work of printing is all done and the completed work published. The completion of the work at so early a period is unusual, and to Superintendent Wright's skill and experience in handling statistics this is largely attributed.

Exports in August.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—During August exports of breadstuffs amounted to $10,851,336 against $22,630,348 a year ago, and for the eight months ending August 31 to $95,348,714 against $129,361,109 for the corresponding period of 1893. The provision exports were, August 1894, $15,920,163; August 1893, $15,472,859; eight months 1894, $132,737,409; eight months 1893, $103,498,609. Cotton, August 1894, $3,239,140; August 1893, $3,482,200; eleven months ended August 31, 1894, $208,116,771; eleven months 1893, $190,784,140. Mineral oils, August 1894, $3,605,011; August 1893, $4,034,253; eight months 1894, $23,618,520; eight months 1893, $27,099,461.

A Venerable Counterfeiter Caught.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 15.—United States Commissioner Hopper to-day bound over Isaac Levy, aged 77, and his sons, Harry and Wilder, also his nephew, Nick Claxton, for counterfeiting. Isaac is an old offender. The gang was caught by detectives at Osgood, Ind., with four moulds for nickels and quarter dollars, metal and complete outfit for counterfeiting. Only $40 of spurious coin was recovered by the detectives.

A St. Joseph Man Disappears.

ST. JOSEPH, Sept. 15.—Adam Webster, a mulato who has lived in this city for twenty-five years, left a week ago with a strange negro who gave his name as Jesse Shepherd, to look for hidden treasure. After they had been gone four days Shepherd returned, riding one of the horses, and said Webster was under arrest in Howard county for shooting into a crowd of men. He asked for $300 with which to get Webster out of jail. While Webster's family was making preparations to get the money Shepherd disappeared. It is feared that Webster has been murdered.

DEATH TO AVOID DISGRACE.

Treasurer Dennison of the New York Select Knights Poisons Himself.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Anticipating exposure in the convention today E. M. Dennison, state treasurer of the Select Knights, A. O. U. W., now in session here, killed himself last night. He is said to be a defaulter, but to what extent cannot be learned until after a thorough examination of the books.

It was not until the convention assembled here that the grand officers became suspicious that Dennison's accounts were not all right. Then various discoveries were made and an investigation was decided upon. In one instance it was found that Dennison had not paid out $1,000 which he had been authorized to use in settling a death claim, but had converted the money to his own use and had made various excuses to the claimant.

Dennison got word of the threatened investigation and acted nervously during the morning. Last evening a servant heard groans in his room and the hotel clerk broke in the door just as he died. A physician reported that he had died of chronic disease of the heart, but the coroner, after an investigation, concluded that it was a case of suicide by poisoning.

Dennison had been treasurer of the order for two years, and was under bonds which will protect the order.

MRS. GOUGAR'S LIBEL SUIT.

Congressman Morse Tells His Story in the Suit Against Him.

BOSTON, Sept. 15.—Congressman Morse occupied the stand almost all day in the celebrated libel suit for $25,000 brought against him by Mrs. Helen M. Gougar of Lafayette, Ind., at the United States circuit court yesterday. He told of his Republican principles and long term as congressman. He classed the plaintiff in the list of vindictive speakers. Judge Putnam decided Morse's speech on the floor of the house was privileged and could not be put in as evidence if he wished. The cross-examination by Hon. Harvey N. Sheppard brought out the statement from Mr. Morse that he had no knowledge of Mrs. Gougar being paid by the Democrats for making political speeches.

No More Published Letter Lists.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The custom of publishing in the newspapers throughout the country the lists of unclaimed letters at postoffices will be abandoned and the list will be bulletined in the postoffice buildings hereafter. Acting Postmaster General Jones has decided to stop the old custom, as congress failed to make a sufficient appropriation for the usual amount of avertising. The expense of publishing the list last year was $19,000.

Grand Army Work Done.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 15.—The twenty-eighth national encampment of the G. A. R. and all the attendant ceremonies and festivities is over. The Women's Relief corps installed its officers this morning but the work of the other organizations was completed last night. The last number on the official program was completed to-day when the officers and delegates with their friends took a boat excursion to the armor-plate mills at Homestead.

A New Order for Kansas.

OSAGE MISSION, Kan., Sept. 15.—The monastery of the Passionist Fathers, a new order for this diocese and section of the country, was opened here this week. When the Jesuites left this mission in 1892 they deserted a fine set of buildings, erected at a large cost. Efforts to secure the Passion Fathers as inmates were successful and the order spent $20,000 repairing and improving the buildings. A new steam and gas plant was put in and many modern improvements made.

NEWS NOTES.

Three hundred feet of track on the Mexican National, west of Benavides, and 400 feet west of Kiaitos, have been washed away by the floods. All trains are tied up.

In Murphysboro, Ill., Mrs. Ann Rogers, sister to the late General John A. Logan, took morphine with suicidal intent. It is thought her life will be saved. Despondency is supposed to be the cause.

In Chicago Colonel Thomas J. Dolan, the prominent Democratic politician was adjudged insane in the insane court. Colonel Dolan was found wandering about the streets several days ago, and since has been kept in confinement.

In Newark, Ohio, unknown tramps called at the home occupied by three young ladies named Rank and at the point of a revolver compelled Florence, the youngest, to hand over $90. They then fled. A big posse of citizens is in pursuit.

In Lebanon, Pa., Mrs. Charles Garrett, aged 26, was murdered by her husband, who cut her throat from ear to ear. Garrett had just been released from the Eastern penitentiary after serving three years. The murderer escaped and is still at large.

G. N. Henson, president of the Citizen's Bank and Trust company of Chattanooga, who has been on trial for the killing of J. B. Watt, who, he claims, had ruined his wife and destroyed his domestic peace, has been acquitted by the jury.

S. C. DeBroukart, the Belgium consul at Denver, Col., died suddenly in Chicago while visiting his brother-in-law. His death was caused by heart disease, from which the consul has suffered since the recent death of his wife.

Flames in Marceline, Mo.

MARCELINE, Mo., Sept. 15.—At 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning fire, starting in the photograph gallery of J. A. Nickell, destroyed the building. On the first floor was the grocery store of J. T. Waller, valued at $3,000. The building was owned by Dr. W. A. Cater and A. Huss, and cost $3,000. It was insured for $3,000. T. A. Smedley, clerk of the school board, had an office in the building and the records of the school board were lost. O. M. Hendrick, attorney, lost his books. Adjoining the burned building was the drug store of Allen & Hinees, whose loss will amount to $1,000.

THE NEW COMMANDER

COL. LAWLER CHOSEN CHIEF BY THE GRAND ARMY.

He Defeats Col. Walker by Eleven Votes —Maj. A. P. Burchfield of Pittsburg Senior Vice Commander—Charles H. Shute of New Orleans Junior Vice Commander—Work of the Woman's Auxiliary—The Daughters of Veterans.

Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R.

Commander-in-chief—COLONEL THOMAS G. LAWLER of Rockford, Ill.
Senior vice commander—MAJOR A. P. BURCHFIELD of Pittsburg.
Junior vice commander—CHARLES H. SHUTE of New Orleans.
Senior warden—O. W. WEEKS of Marion, O.
Chaplain-in-chief—T. C. HAGGERTY of St. Louis.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 14.—Colonel Thomas G. Lawler of Rockford, Ill., was to-day elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic over Colonel I. N. Walker of Indianapolis, Ind., by a majority of only eleven votes—the closest ever known in the history of the Grand Army. Last night Walker claimed a majority of 128, but as the event proved he had miscalculated greatly.

Major A. P. Burchfield of this city was nominated for senior vice commander, and as there was no opposition he was elected unanimously.

For junior vice commander, Corporal Tanner proposed Philip S. Biglin, but when Charles H. Shute was named by the department commander, of Louisiana, Biglin withdrew and Shute was elected.

O. W. Weeks of Marion, Ohio, was without opposition and was unanimously elected senior warden.

Chaplain T. C. Haggerty of St. Louis was elected unanimously chaplain-in-chief, his only opponent, Comrade Sothard of Maine, withdrawing before a ballot was taken.

THE NEW COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Colonel Lawler was born in England April 7, 1844. When a child he was taken to Illinois and educated in the public schools of Rockford. At the age of 17 he enlisted as a private in Company E, Nineteenth Illinois volunteer infantry, and saw much hard fighting. He commanded his company for two months during the Atlanta campaign and was elected captain by the company and placed upon the muster roll of honor by Major General Rosecrans of the army of the Cumberland. He organized the Rockford rifles in 1876 and was elected colonel and commanded the third regiment I. N. G. for seven years, when he resigned. He was postmaster at Rockford under the Hayes and Garfield administrations and in the lumber and coal business. He has been commander of G. L. Nevins post of Rockford for twenty-six consecutive years. He has also served as a member of the department council of administration and junior and senior vice commander.

The Daughters of Veterans elected the following national officers. President, Mrs. Ella M. Walker of Worcester, Mass.; senior vice president, Miss Anna Schmid, St. Louis; junior vice president, Miss Gladys Foster, Kansas; chaplain, Miss Lena Stevens, Massillon, O.; treasurer, Mrs. Ida J. Allen, Newtonville, Mass.; inspector, Miss Addie Yorke, Somerville, Mass.; installing officer, Miss Anna Roberts, Connelsville, Ind.; trustees, Anna Moore, New York; Minnie R. Scott, Nellie C. King, Ohio; Nora Pike, Massachusetts, and Revelyn Monroe, Ohio.

The ladies of the G. A. R. met and received greetings from the other women's associations. The national inspector, Mrs. Mary E. Gordon of Kansas, reported that the organization had over 10,000 members and expended $35,000 during the year.

The Woman's Relief corps received an invitation from Mrs. McMahon, deputy president from Kentucky, to meet with the G. A. R. in Louisville in 1895. Kate Brownlee Sherwood submitted the report of the committee on the national council of women. The committee met with the world's congress of representative women to arrange for the triennial council to be held at Washington next year. The movement to teach patriotism in the public schools and place a flag on every school house and in every school room in the land was approved.

TO OPPOSE BRECKINRIDGE.

Race Track Bookmakers Will Go to the Ashland District to Work.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 14.—The bookmakers at the two race tracks on the east side of the river, who claim the Ashland district of Kentucky as their home, have arranged to take part in the Democratic congressional campaign now on there, and in opposition to Colonel William C. P. Breckinridge. A party of fifteen, including W. H. Chappn, P. H., T. M. and T. G. Newman, John O. Berland, J. N. Little, Richard Dehopey and John Weltzel, will leave here to-morrow to attend the primaries and use the time at their disposal as well as their influence against Breckinridge.

The White House Being Repaired.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The White house is now disfigured with scaffoldings and heaps of material of repair. The historic white of the exterior is being brightened and renewed. The walks of the grounds are all torn up and dug to a depth of a foot preparatory to the laying of new pavement. The pieces of coping over the entrance that fell a few weeks ago are being renewed and fortified. Within the mansion all the woodwork is being freshened and many decorations changed or renewed.

Maine Election Returns.

LEWISTON, Maine, Sept. 14.—Returns from 445 towns gives Cleaves, Republican, 67,047; Johnson, Democrat, 28,963; Hussey, Prohibition, 2,456; Bateman, Populist, 4,853. Republican plurality, 38,084. This is an increase of 1,890 in Cleaves' vote over 1892, and a decrease in Johnson's of 23,755.

Oxford county complete gives 2,300 Republican plurality. In the Second district Dingley, Republican, for congress will have 10,100 plurality. The remaining towns in 1892 gave Cleaves 1,155; Johnson, 2,479; Hussey, 190; Bateman, 13.

DEBS STILL FOR STRIKE.

The A. R. U. Chief Against Railway Brotherhoods.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 14.—Eugene V. Debs arrived here from Chicago late last night, to explain some of the features of his report as general secretary and treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, to the convention meeting in this city. Grand Master Sargent in his biennial address having indirectly reflected on Debs' connection with the great strike. It is said that he will try to show the utter uselessness of brotherhoods of railroad workers in protecting themselves from the encroachment of organized capital. He said that while he and Sargent were personal friends, their differences on this question were as wide as the poles. Sargent was opposed to strikes unless public sentiment was behind them, while he (Debs) believed public sentiment to be a colossal fraud. Public sentiment, he continued, had cost John Brown his life, made Wendell Phillips the victim of assaults, because he had opposed the idea of property in man and had inspired many other cruel wrongs. None of the other brotherhoods had ever made a strike successful unaided by other organizations, and many of those inaugurated by them had been complete failures. The Lehigh Valley strike was cited to show their utter incompetency to deal with strikes. The American Railway Union, on the other hand, nine months after its organization paralyzed the country and would have won its fight but for the intervention of the troops and of the courts. His resignation as editor of the magazine of the locomotive fireman was accepted by the convention yesterday afternoon.

Debs was visited by many delegates to-day who tendered their support if he would antagonize the re-election of Grand Master Sargent, but he claimed that he would not oppose him.

CORBETT ROASTS JACKSON.

Willing to Fight the Colored Pugilist Anywhere and at Any Time.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Champion Corbett, in a signed article in the World this morning, says:

"If Jackson wants a fight I will name as referees the men satisfactory to me now. The following are the acknowledged referees of this country: John Duffy of New York, P. J. Donohoe of New York, John Eckhardt of New York, George Siler of Chicago, John Kelly of New York and Al Smith of New York; all of them are satisfactory to me. I want to put this man on record. Does he dare to insinuate that any of these men would stoop to give him the worst of it?

"He talks about fighting in three months when he knew that this club has shown him that it is impossible for them to bring it off in that time. If he is so anxious to fight me, why don't he come to where I am and he can get all the fight he wants in twenty-four hours notice, or I will meet him secretly at once at any place he names and I will show him up plainly. The truth of the matter is that this man hates Americans because they do not consider him as good as they are and because he is not allowed to pose and strut about and be looked up to and worshipped as he is on the other side of the water. When he sails for England he will never return here, and while 3,000 miles away will keep up his wordy war on me and try to persuade the public that he is on the level, when I know his purpose in going to that country is to engage in a fake fight with another broken-down fighter, Slavin. He says he is not an actor and that his theatrical contracts do not interfere with him. No, because his attempt to appear on the stage was a dire failure and the managers throughout the country now refuse to book him.

In conclusion, Mr. Peter Jackson, I tell you plainly that I will fight you privately or openly in one week, one month, two months or three months' time for as much money as you can raise, purse or no purse, in a club, on a barge, in a hack, in a room—anywhere in America."

HARRISON TALKS POLITICS.

The Ex-President on the Tariff Bill—Says There is Much Dissatisfaction.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 14.—Ex-President Harrison returned from Cape May and the East at noon yesterday and was interviewed by a reporter at his home as follows:

"How many speeches will you make in Indiana?"

"Well, I had intended to make but two speeches in Indiana. It was not my plan to enter into the campaign in any general way. I did not expect to go out of the state at all, and I cannot say that I shall. However, I have been asked to go into Maine and Ohio, as well as other places. I have not arranged to make any speeches beyond our state. My present plans include but two speeches, which I have promised; but of course I may make others. I am anxious to get into my law business, which will take most of my time."

"Do you find any dissatisfaction in the East over the tariff?"

"I reached Elkins, W. Va., on the day of the Republican congressional convention there," replied Mr. Harrison. "The convention was held in the morning, and I arrived in the afternoon. I found the Republicans enthusiastic. As to dissatisfaction concerning the tariff, I found that it existed even in that district. Mr. Wilson, himself, represents Elkins and the surrounding country, you know. The miners throughout West Virginia do not take kindly to the new tariff law. Throughout the East I think there is general and expressed dissatisfaction."

A Boy Killed in a Mock Duel.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—Dominico Bonania, the 12-year-old Italian boy shot in what was to have been a mock duel with Ponto Borcko, another boy, died to-day. It was agreed between the boys that they should fire in the air above each other's heads. Borcko failed to aim high enough.

Historian Froude Very Ill.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The illness of James Anthony Froude, the historian, has taken such a serious turn that it is now feared he will not recover. He was born April 24, 1818, at Darlington, Devonshire.

THE RANKS THINNING

THE GRAND ARMY GROWING SMALLER EACH YEAR.

The Address of Its Commander-in-Chief —Reports of the Various National Officers—Finances of the Order in Good Shape—Scant Attention Paid by National Law Makers to Appeals of Veterans—Relief Corps Reports.

Grand Army Matters.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 13.—The national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic opened this morning in the new grand opera house.

Major A. P. Burchfield presented the commander-in-chief a gavel made of wood from Fort Sumter, Appomattox, Gettysburg and Libby prison and bound with metal from historic cannon. The wood from Gettysburg was taken from near the spot where the commander-in-chief was wounded, and, as he was a prisoner in Libby, has also reminiscent associations. It was paid for by the citizens of Pittsburg. The gavel is inscribed as follows:

"Presented by the citizens of Pittsburg and Allegheny to Captain G. B. Adams, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., at the encampment held in Pittsburg, 1894."

Commander-in-Chief Adams called the delegates to order after the speakers had withdrawn. The credentials of the delegates had been examined and the annual reports of the national officers were taken up and read.

COMMANDER ADAMS' ADDRESS.

Commander-in-Chief Adams in his address declared that one year ago there were in good standing 397,223 members and that there have been gained during the year by muster in 16,752, by transfer 6,354, by reinstatement 14,036, by reinstatement from delinquent reports 2,519—a total gain of 39,661, making the aggregate 436,884. There had been lost by death 7,283, by honorable discharge, 1,756, by transfer, 7,132, by suspension, 4,808, by dishonorable discharge 154, by delinquent reports 16,671, a total of 67,801. The number remaining in good standing June 30, 1894, was 369,084. Of these figures he said:

"These figures show that the G. A. R. has reached the beginning of the end, and each succeeding year will show a gradual decrease in our membership. The long continued depression in business has caused many suspensions, and these we hope to regain when prosperity returns, but it will be impossible for us to recruit our ranks as fast as our members are mustered out by death. During the year the Grand Army has not forgotten the great work of charity and has expended $203,780.10 for relief. While it has lost in membership, the interest in the order has not abated, but has grown stronger."

The commander-in-chief paid high tributs to the Woman's Relief corps and Sons of Veterans, but declared that he was opposed to fusion of the latter with the G. A. R. He next took up the pensions matter and denied that thousands of pension frauds had been or could be discovered.

REPORTS OF VARIOUS OFFICERS.

The report of James P. Meech, adjutant general, shows a decrease of 460 posts during the past year. For charity in the six months ending December 31, 1893, $100,486.03 was expended and for the six months ending June 30, 1894, $103,295.07, a total for the year of $203,780.10.

The inspector general says of the posts organized at Honolulu that nearly every member is in the army of the republic of Hawaii.

The chaplain chief quoted from the reports of the twenty-seven departments the following statistics: Number of soldiers' and silors' graves decorated by posts, 232,358; number of soldiers and sailors buried during the year ending Memorial day, 4,622; cemetery lots owned by posts, 532; number of soldiers and sailors buried in potters fields, 752; unmarked by proper headstones, 10,232; number of posts holding Sunday memorial services, 2,225; number of posts holding Memorial day exercises, 2,232; number of comrades who took part in the exercises, 182,106.

Quartermaster General Lewit Wagner states that the affairs of the national order are in good condition. He suggests larger and fewer requisitions in order to save expenses on shipping, etc., and makes many suggestions.

FINANCES OF THE G. A. R.

The following general financial statement is made by the quartermaster general: Balances on hand, September 8, 1893—General funds, $6,069.07; Grant monument fund, $8,578.62; flag fund, $714.95; received from saloon supplies, $9,778.88; per capita tax, $4,446.69; interest on United States bonds, $590; interest on deposits, $101.68; interest on Grant monument fund, $154.80; contributions to flag fund, $1,012.02; contributions to Sherman monument fund, $204.50; total to be accounted for, $36,651.25. Expenditures—Supplies, $7,387.27; traveling expenses, $1,673.15; salaries, $3,838.76; postage and incidentals, $5,685.92; flag fund, $1,496.64; Grant monument fund, $3,000; total, $23,081.74. Balance on hand $13,569.51, to be credited as follows: To general fund, $7,401.26; Grant monument fund, $5,733.42; flag fund, $230.33; Sherman monument fund, $204.50.

The organization has $16,000 invested in United States bonds, 4 per cent due 1907. The condition of the flag fund from which to furnish flags for Union graves in Southern cemeteries is as follows: Balance from last report, $714.95; received from Mrs. Armilla A. Cheney, national treasurer of the W. R. C., $764.90; received from members and posts of the G. A. R., $196.05; total, $1,726.97; expenditures during the year, $1,496.64; cash on hand in addition to 24,878 flags, $230.33.

Judge Advocate General Leo Rassier, recommended some change in the form of court martial proceedings.

Surgeon General George R. Graham reported that out of a total of forty-four departments only seven medical directors had sent in reports. He believed that the veterans' death rate is far above the average.

REPORT OF LEGISLATION COMMITTEE.

The report of the committee on legislation, after reciting that the G. A. R. endeavored to urge upon the Fifty-third congress the giving preference in every public employment to the survivors of the war for the Union by a strict law, says:

But, alas, as the war days recede further from the remembrance of the people of the generation of which we form a part, and the sacrifices and sufferings of those days are unknown except by tradition, to those who have since been born, the greatest indifference seems to be shown on the part of our national law makers toward those who fought the battles of the union and still survive. In consequence, but scant attention is paid to any appeals made for justice to these men. And this will continue to be so—and until too late for our comrades to profit thereby—unless we, as members of the Grand Army Republic become more closely united in a "fraternity" which "means something."

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORP FIGURES.

The Women's Relief corps held its first session this morning. The national president, Mrs. Sarah C. Mink, in her report said the movement to obtain pensions for army nurses had been pushed during the year, and referred to work in securing a general observance of Memorial day. The report of the national secretary, Mrs. Sarah E. Phillips, shows: Number of corps, 2,638; amount expended for relief during the year, $64,151.59; amount turned over to posts, $30,181.71; amount expended for Memorial day, $13,627.37; amount expended for W. R. C. home, $5,824.81; distributed to army nurses not in the home, $450; expended in pension work, $259.68; expended in relief from the national relief fund, $130; total cash expenditures, $114,845.16; amount of relief other than money, $55,739.10; total expenditures during the year, $170,584.26; total amount of relief since organization, $1,104,560.25. The national chaplain reported 290,109 soldiers' graves decorated May 30, 1894, at a cost of $12,654.72.

The Daughters of Veterans held a very brief session this morning and adjourned until to-morrow morning when they will elect national officers.

THE COREAN TREATY.

Japan and Corea in the Bonds of Amity and Good Feeling.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—A telegram was received at the Japanese legation yesterday morning to the effect that an important treaty had been negotiated between Corea and Japan which authoritatively defines the relations of the two countries toward each other and toward China.

The treaty consists of three articles. Article 1 defines the object of the alliance to be the strengthening and perpetuating of the independence of Corea as an autonomous state, and the promotion of the mutual interests of Japan and Corea by compelling the Chinese forces to withdraw from Corea and by obliging China to abandon her claim of the right to dominate the affairs of that country.

Article 2 binds the Japanese government to carry on warlike operations against China, both offensive and defensive; the Corean government is bound by the article to afford the Japanese forces every possible facility in their movements and to furnish them with supplies of provisions at a fair remuneration so far as such supplies may be needed.

By article 3 it is provided that the treaty shall terminate so soon as a treaty of peace shall have been concluded by Japan with China.

Mr. Kurino, the Japanese minister, talked regarding the new treaty between Japan and Corea. "We have nothing but the announcement of the treaty," said he, "but my inference from its terms is that it will prove highly advantageous to Corea. There has existed there, under Chinese auspices, the most corrupt system of government known. The constant intrigues of China there have been a threat to the peace of the East. The Japanese government has desired the settlement of this question only for the peace of the East. It has been entirely without expectation of territorial aggrandizement or exercise of suzerainty of Corea."

LAST HONORS TO THE COMTE.

The Late Head of the French Royal Family Resting in Weybridge Church.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—Crowds of people from Dartford, Buckingham and other places began gathering at daybreak at Stowe house, the English residence of the late Comte de Paris, to be present at the funeral.

The notabilities who went to Stowe house included official or unofficial representatives of nearly all the nations of the world, and princes and princesses representing nearly every reigning family in Europe.

The family of the Comte de Paris assembled around the bier about 6:30 o'clock and at 7 o'clock the bell of the chapel was tolled, calling the relatives of the dead man to attend mass, which was celebrated by Father Cafferatta, a personal friend. At 7:45 the casket covered with a pall of violet velvet over which the tri-color flag of France was removed, borne to the hearse, on which were six hatchments of fleur de lis and blowing plumes. Then the princes all in evening dress, took their places according to rank behind the Duc d'Orleans, eldest son of the dead man, who acted as chief mourner.

The funeral train reached Weybridge at noon and the procession marched from the railway station to the old church. The body was met at the door by the Bishop of Southwark in violet canonicals attended by the minor clergy. The religious ceremonies were very solemn and impressive, and after they had been concluded, the casket was borne to the rear of the building where it was deposited in a vault.

Corbett Says Jackson's Afraid.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Champion Corbett talked freely last night concerning Jackson's refusal to sign the articles for a fight under the auspices of the Sioux City athletic club next year. He expressed his hearty disgust at Jackson's actions and reiterated his oft repeated views of the colored man's fear to fight him.

BOUNTIES ALL CUT OFF.

Secretary Carlisle Will Not Pay Any Sugar Claims of Any Kind.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Secretary Carlisle, although he has not written a formal letter to that effect, authorized the official announcement today that he would not pay any sugar bounty earned but unpaid when the new tariff bill went into effect, August 29. The secretary's refusal to pay these sugar bounty claims will be based upon the clause in the new tariff bill repealing the sugar bounty provision of the McKinley law, which concludes as follows: "And hereafter it shall be unlawful to issue any license to produce sugar or to pay any bounty for the production of sugar of any kind under said act."

The secretary will write an official letter to Senator Manderson embodying his decision.

NO HIGHER TARIFF.

Senator Cullom Declares That the Old Rates Will Not Be Restored.

ROBINSON, Ill., Sept. 13.—The Republican campaign in Illinois was formally opened here to-day under the auspices of the Republican state central committee. Senator Shelby M. Cullom delivered his first political speech since his return from Washington. As to the inquiry whether the McKinley law would be re-enacted by the Republican party if it is restored to power, he said that his prediction was that the McKinley bill would not be re-enacted in its entirety. The law would undoubtedly have been revised by the Republicans had they continued in power, in accordance with their policy in the past, when the changing conditions of commerce or other reasons showed this to be necessary.

ACROSS THE OCEAN ALONE.

Captain Freitsch of Milwaukee Arrives in Ireland in Safety.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 13.—The little schooner Nina, with Captain Freitsch the only man on board, arrived here to-day from New York.

The Nina sailed from New York Sunday, August 5. She thus made the trip across the Atlantic in thirty-eight days, remarkable time for such a craft, and only nine days behind the time made by the yacht Valkyrie, when she returned to England from this port. She is a schooner rigged harpie, twenty-seven feet over all. She was brought here by Captain Freitsch from Milwaukee in June last. In shipping circles considerable doubt was expressed as to the ability of the Nina to cross the ocean safely.

ELECTION IN MAINE.

Comparative Statement Made With the Vote of 1892.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 12.—The following is the vote for governor from 300 towns compared with the vote cast in the same towns in 1893: Henry B. Cleaves, Republican, 55,964; Charles F. Johnson, Democrat, 25,164; L. C. Bateman, Populist, 1,779; Ira G. Hersey, Prohibitionist, 3,233; Republican plurality, 32,860.

In 1892 the same towns voted: Henry B. Cleaves, Republican, 54,893; Charles F. Johnson, Democrat, 43,859; L. C. Bateman, Populist, 2,994; Aaron Hussey, Prohibitionist, 2,057; Republican plurality, 10,994.

Trouble in the Colored Ranks.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—H. C. Eastwood has tendered to President C. H. J. Taylor his resignation as chairman of the executive committee of the Negro National Democratic league. In his letter he pays his respects to the Afro-American bureau of organization and declares that the "bold and vulgar manner" in which colored officers are being forced to contribute against their will "is a spectacle so humiliating that it renders negro Democracy to be a cesspool of corruption."

Great Falling Off in Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The statement of the monthly receipts from customs for the port of New York for the last ten days, practically the first ten days of the new tariff act, shows a total of $3,844,219, as against $8,723,031 for the preceding ten days. Not one dollar in gold coin or gold certificates was received during the ten days at New York.

California's Last Mexican Governor Dead.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 13.—Don Pio Pico, the last Mexican governor of California, died here yesterday morning. He was 93 years of age. Until within a few weeks he was in good health though feeble.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA			
Butter—Creamery print	18	@	22
Butter—Choice country	17	@	18
Eggs—Fresh	11½	@	12
Honey—1 lb.	10	@	14
Poultry—Old hens, per lb	5	@	6½
Chickens—Spring, per lb	7	@	7½
Cheese—Neb. & Ia. full cream	11	@	12
Lemons	4 00	@	6 50
Potatoes	70	@	75
Sweet potatoes, per lb	3½	@	4
Beans—Navy, per bu	2 00	@	2 25
Hay—Upland, per ton	9 50	@	10 00
Onions—Per bu	65	@	85
Apples—Per bbl	2 50	@	3 00
Hogs—Mixed packing	3 65	@	5 70
Hogs—Heavy weights	5 70	@	5 75
Beeves—Prime steers	3 45	@	4 60
Beeves—Stockers and feeders	2 00	@	2 85
Bulls	1 25	@	1 60
Calves	1 25	@	1 80
Steers—Fair to good	3 90	@	4 20
Cows	1 85	@	2 25
Heifers	1 90	@	2 45
Sheep—Lambs	2 25	@	4 00
Sheep—Fair to good natives	2 25	@	2 75
NEW YORK			
Wheat, No. 2, red winter	58	@	58½
Corn—No. 2	66	@	66½
Oats—Mixed western	34½	@	35¼
Pork	15 20	@	15 25
Lard	9 00	@	9 40
CHICAGO.			
Wheat—No. 2 spring	54½	@	55½
Corn—Per bu	56	@	56½
Oats—Per bu	30	@	30¾
Pork	14 30	@	14 40
Lard	9 02	@	9 02½
Hogs—Packers and mixed	4 65	@	5 23
Cattle—Com. steers to extra	4 00	@	6 25
Sheep—Lambs	1 75	@	4 25
ST. LOUIS.			
Wheat—No. 2 red, cash	50	@	50½
Corn—Per bu	55	@	55¼
Oats—Per bu	20	@	21
Hogs—Mixed packing	5 10	@	6 15
Cattle—Native steers	5 50	@	5 75
Sheep—Mixed natives	2 85	@	3 00
KANSAS CITY.			
Wheat—No. 2 red, cash	46½	@	47
Corn—No. 2	52½	@	53
Oats—No. 2	30½	@	31
Cattle—Stockers and feeders	2 35	@	3 45
Hogs—Mixed packers	5 00	@	5 80
Sheep—Choice western	3 00	@	3 75

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A HANDSOME PICTURE FREE
WE WILL MAIL POSTPAID a fine Panel Picture, entitled "MEDITATION" in exchange for 10 Large Lion Heads, cut from Lion Coffee wrappers, and a 2-cent stamp to pay postage. Write for list of our other fine premiums, including books, a knife, game, etc.
WOOLSON SPICE CO., 450 Huron St., TOLEDO, OHIO.

WALTER BAKER & CO.
The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On this Continent, have received SPECIAL AND HIGHEST AWARDS on all their Goods at the CALIFORNIA MIDWINTER EXPOSITION.

Their BREAKFAST COCOA, Which, unlike the Dutch Process, is made without the use of Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes, is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.
SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.
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MARLIN Model 1889
Made in 32-20, 38-40 and 44-40 calibres. The lightest, simplest and strongest repeater on the market.
TAKE DOWN is made REPEATING 32-20 38-40 44-40
The most practical rifles for rough usage.
Write for catalogue to The Marlin Fire Arms Co., New Haven, Conn., U.S.A. RIFLES

WHEAT Now at Cheapest Price of the Century. You can buy 1,000 bushels on $10 margin and get benefit of all advance same as if bought outright. Corn crop nearly ruined too. Don't miss this opportunity. Send for our free booklet "Speculation and How to Trade."
C. F. VAN WINKLE & CO., Room 45, 234 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

500 SALESMEN WANTED For Spring Delivery. Pay Weekly. Write at once for terms. THE JEWELL NURSERY CO., LAKE CITY, MINN.

IF CLAIMANTS WHO CANNOT HEAR from their Attorneys or the Commissioner, will write to NATHAN BICKFORD, Pension & Patent Att'y, 614 F St., Washington, D.C., they will receive a prompt reply.

MARRIAGE PAPER with 1,000 "personal" ads., lists of rare books, novelties, etc., mailed free. GUNNEL'S MONTHLY, Toledo, Ohio.

OMAHA Business Houses.
CLOTHING for MEN and BOYS. If you want to save from $3 to $10 00 on a suit write for our new Fall Catalogue, containing samples of cloth. NEBRASKA CLOTHING CO., Cor. 14th and Douglas Sts., Omaha.

DON'T RUIN YOUR STOVES Write at once for STOVE REPAIRS Omaha Stove Repair Works, 1209 Douglas St. Omaha

RAZORS Sharpened. Mail your razor together with 50c to Stanfield & Co., Custers, Barber Supplies, Omaha, and they will return it hollow ground and sharp. Warranted.

HATS Repaired. If you have a good hat and don't want to invest in a new one, send it to us and have it put in first-class shape. We manufacture, wholesale and retail all kinds of hats and caps. N. B.—All postage and express charges must be prepaid. MILLARD HOTEL HAT STORE, Omaha.

EDUCATIONAL.

Brownell Hall Seminary for Young Ladies. For catalogue, address Rev. H. DOHERTY, S.T.D., Omaha.

OMAHA BUSINESS COLLEGE Shorthand & Typewriting. Catalogue free. P. Y. ROOSE, Pres., Omaha.

Telegraph College Situations guaranteed. Free circulars. Students can work for board. Wm. J. & Sherwood, Principal, Ramge Blk., Omaha.

ACADEMY OF THE SACRED HEART
The course of instruction in this Academy, conducted by the Religious of the Sacred Heart, embraces the whole range of subjects necessary to constitute a solid and refined education. Propriety of deportment, personal neatness and the principles of morality are objects of unceasing attention. Extensive grounds afford the pupils every facility for useful bodily exercise; their health is an object of constant solicitude, and in sickness they are attended with maternal care. Fall term opens Tuesday, Sept. 4th. For further particulars, address THE SUPERIOR, Academy Sacred Heart, St. Joseph, Mo.

The Table Rock Argus.

F. H. TAYLOR, EDITOR.

Issued every FRIDAY morning at Table Rock Nebraska

Terms, $1.50 per year in Advance.

TAKEN FOR A GHOST.

An Amusing Experience of a Young Irish Traveler In Ghent.

Many years ago an Irish student, having obtained a traveling scholarship at Oxford, went abroad to see the world, of which he knew little. Crammed with the classics, he had not the slightest knowledge of any modern language save English.

On landing at the sleepy town of Ghent he put up at an old many passaged hotel and sallied forth in the evening to see the town. Shortly after 9 o'clock he returned to the hotel through streets ominously silent. He found the doors shut and saw no signs of life within. After making noise enough to rouse the "seven sleepers" he heard the sound of some one moving within.

The door was stealthily unbarred, and some one—whether man or woman he could not tell—holding a dim oil lamp reluctantly gave him admission. Then, barring the door and muttering unintelligible sounds, the figure disappeared. The guest yelled for the waiter and was answered by a mocking echo.

He groped his way up the creaking staircase and felt along the passage till he came to an open door. Thinking it the door of his room, which he had left open to guide him, he entered. A shriek was heard, and a gruff voice called out in French, "Who are you?" He retreated and heard the door angrily shut and bolted.

In a little tinder box he had some cigar fuses and a wax taper. He lighted one of the fuses, but before he could apply the flame to the taper it went out. After exhausting his stock of matches and filling the passage with a strong sulphurous odor he was left in the darkness of despair.

He regained the staircase, descended it and found his way to a subterranean passage. There suddenly he heard a piercing shriek and then a fall like that of a carpetbag. A rushing of many feet was followed by a light.

The feet were those of waiters and chambermaids. The fall was that of a plump English lady's maid. The bearer of the light spoke English, and from him the stranger learned the cause of his rescue.

The fruitless attempts to light his taper had covered his fingers with phosphorus from the matches. His gesticulations had rubbed the phosphorus over his clothes, and in the dark passage he glowed with unearthly light. The lady's maid's nerves were upset, and she went into hysterics. Having explained these facts, the waiter showed the guest to his room.—Philadelphia Times.

AN AMUSING ADVENTURE.

A Stupid Corporal, an Embarrassed Colonel and a Tactful Woman.

A superior officer of the B—— garrison was some time ago the hero of a most amusing adventure. Colonel Z—— had received from Mme. V—— an invitation to dinner, but on the day appointed, and just as he was about to start, he was seized with a violent attack of neuralgia and decided to forego the pleasure in store for him. The colonel wrote a letter of apology, called his orderly and said:

"Guy, you will give this letter to Mme. V——, and then go and fetch me my dinner."

Here the plot commences. Guy set off after carefully secreting the letter in his breast pocket along with his tobacco pouch. He arrived at Mme. V——'s, delivered his message and stood as rigid as a statue. The lady of the house was surprised and inquired what he was waiting for. Guy replied: "The colonel told me to fetch him his dinner."

Mme. V—— saw the man's mistake, gave certain orders, and the servants handed the faithful lingsman a set of dishes emitting fragrant odors. Moreover, Mme. V—— slipped a half bottle of champagne into the soldier's pocket and said:

"You will serve this to the colonel at dessert."

Guy came back, and, upon my word, the restaurant seemed to have provided such a host of good things that the colonel got up and took his seat at the table. Over the soup he slowly began to recover his appetite, to his no small surprise. The side dishes made him quite ravenous, with the entrees his pain disappeared, he was stupefied at the roast meat and dumfounded at the game, and still his wonder grew at the marvelous dishes supplied by his chophouse keeper. At the dessert the orderly, obeying his instructions, set the bottle of champagne on the table. He was asked for an explanation, when everything came out. The colonel in despair thought the matter over and then gave his orderly 10 francs, telling him to buy a bunch of flowers and present it from him to Mme. V——. Then our colonel, satisfied that he had done his best under the trying circumstances, settled down in an easy chair and composed himself to sleep. An hour and a half later the door opened, and Guy walked in and gravely deposited two 5 franc pieces on the table. The colonel questioned him with some anxiety.

"The lady paid for the nosegay," said the honest warrior, apparently well pleased with the general turn of affairs.

Mme. V——, on receiving the bouquet, had given the soldier 5 francs by way of a tip, on receiving which the latter simply replied:

"It isn't 5 francs, please, ma'am; it is 10 francs."

Colonel Z—— was confined to his bed for three days, to the great alarm of the whole of the garrison.—Progres Illustre.

See N. A. Craig for sand for building or plastering. Can furnish either.

HOW HE RODE FREE.

HE BEAT AN EASTERN RAILWAY OUT OF $20.

Conductors Were Deceived by Him For More Than a Year—A Simple Scheme Which Required Only Nerve and Self Control—Tricks of Conductors.

There is a well settled belief on the part of most people that the conductors on the steam railroads have an intuitive knowledge of the persons who have not paid their fares, and that, while they may occasionally pass a man without taking up his ticket, so phenomenal is the memory of the average conductor and so well does he remember faces that it is almost impossible to deceive him. While this may sometimes be true, as a rule it is the passenger himself who gives the cue for the conductor's action. The man who deliberately attempts to evade the payment of a fare in nine cases out of ten will by his looks and actions say to the conductor, "I have not paid my fare, and I don't intend to." Some conductors with short memories and distrust of their abilities for detecting the frauds will continuously call out the word "tickets" as they pass through the cars, where many changes are taking place between stations, at the same time extending their hand toward each seat. The man who has not paid feels that this is a direct appeal made to himself and responds accordingly. But if this ruse does not succeed in making the would be "beat" deliver up his ticket it so far changes his face and demeanor that he often shows conscious guilt, and his ticket is then peremptorily demanded.

It sometimes happens, however, that even all the tricks and artifices of the conductor will fail, and a man will succeed daily in evading payment of his fare, not merely for weeks, but for months. A remarkable case of this kind was recently observed on the Fitchburg railroad. For more than a year a man employed in one of the large wholesale houses in this city has been taking a train from one of the suburban stations, and acquaintances who rode on the same car were surprised to see that he never paid fare.

At first it was thought that he might have a pass, which the conductor, knowing him well, did not require him to show. But it was learned that he always paid his fare when coming from Boston, when the conductor is sure to demand a fare from every person on the train. Then came the suggestion that he had an understanding with the conductor of the train on which he rode when going to Boston. But it was found that when the conductor was changed to another train and a stranger took his place he also failed to collect fare from the man.

So for weeks the man was watched with much curiosity by the passengers who knew of his success and were curious to see how long it would continue. They saw that he invariably got on the train on the left hand side, so that he could not be observed by the conductor, who stood on the station platform. As soon as he entered the car he took one of the many unoccupied seats next to the window and lost no time in becoming deeply absorbed in the contents of a morning paper. When the conductor came through the train to collect fares from the passengers who got in at this station, this man, instead of ignoring his presence, as most men similarly situated would have done, gave a rapid glance from his paper, looking the official squarely in the eye, and resumed his reading with just the suggestion of impatience at the interruption. The reproof conveyed in that glance, carrying with it a positive assurance that there was no disposition to evade anything, was so emphatic and pronounced that it left no doubt in the mind of the conductor, if he had any before, that the passenger had got on the train at another station and had paid his fare to Boston. There was something about the man's appearance as well as his actions that assisted in the keeping up of this deception. He bore all the evidence of a substantial, honest business man of middle age, and far above evading payment of a 5 cent fare. But it was singular that day after day a sharp and discriminating conductor should be so easily deceived, and apparently against his own convictions, for on several occasions he reached for a fare, but was checked in his advances by that reproachful look with which he was confronted.

But the end came at last, on that train at least. Either the conductor's suspicions were so completely aroused that he determined to satisfy himself whether he was being imposed upon, or else some one had called his attention to the deceit practiced, for one morning he reached out his hand for the fare, but received only the swift and impatient glance. This did not satisfy him, for when the man returned to the perusal of his paper he was tapped on the shoulder and his fare demanded in no uncertain terms. A commutation ticket was reluctantly produced, punched without comment and returned to the pocket whence it was taken. The next morning the passengers watched curiously for the next move in the game, but the man had evidently given up the contest on that train, for he has not been seen on it since. As he was known to have evaded paying fare on that train daily for more than a year, it was roughly estimated that the Fitchburg Railroad company was thus defrauded out of not less than $20.—Boston Transcript.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This wonderful liniment is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from the lakes to the Gulf. It is the most penetrating liniment in the world. It will cure rheumatism, neuralgia, cuts, sprains, bruises, wounds, old sores, burns, sciatica, sore throat, sore chest and all inflamation, after all other have failed. It will cure barbed wire cuts and heal all wounds where proud flesh has set in. It is equally efficient for animals. Try it and you will not be without it. Price 50 cents. Sold by S. G. Wright.

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Nervous Debility
With its Many Gloomy Symptoms Cured.

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Cured for Life Without Mercury.

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Quickly Relieved and Thoroughly Cured.

Why is Dr. H. J. Whittier invariably successful? Because he makes no promises that he cannot fulfill. Avoid cheap cure-alls and unskilled physicians, and consult Dr. Whittier in person or by letter (giving symptoms) and receive the candid opinion of a physician of long experience, unquestioned skill and sterling integrity.

MEDICINES from our own laboratory furnished at small cost and shipped anywhere secure from observation.

TREATMENT never sent C. O. D.

FREE CONSULTATION. URINARY ANALYSIS.

Office hours—9 to 4 and 7 to 8. Sunday 10 to 12.

Guide To Health and Emergencies for 6 cts.—stamps—to prepay.

Call or address in strict confidence

DR. H. J. WHITTIER,
10 West Ninth Street, Kansas City, Mo.

SIGNING THE DECLARATION.

Flies Pestered the Fathers of the Republic as They Created It.

Jefferson was fond of telling a story which illustrates in a forcible manner the importance that absurdly insignificant matters may sometimes assume. When the deliberative body that gave the world the Declaration of Independence was in session, its proceedings were conducted in a hall close to which was situated a livery stable. The weather was warm, and from the stable came swarms of flies that lighted on the legs of the honorable members, and biting through the thin silk stockings then in fashion gave infinite annoyance. It was no uncommon sight, said Jefferson, to see a member making a speech with a large handkerchief in hand and pausing at every moment to thrash the flies from his thinly protected calves.

The opinion of the body was not unanimous in favor of the document, and, under other circumstances, discussion might have been protracted for days, if not weeks, but the flies were intolerable. Efforts were made to find another hall, free from the pests, but in vain. As the weather became warmer the flies grew worse, and the flapping of handkerchiefs was heard all over the hall as an accompaniment to the voices of the speakers.

In despair at last some one suggested that matters be hurried, so that the body might adjourn and get away from the flies. There were a few mild protests, but no one heeded them, the immortal declaration was hurriedly copied, and, with handkerchiefs in hand fighting flies as they came, the members hastened up to the table to sign the authentic copy and leave the flies in the lurch.

Had it not been for the livery stable and its inmates there is no telling when the document would have been completed, but it certainly would not have been signed on the Fourth.—Philadelphia Press.

Postal Red Tape.

The rule of the dead letter office is to make extraordinary effort to return all missent letters which are found to contain money. But blind obedience to this rule is the basis of an entertaining story. A boy in the Indian school on the Skokomish reservation, which is about three miles from the postoffice of Union City, Wash., wrote a letter to his brother at Seabeck some time ago, inclosing in it a small sum of money.

He also wrote on the envelope that, if it should not be delivered in proper time, was to be returned to the writer. His brother did not call for it, and it was returned to Union City. The postmaster there had not heard of the boy, and on inquiry failed to find him. Accordingly he sent the letter to the dead letter office.

On arrival here it was opened, and it had money in it. It was returned to Union City with a long letter of instructions to find the writer, if possible. After inquiry the boy was at last found and was requested to go in person, claim the letter and receipt for it, and the postmaster had to go through as much red tape as if the letter contained $1,000. The joke becomes evident when it is known that the money in the letter amounted to only a cent postage stamp and a copper cent.—New York Tribune.

The Table Rock Driving Park Association have completed arrangements for holding their fall meeting, October 3rd and 4th, and the meeting promises to be the most interesting ever held in the county. The purses aggregate $825 and are guaranteed by Fellers Brothers, divided as follows:

WEDNESDAY, OCT 3.

Free for all pace	$200 00
Three minute trot	125 00
Running race, ½ mile dash	50 00

THURSDAY, OCT 4.

Free for all trot	$200 00
2:40 pace	125 00
2-year old trot	75 00
Half mile dash, running	50 00

The best shave in the city can be had at L. S. Brown's barber shop at Luzerne hotel. 35 3

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE

AND

TABLE ROCK ARGUS,

One Year

$1.50.

Address all orders to The ARGUS

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH Sunday services. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Class after morning service. Epworth League at 2:30 and Bible class at 3 p. m. Teachers meeting Wednesday evening at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 p. m.

J. D. LONGWELL, Superintendent. P. C. JOHNSON, Pastor.

Until After Electio.

The present campaign is of unusual interest to Nebraskans. Not only will a full set of state officers be elected, but a legislature will be elected that will chose a United States senator. The State Journal, located at the capital, can give you all this news more fully and more reliably than any other paper. It comes twice a week and will be sent until after election for only 25 cents. Address,

STATE JOURNAL, Lincoln Neb.

For the Campaign.

The campaign this fall will be of the greatest interest to all citizens of Nebraska. The Omaha Weekly Bee will handle all the issues of importance during the campaign in its usual able manner and proposes to make a price of 20 cents for the balance of this year to all Nebraska subscribers who may desire to keep thoroughly posted on the important issues that will be discussed. Send us 20 cents in silver or stamps for the 12-page Weekly Bee up to January 1, 1895. Address, The Omaha Bee, Omaha, Neb.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated, or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and Between the shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. Herbine will cure any disorder of the Liver Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Wright's Gilt Edge Drug store.

Mail closes as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Going north at.....12 noon
Going west at.....12 noon
Going east and south at..3:15 p. m.

Mail closes Sunday at 12 p. m.

Office open from 7.30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Office open Sunday from 4 to 5 p. m.

A. E. LANE, P. M.

Go to Andrew Brothers for Furniture.

The Kind of medicine you need is the old reliable tonic and blood-purifier,

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA

It cannot have no substitute. Cures others,

will cure you

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO

GOING WEST.

No. 15 pass.	12:34 noon
No. 63 through freight	12:58 a m
No. 67 fast freight	11:55 pm
No 65 local freight	2:20. m

GOING EAST.

16 pass.	3:52 p m
No 64 through freight	0:05 pm
No 68 fast freight	11:55 am
6 local freight	10:15 am

GOING SOUTH

No 22 pass.	3:37 pm
No 110 accom, arrive	9:35 pm
No 118 freight, arrive	6:30 pm

GOING NORTH

No 21 pass.	12:40 pm
No 109 accom	9 00 am
No 117 freight	2:00 pm

All regular trains will carry passengers except Nos. 63, 64.

Tickets on sale to all points in United states and Canada. J. MURPHY, Agt.

What a Prominent Insurance Man says.

H. M. Blossom, senior member of H. M. Blossom & Co., 217 N 3d St., St. Louis, writes: I had been left with a very distressing cough, the result of influenza, which nothing seemed to relieve. I took Ballard's Horehound Syrup. One Bottle completely cured me. I sent one bottle to my sister, who had a severe cough, and she experienced immediate relief. I always recommend this syrup to my friends.

John Cranston, 908 Hampshire street, Quincy, Ill., writes: I have found Ballard's Horehound Syrup superior to any other cough medicine I have ever known. It never disappoints. Price 50c. Sold by S. G. Wright.

The Table Rock Argus.

VOL. 13, NO. 16. TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1894. WHOLE NO. 640.

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DAVID REMICK, President.

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Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate banking business. Accounts of farmers and merchants solicited. Careful attention given to collections. Loans negotiated on real estate security.

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E. G. DEY & CO.

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COAL,

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DEALERS IN

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OF ALL DESCRIPTION.

Business continued at the OLD STAND.

Parties desiring to build are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

LUMBER & COAL

In ar Lots A Specialty.

Cash Store!

Having moved into my New and commodious Building, I am better prepared than ever to serve my Customres.

Thanking my friends for their past patronage, soliciting a share of your future trade

I remain yours to Command,

W. L. TAYLOR.

G. R. MARTIN

Has again opened his Old Reliable

MEAT MARKET

and will always keep a good stock of

FRESH AND SALT MEATS ON HAND

and also FLOUR AND FEED.

A cordial invitation is extended to all who may need anything in his line to call and see him.

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Wagon, Carriage and General Repair work Promptly Done. Satisfaction guaranteed, both in prices and work. A full assortment of new Carriages and Buggies kept constantly on hand.

A SPECIALTY OF HORSESHOEING; BUGGY PAINTING AND UPHOLSTER WORK. GIVE ME A CALL.

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Going Out of Business!

A $10.000 Stock of Goods to be sold at ACTUAL COST.

We Positively Mean What We Say. Everything in Our Store, Goes at ACTUAL COST. And a Great Many Things Way Below Cost.

We have a Complete Stock of Clothing for Men, Boys and Children.

500 OVERCOATS,

Duck Coats, Rubber Coats, Machintoshes, Slickers, Overalls, Underwear of all kinds, We have Cotton, Wool and Lisle Thread and British Hose, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Wristlets, Hose Supporters, Sleeve-holders, etc.

NECKWEAR IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

Artics, Felt Boots, German Sox and Rubber Boots. A complete line of Mens and Boys Shoes, Traveling Bags, Trunks and Valises, Hats & Caps.

IN FACT YOU CAN FIND ANY THING IN OUR STORE THAT A Man or Boy WEARS. *And Remember these Goods go at a Reduction of 35 to 50 per cent. Our Goods are all marked in plain figures. We have no old shop worn stuff; these Goods have all been bought in the Eastern Market within the past 18 month, and the largest part within last 4 months.*

Call and see us whether you wish to buy or not, you will be treated courteously. 1st door north of State Bank in Opera House Block. Respectfully

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DR. C. C. COVERT E. W. HOOD.

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Special attention given to collections.

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Dealers in

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We have the different makes of the Hamboldt and Steinauer mills and expect to have others soon. Call in and see us

TONSORIAL

PARLORS

SHAVING,

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AND

SHAMPOOING

Done to order in neatest style.

L. E. FERREL, Proprietor.

SCHOOL NOTES.

ARTHUR LONGWELL, } Editors.
GRACE ELLIT, }

"Think for thyself one good idea,
But known to be thine own,
Is better than a thousand gleaned
From fields by others sown."

Visitors: Miss Minnick, Miss Jennie Purcell, Mrs. L. S. Fellers, Hollie Norris and Myron Wood.

The new seats have arrived and we hope we can now do better work.

Arthur Cleaveland is a new pupil this week.

George Carrington has moved to Auburn and will attend school there.

The High school underwent a general chauging of seats this week for the sake of the book keeping class.

Room No. 2, reports their work moving along nicely with no loss of time by tardiness.

This week closes our first month of school. The teachers in all the departments are very well pleased with the start. System and order are no longer foreign terms, but are the master spirits of the school. We hope to have our school, in a short time, on an equal with those of surrounding towns. Let teachers, pupils and parents resolve upon the same thing and our school will soon be looked upon in a different light, commanding respect and patronage instead of derision. Department cards will be given to the pupils as a record of their work during the month. The parents are requested to examine them carefully and sign them before they are returned. The cards will be given out at the end of each month and at the end of the year will become the permanent possession of the pupils. We hope by their use to encourage the pupils in better attendance and more earnest work in their studies, and to better acquaint the parents in the progress of their children. The grades in their studies will be made strictly on merit; less than 70 is not passable, and the promotions at the end of the year will be made only for those pupils whose grades are up to the required standard.—J. R. Utterbach.

Hon. Levi P. Morton is the only man in the list of vice presidents who became a candidate for governor of his state after retiring from the vice presidency.

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Free for all pace	$200 00
Three minute trot	125 00
Running race, mile dash	50 00

THURSDAY, OCT. 4.

2:36 Trot	$200 00
2:40 Pace	100 00
2:30 Trot	100 00
Half mile dash, running	50 00

The best shave in the city can be had at L. S. Brown's barber shop at Luzerne hotel. 35-3

WHAT IS A GUARANTEE?

It is this. If you have a cough or cold, a tickling sensation in the throat, which keeps you constantly coughing, or if you are affected with any chest, throat or lung trouble whooping cough etc., and you use Ballard's Horehound Syrup as directed, giving it a fair trial, and no benefit is experienced, we authorize our advertised agent to refund your money on return of bottle. It never fails to give satisfaction. It promptly relieves Bronchitis Sold by S. G. Wright.

THE consience of Harry Johnson prompted him to call on Inspector Moran at police headquarters yesterday morning and offer himself up to the law in order that it might deal with him as he deserved.

Johnson is a tramp printer from Omaha Neb. He told the inspector that he had stolen $1 from a former employer in Omaha and wanted to be sent back to the Nebraska town and allow the law to take its course with him. Inspector Moran narrowly escaped an attack of heart failure at the printer's confession, but recovered and said he would trust Johnson to walk back to Omaha as he believed he was simply looking for transportation back to his native heath.—Kansas City Times.

The income tax will strike Chicago heavily. There are 30,000 residents of that city who will be subject to the tax and the government will get $2,000,000 out of them if the tax is properly collected. There are twenty nine men there worth over $3,000,000, forty-one worth over $2,000,000, and 137 ordinary millionaires.

In A Mysterious Way.

"No," said the lawyer, "I shan't press your claim against that man, you can get some one elee to take the case, or you can withdraw it, just as you please."

"Think there isn's any money in it?"

"There would probably be some little money in it; but it would come from the sale of the little house that the man occupies and calls his home."

"But I don't want to meddle with the matter."

"Got frightened out of it, eh?"

"Not at all."

"I suppose likely the fellow begged hard to be let off?"

"Well, yes he did."

"And you caved in likely?"

"Yes."

"What in creation did you do?"

"I believe I shed a few tears."

"And the old fellow begged you hard, you say?"

"No, I didn't say so; he did'nt speak a word to me."

"Well may I respectfully inquire whom he did address in your hearing?"

"God Almighty."

"Ah, he took to praying, did he?"

"Not for my benefit in the least. You see, I found the little house easily enough, and knocked on the outer door, which stood ajar; but nobody heard me, so I stepped into the little hall, and saw, through the crack of the door, a cosy sitting-room, and there, on the bed, with her silver head high on the pillows, was an old lady, who looked for the world just as my mother did the last time I ever saw her on earth.

"Well, I was on the point of knocking, when she said 'Come, father, now begin; I'm all ready.' And down on his knees, by her side, went an old white haired man, still older than his wife, I should judge; and I couldn't have knocked then for the life of men. Well, he began.

"First, he reminded God that they were still His submissive children, mother and he, and knew better what He saw fit to bring upon them; they shouldn't rebel at His will. Of course it was going to be very hard for them to go homeless in their old age, especially with poor mother so sick and helpless; and, oh, how different it might have been if only one of the boys had been spared! Then his voice kind of broke, and a thin, white hand stole from under the coverlid, and moved softly over his snowy hair. Then he went on to repeat that nothing could be so sharp again as the parting with those three sons—unless mother and he should be separated! But at last he fell to comforting himself with the fact that the dear Lord knew that it was through no fault of his own that mother and he were threatened with the loss of their dear little home, which meant beggary and the almshouse—a place they prayed to be delivered from entering, if it could be consistent with God's blessing on those who were about to demand justic."

The lawyer then continued, more slowly than ever, "And—I—believe I'd rather go to the poorhouse myself to-night than to stain my heart and hands with the blood of such a prosecution as that."

"Little afraid to defeat the old man's prayer, eh?"

"Bless your soul, man, you couldn't defeat it!" said the lawyer. "I tell you he left it all subject to the will of God; but he claimed the we were told to make known our desires unto God; but of all the pleadings I ever heard, that beats all. You see, I was taught that kind of thing myself in my childhood. And why was I sent to hear that prayer? I'm sure I don't know—but I hand the case over."

"I wish," said the client twisting, uneasy, "you hadn't told me about the old fellow's prayer."

"Why so?"

"Well, because I want the money the place would bring; I was taught the Bible straight enough when I was a youngster, and I'd had to run counter to what you tell about, I wish you hadn't heard a word about it, and another time I wouldn't listen to petitions not intended for my ear."

The lawyer smiled.

"My dear fellow," he said, "you're wrong again. It was intended for my ears, and yours, too; and God almighty intended it. My old mother used to sing about 'God moves in a mysterious way,' I remember."

"Well, my mother used to sing it, too," said the claimant, as he twisted the claim papers in his fingers, "You can tell in the morning, if you like, and tell mother and him' the claim has been met."

"In an mysterious way," added the lawyer, smiling.—Boston Globe.

THE AMERICAN SUEZ.

ENGLAND MUST KEEP HER HANDS OFF.

A Writer in the Illustrated American Believes that a Secret Diplomatic War Is Being Waged by England—May Develop into Real War Any Day.

THE INSURRECtion of the Mosquito territory under the leadership of the young chief Clarence is a scarce-disguised British conspiracy to strangle the commerce and influence of the United States by seizing the entrance of the unfinished Nicaragua ship canal. The plan is so daring that the country is scarcely awake to the actual peril of the situation, although the sudden departure of American warships for the Mosquito coast indicates that somebody in Washington understands the meaning of the apparently local rebellion in Central America.

It is amazing to see how airily the American press deals with a crisis that threatens the future commercial and military supremacy of the United States on this side of the Atlantic. The victory of Clarence and his naked savages would mean a British protectorate over the Mosquito coast and British control of the eastern mouth of the Nicaragua canal. Every statesman in the country has declared that the American people must have dominion over that waterway. It will bring New York 10,000 miles nearer to San Francisco. It will bring San Francisco 11,000 miles nearer to New Orleans. It will bring Acapulco 10,000 miles nearer to New Orleans. It will open up the markets of Asia to the Atlantic states. It will bring the industries of the eastern and southern states into direct relations with the western coast of South America. But more important still, it will form a channel through which war vessels can be hurried from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

It is time for an outcry. The hand of Great Britain is plain to be seen in this blow aimed at the United States. The often repeated boast of the canal financiers that England would own

SCENE ON MOSQUITO COAST.

the waterway and block the progress of the American people unless congress came to the rescue had a cutting edge. I sat in the Nicaraugua canal congress a year and a half ago and heard that threat made again and again. I regarded it at first as mere bombast intended to secure a large price for the purchase of an unprofitable enterprise, but I changed my mind when I heard the impressive and significant speech of Senator Morgan of Alabama, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations. He, too, saw the possibility of war between the United States and Great Britain over this tremendous issue.

And now the first move in the British plan has been made. The Mosquito coast has rebelled. Chief Clarence has announced that he has the moral support of Great Britain. The control of the Nicaragua canal is at stake. But we have the history of Egypt and the Suez canal to guide us.

Anciently the Mosquito coast and its king were under British protection. That was as far back as 1660, when the Spaniards, who acquired their rights through Columbus in 1502, allowed the little kingdom to place itself in the guardianship of Charles II. British colonists have tried at various times to establish settlements in the Mosquito country, but they have never been successful. British merchants have controlled all trade there. Early in the present century the United States began to show signs of irritation and every resource of American diplomacy was employed to eject the British from their foothold in Central America. The country saw then what the country seems to be blind to now. Even at that time there was talk of a ship canal across Nicaragua and the Americans were quick to see what an overwhelming part it would play in the development of the continent. In 1850 the United States and Great Britain bound themselves by treaty "not to occupy, fortify, colonize or exercise dominion over the Mosquito coast or

BLUEFIELDS RIVER.

any part of Central America." In 1859 the protectorate over the coast was yielded to Honduras and in 1860 the Mosquito country passed by treaty into the domain of Nicaragua.

It is idle to talk of the coast natives declaring war on their own motion. The inhabitants are chiefly aboriginal Indians and negroes. They are a lazy, shiftless people among whom honesty is scarcely known. They hunt and fish; a few raise cattle and till the ground. But a more worthless, immoral and inert people it would be hard to find. Nothing but British energy and British domination could stir them up to fight. The seat of trade is Bluefields, a squalid town of huts on the Bluefields river—Condensed from an article in a recent issue of the Illustrated American.

PRINCE CLARENCE AND HIS ADVISERS.

The Cost in Lives.

According to M. Eiffel, the cost in lives of any great engineering work can be estimated at least as accurately as the cost in money. "It has been ascertained," he says, "by statistical observation that in engineering enterprises one man is killed for every 1,000,000 francs spent on the work. If you have to build a bridge at a cost of 100,000,000 francs, you know that you will kill 100 workmen." This statement, while rather an ingenious one, is not, it is stated, borne out by facts. Take the Eiffel tower, for example. Six and a half millions worth cost only four lives. The Forth bridge, on the other hand, a contemporary points out, cost 45,000,000 francs, while the lives of fifty men were sacrificed in connection with its construction.

OUR MINISTER TO RUSSIA.

Clifton R. Breckinridge Lately Sent to St. Petersburg.

Clifton R. Breckinridge of Arkansas has been appointed by President Cleveland minister to Russia in place of Mr. Andrew D. White, who has resigned. Mr. Breckinridge is the son of the Hon. John C. Breckinridge, once vice-president of the United States, democratic candidate for the presidency in 1860, and subsequently a general in the confederate army. Mr. Breckinridge himself was born at Lexington, Ky., Nov. 22, 1846, and is therefore in his forty-eighth year. He served in the confederate army as a private and as a midshipman in the confederate navy. Afterward he was a clerk, then a student at Washington college (now Washington and Lee university) then a planter and cotton factor in Arkansas. He has served his district

C. R. BRECKINRIDGE.

in congress for eleven years, and has been one of the leaders of the democratic side of the house for nearly the whole of that time. His party will greatly miss his counsel in the legislative branch of the government.

RAISING A BRIDGE.

Lifted Five Feet Without Interrupting Railroad Traffic.

The raising of a bridge in Switzerland upon the line of the International railway, from Paris to Vienna, has attracted considerable attention from the methods pursued. The occasion for the change, says Locomotive Engineering, was that the river crossed—the Rhine—had lost in the sectional area of the passage between the piers, about twenty-five per cent in thirteen years, owing to the deposition of gravel and sediment, while the high water level had risen to such an extent as to pile floating debris six feet deep on the bridge floor in times of flood. The alterations included some reinforcements, besides the raising of the whole structure about five feet. The bridge was continuous over a center pier, and had two main vertical posts there and four vertical end posts. To each of these posts an inclined strut was attached, in a transverse vertical plane, presenting a surface for the top of a hydraulic jack to act upon. Eight special 100-ton jacks were used, with an eight-inch stroke and a working pressure of 400 atmospheres, the piston being nearly 0.7 in diameter. The fluid used was a mixture of water, alcohol and glycerine. Sixteen men operated the jacks, their movements being synchronized by a code of signals designed to secure uniformity of action. The bridge was raised a foot or two by short lifts, followed by thoroughly blocking, and then building under one course of cut stone masonry. The total load was 546 tons, and the maximum load on a single jack was eighty-seven tons. The bridge was raised in four stages during intervals between trains. The longest interval between trains was about two hours. The weight of trains was rigidly restricted during the time the bridge was undergoing repairs, and their speed was limited to three miles an hour in crossing the bridge. In addition, a special block system was organized upon that section of the line upon which the bridge is located, so that operations could be suspended and the track restored five minutes before the arrival of a train at the site.

A Faithful Servant.

Rostopchin was the governor of Moscow who probably planned the burning of that city, and so put a serious check to Napoleon's career. One day the Emperor Paul returned from parade greatly irritated because he considered the cloth furnished for the soldiers' uniforms to be of very bad quality. He ordered Rostopchin to write at once, and desire that the cloth should every year be procured from England. The count replied that to do so would end the Russian cloth manufacture and ruin all the Russian merchants. As the emperor insisted, he wrote the letter and gave it to him to sign. After the signature he added, in his own hand: "Do nothing of the kind, he is crazy." Paul evidently observed that he was writing something, and Rostopchin quietly handed him the letter. Paul was walking up and down the room. He turned pale, still strode violently back and forth, and then suddenly threw the letter into the fire. "You are right," he said, embracing Rostopchin; "would to heaven that all my servants were like you!"—Argonaut.

Studying to Lease.

Sharp-Nosed Woman—Seems to me your paper's all too high priced.

Wall-Paper Dealer—This is the entire line of samples of the biggest factory in America, madam, and I guarantee the prices to be as low as any in the market.

"Haven't you got something cheaper?"

"Surely you don't want anything cheaper than six cents a double roll?"

"Is that the cheapest you've got?"

"It is."

"I wish you had something for about four cents."

(Yelling through the speaking tube). "Harris, send up a sample of butcher's wrapping paper. I believe on my soul Mrs. Hetty Green's here."

The Unexpected.

Family Physician—Yes, madam, it's really remarkable how quickly children respond to our remedies; and your little boy is so bright that he can be trusted to take them himself.

Proud Mother—Yes, indeed. Tell the doctor, dear, how you used the pills that gave you such bright rosy cheeks, Tommy.

Tommy—I—I—just put 'em in my wittle putty-blower, an' shot ze dear wittle sparrers wif 'em.—Truth.

Not Much of a Cut.

A five-cent barber while cutting a man's hair clipped off the top of his ear. The customer leaped out of the chair with a wild shriek.

"Ow!" he screamed, "you've cut off a piece of my ear."

"Don't go on so, boss," said the five-center, "tain't nough to affect the hearin'."—National Barber.

Another Point of View.

She gazed thoughtfully into the mirror's depths.

"The idea," she soliloquized, "of his saying that anyone could see that I never used powder. I wonder if my complexion is really so countrified as all that?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Awful Possibility.

"It is a mighty good thing, said Watts, "that the iceman is not a man of delicate sensibilities. Suppose he should become offended at the remarks that are made about him and stay away for two or three days. Did you ever think of that?"

AN AMERICAN KING.

GEORGE VANDERBILT'S SOUTH CAROLINA CASTLE.

Being Built in the Center of an Eleven Thousand Acre Tract and Will Stand for Five Centuries—Individualism Personified.

IMAGINE HAVING a Vanderbilt for your milkman—flavoring your coffee with cream from the dairy of a multi-millionaire. It is enough to make one smack his lips and think the product richer than that of ordinary dairymen. Of one thing I am sure, no water is mixed with it, and if you do pay ten cents a quart, you have the satisfaction of knowing that it is for genuine milk, and the best of the genuine, and that the only water which is in it is the water the cow drinks.

When George W. Vanderbilt began prospecting around Asheville, N. C., less than a dozen years ago, farming was the thing which he least thought of. The palace, for it is that, and nothing else, which he is building, is intended to be a monument to last for ages, a silent but significant tribute to the ability and perseverance for accumulating wealth with which this remarkable family is endowed. At present roofers are covering the main structure so that work may begin on the interior. The outer walls of stone and brick are completed. So far not a piece of wood has been placed in it, except scaffolding and false work. Everything is stone, brick, iron and steel. I heard an eminent architect say that it would be as solid five centuries from the time it is completed as the day its owner enters it to live. Six hundred men are at work on this palace and the grounds, and Mr. Vanderbilt will not allow one to be paid less than $1 per day, making a pay roll alone of $500,000 and $600,000 yearly. Six years will be required to build this magnificent home, and in all as many millions will be spent in the work, including the building of roads, the terracing of mountains—yes, mountains—the planting of trees and shrubs and other features of landscape work. And even these extraordinary statements give you only a faint idea of the magnitude of Mr. Vanderbilt's plans.

For several weeks a Wagner palace car has been standing on the private railroad track near the uncompleted palace. It is named Swannanoa. In fact, Mr. Vanderbilt loves the name and uses it whenever possible. In this car he came from New York to personally examine the work of all kinds now in progress. A year ago he usually lived in the car, and confined most of his inspection to the building and roads, but now the farming interests occupy much of his attention, and he has a suite of rooms in an ordinary looking two story farm-house about three miles from the "mansion," as the natives around here termed it. The rooms have been newly papered and have modern furniture. Here the owner remains with no other attendant than an English valet, besides the family in the house. From the windows of his bedroom he can see the fields of grain and the plowed hillsides. It is in the genuine country, without any indication of city life in sight. Every morning his secretary and superintendent of agriculture, Baron Allings, visits him, and an hour or so is usually occupied in reading such reports as the yield of corn on this or that patch, how many tons of fertilizer have been put on the garden, the comparative yield of milk of Jersey and Holstein cows, etc. Then Mr. Vanderbilt often jumps into a light two-wheeled cart and drives over to this or that farm with the baron and examines some new fodder or some insect, which may be damaging the grain. Often he will walk into the field and talk with the hands at work on some detail of planting. In short, it is easy to see that nature has strong attractions for him, and the cultivation of

GEORGE VANDERBILT.

the soil as much fascination as the buying and selling of stocks and bonds or the planning of railroad combinations. Naturally his interest in agriculture has attracted much attention throughout this section. People who at first regarded his purchases of land and his plan with envious eyes now speak of him in the highest terms. They perceive how much benefit his experiment will be to agriculturists generally, as well as to the lovers of good roads, since he has ample means to carry out useful experiments on the broadest and most comprehensive basis.

While examining the forest road one can not help wondering at the improvements to the forest proper, which comprises 11,000 acres. Dead trees have been cut away, the underbrush is being taken off, vistas made at different points where a superb view is afforded and other work is being done which will finally convert this place into a vast park similar to those found at so many English country places. Over 100 men have been busy with ax and hatchet, and what was formerly a mountain wilderness now presents a wonderfully changed appearance. Game and birds are being placed in the forest for hunting purposes, but the greatest game preserve will be on the side of Mount Pisgah, a portion of which Mr. Vanderbilt owns. This will be stocked with bear and deer, and will form truly a "sportman's paradise."

Such, briefly, is the way Mr. Vanderbilt is exercising his taste in the Blue Ridge mountains.

WILLIAM H. UPHAM.

A New Star in the Political Heavens.

The republicans of Wisconsin have nominated as a candidate for governor Major William H. Upham. Their nominee is in the prime of life, having been born in 1841. At the beginning of the civil war he enlisted in the Union army and served with distinction, in one engagement being severely wounded and reported killed. He is one of the few men who, being yet alive, have had their funeral sermons preached. This was done in the town from which he enlisted, when the report of his death was received. On his release from Libby prison, whither he was taken when wounded, he was appointed to cadet by President Lincoln in recognition of valuable services in obtaining important information while a prisoner, and was graduated from West Point in 1866. Being appointed

MAJOR WILLIAM H. UPHAM.

second lieutenant of the Fifth United States artillery, stationed at Fortress Monroe, he was guard officer over Jefferson Davis after his capture. After some years of service in the regular army he resigned and entered upon business pursuits in Wisconsin, turning his attention to the lumber industry. Locating in Marshfield in 1870, when the town was yet a wilderness, he built mills and established other important industries. In 1877 the place was swept by a devastating fire. Major Upham caused a flag to be raised over the burned site, and announced that he would rebuild on a much larger scale than before, and this he immediately did, prosecuting his enterprises with such indomitable energy that the town is now one of the important cities of Wisconsin. Major Upham is identified with financial and other institutions, and was for a time mayor of Marshfield. In 1891 he was state commander of the Grand Army of the Republic.

NOVEL BASEBALL POINT.

Umpire Corcoran Decides a Knotty Problem During a Game at Hazleton, Pa.

During a recent game here at Hazleton, Pa., a very fine point in baseball legislation came up before Umpire Corcoran, for deciding which there has never been any fixed rule established. With a base runner on first bag, and a batsman in position, the pitcher receives a signal from the catcher indicating that the runner was napping. The pitcher in throwing the ball to first threw it over the baseman's head, striking the crowd outside the lines. It being a blocked ball the runner continued around the bases and was half-way between third and home when the ball reached the pitcher's hands. The latter standing on the rubber without pausing momentarily, as required by rule, or stepping off the rubber, threw the ball to the catcher, who caught the runner before he touched the plate. Umpire Corcoran not only allowed the runner to score, but also gave the man at bat his base. The umpire contended that the delivery of the ball was illegal, and, as there has been no rule fixed governing such a play, claims that he was justified in his action. The point, as made by Mr. Corcoran is rather delicate and it would seem is worthy of the attention of baseball legislators. Besides the feature demonstrated the play embraces points which are equally intricate. For instance, had the pitcher paused as per rule, would the batsman be justified in striking at the ball, or could the umpire call it a strike or a ball, if the delivery was within the necessary bounds? Mr. Corcoran in supporting the position he took cited other features which were no less important, and carried his point, despite the vigorous objection raised by the captain of the team affected.

Described.

Heine said of Savoye, a mediocre diplomat appointed ambassador to Frankfort by Lamartine in 1848: "Ordinarily he is insane, but he has lucid moments when he is only stupid."

"Hail to the Chief!"

This is half the title of an old song. The balance is, "Who in triumph advances." The public, the press and the medical profession chant this refrain as especially applicable to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, chief among American remedies and preventives for malaria, constipation, dyspepsia, liver complaint, nervousness, unquiet sleep, rheumatic twinges and the troubles incident to advanced age. It is also universally recognized as a reliable tonic and appetizer. As a family medicine particularly suitable to emergencies it has no equal. The nervous, the feeble seek its aid, and the happiest results follow. The convalescent, the aged and the infirm derive infinite benefit from its use. Against the influences of impure air, bad water, unaccustomed food, overwork and exposure it is a genuine preventive.

A GIRL only 8 years old was arrested for drunkenness at Lowell. To complete the disgraceful picture, the police let her lie ten hours insensible in a cell without attention.

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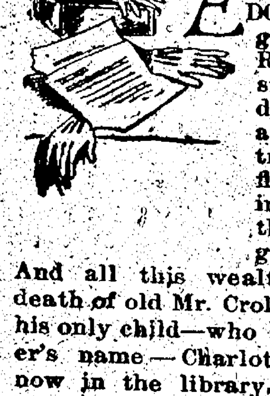


EDGEMOOR is a grand old place. Round about it smooth lawns undulate, dotted here and there with fine trees, while gay flowers and dancing fountains add their quota to the general beauty. And all this wealth, through the death of old Mr. Crolius, has come to his only child—who bears her mother's name—Charlotte. She stands now in the library window, holding back the heavy brocaded hangings with one slender hand, while she gazes out with a sad, mournful expression in her soft eyes. All unnoticed by Charlotte, as she stands with her face turned from the door, some one has entered, and is gazing at her with a world of pity and yearning in his look.

"Oh, I am so lonely!" she sighs.

She fancies she is alone, and the thought frames itself aloud in words. Startled, she turns; but as her eyes rest upon the manly, dark-browed, dark-eyed face, the sadness vanishes from her own as though by the touch of a magic wand.

"Are you glad to see me, Lottie?" he says.

"Glad?" the one word reveals more than she dreams, and the next moment she is clasped in strong arms, while the voice she has never yet heard without a secret thrill, says softly and eagerly:

"And I am more than glad! Oh, Lottie, you must have known—you could not help seeing my love for you a long time back! I should have spoken before, had not my poverty, compared to your wealth, kept me silent; but something your father said to me when I was with him, the very night before he died, has made me cast doubt and hesitation to the winds. Lottie, he said he knew I loved you, and he would wish no happier lot for you than to be my wife."

A lovely glow suffuses the sweet face as she looks up at him.

"I always knew father respected and liked you, Eaton."

"And you, yourself, Lottie?"

The golden head droops shyly as she murmurs:

"And I more than like you; I—love you."

And so, when the year of mourning prescribed by custom is ended, they are married.

Four months have passed and Charlotte's dream of happiness seems to her almost too perfect to continue. One day her husband was engaged to dine with a party of gentlemen friends during the afternoon, but was to return in the evening to escort his wife to a reception.

The afternoon wears away, and it is 8 o'clock, and, all robed for her expected festivity, Charlotte, while waiting for her husband's coming, busies herself in getting his things in readiness. She opens the glove-box last, and lifts the ivory-tinted pair which are on the top. As she does so,

LABORED SOBS BURST FROM HIS LIPS.

from out of one of the gloves falls a note, in what has every appearance of being her husband's writing. Glancing casually at it as she lays it on the table, she sees the address—"Miss Adele Graham."

The name is not unfamiliar to her, though she has not yet met her. She has often heard Miss Graham mentioned as one of society's most brilliant belles. Charlotte stands for a moment hesitating; then a wave of memory passing through her mind, brings with it some words a friend had said to her shortly before her marriage: "So you have cut out the beautiful Miss Graham? I heard she was once engaged to Mr. Eaton Wolcott."

With trembling fingers the young wife breaks the seal and reads:

"My Beloved Adele—Forgive my seeming neglect in not writing to you for so long, but since inexorable circumstances have come between us, even to the extent of hampering our correspondence, I have thought it best to wait until I could be sure of the note reaching your hand without danger of discovery."

Then followed laments at the cruelty of their enforced separation, and protestations of undying affection, with the name, "Eaton Wolcott," in full at the end. With a cry, Charlotte sinks upon the floor, as though felled by a strong hand. Eaton is false! Then pride comes to strengthen the crushed heart. Dragging herself up, she staggers to her feet.

"I have been rightly punished," she says, wearily, "for reading what was not intended for my eyes. But it is well—yes, well—that I did. He married me for my inheritance; he shall share it, without the incumbrance he took with it."

A half hour later the door opens, and Eaton enters, saying anxiously:

"Lottie, darling, I hope I have not kept you waiting. I tried hard to get away, but could not."

There is no answer, the room is empty; upon the lounge lies the snowy silken robe his bride wore at the altar the day that made them one. But no Charlotte bounds to meet him with the love-light in her face that makes every home-coming a thing to look forward to. On the dressing-table, conspicuously placed, where he cannot help but see it, is an open note. Penciled upon the envelope are these words:

"EATON:—I know all: that it was not Charlotte you wanted, but Edgemoor, though to obtain one you were forced to take the other. Oh! why did you deceive me so cruelly? I go from you with a heart torn and lacerated, and with such grief as I hope you may never know. Farewell!"

He reads it, his head drops into his hands, and convulsive, labored sobs burst from his lips.

* * * * * * *

It is six years later; in the sitting-room of Mrs. Trevor's country residence, at Tarrytown, are three ladies. One is middle-aged, the others are her daughter and the companion who has made her home with them for the past three years.

The morrow is Miss Evelyn's birthday, and, to celebrate the occasion, a fair—the proceeds of which are to be given to a neighboring hospital—is to be held under Mrs. Trevor's auspices.

"Miss Merle, could you not take Miss Martin's place and be the fountain nymph?"

"Certainly, Mrs. Trevor. I would do more than that to show my appreciation of the many kindnesses I have received at your hands."

The eventful afternoon has come, and the spacious grounds of Elmhaven are the center of a brilliant scene. In a secluded nook, surrounded by vines and over-arching trees, is the grotto formed of rocks and paved with shells, in the center of which, in the midst of tropical foliage and plants, is the lemonade fountain. The afternoon is waning, and the visits to the grotto seem to have ceased, and, feeling somewhat wearied, the girl, going behind the fountain, seats herself to rest upon a rustic bench. A few moments later, voices entering the grotto fall upon her ears, and one which with a wild heart-throb she recognizes.

"Ah, the nymph of the fountain has deserted her post," Mrs. Trevor says, laughingly. "I suppose she despaired of any more customers."

And then they talk—for a while on impersonal topics—until at length the lady says, gently and a little hesitatingly:

"You must forgive me, Eaton, if I cause you pain by what I am about to ask; but I am so anxious to know. Have you found any trace of her—your wife?"

The answer is low and troubled.

"No."

"Eaton, have you any idea as to what could have led her to take such a step?"

"My dear friend, I know you are prompted to speak as you do, solely through your affection for me, and I will requite that interest by confiding to you the facts; they have never before passed my lips. My own life's happiness, and what is still more precious, my little Charlotte's have been wrecked solely through a mistake.

"You may know that I have, living in California, an uncle—my father's youngest brother, who was but five years old when I was born. It was his boyish lips that gave me the name he bore himself—Eaton. One season in society he met a young lady from Lawrence, Mass., who was visiting friends in New York.

"He saw her often, and became desperately in love with her, and soon discovered that his affection was reciprocated. He is handsome and of extremely fascinating manners, and her parents at first seemed pleased with his attentions to their daughter; but when, upon inquiry, they learned that he was possessed of a very moderate income, their affability changed to coldness.

"As the time went on, the young lady had cause to suspect that her letters were intercepted, and told her lover as much. Knowing I intended to visit Boston and Lawrence, and that I would probably meet his lady-love, who was much admired in society, my uncle wrote me, asking as a favor, to take charge of his correspondence, and see that his letters reached Miss Graham by giving them to her myself.

"I did not tell my wife, for, knowing her strict ideas of right and wrong, I feared she might think that I had better not interfere.

"One of those letters, signed of course, 'Eaton Wolcott,' my wife found and read. My uncle's handwriting and mine are very similar, though a close observer would see a number of slight differences. But poor little Charlotte believed that I loved another, and had married her for her wealth. I have searched unweariyingly, and never till I die shall I cease that search, but I fear it will be fruitless."

A cry stirs the air.

"Oh, Eaton, my husband! Your own lips have vindicated you! Your wife has heard and believes!"

It is Charlotte's voice, and there, before his dazed, incredulous eyes, a slender figure is kneeling at his feet; the long, golden tresses, floating away from her waxen brow, sweep the shell-paved floor, as, with head thrown back and great, luminous eyes uplifted to his face, she cries:

"My husband; do you not know me—your little Charlotte?"

With an inarticulate murmur of thanksgiving, Eaton lifts her to his heart. With tears welling up in her kind eyes, Mrs. Trevor glides quietly away, blessing in her heart the kind Providence which led her to request Eaton's confidence at so opportune a moment.

THE BURGLAR'S MISHAP.

HE GOT STUCK ON A GAME OF SOLITAIRE.

A House Breaker Who Indulged in Cards and Swearing at Midnight in Another Man's House—Soliloquized as He Gathered the Silver.

That peaceful suburb of Jersey City known as Bayonne is all agog over the visit a burglar paid to the residence of ex-Judge Thomas F. Noonan, at Avenue C and Forty-fifth street, says the New York Sun.

It was about 8 o'clock when the Judge and his wife started for Bordentown to spend the night with some relatives. The judge's son William and his uncle were left in charge of the house, and they played whist in the dining room until 10 o'clock when they retired. They sleep in the same room on the second floor of the house, but in different beds. It was about 1 o'clock in the morning when young William was awakened by hearing loud swearing down stairs. Grabbing his revolver, he crept softly down to the dining-room, and peeping cautiously in, saw the burglar seated at the table playing solitaire with the cards he and his uncle had left there. It had been the young man's intention when he started down stairs to attack the burglar, if such the intruder proved to be, but when he saw the man he changed his mind and was wondering what to do when the stranger suddenly picked up the cards from the table and with a loud oath threw them against the wall. Then he sprang up, grabbed a big horse pistol that lay on the table beside him and began walking around the room.

"Gee whiz!" exclaimed young Noonan. "I think I'll git," and creeping quietly up stairs again he rolled into bed and waited to see what would turn up. He didn't have to wait long, for in about two minutes he heard the burglar coming upstairs. He could hear the man going in and out of the rooms and finally his own door was banged open and in walked a fierce looking stranger. The man walked several times around the room, swinging his revolver in a careless manner.

The elder Noonan slept peacefully on while the young man got a firm grasp on his revolver, and when the burglar walked out of the room he jumped from his bed and followed him down the hall. The burglar went down stairs to the dining room again and began to open the drawers of the sideboard. He piled all of the household silver in the center of the table and then dumped it into a bag which he had with him. All the time he kept talking to himself in a distinctly audible tone. Young Noonan says that he alternately cursed himself and the playing cards which lay around the room. Finally, having packed the silverware in the bag he walked out of the room and started up stairs again with young Noonan in hot pursuit.

The young man saw him enter the library, but when he looked in he couldn't see him anywhere. Much amazed at this he was thinking of going back to bed again and letting the burglar have his own way when he heard a voice upstairs saying: "I hate to do this dirty work anyway."

Young Noonan crept up the stairs and saw the wild-looking figure leaning over his uncle's bed. The man had a piece of sponge in one hand and a small phial containing a light colored fluid in the other.

"Yes, I hate to do this," Noonan heard the burglar say, when the man suddenly stopped and looked in surprise at the empty bed.

"Now I wonder where the hell he's gone," he remarked in what seemed to Noonan a decidedly bored tone. "Well, I'll have to do it now, anyway," he went on, and then Noonan saw him pour a little of the liquid on the sponge and put it to his uncle's nose. At this point Noonan cocked his revolver, slid up alongside of the burglar, and pressing it close to the intruder's head, said: "Throw up your hands!"

The burglar didn't even as much as start. Turning his head slowly around he said in an offended tone: "Young man, don't you know that that darn thing might go off?"

"You're right," replied Noonan, taking fresh courage. "It's likely to go at any moment."

"Well, well," exclaimed the burglar. "I suppose if it did you'd say you didn't know it was loaded."

"Shut up," said Noonan, "and give me that gun of yours."

"It ain't much good, excepting as a club," said the burglar, handing it over; "but such as it is, you're welcome to it."

Noonan took the pistol, made the burglar sit on the floor in the corner and then waked up his uncle, to whom he told the entire story in as few words as possible. Then the two began to discuss what it was best to do with their captive.

The burglar pleaded for mercy and the elder Mr. Noonan put in a word for him, and the upshot of it was that young Noonan agreed to let the man go. He was escorted down stairs and the front door was opened. Then young Noonan gave him a most emphatic kick and closed the door. That was the last seen of him, and no one else in Bayonne has had the pleasure of laying eyes on him, although the local constables made a search of the surrounding country.

Besides the pistol the Noonans have a set of burglar's tools as mementoes of the man's visit. They found them in the dining room beside the rubber bag soon after the burglar left.

MISCONSTRUED.

The Duke of Wellington Would Have Failed at Proof-Reading.

The duke of Wellington, when sitting in the lords, received a letter from an eminent landscape designer, J. C. Loudon. The duke had lost sight of him for some years. It was a note to this effect: "MY LORD DUKE: It would gratify me extremely if you would permit me to visit Strathfieldsaye, at any time convenient to your grace, and to inspect the Waterloo beeches. Your grace's faithful servant, J. C. LOUDON." The Waterloo beeches were trees that had been planted immediately after the battle of Waterloo as a memorial of the great fight. The duke read the letter twice, the writing of which was not very clear, and, with his usual promptness and politeness, replied as follows, having read the signature as "C. J. London" instead of "J. C. Loudon:" "MY DEAR BISHOP OF LONDON: It will always give me great pleasure to see you at Strathfieldsaye. Pray come whenever it suits your convenience, whether I am at home or not. My servant will receive orders to show you as many pairs of breeches of mine as you wish; but why you should wish to inspect those that I wore at the Battle of Waterloo is quite beyond the comprehension of yours, most truly, WELLINGTON."

The Bridegroom's Chase.

Among the Arabs a curious custom prevails at all weddings. After various ceremonies the bridegroom is led in the evening into a large, dimly lighted room. Here, huddled on the floor on one side, he finds the female relatives and friends of the bride, all of the same height and size, all wearing precisely similar clothing and closely veiled. One of these is the bride, and it falls upon him to find out which it is. If he has been wise he has bribed some of the spectators to give him a sign to guide him, but if not he attempts to seize the veiled figure whom he suspects to be his bride. If possible she slips from his grasp and runs away, with him in hot pursuit. An exciting chase follows, until he succeeds in catching her, when he tears the veil from her face. If it turns out that he has chosen correctly and that she is the bride, the game is ended, but if not he must try again, after the captured girl has had time to arrange her disordered dress and takes her place once more among her companions. Again he makes a selection and, after another long chase, succeeds in unveiling a second maiden, possibly only to find he has caught the same girl again. Many hours are consumed in this way, and it is often daylight before the unlucky bridegroom secures his bride.

The Climax Quickly Reached.

"Jaggs made some bad breaks last week."

"Indeed! What were they?"

"In the first place, he broke his temperance pledge."

"Yes."

"Then he broke into his savings bank account."

"Dear! dear!"

"And now he is dead broke."

Took Him by Surprise.

Dick—Cholly's down with nervous prostration. He read a cablegram in the paper that it was raining in London and couldn't turn up his trousers.

Harry—Why not?

Dick—He had on knee breeches.

MASCULINITIES.

Judge—Name? Prisoner—Smith. Judge—Occupation? Prisoner—Locksmith. Judge—Officer, locksmith up.

A Waterbury, Conn., woman has a serious impediment in her speech, due to a strain her tongue received some weeks ago while she was laughing very heartily.

Milton Tibbitts, a 15-year-old boy, is editor and proprietor of the Washington Weekly Bulletin. He was recently the recipient of much attention in Boston circles.

Short-sightedness descends from parent to child in diagonal succession—that is, sons inherit it most frequently from their mothers, and daughters from their fathers.

Miss Sophie A. Nordhoff, a former student of medicine at Washington, according to foreign papers, has been appointed a physician at the famous Woman's Clinic of Professor Von Winkel, in Munich.

When you like a man just as well after you have traveled 3,000 miles with him as you did before you started on the journey, it is evidence that he is a mighty good fellow, and the experience isn't altogether unflattering to yourself.

Mother—What? Been in swimming? And this time of the year? Mercy! When I went out to-day I wore my winter coat. Little Johnny, with teeth chattering—Yes, ma, it was so—so—so cold we ha-had to jum-jump into the wa-water to ke-keep warm.

The Owingsville, Ky., Outlook says: James W. Hasty, a 65-year-old bachelor, was born within two miles of this place. He is a gunsmith and watch-fixer, and has not been five miles away from here in twenty-five years. He never kissed one of the fair sex in his life.

A Chicago lad makes a living by securing seats for women in crowded cars. He makes his stand at a thoroughfare that is always thronged and arranges with some well-to-do woman, with her arms full of bundles, or perhaps a baby, to run around and jump on a car before it reaches the corner. When it gets to that point he has a seat reserved for her.

How the Supreme Court Is Opened.

To begin with, there is a degree of dignity and stately bearing about the court and its members, which permeates even to the most humble attache. There is a quiet in the court-room which recalls the Sabbath of the Covenanters. When one enters, the involuntary feeling comes on that the room is set aside only for the contemplation of the sober side of life, and woe to him who gibes or jokes in the august presence of the court. The court is opened about this fashion: At 12 o'clock (noon) the Justices come in from the consulting-rooms and take their seats on the bench. Away to the left of the chamber is seen a youthful officer, whose business is to catch the first glimpse of the advancing Judges. Then comes three raps with a ponderous gavel by the same officer. This is meant as a signal for the audience to rise. Then, with the Chief Justice in advance, the Judges enter from the right of the chamber. To the rear of the Justices' seats is an aisle. In the center is an arched entrance for the Chief Justice. Through this aisle the Judges file and take positions on the right and left. None enter until the Chief Justice emerges from the center entrance. After all have filed in, the Chief Justice makes a graceful obeisance to the standing audience. Then the Justices take seats, a stroke of the gavel is made, and the audience seats itself. The opening of the court falls upon a youthful official. It is after the old English form, "Oh, yea; oh, yea," etc., and concludes with the words, "God bless the honorable Supreme Court." The court is now ready for business. All the Justices are clad in black silk gowns with an ecclesiastical cut. In the dispatch of business the Chief Justice is quite expeditious. He is always ready with a reply to a question, and eminently satisfactory. The Justices on the bench assume different attitudes. Justice Miller sinks down low in his chair, and but little can be seen of him but the top of his head. So also does Justice Bradley. The Chief Justice sits erect most of the time when not hearing an argument, busy in consulting the calendar.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75c.

Peas in a Pod.

S. M. Andree, a Swedish scientist, has collected tabular information showing the average weight of peas in their pods. The lightest peas were always nearest the ends of the pod. The average weight of a pea was greater the larger the number of peas in the pod, so that the largest pods contained the heaviest peas. The weight of the peas next the point of the pod increased with the increased number of peas in the pod. With the exception of the first and last peas there was but a very small difference in the weight of the peas in the same pod.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative Syrup of Figs.

Serving Toast.

Dry toast should be served directly from the toaster. When this is not practical, pile it on a heated bread plate, cover it with a napkin and put it on the hearth or in the oven. Toast is given in all slight attacks of sickness because it is so easily digested. The more thorough the conversion of the starch the more easily and perfectly the system will manage it, for the change of starch into dextrine by the action of the heat is simply doing outside of the body what takes place in it, in the ordinary course of digestion, by the action of the digestive fluids. Therefore when this is accomplished by artificial means nature is spared so much energy.—Philadelphia Times.

Karl's Clover Root Tea.

The great Blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation. 25c., 50c., $1.

Wire Shafting.

From a recent published estimate of the strength of the proposed wire shafts for steamships it appears that in this important respect the most satisfactory result is realized. When made in five sections, with a total length of 100 feet and 15 inches in diameter, the shaft will have 25,000 No. 7 steel wires, each 25 feet long, with 50,000 fastenings, and as each wire and each fastening will sustain a load of 500 pounds without rupture or injury there is thus exhibited a total inherent strength of some 37,500,000 pounds, or an amount 25 times greater than the continuous force of an engine of 5,000 horsepower, which is indeed a signigcant showing.

THE PRIESTS OF PALLAS.

Grand Parade, Tuesday, October 2.

The Priests of Pallas at Kansas City will parade this year Tuesday evening, October 2, and the people who witness it are assured of seeing the grandest procession of the most beautiful floats ever produced. This popular organization can always be depended upon to furnish entertainment that will fully repay all the people who may visit Kansas City upon this occasion.

The subject chosen this year is one of unusual interest, affording an excellent opportunity for brilliant artistic effects, and the Priests and their large corps of artists have taken advantage of the occasion to charm the seeker for the beautiful and to gratify the student of the intellectual. Colored fires and calcium lights will render night brilliant and many of the leading bands of Kansas and Missouri will participate. A one-fare rate for the round trip has been made for this occasion by the Union Pacific System, good October 1 to 3, from points in Kansas within 250 miles of Kansas City, and Nebraska points within 200 miles, and many special trains will be run. Karnival Krewe parade on Thursday, October 4th, afternoon and evening. See your nearest Union Pacific agent.

E. L. LOMAX, G. P. & Tkt. Agt., OMAHA. J. B. FRAWLEY, Gen'l Ag't, KANSAS CITY, MO.

Trials never make us weak. They only show us that we are weak.

3 Homeseekers' Excursions South via the Wabash Railroad.

On Sept. 11th, 25th and Oct. 9th the Wabash will sell tickets at half fare plus $2 to all points in Tennessee, (except Memphis) Mississippi, Alabama and Louisana, (except New Orleans) Arkansas and Texas. For rates, tickets or a homeseekers' guide giving full description of lands, climate, etc., or for steamship tickets to or from all parts of Europe, call at Wabash office, 1502 Farnam street, or write

G. N. CLAYTON, N. W. P. Agt, Omaha, Neb

THE HIGHEST AWARD.

Royal Baking Powder in Strength and Value 20 per Cent. Above Its Nearest Competitor.

The Royal Baking Powder has the enviable record of having received the highest award for articles of its class—greatest strength, purest ingredients, most perfectly combined—wherever exhibited in competition with others. In the exhibitions of former years, at the Centennial, at Paris, Vienna and at the various State and Industrial fairs, where it has been exhibited, judges have invariably awarded the Royal Baking Powder the highest honors.

At the recent World's Fair the examination for the baking powder awards were made by the experts of the chemical division of the Agricultural Department of Washington. The official report of the tests of the baking powders which were made by this department for the specific purpose of ascertaining which was the best, and which has been made public, shows the leavening strength of the Royal to be 160 cubic inches of carbonic gas per ounce of powder. Of the cream of tartar baking powders exhibited at the Fair, the next highest in strength thus tested contained but 133 cubic inches of leavening gas. The other powders gave an average of 111. The Royal, therefore, was found of 20 per cent. greater leavening strength than its nearest competitor, and 44 per cent. above the average of all the other tests. Its superiority in other respects, however, in the quality of the food it makes as to fineness, delicacy and wholesomeness, could not be measured by figures.

It is these high qualities, known and appreciated by the women of the country for so many years, that have caused the sales of the Royal Baking Powder, as shown by statistics, to exceed the sales of all other baking powders combined.

Rye For Winter Pasture.

Rye sown for fall and winter pasture and then given over to the hogs in the spring will pay in almost any locality. Rye does not exhaust the land so much as wheat, and on low, wet lands where wheat will not grow at all, it will thrive. On clay lands that will not raise anything else we have secured a fair crop of rye. As a "nurse" for grass crops we recommend rye, as it does not have as dense foliage close to the ground as wheat or oats.—Prairie Farmer.

Make Your Own Bitters!

Steketee's Dry Bitters.

One package of Steketee's Dry Bitters will make one Gallon of the best bitters known; will cure indigestion, pains in the stomach, fever and ague. Acts upon the Kidneys and Bladder; the best tonic known. Sold by druggists or sent by mail, postage prepaid. Price 30 cts. for single, or two packages for 50 cts. U. S. stamps taken in payment. Address GEO. G. STEKETEE, Grand Rapids, Mich.

THE police of New Orleans discovered an opium-smoking den in the city, and arrested the Chinese proprietor. The place is said to have had customers who were well-dressed women.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine.

The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Cold Sores, &c. C. G. Clark Co., N. Haven, Ct.

We cannot sow bad seed and reap a good harvest.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Borrowers of trouble never have to go far to get it.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

It never pays to do wrong, no matter how much pay is promised.

The first glass is the one the devil is most anxious for a young man to take.

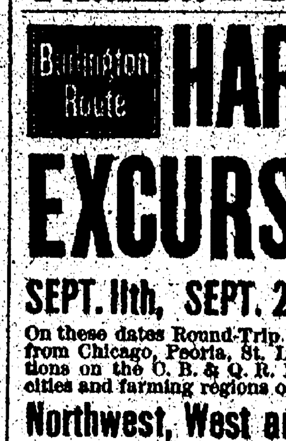
PIERCE Guarantees a **CURE**

OR MONEY RETURNED.

For all chronic, or lingering, Pulmonary or Chest Diseases, as Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Severe Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Pains in Chest and Sides, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a sovereign remedy.

In Asthma it is specific.

To build up both flesh and strength, when reduced below the standard of health by pneumonia, or "lung fever," grip, or exhausting fevers, it is the best restorative tonic known.



MR. NORMAN.

E. B. NORMAN, Esq., of Anon, Ga., says: "I think the 'Golden Medical Discovery' is the best medicine for pain in the chest that I have ever known. I am sound and well, and I owe it all to the 'Discovery.'"

THE PLAN OF SELLING MEDICINES ON TRIAL IS PECULIAR TO **PIERCE**

Burlington Route **HARVEST EXCURSIONS**

SEPT. 11th, SEPT. 25th, OCT. 9th

On these dates Round-Trip Tickets will be sold from Chicago, Peoria, St. Louis, and other stations on the C. B. & Q. R. R., to the principal cities and farming regions of the

Northwest, West and Southwest AT LOW RATES

Many connecting railways will also sell Harvest Excursion Tickets, on same terms, over this route. The undersigned or any agent of the Burlington Route, and most ticket agents of connecting railways east of the Mississippi River, will supply applicants with Harvest Excursion folders giving full particulars.

P. S. EUSTIS, Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

[illegible] Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured [illegible] It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. [illegible]

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention this Paper.

The Table Rock Argus.

F. H. TAYLOR, PROPRIETOR.

Issued every Friday Morning at TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

Terms $1.50 Per Year, In Advance.

THE McKinley meeting at Lincoln next Thursday will be one of the greatest events of the campaign.

IF democrats insist in making leaders of such men as Bryan it will not be long until democracy is but a memory, and that will not be a very pleasing thing to dwell upon.

ON the evening of the 9th of October Hon. Jeese B. Strode, republican candidate for congress, and Hon. G. M. Lambertson, one of Nebraska's greatest sons, will address the citizens of Table Rock at the opera house. To this meeting every citizen is invited, be they republicans or not.

THE democrats of the First commissioners' district held their convention at Steinauer last Saturday, but could find no one willing to run up against J. F. Wenzl's sledge hammer blows, so they returned to their homes without naming a candidate, although they begged several gentlemen to accept the nomination.

EX-GOVERNOR THAYER and the republican candidate for attorney general of the state, Hon. A. S. Churchill, were in Table Rock last Saturday and gave this office a pleasant call. They were on the way from Wymore to attend the unveiling of the soldiers' monument at Sterling. The ex-governor says the entire republican state ticket will be elected, and that Tom Major's majority will be 25,000 or upwards.

THE democrats of Table Rock organized a club at the reading room Wednesday evening with thirty-four members composed of a fusion of demo-pops; the officers are: President, R. W. Hood; vice president, J. Murphy; secretary, J. H. Gere; treasurer, A. E Lane; marshal, John Hilbert; executive committee, C. L. Wemple, —— Cross, Ad Hayes, F. Faulkner, Anthony Kovanda; Program committee, the club president chairman, members, J. Murphy A. E. Lane, J. A. Carlock.

THE democrats of New York in state convention Wednesday nominated D. B. Hill for governor, much against that gentleman's wishes; in fact he stigmatized the nomination as "an outrage." The astute gentleman realizes that democratic success in the Empire state is a forlorne hope this fall, and he did not want to be connected with the defeat that is coming, but the convention insisted, and he could not do otherwise than become its sacrifice.

IN our garden this season we raised a small patch of popcorn. A day or two since we pulled an ear from a stalk and on stripping the shuck we were astonished to find a number of the grains popped open as though done by fire. We are unable to account for the ready popped corn except that the intense heat of last week and the week before had got in its work on the corn. It is a new variety given us by Frank Barber and it may be that we can improve on it and produce a ready popped corn in one or two seasons.—Richmond Conservator.

The Nebraska conference held at Falls City last week made the following appointment for the Nebraska City district:

- L. F. Britt, presiding elder.
- Adams, J. G. Stannard.
- Auburn, G. M. Couffer.
- Brock and Talmage [M. DeMotte.]
- Brownville, Wm. Cornley.
- Cook, B. E. Newton.
- Douglas, James Williams.
- Elk Creek, G. E. Price.
- Falls City, J. A. Barker.
- Humboldt, J. W. Swan.
- Johnson, A. W. Partch.
- Louisville, [L. Jean].
- Nebraska City, H. C. Harman.
- Nehawkee, J C H Hobbs.
- Palmyra, C E Rowe.
- Peru, G M Gates.
- Plattsmouth, Peter VanFleet.
- Rulo, E L Barch.
- Shubert, (G W Windle)
- South Bend (E Wilkinson.
- Stella, J M Darby
- Sterling, H E Wycoff
- Syracuse, J. W. Miller.
- Table Rock, P C Johnson
- Tecumseh, R G Adams
- Union, A L Folden
- Weeping Water, J R Woodrock.

Dr. J. E. Bresson was returned to Pawnee City; J. F. Kemper was returned to Crete, and J. G. Walker to [illegible]. W. E. Alexander, who was [illegible] last year, was made [illegible] of the Hastings [illegible]

The Empty Tin Bucket.

MILTON H. MARBLE.

How sad to my heart is the empty tin bucket
That hangs as a trophy upon my bare wall;
To bring to my mind with a vivid remembrance
Results of election, but two years this fall—
How life-like they painted the bright, glowing picture
Resulting from Cleveland, from free trade, and all.
But alas! for my bucket, my empty tin-bucket,
That hangs as a trophy upon my bare wall.

Chorus—
The little tin bucket, the old-time full bucket
The now empty tin bucket that hangs on the wall.

That little tin bucket is but a memento
Of bright happy moments now passed from my sight,
For in it I carried my huge, hearty dinner,
Adown to the work-shop with heart gay and light.
But the work-shop is closed, sir, my children are hungry,
I have no employment whatever this fall;
I see, in my fancy, those huge Cleveland roosters!
But my empty tin bucket hangs there on the wall.

Chorus—
The little tin bucket, the empty tin bucket,
The still mute tin bucket that hangs on the wall.

But listen, there may be political salvation
For us once again, if we waken this fall
And vote with the party who sought to prevent us
From hanging this mute emblem high on the wall!
Come farmers, come workmen, all ye who would labor,
Who long have partaken of wormwood and gall
Come join in our labor, assisting us nobly
In taking this bucket down off from the wall!

Chorus—
And fill up this bucket, this little tin bucket
The empty tin bucket that hangs on the wall.

AT the democratic state convention held at Omaha Wednesday, twins were born. Bryan forces held the controlling power and they used it to such effect that a large faction of democrats bolted and went to another hall where they put in nomination a full, straight-out ticket. The regular convention nominated the following ticket:

Governor, Silas A. Holcomb.
Lieutenant-Governor, J. N. Gaffin
Secretary of State, F. J. Ellick.
Treasurer, J. A. Liukhart.
Auditor, J. C. Dahlman.
Attorney General, Dan B. Carey.
Superintendent, W. A. Jones.
Commissioner, S. J. Kent.

All populists except treasurer, auditor and secretary of state. The old-line democrats were mad, awful mad, at their sell-out by Bryan to the populists, but they could not help themselves in that body, for the smooth-tongued congressman had things his own way, and easily carried out his part of the program. But there were some men in that convention who wanted a democratic ticket in the field, and they withdrew from the hall, and under the guidance of the chairman of the democratic state central committee, went to another hall, and formed themselves into a democratic convention, and named the following ticket:

Governor, P. D. Sturdevant.
Lieutenant, R. A. Dunphy.
Secretary, D. P. Rolfe.
Auditor, Otto Bauman.
Treasurer, Lake Breidenthal.
Attorney-General, John H. Ames.
Commissioner, Jacob Bigler.
Superintendent, Milton Doolittle.

SHERIDAN.

Walter Staples visited relatives west of Pawnee last Sabbath.

Miss Avis Dopp, of Table Rock, visited her friend, Nellie Bedea, Sunday.

Charles and John Lindsay are getting along as well as could be expected.

J. L. Clark's declination of the populist nomination for representative, proves he is no slouch.

M. F. Moser and Elmer Palmer of Clay precinct, were in this neighborhood Tuesday buying cattle.

A. L. Vaughn, wife and daughter, and Miss Nora Parish, visited relatives in Marshall county, Kansas, this week.

A number who had contemplated attending the rally at Pawnee, Thursday evening, were denied that pleasure by the rain in the afternoon.

Messrs Davidson, Owens & Boggs, have traded their merry-go round to a Mr. Houston of Nemaha county for a choice quarter section of land near Oberlin, Kansas. Fon Davidson continues with the swing under the new management.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a secret preparation. Any physician may have the formula on application. The secret of its success as a medicine lies in its extraordinary power to cleanse the blood of impurities and cures the most deep-seated cases of blood diseases.

WHAT IS A GUARANTEE?

It is this. If you have a cough or cold, a tickling sensation in the throat, which keeps you constantly coughing, or if you are afflicted with any chest, throat or lung trouble whooping cough etc., and you use Ballard's Horehound Syrup as directed, giving it a fair trial, and no benefit is experienced, we authorize our advertised agent to refund your money on return of bottle. It never fails to give satisfaction. It promptly relieves Bronchitis Sold by S. Q. Wright.

The Table Rock Dramatic Company will produce the drama entitled "The Fruits of his Folly" on Wednesday and Thursday evenings October 3 and 4, with the following cast of characters:

Jack Dunning—S. E. Roberts. A victim of his own Folly.
Percy Ogden—R. W. Hood. A True Friend
Ashley Drayton—L. Johnson. A man of the world
Hiram Boggs—G. R. Martin. Owner of Cowslip Farm.
William Henry } R. H. Wessel. { The Hired Man
Bell Boy } { At the Tremont
Dorothy Dunning—Maggie Sutton. Jack's wife
Alice Grandon—Katie Wood A Society Pet
Melinda Jane Boggs—Mrs. A. G. Linsley. From Juniperville, Vermont.
Sarah—Mrs. A. C. Boyd. Hiram's Better Half.
Holly Flinders—Daisy Wessel. A Black Diamond.

Come out and enjoy a pleasant evening, a hearty laugh, help a good cause and see the Table Rock Dramatic Company render its initiatory play. Admission, Adults, 25 cents; children under 12, 15 cents. Proceeds for the benefit of the reading room.

Some quiet planning has been carried on for a couple of weeks, which resulted in a complete surprise to Mrs. Peter Gold on Monday night, her birthday. Her first intimation of anything unusual was the sight of a long line of vehicles rolling into her yard, from which beamed the smiling faces of relatives and friends, and soon eighty persons, babies included, had taken possession of Mr. and Mrs. Gold's pleasant home. Then came the unloading of boxes, baskets, cans and pans, chairs and even extension tables. Out in the yard, under the trees, four large tables were spread, and soon were creaking under the weight of innumerable dishes of necessities and dainties. Fried chicken, baked chicken, pressed chicken, boiled chicken, roast turkey, pies, cakes, jellies—oh, yum yum. Chairs and benches were provided, and when all were seated, a happier company could not have been found anywhere. Faithfully did each one do his duty toward the feast, yet enough was left to have fed as many more. What was left of the afternoon was spent in games and talk and the sun was rolling well toward the west, before the company departed, having spent a delightful day, for how could it have been otherwise with such a happy-hearted little hostess. Tokens of friendship and regard were left in the way of presents, of which we give the following:

Soup tureen, Mr. and Mrs. A. Strejc; set of dinner plate, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Avery; set of dinner plates, Frank and Dudley Wemple; set of cups and saucers, Mr. and Mrs. A. Wemple; set cups and saucers, C. P. DeWitt and C. A. Oliver; three vegetable dishes, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Becker and Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Bedea; glass fruit basket, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cox; hand embroidered sateen apron, Miss Mertie Avery; chair tidy, Mr. and Mrs. John Bush; embroidered handkerchief, Mr. and Mrs. James McLaughlin; set dinner plates, Mrs. E. Burow; set pie plates, Miss Minnie Burow; apron, Mr. and Mrs. G. McLaughlin; hand painted apron, Mr. and Mrs. N. Myer; dress patern, Henry Gold; tissue paper boquet, Lulu Dilling; tissue paper cross of flowers, Frank Drilling; three aprons, George Kinney; apron, Mr. and Mrs. J Hastings; silver butter knife, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Frank; pair of fine shoes, Mr. Peter Gold; photograph with frame, Mr. and Mrs. P. Martin; photograph with frame, Mr. and Mrs. W. Have; fancy tureen, Mr. and Mrs. Kerns; flowered platter, Mr. and Mrs. Miller.

The Table Rock Driving Park Association have completed arrangements for holding their fall meeting, October 3rd and 4th, and the meeting promises to be the most interesting ever held in the county. The purses aggregate $825 and are guaranteed by Fellers Brothers, divided as follows:

WEDNESDAY, OCT 3.

Free for all pace	$200 00
Three minute trot	125 00
Running race, ½ mile dash	50 00

THURSDAY, OCT. 4.

2:36 Trot	$200 00
2:40 pace	100 00
2:38 Trot	100 00
Half mile dash, running	50 00

The best shave in the city can be had at L. S. Brown's barber shop at Luzerne hotel. 35-3

GOVERNOR McKINLEY,

AT LINCOLN,

THURSDAY AFTERNOON,

OCTOBER 4.

A splendid opportunity of hearing the issues of the day discussed by a statesman of world wide celebrity. Half rates to Lincoln, October 4th, from B. & M., stations within 150 miles of the capital city. See the local agent.

It has been our aim since buying the Stock of HARDWARE AND FURNITURE, of Wheeler Bros., to fill the building with Good Goods, pertaining to a First Class Stock of

HARDWARE, FURNITURE and Undertaking GOODS.

Our Stock is now complete.

We are now in position to sell you Good Goods as cheap as any firm in Pawnee county or any other County.

Our Hardware Stock is full. And we carry the largest stock of Furniture and Carpets in the city.

We do all kinds of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron work.

Also repairing of all kinds.

We cordially invite all our old customers and all new ones to call and see us whether you want to buy or not,

Very Truly Yours,
TILLOTSON & LINSLEY.

M. E. CHURCH.

P. C. JOHNSON, D. D., PASTOR.

Church located on corner of Houston street and Pennsylvania avenue, parsonage on West Pennsylvania avenue, two blocks west of church.

This column has been secured for the use of the M. E. church of this city. All interested will find what they desire to know concerning the church and its work in it. Please note the time table of the church.

Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Sabbath School at 9:45 a. m. class meeting immediately after morning service.

Epworth League every Sabbath at 2:30 p. m. All young people invited especially.

Adult Bible class every Sabbath at 3:30 p. m. This Bible class is undenominational, non-controversial and wholly voluntary. Everybody invited. Junior League, 4:30. Send the little men and women.

Thursday evening, prayer meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Do not fail to attend.

Teachers meeting for review of lesson and normal work will be held every Saturday evening, beginning at 7:30 o'clock. See weekly notice for the place of meeting.

A business meeting of the official board will be held on the Monday evening preceding the session of the Quarterly Conference.

Tuesday evenings will be used by the Epworth League. (See Notes and Notions.)

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Services every Sabbath at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.
S. F. WILSON, pastor.
Sunday School at 10 A. M. S H DOPP, Superintendent.
Junior Endeavor at 3:30 p. m.
Miss MYRTLE SHIPE, Sup't.
Y P S C E prayermeeting at 6:30 P M on Sabbath
P. G. HALES, President.
S. S. teachers meeting, Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock at private houses.
Church prayer meeting on Thursday evening at seven o'clock. Strangers as well as friends are cordially invited to any of these services, and will be made welcome.

THE OMAHA WEEKLY BEE

12 pages each week
From Now to Nov. 15
covering the entire campaign
For 10 Cents
Send Stamps or Silver to
THE OMAHA BEE,
OMAHA, NEB.

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Represents the New York Life, and the Home Fire of Omaha.
Special attention given to collections.

THE FASHION
BARBER SHOP
WEST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE.
First Class Shave
10 CENTS,
With Clean Towel and Bay Rum.
Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty.
S. D SHRINER, Proprietor.

OZMANLIS ORIENTAL SEXUAL PILLS
Sure, Prompt, Positive Cure for Impotence, Loss of Manhood, Seminal Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Nervousness, Self Distrust, Loss of Memory, &c. Will make you a STRONG, Vigorous Man. Price $1.00, 6 Boxes, $5.00. Special Directions Mailed with each Box. Address Ballard Snow Liniment Co., 2819 Lucas Ave. ST. LOUIS, MO.

TABLE ROCK HARNESS SHOP,
L. S. FELLERS. Proprietor.
Has a Large Stock of the Best Makes of
HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS,
→ Whips, Sweat Pads, Blankets ←
And Everything usually kept in a First Class Harness Shop.
In Prices I meet all competition for the same Quality of Goods and when you want anything in my line, I respectfully invite you to call and see my Goods.
L. S. FELLERS.

O. D TIBBETS,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Special attention given to my
SHOE DEPARTMENT
Having built on a Grocery department, I am better prepared to give you satisfaction in that line than any place in town.
TEA A SPECIALTY
IT IS TO THE INTEREST OF CASH BUYERS TO TRADE WITH ME. PRODUCE TAKEN EXCHANGE. SOUTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.

DO YOU WANT
FARM MACHINERY?
If so, call and see me, for I have just recieved a large invoice of all kinds of
FARM IMPLEMENTS.
Bain and Olds Wagons.
The Best Makes of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES AND SPRING WAGONS.
A Fine Line of LISTERS, PLOWS, also a lot of MILLET SEED.
In Price I can save you Money.
CHAS. NEADER,
Brick Building West of State Bank, Table Rock, Nebraska.

YOU WANT A FENCE!
THEN SEE
Lewis Fellers,
Who Can Furnish You the
Best Fence on Earth!
At the Lowest Prces.
WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH OAK PICKETS
Strong and Durable, making a handsome appearance. I am also prepared to
SAW LUMBER FOR ALL WHO WANT IT DONE
At Reasonable Figures.
LEWIS FELLERS.

Frank Zelenka, jr.
AGENT FOR THE
New Huber Thrashing MACHINE.
ONE OF THE BEST MACHINES MADE.
Will steam with less fuel than any other Thresher made.
I will be pleased to give Prices and show Machine, and most cordially invite persons contemplating buying to call and see me.
FRANK ZELENKA.

Attend the races next week.

Now it will be football for awhile.

Bay Dundas is a guest of Bob Wood to-day.

For sewing machines go to Andrew Brothers.

House to rent. Inquire of W. H. Freeman.

See N. A. Craig for way down prices on building rock.

Everything nice and clean at S. D. Shriner's. Give him a call.

Horse racing and base ball next Wednesday and Thursday.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Lots of sport next week at the driving park—horse racing and base ball.

If you want a shave or hair cut, S. D. Shriner will accommodate you.

Dr. J. R. McColm and R. W. Bobst, were up from DuBois, Thursday on business.

Organs cleaned and repaired; will guarantee my work. S. H. Dopp.

Rev Bain, Roy Edwards and Gus Wheeler are down at Rulo this week on a paw paw hunt.

Brown, the barber at Luzerne hotel. 35 3

Mrs. George Layman is in Rulo visiting her parents. She will be gone about three weeks.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

C. H. Barnard made a business trip to Columbus this week, and while there sold a car load of apples.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Tibbets Brothers, implement dealers of Elk Creek, have failed and their stock is in the hands of the sheriff.

If you want a baby buggy go to Tillotson & Linsley's.

The first quarterly meeting of the new conference year of the M. E. church will be held one week from next Sabbath.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

The ladies of the Christian church will give an oyster supper on the evening of the 9th, at the reading room. All cordially invited.

The Fashion Barber shop is the place to get your barber work done.

The political ball game advertised for Tuesday did not come off but the Clay City boys defeated the Kirkum Branch boys in a score of 41 to 13.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Isam Bain was laid up for a couple of days this week, caused by a crate of buggy wheels falling on his sore limb. Jeff Jobe has charge of his dray.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

One day this week Mrs. M. B. Fox killed a large Bull snake, over six feet long, at her chicken house. It is supposed to have been killing her chickens.

F. H. Broyles, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Table Rock, Neb.

Dandruff is due to an enfeebled state of the skin. Hall's Hair Renewer quickens the nutritive functions of the skin, healing and preventing the formation of dandruff.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

Hebard Brothers, photographers, have put up a tent on the southeast corner of the square and will take tin type pictures during the coming week. It will be remembered that these gentlemen and their father operated a gallery here several years ago.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

"Five years ago, I was taken so ill with rheumatism that I was unable to do any work," writes Peter Christensen, Sherwood, Wis. "I took three boxes of Ayer's Pills and was entirely cured. Since that time, I always keep them in the house." They are easy to take.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Orothers.

Mrs. H. J. Chapman received word on Monday that her father had died the night before at his home in the state of New York. She left from Pawnee City on the Rock Island for the east in the afternoon of Monday and hoped to get through in time to attend the funeral services.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

On Tuesday Miss Myrl Parrish, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Parrish, was ten years of age, and the event was appropriately commemorated by a party of her friends in the afternoon. Numerous presents were given as testimonials of the regard in which she is held, and the occasion will long be remembered with pleasure.

[illegible] E. Brown, the tonsorial artist at the Luzerne hotel. 35 3

Attend the ball games next week.

"Where's my cart?"—Jim Carlock.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Jim Karas has had an addition built to his blacksmith shop.

Prof. Combs and wife were Table Rock guests a couple of days this week.

Genuine Round Oak heaters, at Andrew Brothers.

Remember the reading room entertainment Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

If you want a bed room suit Tillotson & Linsley's is the place to buy it.

G. R. Judkins spent two or three days with his mother and old-time friends at Syracuse.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

J. N. Gere has sold his 70-acre farm northwest of town to Charley Chambers for $2,800.

Do you know that Tillotson & Linsley always have gasoline for sale.

Mrs. Burge, her son Robert, and daughter Bertha, of Illinois, are visiting the family of J. A. Mitchell.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Table Rock ball players went to Steinauer last Sunday and were defeated by the Steinauer boys in a score of 24 to 17.

Everything nice and clean at Brown's barber at the Luzerne hotel. 35-3

For Sale—A six-room house in Table Rock, near depot, cheap for cash or will take stock in part payment if taken within the next ten days. W. A. Moody.

Don't forget the tonsorial artist, S. D. Shriner, two doors west of post office.

Bob Hood and A. E. Lane attended the democratic convention at Omaha this week. They cast their votes for Ireland, and against Holcomb, but were not among the bolters.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tarsen, of Emporia, Kas., (Mrs. Tarsen was formerly Miss Icy Kerns of this city) are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy, which came to their home on the 16th of this month.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

The conference has returned Dr. Johnson to the M. E. church here. The Dr. has been with us a year and has been a tireless, efficient worker, and has made many warm friends among our people who rejoice that they are not to lose him.

Tillotson & Linsley has a large amount of 8 inch well and drain tiling for sale cheap.

I am now prepared to furnish Apple Barrels at Prices that will astonish the natives. For particulars call at the Table Rock cooper shop.
G. M. Shutt.

Campbell & Howard's show, a specialty company, has been playing to big houses at the opera house since Wednesday evening. The price of admission is only 10 cents and they give a better entertainment than many of the high priced shows which have visited us. The entertainment to-morrow night will be their best, and a handsome rocking chair will be given away.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

During the race days next week the Clay City base ball team will play two games, and possibly three, of ball; on Wednesday forenoon they will cross bats with the Clear Creek team, and on Thursday forenoon will try and defeat the DuBois Jockeys, and in the afternoon they will run up against the Stella aggregation. These games will be interesting ones, and you will miss great features of the days if you miss these games.

Visit the tonsorial artist, S. D. Shriner, two doors west of post-office.

Wednesday evening a large number of friends witnessed the ceremony which united George Kent and Cora Gilbert as husband and wife. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Williamson, of Pawnee, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Gilbert. These young people are very popular with a large circle of acquaintances and the congratulations showered upon them came from loving hearts who wished them the fullest measure of prosperity and happiness in which The Argus heartily joins. Of course the affair was a pleasant one, with a large list of presents and a bountiful repast.

See N. A. Craig for sand for building or plastering. [illegible] either.

Wm. Fellers measured off an acre of ground and had the corn husked on his farm southeast of town, and it yielded a little over 50 bushels per acre.—Cor. Republican.

The fall races of the Table Rock Driving Park association will take place next Wednesday and Thursday. There are a large number of excellent horses entered and they are bound to make the races exciting. It is probable that the Pawnee City band will be present and furnish the music.

See N. A. Craig for way down prices on building rock.

C. E. Wackerhagen, of Lincoln, is a guest of J. N. Gere this week. Ned started Tuesday to go to Omaha to attend the democratic-populist convention; but by some hocus pocus missed the train out of Lincoln, so he brought his friend home with him to overcome his disappointment in not seeing the big pow wow.

Moore's Air Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Rev. and Mrs. VanFleet stopped off here Monday on their way home from conference, and remained until Tuesday noon, guests of friends here. Van is to go to Plattsmouth this year—one of the most important charges in the district—and his numerous friends here feel sure that in his larger field he will be as successful in winning souls for the Master and in building up His Zion on earth as he was when here. The church at Plattsmouth has secured an earnest, faithful pastor.

The Wood Clothing company has resolved to quit business, and are going to sell their immense stock of clothing and gents' furnishing goods regardless of cost. This is no fake sale to catch patrons, but a genuine determination on the part of the firm to retire from business. The stock is one of the largest and finest in Pawnee county, selected with great care, and the bargains offered will be such as will carry conviction to patrons that they mean business. Now is your opportunity to buy good goods cheap.

Dissolution Notice.

The partership heretofore existing between Albert Karas and P. G. Hales under the firm name of Karas & Hales is this day dissolved by mutual consent. P. G. Hales retiring. The business will be conducted by Albert Karas who is authorized to collect all accounts and will pay all bills. Dated this 17th day of September, 1894.

Signed { Albert Karas / P. G. Hales.

$100,000 TO LEND ON FARMS BY THE STATE BANK OF TABLE ROCK AT SEVEN PER CENT. BORROWER HAVING THE OPTION OF REPAYING WHOLE OR PART AT ANY TIME. NO COMMISSIONS.

Rev. J. F. Kemper, stopped off here Monday for a visit with his sister, Mrs. Tillotson, and remained until Tuesday noon. He has been returned to Crete for another year, and his friends declare he will soon enjoy the honor of having the degree D. D. attached to his name. He says Mrs. Kemper's health is somewhat better now than it had been for some months before.

Next Tuesday evening the republican club will hold their second public meeting and cordially extends an invitation to everybody to attend. The following will be the program:

Opening song..........Glee Club
Recitation..........Wm. Pangburn
Song..........Male Quartett
Select reading..........D. Chamberlin
Song, "Nebraska Land." Quartette
Address..........
Closing Song..........

The W. C. T. U. will meet Tuesday October 1st, at Mrs. Lydia Griffing's members and visitors urged to be present. Mrs. Taylor (mother of F. H. Taylor, editor Argus) having been an active worker and president of the local union for two years at her home in Ohio has promised to give us some account of her experience in the work, and each member is requested to think over the matter and give her idea as to what it is best to do next. We hope to have a report from the state convention and must elect our delegates to the county convention to be held at Violet October 16 and 17. E. E. L. Sec.

A few days ago the house of M. S. Everitts, south of town, was broken into and fifteen dollars in money stolen. One $10 gold piece was among the missing, and it happened to be a marked piece. The loss was reported and the piece found in one of our business houses. The coin was easily traced through three or four hands to Rockfeller's store, where Burge had spent it. The lady identified the money, and Tuesday Burge was arrested. He protested his innocence and put off the hearing until Oct. 3rd, being in the meantime admitted to $200 bail. H. L. Aikins signed the bond. Burge is a man about 30 years of age, and has lived in this county all his life. He lives on Will Wood's farm about four miles northeast of this city.—Pawnee Republican.

You'll attend the races and ball games next Wednesday and Thursday, of course.

The managers of the reading room would like to make a statement in regard to the papers usually found there. When the editor of the Herald was employed to take charge of the room, it was understood that his exchanges were to be placed on the tables. Being of a populist persuasion, it follows that he has more papers of that kind, than others. The room is for rent at $1 an evening where no supper is served. When the populists have meetings there, they pay for the use of the rooms, which is applied on the rent. All are requested to contribute papers of any kind and they will be placed on the tables. All are welcome at any time, day or evening.

While in conversation with Mrs. Henry Freeman a few days ago, we were somewhat surprised to hear her give an account of the work she had been doing the week previous; and we were impressed with the idea that some of our younger women might take an example from this energetic old lady now in her 74th year. The following is a summary of her week's work:

On Monday washed, sold twenty bushels of apples, and picked and sorted ten bushels of them. Tuesday had sixteen gallons of cider and Wednesday and Thursday made apple butter. Friday ironed in the forenoon and in the afternoon, as a sort of recreation, indulged in her favorite pastime of fishing. Saturday forenoon, beside the usual baking, picked a barrel of apples and sent them to Maggie Freeman at Grand Island, and in the afternoon went over town to do her shopping and to visit friends who came into the store. After these six days of active work she was still able to be at Sabbath school on the seventh promptly at 9:30 to take her place as teacher of the infant class, which important place she has held for many years, winning the hearts of all the little ones by her loving kindness. While we were neighbors in Pennsylvania we called her "Aunt Ellen," but now that the frost of many winters has turned her locks to silver, no name seems so appropriate as "Grandma," and so as "Grandma Freeman" she is known by all who have learned to know and esteem her. When asked to what she attributed her good health and spirits, she replied, "To always looking on the bright side of things." And we thought as we listened to her cheerful conversation that we might all profit by Grandma's example, and learn to see the "silver lining in the cloud" as she has done for so many years.

M. B. Fox.

DON'T YOU KNOW?

THAT

DR. W. H. WILSON

Has a large and complete stock of drugs, And is headquarters for Wall Paper, Paints, oils, Books, Etc., also an elegant line of fancy goods.

Prescriptions Promptly Filled.

ATTENION DEMOCRATS!

Hon. W. J. Bryan will address the democrats of Pawnee and Richardson counties at Falls City, Saturday, September 29, at 2 p.m. A special train bearing the Pawnee county delegation, will be run from Burchard to Falls City, stopping at Table Rock at 11:30 a.m., on the above date. A reduced rate of one and a third fare for a party of less than 50 and one fare for 50 or more for the round trip has been made. All democrats are urged to be on hand and swell the number of this demonstration. A metropolitan opera company will render one of the greatest dramas of the season at the opera house, same evening and train will be held until after the play, if so desired.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This Liniment is different in composition from any other liniment on the market. It is a scientific discovery which results in it being the most penetrating Liniment ever known. There are numerous white imitations, which may be recommended, because they pay the seller a greater profit. Beware of these and demand Ballard's Snow Liniment. It positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Cuts, Sciatic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Pain in the Back, Barb Wire Cuts, Sore Chest or Throat, and is especially beneficial in paralysis. Sold by S. G. Wright.

There's Always a Reason.

It is an easy thing to account for the wonderful growth of the Daily State Journal recently. Its price has been reduced to 50 cents per month without Sunday, or 65 cents with Sunday. The Journal has always been reliable and honest, printing the news without fear or favor. The people of Nebraska realize that they need a paper published at the capital, and when the price of the Journal was reduced, the subscription list grew at a phenomenal rate. The Journal is a Nebraska newspaper through and through.

FULTON & COMBS,

Dealers in

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

We desire to call the attention of the public to our new line

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, BUGGIES, WAGONS, ETC.

Our stock is new and clean; Our prices are as low as any in the state. We are here to stay! If you need anything in our line, it will pay you to call and examine our Goods and get prices before buying.

REMEMBER THE PLACE!

In the New Brick South-East Corner of the Public Square.

TABLE ROCK. NEBRASKA

LOOK!

Over this list and you will See what S. G. WRIGHT Keeps for Sale.

Acids, 100 kinds,
Acetanalid,
Aconite,
Arsnic &c,
Amyl,
Antepyrine, &c,
Balsan and
Bark all Kinds,
Blue Mass,
Brazil Wood &c.,
Black Board Slating and Burgundy Pitch,
Calcium 20 kinds
Calomel and Camphor,
Carbon and Char Coal,
Copper,
Dragons Blood,
Elaterium,
Ergot,
Ether,
Extracts Flavoring &c.,
Flake White,
Gums—50 kinds,
Hoffmans Drops,
Iodine,
Iron,
Lead—1 Doz. kinds,
Leptandria,
Lithia,
Madder,
Magnesia,
Mercury,
Morphine.

OILS

Over 150 Different Kinds Including
8 kinds of Machine Oil, From 20c to 1.75 per Gallon. Also Gasoline and Coal Oil, Harness Oil, and Painters Oils as well as Artists Oils and Tools.

And a thousand and more things which we cannot mention for want of space.

All of which are sold at Living Prices; and respectfully invites the patronage of all classes of people.

I will not be UNDERSOLD

And can Fill Your PRESCRIPTIONS.

Yours Truly,

S. G. WRIGHT.

O. W. GRIFFING.

PLASTERER AND BRICKLAYER,

WALL and CEMENT CISTERNS and CELLARS, ARCH CAVES, and BUILD FLUES

Having had 15 years experience in the business, I am prepared to do good work at reasonable prices. May be found by inquiring at the Argus Office.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

E. H. TAYLOR, Publisher.

TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

OVER THE STATE.

THE fair this year did about as well financially as in 1893.

THERE are 1,370 children attending the schools of Kearney.

THE fish commissioner will stock some fine ponds this fall.

THE Cedar county farmers have a mutual insurance company.

BEATRICE schools reopened with a surprisingly large attendance.

A NEW camp of the Modern Woodmen has been organized at Emerson.

THE receipts of the Fillmore county fair, lasting four days, were $800.

AT the recent term of court in Logan county 111 civil cases were disposed of.

WAYNE county this year has fared remarkably well in the matter of crop returns.

TYPHOID fever is prevalent in many localities as a result of the dry and hot weather.

THE two express offices in Fremont have combined their business in one building.

GOV. MCKINLEY will be in Lincoln and Omaha Oct. 4th, making speeches in both cities.

GANDY has opened the religious campaign in Nebraska with a series of revival meetings.

FARMER VEERS, living near North Bend, will have a corn yield of fifty bushels to the acre.

FIRE destroyed Peavy's elevator at Oakland. The conflagration is believed to be of incendiary origin.

ALBERT BAY, of Dodge county, made an assault on Miss Ida Falke and will have to answer to the district court.

FRED RENSALEY of Albright is under bonds to appear in court and show cause for threatening the life of J. W. Alden.

DURING the late camp meeting at Taylor a gang of hoodlums threw eggs at the preacher. The guilty parties were not apprehended.

RANDOLPH, like many Nebraska towns, is crowded for school room. The rising generation is coming rapidly forward in this state.

MRS. VICTORIA MUNSON of York has been declared insane, though her mental abberation is so mild she may not be taken to the assylum.

A COLFAX county farmer reports two and a half tons of hay from about fifteen acres. The crop is very short throughout the county.

JOHN HOUGHNON, a farmer living near Cambridge, was killed by lightning while driving his cattle home in the evening. He was a native of Germany.

THE payment of the premiums awarded at the state fair will be made from the office of the secretary in Brownville, and all the premiums are to be paid in cash.

THE ladies of the First and Second wards of West Point are making two American flags, each being eighteen feet in length, to be donated to the Cuming county fair association.

AN appeal for help has been issued by some of the residents of Custer county in the neighborhood of Merna, as they say they cannot pull through the winter without aid from the outside.

JOHN WESTPHALEN advertises in the Hooper Sentinel that his wife, Lena, has "left his bed and board without just provocatiph" and that he will not be responsible for any debts she may incur.

NEAL NYE of Wayne county is suffering from severe injuries caused by being buried under a mass of lumber that fell from a wagon he was driving when the wagon upset by the falling of a bridge.

While a Mr. Gray of Thomas county was handing a gun from the top of a load of hay to a person on the ground it was discharged, the load taking effect in his hand and breast. It is feared he cannot live.

"SHORTY" SCHONNOL, an employe of the Nebraska City packing house, was seriously stabbed by an unknown man from Iowa. The police have a good description of the assailant, and will probably capture him.

MRS. EDITH HENDERSON of Liberty has begun suit in the district court against the C., B. & Q. railroad for $5,000. The plaintiff was injured by a Burlington train while crossing the road near Liberty the 26th of April last.

HON. ANTON ZIMMERER of Nebraska City recently celebrated his sixty-second birthday anniversary. Mr. Zimmerer is an old resident of Otoe county, was a member of the first legislature, and received many congratulations from his friends.

THE Bohemian-Polish settlement about ten miles northwest of Ord is having considerable excitement over the sudden flight of Stanislaus Waznak, who was postmaster, township and school district treasurer, besides holding various other offices.

THE eldest daughter of C. Van Buskirk, of Hazard, while in a bad state of mental aberration, left her father's house bareheaded and barefooted. A diligent search all night failed to find her and it is feared she has drowned herself. She is about 30 years old.

THE 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Weed, of Fremont, while near the gasoline stove its clothes caught fire. The child ran out doors followed by its mother. She tore the burning clothes from the boy, but not before his arms, face and head were badly burned. Fatal results are not looked for.

MRS. MARY KELLEY of Greeley died of erysipelas after a very brief illness. Her husband, who is a traveling man, did not reach home in time to see her alive. She leaves five little children.

HERMANN, Washington county, is talking up a beet sugar factory. A $50,000 bonus will bring the enterprise.

W. J. GREEN, who had W. W. Grates in charge bringing him back from Springfield, Ill., to Hebron for forgery, permitted his prisoner to escape at Slater, Mo., while taking a nap. When he awoke Grates and he had parted company. Fifty dollars reward is offered by the sheriff of Thayer county for his arrest.

REV. A. D. HOOPINGARNER has been conducting revival meetings at Plainview. Owing to the rush of candidates for conversion the meetings were moved from the Methodist church to the opera house and were continued longer than was originally intended.

TOM CROMWELL, a young farmer living east of Elmwood, sold a nice bunch of shoats, the other day, receiving in payment $115. It was too late to take it to the bank, so he placed it under his pillow and went to sleep. In the morning he awoke to find his money gone. It is believed that tramps took the money.

THE Christian church at Humboldt, which has been undergoing repairs for the last three months, is completed and was rededicated by Rev. Dungan of Cotner university. A new Sunday school room has been added, an entirely new arrangement of the pulpit and seats has been made and handsome new seats added, all of which adds greatly to the appearance.

THE Lyford-Johnson company's store at Humphrey was burglarized and $200 worth of goods taken, consisting fifteen pairs of pants, watches, jewelry, revolvers, and all the change there was in the drawer. Suspicion points to two strangers who were hanging around the store Friday and asked to look at some pants, but who left without buying. The next morning they were gone, as were also the pants.

HENRY COX asks the county court of Lancaster county to grant him $1,000 damages against Thomas Dille, who he states shot him in the back with a target rifle near Waverly on last decoration day. Mr. Cox alleges that he was confined to his bed for three months and was unable to follow his trade of blacksmithing during that time, and he thinks he is not exhorbitant in his demands when he asks for only a thousand dollars.

FRANK MOORE, the young man who was wanted in Beatrice on a charge of forgery, was taken by the sheriff to Beatrice from Shenandoah, Ia. Some weeks since Moore went to Beatrice as the representative of the Omaha Mercantile company and organized a suit club. A couple of suits were made, and after that, with different excuses, he succeeded in getting the members of the club to make their weekly payments until quite a sum had been collected, when he skipped the town.

BAD blood was in the wind from one end of Boyd county to the other last Sunday. Beginning at Spencer, Bob Pearsall stabbed one Verely in the abdomen with a pocket knife, giving him a wound that may result in death. South of Butte, on the Niobrara, Jim Parshall had a row with a Mrs. Heck over stock, and in the wrangle he shot her dog and incidentally planted some of the shot in the body of Mrs. Heck. She was not seriously hurt, but will prosecute Parshall to the full extent of the law.

DAVID M. WELTY, a prominent business man of Fremont and president of the Nebraska Harness company, accidentally shot himself. He was out hunting with his son Dick and F. A. Sears at Patrick's lake, about six miles from Fremont. Sears and young Welty were together and when ready to come home they went to the place where they had left D. M. Welty and shouted for him. Getting no response they searched, finally finding him lying on his face near a wire fence with his gun, about six feet away. He was dead.

THE Holt county board of supervisors met in special session to act upon the petition presented to it praying for a special election to vote $10,000 bonds to assist the Niobrara Irrigation and Power company to make the preliminary survey of the big irrigation ditch. After dinner the secretary of the irrigation company appeared before the board and withdrew the proposition. The secretary informed the board that the company had decided to wait and see what legislation the next legislature would enact in regard to irrigation.

THE veterans' reunion committee are making very satisfactory progress at Fremont and it is now certain that their reunion to be held in the city park on the 28th of this month will be a grand success. A large number of distinguished speakers have promised faithfully to be present. Among others, Hon. John M. Thurston, Congressman George D. Meiklejohn, Hon. A. S. Churchill, H. C. Russell, R. E. Moore and Hon. E. K. Valentine, the four last named being comrades of the Grand Army and all have held high positions in the G. A. R.

THE large barn of Church Howe & Son at Walnut Grove stock farm was totally consumed by fire last week with all its contents except the horses, which were saved. Between sixty and seventy tons of hay, 500 bushels of corn, some twenty carriages, buggies, sulkies and carts, twenty sets of harness, saddles and blankets, together with wagons and farm implements which were stored in the barn, were consumed. The fire extended to the large granary adjoining, which contained about 2,000 bushels of wheat which was destroyed. Origin of the fire is not known. The loss is about $18,000, with $8,000 insurance.

WILLIAM WITCENT, a Valley county farmer, has fed a good deal of wheat to his horses and hogs, at one time and another, and has learned that it should be fed sparingly. It is a strong feed, and if given to the stock in generous quantities they will not chew it properly and loss of grain and injury to the stock are the consequences. Back in Michigan he had learned that hogs turned onto wheat stubble did well and when he came to Nebraska and found corn high priced and wheat plenteous, he began feeding it and shoveled the grain out bountifully, just as he would corn. But his hogs did not do well. By and by the supply of wheat got low and he began to be more sparing, and his hogs picked up amazingly.

A Beatrice correspondent of the Lincoln Journal relates how a Gage county farmer demonstrated the benefits to be derived from irrigation. J. M. C. Jones is one who proposed last spring to resist a drouth and is now reaping a harvest. His place is irrigated by pumping water from the river to a hill from where it is allowed to run back over the land. Some of the results are so large that many doubt them when told. He raised tomatoes for the canning factory which have averaged twelve to sixteen ounces in weight, and on one vine were counted 310 tomatoes in various stages of development. He estimates his crop will yield an average of two tons per acre.

FORTY PEOPLE KILLED.

TORNADO IN NORTHERN IOWA AND MINNESOTA.

MANY VILLAGES ARE LAID WASTE.

Twenty Lives Lost at Emmettsburg, Iowa—Much Destruction and Loss of Life at North Cerro Gordo—Business Portion of Leroy, Minn., Burned Down—The Losses Heavy.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 24.—A tornado starting in North Central Iowa swept through Palo Alto, Hancock, Kossuth and Worth counties, that state, and through the southeastern portion of Minnesota and passed off into Wisconsin. According to the most reliable reports so far received from the stricken region, over forty persons were killed and a score or more injured, while great damage was done to villages and farms.

A message from Emmettsburg, Iowa, reports that twenty people were killed there.

At Osage, Iowa, five or more persons were killed and great damage done.

Near North Cerro Gordo, the tornado destroyed eight farm houses and killed Ellery McKercher, John Patterson, D. L. Haddow and Mrs. F. D. T. Haddow. Miss Maggie Baker, Harold McKercher, Alice McKercher, Miss Edith Bentley and James O'Neil, Sr., were fatally injured.

There was much destruction of life and property at Algona, Iowa, and east of there.

At Lowther, Iowa, a town of 100 people, the storm destroyed the Chicago Great Western depot and grain elevators, a store and several dwellings. The Chicago express on the Chicago Great Western road was delayed, clearing the demolished buildings from the tracks.

The villages of Riceville and New Haven, Iowa, were badly damaged by the storm, many houses being wrecked and several persons injured.

North of Mason City, Iowa, two persons were killed and Mr. and Mrs. Haddon and a little child were blown half a mile and fatally injured.

The storm struck Spring Valley, Minn., at 10 o'clock last night. The Winona and Southwestern depot, windmill, water tank, oil tank and cold storage house of the Schelihas Brewing company of Winona were utterly destroyed, together with a dozen or more houses. Three persons were killed and twenty others injured, some of whom will die. A temporary hospital has been opened for the injured, while others are taken care of by friends. The dead are: Mr. and Mrs. N. Dodge and a child of Frank Mashek, C. G. King, Mrs. Louis Rose, Lena Rose, Mrs. Frank Mashek, John Ness's child and Charles Dodge are probably fatally injured.

The tornado next struck Homer, a village four miles south of Winona, injuring several people and destroying three cars, the new town hall, a general store and two houses and unroofing another.

The storm then passed across the Mississippi river to Marshland, on the Wisconsin side, destroying several houses and other structures, but injuring no one as far as reported.

In the village of Leroy the business portion was totally wrecked by the tempest which swept up from the Southwest. The loss of life was small, only four people being killed, but this was owing to the fact that the residence portion was largely spared, but barns were blown away, cattle killed and shade trees uprooted. Among the buildings wrecked were Milwaukee depot, three elevators, three flax warehouses and the opera house. In the last named a party of about thirty couples were enjoying a dancing party. Two dead bodies, those of young Finley and Gilbertson, have been taken out. The others were injured and bruised, but probably not seriously. The family of J. M. Wyckoff were on their way to the cellar when the cyclone struck their home, but they escaped with only slight injuries.

During the storm fire broke out in Palmer & Brown's shoe store next to the Caswell hotel. This building was filled with a new stock of goods. The building and contents were totally consumed. The fire communicated to Smart & Butler's hardware store and this was also burned, as was also the Caswell hotel, the bare brick walls alone remaining. Strenuous efforts of the citizens saved the town from further ravages by fire.

The losses by fire and storm are estimated at about $45,000. Some of the wrecked buildings were crushed as if an immense weight from above had fallen on them.

It is reported from Austin that the town of Mason was blown down and that Cresco was damaged.

Shot Dead by His Wife.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 24.—Benjamin Banks, a colored man who has been employed as a coachman by Captain F. A. Freeman, a retired capitalist living at 1327 East Ninth street, was shot through the heart and almost instantly killed at 6:45 o'clock this morning by his wife, Nannie Banks. The shooting was the climax of a jealous quarrel between Banks and his wife over attentions which she accused him of paying to Mrs. Sarah Jane Johnson.

Prisoners Escape From a Court Room.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 24.—A daring attempt to escape, successful in the case of four, was made by the prisoners in the dock of the criminal court room here this forenoon. The men had been brought up to plead, having been indicted, and it was during the confusion at the dock gate that the dash for liberty was made with the result that four got away, while three others who got out of the building were recaptured.

THE POPE AND HIS POLICY.

Bishop Keane Discusses Various Matters Observed by Him in Rome.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 24.—Bishop J. J. Keene, rector of the Catholic university, Washington, who arrived here last evening as the guest of Cardinal Gibbons, went to Rome July 30 for the purpose of personally seeing the pope and telling him of the Catholic university and the condition of affairs in that institution. He had two audiences with the pope, who expressed himself as delighted with the state of affairs at the university.

In speaking of the relations of the quirinal to the vatican, Bishop Keane said that the policy of the pope, in view of the recent overtures in Italy, was the union of the church with the great democratic powers of the future—that is America and France. This was his hope, and toward it all his remarkable energies were bent. He, as a clear sighted statesman, was opposed to militarism and despotism and was consequently in sympathy with France rather than with the triple alliance, of which Italy formed a part. The pope thought that a universal suffrage, controlled by moral and religious influences, should decide the great social questions of the future. The social question the pope recognized as the great one of the future.

Bishop Keane considers the pope the greatest living man to-day. He is 84 years of age, always rises not later than 6 o'clock, does not go to bed before 1 or 2 o'clock in the morning and is the most abstemious person imaginable. "He eats almost nothing," said the bishop, "and is the most ethereal human being I have ever seen. His mental and spiritual nature are so developed and his will power and nerve force are so great that these sustain him, and he is as well as he was the last time I saw him."

Bishop Keane said the pope was interested in American politics, and that he was well informed on these subjects. He was profoundly grateful for the reception of Mgr. Satolli in this country, and of course much interested in his career.

Bishop Keane, in speaking of Italy, says that it was bankrupt and was now sustained by Germany, and that the general impression in Europe was that the Italian monarchy could not last. In the reconstruction of Italian affairs the independence of the pope would be recognized.

ALL QUIET IN HAWAII.

Interest Centered in the Elections of October 29—No Royalist Nominations.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—The steamer Australia, which arrived today from Honolulu, brought the following advices up to last Saturday:

The coming election to be held October 29, is creating considerable talk. From present indications there will be little opposition to the government candidates. No Royalist nominations have been made yet, though Paul Neumann, confidential adviser of the ex-queen, has been freely spoken of as a candidate for senator.

One of the clauses of the new constitution is that all government officials who have not taken the oath of allegiance to the republic by September 1 will be discharged. This rule will be carried out even to the exclusion of women school teachers, a few of whom will not give up their allegiance to Liliuokalani. A majority of the native soldiers have taken the required oath, however, and stand pledged to support the present government.

One American, three German and one English men-of-war have been in Honolulu's harbor for the past week. The German's left a few days ago and the Charleston departed yesterday for the scene of the Corean war. The Hyacinth, an English war ship, leaves to-day for a short cruise. This has given birth to the usual royalist rumors of the queen's restoration, but no belief is expressed by the government in any attempt towards rebellion.

L. A. Thurston, Hawaiin minister to the United States, was a passenger on the Australia. He is going to Washington to resume his official duties there.

SCREEN LAW OVERTHROWN.

Judge West of the Sixth Kansas District Decides Against the Miners.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Sept. 24.—Judge J. S. West of the Sixth judicial district, in chambers to-day, decided in the case of the state of Kansas vs. A. B. Kirkwood of Crawford county that the new law governing the mining and weighing of coal in Kansas was unconstitutional and dismissed the defendant. This is the first decision of this law. It was obtained by the Wear Coal company, which openly violated the law in order to test its constitutionality.

The Missouri & Kansas, the Dunkee and other coal companies will immediately ignore the law and resume the old custom of weighing coal at the mines.

HUDSON CHANGES HIS MIND.

The Congressman May Reseek the Populist Nomination.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 24.—A dispatch from the Third district says that Congressman T. J. Hudson, who withdrew from the race after having begun a canvass for re-election, is in the field seeking the nomination again. The dispatch adds that Hudson quit originally because he had been assessed $1,500 by the district committee. Chairman Breidenthal of the Populist state committee denies the story.

Ohio Miners Reject a Compromise.

MASSILLON, Ohio, Sept. 24.—The Minglewood coal miners at North Lawrence have voted to refuse the operator's offer of sixty-five cents, or five cents more than the original offer, and resolved to hold out for seventy-five cents. This is believed to foreshadow the defeat of attempts at a compromise initiated by the state board of arbitration.

Chicago's Most Noted Caterer Dead.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—Herbert M. Kinsley, the noted Chicago caterer, died in New York to-day. His death was the result of a surgical operation performed there.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

HAPPINESS COMES AFTER YEARS OF SUFFERING.

The Terrible Experience of a Well Known Official's Wife—A Story That Appeals to Every Mother in the Land.

From the Chattanooga, Tenn., Press.

No county official in East Tennessee is better known and more highly esteemed than Mr. J. C. Wilson, Circuit Court Clerk of Rhea County, at Dayton, the home of Mr. Wilson. He enjoys the confidence and respect of all classes, and in the business community his word is as good as his bond. Just now Mr. Wilson is receiving heartiest congratulations from his numerous friends because of the restoration to robust health of his estimable wife, who has for years been a helpless invalid. Mrs. Wilson's high standing in society, and her many loveable traits of character have won her a host of friends, and her wonderful recovery has attracted widespread attention.

As the Press was the medium of bringing to the invalid lady's attention the remedy that has effected her remarkable cure, a reporter was sent to Dayton to interview Mrs. Wilson, in order that the general public might have the benefit of the sufferer's experience and be made aware of the treatment that wrought such a marvelous change in her condition. The reporter was welcomed at the Wilson home, and the enthusiastic lady with becoming reluctance gave the history of her affliction and the manner in which she was relieved:

"Yes," said Mrs. Wilson, "I was for 8 years an invalid with one of the most distressing afflictions woman can suffer. For 8 years I moped around, dragging myself with difficulty and pain out of bed. My little ones went untrained and were greatly neglected, while I looked listlessly and helplessly at the cheerless prospect before me and them. I suffered the most intense pains in the small of my back, and these seemed even greater in the region of the stomach, extending down to the groins. I suffered agony sleeping or awake. Despair is no word for the feeling caused by that dreadful sensation of weakness and helplessness I constantly experienced.

"I was treated for my trouble by several local physicians, but they were able to give me only temporary relief by the use of sedatives and narcotics. I had almost given up all hope of ever securing permanent relief when I saw an account in the Press of a cure which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had effected. I decided to try them, as I knew the lady who had been cured and had great confidence in her statement. I began to take the pills in October, 1893, and in two months I was doing light housework and attending to the children without any bad effects or weakness, such as I had formerly experienced. Hitherto, I had been unable to retain any food, but now my appetite grew stronger, and with it came back that old, healthy and hearty tone of the stomach. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured me and I assure you the cure has brought a great change in our home. I can now rejoice in my husband's success, for I feel that I have something to live for. Who has a better right to feel this than a mother? One thing more. I have recommended these pills to others, and many of the women of Dayton have taken them with good results, and it is my greatest pleasure to recommend to every suffering woman a remedy that has done so much for me."

An analysis proves that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppression, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are now manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred, and the public are cautioned against numerous imitations sold in this shape) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company.

A Costly Bit of Rope.

A man who was arrested and jailed in New Orleans told a pitiful tale of injustice to a visitor who talked to him through the cell door. "Why, this is an awful mean country," said the prisoner. "Do you know I am in here for two years for picking up a piece of rope on the sidewalk?" The visitor began to take an interest in the case and to express sympathy. "I won't deceive you any further," interrupted the prisoner. "The truth is there was a fine pair of horses on the other end of that rope."—New York World.

The man who lives only to please himself has a hard master.

It isn't the biggest tree that bears the best fruit.

It is a great mistake to suppose that money can buy happiness.

Billiard Table, second-hand. For sale cheap. Apply to or address, H. C. AKIN, 511 S. 12th St., Omaha, Neb.

Artiste in Hair.

A Frenchman, desperately in love, obtained a tress of his beloved's hair, and carried it to a famous artiste, in order to have it made into a ring.

When he called for the ring the lady at the counter hesitatingly informed him that the precious tress had been lost.

Stupor of the monsieur.

But the lady returned, smilingly: "But I have not forgotten the shade—it is one very easy to match."

JOHN B. GOUGH has been temperance lecturing in Canada, but with no success. His houses have been empty.

MORTON AND SEXTON.

They Head the New York Republican Ticket.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 20.—When the Republican state convention reassembled yesterday afternoon Hon. Warner Miller was made permanent chairman. The report of the credentials committee, seating the Barnes delegation from Albany and deciding against the Milholland delegates from New York, was then read and adopted.

Congressman S. E. Payne, chairman of the committee on resolutions, presented the platform, which was read and adopted.

General B. F. Tracy, in an extended speech, then placed in nomination ex-Vice President Morton for governor.

Colonel Baxter nominated J. Sloat Fassett for governor. When the name of Fassett was reached there was the most remarkable scene of the session, reminding one forcibly of the scene in the Republican national convention at Minneapolis when Blaine received the applause and Harrison the vote. People stood on their feet and waved handkerchiefs, and for five minutes the vast audience yelled itself hoarse.

Silas B. Dutcher of Kings county nominated Stewart L. Woodford. E. A. Nash of Cattaraugus named General Butterfield. Ex-Congressman Parker of St. Lawrence county presented the name of Judge Lesslie W. Russell.

Cries for a vote followed, and the chairman ordered the roll to be called by counties. Before Ontario was reached Morton had been nominated, and when the vote was finished the clerk, amid great confusion, announced: "Morton, 532½; Fassett, 69; Woodford 40; Butterfield, 39; Russell, 20; Bliss, 40½, and Arkell, 1. The nomination of Morton was made unanimous, each of the opposing candidates making short speeches, pledging him their support. Then a recess was taken until 10 p. m.

At 12:20 a. m. Judge Saxton was nominated for lieutenant governor on the first ballot. Votes were changed, and the nomination made by acclamation.

CONVENTION OF MOTHERS.

A Unique and Notable Gathering to Be Held in Chicago Sept. 25th.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Formal announcement was made yesterday of a unique and notable gathering, the first of the kind ever held in America—a national convocation of mothers. The convocation will be held in this city under the auspices of the Chicago kindergarten college, beginning September 25 and ending September 27.

The meeting is called primarily for mothers who feel their inability to do the highest work with children without special training. The convocation will, it is expected, be quite as valuable to primary teachers, Sunday school workers and all who wish to be helpful to little children. A number of leading physicians, educators and others well qualified to speak upon the subjects to be considered will take part in the proceedings.

REMOVING THE APACHES.

Geronimo's Band Will Be Transferred to Fort Sill, Indian Territory.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Notice has been received from Washington that the band of Apache Indians who were captured with Geronimo are to be transferred to Fort Sill, in Indian Territory. Geronimo and his braves were captured in Arizona, and the chief and about 400 braves were taken to Mount Vernon, Ala. There they have been for a number of years. Geronimo has become a justice of the peace, and is also a deacon in the church in the Indian settlement at Mount Vernon, and he will remain there, but a large portion of his followers will go to the territory to be placed on farms. General Miles was notified because the territory is in his department, and on Thursday Captain Maus will go to the Indian Territory to take charge of the prisoners on their arrival there and see that they are placed in proper quarters.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA			
Butter—Creamery print	17	@	20
Butter—Fair to good country	14	@	15
Eggs—Fresh	15	@	16
Honey—1 or lb	12	@	15
Poultry—Old hens, per lb	5½	@	6
Chickens—Spring, per lb	7	@	7½
Prairie chickens, per doz	2 75	@	3 00
Cheese—Neb. & Ia. full cream	11	@	11½
Lemons	4 00	@	6 50
Potatoes	70	@	75
Sweet potatoes, per lb	3	@	3½
Beans—Navy, hand-picked, bu	2 00	@	2 25
Hay—Upland, per ton	9 00	@	9 50
Hay—Midland and lowland	8 00	@	8 50
Onions—Per bu	75	@	85
Apples—Per bbl	2 00	@	2 75
Hogs—Mixed packing	3 65	@	3 70
Hogs—Heavy weights	3 70	@	3 75
Beeves—Prime steers	5 30	@	5 80
Beeves—Stockers and feeders	1 50	@	3 40
Bulls	1 25	@	1 60
Calves	1 25	@	2 00
Steers—Fair to good	3 90	@	4 20
Cows	1 00	@	2 50
Heifers	1 25	@	2 50
Sheep—Lambs	2 50	@	4 00
Sheep—Fair to good natives	2 50	@	3 00
NEW YORK.			
Wheat, No. 2, red winter	64½	@	63½
Corn—No. 2	65	@	65½
Oats—Mixed western	36	@	38½
Pork	13 50	@	18 00
Lard	9 40	@	9 45
CHICAGO.			
Wheat—No. 2, spring	53	@	53¾
Corn—Per bu	53	@	55¾
Oats—Per bu	30	@	30¼
Pork	14 07	@	14 10
Lard	8 85	@	8 92½
Hogs—Packers and mixed	5 90	@	6 20
Cattle—Com. steers to extra	3 75	@	5 25
Sheep—Lambs	3 50	@	4 60
ST. LOUIS.			
Wheat—No 2 red, cash	50	@	50¼
Corn—Per bu	50	@	51¾
Oats—Per bu	31	@	31½
Hogs—Mixed packing	5 00	@	5 50
Cattle—Native steers	4 35	@	4 75
Sheep—Mixed natives	2 45	@	3 00

CLINTON, Mo., Sept. 20.—Swift justice was meted out yesterday in the circuit court to Cashman and Sutton, who assaulted E. R. Tingle and wife last Sunday evening. The assault was committed four miles west of town after 4 o'clock, Sunday evening. Sutton and Cashman were in jail before midnight. A grand jury was summoned Monday and yesterday morning returned two indictments against them.

Yesterday afternoon they pleaded guilty and were given the full penalty of the law, which is five years in the penitentiary, in less than forty-eight hours after the crime was committed.

THE CHINESE DEFEAT

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN BOTH THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Viceroy Li Chung Is Blamed for the Disaster—The Emperor Assumes Personal Command of the Army and has Ordered Fresh Conscriptions—The Fall of Moukden May Cause a Revolution—The Galu Engagement.

Chinese Panic-Stricken.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—Reports from China are that the defeats of the Chinese army at Ping Yang and the navy in the Yalu river have caused tremendous excitement in China, and there is a mad panic in both army and navy. Viceroy Li Hung Chang is blamed by the emperor for the defeats and Admiral Ting is likely to be disgraced. The emperor has decided to assume personal command of the army and has ordered fresh conscriptions.

The reports of the Japanese advance on Wiju and Meukden have aroused intense feeling. The capture of the latter place would be accepted throughout the empire as an omen that the emperor is unworthy of divine protection and that such omens in days of distress are too often fulfilled with remarkable celerity. As the politicians about the court are perfectly aware of the consequences that would follow the fall of Meukden it may be assumed that they would yield to almost any demands rather than run the serious risk of such a catastrophe.

A dispatch from Tokio, dated today, says that the naval department has received a dispatch from the admiral commanding the Japanese fleet in the gulf of Chi Li that Monday a Japanese fleet, consisting of nine warships and two fast transports, armed and converted into cruisers, sent in search of the enemy's fleet, sighted it at noon thirty miles east of the island of Hai Yung Pao. The Japanese pursued the enemy at full speed. The Chinese showed no disposition to alter their course or to give battle. The chase lasted a little over an hour, the Japanese gaining. Shortly after 1 o'clock the cruiser Chi Yots got within range of the Chinese flagship and opened fire upon her and a running fight ensued. Several ships on both sides were quickly engaged. This lasted for two hours. The Chinese transports entered the Yalu river safely during the main engagement, which was fought in the estuary and which lasted until nightfall. Three Chinese warships were disabled and sunk and another was set on fire and destroyed. Several others of the enemy's warships were seriously damaged by the heavy fire. The Japanese warships were so well handled that not one was lost. Only two, the Matsusima and the Hi Yoi, were damaged to any great extent, but one of the armed transports was badly crippled and put out of action. The admiral does not mention the number of killed or wounded, but a private telegram says that twenty-two Japanese officers and men were killed and forty-six wounded, and another private dispatch states that the total casualties on the Japanese side did not exceed 100. The news of the Japanese victory caused great rejoicing in Tokio, and a war loan has been subscribed for to three times the amount desired.

ANOTHER RECORD BROKEN.

Directly Lowers the Two-Year-Old Figures.

GALESBURG, Ill., Sept. 22.—But one record was broken yesterday and that was by Monroe Salisbury's wonderful 2-year-old pacer, Directly, who sent the 2-year old record down from 2:09 to 2:07¾, and at the same time reduced his own record 2¼. This event was witnessed by 20,000 people and created the most intense enthusiasm. It was the second special event of the afternoon following Robert J.'s failure to reduce his record. The conditions were extremely favorable, the track being very fast and the weather superb. Directly got away on the first score and McDowall driving him.

The colt was moving with great speed and evenly, and needed no urging save an occasional word from McDowell. He had the pole and just behind him was a thoroughbred running mate. The pace was a remarkable one, showing a steady improvement. The first quarter was gone in :32, the half in 1:04½, the three-quarters in 1:36¼ and the mile in 2:07¾. The gait was perfect from start to finish, and the result set the crowd wild with enthusiasm. The reduction of 1¼ seconds at one clip was deemed an event worthy of cheers.

It was 5:10 o'clock when Robert J. was sent off on a second scoring. In a warming heat he had made the circuit in 2:11 and many thought he would pace a great mile, even if he failed to beat his own record. Ed Geer was the driver. On the judge's stand was John H. Leash of Goshen, Ind., the owner of Online, the fast 4-year-old pacer. Chandler drove the running mate. Robert J. made the first quarter in :30, and expectation ran high. The half was made in 1:00¼, but in the third quarter the great stallion slowed up, making the pole in 1:31¾. The mile was covered in 2:02¾. The quarters were :30, :30½, :31½ and :31.

WHISKY TRUST TROUBLES.

Directors Hold a Secret Conference Over the Distributing Company's Course.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 22.—The directors of the whisky trust met in secret session this morning. The action of the meeting was kept a profound secret. The Distributing company's representatives are still in the city and are thought to be in conference with the trust directors, though their presence there is positively denied at headquarters.

The present trouble is not caused by the court decision in Chicago, since that has been appealed to the supreme court, but by the Eastern Distributing company, which believes that it has the trust where it can squeeze it and is making the most of the opportunity. The alleged anxiety about the outside syndicate is only a cloak for its efforts to secure further concessions from the trust.

BRICE AND FREE SILVER.

The Ohio Senator Declares His Party Platform Means Virtually Nothing.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 22.—Senator Calvin S. Brice, who passed through last night on the way to New York from the Ohio convention, said: "The insertion of the free silver plank in the platform of the Ohio state convention does not tie my hands. I do not wish to be construed as saying that the platform does not commit lawmakers of the state who may be elected under its provisions. I am only speaking for myself. The convention adopted a set of resolutions one of which favored free silver. A majority of the people might unanimously say they favored religion, but that expression might commit one man to Mahomadanism, while another might have a tendency toward being a Baptist. So it is with the free silver plank of the convention. The vote by which it was passed, a proportion of about five to three, shows how the people over there feel about it. When we say free silver we may mean a variety of things.

"The resolution will in no way alter or affect my attitude in the senate. I candidly believe that if two-thirds of the house and senate were elected on silver platforms, so called, it would not affect the country at all, save to create an apprehension on the part of the people as to what would be the result of their legislation. I am in favor of free silver under certain conditions, but there is a kind of free silver which if continued in operation will bankrupt a nation in time."

ANOTHER TARIFF BLUNDER.

No Provision Made in the New Bill for Fruits Preserved in Spirits.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Examination of the tariff law at the treasury department discloses the fact that it contains no provision whatever for a duty upon imported fruits, preserved in brandy or other spirits. The omission was not discovered until an application was received from a large importer of such goods for information as to their qualification under the present tariff law. Under the McKinley law "fruits preserved in spirits," were subject to a duty of 35 per cent advalorem. The question as to the classification of these goods under present conditions has not yet been determined. It is probable, however, that the department will decide the best way out of the dilemma is to assess duty on the spirits and the fruits subsequently according to the rate provided for each in the tariff act. The preserving of fruit in this manner is an extensive industry and the importations of such fruits, especially brandied peaches, is very heavy. In case the department decides to assess duty on the spirits as well as on the fruits, the duty will be higher than it was under the old law.

MME. FURSCH-MADI DEAD.

The Noted Dramatic Soprano Passes Away in New Jersey.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—A dispatch received at the Metropolitan opera house to-day announces the death of Madame Fursch-Madi, the noted dramatic soprano, at Warrenville, Somerset county, N. J.

Mme. Fursch-Madi was of French descent. For several decades she had been a great favorite in London and the continent, though in the last few years her voice was not all of what it formally was. She made her first visit to America with the Mapleson Opera company in 1882, and during the next eight years made several return trips with pronounced success. She sang in the Royal Italian opera at London for several seasons and also gained much prominence and distinction in concert and oratorio work. She appeared frequently at the concerts of the London Philharmonic society. About three years ago she decided to locate permanently in America and established a school in New York city.

FORGED MORTGAGES.

Residents of a New York Town Hold $80,000 Worth on Missouri Property.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 22.—John M. Quackenbush of Warwick has been acting as an agent for I. H. Atterbury of Maysville, Dekalb county, Mo., for the past five years in the sale of mortgages. It has just been discovered that the mortgages were forged. Residents of Warwick have been victimized to the amount of $80,000. As soon as it became known that the mortgages were worthless demands were made on Quackenbush which he was unable to meet. M. N. Kane has begun suit against him to recover $15,000 for a client who holds that amount of fraudulent paper. Quackenbush claims that he has been innocent of any wrong doing and that he has acted in good faith. As a proof of this he says he holds $30,000 worth of worthless mortgages. Atterbury, it is said, has gone to South Africa.

THE SUGAR TRUST WINS.

Injunction to Prevent the Transaction of Business in Massachusetts Denied.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 22.—In the supreme judicial court to-day Judge Barker handed down his decision on the application of Attorney General Knowlton to grant a temporary injunction against the American Sugar Refining company, restraining it from doing business in this state until it should have made its official return of business transacted during the past year. A temporary injunction was denied but as the decision has not been placed on record as yet the reasons the judge gives for his action cannot be ascertained.

STATE OFFICES ENTERED.

Burglars Try to Rob the Missouri Treasurer and Auditor at Noon.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 22.—Some time between 12 and 1:15 o'clock to-day burglars forced an entrance into the state treasurer's and auditor's offices at the capitol. As the vaults were closed they did not secure anything of value.

The town is overrun with tramps and hobos and some of them are supposed to have tried to better their fortunes at the state's expense.

CURRENCY QUESTION.

MR. ECKLES TALKS TO THE OHIO BANKERS.

Dangerous Financial Theories Discussed—He Declares That the Present Banking System is the Best That Can Be Devised and Which Can Only Be Changed When Circumstances Render It Necessary—No Sentiment in Economy.

Eckles on the Currency.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 21.—Among the speakers to-day at the fourth annual convention of the Ohio Bankers' association was Comptroller of the Currency James H. Eckels. After reviewing the history of the national banks and declaring that the system under which they were conducted is the best that could be devised and one which would be changed only when circumstances made a change necessary, he said that the problem to be met to-day was how to secure a more elastic currency and still maintain it solely upon bonds deposited to secure it. The serious difficulty in the way was the idea to which so many of the people clung that it was essential to the people's prosperity that there always be a large volume of money regardless of its representation of intrinsic value. He then said:

"Our colonial history is replete with attempts to make the people rich through a great volume of currency which had neither representative nor intrinsic worth. It is a history of financial failure and distress. Later under the articles of federation, is recorded the same attempt, and the same series of failures and financial loss. There was scarcely a state in the union before the war but whose history is marked by efforts to enrich a people through such currency. If the result of such attempts was so prolific of ruin to the people then, why will they not fall with equal ruin now? The laws of political economy do not change with changing ages or changing people, and the same causes find fruition in the same effects whether the century be the eighteenth or the nineteenth, the form of government colonial or republic.

"There is no sentiment embodied in the laws of money and no matter how great may be the volume of the currency if each and every dollar of that currency is not of value to pass current in the world of business it cannot add to the blessings of the people. To be productive of the people's good it must, whether of gold, silver or paper in the very order of things, be of unquestioned and unvarying value, and when called into requisition discharge, without the aid of legal tender acts at home or abroad, the obligations of the holders. But with such a currency our people have yet much to learn, and most important is the lesson that no matter how abundant it may be, it will not find its way to those who are wanting in credit."

THE RECORD LOWERED.

What the Trotting Queen Alix Did at Galesburg, Ill.

GALESBURG, Ill., Sept. 21.—Fifteen thousand people yelled themselves hoarse yesterday afternoon when the great trotting queen Alix beat the world's record by coming under the wire in 2:03¾.

The start was made in splendid style, Alix coming as regularly and steady as clock-work, with head down and her short, pointed ears twitching nervously. Alix was given the pole, with the runner just to the right and a trifle behind. When she approached the wire for the start she seemed a little slow, but she soon increased her pace. She was working like a machine, and yet so easily and graceful that one would hardly imagine she was going at such a tremendous clip. When the quarter was reached there was a general exclamation: "Thirty and a half, she will beat it." From that to the half she seemed to fly, making it in 1:01¼. The third quarter she increased her pace a trifle, making it in 1:32¾. When she started up the home stretch there was the greatest excitement. Some started to yell, but were suppressed. Alix was moving down without apparent effort. Thus far there had not been a false step, a wabble of any kind. She seemed to fairly fly to get away from the horse that came thundering just behind. As she neared the wire many that glanced at their watches said:

"She will not make it." The last two rods she again seemed to increase her marvelous speed, and as she darted under the wire the shout went up from the thousands:

"She's done it; she's done it!"

The cheering was prolonged, and it was some time before Williams could quiet the crowd so as to make himself heard. He then announced:

"You have witnessed the fastest heat ever trotted by any trotter on the globe—just trotted by Alix. The first quarter was gone in :30½, the half in 1:01¾, the three-quarters in 1:32¾ and the mile in 2:03¾." The crowd again cheered, and thousands rushed onto the track as McDowell came driving Alix back. Williams introduced Mr. Jones the owner of Alix, and the cheering again arose. The performance of Alix is the talk of all horsemen.

The judges gave the time out as 2:03¾, although one of the judges caught it at a shade less, and many in the audience had it 2:03¼. Jones was nearly smothered in congratulations.

Another brilliant event was Ethel A. going to beat the 3-year-old pacing record of 2:10. She made the mile in 2:10, equalling the record. All other events were uninteresting.

A New Type Measuring System.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 21.—A new system of measuring the volume of type was adopted by the United Typothetae of America last night. A committee of three recommended the adoption of a system of measurement with the whole alphabet as a standard, a system that would be equitable to both employe and employers. It was stated that this system permitted the accurate measure of work actually done and customers could be made to understand that the use of broad face type would cost more than narrow faced. There is no intention of reducing wages.

A JAPANESE VICTORY.

They Do Not Lose a Vessel in the Yalu Fight.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—An official dispatch received at Tokio, Japan, from the headquarters of the Japanese fleet in Corea says that the latter, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of September 16, met eleven Chinese warships and six torpedo boats thirty-five miles northeast of Hai Yang Tao, with the result that four of the Chinese ships were sunk and one was burned, while the Japanese fleet sustained no material damage. The Japanese fleet was composed of seventeen ships, some of which were small war vessels.

According to reports from Shanghai, the Chinese claim to have sunk the Japanese war ships Ambushima and Yossina and a Japanese transport, which had been converted into a cruiser and named the Saiko, but a private report from Shanghai declares that these vessels were not sunk, but retired from the action in a disabled condition.

The particulars received at Yokohama in regard to the battle of Ping Yang show that the Japanese loss was only about eleven officers wounded and 260 soldiers killed. The Japanese army is marching on Wiju which it is expected will be reached by the end of September.

Field Marshal Count Yagaumata, commanding the Japanese forces in Corea, is marching with 45,000 troops on Meukden from the southeast. The treasure captured at Ping Yang amounted to $3,000,000.

JAPANESE TORPEDOES DEADLY.

According to the latest reports from the naval battle the Chen Yuen, one of the most powerful vessels in the Chinese navy, fired a shot at the Japanese as soon as the latter came in range of her guns. The fire was promptly returned and soon the Chen Yuen was hotly engaged with two Japanese cruisers, one of which is said to have been the Chiyoda. The other Japanese vessels got into the positions they desired and the fight then became general. For six hours the battle was waged furiously, nearly all the vessels on both sides being engaged for the whole time.

The Chen Yuen took a prominent part in the engagement. Her Krupp and Armstrong guns were well served and she poured a hot and well sustained fire from her auxiliary battery. Finally one of the Japanese vessels discharged a torpedo at her. The missile sped well from its tube and struck the Chen Yuen fairly. When it exploded the Chen Yuen began to almost immediately settle. Her crew, however, stuck to their guns and delivered some effective shots before their vessel sank.

The belted cruiser King Yuen met a similar fate, being struck with a torpedo and sinking shortly afterward. Many of the crews of both vessels went down while standing at close quarters. Only a few of those on board were saved and it is reported that 600 officers and men were drowned by the foundering of these two vessels.

After the Chen Yuen and King Yuen had gone down the cruisers Yang Wei and Chao Yung ran aground while maneuvering for position. They were helpless and a destructive fire was poured into them from the big guns of the Japanese ships.

Some of the Japanese war ships devoted themselves for a time to the transports, which had not time to get out of range. It is believed several of the transports were sunk, including one from which the troops had not been landed.

LOSSES ON EACH SIDE HEAVY.

It is estimated that the total Chinese loss in killed and wounded was 1,500. It is reported the Japanese loss was 1,000 killed and wounded.

The so-called torpedo cruiser Tsi Yuen was one of the vessels attacked by the Japanese fleet off the mouth of the Yalu river, but for some reason was not, stated in the dispatch sent out about the action. Captain Fong, who was in command of the Tsi Yuen witnessed the fight from a distance. He says he saw four of the Japanese vessels sunk by the fire from the Chinese warships.

The report that Admiral Ting and Colonel Von Hannekin were killed is positively denied, and it is said that both have resumed their places aboard the Chinese fleet.

The Japanese occupied Ping Yang Monday. Several isolated bands of Chinese managed to escape from the Japanese and fled toward Manchuria.

A MANDAMUS FOR CARLISLE.

Efforts Made to Compel Him to Inspect Louisiana Sugar Plantations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The Miles planting and manufacturing company of Louisiana, engaged in planting and growing sugar cane, yesterday afternoon applied to Judge McComas, in the District supreme court, for a mandamus against the secretary of the treasury and the commissioner of internal revenue to compel them to continue the inspection of sugar plantations requirdd by the McKinley sugar bounty law.

The petitioners state an inspection of their plant has been refused by the treasury officials on the ground that the lately enacted tariff law annulled and rescinded the granting of a bounty to sugar producers, and that the tariff does so operate the petitioners deny.

Judge McComas directed that Secretary Carlisle be required to show cause October 4 why mandamus should not issue.

Fatal Explosion of a Boiler.

PINE BLUFFS, Ark., Sept. 21.—The boiler of a saw mill near Sulphur Springs exploded to-day, killing an employe named Ward and wounding four others. The mill was destroyed, the loss being $10,000 to the owner, Frank Carver.

The secretary of the treasury has asked the secretary of state to instruct the United States consul at Hamburg to detain all immigrants from East and West Prussia, Posen and Silesia during the prevalence of cholera in those districts.

FIGHTING ON WATER.

JAPANESE AND CHINESE WAR SHIPS IN BATTLE.

The Conflict Proves Disastrous for Both Sides—One of the Greatest of the Celestial Vessels Blown Up and Three Others Partly Burned and Beached—Three of the Mikado's Ships Reported Sunk—A Heavy Loss of Life Said to Have Occurred.

A Fierce Naval Conflict.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 20.—The first battle between modern ships of war has taken place at the mouth of the Yatu river, north of the gulf of Corea, where the Chinese were disembarking troops, and has proved decidedly disastrous, though there is no question that the Chinese losses were far severer than those of her rival.

The Japanese fleet commenced the attack at noon yesterday and the battle lasted until 5 o'clock. The Chinese lost four ships—the Chen Yuen sunk, the King Yuen burned and the Chao Yung and the Yang Wei stranded and partly burned. The Japanese are supposed to have lost three ships, but the names are not known.

Many Chinese were killed and wounded, among the latter being Admiral Ting, Colonel von Hannekin, formerly aide-de-camp to Li Hung Chang and Captain Tyler, the two latter being Chinese volunteers.

The entire Northern Chinese fleet was covering the landing of a large force of troops, destined to reinforce the Chinese army operating against the Japanese in Corea, when part of the Japanese fleet made a fierce attack. The Chinese are said to have been hampered by want of room to maneuver. According to the Chinese version there was no thought of surrender on either side, and the ships of both nations were terribly damaged. The Japanese had the advantage of the weather berth and so maneuvered that both Chinese boats and transports had to fight it out.

The Chen Yuen, after fighting her guns to the last, was sunk by torpedoes and a smaller Chinese vessel, which was unarmed, was blown up. The steel cruiser, Chao Yung was so damaged that she had to be beached to escape capture. The cruiser Yang Hei was also driven ashore and has become a hopeless wreck.

Admiral Ting was the commander of the Chinese Northern fleet and Colonel von Hannekin, formerly side-de-camp to Viceroy Li Hung Chang, was the German officer who was on board the transport Kow Shung when she was sunk by a Japanese cruiser with the loss of about 1,000 men.

One report is that the troops were landed, but another is that the Japanese succeeded in preventing the landing and therefore the Japanese claim a victory. It is added, however, that the Japanese fleet was compelled to retreat after having suffered heavy losses in killed and wounded. The Chinese fleet, it is also said, has returned to Wei Hai Wei.

It is significant that two or three transports which were conveyed by the warships of China have not returned and it is rumored that they were all blown up with a loss of all hands on board. From Chinese advices it is gathered that the loss on both sides will reach several thousand.

SIX HOURS OF FIERCE WORK.

Twelve Chinese war ships arrived yesterday at Port Arthur for repairs. The officers reported that Monday the Chinese fleet, consisting of fourteen warships, arrived off the mouth of Yatu river conveying transports having on board 6,000 troops. It was the intention of Admiral Ting to disembark these troops inside the mouth of the river in order to form a force with which to intercept the Japanese advance upon Moukden, Manchuria, from which there is a railroad running to Tien Tsin. While engaged in landing these troops nineteen Japanese warships, accompanied by a fleet of torpedo boats were sighted. As soon as they were within range the Japanese attacked the Chinese. Then followed a terrible conflict lasting six hours, during which the great guns, rapid firing guns and machine guns of all sorts were used with fearful effect on both sides. Both fleets also used torpedoes repeatedly and fired at each other continuously from the rapid firing guns mounted in the tops of the different warships.

MARY DESHA REJOICES.

Breckinridge's Sister-in-Law Thanks the Women Who Defeated Him.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 20.—Mrs. F. K. Hunt, the venerable president of the Women's anti-Breckinridge association of Lexington, has received a letter from Miss Mary Desha, sister-in-law of Colonel Breckinridge, now residing in Washington, from which the following extract is taken: "I will probably never see you again on this earth and I want to tell you how much I thank you for what you have done in defeating the man who has disgraced the Ashland district. You at home can hardly realize how we have felt here. There was universal rejoicing this morning when the result was known."

Tarsney Renominated.

LEXINGTON, Mo., Sept. 20.—Congressmon John C. Tarsney was to-day renominated by the Democrats of the Fifth congressional district. He got all the votes but two, which were cast for ex-Mayor Cowherd of Kansas City.

Against the Whisky Trust.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Judge Gibbons to-day sustained the demurrer to the amended pleas of the whisky trust to the information of the quo warranto action begun by Attorney General Maloney, and directed the attorney general to prepare a judgment of ouster against the trust. The decision is on formal matters left unsettled by the main decision three months ago. The defendants will appeal.

Anthony Joseph, delegate to congress from New Mexico, has been renominated by acclamation in the territorial Democratic convention.

OWNERSHIP OF RAILROADS.

Uncle Sam Has Been on a Still Hunt for Facts.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—In compliance with a resolution by Senator Pettigrew the interstate commerce commission has compiled data regarding government ownership of railroads by foreign governments, which is summarized as follows:

Ten governments do not own or control railroads. They are Colombia, Great Britian and Ireland, Mexico, Paraguay, Peru, Spain, Switzerland, Turkey, United States and Uruguay.

The following eighteen governments own and operate some of the railroads: Argentine, Australia, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Cape of Good Hope, Chili, Denmark, France, Germany, Guatemala, India, Japan, Norway, Portugal, Russia and Sweden.

The following three governments own part of their railways but do not operate any, leasing to private companies: Greece, Holland and Italy.

The relative rates charged for freight and passenger service on the government-owned railroads and the other facts cited in connection with such roads, are calculated to afford little encouragement to the advocates of government ownership.

A comparison of passenger charges per mile shows an average in Great Britain of 4.42 cents for first class, 3.20 for second class, and 1.94 for third class.

In France the average is 3.86 for first class, 2.86 for second class, and 2.08 for third class.

In Germany the rate is 3.10 for first class, 2.32 for second class, and 1.54 for third class.

In the United States the average charge is 2.12 cents.

The average charges per ton per mile are as follows; Great Britian, 2.80 cents; France, 2.20; Germany, 1.64, and in the United States 1.

Interest on capital invested in the several countries is as follows: United Kingdom, 4.1 per cent; France, 3.8 per cent; Germany, 5.1 per cent; Russia, 5.3 per cent; Austria, 3.1 per cent; Belgium, 4.6 per cent, United States, 3.1 per cent. The average for the world is 3.2 per cent.

The system of operation of the railroads in different countries is indicated:

In Austria about 4 per cent of the railway mileage is owned and about 73 per cent is operated by the state. Upon the expiration of charters, not exceeding ninety years, the lines, lands and buildings of the companies are ever the property of the government but the equipment remains the property of the owners. Before a railway is opened it must be approved by the minister of commerce. The tariffs on state roads are fixed by the government; those of the companies are subject to revision by the government every three years and the government has power to reduce rates, if the net earnings exceed 15 per cent on capital.

In Canada about the tenth of the mileage of about 15,000 miles is owned, controlled and operated by the government. For the year 1892 the operation of the government lines resulted in a loss of over $600,000.

At the present date by far the larger portion (about five-sixth) of the French railway system is operated by private companies, each company serving a definite territory and being comparatively free from the competition of other lines. But the railroad properties are ultimately to become the property of the government. This system is a mixed one of state and private ownership.

In Germany nearly ninety per cent of the railway mileage is owned by the government. Under the law the government is required to manage the railways in the interests of general traffic on a single system. It may cause the construction and equipment of roads and enforce uniform traffic and police regulations.

In Great Britain and Ireland the government does not own the railways. There are stringent regulations provided by law and administered by the railway commission and board of trade.

Italy has tried both state and private railways and has come to the conclusion that it is not advantageous to own and operate the railways. The result was a reorganization of the whole railway system. Under the present system private companies operate the state roads under contract with the government.

In Russia the government is stated to own and operate about forty per cent of the railway mileage. Nearly all of the railways owned by private companies have received subsidies from the government.

It is stated that in the United States several of the states have tried ownership in a limited way. Illinois constructed a road at a cost of $1,000,000, but sold it for $100,000; Indiana had a similar experience; Georgia owns a railroad but found it expedient to lease it to a private company; Pennsylvania constructed a railroad from Philadelphia to Columbia, but subsequently sold it. Massachusetts, Michigan and several other states tried the experiment without success.

Sheep Raisers Give Up the Fight.

PARACHUTE, Col., Sept. 20.—The war between the sheep and cattle men in Garfield county has been ended by the sheep men shipping all their stock to Eastern markets, leaving the country free to the cattle men. The commissioners of Garfield county have offered a reward of $500 for the arrest and conviction of the men who slaughtered the sheep, and Governor Waite will be requested to add $1,000 to the amount.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The recently published book, "If Christ Came to Congress," has been detained in the mails, pending an investigation by the postoffice department of the alleged obscenity of the publication. The author is M. W. Howard of Alabama, who expects to be nominated for congress by the Populists.

Elliot Defeats Carver.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 20.—Champion Wing Shot J. A. R. Elliott defeated Dr. Carver for the third successive time yesterday and won the final match of the great pigeon shoot by a score of 96 to 95.

The Table Rock Argus.

F. H. TAYLOR, Editor.

Issued every Friday morning at Table Rock Nebraska

Terms $1.50 per year in Advance.

W. C. T. U.

FOR GOD, HOME AND HUMANITY.

The Union met according to adjournment at Mrs. Griffing's, but owing to an unexpected opportunity for corps inspection the same afternoon the attendance was small and the election of delegates to our county convention was postponed until next Tuesday when we hope to have a full attendance and interesting program, Mrs. Taylor having promised us a talk and we hope to have a report from the state convention. E. E. L., Sec.

STRANGE YET TRUE.

That in this 19th century there should be those professing to love God and humanity so blinded and narrow in their views that they try to tear down or destroy everything that is not builded after the pattern that they conceive to be laid down in the scriptures. They can point out every passage of scripture that would seem to condemn the cranky fanatical women who are trying to take the reins of government in their hands, but they would be in a bad blight without the women to help in their Sunday Schools, prayer meetings and in raising the ministers salary and various church expenses, so they ignore Pauls command "Let your women keep silence in the churches, for it is not permitted unto them to speak." Also this 1st, Cor., 8-2, "If any man think that he knoweth anything he knoweth nothing yet as he ought to know." Either the term man as generally used in scripture includes women or she has no responsibility when married at least and the man must be accountable for her. We would not be irreverent or take away one iota from the sacred word but simply call to mind some passages too apt to be forgotten, "That husbands ought to love their wives as Christ loved the church and gave himself for it, so ought men to love their wives and babies." The head were as useless without the body as the body would be without the head, and it is the usurpation of authority on the part of man that causes more sin and misery than anything else in the world at the present day. Instead of treating woman as an equal a helpmate and fellow worker in Christ's vinyard, he says in action if not in word, you women have nothing to do but stay at home and attend to affairs there, only as we see fit to ask you to help us. We can run things all right without any of your advice and instead of helping those women" as Paul commanded concerning those who labored with him in the gospel, they proceed to tear down and destroy so far as talk and influence goes whatever those women have undertaken that didn't have a man at the head of it. From childhood up we were taught to read, observe and carefully and prayerfully consider all that pertains to soul saving and character building and we find as a rule those who most fully exemplify Christ's teachings in their lives believe and teach "there is neither male nor female, bond or free," but perfect liberty for every individual to work when, where and how the spirit of love and self denial may call. If the W. C. T. U., or W. S. A., have mistaken their calling we only hope those who think so will obey the scripture in question "to pray for and do good to me." Possibly if instead of tearing down what you consider our idols or throwing stones at a distance, you spend the time getting better acquainted or helping to carry some of our burdens we might be led to better methods. E. E. L.

BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT.

This invaluable remedy is one that ought to be in every household. It will cure your Cuts, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises burns, frosted feet and ears, sore throat and sore chest. If you have lame back it will cure it. It penetrates to the seat of the disease. It will cure stiff joints and contracted muscles after all other remedies have failed. Those who have used Ballard's Snow Liniment and thrown away their crutches and been able to walk as well as ever. It will cure you. Price 50 cents Sold by S. G. Wright.

BUNKER HILL

Sept 24. George D. Carrington has exchanged his Bunker Hill residence for property in Auburn, and will give possession October 15th, to Mr. Stout, the new owner. We all regret to have Mr. and Mrs. Carrington and their bright children leave us.

Mrs. Albert Kovanda spent some time with her sick sister, Miss Rosie Karae, but has now returned home.

Miss Myrta Howe has commenced taking music lessons at the new conservatory in Lincoln. She goes up once a week by rail.

Master Gussie Allen has been helping J. B. Pepoon upon his farm.

The social party at Mrs. Stanek's last Saturday was largely attended, and was a very pleasant affair. Gabe Morton furnished the music, so of course it was good.

Visit the tonsorial artist, S. D. Shriner, two doors west of post-office.

OLDEST AND ORIGINAL

Dr. WHITTIER

10 WEST NINTH STREET, (NEAR JUNCTION.)

KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.

Regular graduate authorized by the state, and conceded to be the leading and most successful Specialist in BLOOD, NERVOUS and URINARY DISEASES.

Nervous Debility With its Many Gloomy Symptoms Cured.

Lost Vitality Perfectly and Permanently Restored.

Syphilis Cured for Life Without Mercury.

Urinary Diseases Quickly Relieved and Thoroughly Cured.

Why is Dr. H. J. Whittier invariably successful? Because he makes no promises that he cannot fulfill. Avoid cheap cure-alls and unskilled physicians, and consult Dr. Whittier in person or by letter (giving symptoms) and receive the candid opinion of a physician of long experience, unquestioned skill and sterling integrity.

MEDICINES from our own laboratory furnished at small cost and shipped anywhere secure from observation.

TREATMENT never sent C. O. D.

FREE CONSULTATION. URINARY ANALYSIS.

Office hours—9 to 4 and 7 to 8. Sunday 10 to 12.

Guide To Health and Emergencies for 6 cts.—stamps—to prepay.

Call or address in strict confidence

DR. H. J. WHITTIER,

10 West Ninth Street, Kansas City, Mo.

TO OPPONENTS

—OF—

THE SINGLE-TAX

You judge of our reform without complete understanding of our principle or our position. There is only one national exponent of the single-tax, and that is

The Single-Tax Courier,

W. E. BROKAW, EDITOR.

Price $1 a Year,

Subscribe for it,

Read it, Then

Criticise us!

SHERIDAN WEBSTER, Manager.

8.0 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE

AND

TABLE ROCK ARGUS,

One Year

$1.50

Address all orders to The ARGUS

Ayer's PILLS Received **Highest Awards** AT THE **World's Fair** AS THE BEST Family PHYSIC

AYER'S PRIZE MEDAL AT WORLD'S FAIR PILLS

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH Sunday services. Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Class after morning service. Epworth League at 2:30 and Bible class at 8 p. m. Teachers meeting Wednesday evening at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 p. m.

J. D. LONGWELL, Superintendent. P. C. JOHNSON, Pastor.

Until After Electio.

The present campaign is of unusual interest to Nebraskans. Not only will a full set of state officers be elected, but a legislature will be elected that will chose a United States senator. The State Journal, located at the capital, can give you all this news more fully and more reliably than any other paper. It comes twice a week and will be sent until after election for only 25 cents. Address,

STATE JOURNAL, Lincoln Neb.

For the Campaign.

The campaign this fall will be of the greatest interest to all citizens of Nebraska. The Omaha Weekly Bee will handle all the issues of importance during the campaign in its usual able manner and proposes to make a price of 20 cents for the balance of this year to all Nebraska subscribers who may desire to keep thoroughly posted on the important issues that will be discussed. Send us 20 cents in silver or stamps for the 12-page Weekly Bee up to January 1, 1895. Address, The Omaha Bee, Omaha, Neb.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Billous, Constipated, or troubled with Jaundice, sick Headache, Bad taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and Between the shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. Herbine will cure any disorder of the Liver Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Weight's Gilt Edge Drug Store.

Mail closes as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Going north at............12 noon
Going west at..............12 noon
Going east and south at...3:15 p. m.

Mail closes Sunday at 12 p. m.

Office open from 7.30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Office open Sunday from 4 to 5 p. m. A. E. LANE, P. M.

Go to Andrew Brothers for Furniture.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE TO ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO

GOING WEST.

No. 15 pass.....................12:34 noon
No. 63 through freight..........12:58 a m
No. 67, fast freight............11:55 pm
No 65 local freight.............2:20 m

GOING EAST.

No 16 pass......................3:32 p m
No 64, through freight..........9:05 pm
No 68 fast freight..............11:55 am
6 local freight.................10:15 am

GOING SOUTH

No 22 pass......................3:17 pm
No 110 accom, arrive............9:35 pm
No 118 freight, arrive..........6:30 pm

GOING NORTH

No 21 pass......................12:40 pm
No 109 accom....................4 00 am
No 117 freight..................2:00 pm

All regular trains will carry passengers except Nos. 63, 64.

Tickets on sale to all points in United states and Canada. J. MURPHY, Agt.

What a Prominent Insurance Man says.

H. M. Blossom, senior member of H. M. Blossom & Co., 217 N. 3d St., St. Louis, writes: I had been left with a very distressing cough, the result of influenza, which nothing seemed to relieve, I took Ballard's Horehound Syrup. One Bottle completely cured me. I sent one bottle to my sister, who had a severe cough, and she experienced immediate relief. I always recommend this syrup to my friends.

John Crapston, 908 Hampshire street, Quincy, Ill., writes: I have found Ballard's Horehound Syrup superior to any other cough medicine I have ever known. It never disappoints. Price 50c. Sold by S. G. WRIGHT.

FALL RACES.

THE TABLE ROCK

DRIVING PARK ASSOCIATION

Will hold its Fall Meeting

OCTOBER 3rd and 4th, 1894,

With the Following Program:

October 3:	FREE FOR ALL TROT or PACE	$200.00
	THREE MINUTE TROT	125.00
	3-4 OF A MILE RUNNING DASH	50.00
October 4:	2:36 TROT	$200.00
	2:40 PACE	100.00
	2:38 TROT	100.00
	1-2 MILE Running Race, best 2 in 3	50.00

→Entries Close at 10 p.m. September 29.←

FARE AND A THIRD FOR THE ROUND TRIP.

This is the Best ½ Mile Track in the West.

GOOD MUSIC IN ATTENDANCE.

Some of the best horses in the state will be here, and the races are sure to prove interesting.

INTERESTING BALL GAMES TO BE PLAYED EACH DAY

In the evening a home-talent company will produce "The Fruit of his Folly" at the opera house.

Every lover of the Turf is Cordially Invited to Attend. J. M. Cochran, Sec.

The Table Rock Ar[illegible]

VOL. 13, NO. 18. TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1894. W[illegible]

J. C. BECK.

PROPRIETOR OF THE

LIVERY & FEED STABLE

EAST OF PUBL C SQUARE.

GOOD RIGS AT REASONABL RATES. BEST OF CARE GUARANTEED. UN BUS TO AND *FROM DEPOT CONNECTING WITH ALL TRAINS.*

State Bank of Table Rock,

TABLE ROCK, - - - *NEBRASKA.*

DAVID REMICK, President.

JOHN C. DAVID, Vice President.

DAVID K. MILLER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS

DAVID REMICK.
A. B. CLARK.
J. N. ECKMAN.
JOHN C. DAVID.
DAVID K. MILLER.

Offers the very best facilities for the prompt transaction of legitimate banking business. Accounts of farmers and merchants solicited. Careful attention given to collections. Loans negotiated on real state security.

Old Reliable Lumber Yard,

E. G. DEY & CO.

PROPRIETORS.

COAL,

LIME & CEMENT

Kept constantly on Hand.

DEALERS IN

LUMBER

OF ALL DESCRIPTION.

Business continued at the OLD STAND.

Parties desiring to build are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

LUMBER & COAL

In a r Lots A Specialty.

Cash Store!

Having moved into my New and commodious Buiding, I am better prepared than ever to serve my Customres.

Thanking my friends for their past patronage, soliciting a share of your future trade

I remain yours to Command,

W. L. TAYLOR.

G. R. MARTIN

Has again opened his Old Reliable

MEAT MARKET

and will always keep a good stock of

FRESH AND SALT MEATS ON HAND

and also FLOUR AND FEED.

A cordial invitation is extended to all who may need anything in his line to call and see him.

CARRIAGE AND REPAIR SHOP

A. F. HANSEN PROPRIETOR

Blacksmith, Wagon, Carriage and General Repair work Promptly Done. Satisfaction guaranteed, both in prices and work. A large stock of new Carriages and Buggies kept constantly on hand.

MAKES A SPECIALTY OF HORSESHOEING; BUGGY PAINTING AND UPHOLSTER WORK. GIVE ME A CALL.

A. F. HANSEN

In The Neighborhood.

Stella Leader.

W. B. Wheeler has applied for a patent on a hog watering apparatus that is both practical and cheap. He has sold several and in each instance they give splendid satisfaction.

Humboldt Enterprise.

Chas. Hotelling, a former resident of this and Pawnee county, was in this city the first of the week. He had on display numerous paterns in wood, of veterinary instruments of his own invention which were declared by competent judges, as a great improvement in the profession and he will ask that patents be granted him on some of them. We wish Charlie abundant success.

Billy Bracelin met with a painful accident at the elevator in the Humboldt Mills. The elevator had become clogged and in removing the obstacle the machinery started, lacerating his hand and arm in several places. He is very fortunate however, that he escaped as well as he did, as his chances for losing an arm were very good. He is getting along nicely and will soon be on duty again.

From the Auburn Herald.

Frank Rice, Joe Conners, William Curtis and Charles Russ, the four jail birds who overpowered the deputy sheriff at Wilber last Saturday night took his keys and arms away and changed places with him, were captured near this city Tuesday by Sheriff Glasgow and deputy Hill, after a lively chase through the timber on the banks of the Nemaha. The Saline county officers were notified and Sheriff Dorwart and Deputy Doane arrived here Wednesday morning and took the men back with them the same day.

Pawnee Daily Republican.

D. F. Marquet of Burchard, was found in a peculiar occupation last Saturday night. Two young men were passing the graveyard in that city about 9 o'clock when they noticed a light out in the center of the cemetery and upon investigation found Marquet digging a hole just about the size of a grave. Several other people were summoned and he was surprised in the act. Upon being questioned he said that he was digging for buried treasure. He claimed to have had an inspiration that treasure would be found there and he was digging for it. The people do not quite credit the story as the hole was not just what a man would dig were he looking for treasure, but was much more like a grave. It is suspicioned that Marquet has either gone insane or was contemplating some crime. He will be watched, but no steps have been taken to arrest him.

Tecumseh Chieftain.

A stranger hired a team and buggy of Lon Noble, the Sterling liveryman, two weeks ago yesterday, for a three or four days' drive through the country. The fellow said he was canvassing for some article and it would require several days' driving to do his work. He took the team and evidently struck out immediately for parts unknown. After more than a week had elapsed Mr. Noble began to make inquiry, and the conviction soon dawned upon him that his team had been stolen. He has offered a liberal reward for the recovery of his property and the county offers $50 for the arrest of the thief, who is described as follows: Name, W. H. Whatley, dark complexion, black mustache, weight 165 pounds; is supposed to be traveling southwest. Each horse weighs about 800 pounds; one is a black gelding, the other a cream colored mare. Anyone having information of this outfit should communicate with Sheriff Woolsey, Tecumseh.

What a Prominent Insurance Man Says.

H. M. Blossom, senior member of H. M. Blossom & Co., 217 N. 3d St., St. Louis, writes: I had been left with a very distressing cough, the result of influenza, which nothing seemed to relieve. I took Ballard's Horehound Syrup. One Bottle completely cured me. I sent one bottle to my sister, who had a severe cough, and she experienced immediate relief. I always recommend this syrup to my friends.

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Are you Bilious, Constipated, or troubled with Jaundice, sick Headache, Bad taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and Between the shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. Herbine will cure any disorder of the Liver Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Wright's Gilt Edge Drug Store.

The Most Tremendous Slaughter EVER MADE IN CLOTHING

But we haven't time to give you our prices on everything, but come and be convinced. Respectfully,

The Wood Clothing Company.

Our entire stock of Clothing, Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes will be Closed Out at ACTUAL COST, or less. The Stock is complete in every department. First come, First served. Don't miss this opportunity of your life to buy

CLOTHING

At such Prices. Our Goods were nearly all Bought this Fall, since the decline prices, hence We can safely say that the prices we will sell you Clothing at now, is fully 50 per cent less than such goon could be sold for six month ago,

Remember our Boys Knee Pants 20, 35, 45, 60, 75 and $1 per pair.

Our Shoes for Men and Boys at $1 and less. Overcoats for Men at $3; For Boys at $1.10. The Rockford Seamless Hose, Heavy Weights, etc., 6 cents a pair.

BUNKER HILL

October 10.—

Miss Rose Johnson visited her sister's family last Sunday.

Mr. Goodenkart's children are suffering with whooping cough.

Gabe Horton is helping Mr. Carrington move to Auburn, also Artie Longwell.

The county surveyor has been doing some work at the western part of the county.

O. D. Howe with his daughter, Myrta took in the McKinley demonstration at Lincoln last Thursday.

The youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Strojc, was buried on Tuesday. She was about four months old.

Mrs. Minnie Vanlandingham and her son, Willie, who have been suffering from malarial fever, are much better.

Little Bessie Wordsmek died Tuesday night of pneumonia. She was about two years old. The funeral will take place Thursday forenoon.

One advantage of taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla to purify the blood is that you need not infringe upon your hours of labor nor deny yourself any food that agrees with you. In a word, you are not compelled to starve or loaf, while taking it. These are recommendations worth considering.

Mail closes as follows:

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Going north at.....12 noon
Going west at.....12 noon
Going east and south at..3:15 p. m.
Mail closes Sunday at 12 p. m.
Office open from 7:30 a. m. to 8 p m.
Office open Sunday from 4 to 5 p. m.

A. E. LANE, P. M.

Go to Andrew Brothers for Furniture.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Services every Sabbath at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

S. F. WILSON, pastor.

Sunday School at 10 A M. S H DOFF, Superintendent.

Junior Endeavor at 3:30 p. m. Miss MYRTLE SHIFF, Sup't.

Y P S C E prayermeeting at 6:30 P M on Sabbath. F. G. HALES, President.

S. S. teachers meeting, Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock, at private houses.

Church prayer meeting on Thursday evening at seven o'clock. Strangers as well as friends are cordially invited to any of these services, and will be made welcome.

See N. A. Craig for sand for building or plastering. Can furnish either.

Mr. Alexander Sanderson, Choudrant, La., says: "Having used Ayer's Pills at least twenty-five years, I would days that, for all diseases of the bowels, stomach and liver, which can be remedied by pills, these are always effective. They keep the system in perfect order."

SCHOOL NOTES.

ARTHUR LONGWELL, GRACE CLIFT, } Editors.

"Labor is life! 'Tis the still water faileth;
Idleness ever dispaireth, bewaileth;
Keep watch wound, for the dark must assaileth;
Flowers droop and die in the stillness of noon."

HIGH SCHOOL.

Visitors: E. A. Hemsworth, Hattie Lane, Christina Baker and Minnie Baker.

Some of our pupils will attend the Teachers' Association at Pawnee City, Saturday.

Self activity if the child is the fundamental principle of educational advancement. Unless the pupils uses his own powers in study and recitation the work of the teacher is to a large degree lost. We are pleased to note that our pupils are making good progress in learning to rely on their own powers for the solution of their problems and in all their work in general.

The Teachers' Association meets in Pawnee City this week. Quite a delegation of our teachers and High School pupils will be in attendance. A good program is arranged for and an interesting and instructive time is anticipated. The associations are becoming to be an important factor in our education system. Their special mission is to broaden the teachers' views of education, to lend substantial aid to her in her advancement as a teacher, and to create a strong enthusiasm for doing excellent work in the schoolroom.

ROOM I.

Miss Giffen and Miss Hood were welcome callers last Wednesday.

Mrs. E. C. Phillips and master Charlie called Wednesday afternoon.

Our attendance this far has been much better than the corresponding months last year. We hope it may so continue.

Our A class are half through their 2nd. readers and are doing good work we would be glad to have you come and hear us read.

Mr. Hemsworth made us a pleasant visit last Friday. He gave us a real interesting talk and promised to visit us soon again and if we are good until he comes he will tell us a story next time.

ROOM II.

Six cases of tardiness last week.

Katie Greenfield is on the sick list this week.

Mr. Hemsworth of Iowa, visited us on Friday.

Mrs. E. C. Phillips and son, Charlie made us a pleasant call Wednesday.

The attendance for the last week was very good. Average of 43 of the 46 pupils enrolled. We hope to do better this week, as the race last week tempted some to stay out.

Miss Baker and Minnie, the little Alaska girl, visited us on Thursday. Miss Baker gave the children a pleasant talk about Alaska, and Minnie favored us with some music at noon.

ROOM III.

We are sorry to say that very few of the parents come to see us.

Miss Christina Baker, Miss Minnie Baker, Miss Lettie Hood and Miss Jennie Giffen were pleasant visitors at the Grammar room last week.

The enrollment for the Grammar room is the same as it was last month for though one of our boys, Leroy White has left school, Tommy Tait has started, thus keeping the enrollment the same.

The A class in history looked very gloomy all forenoon on Tuesday they were having an examination, but we hope they will look more pleasant when their examination papers are returned.

If afflicted with scalp diseases, hair falling out, and premature baldness, do not use grease or alcoholic preparations, but apply Hall's Hair Renewer.

FOR SALE—A six-room house in Table Rock, near depot, cheap for cash or will take stock in part payment if taken within the next ten days. W. A. MOODY.

THIS IS FOR VOTERS.

HYPOCRACY! OF THE POPULISTS SHOWN UP.

Their Attempt to Hoodwink the People of Nebraska—A Legislative Record that is Open to Strong Criticism—When and By Whom the Large State Debt Was Incurred—No Evidence of Retrenchment Visible to the Naked Eye—Facts and Figures for the Thinking Voter.

Their Rank Hypocracy.

For the past two years a great deal of space in the populist press has been devoted to wholesale denunciation of the republican party for the alleged "extravagance" and "misconduct" of the republican officials in the state house, and the "mismanagement" of state institutions under a republican administration, had saddled a state debt of nearly a million dollars on the voters of this commonwealth.

It has been repeatedly asserted and frequently reiterated that the polity of the republican party in Nebraska and the actions of its official representatives at the capital was solely responsible for the indebtedness that hangs over the state today, and a strenuous effort has been made to make this alleged condition of affairs a leading issue in the present campaign.

With a loud beating of tom-toms and a persisting sounding of the anarchistic hew-gag, frenzied appeals have been made to the voter to rally round the standard of flatism, incendiarism and vagarism, and "redeem Nebraska from the fearful blight of republican misrule." The stump disseminators of political quackery have been quick to take their cue from this bald misstatement of fact, and a systematic course of truth-distortion and misrepresentation has been inaugurated.

Along this line, too, are being directed the efforts of divers political Bashi-Bazouks, who, while seeking revenge on the republicans who for years have kept them at a safe distance from the public money drawer and as persistently denied them the power they coveted, are jointly watching an opportunity to secure control or plunder the campaign caravan, while they prate of loyalty, honesty and the need of good government. They parade their bogus devotion to principle with as sublime a nerve and as contemptible hypocracy as ever characterized that other patriot for revenue only—Benedict Arnold, whose assumed sincerity in his advocacy of honesty served only to cloak the secret conferences with Major Andre, while contemplating the assassination of friends and the betrayal of country.

It is nothing more nor less than a deliberate attempt to politically hoodwink the people of Nebraska in order to enable populism to wipe off the slate and start anew with a clean bill of health without having to face the damning record of inefficiency and incompetency made in 1891, when it had an opportunity to exhibit itself and show the taxpayers what it could do.

Unfortunately for the populist party, it has an ineffaceable record in Nebraska, as well as in Kansas, Colorado and Oregon, and so long as public documents are preserved so that he who runs may read, the state platform of populism will not "point with pride" to that record.

True it is that Nebraska has a state indebtedness of hundreds of thousands of dollars, but equally true is it that this indebtedness was saddled on the state by the populist legislature of 1891. The facts are plain, the record is official and right here in the midst of a campaign of state issues is as good a time as any for the thinking voter to sit down and recall a little of the all-wool-and-yard-wide arithmetic of his youth. Let him ponder well these official figures, and then decide with sober sense and business judgment whether he is financially able to indulge in the questionable luxury of two years of "reform" administration of that type. And that, too, without such a palliating circumstance as republicans in office to set the brakes when the pace of reckless inexperience gets so hot that it threatens to land the ship of state on the rocks.

That the legislature of 1891 was clearly populist admits of no question. That party had 54 of the 100 members of the house and 18 of the 33 senators, including the evanescent Taylor, who ran away during the fight over the maximum freight rate bill and whose form has never since that day cast its shadow across Nebraska's prairies. The populists organized both houses, controlling each with a good working majority, and in the language of those of their own party faith is written the official story of their shame. Here are the figures that tell the tale:

YEAR.	
1889	Total assessed value of all property in Nebraska.
1889	General fund levy in mills.
1889	Total fund levy in mills.
1889	Total amount of all taxes assessed in dollars.
1889	Total appropriation of legislature for biennial periods.
1889	Amount of appropriation in excess of taxes levied.

Each session of the legislature covers a biennial period. The last republican legislature was in 1889, covering the years 1889 and 1890, while the first, last and it is to be hoped the only populist legislature the state ever will have, was in session in 1891, covering the years 1891-92. These two sessions offer a splendid opportunity for a fair comparison, besides showing the real facts relating to the subject of existing state indebtedness.

With the natural constant increase in the wealth of the state, the populist legislature of 1891 found a greater assessed valuation of property subject to its taxation than had ever before been the case. With such a condition of affairs and an honest determination to economize, combined with the business ability to carry that determination into execution, the natural result would have been a reduction of the tax levy.

Did that legislature give any evidence of such retrenchment? Not to an extent visible to the naked eye. There was neither retrenchment nor economy, but there was populist "reform" with a vengeance. Instead of reducing the tax levy, that legislature crowded it up to the five mills for general fund purposes, the maximum limit under the constitution, thus combining the highest valuation in the history of the state with the highest possible levy in mills.

Be it remembered that this was exclusive of the regular special taxes called for at that time by the legislation of former law-making bodies of the state, and which swelled the total levy to 6⅝ mills for 1891 and 6 93-100 mills for 1892. Be it understood, however, that these special taxes were not an unusual feature, as they provided for the following funds: University, sinking, school, state relief and institute for the feeble minded. Special taxes are ordered in the bills creating certain of the state institutions, to provide for the maintenance or for discharging the original indebtedness, and these taxes were practically the same in 1889 and 1891.

The general fund levy represents the actual operating expenses of the state government, and the record shows that the republicans conducted it on a levy of from 4⅝ to 4 8-9 mills, while the populists made it 5 mills, even with an increase of several millions in the assessed valuation. The republican legislature levied taxes on the state amounting to $2,363,156, and appropriated against that levy $2,391,410, an excess of $18,254 over the taxes levied; while the populist legislature levied taxes amounting to $2,438,344, and then appropriated $2,886,573, spending $428,036 that there was obviously nothing in sight with which to pay. In other words, the populist legislature deliberately spent nearly half a million dollars that it did not have and could not get, thus transacting its business at the expense of the state's credit, and necessitating the issuance of warrants at 7 per cent, which are still drawing interest at the taxpayers expense.

Right on the face of things the state was being put in the whole to the tune of $428,000, while in reality it was almost twice as much as that. It is a matter of general knowledge that 80 per cent covers the amount of taxes generally collected, but conceding that 85 per cent of the 1891 and 1892 levy was collectable, thus placing the populists in the most favorable light possible, even then they are proven guilty of placing an indebtedness of $796,983 on the state.

This is the indebtedness that the populist have been and still are charging up to republican "mismanagement" and "extravagance," when the official figures and records of the populist clerk of the house and populist secretary of the senate of 1891 show incontrovertibly that it was legislated upon the state by the populist majorities in those bodies. Had the republican legislature of 1889 made the levy 5 mills as did the populists in 1891, their record would have shown a surplus of over $100,000 above the appropriations, as compared with an indebtedness of $800,000 which is the record of the "reformers."

In other words, the little experiment of electing a populist legislature cost the taxpayers of Nebraska nearly a million dollars more than the republican legislature would have cost. What wonder, then, is it that many a taxpayer who is finding it difficult to pay his share of the expenses of operating the government has concluded that populist control is altogether too high-priced a luxury for this year of hard times. The populist leaders realize this, and in desperation are seeking to befog the issues and misstate the facts.

It is not strange that they should seek to disguise the truth, for it is not calculated to help their campaign. But their efforts to shirk the responsibility will not succeed. They will be required to give a more satisfactory account of their stewardship than has yet been or can be done, before receiving further trust or confidence. If they are dishonest in their representations of actual conditions existing today, how much more honest would they be if they could secure official control of the state?

These facts and figures are submitted to the thinking voter without passion or prejudice. The purpose has been to naught extenuate nor set down aught in malice, but to set forth the simple truth with a view to correcting populist misrepresentations and presenting the real history of the indebtedness that hangs over Nebraska today.

Their Business Record.

When a citizen of any congressional district is elected to congress and introduces bills which become of record, there is only one presumption, and that is that he honestly believes in his measures and hopes to see them become law.

When the members of any political party, through caucus in congress, agree upon certain measures and introduce them as bills, the only presumption is that, speaking for their party, they hope to see the measures they introduce become law. Never since the foundation of the republic has there been such an exhibition of attempted profligacy and ultimate disaster as the populist members of congress have given to the people through the measures introduced by them during the last two sessions. These bills of record propose to cure every public ill, imaginary or real, and as a curative power they invoke the wholesale printing and distribution of unearned money.

Hon. James P. Pigott, democratic congressman from the state of Connecticut, delivered a speech in congress that was printed in the Congressional Record, on the 13th day of August, 1894. That speech, which so admirably illustrates the populistic idea of law making, has never, since given to the public, been assailed by the populist press or speakers as untrue or exaggerated. It is simply a transcript from the records, every word of which is verified by the bills which the populist members of congress introduced.

Bills introduced into congress by populists carrying with them appropriations as shown by the summary made by Mr. Pigott are as follows:

By Mr. Davis of Kansas, H. R. 3,436, a bill for the United States government to pay mortgage indebtedness by a 1 per cent loan direct from the government upon certificates and abstract of title of land. Legal tender to be printed and issued in whatever volume is required to make the payment. Ten billion is this lump.

By Mr. Clover of Kansas H. R. 6334, providing for loans at two and one-half per cent interest to counties, municipalities and needy individuals. To provide money for these loans, treasury notes to be printed by the treasury department.

Mr. Peffer of Kansas, senate bill, 976 to establish a bureau of loans, legal tender to be issued to meet the demand.

By Mr. Kem of Neb. house bill 5458, to establish a system of government banking. To start this the estimate is that one and one fourth billions of dollars would be required.

Mr. Watson of Georgia in house bills 6660-10099-10405, proposes to manufacture billions of dollars in paper to float both crops and mortgages. These bills cover his famous sub-treasury scheme. The first bill asks for $50,000,000, the second bill for $100,000,000, and the third for $100,000,000 just as an introduction.

Mr. Hudson of Kansas H. B. 3186, proposes to settle pensions all in a lump by paying ten times the annual amount at one. This would require over a billion and one-half of money to be printed at once.

Rep. Davis of Kansas H. bill 4449 has another pension bill which would require $500,000,000 annually and he asks legal tender to be issued in payment.

Senators Allen's bill, senate file 2124 is of like character.

Senator Peffers pension bill, senate file 358 requires to start the ball rolling $105,000,000 the first year.

Mr. Davis of Kansas, house bill 6767, provides for the creating of an industrial army of 500,000 men to be clothed, and paid the same as the regular army men. This would not cost less than one-half a billion of dollars and Mr. Davis, with as much confidence in the wheels of printing presses as the wheels in his head, proposes to issue $300,000,000 at once and $100,000,000 a year thereafter.

Senior Peffer, Senate bill 1300, has also a bill foor the relief 6 of the destitute to furnish ready printed money to the people of the nation for this purpose at the rate of one dollar for each ten inhabitants.

Mr. Boen of Minnesota, house bill 7,908, asks for $100,000,000,000 in legal tender notes to buy railroads, improve rivers and build postoffices.

Mr. Simpson of Kansas, house bill 4,412, proposes that the government purchase all of the gold and silver offered and issue double the amount of coin in paper money in lieu thereof.

Representative Davis, house bill 5,448, proposes to substitute tariff laws by issuing paper money sufficient to to meet the needs of government instead of a tariff revenue.

Senator Kyle, senate bill 1,531, proposes an unlimited issue of fractional currency.

Mr. McKeigan, house bill 6,010, proposes the same kind of legislation except putting a limit upon the amount issued.

Mr. Boen, of Minnesota, proposes to print money in sufficient volume to destroy Salsoti-Kali-Tragus wherever found.

Mr. Davis in house bill 7,896, Mr. Baker in house bill 7,887, Senator Peffer's senate bill 2279, all ask for appropriations for storing rain water for irrigation, asking the government printing offices to print money in various amounts to meet the expense.

Mr. Bell in joint resolution 169 asks for a committee to devise means for the employment of the idle and proposes to issue legal tenders to pay for all such employment.

Without duplicating the amounts carried in the bills introduced by populists where their purposes are similar, Mr. Pigott, in his speech, makes a recapitulation which shows the appropriations required and demanded in the bills. This recapitulation in total calls for $35,507,660,000. Commenting on this total Mr. Pigott says: "The total money of the world including paper, gold, silver, copper, brass and iron does not exceed $10,000,000,000, and it appears that the amount of money called for by these bills, which it must be presumed were honestly introduced by populist members of congress, is nearly five times the amount of currency of the world. What paper money would be worth under such circumstances any one of ordinary intelligence knows."

The best possible way to judge of the honesty of purpose and the ability possessed for good government by a political party is through the representatives of such a party make when put in a position of responsibility. This is the record of the men the populists have sent to congress. It is not a record of demands for the unlimited use of silver as money, but a record calling for an issue of fiat money so extravagant as to be beyond belief. Lunacy itself could go no further than the limit towards which Mr. Pigott has shown that populistic ideas are running. The most rapid printing presses in the world could not keep in sight of the appropriations, if the government was turned over to them. To those who hear of populistic economy and are advised that it is a party of silver, the record above will be very much in evidence.

Professor John Milne, one of the greatest living authorities on earthquakes, says it is not likely that they ever result from electrical disturbances.

Science tells us that the body of every human being weighing 150 pounds contains one pound of salt. Also that every one of us needs in a year about fifteen pounds of salt.

The corpse or ghost plant, which grows in pine forests where the sun never penetrates, is of a ghostly white color, not a tinge of green appearing on stem, leaf or blossom.

In the constellation of Orion there is a star, known as Theta Orionis, which, when viewed through a powerful telescope, appears as a septuple star, thus presenting the magnificent panorama of seven suns revolving about each other. It is to be supposed that each of these suns is encircled by planets, and these again by moons.

The photographers of the Paris observatory have just finished for the Academy of Sciences the clearest view ever secured of the moon. They have photographed her surface in sections, which fit, making a great image five feet in diameter. The work is so perfect that towns, forests and rivers would be perceptible, if they existed.

MIN-YEI-SUN IN EXILE.

THE MAN RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ORIENTAL WAR.

He at Present Languishes in Prison on an Island Off Corea—Was the Hereditary Prime Minister of the Hermit Kingdom.

MIN-YEI-SUN, the ex-prime minister of Corea, is one of the chief figures in the war between China and Japan. He did as much as any one person to bring on the present struggle. He is a cousin of the Queen of Corea, and, as prime minister, was vested with greater power than the king himself. He had almost full sway in governing the country, and even when he went against the will of the king and his cabinet in favoring the Chinese it was with the utmost difficulty that he was deposed.

Finally, however, he was bereft of power and a determined effort was made to expel him. This project met with the determined opposition of the queen, and the royal family was a house divided against itself. While the queen did not wish her cousin to become an exile the king most certainly did. The question of the prime minister's expulsion became one of national importance and the factions came near severing Corea's allegiance from Japan. On July 30, though, the prime minister was seized by the king's soldier's and transported to an island belonging to Corea, where he has been since. He is under guard and the king is watching for plots to release him.

The Min family, of which the exile is a descendant, has long been influential in Corea. It became the traditional inliertor of the post of prime minister centuries ago, and since then and until last month some one of its representatives has always held the direction of the affairs of state. Min-Yei-Sun has a great following in Corea and it is not improbable that he will become a great issue after the war is over.

The picture is copied from the Little Japan, a daily published in Tokio, which is displaying the greatest enterprise of any Japanese newspaper in presenting war news.

LONGEVITY OF FEMALES.

Women's Chances for Long Life Better Than Man's.

The Medical Record says woman has the advantage of man as regards longevity; she suffers less from accidents, injuries and many forms of disease; she is, in fact, more tenacious than man of the limited enjoyments allowed her. Dr. Brandreth Symonds has collected and studied a large number of statistics to illustrate this interesting fact (American Journal of the Medical Sciences). The comparative mortality of the sexes at different ages shows that in the first year of life the mortality of the female is much less than that of the male, being at birth 92.64 per 1,000 as against 112.80, and at the end of the year 31.87 as against 35.08. This difference continues up to the fourth year. From 5 to 22 the female mortality is greater than that of the male, being at the latter period 3.56 for males and 4.23 for females. At the age of 46 the male mortality equals that of the female, the latter having been up to this time slightly in excess. During the years 40 to 56, the period of the climacteric, the male mortality gaining rapidly on the female, being 6.32 per annum for the one and only 3.47 for the other. Hence the climacteric is really a much more serious time for man than for woman. After 65 the female mortality gains on that of the male, but is alway slightly below it. Woman has not only a less mortality but a greater longevity than man. There is also a plurality of female births.

She Keeps a Lighthouse.

Lime Rock lighthouse, at the southern end of Newport Harbor, is a favorite visiting place for strangers, who go there not so much to see the light as to meet its famous keeper, Ida Lewis. She is over 50 years old now; her hair is slightly streaked with gray, and her face is somewhat rugged and weather-beaten, but she can handle an oar as quickly and as well as when she began her record of life-saving with the rescue of four small boys whose boat had capsized in the harbor. Her salary is $750 and two tons of coal a year.

IDA LEWIS.

HE SAW A SNAKE.

Only a Stuffed One, but It Was Enough for the Customs Inspector.

Miss Katherine Carlisle, a young actress who went to England with Augustin Daly's company, returned to New York a few days ago with a proud record of success on the other side and a novel idea for getting her trunks through the customs inspection without unnecessary delay.

Within the recesses of her numerous trunks the young actress had stored away a wardrobe of the latest Parisian mode, together with a varied assortment of souvenirs and presents for friends, upon none of which was she overanxious to pay duty. When the customs inspector reached her imposing array of luggage Miss Carlisle promptly handed over her keys and awaited the result with composure.

MISS CARLISLE.

The lid of the first trunk was raised with a jerk, and right on the top, upon a dainty confection fresh from the workroom of Felix, lay coiled a hideous green snake, whose glittering eyes seemed to emit a baleful gleam.

With a bang the inspector slammed the lid down, turned the key and chalked one end of the trunk with the mysterious hieroglyphics which indicate to the initiated that the baggage has passed Uncle Sam's inspection. The shock to the customs officer was so great that he chalked all the rest of Miss Carlisle's trunks without further search.

Miss Carlisle afterwards confessed to friends that the snake was a stuffed one, sent her by a friend. The idea of utilizing it as she did was an inspiration that came to the actress as she was packing her trunks in London.

A MIRAGE AT BUFFALO.

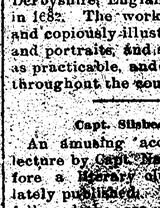
The City of Toronto, Fifty-six Miles Distant, Visible in the Air.

The citizens of Buffalo, N. Y., were treated to a remarkable mirage between 10 and 11 o'clock on the morning of Aug. 16. It was the city of Toronto, with its harbor and small island to the south of the city. Toronto is fifty-six miles from Buffalo, but the church spires could be counted with the greatest ease. The mirage took in the whole breadth of Lake Ontario, Charlotte, the suburb of Rochester, being recognized as a projection east of Toronto. A sidewheel steamer could be seen traveling in a line from Charlotte to Toronto bay. Two dark objects were at last found to be the steamers of the New York Central plying between Lewiston and Toronto. A sailboat was also visible and disappeared suddenly. Slowly the mirage began to fade away, to the disappointment of thousands who crowded the roofs of houses and office buildings. A bank of clouds was the cause of the disappearance of the mirage. A close examination of the map showed that the mirage did not cause the slightest distortion, the gradual rise of the city from the water being rendered perfectly. It is estimated that at least 20,000 spectators saw the novel spectacle.

This mirage is what is known as a mirage of the third order. That is, the object looms up far above the real level and not inverted, as is the case with mirages of the first and second class, but appearing like a perfect landscape far away in the sky.

The Late Prof. Samuel L. Smedley.

Samuel L. Smedley, chief engineer and surveyor, who died a few weeks ago, was always known to be an enthusiastic student of genealogy and an antiquarian, and his will shows that he was very much in earnest about it indeed. To Gilbert Cope he left $6,000 to write out and perfect an edition of 5,000 copies of his genealogical notes of the Smedley family and record of descendants to his ancestor, George Smedley, who emigrated from Derbyshire, England, to Pennsylvania in 1682. The work is to be printed and copiously illustrated with views and portraits, and sold at as low rates as practicable, and placed in libraries throughout the country free of cost.



SAMUEL L. SMEDLEY.

Capt. Silsbee On Poets.

An amusing account of a recent lecture by Capt. Nathaniel Silsbee before a literary club in Boston was lately published. While Capt. Silsbee followed the sea he took his poets with him and knows more about them even than most Bostonians. He is especially a Shellevist of pretension. Although some 77 years of age he talked for several hours the other day to a delighted audience. He said: "Now I'll read you some of the old poetry written in the United States," and read Sidney Lanier's "Marshes of Glyno." He ridiculed the claims of Longfellow and Lowell to respect as poets, saying: "They are mere farmyard fowl—too tame to walk out if you left the gate open." It is told of him that he used to say things like this to Lowell himself.

CAPT. SILSBEE.

The world's total gold yield last year was $26,228,800, an increase of about $2,500,000 over the previous year.

No Postage Stamps Sold.

In Mexico when the mail arrives at the postoffice the names of people to whom letters are addressed are written on a slip of paper and posted on a bulletin board. Merchants go every morning to examine this announcement, and if they find their names on the list hand their cards to the delivery clerk, who hands them their mail. No postage stamps are sold, but those having letters to mail take them to the postmaster, who sticks the stamp on. In all public places men are found sitting around provided with pen, ink and paper, ready to conduct the correspondence of any one who has not the ability to do so. The number of these scribes proves that their business is a paying one.

A genius is a man who does something that others say cannot be done.

Hood's Is the Best

Full Medicine, because it purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood, and therefore gives strength to resist bad effects from Colds, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Pneumonia, Malaria, the Grip, etc. Take it now and avoid the danger of serious illness. It may save you many dollars in doctors' bills. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's.

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"I can truly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as an excellent medicine. I have taken four bottles and I am better than I have been for two years past. I was all run down, my limbs swelled and my blood was in a very bad condition. Now I am free from neuralgia and better in every way." Mrs. H. Corleigh, Hume, N. Y.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25c.

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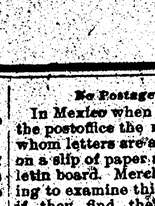

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Don't Offer a Reward

For your lost appetite. All know that it is a valuable piece of personal property, but why go to the expense when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will restore it to you. A course of that unparalleled tonic and corrective not only induces a return of the relish for food, but confers upon the stomach the power to gratify appetite without unpleasant sensations afterward. For the purpose of quickening digestion, arousing a dormant liver or kidneys, and establishing a regularity of the bowels, no medicine can exceed this genial family cordial, in which the pure alcoholic principle is modified by blending with it botanic elements of the highest efficacy. Avoid the fiery unalloyed stimulants of commerce as a means of overcoming inactivity of any of the organs above mentioned, and use, instead, the Bitters. This professionally sanctioned medicine remedies malarial and rheumatic ailments.

Making Use of Natural Laws.

Instances of a more complex character frequently occur where a knowledge of natural laws or forces may be brought into operation to assist in surmounting difficulties. Thus, a few years ago, an iron bridge of considerable length, the weight being about 200 tons, was constructed in England and erected in a remote part of Germany. By some mishap, the bridge, when finished, was found to be some distance "out" to one side, an error which the proprietors insisted should be rectified. To take down and re-erect the bridge would be simply ruin to the contractor. But necessity is the mother of invention, and so it proved in this case. It was summer time, and the contractor proceeded to find the amount of expansion which was caused by the heat of the sun over the whole length of the bridge. He next ascertained what contraction took place in the night by cooling. Armed with these data, he thought it might be possible to bring the bridge to its proper position in a few days. The bridge, of course, in its ordinary condition expanded from the center, pushing its two ends outward, or farther apart, and again contracting toward the center. Taking advantage of these conditions, one end was made fast in the morning, and the bridge was forced to expand from that immovable point, instead of from the middle, as formerly. When the iron composing the bridge had expanded to its full extent in the direction intended, that end was released, and the opposite end made fast. The bridge then contracted toward its true position. Thus, whatever was gained by the day's expansion was secured by the subsequent contraction when the metal cooled at night, and, the process being renewed day by day, the work was successfully accomplished.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills 25c.

A Mixed Story.

"I hope, sor, you will assist a poor man whose home and everything that was in it, including me family, sor, was burned up too months ago last Thursday, sor."

The merchant to whom this appeal was addressed, while very philanthropic, also very cautious, so he asked:

"Have you any papers or certificate to show that you lost anything by fire?"

"I did have a certificate, sor, signed before a notary public to that effect, but it was burned up, sor, in the house with me family and the rest of the effects."—Tit Bits.

The sweetest apples makes the sourest cider.

Private indifference kills public spirit.

BUDS, Society buds, young women just entering the doors of society or womanhood, require the wisest care. To be beautiful and charming they must have perfect health, with all it implies—a clear skin, rosy cheeks, bright eyes and good spirits. At this period the young woman is especially sensitive, and many nervous troubles, which continue through life, have their origin at this time. If there be pain, headache, backache, and nervous disturbances, or the general health not good, the judicious use of medicine should be employed. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best restorative tonic and nervine at this time. The best bodily condition results from its use. It's a remedy specially indicated for those delicate weaknesses and derangements that afflict womenkind at one period or another. You'll find, that the woman who has faithfully used the "Prescription" is the picture of health, she *looks well* and she *feels well*.

In catarrhal inflammation, in chronic displacements common to women, where there are symptoms of backache, dizziness or fainting, bearing down sensations, disordered stomach, moodiness, fatigue, etc., the trouble is surely dispelled and the sufferer brought back to health and good spirits.

"WOMAN'S ILLS."

MRS. W. R. BATES, of *Dilworth, Trumbull Co., Ohio*, writes: "... years ago I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which has been a great help to me. I am in excellent health now. I hope that every woman who is troubled with women's ills, will try the 'Prescription' and be benefited as I have been."

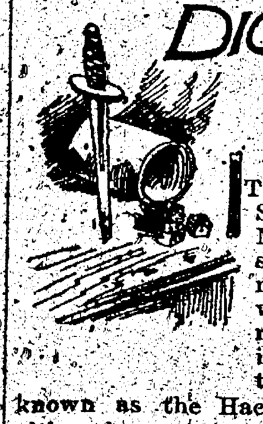
MRS. BATES.

WELL MACHINERY

... Have been tested and ...

Sioux City Engine & Iron Works, ... Sioux City, Iowa.
1217 Union Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

THE FATAL DICE BOX



It was night in the Sierra Madre of Mexico, and I swung in a hammock under the wide portico of a rude adobe building, my home for the time being, known as the Hacienda de Carmen, although not worthy of the name; so called, however, by the people of the camp, who dreamed, as myself, of the future of reduction works and numerous buildings to be erected from the proceeds of the white metal that we were gouging so slowly from the rocky fastness of nature. The house, built on a precipitous bluff that rose abruptly from the bed of the canyon, rested on the extreme edge and commanded a view down the wild, rocky gorge that stretched away some two miles to a small, mountain-hemmed valley lying thousands of feet below.

At the foot of the bluff a mountain stream rushed and bounded around and over boulders of gigantic size, and then gently fell in cascade after cascade into some deep, still pool, only to break away again and wind on down the canyon in its mad rush for the sea, seeming, in the glimmer of the moonlight, like some enormous silver snake. With the music of the waters came the soughing of the pines as the cool evening breeze swept gently up from the valley, bringing also a murmur of voices from the camp far below; and the shrill creaking of the whim as it revolved at the mouth of the shaft on the mountain side, where, in the glare of a pine wood fire, the dusky forms of the men could be seen as they tramped around and around, slowly winding on a massive drum a seemingly endless rope from the bowels of the earth. And as my hammock gently swayed I smoked, when—

"Buenos noche, senor," and I was called back to reality with a start, to find my foreman, Miguel Soza, with the report and time of the men for the day. After the accounts had been looked over and I was about to start on another visionary excursion up the Nile, Miguel, who had been for the past few moments leaning against the house and looking down on the camp, removed the inevitable cigarette from his lips and said:

"Caramba, senor! there is the devil to pay down in the camp. Senora Frenandez, the widow, is wild, senor; crazy about her pretty daughter, Mariquita, and that Indian chief Romulo, who was seen with her again to-day on the mountain. Chief! Yes, chief of the Tepewanes, but where are his people? Dead, gone all but a handful, and he is so poor. Senor—no maiz, no frijoles, and he is too

STOOD LIKE A STATUE OF BRONZE.

proud to work. Valgame Dios! it was a sad day for Mariquita when she went first to mass at the little church in Baborigame nearly three months ago. And, senor, it was there they first saw each other, and then he followed her here; and to think, senor, she has been meeting him again after her mother locked her up for a whole week, and gave her nothing to eat but a plate of frijoles and two tortillas each day! and to-night, senor, she cannot be found; she is not in the camp, and the mother—caramba! Listen, 'tis Mariquita." And from the trail on the side of the canyon came the strains of a Spanish love song, sung in a sweet, rich, girlish voice, accompanied by a guitar. The song swelled out upon the stillness of the night for a moment only, and then was broken by a woman's voice from the camp below:

"Mariquita! Mariquita! picarona, come here! Oh! God of my soul, that I should bring a daughter into the world to love a dog of an Indio! Valgame Dios! but a husband thou shalt have this night—ay, one that can give thy mother 100 pesos shalt have thee."

"Carrajo! Senor," said Miguel. "The old devil will sell her daughter. Well, well, I have seen it done before; but senor, the man—the man—there is no one in the camp—caramba! 100 pesos! no, senor, no one man has that much, los todos muy pobre Dios! will she raffle her?"

As he ceased speaking a woman's voice wailed out:

"Romula! Romula! Love of my heart! Save!" And as we listened from across the canyon came the echo, "Save!"

* * *

I approached the house, a long, sprawling building constructed of adobe and poles plastered with mud, and a few Indians gathered around the door made way, with the stolid indifference so peculiar to the race, and I entered a room lighted by two crude tallow dips stuck into the necks of bottles that rested on a small shelf. A table and a few chairs composed the furniture, while the walls were void of ornaments of any kind, with the exception of a cheap, highly colored print of the Madonna, and a rudely carved crucifix hanging above. Grouped around were some twenty men and women engaged in boisterous conversation, while in a corner opposite the door stood Mariquita, a girl of about 16, tall and beautiful, and possessing that languid grace which belongs only to women of the South. Her dress, a gown of soft material, bright red in color, had become deranged, and opening at the bosom exposed a white chemise that only partly concealed her heaving breasts; a wealth of dark hair fell in disorder far below her waist, and from a face oval in shape and of a rich, creamy complexion, flashed eyes as black as night. Her lips, carmine tinted, parted and showed little white teeth, grinding together in anger, as she stood, a child and yet a woman, receiving with silent scorn the storm of abuse which her mother poured forth in a perfect torrent of language.

As I reached the woman I asked if she really intended to raffle her daughter, for such, from the conversation, I judged to be her purpose.

"Si, senor—why not? Do I not find her a husband she will go with that diablo of an Indio, and I will lose her forever. No man here has one hundred pesos, and I am poor. Raffle her? Yes, why not! True, the priest will not be at Baborgame for three months, but what matter? She can marry then; it will be all the same."

In the meantime five of the miners had managed to obtain twenty pesos each, which they were anxious to risk for the purchase of Mariquita, and the money being handed over to the widow the dice was produced, and on the table that had been drawn into the center of the room the throwing began.

The first man to throw was Carlos Mendoza, a tall, swarthy-looking Mexican, who stood wrapped in a serape of orange and purple. His immense sombrero, resting on the back of his head, allowed a mop of coarse black hair to fall over his low forehead into his eyes. Raising the box, he brushed the hair aside, and after slowly rattling the dice threw in silence—sixteen. Again the dice rattled—thirteen; and again—seventeen; forty-six in all.

A murmur of applause from the spectators and Mendoza turned toward Mariquita, but something in her look quailed him and with a low laugh he turned to watch the throwing of his opponents. The box passed from one to another without avail and was now in the hands of the last thrower. Slowly he shook the dice and then threw—seventeen; again—eighteen. The excitement was now intense in the silence, broken only by the heavy breathing of the onlookers and a muttered curse from Mendoza as he drew his sombrero down over his eyes, the last throw was made; the box was lifted—two fours and an ace. Mendoza won and with a glad cry he sprang toward Mariquita, but before he could reach her there was a rush through the door, an arm passed around his neck and pressed his body slowly back; a flash of steel—a groan—again a flash of steel and the arm descended and Carlos Mendoza was dead on the floor. And there, with the knife still grasped in his hand, Romulo, the Indian, stood like a statue of bronze, naked but for a breechcloth; his limbs like polished mahogany and his eyes flashed fire from under his heavy dark hair that fell to his shoulders.

For one moment he stood; then there was a flash, the report of a revolver and Romulo tottered and sank to the floor, his back resting against the wall.

With a low cry of anguish Mariquita threw herself on her knees beside him, and while the tears coursed down her cheek she wiped away with her dress the blood that flowed from his lips and besought him to speak to her.

"Romulo! Romulo! Caro mio! Esposa mio! Speak to me! God in heaven, tell me you are not hurt, Romulo! Speak just one little word to Mariquita. Oh, God of my soul! Don't let him die!" And as Romulo looked into her eyes and tried to speak a tremor passed over him and the blood flowed again from his lips.

The heart-rending cry and Mariquita was on his breast with her arms around his neck. "Romulo! My life, if thou must go, take me, too."

With a superhuman effort the Indian raised himself, clasped her close with one arm, the other raised, and the steel flashed for the third time, and their souls passed into eternity together.

* * *

Romulo and Mariquita rest in the same grave on the canyon side beneath the pines, and a white stone cross marks the spot to this day.

The Canals of Mars.

A scientist, discussing the canals of Mars, is disposed to accept the view that only the middle of the canals is water. The great width of the visible dark lines is probably due to a fringe of vegetation. Indeed, he suggests the possibility that one ravine may carry two rivers flowing in opposite directions.

Christianity in Japan.

A Christian church in some parts of Japan cannot be established without the consent of the property owners in the neighborhood. In fact, a church has the same status a saloon has in a highly moral American village.

BOUND TO GET THE PIE.

How an Army of Ants Built a Bridge Over a Circle of Molasses.

The following story told by the Rocky Mountain News, is entitled to a place among the instances of intelligence among the lower animals. A cook was annoyed to find his pastry shelves attacked by ants. By careful watch it was discovered that they came out twice a day in search of food at about 7 in the morning and 4 in the afternoon. How were the pies to be protected against the invaders? He did not have long to wait, for at 3:50 o'clock he noticed that off in the left-hand corner of the pantry was a line of ants slowly making their way in the direction of the pies. They seemed like a vast army coming forth to attack an enemy. In front was a leader, which was larger than any of the others, and which always kept a little ahead of his troops. They were of the sort known as the medium-sized red ant, which is regarded as the most intelligent of its kind, whose scientific name is formica rubra. About forty ants out of the 500 stepped out and joined the leader. The general and his aids held a council and then proceeded to examine a circle of molasses. Certain portions of it seemed to be assigned to different ants, and each selected unerringly the points in the section under his charge where the stream of molasses was narrowest. Then the leader made his tour of inspection. The order of march was given, and the ants all made their way to a hole in the wall at which the plastering was loose. Here they broke ranks and set about carrying pieces of plaster to the place in the molasses which had been agreed upon as the narrowest. To and fro they went from the nail hole to the molasses, until at 11:30 they had thrown a bridge across. Then they formed themselves in line again and marched over, and by 11:45 every ant of the foraging expedition was contentedly eating pie.

In the Good Old Days.

American watering places sixty years ago were few and small because leisure was not so common then as now, and Americans cautiously permitted to themselves the indulgence of luxuries. Bedford Springs was then perhaps the most famous inland resort. Everybody at Bedford rose at 7 o'clock to drink the waters, exercised an hour and had breakfast at 8; filled in the morning riding, driving, sewing, fishing, shooting, billiards, politics, flirtation, and what not; dined at 2; passed the afternoon much as the morning; supped at 7; danced from 8:30 to 11 and went to bed before midnight. The orchestra was made up of a German and his five or six sons.

The "Angelic Voice."

Luigi Gambra, a piano tuner and repairer of Constantinople, has invented a new musical instrument, which has the appearance of a miniature upright piano. The hammers, however, which the keys set in motion are not felt or leather bound, but metal tipped, and strike instead of strings, thin plates or tongues of steel. The sound produced is very pure and delicate though not very powerful. He calls it the "Angelic Voice," and will present it to the sultan of Turkey, in token of gratitude for the consideration which has been shown him by the imperial court from the days of Sultan Abdul Medjid.

An Enormous Fish.

A sunfish weighing one ton 800 weight is very likely to be one of the largest, if not actually the largest, in existence of that species. This is the weight of a sunfish which was caught by three boatmen in the service of the Melbourne harbor trust, and reported by the last mail. The monster measured eleven feet around its body. The men were engaged working at the pier at Williamstown at the time of the capture, and it caused them no little exertion to land their unique prize.

A Knot in His Tail.

Zeke Clotts of Mobile, Ala., is the owner of an ox with a natural knot in the middle of his tail. Several veterinary surgeons have tried to untie it, but their efforts caused the animal to emit a strange, hoarse cry. The tail is so shortened that it is practically valueless to switch off the flies.

A Flying Lizard.

The pterodactyls, it appears are not yet all dead. Mr. E. M. McGrath says, in the London Spectator, that a small flying lizard is still to be found on the southwest coast of India, of which he had some stuffed specimens — given away, however, years ago, to a distinguished naturalist.

How Soldiers Sleep.

A French physician who accompanied a detachment of 235 soldiers for six months for the purpose of making observations on their manner of sleeping found that 37 per cent habitually slept on their right side, 23 on their left and 6 per cent on the back.

A Peculiar Death at a Navy Yard.

Two men at work on an iron ship at the Norfolk navy yard were killed by electricity recently, though there was no visible lightning flash. The ship acted as a condenser and conductor and poured the current through the men who were standing in water.

A Custom to Be Applauded.

"After his election to congress did he affect the legislation of the country for good?"

"Yes; both houses adjourned for a day when he died."—Life.

Do You Wish the Finest Bread and Cake?

It is conceded that the Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest of all the baking powders.

The purest baking powder makes the finest, sweetest, most delicious food.

The strongest baking powder makes the lightest food.

That baking powder which is both purest and strongest makes the most digestible and wholesome food.

Why should not every housekeeper avail herself of the baking powder which will give her the best food with the least trouble?

Dr. Haines, of Rush Medical College, Consulting Chemist of the Chicago Board of Health, says: "Royal is not only the purest, but the strongest baking powder with which I am acquainted."

To Fat to Walk.

Sitting as a profession would seem a novelty, but that is the profession followed by a man in Indianapolis. His name is Harry Jennings. He weighs 360 pounds and his good nature is in proportion to his superabundance of flesh. So fat is he that walking is almost out of the question, but he manages to go from place to place where he serves at his profession. He has several customers, they are men who conduct offices, but who employ no clerks, and in order to keep their offices while they go to lunch or other meals, employ Jennings to occupy a chair and attend to business which may "drop in" during their absence. One of these offices has a telephone, and Jennings takes a seat at the telephone where he will not have to stir during the hour he is on duty. His great pleasure is to sit in a revenue position in a chair with his chin resting on the back. He will sit this way for hours without hardly moving. He draws a pension for obesity.

A Floral Mystery.

The Chinese, Japanese and Siamese are particularly skillful at botanical feats. One of their wonderful achievements is known as the "changeable rose." This bloom is white in the shade and red in the sunlight. After night or in a dark room this curiosity of the rose family is a pure white blossom. When transferred to the open air the transformation immediately steps in, the time of the entire change of the flower from white to the most sanguine of sanguine hues depending on the degree of sunlight and warmth. First the petals take on a kind of washed or faded blue color, and rapidly change to a faint blush of pink. The pink gradually deepens in hue until you find your lilly-white rose of an hour before is as red as the reddest peony that ever bloomed.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed.

A Brown Paper Magnet.

Poker World: A very simple and interesting electrical experiment may be made with a sheet of brown paper, illustrating in a remarkable manner how most astonishing effects may be produced by the simplest means. Take a sheet of coarse brown paper, and after holding it before the fire until it is perfectly dry, fold it up into a long strip of about two inches wide. The magnet is now complete. To exhibit its attractive power, cut some strips of writing paper about three inches long and about as wide as one of these lines, then place them on the table, three or four together. Now take the magnet and draw it, briskly under the arm three or four times; its electro-magnetism is instantly developed, and becomes apparent when held over the small strips of writing paper, for they fly up from the table towards the paper magnet veritably "by the wings of lightning."

"Now," said she, after she had concluded a vigorous spanking for wilfulness, "I hope you have changed your mind." "No, mamma," he sobbed, "I always said I'd rather be spanked by you than kissed by any other lady in town, and I think so yet."

"Yes," said the proprietor of the barber shop, "he was a very good barber, but we had to let him go. He didn't understand the business." "What did he do?" "He forgot to say to a bald-headed customer that his hair needed trimming to-day."

"I never saw any signs of such meanness in Hobbles." "You don't know him. Why, he gave his wife a life insurance policy executed in her favor as a Christmas present last year and ever since then he has been practicing a regimen conducive to longevity."

He Was Overcome.

He called himself a commercial traveler, but vulgar people style him a drummer. He walked into a hotel office and proceeded to place his several pieces of luggage in the keeping of a son of Ham. Then he carelessly took up a pen and was registering his name when a good-sized sample of the cimex lectularius made its way slowly across the page of the register. The drummer stopped suddenly, and, after taking a long look at the insect, he cried: "Well, I've traveled all over the United States, and put up at all sorts of hotels, but I'm blessed if this isn't the first house I ever struck where those things come down-stairs and find out the number of a fellow's room."

He said to her: "The moon is always just the same, and yet I always find some new beauty in it." She said to him: "It's just so with the circus." He bought tickets for two.

Make Your Own Bitters!

Steketee's Dry Bitters.

One package of Steketee's Dry Bitters will make one Gallon of the best bitters known; will cure indigestion, pains in the stomach, fever and ague. Acts upon the Kidneys and Bladder; the best tonic known. Sold by druggists or sent by mail, postage prepaid. Price 30 cts. for single, or two packages for 50 cts. U. S. stamps taken in payment. Address GEO. G. STEKETEE, Grand Rapids, Mich.

LIZZIE HAMPTON, a colored woman living in Union county, South Carolina, gave birth to two children of the Siamese-twin order. They are joined together by a union of the breast-bone, having but one navel, but supposed to have two sets of intestines confined in one cavity. They are living and attracting much attention.

Karl's Clover Root Tea,

The great Blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation. 25c., 50c., $1.

France has an anti-tobacco league, and the president of the affair has cordially endorsed the elevation of M. Casimir-Perier to the chief magistracy of the republic because the latter is not a smoker. "He does, occasionally, it is true, dip his hand into a cigarette box, but after a whiff or two he throws the poisonous weed away."

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

A FEW weeks ago some miners discovered in the mountains near Bonanza City, Idaho, the mammoth head and horns of a mountain ram firmly imbedded in a pine tree some eighteen inches in diameter. The tree had grown around the head, leaving the horns protruding. As the horns are some twenty feet from the ground, everybody is speculating as to how that ram got its head into the tree at such an elevation.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

THE finest floors are said to be seen in Russia. For those of the highest grade tropical woods are exclusively employed. Fir and pine are never used, as in consequence of their sticky character they attract and retain dust and dirt, and thereby soon become blackened. Pitch pine, too, is liable to shrink, even after being well seasoned. The mosaic wood floors in Russia are of extraordinary beauty.

TAN and FRECKLES warranted to be removed by No. 277,840. Sent by mail with instructions, on receipt of price, 50c, by SNOW, LUND & CO., Omaha, Neb.

A NEGRO, after gazing at some Chinese, shook his head and solemnly said: "If de white folks be so dark as dat out dar, I wonder what's de color of de black folks?"

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine.

Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Chilblains, Piles, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

Positive opinions are not easily purchased.

There is no way of getting children to be good like showing them how.

Billiard Table, second-hand. For sale cheap. Apply to or address, H. C. AKIN, 511 S. 12th St., Omaha, Neb.

Use ST. JACOBS OIL FOR PAINS

RHEUMATIC, NEURALGIC, SCIATIC,

And all the World Knows the CURE is SURE.

DROPSY

TREATED FREE.

Positively Cured with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured thousands of cases. Cure cases pronounced hopeless by best physicians. From first dose symptoms disappear; in ten days at least two-thirds all symptoms removed. Send for free book testimonials of miraculous cures. Ten days' treatment free by mail. If you order trial send 10c in stamps to pay postage. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Atlanta, Ga. If you order trial return this advertisement to us.

PISO'S CURE FOR

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

W N U, Omaha—41, 1894

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention this Paper.

The Table Rock Argus.

F. H. TAYLOR, PROPRIETOR.

Issued every Friday Morning at TABLE ROCK, NEBRASKA.

$1.00 Per Year, In Advance.

BOLTS in democratic circles are the rule these days.

STAND up for Nebraska, by voting the republican ticket.

PENNSYLVANIA'S war governor, Geo. Curtin died last week.

JOHN M. THURSTON will speak at Pawnee City on Saturday, November 3rd, in the afternoon.

"It dosen't require any brains to be a democrat."—Judge Holcomb in his Table Rock speech.

MCKINLEY received an invitation to deliver speeches in Louisiana signed by forty-eight formerly prominent democrats.

J. J. BERNARD will vote to maintain the credit of Nebraska, when called upon to cast a ballot for United States senator.

AT HIS home in Boston on Monday, Oliver Wendell Holmes, died, at the age of 85 years. He was one of the best known of American writers.

NOT a word can be said against the character of a man on the republican county ticket. Individually and collectively they represent the intellegent progressive citizenship of the county.

THE voters of Pawnee county will be called upon to vote on whether we shall have township organization in this precinct or not, a petition asking for it having been presented to the commissioners.

THE Press this week opens its campaign by a humiliating apology to Dave Meeker, and turning its mudslinging apparatus on Table Rock citizens. If it has any idea of making democratic populist votes by abusing our citizens, go ahead.

THURSTON, has accepted Bryan's challenge, the first one to take place at Lincoln on next Tuesday. It will be a great debate, Bryan enjoys the reputation of being a brilliant logical speaker, and Thurston is the pride of the state for his brilliancy.

HERR MOST has at last found something to do that he can do well, asked to take part in a theatrical performance in New York city a few days ago, he consented and secured a hit. His lines were in harmony with his views, and he played the part well.

A REPUBLICAN rally will be held at the Frank school house tomorrow evening at which H. C. Lindsay, Wm. Sutton, J. J. Bernard and others will speak and the Pawnee City quartette will furnish music. Everybody in the neighborhood invited to come out.

THE republican candidate for commissioner, John F. Wenzl, is a competent business man, and takes his practical knowledge and commonsense with him, when transacting business for the county. He is honest and believes in progressiveness—two essentials in making a good commissioner.

THERE was no mud-slinging in this campaign until the Press came out this week, with its mud-mill opened on William Sutton. There were a few votes scattered around these parts that we rather counted against him, but if the Press keeps up its system of campaigning, it will be for him unanimously over here.

A JAIL proposition will be submitted to the voters of Pawnee county at the next general election. Among the people of Table Rock there is a difference of opinion as to the advisability of building a jail at this time, but the requisite number of signers having precluded a petition to the commissioners asking for the submission of the question to the people, it will be done and it now rests with the voters of the county to say whether it shall be built or not.

OTOE in Hall county the republicans have nominated W. H. Harrison for member of the legislature. Two years ago he was the nominee but the opposition fused against him, and he was defeated, although he made the combine at that time a hard fight, and the majority against him was small. This year the chances of his election are much better, and it is predicted he will "walk over with both feet." Hank is a wide-awake, public spirited fellow, a splendid business man and would prove himself a most efficient legislator.

LIBERAL religious thought lost one of its greatest champions, Wednesday of last week in the death of Prof. David Swing, of Chicago. In 1871 Prof. Swing was porter of a Presbyterian church in Chicago; charges of heresy were preferred against him; in the presbytery the charges were not sustained, but they were carried to the synod, and Prof. Swing resigned, and an independent church was established of which he has always been pastor, and winning a fame second to no preacher in America.

THE Republicans of Table Rock hired the hall at that place and thereby prevented the people of that town from listening to Bryan's Wednesday night.—Pawnee Independent.

This is in line with the "facts" usually published by populists papers. The real facts were that the republican club's regular meeting night was on Wednesday and it gave way to the home dramatic company; then the demo-pops billed Bryan, but the dramatic company refused to give up the opera house to them, and that was all there was to it, except that the Bryan bills were called in although another hall was offered the demo-pops for their meeting. The story that the republican club kept Bryan from speaking in Table Rock is false, and is only told by those who wish to create unminted sympathy for Bryan.

THE demo-pops of Pawnee county contemplated a surprise on Table Rock last Saturday, but the surprise was mostly in their own household. For ten days the demo-pop workers in all parts of the county had been making a house to house canvass to work up a big delegation for the Holcomb-Weir meeting, Saturday afternoon and about 2 o'clock the result made its appearance on our streets—there being thirty or forty wagons well filled with people. They marched around the square to the tune of "Nebraska Land," inappropriately sung by a dozen young girls in the lead wagon, to the accompaniment of and accordion industriously played by a chap from Frog Pond Hollow. One who stood on the corner and watched the delegation unload counted forty-one voters in the "big delegation," and Judge Davis, who presided over the meeting said there were 128 persons in the crowd. They flocked into the opera house and Mayor Weir talked for a while, but failed to arouse much enthusiasm, and and then the fusion candidate for governor was introduced and for an hour and a half held, down the boards, as he patted the pops on the back and swipped the democrats lick after lick in the face. We suppose it was a big time, and we are pefectly willing the pops should have all the consolation that comes from its "great and glorious success."

HE GETS THE LUXRIES FREE.

From Gov. McKinley's Omaha Speech, Thursday.—

"But they tell us that the law of 1894 is better than the law of 1890. Better for whom? Has it increased wages? (Cries of 'No,' 'no.') How many men employed in 1892 are at work? (A voice, 'Not one in ten.')

Better than the law of 1890? Why, under the law of 1890 every factory in the United States was running. Every man who wanted to work had the opportunity to do so at good wages. The country never saw such prosperity as it enjoyed in the two years and a half that the law was in operation. Whatever mistake there might have been in the law of 1890 were in favor of the American workingman. The 790 mistakes in the present law are every one in favor of the foreign manufacturer. They put $41,000,000 on the free list, of which nearly $18,000,000 was wool, $9,000,000 lumber, and the remainder on manufactured articles and palutings and statuary. The republican tariff law of 1890 put more than $112,000,000 worth of products on the free list, of which $55,000,000 was on sugar. We put on the free list everthing that we did not and could not produce and put a tariff on everything we could and did produce.

See how thoughtful the democratic tariff reformers have been for the welfare of the American workingman. They have reduced the tariff on leaf tobacco, Havana cigars and French brandy, all prime necessities to every household. They have reduced the tariff on laces, embroideries, silks, plushes, velvets, paintings, and statuary, pearl buttons and kid gloves, plate and cut glass and opium for smoking. What comfort and what cheer to the millions of households of the plain people. What burdens have been rolled away from the shoulders of the workingmen. They have statuary free, even if they do have to pay a tariff on sugar, and they can import their statuary and ostrich feathers free of duty." (Laughter and applause.)

PROTECTION INCREASED WAGES AND REDUCED THE COST OF LIVING.

It is often asserted by the free traders that protection favors only the manufacturer but not the laborer. But history shows that it also greatly benefits the laborer. During the free trade times before 1860 the pay of a common laborer was only 50 cents a day and in the south only 25 cents, while at present it is from $1 to $1.50 per day. The increase of the laborer's wages brought about during the 30 years of protection after 1860. In this growth it has been continual. During the last 10 years from 1880 to 1890 these wages increased as they did before. From the census statistics the Chicago Inter Ocean makes the following statement of facts.

"In the industry of agricultural implements there were employed in 1880, 30,580 persons and in 1890, 42,544. The wages paid in 1880 amounted to $15,359,619, and in 1890 to $21,811,761. A little computation will show that the average in 1880, onfitting the cents, was $388 per year, and in 1890, $512, a difference in favor of the employe of $125 each, a gain during the decade of $12 a year, or on an average, $1 a month. In that line of manufactures, certainly, the wage worker could not say that protection benefitted the bosses only.

It may be said that this was only one instance. Let us see how the the figures stand for all industries combined. In 1880 there were 2,752,595 employes, drawing in wages $947,953,795, and in 1890, 4,712,623, drawing in wages $2,283,216,529. In other words, in 1880 the average was $346, per year, for each employe, and in 1890 it was $484—an increase of $138 for the ten years. It will be observed that this is a still better showing for the whole line of industry than for the first in the list.

These are only specimen of facts. Each industry can be figured out with exactness, leaving no room for baseless and empty generalizations. The time has gone by when glittering sophistries can deceive the working men of this country. Hard and unassailable statistics are a standing refutation of free trade theories and downright misrepresentations."

But now comes Franklin McVeagh a democratic candidate for congress from Chicago and admits that the laborers at present get more money than formerly, but insists, that it costs so much more to live that he was really worse off. This assertion, however, is refuted by the "American Grocer," a reliable trade paper, which in its 25th anniversary paper gives a review of the changes in prices of groceries during the last quarter of a century. This review shows that during the last 25 years nearly all prices of necessaries of living have gone down. The prices given are wholesale prices. The table is as follows:

	1869	1894
Flour per bbl	$ 6.62	3.30
Sugar, per lb	13⅞	04⅜
Coffee, per lb	15⅞	18⅞
Tea, per lb	.59	.20¾
Rice, per lb	.06¾	.04½
Mess beef, per bbl	11.41	8.19
Mess pork, per bbl	31.04	13.80
Lard, per lb	18½	.07⅝
Butter, per lb	.25½	.25½
Cheese, per lb	.14	.10⅜
Can'd tomat's No. 3, doz	2.10	.95
Can'd corn, No. 2, doz	2.75	.80
Can'd peaches, No. 3 d	3.50	1.30
Can'd salmon, No. 1, d	3.75	1.55

It will be observed that the only increase is in the price of coffee a staple for which we are wholly dependent upon importation and on which there is no duty. Free trade is enjoyed in coffee, also in tea. The duty was taken off both soon after the war. Butter is the only article in the list which shows no fluctuation. The greatest reduction is in sugar, with lard and mess pork next and flour and canned goods not far behind. The truth is that the necessities of life cost about twice as much twenty-five years ago, and this holds true in wearing apparel as well as in food.

The only sense in which the cost of living has increased is in the fact that between the increase of wages and the decrease of prices the working men have come to live very much better than formerly. the jewsharp and accordion have given place to the piano, and instead of mess pork for his heaviest meal the wage earner has come to look upon roast beef as an every day dish. But if the free-trade policy should be carried out and made permanent the homes and tables of the laboring men would again be barren of luxuries, and even the necessaries of life would severely tax the resources of the average wage-worker.—Inter Ocean.

DAVID BENNETT HILL has accepted the democratic nomination for governor of New York, but Gaynor refuses to run on the same ticket with Hill and has declined the position to which he was nominated.

It has been our aim since buying the Stock of HADWARE AND FURNITURE, *of Wheeler Bros., to fill the building with Good Goods, pertaining to a First Class Stock of*

HARDWARE, FURNITURE and Undertaking GOODS.

Our Stock is now complete.

We are now in position to sell you Good Goods as cheap as any firm in Pawnee county or any other County.

Our Hardware Stock is full. And we carry the largest stock of Furniture and Carpets in the city.

We do all kinds of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron work.

Also repairing of all kinds.

We cordially invite all our old customers and all new ones to call and see us whether you want to buy or not.

Very Truly Yours,

TILLOTSON & LINSLEY.

NEVER were Table Rock republicans so well-organized as they are for this campaign. The meetings of the republican club are well attended, and invaribly fill the opera house. We must continue our work up to the evening of November 6th. And we must go to the polls on election day and vote the straight republican ticket.

B. Real Estate, L.
INSURANCE, and LOAN.
A. E. PEECK
INS. CO.

DR. C. C. COVERT — R. W. HOOD.
COVERT & HOOD.
DENTISTS.
Office over S. G. Wrights, Drug Store
TABLE ROCK, - - NEB.

JOHN N. GERE POST NO. 105, DEPARTMENT OF NEBRASKA, G. A. R.
Meets Saturday evening on or before full moon.
N. B. THOMSON, C. — J. B. PEPOON, A. J. T.

Lindsay & Harrison,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
PAWNEE CITY, NEB.
Collections a specialty. Office, in Hooper block.

G. W. Baker,
Dealers in
Flour and Feed Stuff
We have the different makes of the Humboldt and Steinauer mills and expect to have others soon. Call in and see us.

TONSORIAL
PARLORS
SHAVING,
HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING
Done to order in neatest style.
L. E. FERREL, - - - Proprietor.

THE
OMAHA WEEKLY BEE
12 pages each week
From Now to Nov. 15
covering the entire campaign
For 10 Cents
Send Stamps or Silver to
THE OMAHA BEE,
OMAHA, NEB.

E. C. PHILLIPS
NOTARY PUBLIC
AND INSURANCE AGENT.
Represents the New York Life and the Home Fire of Omaha.
Special attention given to collections.

THE FASHION
BARBER SHOP
WEST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE.
First Class Shave
10 CENTS.
With Clean Towel and Bay Rum.
Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty.
S. D SHRINER, - - Proprietor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH Sunday services, Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Class after morning service. Epworth League at 2:30. and Bible class at 3 p. m. Teachers meeting Wednesday evening at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 p. m.
J. D. LONGWELL, Superintendent. — P. O. JOHNSON, Pastor.

TABLE ROCK HARNESS SHOP,
L. S. FELLERS, Proprietor.
Has a Large Stock of the Best Makes of
HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS,
Whips, Sweat Pads, Blankets
And Everything usually kept - in - a - First - Class - Harness - Shop.
In Prices I meet all competition for the same Quality of Goods and when you want anything in my line, I respectfully invite you to call and see my Goods.
L. S. FELLERS.

O. D TIBBETS,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Special attention given to my
SHOE DEPARTMENT
Having built on a Grocery department, I am better prepared to give you satisfaction in that line than any place in town.
TEA A SPECIALTY
IT IS TO THE INTEREST OF CASH BUYERS TO TRADE WITH ME. PRODUCE TAKEN EXCHANGE. SOUTHEAST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE.

DO YOU WANT
FARM MACHINERY?
If so, call and see me, for I have just recieved a large invoice of all kinds of
FARM IMPLEMENTS.
Bain and Olds Wagons.
The Best Makes of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES AND SPRING WAGONS,
A Fine Line of LISTERS, PLOWS, *also a lot of* MILLET SEED.
In Price I can save you Money.
CHAS. NEADER,
Brick Building West of State Bank, Table Rock, Nebraska.

YOU WANT A FENCE!
THEN SEE
Lewis Fellers,
Who Can Furnish You the
Best Fence on Earth!
At the Lowest Prices.
WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH OAK PICKETS
Strong and Durable, making a handsome appearance. I am also prepared to
SAW LUMBER FOR ALL WHO WANT IT DONE
At Reasonable Figures.
LEWIS FELLERS.

Frank Zelenka, jr.
AGENT FOR THE
New Huber Thrashing MACHINE.
ONE OF THE BEST MACHINES MADE.
Will steam with less fuel than any other Thresher made.
I will be pleased to give Prices and show Machine, and most cordially invite persons contemplating buying to call and see me.
FRANK ZELENKA.

[illegible] money at home.

[illegible] is the absorbing game.

[illegible] machines go to Andrew [illegible]

[illegible] rent. Inquire of W. H. [illegible]

[illegible] Craig for way down prices [illegible] rock.

[illegible] cleaned and repaired; will [illegible] my work. S. H. DOPP.

[illegible] Round Oak heaters at [illegible] Brothers.

[illegible] Air-Tight heater for sale [illegible] Brothers.

[illegible] Charley Norris is letting [illegible] whiskers grow.

[illegible] window glass of S. G. [illegible] he keeps all sizes.

[illegible] fly when William Pang [illegible] after Fred Hassler.

[illegible] Beach ranges and cook [illegible] sale by Andrew Brothers.

[illegible] stationery and school Sup[illegible] Wright's Gilt Edge Drug [illegible]

[illegible] Greenwood of Nelson was [illegible] vicinity Wednesday buying [illegible]

[illegible] A. Holmes and her son, J. [illegible] left Thursday afternoon for [illegible] City.

[illegible] & Linsley has a large [illegible] of 8 inch well and drain [illegible] sale cheap.

[illegible] is here from Arapahoe [illegible] of the family of his son, [illegible] G. B. Skinner.

[illegible] week a baby girl came to the [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Thomas [illegible] are doing well.

[illegible] Treasurer Nye and County [illegible] Little attended the Strode-[illegible] meeting Tuesday even-[illegible]

[illegible] Moore of Peru, was in the [illegible] Tuesday. He drove over with [illegible] brother-in-law, Rev. Price, of Elk [illegible]

[illegible] reference to our advertising [illegible] you will see that the Wood [illegible] Company have something [illegible] to tell you.

[illegible] A. Miller, of Marshall county, [illegible] is town a day or two this [illegible] on Wednesday he and E. [illegible] left for Axtell, Kas.

[illegible] G. R. Martin returned Monday [illegible] Stamford. She reports the new [illegible] Frank Linn's a fine fellow—[illegible] enough now to down [illegible] dad.

[illegible] of those sky-scraping build-[illegible] New York fell in the other [illegible] people were buried [illegible] debris, about a dozen of [illegible] were killed.

[illegible] are out announcing the mar-[illegible] of Miss Berta Jennings to [illegible] McBride of Pawnee City, to [illegible] at the home of the bride's [illegible] on Tuesday evening.

[illegible] E. E. Linn left on Saturday [illegible] where she went to [illegible] acquaintance of her young [illegible] William McKinley Linn, [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. Frank Linn.

[illegible] Wood, who has been making [illegible] with his trotting horse Dia-[illegible] We understand that Diadem [illegible] second or better in every race [illegible] he started, while on this [illegible]

[illegible] pleasant social affair was the [illegible] given last evening by Miss [illegible] Wright to a number of her [illegible] The young folks passed a [illegible] evening in games, mu-[illegible]

[illegible] Beach ranges and cook [illegible] for sale by Andrew Brothers.

[illegible] blow in your money at other [illegible] and then come home and tell [illegible] "cheap" you bought this or that, [illegible] ninety-nine times out of a [illegible] our home merchants would [illegible] you a better article for less [illegible]

[illegible] ladies of the Christian Church [illegible] supper and oysters Tuesday [illegible] The supper and oysters [illegible] to their usual standard of [illegible] which these ladies always [illegible] We did not learn the finan-[illegible]

[illegible] your window glass of S. G. [illegible] he keeps all sizes.

[illegible] J. W. Ord, now engaged in [illegible] business at Kalona, Iowa. [illegible] in marriage to Miss [illegible] former teacher at the Peru, [illegible] on the 17th of last [illegible] numerous friends here [illegible] their heartiest congratu-[illegible] best wishes for life's [illegible] to follow them.

[illegible] Air-Tight heater for sale [illegible] Brothers.

[illegible] hunting party left here [illegible] Arkansas [illegible] It consisted of G. E. [illegible] Wood, James Purcell, [illegible] Conklin and J. W. [illegible] and every in [illegible] prosperously and [illegible] don't kill a dozen [illegible] to come [illegible] They expect to [illegible] at any rate.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Get your window glass of S. G. Wright; he keeps all sizes.

Apple buyers from abroad have been numerous this week.

If you want a bed-room suit Tillotson & Linsley's is the place to buy it.

Books, stationery and school supplies at Wright's Gilt Edge Drug Store.

The Table Rock foot ball team will go to Pawnee City to-morrow for a practice game with the team there.

Moore's Air-Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of John R. Sutton and Miss Althea Knepper at Crete on October 17th.

Get your window glass of S. G. Wright; he keep all sizes.

The many friends of Mrs. W. C. Fellers will be pleased to know she has recovered sufficiently as to be able to ride out some.

If you want a baby buggy go to Tillotson & Linsley's.

The county Convention at Violet will be the 17th and 18th of October instead of the 16th and 17th, as first intended. Delegates will please take note.

Get your window glass of S. G. Wright; he keeps all sizes.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Ward fell into a wash boiler of water one day last week and was taken out just in time to keep it from drowning.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

Miss Jennie Purcell says she did not give up the part she was to take in the play the "Fruits of his Folly," but that she failed to get to rehearsal one night and the part was given to another.

Scholars Attention!

Go to S. G. Wright's for your tablets and fine stationery.

This week the Elk Creek Sentinel announced that it had appeared for the last time. Lack of support the reason. The material will be taken to Strang, where Bro. Ovenden will publish a paper.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

Wednesday morning a box car at the depot was discovered to be on fire but quick work extinguished it before much damage was done. Tramps are supposed to have started the fire.

Get your prescriptions filled by S. G. Wright; he can fill any reasonable recipe.

Harry Mason, an experienced clothing man, has accepted and entered upon the duties of salesman for the Wood Clothing Co., where he will be pleased to meet all his old friends and make as many new ones as possible.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Mrs. Nancy Taylor and Mrs. Margaret Wheeler returned last week from a visit with old time friends at Nemaha City. Many of their old acquaintances and friends had crossed death's river since their previous visit.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

The delinquent tax list of Pawnee county is being published now and the sales will begin November 5th. If you can possibly raise the money you had better pay it if your property is in the list, as it is expensive to redeem it after it has once been sold.

Get your prescriptions filled by S. G. Wright, he can fill any reasonable recipe.

STAMFORD, Oct. 10—I am too busy to write this week, Frank is rushed with work so we hardly see him by daylight at all. Mertie and the boy are doing as well as can be. A Mrs. Coffey, of this place, gave birth to a fifteen-pound girl yesterday. I expect to come home the last of this week if all is well. E. E. LINN.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

I am now prepared to furnish Apple Barrels at Prices that will astonish the natives. For particulars call at the Table Rock cooper shop.
G. M. SHUTT.

W. A. Griffing has sold his Valley Lawn farm in Clear Creek precinct and bought the Sycamore Springs in Kansas. He will take and give possession as soon after his sale as possible. Art has been a resident of Pawnee county over thirty years and his familiar face will be greatly missed. Everybody hopes he will do well in his new venture.

SCHOLARS ATTENTION.

Go to S. G. Wright's for your tablets and fine stationery.

W. A. Ecker, owner of the old hotel building on the east side of the square, was in town Wednesday and Thursday.

Moore's Air Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

Fon Davidson, who has been going with the merry-go-round, since the Table Rock company sold it, returned home to-day.

Do you know that Tillotson & Linsley always have gasoline for sale.

FOR SALE—A six-room house in Table Rock near depot, cheap for cash or will take stock in part payment if taken within the next ten days. W. A. MOODY.

Georgie W. Prather, the populist candidate for county attorney in Franklin county, has brought suit against the editor of the Riverton Review for slander and defamation of character. He asks for $2,000 damages.

F. H. Brovles, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Table Rock, Neb.

The thanks of this office are due to Ben Heer for a sack of splendid apples—the Ben Davis variety. Ben has 1500 bushels for sale, and the buyer may be assured of getting good apples.

Genuine Round Oak heaters at Andrew Brothers.

E. A. Adams has bought the Fashion barber shop from S. D. Shriner and took possession of it this week. He also bought E. S. Brown's shop in the Luzerne hotel, and Mr. Brown has gone to Wymore.

See N. A. Craig for way down prices on building rock.

L. F. Britt, presiding elder, J. W. Swan, Humboldt, Rev. Price, Elk Creek, were in town Monday and with Dr. Johnson, arranged the program for the ministerial meeting to be held here Nov. 13, 14 and 15.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

"Eight pounds! eight pounds!" was the reply Charley Linn made to all questions asked him Monday and he only meant that a sweet baby girl of that weight had made its appearance at his home that morning. Mother and babe are doing well.

Bridge Beach ranges and cook stoves for sale by Andrew Brothers.

$100,000 TO LEND ON FARMS BY THE STATE BANK OF TABLE ROCK AT SEVEN PER CENT. BORROWER HAVING THE OPTION OF REPAYING WHOLE OR PART AT ANY TIME. NO COMMISSIONS.

The 17-year-old son of J. A. Orr of Scotts Bluff county tried to ride a horse and carry a pitchfork at the same time. He carried the fork all right, but two of the tines pierced his side and made a wound that nearly proved fatal. The horse stumbled and fell.

When the democratic party was fighting to get control of national affairs they told us the necessaries of life should not be taxed. When the democratic party gained control of national affairs they took the tax off of diamonds and put it on sugar. What a queer idea the democrats have of what the necessaries of life are.—St. Joe Herald.

Brother Howe, of the Orab Orchard Herald dropped in on us yesterday, and he was feeling as gay and frisky as a colt, and able to go to work with ambition and vim, for he just enjoyed a wedding feast of which he had put in stock enough to keep his digestive apparatus steadily employed for six months.

Ray Tabor, a 3-year old boy living at Bennett, fell into a cistern the other day, but was discovered by his 5 year old sister, who held his head above water until 6-year-old Eddie Jones came along and helped her to pull the baby out. The only harm done was wetting the little one's clothes.

Every citizen has a duty to perform in developing the resources of Table Rock and that duty consists in part saying a good word for our industries, buying everything you can of our home dealers and doing everything you can toward making the prosperity and happiness of your neighbor. Will you do it?

Moore's Air Tight heater for sale by Andrew Brothers.

E. A. Hansen and W. L. Crissler went to South Fork last week on a fishing expedition, and succeeded in landing about seventy five pounds of the finny tribe. They caught one fish that weighed nearly twelve pounds. The sorry part of their experience is that as they were getting ready to come home a couple of fellows stole all their fish.

The Managers of the Table Rock Reading Room desires to return their thanks to the public, for their very liberal patronage, at the recent Entertainment given by the Table Rock Dramatic Company and also to the Company for their great generosity in donating the net proceeds of the entertainment to the Library Fund. We bespeak for the company liberal reception if they visit any of our sister towns and can assure our friends that they will find the company equal if not superior to any of the traveling troops.

W. C. T. U.

FOR GOD, HOME AND HUMANITY.

Union met at Mrs. Griffing's. Mrs. Robertson, president conducted the devotionals, after which, committee on social reported a very enjoyable time and cash proceeds $3.66. Mrs. Linn resigned her position as secretary as she was going away for the winter, and Mrs. Robertson requested that her resignation be accepted, accordingly Mrs. Lydia Griffing was elected president and Mrs A. Fellers secretary. Mrs. Marble, Mrs. Richardson and Mrs. Fellers were elected delegates to the county convention to be held at Violet, October 17 and 18. Mrs. Linn gave brief report of some of the doings at the state convention, assuring us that the women were not disheartened or at all inclined to give up the work. A plan had been recommended by the executive committee and adopted by the convention whereby the Union Worker, our state paper might be assured of support, every member be posted in regard to the work. That is to send from the local treasury, 25 cents each for every member actually paying dues with the names of such members, to the state treasurer and each member will receive the Union Worker for the year. On motion the union adopted the recommendation and the secretary was instructed to draw the order and send in list of names at once. The treasurer reported a very pleasant social evening at Mrs Fellers on the 25th, the cash proceeds $3.66

Mrs. Taylor gave a very interesting account of the ways and means used to keep up the interest in the work at her home in Ohio and we all left thankful and encouraged by her talk.

The president elect, Mrs. Griffing, earnestly requested the members to assist her by attendance at the meetings, helpful suggestions and rediness to do, and report the work assigned them. The next meeting, October 15 will be a prayer meeting and each one present will please answer at roll call with some text they deem appropriate to the work. Mrs. Jennings, Mrs. Bray and Mrs Bailey were named as alternates to delegates to the convention.

Dissolution Notice.

The partership heretofore existing between Albert Karas and P. G. Hales under the firm name of Karas & Hales is this day dissolved by mutual consent. P. G. Hales retiring. The business will be conducted by Albert Karas who is authorized to collect all accounts and will pay all bills. Dated this 17th day of September 1894.

Signed { ALBERT KARAS, P. G. HALES.

W. C. Fellers, J. W. Cochran, A. J. Wheeler and Harry Freeman rode their bicycles to Marysville, Kansas, Wednesday to attend the races.

LOOK!

Over this list and you will See what S. G. WRIGHT Keeps for Sale.

Acids, 100 kinds,
Acetanalid,
Aconite.
Arsenic &c,
Amyl,
Antepyrine, &c,

Balsam and
Bark all Kinds,
Blue Mass,
Brazil Wood &c.,
Black Board Slating and Burgundy Pitch,

Calcium 20 kinds
Calomel and Camphor,
Carbon and Char Coal,
Copper,

Dragons Blood,

Elaterium,
Ergot,
Ether,
Extracts Flavoring &c.,

Flake White.

Gums—50 kinds,

Hoffmans Drops

Iodine,
Iron,

Lead—1 Doz. kinds,
Leptandrin,
Lithia,

Madder,
Magnesia,
Mercury,
Morphine.

OILS

Over 150 Different Kinds Including *8 kinds of Machine Oil. From 20c to 1.75 per Gallon Also Gasoline and Coal Oil, Harness Oil, and Painters Oils as well as Artists Oils and Tools.*

And a thousand and more things which we cannot mention for want of space.

All of which are sold at Living Prices; and respectfully invites the patronage of all classes of people.

I will not be UNDERSOLD

And can Fill Your PRESCRIPTIONS.

Yours Truly

S. G. WRIGHT.

DON'T YOU KNOW?

THAT

DR. W. H. WILSON

Has a large and complete stock of drugs, And is headquarters for Wall Paper, Paints, Oils, Books, Etc., also an elegant line of fancy goods.

Prescriptions Promptly Filled.

Next Wednesday evening the republican club will hold another public meeting to which the public is invited. There will be singing, recitations and Judge Tucker, of Humboldt, will be one of the speakers. It will be an interesting meeting and everybody who can is invited to attend.

Yesterday Roy Martin drove to the slaughter house, tied his team and was driving hogs into the pen when his horses became frightened, broke their fastenings, jumped a high fence and in doing so became detached from the wagon, and came tearing up town. John Beck saw them coming and succeeded in turning them into the livery stable. The damage done was slight.

Monday evening a crowd went from here to attend the republican meeting at Dubois. Part of the crowd went in Beck's two-seated carriage. Some of the fellows from Pawnee City went over in an old two-seated carriage and when it came time to go home the Pawnee fellows were given Beck's new carriage while our boys had to come home in the old one. The boys told Johnny they had run into a plow and his carriage had been broken to pieces and that they had borrowed the one they had to get home in. Johnny was considerably worked up for awhile and consequently was greatly relieved when on Tuesday evening the boys coming over from Pawnee to attend the rally here drove his new carriage into the barn.

See N. A. Craig for sand for building or plastering. Can furnish either.

TAKEN UP—a boar hog weighing about 200 pounds, black with four white feet, star in forehead, and three or four white spots on each side. Owner can have same by paying damages. JOHN PETRASHEK.

Mr. Alexander Sanderson, Choudrant, La., says: "Having used Ayer's Pills at least twenty-five years, I would says that for all diseases of the bowels, stomach and liver, which can be remedied by pills, these are always effective. They keep the system in perfect order."

On Tuesday, October 16th, W. A. Griffing will hold a public sale at Valley Lawn farm in Clear Creek precinct, and will sell his blooded stock consisting of 25 head of Red Polled cattle, 9 head of Shorthorn cattle, 5 head of horses and colts and 120 head of hogs; also a lot of farming tools. This will be a fine opportunity to get valuable stock at your own price. Don't forget the date, Tuesday, October 16th, 1894, commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and make your arrangements to attend.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Billous, Constipated, or troubled with Jaundice, sick Headache, Bad taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and Between the shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. Herbine will cure any disorder of the Liver Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Wright's Gilt Edge Drug Store.

Tuesday evening J. B. Strode, republican candidate for congress and ex-assistant secretary of the treasury, G. M. Lambertson, addressed a meeting of the citizens of Table Rock, in the opera house. Every seat in the house was occupied, and the aisles were filled with people. Committeeman White called the meeting to order and Dr. Wilson was elected chairman. Mr. Howard, the singer, sung a couple of selections and then our next congressman was introduced to the audience; for an hour he discoursed the issues between the two different parties, he declared himself in favor of the protective policy as champion ed by the republican party; was in favor of honest money, every dollar equal to every other dollar, and at the close of his address the cheer indicated that he had struck responsive chords in that audience; then Mr. Howard sung another song, followed by a selection by the Pawnee male quartette both being heartily encored. Then Hon. G. M. Lambertson was introduced and by wit and eloquence held the audience for over an hour as he ably discussed the issues. Then there was more singing by Mr. Howard and the quartette and the big audience dispersed.

Little May Nelson, the little girl who was injured in the cyclone last week died at eleven o'clock Tuesday night. A board had struck her in the head, just above the right ear and the end had crushed the skull in and injured the brain. Everything was done for her which laid within human power, but her little life ends inspite of all the efforts of her friends.—Pawnee Republican.

O. W. GRIFFING.

PLASTERER AND BRICKLAYER,

WALL and CEMENT CISTERNS and CELLARS, ARCH CAVES, and BUILD FLUES

Having had 15 years experience in the business, I am prepared to do good work at reasonable prices. May be found by inquiring at the ARGUS Office.

THE TABLE ROCK ARGUS.

F. H. TAYLOR, Publisher.

TABLE ROCK, - - NEBRASKA.

OVER THE STATE.

THERE are several cases of typhoid fever at York and one or two fatalities have already occurred.

THE Security Savings and Loan association of Minnesota has incorporated under the laws of Nebraska.

THE fall term of the Johnson county district court has been postponed from November 12 to December 10.

WHILE harnessing the family horse Miss Grace Dorr of York was kicked in the stomach and severely injured.

THE residence of L. W. Lantz, near Tecumseh, was burned Friday. Building and contents a total loss, $1,200.

FOR receiving and entertaining scarlet doves at the Haigler depot the night operator was ruthlessly dismissed from the serviee.

EIGHT prisoners left the Douglas county jail last week for the penitentiary for terms varying for from three to ten years.

A FIND of mineral, either coal or iron, is reported from New Castle, on the farm of John Tobin. It is in the bottom of a newly dug well.

REV. H. E. ROBBINS of Kearney has been secured to fill the pulpit in the Episcopal church at Broken Bow, lately vacated by Rev. Knox.

H. H. MOLES of Beatrice has been recommended by the banking board for the appointment of receiver of the Commercial bank of Weeping Water.

ZENO E. BRIGGS of West Point has passed the final examination at Anapolis, Md., and will in a short time enter the United States naval academy.

THE Norfolk military band is one of the finest musical organizations in the state. It numbers twenty-eight pieces and the leader is a great musician.

SHERIDAN county's fair resulted in a great success, notwithstanding the drouth season. The attendance was large and the fair a financial victory over hard times croakers.

THE fourth artesian well, recently sunk in Shell Creek valley, Platte county, is ninety-five feet deep and flows so strongly as to throw up sand outside the tube. It is a gusher.

THE Law and Order league of Columbus last week circulated posters offering a reward of $25 for the arrest and conviction of any saloon keeper selling or giving away liquor on Sunday.

LOUP CITY and Logan townships in Sherman county voted $24,000 in bonds to be donated to the Sherman County Irrigation and Water Power company. Work will be commenced on the ditch at once.

HON. A. G. SCOTT of Kearney lies in a helpless condition with his left side wasting from paralysis. His speech is slightly improved, but other conditions are about as they have been for two months past.

A WYOMING woman with three little children was stranded at Grand Island for the want of funds to take her to friends in Missouri, and the generous people of that city chipped in and sent her on her way rejoicing.

A BIG prairie fire started Tuesday near Wayside, says the Chadron Citizen, and ran toward Pine Ridge, burning off quite a strip of range north of the White river. There may have been some loss to the stockmen.

A TRAMP was robbed by his companions and thrown from the fast mail at Siding, five miles east of Duncan, Saturday night. He was not injured, as the train had slowed down while passing a freight train.

THE mortgage record of Otoe county for the month of September is: Farm mortgages filed, $44,064.50; released, $22,962; city mortgages filed, $4,816.57; released, $2,750; chattel mortgages filed, $27,991.59; released, $4,278.14.

THE Nebraska grand lodge I. O. G. T., will convene at Columbus on Wednesday, October 18. The citizens of Columbus will tender the lodge a public reception on Tuesday evening, at which all delegates should be present.

REV. AND MRS. W. B. ALEXANDER of Tecumseh were tendered a farewell party at the Methodist parsonage Thursday evening by the members of the church. The Reverend gentleman and family will go to Hastings to reside.

GAGE county mortgage record for September: Farm mortgages filed, forty; amount, $46,621. Released twenty; amount, $24,984. City and town mortgages filed, thirty-two; amount, $15,756. Released, thirty-one; amount, $20,688.

IT has been decided that the Oxnard beet sugar factory at Grand Island will not be opened this year. The beets will be shipped to Norfolk, and there are a number of men among the employes of the factory who will be out of work.

WILLIAM H. MILLER, a prominent contractor and builder of Nebraska City, started for Percival, Ia., last week and has not been heard from since. It is feared that he has met with foul play, as he did not reach his destination.

HERMAN JACOBSON, a farmer living near Hartington, met with quite a painful accident. He was riding horseback and the animal fell, and in doing so threw itself on Mr. Jacobson's left foot, breaking the ankle bone and dislocating the ankle.

JOHN PETERS, an old resident of Bellevue, while grooming stock for a neighbor, was kicked in the shoulder and face and badly hurt by a vicious horse. He was found in an unconcious condition by laborers returning from Fort Crook and carried to his home a few blocks away.

LAST season eighty acres of land in Madison county was sown to flax, the seed coming from Dakota, and the result is that this piece of land is literally covered with Russian thistles. The farmers in that vicinity will turn out and endeavor to arrest the further spread of the pest.

WILLIAM MORGAN, a farmer, and an old resident of Exeter, sat down to breakfast the other morning as usual and in apparently as good health as ever. After finishing the meal and on rising to leave the table he fell over on the floor, and died immediately. His trouble was heart disease. He leaves a family of two sons and six daughters.

J. W. SPINNER, familiarly known as Judge Spinner, died at Cozad last week. He was one of the old settlers, having come to Nebraska fifteen years ago.

A MAN arrested at Columbus had on his person six, razors, six pocketknives, 135 pennies and 200 stamps, and is supposed to be the man who robbed the Platte center postoffice.

A CHILD was found by Mrs. Day of Brigg, between Florence and Briggs, last week, aged two years. The child was left with T. Shipley a mile north of Florence. It probably wandered away from its parents while they were hunting nuts, as there were numbers of out in the timber north of town.

HOMER CHANCE, a brakeman on the Northwestern, fell from a moving train about three miles east of Hastings the other day. He was immediately taken to the city and an examination proved that no bones were broken, but that he had received serious internal injuries. He is a married man and has a family in Hastings.

THIEVES entered H. J. Lebrink's store at Firth and carried off silk and satin dress trimmings, silk mufflers and handkerchiefs to the amount of about $65. The sum of $2 or $3 in pennies was also taken from the money drawer. Entrance was made by prying open the front door, which is double, with a chisel and a wood-rasp.

WHILE a 3-year-old son of Commissioner C. Ross of Kearney was playing round the house he fell into a boiler of boiling water that his mother had just taken off the stove. He was terribly scalded and died two hours later. His parents were both standing by at the time and Mr. Ross was badly scalded in taking his son from the water.

OPENING week at the state university was one of unusual activity. The number of new students registering was about 35 per cent larger than last year. Over 450 new names are now on the books. These, together with the registration of students in the law college by the closing of next week will bring the number up to the 1,000 mark.

THE News reports a school district in Haigler precinct where the school house is located so far from anywhere that only the children of one family could attend. The teacher appreciated the injustice and resigned. Then the mother of the family living near the school finished the term without getting a certificate and drew full pay.

MYERS & MOORE'S livery barn at Wilcox was totally destroyed by fire, with contents, including four horses, carriages, harness and grain. Loss, $4,600; insurance $2,000. B. Wilson's grain office and scales were also destroyed. The wind was blowing strong from the southeast. Other buildings caught fire but were quickly extinguished and the fire kept under control without further loss.

LAST Sunday was the first Sunday in the history of Tekamah that church bells failed to ring out the call for religious worship. The town is virtually quarantined against diphtheria, and every day reveals new cases. By prompt medical attention and greatest care only two deaths have resulted. No public gatherings are permitted and children are prohibited from leaving their homes.

THE Standard Cattle company have commenced harvesting their sugar beets at Ames, of which they have several hundred acres. They are shipping to the Norfolk factory this season, and from present indications their beets will average twelve tons to the acre, for which they receive $5 per ton. several analyses have been made and they show a sugar percentage of from 12½ to 20 per cent.

A STORM struck the house of John Nelson, seven miles southeast of Pawnee City. The members of the family were in bed and the house was lifted clear off its foundation, carried about seventy-five yards and totally shattered, not two pieces of timber being left together. Every member of the family was injured, the youngest child fatally, a large sliver being driven through her skull into the brain.

FIRE was discovered in the Reavis block, Battle Creek, which is in about the center of the town. Mr. Reavis' office was soon in ashes. His large implement warehouse on the east caught fire several times, but was saved with some damage to the building. His machine and blacksmith shop on the west, with all its valuable machinery, was nearly destroyed before the flames were checked. No insurance.

CHARLES JOHNSON and Albert Edwards, two young men who less than three weeks ago were released from the penitentiary, were last week found guilty of grand larceny in the district court of Gage county and before the close of the term will again be sentenced to another term in the state institution. They are the fellows who broke into the residence of John Wallen the second day after their release at Lincoln.

CHARLES FERNALD, an insane man, was captured a mile east of Neligh. When found he wore nothing but a shirt and vest and had no other garments whatever with him. In his vest pocket was found a certificate of deposit for more than $800 worth of notes left in the bank of Lodi, S. D. The man is bruised about the head and it is thought that he had started eastward and accidentally receiving an injury became a raving maniac. He is now confined in the county jail.

ED INGALLS started to ride his bicycle from Lincoln to Syracuse. When near Palmyra he broke one of the pedals of his wheel. The accident delayed him considerably and it was quite dark before he reached his destination. When about three miles from Syracuse he was accosted by five men, who demanded that he stop and hand over his money. Mr. Ingalls drew the broken pedal from his pocket and threatened to shoot the first one who approached. In the dim light the highwaymen took the harmless piece of steel for a revolver and he was allowed to proceed unmolested.

MISS LIZZIE BRAEBECK, a young lady about 16 years old, was fatally shot by Joseph Krob. The murderer then committed suicide. The tragedy occurred at the home of the murdered girl, about eight miles southeast of Dorchester. When the parents rushed into the room on hearing the shots, they found their daughter lying across the bed dead, with a bullet hole in the abdomen and another in the back of her head. Lying on the floor of the same room was Joseph Krob, a young man about 22 years of age, who was also dead from the effects of two bullet holes, both in the left breast. The cause of the shooting was the young lady's refusal to marry Krob.

MILLIONS IN A LAW SUIT.

Former Pennsylvania Oil Dealers Seek Vast Sums for Being Broken Up.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 6.—Waring Bros. & Co., to-day filed statements in suits against the Pennsylvania Railroad company to recover $2,300,000. The suits were originally brought in 1877 and 1880, but were not pressed until now. The plaintiffs were in the oil business and between November 30, 1873, and March 1, 1875, shipped from Oil City and other points over the Pennsylvania railroad to Philadelphia 477,774 barrels of oil, on which it is claimed, the defendants overcharged $679,299.25. The second suit is for $1,500,000 damages. The plaintiffs state that they invested $1,200,000 in their plant; that the Allegheny Valley Railroad company, the Standard Oil company, the Atlantic Refining company, the Atlantic Storage company, Warden, Frew & Co. and Ward & Andrew conspired to prevent them from shipping their petroleum over the railroads at an equitable rate, charging them four times as much as other shippers paid, and out of the overcharges paying large sums to the plaintiffs' competitors, Warden, Frew & Co., Bostick & Co., J. D. Archibald, Charles Pratt & Co., the Standard Oil company, Lockhard & Frew and others. As a result it is alleged, the plaintiffs were forced to abandon their business.

FOREST FIRE SUFFERERS.

Land Commissioner Lamoreaux Asks Congress to Allow Timber Cutting.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—S. W. Lamoreaux, commissioner of the general land office, in his annual report to the secretary of the interior, makes several suggestions for the benefit of the sufferers by forest fires in Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin. He says: "The timber destroyed by fires in public lands has been left in such a condition that if not cut and disposed of in a short time it will become worm-eaten and worthless, thus depriving the land of a great proportion of its value to the settler seeking title thereto. Numerous applications have been made by the sufferers from these fires for permission to cut the timber at once and sell it." He therefore recommends that congress be asked to give the permission necessary to allow the cutting of this timber and thus prevent the total loss of millions of feet. He also suggests that congress take necessary steps for the relief of fire sufferers, following the precedent set in similar cases.

BISHOP MATZ ON THE A. P. A.

He Severely Denounces the Organization in His October Pastoral.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 6.—In his October pastoral Bishop Matz says the church in Colorado is passing through an appalling crisis. "It is," he says, "sectarian bigotry, which, led on by a set of fanatics, bids fair to outdo the followers of Cromwell and the maniacs of the French Commune. It is a fact which has called forth the amazement of the most remarkable men of our time, that an age like ours, and a country over which floats the American flag, should have fostered this A. P. A. monster, which, while it carries the constitution of the United States in one hand and the bible in the other, would fain strangle with its deadly fangs the church whose children fought so bravely under the stars and stripes against tyranny and oppression. But the fact, nevertheless, remains, and is, indeed, more strange than fiction."

The bishop urges Catholics to vote for men who are above prejudice, party passions and sectarian bias.

THREATENED BY JOINTISTS.

Attorney Webster of Fort Scott Claims That His Life Is in Danger.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Oct. 6.—W. B. Webster, an attorney who has been making war on the saloons of this city for the W. C. T. U., to-day called upon the police for protection. He claims to have received notice that two ruffians had been employed to get him out of the way and had shadowed him until dark. In the evening he went to a neighbor's house and the men called at his house and asked for him. Not finding him there, they went away and he called upon his neighbors to protect him. His family was sent away and with four friends, heavily armed, he awaited the reappearance of the men. At midnight they approached his house again and in an attempt to attract him outside they learned of the presence of his armed friends and fled. The neighbors, some of whom are prominent merchants, corroborated the story.

Mr. Webster had just filed complaints against seven saloon keepers and announced his intention of closing up every saloon in town.

Byers Declared Insane.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 6.—Ebenezer M. Byers, the wealthy iron merchant of Pittsburg, was yesterday declared a lunatic. His wife, who has spent the last two years searching for and trying to regain possession of her husband whom she alleged was being kept from her by his brother, A. M. Byers, asked for the inquest into her husband's sanity.

Crusade Against Living Pictures.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—The Women's Christian Temperance union has entered upon a crusade against objectionable theatrical bill boards and the exposure before the footlights of scantily clothed women. Counsel has been employed and a crusade against living pictures will be begun.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 6.—Farmer Joseph Mitchell of Bulger, Pa., was robbed yesterday of $5,000 by a pickpocket. He had been attending the Burgettstown fair and had taken the money with him expecting to purchase some exhibition cattle, but bought none.

Nashville's Y. M. C. A. Building Gone.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 6.—The Young Men's Christian Association building was destroyed by fire to-day. The fire is supposed to have originated in the boiler room. The loss to the Y. M. C. A. is $60,000; insurance, $25,000.

M'PHERSON WILL STEP OUT

THE NEW JERSEY SENATOR NO LONGER IN POLITICS.

HE WILL NOT SEEK RE-ELECTION.

His Health Is Too Feeble to Stand the Strain of Another Campaign—Massachusetts Republicans Renominate Governor Greenhalge—Wilson Returns From Europe Improved in Health.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 8.—A letter was received to-day by Assemblyman Moses Bigelow from Senator McPherson, in which he stated that he was not a candidate for a fourth term in the senate. "For a period of eighteen years," Mr. McPherson wrote, "I have served the people of New Jersey in the senate of the United States faithfully and diligently and with all my ability. For the last four years the sessions have been almost continuous and the strain upon me physically has been quite as great as I can bear and I cannot assume the responsibility of an active, exciting political struggle which the situation in New Jersey seems to make necessary to insure complete success."

Mr. McPherson has been a senator for a longer consecutive period than any other citizen of New Jersey.

BAY STATE REPUBLICANS.

Governor Greenhalge Renominated—Senator Hoar Reports the Platform.

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—The Massachusetts Republican state convention assembled in Music hall to-day, Samuel T. Winslow acting as temporary president. Upon reporting a permanent organization the committee stated through Senator Hoar that Congressmun Cogswell, who had been selected for the president's place, had sent a telegram stating that his physicians would not permit him to attend. Therefore Temporary President Winslow was continued as permanent president. Curtis Guild, jr., was appointed to read Congressman Cogswell's speech, which he had written.

Senator Hoar, as chairman of the committee on resolutions, submitted the following report:

"The principles of the Republicans of Massachusetts are as well known as the commonwealth itself; well known as liberty; well known as justice. Chief among them are: An equal share in the government for every citizen, the best possible wages for every working man; the American market for American labor; every dollar paid by the government—both the gold and silver dollars of the constitution and their paper representatives—honest and unchanging in value and equal to every other; better immigration laws; better naturalization laws, no tramp, Anarchist, criminal or pauper labor to be let in so that citizenship shall not be stained or polluted; sympathy with liberty and republican government at home and abroad; Americanism everywhere; the flag never lowered or dishonored; no surrender in Samoa; no barbarous queen beheading men in Hawaii; no lynchings, no punishment without trial; faith kept with the pensioners; no deserving old soldier in the poor house; suppression of dram drinking and dram selling; a school at the public charge open to all children; and free from partisan or sectarian control; no distinction of birth or religious creed in the rights of American citizenship; clean politics; pure administration; no lobbyists; reform of old abuses; leadership along loftier paths; minds ever open to the sunlight and the morning, ever open to new truth and new duty as the new years bring their lessons."

Senator Lodge, after some routine business, moved the renomination by acclamation of Governor F. T. Greenhalge. This was adopted and similar action was taken as to Lieutenant Governor Roger Wolcott. William M. Olin was nominated by acclamation for secretary of the commonwealth, Henry M. Phillips, for treasurer and receiver general, General John W. Kimball for auditor and H. M. Knowlton for attorney general.

MR. WILSON RETURNS.

The Tariff Reform Leader Back From Europe Ready for Hard Work.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—After a stormy voyage the American line steamer New York arrived to-day. Among the passengers were Congressman W. L. Wilson of West Virginia, and Isidore Strauss of this state.

Mr. Wilson, who was looking excellently, said: "I feel fully recovered from my recent illness and have enjoyed my trip very much. I did not go over to talk tariff, but I met a number of the leading financial and business men in London at the chamber of commerce dinner. I spoke to them then, and said the new tariff bill was not made to suit them, but to suit Americans. My remarks, I believe, were cabled over here, and I have nothing to add to them. The British will have to look out for us when we get free raw material, for we will command supremacy in manufactures; our merchant marine will be restored and our merchants will appear in neutral markets."

"What do you think of the result in Georgia and the gain of the Populists?"

"Well, as I have only just heard of it, I can not give any opinion at the present time. I am going right home and will begin my canvass at once. That will be a test of my health being improved, as I am going to work very hard."

Ryan and Dempsey Matched.

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—Articles have been signed for a finish fight between Tommy Ryan of Chicago and Jack Dempsey, the "Nonpareil." The men will meet at the Auditorium Athletic club of New Orleans, December 12, for a purse of $5,000, weighing in at 144 pounds at the ring side.

ANOTHER AMERICAN PRINCESS

Miss Sperry of California Triply Married to Prince Poniatowski.

PARIS, Oct. 8.—The civil marriage of Miss Elizabeth Sperry of San Francisco and Prince Poniatowski was performed by the mayor of Passy yesterday. The witnesses on behalf of the bride were her brother-in-law, W. H. Crocker of San Francisco and Mr. Kane of Paris. The bridegroom's witnesses were his uncle, Count Mouesue Ferensac and Count De Veleon. The bride was attired in dark green silk.

The religious marriage took place at noon to-day in the Roman Catholic church of St. Pierre de Challot. The bridal party then repaired to the American Protestant church of the Holy Trinity, on the Avenue de l'Alma where a second religious ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Morgan, according to the American Episcopalian rites with full choral and processional music. Mr. Sperry gave the bride away. M. Le Comte de Leon was the best man. The church was decorated with flowers. Among the Americans present were Miss Sybil Sanderson, Mr. Sanderson, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander and Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Taylor of New York and Mr. Allan of San Francisco.

After the two religious ceremonies, a luncheon was served at the Hotel Bristol and the prince and princess started for Holland at 5 o'clock. They will live here after the honeymoon, on the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne.

The bride wore a dress of white satin and no ornamnets.

PORTUGAL'S KING ASSAILED.

High Naval Officers Issue a Manifesto Resenting a Royal Speech.

MADRID, Oct. 8.—According to advices received from Lisbon, a large number of Portuguese naval officers, aggrieved at a certain passage in the speech which the king recently made at the opening of the Portuguese Cortes, drew up a manifesto in the form of a protest, addressed to the nation. No names were attached, but its authors are known to be men of high position and influence.

The police have arrested the man who printed the manifesto and great excitement has been caused at Lisbon.

Trumbull Wants to Go to the Senate.

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Reports are current that the erstwhile prominent Democrat, Judge Lyman Trumbull, in appearing as a Populist campaign speaker, is carrying out part of a deep laid scheme. It is asserted that, having made himself solid with the Populists, he hopes to be the choice for United States senator of such representatives as that party may succeed in electing to the Illinois legislature. It is not impossible that the Populists may hold the balance of power in the joint assembly, and it is claimed that Judge Trumbull sees in such a condition a chance to have himself forced upon the Democrats as a compromise, and Franklin McVeagh dropped as an impossibility.

An Anti-Liquor Trader Shot.

RUSHVILLE, Ind., Oct. 8.—John McCarthy of this town, having failed to obtain a license to sell liquor by retail at Carthage, a village five miles north of here, by reason of a citizens' league's opposition, this morning shot twice at J. G. Wolf of the committee. One shot struck Wolf in the groin and he is in a critical condition. McCarthy is now in jail.

The Crawford Case Concluded.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Oct. 8.—Arguments are now being made in the A. B. Crawford embezzlement case and it will go to the jury to-night. The government's case is not a strong one and a verdict of acquittal would not be surprising.

Suicide by Drowning.

MARYVILLE, Mo., Oct. 3.—Mrs. Mary Rice, wife of James M. Rice, committed suicide by jumping into a well containing about eight feet of water. Ill health is supposed to be the cause.

William T. Hutchins Disbarred.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—William T. Hutchins of Wichita, Kan., and T. S. Rice, Mattoon, Ill., have been disbarred from practice before the patent office.

NEWS NOTES.

Another two-days' speaking trip from the car platform throughout Northern Indiana has been arranged for ex-President Harrison.

The attorneys in the sugar mandamus case have concluded their arguments and Judge McComb has taken them under advisement.

S. M. Biddison, secretary of the Illinois State Mutual Life Insurance company, has been arrested, charged with running a lottery under the guise of an insurance company. The company is a prominent one. Ex-Governor Beverage of Illinois is president.

The representatives of the various wheel companies who have been meeting in Indianapolis for the past several weeks, have completed an organization which practically gives them a monopoly of the wheel business in the country. The name of the new organization is the Commercial Wheel company.

A clandestine marriage was the consummation of a romantic courtship at Hot Springs Friday. The contracting parties were Ernest Shendal, a hotel clerk, and Miss Eldora P. Craig, daughter of Auditor Craig of the Union Pacific railway. The parents opposed the match but the young couple took a drive into the country and returned man and wife.

Reports of the naval officers commanding the vessels on the Behring sea patrol one and all present a very discouraging outlook for the future of our seal fisheries. Generally these reports show that the regulations imposed in accordance with the findings of the Paris arbitration are of little avail in protecting the seals during what is known as the open season.

Over 600,000,000 fish of various kinds have been hatched and loosed under the auspices of the national commission this season. There has been about 100,000,000 hatched shad, 1,000,000 white fish, 3,000,000 perch, besides smaller numbers of a great many other species.

HILL STILL ON THE FENCE.

The Senator Has Not Yet Either Accepted or Declined.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Senator David B. Hill held a conference with several of the Democratic leaders at the Hotel Normandie to-day, those present being George B. McClelland, E. L. Ridgeway, General Wylie and Clerk DeFreest. At the close of the conference the senator and DeFreest left the hotel together.

To the reporters who clustered around Mr. Hill he said: "I must decline to say anything of a political nature."

DeFreest, however, remarked: "Senator Hill has not yet accepted the nomination."

PROF. DAVID SWING DYING.

The Eminent Chicagoan Unconscious and Probably Beyond All Hope.

CHICAGO, Oct. 3.—Professor David Swing, the noted divine, who has been ill for two weeks, is in a critical condition. He has been suffering from a stomach disorder. Last night the disease affected his brain. Since then he has been unconscious and all efforts to rouse him have been unavailing.

Ex-Congressman's Twin Brother Dead.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 3.—Michael Lamb, employed as a butcher in the Moran packing house, died last night from injuries received by falling from a wagon. He was a twin brother of ex-Congressman Lamb of Terre Haute, Ind. A family of small children is left in destitute circumstances.

Bold Break of a Desperado.

NEWKIRK, Ok., Oct. 3.—Last night Thomas Maddox, under indictment for murder, feigned sudden illness, and while the jailer and a physician were working to bring him out of a pretended fit he suddenly leaped up, knocked them aside, ran through the open door and escaped.

Martin Irons in Jail.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Oct. 3.—Martin Irons, whose name was made famous by the conspicuous part that he took in the great railroad strike of 1886, during which he occupied a place similar to that recently held by Eugene Debs, was arrested yesterday on the charge of having attempted to criminally assault little 7-year-old Rosalie Estrada. The child's mother is the complainant.

Sugar Refineries Closing Down.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3.—The Sugar trust has closed the Spreckles sugar refinery in this city. The Franklin refinery is now running on half time, but is only turning out soft grades, the supply of which is not excessive. McCahen's refinery, which is independent of the trust, will probably shut down to-morrow or Wednesday. This action is due to the overstocked condition of the market.

Illinois Land Ownership Facts.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The census bureau has issued bulletins showing the land ownership and debt in Illinois, California and Texas. In Illinois, 63.28 per cent of the people own the farms they cultivate, and 63.29 per cent own free of incumbrance. On the owned farms there is an incumbrance of $98,940,935, or 34.63 per cent of their value. The average rate of interest is 6.92 per cent.

Army of the Tennessee Reunion.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, Oct. 3.—The twenty-ninth annual reunion of the army of the Tennessee began to-day with 150 members present. At the opera house to-morrow Governor Jackson will deliver the address of welcome in behalf of the state and Mayor Cleaver in behalf of the city. General G. M. Dodge will make a response for the soldiers.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA			
Butter—Creamery print	22	@	23
Butter—Fair to good country	14	@	15
Eggs—Fresh	14	@	15
Honey—Per lb	14	@	15
Poultry—Old hens, per lb	12	@	13
Chickens—Spring, per lb	5½	@	6
Prairie chickens, per doz	3	@	3½
Turkeys—Per lb	2 50	@	2 75
Cheese—Neb. & Ia. full cream	7	@	9
Lemons—Choice Messinos	11	@	11½
Oranges—Messinos, per box	4 50	@	5 50
Potatoes	5 00	@	5 50
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	3 75	@	4 00
Beans—Navy, hand-picked, bu	2 00	@	2 25
Hay—Upland, per ton	8 00	@	8 50
Hay—Midland and lowland	7 00	@	7 50
Hides—No. 1 green	2	@	3½
Sheep Pelts—Green salt'd each	25	@	60
Onions—Per bu	25	@	60
Cranberries—Cape Cod	7 50	@	8 00
Apples—Per bbl	1 50	@	2 10 00
Hogs—Mixed packing	2 00	@	2 75
Hogs—Heavy weights	5 40	@	5 60
Beeves—Prime steers	5 70	@	6 75
Beeves—Stockers and feeders	5 50	@	6 00
Bulls	1 75	@	2 25
Calves	1 85	@	2 25
Steers—Fair to good	1 40	@	2 50
Cows	1 25	@	5 00
Heifers	1 00	@	2 40
Sheep—Lambs	1 25	@	2 50
Sheep—Fair to good natives	3 00	@	3 25
	2 50	@	3 00
NEW YORK.			
Wheat, No. 2, red winter	55	@	55¾
Corn—No. 2	49	@	49¾
Oats—No. 2	29	@	29¾
Pork	12	@	13
Lard	8 80	@	8 90
CHICAGO.			
Wheat—No. 2 spring	51¾	@	53
Corn—Per bu	49	@	49¾
Oats—Per bu	24	@	28¼
Pork	12 75	@	13 50
Lard	8 40	@	8 45
Hogs—Packers and mixed	5 30	@	5 40
Cattle—Com. steers to extra	2 80	@	6 25
Sheep—Lambs	5 60	@	6 25
Sheep—Inferior to ccoice	1 75	@	3 00
ST. LOUIS.			
Wheat—No 2 red, cash	49	@	48¾
Corn—Per bu	49	@	49¾
Oats—Per bu	29½	@	30
Hogs—Mixed packing	5 55	@	5 55
Cattle—Native steers	5 10	@	6 10
Sheep—Mixed natives	2 40	@	3 60
KANSAS CITY.			
Wheat—No. 2 red, cash	46½	@	47
Corn—No. 2	33½	@	33
Oats—No. 2	20¼	@	21
Cattle—Stockers and feeders	2 00	@	3 75
Hogs—Mixed packers	5 15	@	5 60
Sheep—Choice western	2 25	@	3 25

An Oil Steamer Cut Down.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3.—The tank steamer Allegheny was in collision with the steamer Caracas off St. John light yesterday, and soon went down. The wrecked steamer was oil laden. The crew of thirty men was taken off by the boats of the Caracas. The wrecked steamer was iron built, of 1,911 tons and valued at $100,000 and her cargo of oil at $14,000.

Conan Doyle Visits America.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—A. Conan Doyle, the novelist, arrived to-day on the Elbe, from Southampton, to fill a lecture engagement.

SWIFT ON THE TURF.

ONE MILE PACED IN LESS THAN TWO MINUTES.

All the World's Records Lowered by Flying Jib—He Does His Great Work On a Cold Day With a Strong Wind Against Him—Andy McDowell the Driver—Great Enthusiasm Follows the Horse's Performance.

Made It in 1:58 1-4.

CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, Oct. 6.—Flying Jib was sent yesterday against the the world's pacing record of 2:01¾ which was made by Westmont at Chicago. Monroe Salisbury, the owner of the pacer, drove out Jib and a running mate attached to a pneumatic tired wagon, and the famous Californian and his flyer were greeted with cheers by the immense audience.

After taking a turn around the track Andy McDowell, the only driver that ever drove a pacer in less than two minutes, mounted the seat, and took the reins. He drove the team up around the little loop of the kite, and before the audience knew what was up they came to the wire. As he passed under it McDowell nodded and the heat was on. The pacer was going at a terrific clip to the half, which was made in 59 flat. Round the turn the pacer kept up his turn to the three-quarter pole, where he began to show signs of weakness. The gait was a hot one still, and he kept even pace with the runner and shot under the wire amid the hushed silence of 10,000 people, who eagerly strained forward, awaiting Starter Loper's announcement of the time.

Some who had caught the pacer began cheering, knowing that he had beaten the world's record. The audience fairly went wild, and Starter Loper had to ring the bell to quell the riot of cheering throats. Once it was quiet again Starter Loper said:

"We have witnessed something which no audience in the world has seen before. You have seen the fastest mile that was ever paced. Flying Jib has beaten Westmont, and made the mile in 1:58¼."

The mile that Jib went and the time is all the more remarkable when the circumstances are taken into consideration. All day a strong wind was blowing and the air was cold and clammy. The wind caught the horse as it came up the back stretch at the large loop, but he forged ahead just the same. The first half of the heat was made in 59 seconds and the last half in 59¼. The quarters could not be taken as the flagmen did not know that the start was to be made and were not at their posts at the quarter and the three quarter poles.

Another world's record was broken by Onaqua, the game little Iowa trotter, who has been doing battle with Expressive and was beaten at Terre Haute. She trotted under the wire in the first heat of the 3-year-old trot in 2:11¼, taking the world's 3-year-old trotting record.

Still another world's record was broken by Sidmont, by Sidney, out of the great brood mare Fourleaf, the dam of Thistle, 2:13¼, and Goldleaf, 2:11¼. Sidmont went against time and smashed the 3-year-old stallion pacing record to smithereens, going the mile in 2:10¾, reducing the record made by [illegible] a full second.

MAY BE COURT MARTIALED.

Colonel Barber's, Army of the Tennessee [illegible] Up Veterans.

OMAHA, [illegible] Oct. 6.—It is possible that the [illegible] of Colonel Merritt Barber, a[illegible] general of the department [illegible] Platte, to the local represent[illegible] of the army of the Tennesse[illegible] refusing to have anything to [illegible] with that society and referring to [illegible] a discourteous manner will cause a court martial. He has an excellent record as a soldier and has been liked by his men and his response to the army of the Tennessee invitation is considered the more surprising. One of the regular army officers, who took part in the reunion, said to-day that the matter would receive official inquiry when reports of it should reach Washington. General Howard was very angry when he read Colonel Barber's letter and said he "would attend to the matter" when he got back East.

General Stone, chairman of the executive committee, determined to suppress all correspondence with Colonel Barber but some of the committee, insisted upon having access to and copies of it.

General Howard is quoted as having commented on Colonel Barber's course in scathing terms, in speaking to brother officers and the committee.

Population of the Civilized Tribes.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—According to a census bulletin just issued the aggregate population of the five civilized tribes of Indians in the Indian territory is 178,097, of which 57,000 are Chickasaws, 56,000 Cherokees, 43,000 Choctaws, 17,000 Creeks and 2,700 Seminoles. The tribes are declared self sustaining and fairly prosperous, the Creek being especially so, because of the large negro population.

Lyman Trumbull a Populist.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—It is announced that Judge Lyman Trumbull is in sympathy with the Populist party, and will deliver an address at one of its mass meetings in Central Music hall next Saturday night. He will address the Populists on "The Rights of Man as Affected by Accumulated Wealth and Favored Monopolies." Judge Trumbull has long been regarded as a staunch Democrat.

Bolters Will Have a Ticket.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 6.—Through administration Democratic circles it is announced that a ticket was to be placed in the field by petition representing the views of the so-called anti-fusion Democrats. Under the state law [illegible] signatures are necessary to accomplish this.

[illegible] Indorsed by Democrats.

[illegible], Oct. 6.—The Fifth district [illegible]ratic congressional con[illegible] a hard fight by the [illegible] Democracy, indorsed W. A. [illegible], the Populist nominee for [illegible]

MRS. DRAYTON WILL FIGHT.

The Divorce Suit Involving One of the Astors to Be Bitterly Contested.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton, formerly Miss Carrie Astor, to-day made her first public statement regarding the divorce suit against her through her counsel, Robert A. Shipman.

The long delay in filing an answer to Drayton's suit for divorce caused many reports that the case would go by default, which would mean an admission of the charges against her. According to the New Jersey law the time for filing an answer expires tomorrow, and up to the present no papers have appeared in the court at Trenton. It is not probable either that any will be filed this week, arrangements having been made whereby a longer time is obtained.

Mr. Shipman outlined to-day what will be said in the answer, and added a positive statement the suit will be vigorously contested. "Mrs. Drayton will certainly file a reply to her husband's suit," said he. "There has never for a moment been any doubt about that. The question of when her reply will be entered has been left entirely to the judgment of her counsel. All the reports that the time had expired or would expire, that she would allow judgment to be taken by default, and that she would not defend the suit have been and are wickedly untrue. Mrs. Drayton's reply will be a full and absolute denial of each and every allegation of her husband's complaint."

The attorney declined to state when the reply would be filed, but added: "It will not be October 6, nor will we be in default. In cases of of this kind counsel always arrange between themselves for the filing of all necessary papers. This is a case that will be settled in the courts."

Drayton is living quietly at Bernardsville, N. J., with his children, having spent the summer at Bar Harbor. Mrs. Drayton is supposed to be in Paris. The Astor family is scattered about at various resorts. Mrs. Astor is at Lenox and Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor are with a party of friends in Canada.

Firm determination to fight the case has now been expressed by both sides and a complete airing of the whole thing will probably occur in the courts at Trenton.

Rebellion in China.

LONDON, Oct. 6. — Reports have reached Tien Tsin, China, that a rebellion has broken out in the province of Mongolia. Troops from Pekin have been sent to quell the uprising.

Serious troubles are said to have arisen within the palace at Pekin, as the result of intrigues to secure the abdication of the emperor and the succession of Prince Kung's son.

A number of Europeans from the outlying districts are arriving in Tien Tsin, the foreign residents of which place are taking every precaution against an anticipated attack. The position is so alarming that all foreign women and children, including the families of members of the customs service, have been ordered to leave forthwith. Efforts made to induce the Chinese to desist from making Shanghai the headquarters for military operations have been frustrated.

The British consuls at Ninpo and Hankow sent alarming dispatches to the government on Tuesday and Wednesday, reporting disturbances in those places and stating that the European residents were in peril.

The Manchester Guardian declares to-day that the powers of Europe must soon interfere in China, but Japan, in her present mood, will pay no heed to any representations made by the powers unless they shall be accompanied by the tangible evidence of intention to back them up. It was to authorize this, according to the Guardian, that the ministerial conference of yesterday was summoned. The paper further says that after a showing of force, Japan would be told that England desired that an armistice be established, and on behalf of Europe would immediately call an international conference.

The Globe in an article referring to yesterday's ministerial council ridiculed the idea that it was summoned merely for the purpose of sending warships to protect the lives and property of British residents in China and expresses the opinion that the Manchester Guardian's article of today gives the real reason for the meeting of the ministers. The St. James Gazette expresses a similar opinion.

PARIS, Oct. . — The Gaulois, commenting on the British cabinet council held yesterday, asks if British intervention in the Corean trouble might not constitute a repetition of the famous coup of 1878, which enabled Admiral Lord John Hay to take possession of the island of Cyprus.

The Figaro, referring to the same subject, remarked: "The British once landed in China, would not be able to resist the desire to exercise pressure upon the Japanese in order to prevent them from deriving all the advantages of victory. The troubles may then commence, and the peace of Europe will then be threatened, for Russia, France and even America will certainly intervene."

Indians as Citizens.

ARDMORE, I. T., Oct. 6.—In a ruling rendered in a case in court in South McAlester, Judge Stuart says that an Indian who has taken the oath of allegiance to the United States becomes in every sense a citizen of that government, without depriving him of any of the advantages or acquirements of Indian citizenship.

BURIED IN A WRECK.

Three Lives Lost in an Accident on the Frisco Road.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Oct. 6.—An accident on the Frisco railway occurred yesterday morning, resulting in the loss of three lives at Smithfield, eighteen miles west of Carthage. Freight No. 23, which consisted of seventeen cars of merchandise, was running at high speed and when just beyond the switch the engine jumped the track and was turned over and beneath it were the bodies of Mike Ketchum, engineer; Charles Warren, fireman, and Hummell, brakeman. Six cars were entirely demolished.

PROFESSOR SWING IS DEAD.

The Famous Chicago Divine Has Gone the Way of All the Earth.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Professor David Swing died at ten minutes after 8 o'clock last night of blood poisoning, brought on by an attack of jaundice.

Professor Swing was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, August 23, 1830, at which place his father was engaged in the steamboat business. At the age of 18 the boy entered Miami university at Oxford, Ohio, from which institution he graduated in 1852. In 1866 he accepted the pastorate of the Westminster Presbyterian church of this city, which later united with the North Presbyterian church, the two forming the Fourth Presbyterian church, one of the wealthiest and most influential institutions of the kind in Chicago. Shortly after the great Chicago fire of 1871 occurred the most important event in the great minister's career—his trial before the Chicago Presbytery on a charge of heresy, preferred by the Rev. Dr. Francis L. Patton, now president of Princeton college. These charges, of which there were twenty-eight specifications, of lapses from Presbyterian doctrines, were not sustained, there being sixty-one members in the Presbytery and only thirteen voted against him. But the subsequent feeling was so bitter that Professor Swing brought matters to a close by resigning his pastorate, a large number of his friends going with him and forming the Central church, in which Professor Swing has since labored with great success. For two years services were held in McVicker's theater, a permanent home being since secured in Central Music hall.

NEBRASKA SUES FOR $250,000

Ex-State Treasurer Hill Files His Answer to the Complaint.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 5. — In the case of the state of Nebraska against John E. Hill, ex-treasurer, and his bondsmen, to recover $250,000 on deposit in the Capital National bank at the time it failed, issue was joined yesterday by the filing in the supreme court of the defendant's answer. The holding of the office is admitted, and it is insisted that Hill, has accounted for and turned over to the persons authorized to receive the same all the funds which came into his hands as such treasurer. It is alleged that never in the history of the state has it been the practice or custom for persons paying money into the treasury to pay it in actual money, but it has always been paid in checks, drafts and certificates of deposit and the like.

Hill received from Willard, who preceded him, the funds of the state in checks, drafts and certificates of deposit, and did not receive in actual money to exceed $2,250. Willard had the funds deposited in the Capital National bank to his credit as treasurer, and when he turned over the office to Hill turned over the certificates of deposit among others. The answer declares that Hill never collected or received in actual money to exceed $5,000. That the $285,357.85 deposited in the Capital National bank, represented by a certificate of deposit issued to Hill, was the proceeds of other checks, drafts and certificates of deposit, and this certificate of deposit was turned over to J. S. Bartley, his successor in office, along with other certificates of deposit. Bartley took these certificates and opened with the Capital National bank an open account for the amount in his name as treasurer of state, and checked out of the funds thus deposited the sum of $50,000 before the bank failed.

JIM CORBETT'S BLOOD IS UP.

He Posts His Money for a Fight With Bob Fitzsimmons.

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—William Brady, Corbett's manager, telegraphed the New York stake-holder to transfer the $1,000 deposited with him in behalf of Steve O'Donnell to Corbett's name, to cover the deposit made by Fitzsimmons for a fight with the champion. This amount, $9,000 to be deposited with David W. Blanchard of this city, will make up the $10,000 mentioned by Corbett in his ultimatum.

Manager Brady received a dispatch from the Olympic club, New Orleans, containing the resolutions passed by the club declaring the championship forfeited to Fitzsimmons.

The following reply was wired immediately upon its receipt:

To W. A. Scholl, President of the Olympic Athletic Club, New Orleans, La.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Your resolutions received. Cheer up and be merry; there's only one bite to a cherry.

JAMES J. CORBETT.

Corbett states he holds the championship of America, which can not be denied, but the newspapers and the Olympic club people are bound to keep him fighting incessantly to maintain it.

MORTON ACCEPTS.

The Ex-Vice President Notified of His Nomination for Governor.

RHINECLIFF, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Ex-Vice President Morton was yesterday officially notified of his nomination as Republican candidate for governor. Senator Saxon and Judge Albert Haight were with Mr. Morton when the committee of notification arrived. General Collis delivered the notification address. Messrs. Morton, Saxon and Haight followed with brief addresses of thanks and acceptance. After luncheon the three candidates and the company were photographed standing on the steps of the porch in the rear of the mansion.

Attempt to Wreck McKinley Excursionists

NORTONVILLE, Kan., Oct. 5.—The Santa Fe passenger train which was due here at 6 o'clock last night came near being wrecked five miles west of here. The train was crowded with persons who had been to Topeka to hear Governor McKinley speak. Some miscreant had placed ties across the track. Fortunately the engineer saw the ties in time to save a serious wreck. No one was hurt and but small damage done to the engine.

P. D. Armor says there is no truth in the report that he was negotiating for the purchase of Jeykel island, Ga.

AS TO THE INDIANS.

ANNUAL REPORT OF COMMISSIONER BROWNING.

It is Submitted to Secretary Smith—No Attempt Made in It to Theorize on the Indian Question — An Educational Awakening Noted Among the Navajoes—Valuable Information About Uncle Sam's Wards.

Condition of the Indians.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—D. M. Browning, commissioner of Indian affairs, has submitted his annual report for the year ending June 30, to the secretary of the interior. The commissioner says no attempt is made in the report to theorize on the Indian question.

"The year," he says, "has been unmarked by outbreak or disturbance of any kind. There has been a steady pressure of earnest work all along the lines, with satisfactory results. Special advancement has been made in Indian education. The aggregate enrollment for the year has been 23,451, with an average attendance of 17,096, against 21,117 enrollment and 16,303 attendance the previous year. There has been an increase in the enrollment of government boarding schools on reservations, and a falling off in government day schools."

The commissioner notes an educational awakening among the Navajoes, which he attributed to a visit of a delegation to the world's fair. The defects in most Indian schools are bad water supply and sewage. Contracts for schooling of Indians have been declared off or reduced wherever it could be done without depriving the children of school privileges.

Average attendance in the various classes of schools are given as follows: Government schools, 11,812; contract schools, 5,077; public day schools and mission schools not assisted by the government, 17,096.

The report states that no children have been forced to attend school away from their reservation homes. The opinion is expressed that the ultimate end of absorbing the Indian population "into our school system, as well as our civil policy must be kept constantly in view and every effort made by pressure and persuasion to increase the attendance of Indian pupils at public schools."

"This policy," the report states, "will be vigorously pushed, and the local authorities will be encouraged by money payments to co-operate with the government in getting the Indian children into the public schools."

The commissioner reports progress in the work of the allotment of lands to Indians, and also in constructing systems of irrigation. The aggregate of appropriations available during the year was $10,750,000.

The commissioner is of the opinion that the act of May 3, 1861, relating to Indian depredation claims should either be repealed or amended, so as to place upon the United States the sole responsibility and ultimate liability for the payment of judgments, rather than to take the money from the Indian funds.

During the past year lands have been set apart within the several Indian reservations for the temporary use and occupancy of missionary and religious societies as follows: Wichita, Oklahoma, 160 acres, American Baptist Home Missionary society, Quapaw, Indian territory, 40 acres, Roman Catholic; Klamath, Oregon, 160 acres, Methodist Episcopal; Yakima, Washington, 160 acres, Roman Catholic; Moquis, Arizona, 40 acres, Mennonite Mission society; Crow, Montana, 10 acres, Roman Catholic; Fort Peck, Montana, 40 acres, Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions; Lower Brule, South Dakota, 2 acres, Presbyterian; San Carlos, Arizona, 10 acres, Evangelist Lutheran General Synod of Wisconsin; Cheyenne, and Arapahoe, Oklahoma, 2 acres, Plymouth Congregational; Pine Ridge, South Dakota, 40 acres, Protestant Episcopal; Rosebud, South Dakota, 120 acres, Protestant Episcopal; Warm Springs, Oregon, 14 acres, United Presbyterian; White Earth, Minnesota, 54 acres, Protestant Episcopal; White Earth, Minnesota, 80 acres, Roman Catholic; Navajoe, New Mexico, Protestant Episcopal; Blackfeet, Montana, 160 acres, Methodist Episcopal church; Fort Berthold, North Dakota, 40 acres, Congregational; Oneida, Wisconsin, 1 acre, Protestant Episcopal.

Patents to the number of 5,288 have been issued during the year to Indians who have taken allotments, while 2,001 allotments have been approved, and 3,793 have been submitted for approval. The Indians realize that they must secure allotments as the best land is being taken, and they must lead a different mode of life or perish.

Commissioner Browning takes the same position as his predecessor, that all Indians are under agents of the government, and that the sale of liquor to them is a violation of law. He says the character of the question makes it impossible to secure a decision from the United States supreme court, which he deems unfortunate, and "the government is helpless to relieve the Indians of the dangers they are exposed to by reason of the attitude of the lower courts toward these questions."

Six Persons Known to Be Killed and Others Are Missing.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 5.—The losses of the storm will aggregate nearly $1,000,000. The damage at the state insane asylum is $200,000. Dr. Ingrate, assistant superintendent, was killed beneath a falling wall. Three attendants and two patients are also missing. It is believed they were buried under the walls. The state penitentiary sustained a loss of $10,000. A convict named James was killed and several others injured. Jackson Beard and his 3-year-old child were crushed to death in their home by a falling wall. Six persons are known to have been killed, and others are missing, probably buried in the debris.

In Rockport, Mo., the jury in the case of James Owens, who killed his father-in-law, Seneca Noblette, in March last, has returned a verdict in the first degree.

SUFFRAGE FOR WOMEN.

The Coming Test of the Law in the State of Colorado.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 5.—Last winter the legislature enacted a law conferring the right of suffrage upon the women of Colorado, and when the November election occurs they will go to the polls with their husbands for the first time. The result of the experiment will be regarded with great interest all over the world. Women have been voting in Wyoming for some years but the population is so much greater here that Colorado offers a better test of the capacity of the gentler sex in public affairs. Women have been nominated upon all of the tickets that have been put in the field so far. The Democratic, Republican and Populist candidates for state superintendent of public instruction are women, two of the thirteen candidates for the legislature from this county on the Republican ticket and one on the Democratic are women, and the new voters are represented on the legislative tickets in the counties where Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Leadville and Greeley are located. No matter which party wins there will be at least eight or ten women in the next legislature.

They have been recognized in committee appointments also. There are two on the Republican and two on the Democratic state central committees, and in a conference that is now going on between the opposition factions of the Democratic party the sisters are represented—one from the regular organization and one from the "white wings," as the silk-stocking element of that party is called.

The only manner in which the sexes are separated in politics is in the organization of political clubs. They participate in caucuses and conventions with the men, but they have their own organizations in each ward and their own clubrooms, and their own meetings, which are addressed by both women and men as it happens, and have programs of music as well as speeches.

The registration shows that the voting population of the state will be increased by 39,000 or 40,000 by the new law and the Republicans will be the gainers. Nineteen thousand have registered in this county alone. A house to house canvass has been made by the women in all of the larger cities by the Republicans, and Mrs. Hall, the secretary of their state organization, and a member of the state central committee, says that about sixty-five per cent of those who have been thus enrolled will vote the Republican ticket. About ten per cent of the remainder are Democrats, about twenty per cent are Populists and the remaining five per cent are Prohibitionists.

Very few of the dissolute women have registered. In the tough wards of this city the women appear to take no interest whatever in politics, and in some of the precincts none have registered. The women of fashionable society are almost unanimously Republican.

Politics is a fad in aristocratic society, and the most active workers are the wives of bankers, merchants and profesional men. They took an active part in the caucuses and attended the conventions as delegates. On the day the primaries were held a couple of weeks ago they served as judges and enrolling clerks, and every woman who had a carriage placed it at the disposal of the committee in her ward to bring voters to the polls.

Mrs. David H. Moffett, the wife of the richest man in Colorado and the president of the largest bank, is the president of the Republican club in her ward.

Mrs. Hall, the secretary of the Republican state committee, was a sister of the late Vice President Schuyler Colfax, and has developed political genius. Her husband was editor of the leading newspaper here for many years, is the author of the standard history of Colorado and is now county treasurer.

Phœbe Couzins is here stumping the state for the Populist ticket, and as usual, is making a good deal of stir.

Mrs. Waite has taken no active part in the suffrage movement, but has confined her political activity to the governor's office and affairs of state. She has attended no political meetings and has joined no clubs, and it is said that the indifference among the wives of the Populists is due to her example.

Nothing is known about the political preferences or plans of the farmers' wives. They are scattered so sparcely over the state that it is impossible to get them together, or form them into an organization, but it is presumed that those who come to the polls will vote with their husbands, and that means additional support to the Populist ticket. Nor are there any signs of activity or organization among the women in mining towns, where most of the Populist strength lies. Women are very scarce in these localities, however, and whatever they happen to do will have little influence upon the result.

One of the most interesting features of the campaign is a joint debate between Mrs. Bradford, the Democratic candidate for superintendent of public instruction, and Mrs. Peavey, the Republican nominee for that office. The challenge came from the Democratic side, and Mrs. Peavey is desirous of accepting it, but the state committee are opposed to the plan, because it will establish a precedent that will make it difficult for other candidates on their ticket who are not so well qualified to decline similar challenges. Both ladies are highly educated, gifted with oratorical powers and are said to be well matched. Therefore, the [illegible] encounter is regarded with great interest.

The men-folk were at first inclined to be amused by the woman-suffrage movement, but they have found out that it is a serious thing, and that their political enfranchisement is likely to make considerable difference with political affairs in this state.

At a recent banquet, given in honor of the women candidates for the legislature, a local wag offered this toast: "To the women of Colorado: God bless 'em. Formerly our superiors; now our equals."

The gigue is an Italian dance, and took its name from Giga, the Italian name for a fiddle.

INVOLVED IN A SCANDAL.

Ex-Congressman Rayner's Daughter Defendant in a Divorce Suit.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—At 1 o'clock yesterday morning four men broke into a boarding house on Eleventh street and carried away the little sons of Surgeon Glennan, of the Marine corps. The mother aroused the neighborhood with her screams. She was formerly Miss Susie Rayner, a belle and the daughter of a South Carolina congressman. She has not been living with Dr. Glennan for some time. The separation took place at Port Townsend, the doctor going to Stephenville, Texas. Mrs. Glennan came here a few days ago, she claims, to put her boys in an academy.

Sympathy at first was strongly on the side of Mrs. Glennan. Yesterday afternoon, however, the surgeon filed out his suit for divorce, in which he made very serious charges. He headed the raid on the boarding house and claimed to have found Mrs. Glennan occupying a bed with a man whose acquaintance she made in Virginia a few weeks ago. The man attempted to cover his head with bed clothing, but was recognized by Dr. Glennan and his companions. It seems that detectives have been employed by the friends of the surgeon, and that they have traced Mrs. Glennan and the man who was with her. The pair have been together at several places, according to the evidence collected. In his petition Dr. Glennan names the co-respondent as Arthur L. Selling, and says that large portions of the money he has been paying for the support of Mrs. Glennan and the boys have been used in paying the board of said Selling, who is a man destitute of means of subsistence.

This is the second time that the Glennans have been involved in a scandal. Two years ago Surgeon Glennan accused Surgeon Magruder, of the marine corps, of intimacy with Mrs. Glennan, and there was a scene at a hotel in this city, but the charges were not proven and no divorce was granted.

Mrs. Glennan denies that there was a man with her last night, and insists that she was occupying the bed with her 10-year-old son. The Glennans are widely known.

POLITICS IN NEBRASKA.

Protest Entered Against the Bryan Ticket.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 4.—Ex-State Chairman Martin of the Democratic party has filed with the secretary of state a remonstrance against the ticket certified and filed by the regular Democratic state central committee. He demands that the objections against the ticket urged by him in his remonstrance be observed by the secretary of state and that the names in the certificate filed by the other faction be not considered or treated, or certified, or printed on the official ballot as the candidates of the Democratic party.

The remonstrance asserts that the certificates of the majority falsly and fraudulently state that A. Holcomb was nominated for governor in the convention representing the Democratic party. The other candidates of the Omaha convention are named and their nomination in a Democratic convention denounced. It is then asserted that the state convention was not in harmony with the national platform, but repudiated that platform and consequently the remonstrator argues that the acts of this state convention are void.

The Bryan convention is not called a convention in the remonstrance, but an "assemblage of men." Instead of adopting the platform of the last national Democratic convention it is asserted that it adopted substantially the platform of the People's Independent party and nominated, not Democrats, but men who were at that time candidates of the Independent or Populist party.

Chicago Letter Carriers Will Not Parade.

WASHINGTON, Oct 4.—Acting Postmaster General Jones has sent a letter to Postmaster Hesing of Chicago concerning the inspection of letter carriers in that city on next Sunday. General Jones directs for business reasons that there be no parade or assembling on the lake front. Mr. Hesing is directed to have the inspection take place at the postoffice and the several stations without parades or any unnecessary demonstrations.

NEWS NOTES.

One hundred bodies have been recovered, victims of an explosion at Granada, Nicaragua.

Burglars blew open the safe in the Missouri Pacific depot at Ottawa, Kan., but secured little.

Postmaster David S. Smythe of East Palatine, Ohio, was fatally beaten and robbed by two men.

The tax receipts of the New York city treasury, the first day for collection were $5,387,000, the greatest ever known.

Twenty years ago Southern planters paid men to haul away cotton seed and burn it. Now they get from $6 to $8 a ton for it.

Wood E. Thompson, ex-superintendence of public instruction of Arkansas, died of paralysis.

Littleton Hulett, an itinerant Methodist preacher, and James Scott, a farmer near Mount Vernon, Ill., killed each other in a fight over an order by Scott to Hulett to leave his place.

A passenger train struck a large wagon with a ton of smokeless powder in it in a suburb of Wilmington, Del., and destroyed the wagon. Fortunately the powder did not explode.

Several changes are to be made in the Northwestern Catholic diocese. Archbishop Ireland is to have a coadjutor.

In a head end collision of passenger trains at Paul's Station, Ohio, six persons were badly injured and several cars wrecked.

William Bain, superintendent of the Miller's elevator company of St. Louis shot himself dead in the warehouse. No cause is known.

W. H. Pugh, whose office as commissioner of customs has been abolished, has been made superintendent of the income tax division of the treasury.

The Table Rock Argus.
F. H. TAYLOR, Editor.
Issued every Friday morning at Table Rock Nebraska
Terms, $1.50 per year in Advance.

M. E. CHURCH.

F. C. JOHNSON, D. D., PASTOR.

Church located on corner of Houston street and Pennsylvania avenue; parsonage on West Pennsylvania avenue, two blocks west of church.

This column has been secured for the use of the M. E. church of this city. All interested will find what they desire to know concerning the church and its work in it. Please note the time table of the church.

Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Sabbath School at 9.45 a. m. class meeting immediately after morning service.

Epworth League every Sabbath at 3:30 p. m. All young people invited especially.

Adult Bible class every Sabbath at 3:30 p. m. This Bible class is undenominational, non-controversial and wholly voluntary. Everybody invited. Junior League, 4:30. Send the little men and women.

Thursday evening, prayer meeting at 7:30 o'clock. Do not fail to attend.

Teachers meeting for review of lesson and normal work will be held every Saturday evening, beginning at 7:30 o'clock. See weekly notice for the place of meeting.

A business meeting of the official board will be held on the Monday evening preceding the session of the Quarterly Conference.

Tuesday evenings will be used by the Epworth League. (See Notes and Notions.)

NOTES AND NOTIONS.

The Epworth League will give a service in the church on the evening of October 21.

Home Missionary Society meets with Mrs. Mary Cotton, Wednesday, October 18, 2:30 p.m.

Any one having clothing to donate to Mother Jewels' home, will please send the same to Mrs. Cotton's on the day above named.

A Ministerial and Stewards meeting will be held in this place, commencing Tuesday evening, November 13. See program further on.

The pastor and his wife extend to the friends who so kindly received and remembered them last Friday evening, their thanks, and we hope to prove worthy of your confidence and good will.

A Harvest Home service will be given October 21st. We desire that the church shall be decorated with fruit and flower and other products of Old Mother Earth. This day is known as Good Tidings day.

Please note the following changes in time of afternoon services: Junior League will meet at two, instead of 4:30 hereafter; Epworth League at 3, instead of 2:30; and the Bible Class at 4, instead of 3:30. This change was made in the interest of the Junior League especially.

The First Quarterly meeting and Conference was held last Sunday and Monday. Dr. Britt, the presiding elder, being present. Our conference year is now fully started on its way to work. Who will [illegible] the outcome. Be prepared for any result and see to it that ye be neither disappointed nor surprised.

List of officers for the Junior League for the new year: Mrs. Jennie Johnson, superintendent; F. C. Johnson, president; Winifred [illegible], 1st. vice president; Etta [illegible], 2nd. vice-president; Mary Goodrich, 3rd. vice-president; Pauline Wright 4th. vice-president; Bessie Sutton, secretary; Elva O'Connor, assistant secretary; Ralph Tillotson, treasurer. Committees next week.

The Sunday School started off very pleasantly for the first time under its new management. Every officer and teacher [illegible]

There's Always a Reason.

[illegible]

PROGRAM.
OF THE
MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION
OF THE
NEBRASKA CITY DISTRICT,
Nebraska Conference,
HELD AT
TABLE ROCK,
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
NOVEMBER 13, 14, 15, 1894.

There will be held in connection with the above, the regular District Stewards' Meeting. To which Pastors will call the attention of the Stewards of their charges.

Program.

TUESDAY P. M. NOVEMBER 13

Informal reception at the church and assignment to places of entertainment at 5 o'clock, p. m.

EVENING.

7:30. Sermon..........Rev. Joel A. Barker, of Falls City
To be followed by Sacrament of the Lord's Supper.

8:30. District Stewards' Meeting to Estimate and Apportion the Salary of the Presiding Elder.

Please take particular notice of the change of the date of the meeting from November 6th to November 13th, on account of the state election

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14.

8:00 a. m. Brief Devotional Exercises.

The Pastor's Attitude Towards His Predecessor and His Successor..........Rev. George Price, Elk Creek; Rev. L. Jeau, Louisville

Christian Unity....Rev. M. DeMotte, Brock; Rev. J. G. Stannard, Adams

The Pastor as Viewed From the Pew....Hon. Andrew Cook, Tecumseh

Exegesis, Matt. 16 Chap.; 15, 16, 17 verses. Rev. James Williams, Douglas

Do the Times Require That Our Young People Be Trained as Methodists?..........Rev. A. W. Partch, Johnson

Is Perfect Faith Possible to All Men?......Rev. H. E. Wycoff, Sterling

What is the Scriptural Teaching Concerning the Millennium?..........Rev. C. E. Rowe, Palmyra

Adjournment.

WEDNESDAY, P. M.

1:30 p. m. Devotional Exercises.

Christian vs. Skeptical Agnosticism..........Rev. J. W. Miller, Syracuse

Essential Value of Humanity. What Is It?..........Rev. P. VanFleet, Plattsmouth

The Dark and the Bright Side of the Times We Live in..........Rev. Dr. J. C. H. Hobbs, Nehawka

Christian Perfection and How to Promote it..........Rev. J. R. Woodcock, Weeping Water

Women in General Conference..........Rev. J. W. Swan, Humboldt, Rev. B. E. Newton, Cook

Despotism of the Plutocrat or of the Mob, of Pullman or Debs—Which?..........Rev. R. G. Adam, Tecumseh

Wit, Sarcasm, Humor, Irony, etc., as Elements of Preaching..........Rev. Harry Harman, Nebraska City; Rev. E. L. Barch, Rulo

Adjournment.

EVENING.

7:30. Address....Rev. Dr. Isaac Crook, Chancellor Nebraska Wesleyan University, Lincoln

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15.

8 a.m. Devotional Service.

The Uses of Suffering....Rev. A. L. Folden, Union; Rev. E. Wilkinson, South Bend

Sectarianism—Good and Bad..........Rev. Wm. Cowley, Brownville; Rev. G. W. Windel, Shubert

The Sabbath Question....Rev. G. W. Hawley, Agent American Sabbath Union, Humboldt

The Right and Wrong of Religious Prejudice..........Rev. G. M. Couffer, Auburn

Practical Homiletics..........Rev. P. C. Johnson, Table Rock

What Modifications are Desirable in the Presiding Eldership..........Rev. G. M. Gates, Peru; Rev. J. M. Darby, Stella

NOTES AND NOTIONS.

Where two brethren are named together, the first will prepare a paper, the second will lead the discussion.

Papers will not be over ten or fifteen minutes long, that opportunity for discussion may be given.

The attention of the Pastors is called to Par. 36 Appendix to Discipline—page 321—on Lay Delegates. Immediate action is necessary.

And now Brethren, EVERY ONE OF YOU COME. Ample entertainment will be provided for yourself and your steward.

REV. DR. L. F. BRITT, P. E.
REV. GEORGE PRICE.
REV. J. W. SWAN.
REV. P. C. JOHNSON.
} Committee on Program

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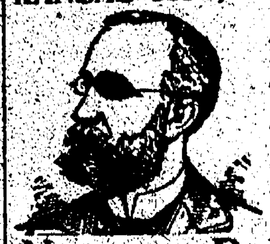

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Until After Election.

The present campaign is of unusual interest to Nebraskans. Not only will a full set of state officers be elected, but a legislature will be elected that will chose a United States senator. The State Journal, located at the capital, can give you all this news more fully and more reliably than any other paper. It comes twice a week and will be sent until after election for only 25 cents. Address,

STATE JOURNAL, Lincoln Neb.

For the Campaign.

The campaign this fall will be of the greatest interest to all citizens of Nebraska. The Omaha *Weekly* Bee will handle all the issues of importance during the campaign in its usual able manner and proposes to make a price of 20 cents for the balance of this year to all Nebraska subscribers who may desire to keep thoroughly posted on the important issues that will be discussed. Send us 20 cents in silver or stamps for the 12-page Weekly Bee up to January 1, 1895. Address, The Omaha Bee, Omaha, Neb.

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[illegible]6 local freight	10:15 am

GOING SOUTH

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No 118 freight, arrive	6:30 pm

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